# NEW-YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent. NEW YORK, Got. 20, 1869.

The Fat Man's Cl', o. some people doubt the fact of there being a Fat Man's Club. They believe it is a myth of the newspapers, that no Fat Man's Cambake ever took place in Connecticut, that no apotheosis of unctuosity was ever celebrated the c. These poor creatures are mistaken. The Eat Men have awoke from their lethargy, suffic ently to frame a constitution and bylaws. One of the articles is that membership shall be restricted to persons weighing two hundred or more pounds at the date of admission, but that no subsequent decrease in weight shall result in forfeiture of membership.

Another article is that no person who has ever exhibited himself for money, or other valuable consideration, shall be eligible. In consequence of these intimations, those who love exclusiveness and are addicted to club life are having recourse to Beating and his system. A fresh edition of that philosopher's edlets is about to be printed, and any man who aspires to become a member of the F. M. C. is encouraging his airendy promising emboundati to exert itself to its furthest possible capabilities.

And why should there not be a Lean Man's Club? Simply because lean men are not clubable. They have too much reserve, and reticence, and all these monk-like virtues ever to become boon companions. Nevertheless there is some talk of one being established. If so, Horace Greeley will belong to it. He already belongs to the Fat Man's Club, but that makes no manner of difference. I was told yesterday that Dr. R. Shelton Mackenzie, of Philadelphia, had recently been admitted to the Fat Man's Club. I was surprised to hear it, being aware of the Doctor's notorious aversion to social jollity.

New York Sunday Concerts. The season has commenced when Sunday evening concerts will become the vogue. They were well supported here last year; they will be better supported this, both because they are intrinsically good in themselves, and because they help slowly but surely toward the musical and intellectual culture of the public. I know that there is a certain strict class which decries Sunday evening music in public. It is the same class which would have no cars run on Sunday, and whose notions of happiness are limited to golden harps and endless hallelujahs. The best of the Sunday evening concerts which we have had here are as innocent and profitable a recreation as that which public libraries and reading-rooms afford. Those in Steinway Hall, for instance, were attended not so exclusively by fashionable people, or wealthy people, as by good and solid people together with young men and young women whose hours of employment during the week are too laborious to permit them to find enjoyment during the secular evenings outside their own homes. It sometimes happens that of a winter's Sunday evening several concerts are given, each of which is well and respectably attended. Madame Parepa and Miss Kellogg and Madame Testa have not disdained to lend their aid to these enjoyments, and Thomas' orchestra has repeatedly interpreted some of the grandest of sacred compositions. There are places, it is true, where an attempt is made to degrade the Sundayconcert idea, and to bring it down to a music-hall level. As a rule, however, but little effort, in New York, in that direction has been successful. I have seen more religious emotion fostered at a Sunday evening sacred concert than in the fashion-fluttered pews of a modish church; as much candid love for he Beautiful evident in Steinway Hall as sham aspiration after the Good in Fulton street privermeeting.

"Husbands Excepted." An exception in favor of one's own husband is one which the Woman's Rights wranglers in East Twenty-third street are forever making. There are many Len who habitually speak of women as though they put their own mothers and sisters aside, and considered the rest of the sex capable of all unmentionable naughtinesses. The same rule holds true of women, at any rate those who belong to the Den in Twenty-third street. Mrs. Stanton and Miss Anthony are now away, and the mice are taking the usual holiday which is proverbial when the cats are absent. An amusing episode occurred lest night after Mrs. Sowerby had made a series of disparaging remarks in regard to man. Mrs. Sowerby evidently regards man as a fraud, made to be a hindrance to who is the quicksliver of the association, listened to the maledictions of the orators, with that clenching of her little fists, and that pursing of her little lips, which forebole so much to her opponents. When the last word was said, she jumped up—Mrs. Norton never rises—and begged to make an exception in favor of Mr. Nor-ton. Other men might be venas, and base, and un-derhanded, but not Mr. Norton. Other men might rideule the Pythonesses of East Twenty-third screet, and vilify their manly endeavors—but not, oh not Mr. Norion! This is the strain in which they all talk. Bless them! They mean well enough. It is on the same principle, you know, as that upon which the greatest sticklers for belief in everlasting days and the same and the same principle. damnation always make an exception in favor of members of their own namily, no matter how black the sheep may be! Well, what's the use of being a woman's rights woman, unless you are full of insistencies? It is an inconsistency to imagine for a moment that matters could be otherwise. "Poor Humanity."

This is the title of a play which is to be performed next Monday evening week at the Olympic Theatre. It is a dramatization from the novel of that name by the author, Mr. F. W. Robinson, and which was first published in this country in the columns of the New York Sunday Times. The principal character— I forget what the name is—is to be taken by Mr. William Holston. That Philadelphia favorite M Eldridge is also to be in the cast. All ALI BABA.

# MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements.

AT THE CHESNUT the very interesting drams of Hunted Down will be performed for the last times this evening and to-morrow. This piece has had a wellleserved success, as it possesses much merit and has been acted in first-rate style. The audiences attracted by it have been large and fashionable, and t will always be considered one of the best pieces for occasional performance in Miss Keene's repor-

toire, On Monday Tom Taylor's drama of The Unequal Match will be produced, and the management an-nounce several other new pieces as in active prepara-

AT THE WALNUT Mr. Booth will have a farewell benefit this evening, when he will appear as "Ham-let," and at the matinee to-morrow he will conclude his engagement by repeating the same performance. Mr. Booth has drawn crowded houses for the last six weeks, and he has given the public an opportunity to see him in nearly all his personations. The engagement has been a brilliant success in every way, for Mr. Booth has never acted better than he does now. does now.

To-morrow evening a drama entitled Time and the Hour, by Palgrave Simpson, will be performed for the first time in this city.

On Monday Miss Lucille Western will appear in East Line

Rast Lyane.

AT THE ARCH Shakespeare's comedy of All's Well that Ends Well will be performed this evening.

AT THE ACADEMY OF Music this evening Mad'lie Carlotta Patti will give the dist of the two concerts for which she is announced in this city. Mad'lie Patti will be supported by a fumber of superior artists and by a full orchestra. The entertalments will be first-class, and as there is a great desire to hear this singer, crowded houses may be expected both to-night and to-morrow.

AT DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S OPERA HOUSE, Seventh street, below Arch, a first-case programme will be

at burnez a benedict's opera House, Seventh street, below Arch, a first-sate programme will be presented this evening, in which the entire troupe will appear. This is the largest ministrel combination in the country, and it contains a large proportion of the burnt-cork talent of the country.

AT THE ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE an attractive minstrel performance will be given this

evening.
THE SENTZ-HASSLER ORCHESTRA WILL give a matine to-morrow at a % o'clock P. M., at Musical Fund Hall. A fine programme will be presented.
HERRMANN, the great magician, will appear at the Academy of Music every evening next week. This performer stands at the head of his profession, and his tricks are both amusing and startling. He

uses no mechanism and operates by pure sleight of MR. WILLIAM L. DENNIS will deliver the first of nis "Poncyville Lectures" at the Assembly Boilding on Tuesday evening next. His theme will be "Dr. Dipps of Poncyville," and a very excellent entertain-ment may be expected, as Mr. Dennis is a humorist

of much ability.

PROFESSOR JAMES MCCLINTOCK will lecture at Concert Hall every evening next week, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, on Anatomy, Physiology, and Hygeine. These lectures will be popular in their character, and they will be fully illustrated by the oxy-hydrogen light, French manifolds.

Presidential Percariantions-A Grand Reception at the Academy of Music-"See, the Conquering Hero Comes!" Captured and Kissed by Three Hundred Misses - Serenaded by White and Black - Sreeted by the Whole Methodist Clergy-Speech after Speech in Response-Derarture from the City at Noon To

The visit of the President to this city, although ostensibly a queet one, is by no means such in

Gratitude of the Grey Reserves.

Yesterday afternoon those valiant men of war yelept the Grey Reserves proved themselves to be possessed, individually and collectively, of the true soldierly quality of gratitude. It will be remembered that while they were in camp at Cape Island, N. J., last summer, the President paid a flying visit, and during his stay thereat of about a day and a half complimented the Reserves by reviewing them three separate and distinct those. As a souvenir of the grand success which attended their encampment, the Reserves caused sundry median in bronze to be strick off for presentation to certain prominent citizens who contributed to the select of the occasion. Gratitude of the Grey Reserves. zens who contributed to the selat of the occasion.
But as the President had contributed more than all others, by his presence, to the building of the encamphent, it was resolved to present to him a copy of the wedal in sells. of the medal in gold. His present visit to the city afforded a favorable opportunity for making the pre-sentation, and yesterday afternoon the officers of the

sentation, and yesterday afteracion the officers of the gallant regiment waited upon the "old commander" at the residence of ex-Secretary Borie, No. 1025 Spruce street, to make the presentation.

Colonol Latta made the presentation speech, and, as he placed the modal in the President's hands, stated that the presence of the President had added materially to the success of the Grey Reserves seaside encampment; that a number of Philadelphia's prominent citizens had, by their presence and encouragement, contributed to the success of the enterprise, and in view of this fact they had been presented with a medal in bronze as a token of the appreciation of the command. The President being the most distinguished citizen of the country, as well as its Chief Magistrate, it was deemed advisable to ignore the baser metal and use one more precious.

The President, on receiving the beautiful token. expressed briefly his thanks, assured the officers of the regiment he should long remember the interest-ing event of his visit to their encampment, and fur-thermore complimented them upon the creditable manner in which the men had conducted themselyes

The obverse of the medal contains a bust of Washington, in bas relief; while the reverse bears this

Infantry Grey Reserves,
Cape May, N. J., July, 1889.
Presented to
His Excellency Ulysies S. Grant,
President of the
United States."

A Grand Scene at the Academy of Music. Last evening the Academy of Music was crowden Last evening the Academy of Music was crowded to its utmost capacity, the occasion which drew together the large audience being the third annual Sunday School Jubilee in aid of the "Home for the Aged and Infirm of the M. E. Church in Philadelphia." The exercises consisted of singing by a chorus of about one thousand children gathered from the various Methodist Sunday Schools in the city, about forty different churches being represented. The children—aid of whom, with the exception of a score or so, were young girls—were scated. don of a score or so, were young girls—were scate-apon the stage, every inch of which was crowded with their bright and smiling faces. Dressed uniformly in white as they were, with sashes and rib-bons of various bues, the scene as viewed from the auditorium was one of unusual attraction. William C. Bakes, Esq. was President of the organization having general charge of the arrangements; Pro-fessor William G. Fischer acted as Musical Director of the vocal exercises, and Professor Carl Gaertner as conductor of the large orchestra whose perform-ances varied the entertainment.

Enter, the President. After the singing of the opening piece and a prayer by the Rev. Bishop simpson, there was a great com-motion raised upon the stage and in the andience by the appearance of the Presidential party, whose an dispated presence had contributed in some measure to the drawing together of such an overwhelming throng. The President was escorted by Bishop Simpson and George H. Stuart, Esq., to a seat in the lower proscenium box to the right of the stage. Accompanying the party were several members of the Bishop's family and a few others. Before the Chief Magistrate could be scated the audience and the children raised a wild tumult of applause, renewed again and again as the distinguished visitor quietly bowed his acknowledgments.

"See, the Conquering Hero Comes!" The exercises were then proceeded with, without interruption, until about a quarter before 9 o'clock, when the regular programme was temporarily sus-pended by the announcement that the children would sing the chorus, "See, the Conquering Hero Comes: From the oratorio of Julas Maccabarus. At this announcement the President left his box in company with Bishop Simpson and Mr. Stuart, and passing through the green-room, made his way down through the brilliant throng of children to the front of the stage, where chairs had been placed for him and his companions. The scene then presented was one that fairly beggars description. Every child upon the stege joined the applauding chorus of the audience, and waved her handkerchief, and down through this flutter and tunnil passed the President to the footlights, receiving the grand ovation of the children with as much composure as he had received the fire of the enemy in the march from the Rpidan to the James. As soon as he was seated, a little girl approached him and placed in his hands a large and beautiful bouquet, which was a signal for the re-newal of the uproar throughout the building.

The chorus, which had been completely drowned out by the tumult, was then renewed, after which the orchestra performed a brilliant national march, composed by Carl Gaertner for the occasion, and dedicated to the President.

"The Father of his People." Bishop Simpson then arose and addressed the audience briefly. He referred to the benevelent object of the occasion, saying that the interest taken in the event was a proof of the great benevolence of the people of Philadelphia. This spirit of benevo-lence, he continued, is a sign of true greatness. It is recorded of Cæsar that when he died it was found lence, he continued, is a sign of true greatness. It is recorded of Cassar that when he died it was found that he had left in his will a legacy to every Roman citizen.— But true benevolence springs from a hearty sympathy with the old and the young. And so it is said of Charlemagne, that he delighted to turn aside from the leadership of his armies and scenes of blood and strife, to mingle among little children, and join in their sports. To-night history but repeats its lesson in this, and we have now in our midst another example of sympathy with a worthy and benevolent object. The man of all men living—turning to the President—who is best fitted to marshal armies and lead them to battle, turns aside from the cares of State to-night to come among us, displaying in so doing that sympathy and benevolence which characterize true greatness. He comes here to greet the charitable people of this city, and to encourage the children who are lending their sweet notes to the grand object of this gathering, thus proving himself to be, what every ruler should be, the Father of his People!

When the Bishop resumed his seat, there were loud cheers and calls for Grant, but Mr. George H. Stuart rose and addressed the audience. After complimenting the Methodist Church for its generosity and loyalty, of which he had received strong proof during the war, he said that we thanked God for raising up General Grant to crush out the infamous staveholders' rebellion (cheers); and we thank God still further for raising him up to his present position to crush out our burdensome national debit (Great cheering.) And now, continued Mr. Stuart, I want you all to express your joy at these blessings by rising to your leet, both this vast audience and this beautiful collection of children, and all join in Old Hundred. this beautiful collection of children, and all join in

singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," as Methodists know how to sing it.

The Conquering Hero Speaks. But before the andience could gain their feet, cries of "Grant!" "speech!" "speech!" were renewed so imperatively that the President arose and addressed the audience as follows:"Ladies and Gentlemen:-I hardly know how I
can suitably thank you for this demonstration of

your kindness and regard for me. I have nover visited Philadelphia but that I have received evidences of your kindness, and of gratitude far greater than I am conscious of deserving. I can only say that I hope I has be able to do something that will deserve it in the future."

The Conquering Hero Conquered in Turn. This brief speech was greeted with posterous applause, on the subsidence of which the audience and the children rose to their feet and sang the grand authem of praise. The Presidential party then endeavored to leave the stage, but before they could gain the lobbles of the building the children surrounded the President and clamored for a salutation. By source, and by impropals they presided in rounded the President and clamored for a salutation. By scores and by hundreds they pressed and
surged around him, some of them bringing chairs
and stools to lengthen out their standing. The Calef
Magistrate, in a closer strait than he had ever been
before, made the best of his dilemma and kissed as
many panting lips as were within his reach. He
twisted himself hither and thither in the effort to
break through the while-round throng, and after
some ten minutes delay and kisning of at least three
hundred of the romping girls, succeeded in getting
clear of the growd. clear of the crowd. In company with Mr. Stuart, he then left the Academy, and the exercises of the evening were pro-

CITY INTELLIGENCE. CEded with in a very creditable manner, the only further notable interruption being caused by the reading of

A Letter from Pere Hyncinthe. This letter was written in response to an invita-tion to be present at the jublice, and as it is the first document to which the signature of the great French divine has been appended since his arrival in this country, it will be of interest even in this connec-tion. It read as follows:—

"Sir — I am not ignorant of the importance of the Sunday-Schools in your great country, and feel very much honored by the invitation you have the kindness of sonding me for the atunal inbiles that is preparing in Philadelphia. Besides the object of your jubiles, the names of the eminent pursonages whose presence you expect would attract me towards you. For that reason, sir, I regret very much not to be able to go to your jubiles; and I beg of you to receive with my excuses and my thanks, the expression of my distinguished sentiments.

New York, October 22, 1860."

New York, October 22, 1869,"

Presidential Screnades and Speeches. -The President, on withdrawing from the Academy of Music, proceeded to the residence of Mr. Borie of Music, proceeded to the residence of Mr. Borle, where he was met by a large company of invited guests, among whom we noticed many of the most prominent personages in the political, business, and social circles of the city. About 11 o'clock the company was startled by the sound of martial music, and it was discovered that quite a crowd had assembled to participate in a screnade, the music being discoursed by Book's band. The President appeared at the window, and in response to repeated calls for a speech, addressed the assemblage as follows:

"Gentlemen, I thank you for this compliment, and for this delightful music. My old friend Mr. Borie does not wish to hear a speech, and I do not wish to make one. I repeat that I thank you."

Soon after, another serenating party made its appearance, and this time the colored element of our population prevailed, the serenade being tendered by a colored military organization, accom-panied by a cornet band, under the command of Captain L. E. French, and known as the Excessor

Reserves. Another speech was of course demanded, and the President responded by appearing again at the window and saying:

"I am very much obliged to you for this demonstration of your kindness. When it is over, I hope you will all go home and be good boys!"

The Excelsions did as they were told, and, like good boys, separated to their homes when the last strains of the music had died away.

The President passed to their nomes when the last strains of the music had died away.

The President passed the night at the residence of Mr. Borie, but, previous to his departure from the city to-day, was destined to figure on another notable accorden.

A Continental Levee.

The parlor of the Continental Hotel was througed at 10 o'clock this morning with ladies and gentlemen eager to pay their respects to our Chief Magistrate. President Grant was punctually on time, and shook heartily by the hand each guest on his or her pre-sentation. The guests, with the exception of a few senation. The guests, with the exception of a few friends, were almost exclusively attached to the Methodist Episcopal Church. Nearly every minister of the denomination in this city was present, together with many of the preminent laymen. George H. Stuart, Esq., Bishop Sinipson, and Rev. J. Walker Jackson severally introduced the visitors. Among those who paid their respects were the

Among those who paid their respects were the following:—

F. A. Fidler, W. Brown, W. S. Hagery, Dr. L. D. Harlow, L. Hopper, Dr. G. Schaffer, Dr. Parrish, A. S. Jenks, Thomas Tasker, A. W. Rand, J. H. Dungan, J. H. Thomas Tasker, A. W. Rand, J. H. Dungan, J. H. Thomas Ley, J. Ashbreok, Dr. E. Schoffield, Dr. J. G. Hinnt, Br. J. F. Wilson, E. Perry, W. W. Leach, W. Whitaker, J. F. Bodine, B. Schoffield, A. Phillips, S. P. M. Tasker, J. Filley, Dr. Cooke, S. W. Themas, C. D. Payne, R. W. Humphrica, W. C. Robinson, J. H. Alday, J. F. Chaplin, G. D. Carrow, Joseph Mason, Joseph Castle, W. T. Paxson, J. Ruth, W. L. Gray, Dr. Cooper, Rev. Dr. Patrison, W. J. Bakes, W. J. Stevenson, A. Atwood, J. B. McCullough, J. W. Jackson, G. W. Mactaughin, G. W. Lybrandt, A. Wallace, T. B. Neely, J. Neal, G. Oram, J. Lucas, Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Carson, Mr. Burrell, Mr. Masdon, W. G. Fischer, A. C. Bryson, Dr. Kysett, Theo Oves, Dr. Thomas, W. G. Spencer, G. Leng, James Hunt, John Hunter, Mr. Hollinsbead, A. Cummings, Wesley Stretch, C. Parrish, W. Dorsey, and Benjamin Stratton.

At the lapse of a half hour's interview. President Grant took his leave of the company. After making a few purchases, he was driven to the residence of Secretary Borie, and from thence to the Broad and Prime street depot. He left in the moon train for Washington, his departure being so quietly arranged that but few in the neighborhood were aware of his

#### OUR STEAM ENGINES.

The Work of the City Inspector for the Past Three Months.

The Inspector of Steam Engines and Boilers, since the adoption of the ordinance creating that depart-ment, has inspected 1548, of which number 551 were inspected during the quarter ending September 30. Of the number of boilers inspected (1548) eleven have been condemned, two of which occurred during this quarter.

Repairs have been ordered on five sets of boilers: one set had to be stripped and canked, on account of too much heat being carried on the top or steam surface of the boiler.

Hand holes have been ordered to be out in several to enable them to be cleaned out. This is very necessary to prevent the boller from burning which it will do in a short time if no The attention of the department has been called

to a number of boilers that have been repaired at the suggestion of incompetent persons, who receive a commission on the cost of such repairs. Steam users are thus subjected to an unnecessary ex-pense and loss of time by the employment of per-sons who are not aware that a boller must lose more than one-half of its original thickness between the seams before its strength is impaired. Of the three hundred and twenty engineers that

have been examined

have been examined

22 have received first class,

181 have received second class,

167 have received third class, and

10 have received fourth class certificates.

The small number of engineers that have presented themselves for examination during this quarter is in consequence of the being no penalty attached to that part of the ordinance, and the charge of three dollars for certificates. In New York it was found necessary to abolish not only the it was found necessary to abolish not only the charge for inspection, but also for the examination of engineers, in order to prevent an evasion of the

The necessity of classification is to be found in the many erroneous ideas developed by the examination of engineers, many of them, for instance, being under the impression that a boiler cannot explode while the water remain at its proper level; others think that the pressure carried is to be examined divided among the boilers in use consequences.

chers think that the pressure carried is to be equally divided among the boilers in use, consequently the larger number of boilers used the greater the pressure that can be carried, and the larger the boiler the more pressure it will carry.

The law requires that boilers should be proved by a hydraulic pressure one-third greater than they are allowed to carry by their certificate, consequently a boiler cannot be exploded except by overloading the exfets valves or allowing the water to get too low. safety-valves, or allowing the water to get too low, and thereby overheating the boiler, thus reducing its

The expenses of this department for the quarter ctober 1, 1869, were as follows:-Rent of office and incidentals..... 346.00

There has been received at this office, from July I to Oct. 1, \$2453.84, from the following sources:— Inspection of boller and grate surface......\$2231.84 Examination of engineers...... 222'0 Amount due the department and placed in the hands of the City Solicitor for collec-

tion \$104-54 Amount due for inspection \$171-25 There has been received by this department an paid over to the City Treasurer \$774-37 to October 1 The total earnings of this department to October are as follows:— \$7,794.37 Amount paid City Treasurer. \$7,794.37 Amount due for inspection. 2,275.52

Total expenses.....

Showing a net gain of \$1984 68 to Oct. 1, 1869. A CHASE.—Last night several robbers attempted to enter the grecery store of Mr. Moore at Sulppen and Dack streets, and had already pried off a shutter when Officer Riggs appeared and discovered them. Although he gave chase for several squares, they

AN INAUGURATION BALL. - The first of a series of halls to be given during the co ming winter by the Young Mænnerchor Singing Society, came off last evening at the Handel and Hayda Hall, Eighth and Spring Garden streets. It was a success in every sense of the word.

United States Commissioner's Court.—Before United States Commissioner Henry Phillips, Jr., Esq., John W. Cooke was held for a further hearing on Monday, November 1st, on the charge of fraudu-

A STANDARD DRY GOODS HOUSE.—The well-known firm of Cooper & Conard have lately completed a store improvement at Ninth and Market streets that reflects credit upon their own taste and business capacities, and well illustrates the fact that the public know who serve them best. In the spring of 1852, a small, poorly-lighted store stood at this corner, and it was filled with a stock of goods of very moderate proportions; but the articles were all carefully selected, of standard quality, and were sold without the use of a dishonest word. The two young men who ventured their means in this enterprise were both from Lancaster county, in this State, and were determined to build up a business, if hard work and honest dealings could do so. This policy of conscientious faithfulness to the interests of their customers was strictly adhered to, and it has resulted in a steady increase of custom that has at last produced the great dry goods establishment now presided over by these two same gentlemen, on the scene of their early struggles.

The new store at the S. E. corner of Ninth and Market streets will bear favorable comparison with the many fine improvements made of late years in this city. It is a spacious and commodious structure, well proportioned and chastely constructed. The interior arrangements are tastefully made, and are admirably heapted to the purposes intended. The building is of the beautiful pressed brick peculiar to this city, is three stories in height, and is surmounted with a handsome Mansard roof. The Market street front is painted in imitation of marbie, and the large wincows have been so constructed as to be capitally adapted to the display of goods.

The basement of this establishment is devoted to the sale of blankets, quilts, coverlets, and to the

The basement of this establishment is devoted to the sale of blankets, quilts, coverlets, and to the storage of duplicate woollens, domestic goods, etc. It is well lighted, and affords a very pleasant pur-

nasing department. The first floor is a general salesroom, containing samples of the bulk of their handsome display of fine dress goods, cloakings, cloth stock, linens, domestic goods, etc. Owing to the large room at command, the best facilities for the display and examination. nation of goods are afforded

The second floor contains a superb stock of cloaks and shawls, boys clothing, and a cutters' room for boys' and men's ordered clothing. The firm has earned a reputation for this class of goods, and their styles are always satisfactory to the most fastidious.

dious.

The third floor is principally devoted to manufacturing these cloaks and clothing, and for the quality of the workmanship this house is unexcelled. Sixty hands receive employment in the various departments of this famed establishment.

AN UNFORTUNATE PARDON. - Last summer a fellow named Young Parr was arrested upon the charge of having stolen a trunk from Commodore Seifridge's having stolen a trunk from Commodore Seifriage's daughter, and was bound over to answer at court. A writ of habeascorpus was taken out for his discharge, and on account of a reluctance on the part of Miss Selfridge to appear in a criminal court, he was discharged for lack of evidence. Upon motion of the District Attorney, an indictment was nevertheless sent before the grand jury, and by them returned a true bill, and Parr soon found himself in the dock. Miss Selfridge attended at the trial, and the proof being clear and conclusive, he was convicted and sentenced to an imprisonment of two victed and sentenced to an imprisonment of two

The evidence also disclosed that he had used a young woman in disposing of the contents of the trunk, and she was convicted of receiving stolen goods and also sent to prison. Soon afterwards notice was received at the District Attorney's office that an application for pardon was to be made, and service was accepted. Subsequently a gentleman from this city met the Governor at Gettysburg, and, mentioning the case, said he thought the granting a pardon would be a most unfortunate thing for the community, and the Governor, saying he would re sember the case, made assurances that the applica on for pardon would not succeed. Time pass and within the last ten days a pardon for Young Parr was received, and now, having served about four months in prison, he walks the community as free

Local CDDs and Ends.—The season's first snow, which fell yesterday, has left the weather chilly, cloudy, and gloomy to-day.

—The dirt roads of the park are frozen as hard as

rocks. Everywhere throughout the city sleighs are —Everywhere throughout the Crand Section of the Grand Section of Pennsylvania, C. of T., will be held this evening at Ninth and Girard avenue.

—A special and important meeting of the civil and

military officers and members of the Fegian Brother hood will be held to-night.

—The Young Men's Christian Association classes for instruction for 1869-70 will be organized the first week in November.

The Home Missionary Society appeals to the

public for donations of clothing suitable for either men, women, or children.

—Many of the streets of the city are saily in need of renairs-and curses both loud and deep are heaped upon the heads of those who neglect their duty in keeping them in good condition.

SUDDEN DRATH .-- Yesterday afternoon an unown white woman, aged about seventy years, fell lead at Nineteenth and Coates streets. The Coroner held an inquest, and a verdict was rendered that death had resulted from natural causes. The de-ceased was five feet tall, had grey hair mixed with black, were a calico dress, woollen pulse-warmers, a black knif shawl, dark marcon-colored hood, black alpaca apron, and leather boots. She had a set of false teeth. The body was sent to Cyvus Horae's, No. 23 N. Eleventh street, to await identification.

ENTERED AND ROBBED .- Some time before daybreak on Wednesday morning the grocery store of Mr. Paist No. 1141 Hanover street, was entered by thieves, who climbed in through a front transom. When inside they took a basket, filled it with hans, dried beef, sausages, etc., and also abstracted from the money-drawer a book containing several valu-able papers and a lot of small change. They then absconded. The basket, with a portion of the stolen provisions and the book, were afterwards found in a neighbor's yard. The hams and the beef were

AWAITING AN OWNER .- At 2 o'clock this morning one Louis Klein was arrested at Ridge avenue and Poplar street on suspicion of having stolen four pairs of fine boots and a pair of lady's shoes, worth in all \$40, which he had in his possession. The articles are at the Central Station awaiting an Louis will have a hearing at the same place on Wednesday next.

CASUALTY.—Richard Johnson, nineteen years of age, residing at No. 1836 Master street, had his foot run over and his ankle broken yesterday by a wagon t Ridge avenue and Stiles street. He was carried

A TRIEF .- A fellow named Thomas Manly was arrested yesterday for the larceny of twelve pairs of shoes from a store at Second street and Girard ave-nue. Thomas halls from Baltimore. He was committed by Alderman Eggleton.

Who is to Blame?—This morning the public gas lights north of Walnut street, on Delaware avenue, Water street, Front, Second, and Third streets, were not extinguished until 7 o'clock.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY .- About 4 o'clock this mornng a burgiarious attempt was made upon the liquor store of Mrs. Long, corner of Nineteenth and Christian streets. The thieves were frightened off.

FIRE.—This morning, at 8 o'clock, a fire broke out in the beer saloon of Mr. Souder, Vine street, east of Third. Damage triffing.

EDDING INVITATIONS LOUIS DREKA,

Stationer and Engraver, No. 1033 CHESNUT Street WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS Of solid Is karat fine gold. QUALITY WARANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.
FARR & BROTHER, Makors,
3 24wims No. 524 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth

DISABLED SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, MARINES etc., whether from wounds, rupture, or disease, who have not yet applied for Pensions, and the widows, minor children, dependent mothers, fathers etc., of those who have died of wounds or of disease contracted in the service, can promptly obtain their

pensions by applying to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street, Philada.

DRIZE MONEY FOR NEW ORLEANS, All interested in the capture of New Orleans by Farragut's fleet, as officers, seamen, or marines, will hear of something greatly to their advantage by calling upon in person or addressing the General Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 135 South SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, Al information given free of charge and correspondence promptly answered.

A having claims upon the United States or State Governments, who have committed the same to the care of Messrs. George Cragg & Bro., or T. H. Peters & Co. They will hear of something greatly to their advantage, on application, either in person or by mail, to the General Collection Agency, No. 135 South SEVENCH Street.

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.

# THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

## THE WESTERN HORROR

Latest Particulars of the Mississippi River Disaster-The Lists of the Saved and Missing-A Fortunate Circumstance.

#### FROM THE WEST.

The Steambout Calamity-List of the Saved. Sr. Levis, Oct. 29 .- The following is as com plete a list of the saved from the disaster to the steamboat Stonewall as can be ascertained at present:-

George W. Fulton, John H. Loon, Edward Falkerson, E. P. Watson, Charles Williams, of St. Louis: R. A. Phelps, of Shreveport; L. A. David Schultz, of Maysville, Kentucky; Miss Haynson Jefferson, W. S. Cook, of Texas: M. Moneburg and Moshler, L. L. Jean, Max, M. M. Breny, J. Sivan, D. Jones, M. P. Hourren, J. Stewart, J. Conway, Michael Kinney, W. Kinney, George Holmoroux, Louis George and Michael Peret, P. Perry and wife, N. H. Moheny, L. Sevan, J. Swartz, M. Human, J. Conross, James Griffin, John Peane, Dennis Morlarty, Dr. A. W. Washburne, Dr. S. B. Onness, T. H. Carrol, M. McSweenes, Mike Bressner, W. S. Cook, of Virginia, J. Lesines, and George Edinburg.

List of the Missing. Among those who are known to be missing are Mrs. Gregg, of Texas; Miss Cabeen, Captain John W. Doty, of Rapides Parish, La.: Captain Thomas Cott, of St. Louis; Milton C. Elbert, first clerk, of St. Louis; William Chucks, second clerk, of St. Louis; Frank Murray, pilot, of St. Louis: Willis Beebe, first mate, of St. Louis: Isaac Mooney, stoker; Henry Bowen, steward Joshua Liston, bookkeeper, of St. Louis; John Hoover, bookkeeper, of St. Louis; John Garrett, watchman, of St. Louis; C. B. Dwenny, wife, and two children, five and two years old; John McGee, of St. Louis; Owen Daily, George W. Blackburn, a conductor on the North Missouri Railroad, and Charles Brennan, dead.

A Fortunate Circumstance. The niece of Captain Scott, mentioned in the despatch from Cairo, was not on board. She is the daughter of William J. Cozzens, a well-

known civil engineer of this city. She was all ready to start and her baggage on board when her father, obeying an impulse which he cannot explain, concluded it was best for her to remain at home. St. Louis, Oct. 29,—Leon Reardon, the pugilist, has been convicted of robbery at Omaha,

and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Acquitted. Col. T. H. Green, who killed General Early at St. Joseph, Missouri, last fall, was tried at Plattsburg, Mo., on Wednesday, and acquitted.

# FROM WASHINGTON.

The New War Secretary.

Desnatch to the Associated Press. Washington, Oct. 29,-General Belknap was at the War Department this morning, where he remained about an hour in consultation with General Sherman and other officials. He was also at the Executive Mansion for a short time.

Naval Orders. Lieutenant-Commander E. M. Sheppard is ordered to the Michigan: Lieutenant J. E. Moell is ordered to resume his duties on board the Severn, in addition to which he is appointed signal officer of the North Atlantic fleet; Lieutenant Oscar F. Heyennan is detached from the Michigan and ordered to the Nipsic; First Assistout Engineer S. A. Ayres is deta Benicia and ordered to the Navy Yard at Portsmouth.

# FROM CANADA.

Collision and Probable Loss of Life. KINGSTON, Ontario, Oct. 29 .- The schooner John Weeden, of Detroit, laden with corn, from Chicago to Ogdensburg, collided on Wednesday night in a snow storm, near Devil's Nose, with the schooner Orion, of Hamilton. All the crew, consisting of eight men, succeeded in getting on board the Orion. The Captain and one man went back to the Weeden for her papers, when the vessels parted, leaving them on board. The Weeden is supposed to be so badly injured that she cannot float long. The Orion arrived here slightly damaged.

# FROM NEW YORK.

Sales of Gold. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Oct. 29 .- At the Government sale of gold to-day, Trevor & Colgate received one million at 128.57. Gold is now 128%.

# FROM EUROPE.

This Afternoon's Quotations. By the Anglo-American Cable.

LONLON, Oct. 29—1 P. M.—Consols 28% for both money and account. U.S. 5-20s, of 1862, 82%; 1865, old, 81%. Stocks steady.

LONDON, Oct. 29—1 P. M.—Linseed cakes, £10 17s.

IMPORTANT TO ALL INTERESTED.—THE arrears of Pensions must be applied for within nve years after the death or discharge of a soldier, sailor, or marine. Those who fall to apply lose \$06 per year. There are thousands in our midst, widows, dependent fathers and mothers, and orphan children, who are entitled, but who have not yet applied for a pension. All who think they are entitled should at once call on Messrs, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. No. 135 South SEVENTH Street who will promptly obtain their pensions, or cheerfully give any information, free of charge. Remember that the five years' limit allowed by law is fast drawing to a

IMPORTANT TO EUROPEAN AND CUBAN TOURISTS.-Passports, prepared in conformity with the new requirements of the Stat Department, can be procured in twenty-four hours on applica tion made, either in person or by letter, only at the Official Passport Bureau, No. 125 S. SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. Also, official lists of all Ministers, Diplomatic Agents, Consuls, and Consular Agents of th United States, who they are, where they are from United States, who they are, where they are located, furnished free of charge and where they are located, furnished free of charge 730

TO CREDITORS OF THE REPUBLIC OF MEXI-▲ CO.—The undersigned are now prepared to prosecute claims before the joint commission created ander a recent treaty between the repulic of Mexito and the United States, and would invite the attention of claimants to the necessity of an early application to secure a consideration.

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., 7.30 No. 185 S. SEVENTH street, Phila.

DERSONS HAVING DEBTS DUE IN ANY part of the United States can have them easily adjusted and collected on application to the Genera Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 185 South SEVENTH Street.

SOLDIERS DISCHARGED BEFORE TWO years' service for injuries or wounds, including rupture, are entitled, they or their widows or heirs (if they have received none), to \$200 bounty. Apply to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street.

### DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

The Hornet-Mismanagement not Chargesble to the Cuban Junta -The Western Calamity.

### EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Another Morrible Calamity-A German Ship Founders at Sea-Over Three Hundred Persons Drowned.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

The "Cuba" and the Cuban Junta.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Senor Lemus, in conversation with a friend, said that the Cuban Junta was not responsible for the mismanagement of the Hornet business. The Hornet, it appears, was presented to the Cubans, and the party who made the present insisted on naming her commander and crew. Mr. Lemus has written to Captain Higgins for an explanation of his conduct, but he has received no reply. Mr. Lemus thinks the ship will be released, provided the Cubans agree to use her as a merchantman, instead of a man-of-war.

### FROM THE WEST.

The Burning of the Mississippi River Steamer Stonewall. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 20 .- There is great excitement and consternation in this city over the announcement of the terrible disaster, one hundred miles below, on the Mississippi. The telegraph offices have been thronged all the morning with persons who had friends and relatives on board of the ill-fated steamer, anxious to learn of them. The officers of the road running south sent down a special car to have those who have been injured brought up here for medical treatment.

The expression is most emphatic against the conduct of the packet which passed the burning steamer, and refused to afford help, although appealed to. The office of the company owning the boat has been crowded ever since the report with people eager to learn the latest particulars, and to learn the names of all those who were on the vessel.

St. Louis, Oct. 29 .- The steamer Rubleon arrived this morning from below, with John H. Lyon, Second Engineer of the Stonewall, and a young woman of St. Louis who was rescued from a floating spar. Lyons reports having seen several charred bodies on the wreck, but adds very little to the information already obtained. Several steamboat captains and citizens, con-

Statement of the Second Engineer.

ning for the wreck and vicinity to search for and bury the bodies of the lost. A subscription of nearly \$1000 was raised in five minutes on 'Change at noon, to derfay the expenses of the committee, and other subscriptions will be made for the benefit of destitute

stituting a volunteer committee, leave this eve-

FROM EUROPE.

familles.

More Troops for Cuba.

By the Anglo-American Cuble. MADRID, Oct. 29 .- Seven battalious of volunteers will soon sail for Havana. Enlistments for the Cuban army still continue. The dissensions among the Cabinet and people touching the choice of a monarch still continue.

Female Emigrants to Canada. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 29 .- Mrs. Rye sailed yesterday in the steamship Hibernian, from this port for Quebec, taking with her another lot of female emigrants for Canada.

An Emperor's Reception. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 29 .- The Emperor of Austria was received by the Sultan last evening. The shipping in the harbor was decorated, buildings illuminated, and much enthusiasm manifested on the occasion.

Arrival. GLASGOW, Oct. 29 .- Arrived, steamship Da-

mascus yesterday. Cold Weather. LONDON, Oct. 29 .- The weather is unusually cold for the season, and from all parts of the kingdom come reports of frost and ice.

Horrible Disaster.

A bottle has been found at sea off the coast of Cornwall, England, containing a memorandum, in German, to the effect that the emigrant ship Weser foundered on July 1, with 346 persons on board.

This Evening's Quotations.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 29—2 P. M.—Stock of Cotton affoat 323,000 bales, of which 49,000 are American. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are steady. Red winter wheat, 9s. 5d. 29s. 6d.: No. 2 red Western, 9s. 4d. Receipts of Wheat for three days, 21,000 quarters, including 20,000 of American.

OUTENSTOWN, Oct. 29—Arrived, steamship Russia. QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 29.-Arrived, steamship Russia,

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street. BETWEEN BOARDS.

#2500 City 6s, Old. 98 150 do. ...b30, 4532 15760 C & A 6s, 50 c. 100 100 do. ... c. 48 9 sh Leh Val.allot. 0 do. ...c. 48 do. ... c. 48 10ts. 52½ 50 do. ... 55wn. 48 10 do. ... 52½ 50 do. ... 55wn. 48 10 do. ... 52½ 50 henna R. ... 56½ 4 sh Bk of N Am. 283 20 sh Leh N St. ... 33½ 50 sh Leh N St. ... 33½ SECOND BOARD. \$8000 City 6s, New. 1s, 100 ½ 20 sh Mech Bank. 33 ½ 23 sh Cam & Am. 120 20 sh Cam & Am

Amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia d Reading Railroad during week ending Thursday, Oct. 28, 1869 :--

From St. Clair.
From Port Carbon
From Pottsville
From Schuylkill Haven 8,692 04 6,331 07 From Port Clinton. From Port Clinton. From Harrisburg and Dauphin. From Allentown and Albartis.... Anthracite Coal for week....

Bituminous Coal from Harrisburg and
Dauphin for week.... 113,457 00 To Thursday, Oct. 29, 1868...........3,104,931 12

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., NOTARIES PUB-

and Acknowledgments taken for any State or Terr's I tory of the United States.