THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1869.

CITY INTELLIGENCE. By striking-

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYSHIP.

Reopening of the Contest-The Motion for a Rehearing, and Recount of the Votes, on the Ground of a Previous Mistake.

At 12 o'clock to-day, in the Court of Common Pleas, all the Judges being upon the bench, counsel were present to argue before the full bench the petition that has been filed for a rehearing and recount in the matter of the contested election for District Attorney, upon certain supposed errors in the count of the Judges in their judgment upon the contests. as nave been already noticed in our columns.

The errors and omissions complained of are -Error in 5th division of 9th ward. Error in 6th division of 17th ward. Error in 6th division of 17th ward. error in 4th division of 25th ward 20 Error in 16th division of 20th ward....

Petitioner's majority

8

-14

112

Petitioner's majority. 44 The petitioner, Mr. Sheppard, prays to be heard to exhibit and explain these errors, in order that the Court will re-examine and reconsider their count and judgment, and to declare the true vole. Mr. Biddle opening the smaller on behalf of the petitioner, said the object of this proceeding was not to call in question the principles upon which the court has already decided, but simply to direct their attention to certain cerical and arithmetical errors in the competation made in that judgment. Judge Allison suggested that simple court had power to proceed with this petition. Mr. Biddle said that this was the same term in Mr. Biddle said that this was the same term in Mr. Biddle said that this was the same term in

which the judgment was given, and therefore the Court had power to review that decision.

when the program to review that decision. Mr. Mann, appearing for Mr. Globons, here moved to dismiss the writ, first, because the record of this case was not in court, and therefore the Court ware powerless to re-examine or alter it; and secondly, because the petition does not propose merely to call attention to simple cherical and arithmetical mis-takes, but that its vitality consisted alone in recall-ing matters which were of the merits of the con-tests, and which have already been passed upon. Mr. Eaddle denied that this was the purpose of the proceeding, contending that it was founded solely upon three clerical and arithmetical errors and emissions. First, there was an error in the thirty-

upon three clorical and arithmetical errors and emissions. First, there was an error in the thirty-six naturalized votes, which the Court decided the respondents in the contest were entitled to, and were counted in the case of the Mayor, but omitted in the case of the District Attorney. The next was an error of 14 votes in the purging, which should have been counted, because in the taking of the testi-mony counsel had agreed that those unassessed voters who said that they had voted the Republican or Democratic ticket should be taken to have voted for all the candidates upon that ticket. These 14 votes cast for the Democratic ticket came under that class and while the Court did not throw out up. class, and while the Conrt did not throw out un-assessed voters of this class in other instances, yet these 14 were thrown out.

Mr. Mann denied that any such agreement was

Mr. Main denier that any such agreement was entered into, Judge Allison said the ludgment of the Court con-sidered this matter, and decided that no such agree-ment between counsel should take the place of the proof of the qualificationa of votes. Mr. Biddle said that this certainly was the under-standing under which counsel acted during the whole examination.

whole examination. Mr. Gerhardt and Mr. Sellers gave their evidence

to the same assertion, saying that had it not been, that the case would have occupied twice as much

time as it had consumed. Mr. Mann again denied this, and made an explanation

Judge Allison said the agreement between connsel was immaterial, for the majority of the Court had decided that they were to judge of the competency

of the proof of votes. Judge Ludiow said that he had made the failure to compute according to this supposed agreement a

point of his dissent. Mr. Biddle resumed, saying that he hoped to show the Court that he was correct in his position, and maintained that he had already overcome 14 and 35 votes, making 50, and with an error of 5 admitted by the other side, there were left 18 votes to over-

As to the objection that the writ of certiorari was a bar to this proceeding, he thought that as the term in which the judgment was given had not yet expired, the whole matter was yet in the breasts of the judges, and the fact that one of the judges who de-cided the contest had, after the allowance of the writ of certilorari, sworn in the present incumbent, he thought would remove doubt on this score. To be sure, the oath was administered in the Common Pleas, but the judges of the Common Pleas were judges of the Quarter Sessions, in which this pro-ceeding properly is, and they would judicially kn rw what transpired in each.

Tenth division, First ward. Hiegal votes.	62 34 59
Sheppard's majority as above stated	148
Gibbons' majority. It is alleged that the Court erred in deduct- ing from Sheppard in Eighth division, Nucle ward the tests to be a start of the sta	
Ninth ward, 14 votes too many: this may be correct according to the view taken by the Court.	

	Error alleged in purging poll Sixth division, Seventeenth ward; the trac number to be charged, it is alleged, is 47 and not 61; on	
	page 5 the illegal vote is 19; page 19 unas- sessed vote is 80, maxing	89
l	Republican vote proved	81

The respondent non on review claims credit for 3t Democratic votes proved unassessed in this division. Judge Erewater says, in de-livering the opinion of the Court, 'It has been urged that if the person whose vote was ille-gally received is now called, and he swears that on election day he lived in that division, the fraud is instantly purfiled. We do do not so un-derstand the law. The statute challenges the man whose name is a not on tae list, it matters hoft that he is known to every man at the poil, the people of the whole Commonwealth challenge his vote. The State steps in and says that you shall comply with py law before that ballot passes into the box, his own oath of residence would not then be enough; shall it avail afterwards? At the poil he should produce a tax receipt, produce a youcher, and two onth should be administered; this is all disregarded, and it is supposed that the The respondent now on review claims credit for 31 this is all disregarded, and it is supposed that the defect is remedie 1 if one of the four requirements is complied with. When the case comes before the Compliced with, when the case comes before the Court it is an answer to all this sophistry to say that while the law stands it is a part of our cath to enforce it, and that an ex-post facto obedience to one mandate cannot absolve the disregard of three other commands, and that frauds like these can only be purged by distinct and full proof as to every vote claimed in three divi-sions." The respondents renew this sophistry and and full proof as to every vote claimed in three divi-sions." The respondents renew this sophistry and still by means of it claim a credit of 34 such votes, which the Court have ruled shall not be conned; the error of the Court is in deducting 61 instead of 81, making still further to be added to Mr. Gibbons' credit, 20. Making at this stage Mr. Gibbons' ma-iority, 28. jority, 28,

The respondent charges an error of 17 votes in the Seventh division, Seventeenth ward, Illegal vote. Unassessed vote,

73

- 24

13

61

sti-		1.5
	The second s	7
an	Return for Mr. Gibbons	ſ
ted		.0

The respondent now, by renewal of his sophistry, claims credit for 27 Democratic unassessed votes proved, which the Court have decided not to receive. The 39 deducted by the Court should be 49, making 10 more in favor of Mr. Giobons, making at this

stage his majority 48. The respondents alledge an error of 26 votes in Fourth division of Twenty-fifth ward.

Republican votes proved By a repetition of the same sophistry, the respondent claims a credit of 39 48____ 1-61

14 26 - 40

The respondent's petition for review is ac-curate in respect of these 5 votes, Making Mr. Clibbons' maj. less by 5...... 5-5

Majority of Mr. Gibbons. The petition for the review has no merit in it, as it based upon the allowance of the unassessed be not a low and the second se and therefore said petition ought not to be allowed to be filed or placed upon the records of the Court.

THE BROOKS CASE.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY, ... The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 265, being an increase of 24 over last week, and an decrease of 5 from the correspond-ing period of last year. Of these, 133 were adults; 132 were minors; 192 were born in the United States; 63 were foreign; 10 were non-more 32 were pould of were minors; 192 were born in the United States; 63 were foreign; 10 were unknown; 23 were people of Golor; and 8 from the country. Of the number, 10 died of congestion of the brain; 18 of inflamination of the lungs; 12 of typhoid fever; 10 of marasmus; 12 of old age; 56 of consumption of the lungs; 10 of convulsions; 10 of scarlet fever; 7 of disease of the heart; and 14 of debility. The deaths were divided as follows among the Warde First 13 Sixteenth.....

Second Third. 6 Righteenth Fourth. Nineteenth 12 Twentieth. 5 Twenty-first.... 12 Twenty-second. Fifth. Sixth Seventh Eighth Twenty-third.... Twenty-fourth. Twenth-fifth. Tenth. Twenth-sixth Twenty-seventh . Eleventh Thirteenth. 5 Twenty-eighth Fourteenth. Unknown..... Fifteenth

OBITUARY.-Last evening, at 7 o'clock, at his residence, No. 2012 Walnut street, Mr. William F. Leech, well known both in this city and throughout the State on account of his prominence among the warders of freight, died, after an filness of some du-ration. He was the son of David Leech, Esq. (of the firm of David Leech & Co.), one of the pioneers of transportation over the canals of the State, and intransportation over the canals of the State, and in-heriting his father's ability, succeeded him with suc-cess in a like business. At the time of his docease he was the senior partner of the firm of Leech & Co. (William F. Leech, Henry H. Houston, and Harry S. Leech), Eastern agents of the Pennsylvania Ral-road; and was Treasurer of the "Union" and "Em-pire" lines of transportation. His fortane was very ample, supposed to approximate closely §1,000,000. He contracted the sickness, which terminated in his death at his Long Branch cottage, last sum-mer. His friends were legion, and his loss will be deeply mourned. deeply mourned.

LARCENY BY A PORTER.—Charles Henderson, colored, employed by Wanamaker & Brown as a por-ter, has been suspected of removing articles from the store. Yesterday so many goods had been missed that his residence, No. 716 Little Pine street, was searched. Several pieces of goods and consid-erable clothing were found in the place. Charles then admitted that he had scher the above goods. then admitted that he had stolen the above goods, and others which he had pawned. On being taken before Alderman Kerr he was bound over in \$800 for trial.

ALLEGED FORGERY .- H. S. Landis was before Alderman Kerr this morning on a charge of forgery, It is alleged that he called on L. F. Schoettler, Esq., and got some money on a promissory note which purported to have been signed by Daniel and H. S. Landis. The charge against him consists of a suspi-cion that he has signed the name of Daniel Landis. In the absence of several witnesses the case was postponed until Tuesday next.

FIRE THIS MORNING.—At three o'clock this morn-ing the shoe store of George Stamm, No. 1236 Frank-ford read, was damaged to the extent of \$500. It origina'ed among some kindling wood in the cellar, and for a time the lives of the occupants were en-dangered. The property belonged to Gottleio Mantz, and was insured for \$1000 in the Spring Garden and Datasets Companies Reliance Companies.

POLICE REMOVALS.—Yesterday, Mayor Fox re-moved Sergeant William Luby and Your patrolmen of the First district. The charge against them was neglect of duty, preferred by the Chief of Police, who, a few nights since, was unable to find either of the patro'men. Mr. Luby, as Sergeant, was held re-sponsible for this neglect.

COAL OFFICE ROBBED .- The coal office of Jordan & Rogers, on Callowhill street, above Twelfth, was broken into last night by theves, who stole a coat, a revolver, a pair of boots, and 15 cents. They also broke open the safe, but secured no valuables. They

A MACHINIST INJURED.—John Mueller, the ma-chinist at Turner Hall, on North Third street, had one of his hands shattered by the premature explosion of a pistol which had been accidentally left on the stage last evening. He was removed to the German Hospital.

A DISHONEST EMPLOYE.—Conrad Walters, em-ployed at Ficken & Williams' sugar refinery, on Fifth street, above Callowhill, was arrested yester-day for stealing a lot of sugar. He was taken before Alderman Tcland, who held him for trial.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY .-- At half-past 11 o'clock last night, an attempt was made to enter the resi-dence of Mr. Greer, No. 910 S. Broad street, but the thieves were frightened off before they had accom-



We are now able to offer to our patrons and the public generally,

urp	PHILADELPHIA.

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN ALWAYS READY.

MINCED MEAT.

Judge Allison asked when the certiorari was made returnable, and was informed that the 1st of January next was the day, it having been issued on the Judge Allison said the Judges were not yet pre-

pared to pronounce an optimon upon the legal effect of the writ of certiorar; but he was inclined to think the effect was to take the whole case out of court as it stands, though his brother Ludiow differed

as a status, through its orderer hadrow differen from this view; but counsel had better proceed to say what was to be said. Mr. Biddle then resumed—The 36 naturalized votes, 14 in purging the Eighth division of the Ninch ward, and 5 in a recount, were admitted by the other side, and that made 55 votes for which Mr. Shep-nard was to be credited by the admission of the pard was to be credited by the admission of the other side. In the opinion of the Court it was said that it was the duty of the Court to save a poll where But in the Sixth division of the Seventeenth ward,

he unassessed vote amounted to 61, but instead of hrowing out the whole vote he threw out only 47. So in the Seventh division of the Seventeenth ward, instead of throwing out the s9 unassessed votes only 65 were thrown out. This did not look like acting upon what Mr. Mann stated to be the principle, to throw out the whole unassessed vote, but was rather like acting upon what was understood to be the agreement of counsel at the examination.

With the 55 votes admitted and the 13 left to be overcome, the facts thus exhibited must throw a decide 1 majority in favor of Mr. Sheppard, for the lowest error mentioned in either of the purgations amounted to 14. He thought this was not a matter for argu-ment but for simple presentation to the Court.

Mr. Mann replied that, admitting the fifty-five votes, thirteen were left as Mr. Gibbons' majority, and the petitioner as to these asked the Court to retrace the petitioner as to Incse asked the Court to retrace their steps, and restore the votes that they had aiready decided should be thrown out, and thea Mr. Sheppard would be elected by 44 majority. It was confessed that the decree was correct, if Judge Brewster did not compute the unassessed vote, but if he did compute the unassessed vote he made a mistake in his figures, and Mr. Sheppard was entitled to a scat. And it only amount²d to an as-sertion that the decision of the Court did not tally with the claims of the contestants. with the claims of the contestants.

The only question was whether the Court intended to count the unassessed vote; and the majority of the judges had decided that the unassessed vote was not to be counted, upon which Judge Ludlow read a dissenting opinion saying that they should be counted.

dissenting opinion saying that they should be counted.
The petitioner had no standing here unless he asked the court to revise their count and allow these unassessed votes to be included in the computation. And this petition was based solely upon the allogation that there was an agreement that when a man had said he voted a ticket he should be taken to have voted the whole ticket, and that agreement that deen violated, and the court did not observe i.
The understanding between counsel was entirely different, and it was to be the guide for the action of the petition was to be the guide for the action of the ourt did not observe i.
The understanding between counsel was entirely different, and it was to be the guide for the action of the court the action of the court, then everything that the coutestants claimed would have to be allowed, and Mr. Gibbons' majority would be increased by hundreds. The Court had however, rejected the theory of the respondents of counting the emasessed vote, and refused to count it. The computations of both sides were, of course, subject to the extreme of the Court.
Mr. Mann resumed by saying that the petitioner had, before the context was fairly concluded, rushed into Court with a writ of certiforari, then the discontinued that writ and took out a second, which removed the record from this court, and there was no power left here to alter that record. But if the court should be increased.

At the close of our report the discussion had not been concluded.

Summing Up for Gibbons.

818 86

Sheppard return. Error in Thirteenth division Nineteenth ward. . Error in First ward.... 127: Rejected naturalizations

Seventh division, Third ward ... 403 Seventh division, Fourth ward. Seventh division, Fourth ward. Eighth division, Fourth ward. Eighth division, South ward, by purging polls. Sixth division, Seventeenth ward. 280 Seventh division, Seventeenth ward. Fourth division, Twenty-fifth ward. Sixteenth division, Twentieth ward. 45

The Motion for a New Trial of the Convicted Assassing.

This morning Messrs, Mann and Cassidy appeared in the Court of Quarter Sessions, before Judge Lud-In the court of characteristics, shore shore share that low, to argue the motion made for a new trial in the case of Hugh Marrow and James Dougherty, con-victed of assault and battery with intent to kill James J. Brooks. As the to exceptions taken to the runings of the court in regard to the challenges made to jurors, the arguments were limited.

The main ground for the motion was in reference to the witness McLaughlin, counsel maintaining that as the Commonwealth had called him as their that as the commonwearth had caned him as their witness they were bound by his sworn testimony, and were not entitled to contradict him or impeach him by direct testimony, and should be, at the farthest, allowed only to prove that he made other and different statements; but the court erroneously permitted the District Attorney to prove, by Mayor Yow what those other statements were.

Fox, what those other statements were. Also, an error was committed in permitting the District Attorney to make, in the hearing of the jury. the statement he did make concerning the absence of Policeman Kelly, and the importance of his at-tendance, which undoubtedly had a tendency unduly

to influence the jury. The Judge likewise made a mistake in sending for the jury before they had voluntarily signified their readiness to render a verdict; the lateness of the hour, the tediousness of the trial, and the summons from the Court, must all have combined to deter the jury from giving to the matter that calm and mature deliberation which justice required; also the taking of the verdict on Sunday morning was discussed, but appeared to make no impression. The argument was not concluded, on account of

Judge Ludiow's presence being needed in the Common Pleas.

THE CASE OF ANNIE PROFILES, ---AS, by an unusual oversight and omission on the part of all the papers in the city, except one, the termination of the case of Annie Peoples was incompletely reported, it is due to Dr. Addineli Hewson, who appeared as a witness on the trial, that the following statement should be

In the testimony which the counsel for the defense produced for his client, he did not prove, as, in his opening address to the jury, he had promised to do, that Dr. Hewson's professional associates at the Hospital had repudiated the use of dry earth as a dressing, and the cross-exami-nation of those gentlemen by the District Attorney elicited the facts, that they had emplied to opened a promission of which the District Attorney elicited the facts, that they had applied to offensive sores a preparation of which the chief component is clay, and that none of them be-lieved it to be irritating. The counsel for the de-fense did not produce a single witness, to whom such dressings had been applied, to establish that they are irritating, or in any way injurious; nor did he pro-duce a single witness to corroborate the testimony of the chief witness for the defense, Dr. Chapman. These facts, coupled with that of the feeling which this sitness entertained against Dr. Hewson, and with the actual abandonment by the counsel for the defense of his adopted line, even before any testiwith the actual abandonment by the counsel for the defense of his adopted line, even before any testi-mony in rebuttal (which would have included that of patients treated with such dressing, and of eminent surgeons in the city, who had been subpensed) had been produced, show that the allegation of malpractice was untrue, and could not be sus-tained. Judge Ludlow, in his charge to the jury, set this forth very emphatically. He said that "the Commonwealth had only pressed for a verdict of mutder of the second degree. The counsel for the prise ner had conceded that his opening address as to the maltreatment had failed. There was evidence as to fighting, sufficient, perhaps, to reduce the grace, and the counsel on both sides had agreed to take a verdict of voluntary manshaughter." take a verdict of voluntary manshaughter.

A REPORTER ATTACKED.—At a late hour last night, William H. Fither, Jr., one of the reporters of the city press, was attacked by two roughs in fire coats city press, was attacked by two roughs in hre coats in a car on the Union line, at Seventh and Lombard streets, and terribly beaten about the head and body. The attacking party retreated from the con-veyance unmolested, and succeeded in effecting their escape. The cause of the assault it is sup-posed originated from certain articles which ap-peared in a Sunday paper with reference to the Brooks case, and which Mr. Fisher is alleged to have written. written.

THE STEAM BOILER INSPECTIONS OF THE HARTFORD The STRAM BOILER INSPECTIONS OF THE HARTFORD COMPANY. — During the past winter an act of Assem-bly was passed by which the Hartford Steam Bolier Insurance Company was granted powers co-ordinate with those of the City Inspector of Steam Bollers. The company went into active operation in the early part of August, since which they have been busilly en-gaged in their work of inspection. Up to the present time they have examined 316 bollers, of which numher 116 were tested by hydrostatic pressure and 120 were internally inspected, 1811

plished their object. THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

The following extracts show the state of the New York money market yesterday :-

From the Herald.

<text><text><text><text>

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE .- HANDsome country residence and four acres of ground, the miles from the city, on the Media Rallrad. Also, neat village escidence on the Brandol Tarmpike, in e sillage of Andalusia, five minutes walk from Borle's silon : dwelling contains nine rooms. Price, 8300 clear, Also, neat six room dwelling in Woodbary, New Jersey.

SWFENEY & HUGHES, No. 609 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE .- DESIRABLE TEN ROOM welling on South Ninth street. \$550) clear. com dwelling on Pine street, near Sixth ; large lot

near four, six, and eight room dwellings in all parts city. SWEWNEY & HUGHES, ew 2t rp) No. 669 WALNUT Street f the city. 10 30 cw 2t rp]

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR dry goods, clothing, etc., Mo tern dwelling in West

SWEENEY & HUGHES, No. 009 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE, NO. 2006 CHESNUT Street, the first-class marble-front Dwelling, with Mansard roof; replete with every modern convenience. FOX & BURKART, No. 321 S. FIFTH Street. 10 3/ 5t*

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE .- FARM ER. Chemp of 1215/s screes, near the branch of the Baltimore Ocetral Railroad, sixteen miles from Philadelphia; the land is in excellent order; good buildings. Will be sold chemp, or exchanged for good eity property. SWEENEY & HUGHES, No. 609 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY pioperty. A desirable farm of twenty-six acres, 15 miles from Media Station ; good stone house and all neces-sary out buildings. Fruit in abundance. Price, 87800 clear. SWEENEY & HUCHES, No. 009 WALNUT Street.

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., NOTARIES PUB. LIC, COMMISSIONERS, ETC.-Depositions and Acknowledgments taken for any State or Terri.

tory of the United States.

good, of Post 15, G. A. R., with thirty men of that Post as a guard of honor for the remains of the late Governor.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Jeffries, Jr., S. M. Wild, Surgeon: B. J. Jeffries, Quartermaster; C. E.

Stevens, and Lieutenant W. S. Appleton, all the

Boston Independent Corps of Cadets; Hon. Albert Fearing and Colonel Charles E. Hop-

FROM EUROPE.

Movements of the Czar. By the Amilo-American Cable.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30 .- The Emperor of

and Nice.

Russia will spend part of the winter at Cowes New York Stock Market.

New York Stock Market. New York, Oct. 30.—Stocks unsettled. Money 6 67 per cent. Gold, 12836. Five twenties, 1862, cou-pon, 119%; do. 1864, do., 117%; do. 1865, do., 118; do. do., new, 11636; do. 1867, 11636; do. 1868, 11637; Ten-forties, 10736. Virginia 68, new, 5236; Canton Company, 5136; Cumberland preferred, 2736; New York Central, 194; Erie, 2936; Reading, 9635; Hudson River, 17436; Michigan Central, 121; Michigan Southern, 9236; Illinois Central, 13246; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 8636; Chicago and Rock Island, 104; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 18536; Western Union Telegraph, 3636.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 .- Cotton firmer! sales of 1200 bales at 261₄C. Flour steady and unchanged; sales of 8000 barrels. Wheat firmer, and advanced 1c; sales of 54,000 bushels No. 2 at \$1:55; No. 3 at \$1:15; winter red at \$1.40@1.43. Corn dull, and declined 1@2c. sales of 39,000 bushels mixed Western \$1.94@1.107. Oats firmer, and advanced Ic.; sales of 31,000 bushels at 63@66c. Beef quiet, Pork dull; new mess, \$30-75@ 31. Lard dull; steam, 17%@18c. Whisky dull, but unchanged.

The Baltimore Produce Market.

BALITIZORE, OC. 30.—Cotton dull and nominal at 25 j.c. Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat dull and weak; prime to choice red, \$1,356140. Corn dull and nominal; new white, 80690c.; yellow, 80c. Oats 55657c. Rye, nominally \$161108. Provisions entirely unchanged. Whisky very dull and lower; sales at \$110. sales at \$1.19.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street AFTER BOARD.
 AFTER BOARD.

 \$1800 City 6s, New. c. 100 %
 \$1000 Elmira R 7s; 88%

 \$2000 do....ls.c.100 %
 \$1000 Elmira R 7s; 88%

 \$500 N Penna 7s...89
 \$50 ah val.beb

 \$1000 W Jer R 6s...91
 400 sh Read R.ls.c.48 3-16
 WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST MANNER.

LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1033 CHESNUT Street. WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS. ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE. FOUR QUIRES OF FRENCH PAPER, and FOUR PACKS OF ENVELOPES TO MATCH, in a neat Dou-

ble Box, stamped, only \$1.00. JOHN LINERD,

8 17 wsmi No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street,

THE GREAT WEDDING-CARD DEPOT.

PARLOR CARPET BILLIARDS, a substitute for a Billiard Table. A full size and complete PORTABLE BILLIARD

TABLE, with balls, cues, etc., \$25 to \$40.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. R. HOSKINS & CO.,

Stationers, Engravers, and Steam Power Printers, NO. 913 ARCH STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, 51 mws8m

All Kinds of Fine Goods

White Almerie Grapes

AT

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT.

SHOTWELL SWEET CIDER.

Our usual supply of this CELEBRATED CIDER

having claims upon the United States or State

Governments, who have committed the same to the

care of Messrs, George Cragg & Bro., or T. H. Peters

& Co. They will hear of something greatly to their advantage, on application, either in person or by

mail, to the General Collection Agency, No. 135

PERSONS HAVING DEBTS DUE IN ANY part of the United States can have them easily

adjusted and collected on application to the Genera

Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.,

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.

7 30

71 stuth

just received.

very reduced prices.

South SEVENTH Street.

No. 135 South SEVENTH Street.

320

FOR THE TABLE,

At Prices nearly as low as before the war.

PHILADELPHIA.

In Beautiful Clusters, C ED

92 thstu2

FIFTY CENTS PER POUND. THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

MEAT.

10 Stfrp

THE NE PLUS ULTRA

MINCED MEAT.

THIS FACT IS BEYOND QUESTION.

The undersigned is now ready to fill all orders for the above celebrated MINOED MEAT, so universally known all over the country.

JOSHUA WRICHT.

S. W. CORNER FRANKLIN and SPRING GARDEN

PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

EUREKA! Post PREPARED BY THE PRESERVING COMPANY.

NEW YORK WATERPROOFING AND PRESERVING COMPANY.

WATERPROOFING BY A NEW PROCESS.

WATERPROOFING BY A NEW PROCESS, Withont injury to fabric or appearance. Garments made Waterproof without taking apart. Coats, \$4'00 each: Pantaloons, \$1'20 each: Vests, \$1 each. Important Notice to Policemen, Firemen, Letter Gar-riers, and all others necessarily exposed to the inclemen-tice of the weather. Fave year health by having your gar-ments made waterproof. TeRMS CASH. ALFRED C. MARHEN, Agent. WASHINGTON HALL, No. 6 MARKET Stroot, 10 25 ct

DEAFNESS.-EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT in every degree of desinues; also, Respirators; also (Cran-dell's Patent Crutches, superior to any others in use, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below

ALBERT C. ROBERTS. Dealer in Fine Groceries, 11 75 Corner ELEVENTH and VINE Streets. TO RENT. TO RENT-THE STODER. Nineteenth street above Arch street. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, No. 733 WALNUT Street. TO RENT-THE MODERN RESIDENCE. TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, ON the northwest corner of SEVENTEENTH and WALNUT Streets. Apply to S. DAVIS PAGE, 10 25 24* No. 619 WALNUT Street. Call and examine, and save your Horse from sufforing. Warranted to keep them dry. Free from gum or rubber. They are very large, neat and cheap, costing less than ordinary blankets of same quality. The principal styles are of a fine blac in color. 2 Bars 8% lbs. 763% inches, 8% per pair. 3 '10% '873% '10' '1' 4 '12% '873% '10' '1' A liberal discount to Wholesalers. Ask your Saddler for them. TEBMS OASH. N.B. One Blanket will make an Overcoat suitables for Drivers, Draymen, Carmer, and will keep one dry in any rain. WASHINGTON HALL, No. 4MARIEN, Agent. Maso for rais by the following Saddlers. Thomas R. Also for rais by the following Saddlers. Thomas R. Reilly, No. 120 Federal street, Camber, N.J. John Reilly a Son. No. 124 Grard avenue. Philadelphia: Authony lynch, No. 20 N. Thirteenth street, Pailadelphia. 10 25 et TO LET-HOUSE No. 416 S. BROAD Street. Apply at No. 1328 SPRUCE Street, from 10 th 12. 19 28 3t FURNITURE, ETO. FURNITURE. T. & J. A. HENKELS, AT THEIR NEW STORE, 1002 ARCH STREET, Are now selling their ELEGANT FURNITURE at 9 29 Smrp THERE ARE A GREAT MANY PERSONS

NEW YORK WATERPROOFING AND

THE HORSE'S FRIEND. SOMETHING NEW.

Waterproof Woollen Horse Blankets.