# CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE STONE GIANT.

A Description by a Philadelphian. A Description by a Philadefphian.

By the courtesy of a well-known citizen of this city, lately returned from the neighborhood of Symense. New York, we are enabled to present our readers with some additional facts relative to the settinged body lately found in that neighborhood.

The discovery of the fossil was made by a farmer thring on his old homestead, one mile from Cardin, proporting county, and twelve miles south of Symenses.

living on his old homestead, one mile from Cardin, soondaga county, and twelve miles south of Syracuse. He had set several men to dig a well in the rear of his barn. At a distance of three feet below the sarface one of them uncovered a huge foot of stone, and, although startied by the discovery, they ontinued at work until the whole top of the body was uncarthed. It was of immense size, and lay in a singular attitude. The body, which was destitute of all clothing, hav upon its back, with its right hand resting on the pit of the stomach and the left arm thrown under it. The left leg was crossed upon the next, and being thus the most clevated part of the right, and being thus the most clevated part of the body, was first uncovered. The color was that of gray limestone, somewhat darker than the granite in

se here. The body was of gigantic size, and yet very finely The body was of gigantic size, and yet very finely proportioned. Its length was found to be 10 feet 2's inches; breadth across the shoulders, 3 feet; length of head, 1 foot 9 inches; length of leg from point of hip to knee joint, 8 feet; length of feet, 1 foot 7's inches. The nose was 6 inches long and 3% broad; the mouth was 4 inches wide; the width of the paim 7 inches. The diameter of the thigh was 1 foot, of the calf of leg 9's inches, of the wrist 5 inches. The weight was estimated to be from one-half to three-fourths of a ton.

As might be supposed, the discovery has created

weight was estimated to be from one-half to threefourths of a ton.

As might be supposed, the discovery has created
the most intense excitement in the neighborhood.
The farmer was at first in favor of reburying the
body, but the persuasions of his wife induced him to
desist. Since then large numbers of sight-seers and
some scientific men have examined the fossil,
various hundsome offers have been made for its
purchase, but the old farmer has been induced to
allow it to remain temporarily until it could be
photographed in its original position. Two condicting theories exist in regard to the origin of thistique. One hypothesis, sustained by Br. J. F.
Beynton, and elaborated by him in a recent
letter to the Franklin Institute, declares it to
be the statue of a Caucasian, cut out of
the gypsulm of the county, and concealed in the
slough where found several hundred years since.
Most other persons, embracing some of scientific
training, believe it to be the petrified body of a man
of gigantic stature, and the reasons for this belief raining, believe it to be the petrilled body of a man of giguntic stature, and the reasons for this belief are almost incontrovertible. If a statue, it could not support itself erect, as it has no pedestal, and the crossing of the feet deprives it of the full support of the limbs; and it could not be designed to lay fut—a position unlike that assumed for any other statue—set he left arm is the rect. position unlike that assumed for any other statue—
as the left arm is thrown out of sight of the body.
Besides, every part of the body is represented with
the utmost idelity to nature, and not even the traditional algebra is used; the only exception is the
total absence of hair from the head and skin, an additional argument in favor of petriaction. The
velns, eyeballs, muscles, tendens of the heel, cords of
the neck, the masculine prominence of "Adam's
apple," every exact detail of physiology is given with
wonderful accurrey.

wonderful accuracy.

If the object be a statue, it is acknowledged to be the most astonishing work of art ever produced by artist. Whether statue or lossilized human body, the remains are destined to excite great attention from the whole community. Either as an indication of an extinct civilization that has left no other specimens of unrivalled artistic skill, or as one of a race of giants of whom the Indians have traditions, scientific and artistic men will have much curious data

ANOTHER PROBLEMST REMOVAL - Yesterday High Constable Clark received matter from the Hou. Baniel M. Fox, Mayor of the city of Philadelphia, that his services would be dispensed with on and after to-day. This gentleman is one of the oldest staches to the police department that the city has, and ever during his long period of service has been considered an efficient and falthful officer. He sever showed any partiality, but always did his duty as required by the oath he had taken many, many years ago. He has since his induction to his late position been retained by nd Mayors, and has never, antil row, been subjected to any reflections as to how he had or would east his ballot at the election poll. He became connected with the police department ever 20 years are, and has always held a prominent ever 20 years ago, and has siways held a prominent position. During the days of the Marshal's force, he was lieutenant of the Southwark district, and on consolidation in 1854, he was assigned as Chief of the Bigh Constables. By his decapitation the city has lost a faithful public officer, whose position certainly cannot be filled by either of the political backs who are now doing duty at the Central, and the probability is that his Honor cannot replace him by any appointment which he may make. The question now at the Central is, "Whose turn next?" tion now at the Central is, "Whose turn next?" Rumor says Fire Marshal Blackburn,

ECAL ODDS AND ENDS.—A Dicelling of railroad clerks from various sections of the Union was held vesterday at the Washington House for the purpose enting a Railroad Clerks' Mutual Insurance Asit was formed.

An adjourned meeting of fremen, to make arrangements for the reception of the Friendship Fire Company, was held last evening in the hall of the Hand-m-Hand Fire Company. Another meeting will

held to-night.
—Common Council met in caucus yesterday afterneon to elect a trustee of the City Gas Works, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the decease of Alexander J. Harper, but without doing any busitess adjourned.

A handsome new lightship, built for the United
States Government, will be handed to-morrow
from the ship yard of Mr. Lynn, at the Toot of Reed street, Delaware.

—During the present year the sum of \$5,603,561 54

has been collected on the tax dupicate of 1869, leaving \$5,019,165-23 yet to be collected.

—Rev. Dr. Roach will preach his first sermon on sunday next as pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Third street, below Walnut.

—The thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Union Benevolent Association was held yesterday after-

-The Hope Hose of Norfolk, Va., went southward

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.-Some of the younger graduates of this institution have been plan-ning to establish a literary magazine to represent their Aima Mater in the republic of letters. Our city is not so overburdened with the number of our lite-rary periodicals that there is no room for another, and when other colleges are kept so prominently before the public by this means, there seems to be a propriety in this venerable University having at least one such organ. Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the last ten graduating classes was called at the Hall of the Department of Arts. The call for a meeting was sustained, and a plan submitted by a committee was most cordially approved. The chair

man of the meeting then appointed con edit and publish the proposed magazine. Got a Warch, -There has been considerable rivalry between the policemen of the northeastern district for some time with reference to a gold watch and chain, which was being ballotted for at the Fair in aid of St. Ann's (Catholie) Church. The candi-dates named for the watch were Lieutenants Prit chard, of the Eleventh district, and Dehaven, of the Eighteenth district. Yesterday the ballots were counted, and the award was made to Lieutenant Dehaven, who exhibited the article this morning to his brother lieutenants,

ARRIVAL .- The steam collier Raulesnake, recently stranged at Hell Gate, after having been thoroughly overhauled, proceeded on her yoyase to Portland, discharged cargo, and salled from that port on Monday last at 4 o'clock, reaching here in seventy hours. She salls to morrow for Salem, Massachusetts, with see tons of coal. The steam colliers are a great suc-cess, thanks to the projector, Mr. Walwerth D.

A ROBERY Some time during Wednesday night the grocery store of Lloyd & Garrett, on the north-west corner of Nincteenth and Brown streets, was The thief abstracted \$2.50 from the till, and also took away with him a leg of beef, some butter, and an evercoat valued at \$15. The overcoat was subsequently found in the yard of Mr. Lewis, No. 1824 Perklomen street.

RELIGIOUS ANNIVERSARY,-On Tuesday evening next the seventh auniversary of the Young People's Association of the Fifth Baptist Church, at Eighteenth and Spring Garden streets, will take place in the church building. The programme will consist of singing, the reading of the annual report, and an address by Rev. S. Dryden Phorps, D. D., of New

A SKATCHER IN CUSTODY .- Anthony Mitchell was A SKATCHER IN CUSTOPY.—Anthody sitten's I was taken into custody yesterdry, at Second and Callow-all streets, by a citizen, on the charge of grabbing some money from the hands of a fish woman who keeps a stand in the market-house situated in that locality. Anthony will be before the presiding genius at the Central Station this afternoon.

THE NUMBER GROWING LESS,-Yesterday evening The Novaria Chowick Less.—I esterday evening inneteen Republicans remained on the police force. This morning that number decreased two, by the decapitation of Delaware Harbor Policemen Dennard and Westcott, both of whom had received the endorsement for efficiency of a large number of our merchants doing business along the wharves.

A DOUBLE ASSAULT,—Thomas Turner yesterday committed an assault and battery on a little girl at New Market and Coates streets. He was taken into custody by Policeman Maguire, whom he also as-saulted. For doing both of these things Aiderman Toland sent him to prison.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—This morning a middle-aged woman jumped into the Delaware at Poplar street wharf, and was fished out by the captain of a vessellying near. She was then taken to her home at Sixth and Brown streets, a better and a wiser woman.

SURRENDERED HIMSELP .- Charles Jackson yesters day surrendered himself into custody, stating that he had set are to the stable of Mr. Cavanaugh, on Monigomery avenue, near Ridge avenue, the night previous. Alderman Allison committed him for trial.

### OLD NICK.

The Pranks of a Man Endowed with Mesmeric Powers.

Here is an opportunity for metaphysicians and philosophers to speculate. According to the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, there is a knight of St. Crispin, a maker of boots, a pounder of leather and waxer of threads, by the name of Downs, a resident of Lewiston, Maine, who is endowed with a mesmeric power which is singular in that its influence does not depend solely on his volition, but sometimes independently not only of his will, but even of his knowledge, white usually mesmerists must exert a conscious direction over their subject. A recent example of this seeming interposition of a power behind, merely working interph his physical organism, began in his carely say throwing his arm around the neck of his friend and old army comrade, Charles Woodlward, a sole manufacturer of Anburn, just across the river from Lewisten. He thought nothing on. He thought nothing the shop. This was on com that time till Satur-uself in any respect, nor across the river from 1 of it, and shortly not Thursday afternoon; day Woodward was n nce of the occurrences of a ural character of quiet of like a reckless rowdy, soblety, he deported his denced and sung in a logs till half-past two and when found by a boarded, Edwin Blake. s snop, staid from his lodg-o'clock on Friday morning, he man at whose house he he was at a low dance, and

r a stout resistance on his hysteric state through the night, and told all B family secrets to thos though he could not have mutural condition. At last who came to see him known one of them in red, who thought it was hys-mined that he be rubbed in White Mr. Blake was diding of came to his senses, while acked with a nervous trem.r. a physician was sumu lake was instantly at his muscles contra body writhed, and soon it

became evident that h s himself unconscious. The demonlac posse Blake was now the vic thin, and very much worse off een. He was soon found to able. He showed thrice his I attucked with damaging ef-an who was summoned. He han Woodward had been e entirely unmanage feet a plethoric physician who was summoned, would dance and sing, and cut up all sorts of an Nobody could do anything with him, for he see to see beforehand the int ion of those around him Consequently it was del of all this mischief to ned to invoke the cause it. Downs was found to be in Gardiner, and accordingly on Sunday Blake was secured in a certage, taken thither, and no sooner had Downs placed his hands upon the mad-man, than his muscles relaxed and his mind cleared; and he was much amazed to find where he was, as his last recollection was of rubbing Woodward in

his own house. Then Downs said that he had been nervously uncasy ever since he left Amburn, and a queer feeling that he was needed there, though he had no ider of any one, and no settled this presence. Woodward he was once sent through k while under the control of that he had mesmeria sense of what demand states that in the army two picket lines and ba-Downs, and that Downs was at that time notorious for his magnetic powers, keeping people for days under his control. Downs and Woodward are warranted respectable, and Blake is vouched for as a remable Christian by the Lewiston Journal, and there is no doubt about these facts. It is lucky for for his magnetic powers, under his control. Downs Downs that he didn't live in the witch-murdering

# THE SUEZ CANAL.

Will the Current of Carrying Trade be Revo-lutionized?
The London and China Telegraph (October 4) sup-

plies this interesting article:—
A letter from Suez, of a recent date, says that
the first trial of the navigation of the canal was made between Fort Said and Kantara; the Egyptian steam frigate Latif performed the distance between those two points at the rate of six and a quarter knots per hour. It is also announced that M. Lesspecified that it is also anothree that a. Les-seps passed through the whole distance from Port Said to Suez. We are told that in a few weeks the work of the canal will be completed, and the ships of Europe will pass under full canvas or full steam from the Mediterranean to the Indian Ocean. Carcfrom the Mediterranean to the Indian Ocean. Careless language like this, used even by grave scientific and industrial journals in France, throws doubts over all assertions, just as the late announcement respecting the Emperor's recovery caused all the world to believe him much worse, perhaps, than he really was. Our neighbors seem to have adopted the witty saying—which is the property of Oliver Goldsmith, but Talleyrand—that "anguage was given to man to conceal his ideas," as the rule of most of their compositions. The chickens rule of most of their compositions. The chickens are being sedulously counted before they are hatched, and some writers seem really to believe that the opening of the Stez Canal will cause half the carrying in the world to be done in future in French bottoms; they point to the condition of the direct commerce with Australia, which is set down at more than 680,000,000 of francs, of which not c,000,000 passes in French vessels, while the value of French goods imported tato those colonies annually amounts to 150,660,000, and the raw materials produced in Australia and used in France reach an annual value of more than 160,000,000. It is asked why should not France carry her own goods to Aus-traha, bring back the wool and other raw materials she requires, and thus save some 30,000,000 which goes into English pockers?
Such a question may be next, if not answered, by

another—Why does not Havre do as much carrying business as Liverpool, as the ocean is equally open to her? and why does London, fifty miles up a river, do more trade than Calais, Boulogne, Dunkirk, and all the French ports in the Channel together? The English-Australian trade did not grow out of any English-Australian trade did not grow out of any special advantages of water way, and the overland route to the Far East is as available for French as English commerce. How, then, are circumstances to be altered by the opening of the Suez Canal for the ships of all nations? When our neighbors exhibit in commerce generally as much energy and perseverance as are shown by the Messageries Imperiales and the Transatiantic Steam Company, they will have their fair share of the carrying trade of the world; but it is ridiculous to imagine that the Suez Canai with be a royal road to commerce for France exclusively, as every true political economist and exclusively, as every true political economist and man of business well knows.

Astounding Peculations of Officials in the Ju-dian Land Department. The New York Herali's Washington correspondent, who sets many an investigation on foot, brings up gave charges against the Land and Indian De partment officials. This is his latest expose:— Some very interesting developments are looked for at an early day respecting Indian and Land Office irregularities, particularly regarding the half-breed rregularities, particularly regarding the half-breed Indian Chippewa scrip. Under the laws of Congress the Chippewa Indians of Lake Superior of half-bree descent were entitled to righty acres each of half show there were about answ indians belonging to this band, and less than 400 of them half breeds or mixed blood, for whose benefit the scrip was issued; that there were 1200 pieces of serin calling for eighty acres of land each, issued by the Land and Indian offices conjointly, as both ac of land each, issued by in such matters and are equally responsible. I there were but 400 hull-breed Indians in this land and 1200 pieces of scrip issued, what became of so eces of scrip, representing 64,000 acres of land, for high there were no hard-breed Indian claimants: This serip was very valuable, superior to land war-rants, it being located in other surveyed or unsur-veyed land anywhere on the public domain of the on the public domain of t United States. This saip sold from five to ten dollars per acre. Who got the 800 pieces of scrip, the 61,000 acres of land, or the 820,000, the market price of the same? These figures may be wrong, but your or de same? These ughtes may be wrong, but your correspondent is assured they are entirely reliable. It is a well-known fact that this half-breed Indian scrip has been located by the thousand acres throughout the Western States and Territories. On the supposition that the foregoing is true, then not only the half-breed Indians have been credited with more than they claimed, but "Uncle Samuel" has been cheated out of 64,000 a res of his farm.

# B. F. B.

He Makes a Demand. We are permitted to publish the following pungent saragraph from a private letter lakely written by teneral B. F. Butler: "The New York World de-General B. F. Butter:—The New York World declares that General Butter has given out repeatedly that he is going to light General Schenck and the Committee on Ways and Means for the tour they made in California, Oregon, and Washington Territories, yet I cannot understand it to be my duty to reply to it. Reflect a mement: Suppose I should stop to answer all the newspaper slanders that have been published about no, what time should I have for any reputable employment? I trust I have grander subjects of contemplation in the condition of the country and the femedy for its diametal and political troubles than fighting General schenck or any committee upon the question of way they went to California, or Oregon, or Washington, or cisewhere. I think it very foolish for them to have gone. That is their armir, not mine. But the men who write these para-

graphs only know what they would do if they were in my place, and are not to be binmed for judging me by themselves. Such a contest or fight would fully fill the measure and scope of their abilities and their thoughts; and they of course think it fills my idea of mine, and write accordingly. I have the honor to be very truly yours,

"Benjamin F. Betler."

# PREMONITION.

A Singular Dream Followed by a Singular Death. On the 12th inst., Mrs. Sarah Freer, of Newfield, Tompkins county, N. Y., died from the effects of a severe accident received on the 6th inst. She had got into a small peach tree to pick the fruit, and got into a small peach tree to pick the fruit, and while standing upon a limb some two inches in diameter, her support broke and she fell to the soft ground of the garden. One foot was bent so that it was completely unjointed at the ankle, the skin was torn, and the cords all bared. The bone of the leg, thus set free from the boot, was thrust into the ground six or seven inches, the muscles and all being moved upward from it. The physicians called replaced the bones, muscles, and integuments, so far as they could, and bound up the foot, ankle, and limb. Mortification seen set in, and the unfortunate wenum died in six days afterward. A few months weman died in six days afterward. A few months before this her mother died, and Mrs. Freer lately had a gream, in which she conversed with her mother, who told her that her labors and troubles on the earth were almost over, and she must prepare to meet her parent in another world. So impressed was slic by the dream, that she at once set about prepar-ing her grave clothes, and put them aside for use when the time she supposed to be quite near should come. She was laid out in those garments for burial.

#### A Very Lively Scene Indeed.

From the Greenbrier (West Va.) Independent. On Thursday evening last an episode occurred in the Court House which was not on the regular ket. It was so unusual in its character that it eds a little more than a passing notice. The facts of the case are as follows:—
It seems that Mr. John L. Snedegar, who was the

to seeins that Mr. John L. Sheelegar, who was the foreman of the Grand Jury, came in court from the jury room and propounded a question to the Court as to the limitation when an indictment for perjury could be made. The Court stated that the time was three years from the period at which the oath should three years from the period at which the oath should have been improperly taken, and not from the time the act was committed. Colenel Joel McPherson, who was present at the time, then got up and said that he was aware or believed (or words to that effect) that an effort was being made to indict him, and that the jury was packed for that purpose. The judge commanded him to sit down, and fined him \$25 for contempt of Court. The colonel then passed around to the judge's seat. Some words then passed between them, when he commenced an assault upon the judge. In the contest the judge drew his pistol, which was caught and held by Dr. S. Austin. The result of the matter was that the

S. Austin. The result of the matter was that the judge received several scratches in the face, and his head was forced through the window. As a matter of course, the affair created no little excitement and much comment. Afterwards upon a warrant issued by Justice C. A. Sperry, Colonel McPherson was arrested and brought before him for committing a breach of the peace. He was committed to jail. Yesterday morning he was released upon hall. He was afterwards rearrested and placed in jail by order of Court for contrast. of Court for contempt. The colonel was released

ThelCircumlocatory Style. A weekly paper to-day mixes up antithesis and probability in an alarming style. Speaking of Governor Geary's keeping ex-Governor Cartin out of the Cabinet as a reason why Geary now runs behind his "It is too true that not unlikely this may have been

the real reason; nevertheless it is true, too, that some of the best Republicans in the State had a very some of the best republicans in the State had a very bad opinion of the Governor."

Some people conscientiously cultivate the circular style in order to afford readers the mental training gained by overcoming difficulties. Others say what they mean directly, so as to reach the readers' minds at once. Let us not dispute about tastes.—X. Y. Post.

#### THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET. The following extracts show the state of the New York money market yesterday:-

From the Herald. "Gold emerged to-day from its dutness and became quite active, the price at one time touching 1813, an advance for the day of one per cent., which, conan advance for the day of one per cent., which, considering the limited character of speculation in the precious metal, is a rather remarkable change. The rise was based upon the firmer tone of the foreign exchanges last night and at the opening of business this morning, the foreign bankers being large buyers of bills to cover the coupons of Government bonds held abroad. Again, the action of the Gold Exchange Bank, in releasing 25 per cent of the money due to its customers, who for the most part are brokers in the Gold Room, was instramental in empling many to resume dealings, and thus in a measure set the wheels of speculation in motion measure set the wheels of speculation in motion once more. At the same time, as if by a sequence of this liquidation of indebtedness, one of the firms which were compelled to suspend in the gold pane paid the claims against them and resumed business. The receiver of the bank at the close of business to-day had paid twenty-five per cent. of all claims, except those originally thrown out and comprising the accounts of nine firms. Later in the day there was a reaction in the market and the price went off

The money market was more active, and six and seven per cent, were the prevailing rates on call loans, although the Government dealers were exceptionally supplied at five. There is a steady outflow of currency to the Southern States in exchange for the cotton crop, but the accumulation of capital is still so large at this centre that the effect is but singhtly perceptible in the rates on call. The demand from the West is not active, although the demand from the West is not active, although the grain movement continues, and the explanation probably lies in the fact that Western debtors are sending wheat to their Eastern creditors, the latter complaining of the difficulty of making collections. The West is yet largely in debt to the East from last winter and spring, and the crops now coming are doubtless being shipped to meet these old claims. Hence the light remitances of currency westward. While the rate on call is easy discounts are dull, and prime paper caucall is easy, discounts are dull, and prime paper can-not be sold except at figures—which would astound old time merchants. Some of the best endorsed dry goods paper went up to-day at twelve percent. dis-count, and the range takes the wide extremes of ten to fifteen per cent, for the very best acceptances. Towards the close of the day there was less firmness Towards the close of the day there was less firmness in the foreign exchanges, and though the nominal quotation for prime bankers' sixty day bills was 1093, sales took place at 100%. The rise in gold and the fall in the home price of Government scentites allow shipments of the latter to Europe, and the exchange market doubtless felt the effect of the offerings of bond bills. The lower price for cotton, combined with the rise in gold, also enabled free exports of the staple and also contributed to the supply of bills. The Government bought. buted to the supply of bills. The Government bought one million of bonds for the sinking fund, the whole lot being obtained at 11520 "flat. The offerings being over five millions assisted the decline inaugurated by the large offerings to the Government yesrated by the large obserings to the whole market was terday, and as a consequence the whole market was lower, but steady at the new schedule of prices, as a consequence, in turn, of the firmer tone of the gold

market. "The following were the closing street prices for Government bonds:—I nited States currency sixes, 107 % of 107 %; do. sixes, 1881, registered, 119 % of 119 %; do. do. coupon, 119 % of 119 %; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 114 % of 115 %; do. do. coupon, 1822, do., 120 % (200) do. do. coupon, 1823, do., 119 % of 100, coupon, 1823, do., 119 % of 119 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1833, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1834, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1835, do., 117 % of 117 %; do. do., coupon, 1836, do., 117 % of 117 %; do., do., long, 117 % of 117 %; do., do., long, 117 % of 117 %; do., do.,

105 (6 105); short sight, 5 (15); 46 5 (12); Antwerp, 5 (20); 5 (20); Switzerland, 5 (20); 6 (20); Hamburg, 35 (4); 6 (20); Arnsterdam, 40); 44 (0); Frankfort, 40 (4); Bremen, 78 (4); Prussian thaters, 70 (4); 6 (1);

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#### RACES. DOINT BREEZE PARK.

TUESDAY, OCT. 26.

Stake \$300. Mile heats, best three in five, good day

W. CARSON names blk, m. VICTORIA, to harness. W. McBRIDE names b. h. MOSCOW, to harness. J. B. HAINES names b. m. FANNY, to wagon. Omnibuses start from Library street at 214 P. M.

# THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

How "Our Moses" Suffered a Defeat He is Jeered and Laughed at-His Retreat into the Bridal Chamber - Excursionists to the Mining Fields.

### FROM THE WEST.

An Inspecting Party. Sr. Louis, Oct. 22 .- A Denver special says the Kansas Pacific party, including Cyrus W. Field and Mr. Meek, agricultural editor of the New York Tribune, arrived this morning, after inspecting the country between Sheridan and Denver, and over one thousand miles of the Eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, in reference to the extension of the Kansas Pacific Railway and

The Mining Regions. A Fort Benton, Montana, telegram notices the arrival of a party of miners from a point four hundred and twenty-five miles north, they having been forced to leave on account of the Blackfeet Indians and the refusal of the British to sell them provisions. The party, consisting of nine men, subsisted ten days on one grouse. The weather at Benton was cold, the mercury

vesterday being ten degrees below zero. The National Capital Convention. St. Louis, Oct. 22,-The delegates to the National Capital Convention have gone on a river excursion, and will visit the iron furnaces at Carondelet, and all places of note.

### FROM TENNESSEE.

Andy Up in a Bulloon How He Didn't Get the Scinatorship. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 22 .- Our city is in a fever of excitement over the unexpected result of the Senatorial contest. The crowd about the Legislative Hall is dense, and everybody is speculating and expressing astonishment at the developments. That Johnson should be defeated so summarily, and after the hopes of his friends and himself were raised by yesterday's ballot to the highest degree, is certainly a surprise. His enemies here openly jeer at him. His friends condole with him, but to no effect. In the 'bridal chamber" of the hotel where he pats up, he has retreated only to discover through the window the demonstrations of his successful opponents. Etheridge is tranquil, for, though defeated bimself, he has the satisfaction that Johnson is in the same boat with him.

Cooper, the new Senator, is a young, talented, handsome, and popular man, an able lawyer and a member of the State Senate. Heretofore he has been considered as the most popular person in Tennessee, save Andy himself. To add to Andrew's chagrin, a procession, hurriedly extemporized, is passing his window hurrahing for Cooper, and twirling in the air such placards as "Gone up, Old Boy," "Our Moses under a cloud,"
"Only 51," etc. His opponents, as a dernier ressort, determined early this morning to go solidly for Cooper, and the result was that poor Andy was thrown when least he expected it.

## FROM THE PLAINS.

Growth of Population-Cyrus W. Field in the Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

OMAHA, Oct 22 .- A census just taken of Lincolu shows the population to be eleven hundred and sixteen. Number of buildings three hundred and eighty. Work on the State buildings is progressing

rapidly. A telegram from Deaver announces that the Kansas Pacific excursion party, including Cyrus W. Field, arrived yesterday, and will inspect the gold and silver mining region above Denver,

to-day, and then return East via Omaha. A telegram from Fort Benton reports the thermometer on Wednesday ten degrees below

#### FROM THE SOUTH. The Same Old Trouble.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.-Joshua Vansant and William G. Harrison, two recent appointees of the City Hall Building Committee, refuse to serve. Three or four of the Councilmen who undertook to purify this City Hall imbroglio are now ventilating scandal and alleged tricks and corruption amongst each other. The old committee refuse to resign and decline to deliver the books, etc. They are going into court to test

The Baltimore Produce Market. BALTMORE, Oct. 22.—Cotton dull, nominally 260. Flour dull and weak; Howard Street superfine, \$5.62\cdot(65.75); do. extra, \$6.25.67; do. family, \$7.256 \$5.623.665-75; do. extra, \$5.2565 (; do. lamily, \$7.256 850; City Mills superfine, \$5.7566-50; do. extra, \$6.2567-25; do. family, \$7.566-50; do. family, \$7.67-25. Wheat steady at \$1.4061-46. Corn, white, \$1.46. Oats, \$5.6660; Rye, \$1.956-10. Mess Pork, \$33. Bacon quiet; rib sides, \$20620.;c.; clear do., 203.66. 203.c.; shoulders, \$7.6. Hams, 246-25c. Lard quietiat. 183 c. Whisky firm and in good demand at \$1.216 1.22, while some holders ask \$1.23; stock scarce.

# FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotations. By the Anglo-American Cable.

London, Oct. 22—11:30 A. M.—Consols, 93% for both money and account. United States 5-20s of 1862, 81%; of 1865, old, 81%; of 1867, 83; 10-40s, 76%. American stocks quiet; Eric Railroad, 21%; Illinois Central, 95; Great Western, 25%.

Liverpool., Oct. 22—11:30 A. M.—Cotton quiet; middling Uplands, 12d.; middling Orleans, 12%d. The sales of to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales; sales of the week have been 92,000 bales, including for export, 17,000 bales, and on speculation, 21,000 bales. The stock in port is 434,000 bales, of which 35,000 bales are American. Receipts of the week 71,000 bales, of which 8000 bales were American. Corn, 20s. London, Oct. 22—Sugar quiet and steady on the spot. By the Anglo-American Cable.

This Afternoon's Quotations. This Atternoon's Quotations.

Panis, Oct. 22—12:00 P. M.—The Bourse opened steady. Rentes, 71f. 49c.

ANTWERT, Oct. 22.—Petroleum opened firm.
LONDON, Oct. 22.—I P. M.—Consols, 93% for both money and account. American stocks easier; Erie Railroad, 22 Illinois Central, 95%.

LONDON, Oct. 22—1 P. M.—Linseed cakes, £10 lis.; Sperm oil, £92; Spirits Petroleum, is.

HAVER, Oct. 22.—Cotton opened quiet and unchanged for both on the spot and afloat.

changed for both on the spot and adoat.
Livenpool, Oct. 22-130 P. M.—Cotton steady;
stock affect is estimated at 342,000 bales, of which Sig. 600 bales are American.

Wheat dull; California white, 10s. 8d.; No. 2 red
Western, 9s. 4d.; whiter, 9s. 8d. Flour, 24s. 24s. 3d.
Corn. 30s. 3d. Cheese, 67s. 6d. The receipts of
Wheat for three days have been 55,000 quarters, of Which 40,000 are American.

PARIS, Oct. 22-350 P. M.—The Bourse is firm.

Entes, 71f. 42c.

ANTWERP, Oct. 22.—Petroleum quiet at 59%f. for

New York Produce Market.

New York Produce Market.

New York Oct. 22.—Colton lower, and 300 bales sold at 23%c. Flour easier; sales of 8500 bbls State at \$5.57.2.650; Western at \$5.55.2.7; Southern at \$6.55 at 10.25. Wheat dull, and 16.2 cents lower; sales of 18,000 bushels winter red at \$1.42.61.45. Corn dull and declined; sales of 28,000 bushels mixed Western at 99.51.01. Oats steady; sales of 22.000 bushels nt 80.65c. Beef quiet. Pork quiet at \$30.75. Land dull at 174.61sc. Whisky quiet at \$1.21%.

# DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Vain Expectations of Johnson's Washington Friends-Senator Scott Looking Out for His Relatives-Customs Receipts and Revenue Supervisorships-Law Defied in Florida-Educational Affairs in the West.

### The Law Defied in Florida.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—General Kryzanowski Supervisor of Georgia and Florida, reports, under date of October 12, that Jackson and Washington counties, in Florida, are under the control of an armed force, which was raised to prevent the execution of the Revenue laws. The leader of this mob, one James P. Coker, who is represented to be a wealthy and influential man, has threatened Asstamena Lowe, of Mariana, with personal violence, and has challenged him to fight.

That officer writes to the Supervisor that he can only canvass his district at the hazard of his life, and Assessor Wilson writes, corroborating his Assistant's statement. The Collector of Customs at Jacksonville, Fla., J. A. Dockney, writes to Supervisor Kryzanowski, that the State Tax Collector and his wife had been brutally murdered in Washington county, adjoining Jackson, and that there had been seven murders in Jackson county since October 3.

The Antecedents of Senator Johnston of Vir-Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22 .- A Virginian writing to a friend here says of Mr. Johnston, just elected to the United States Senate by the Virginia Legislature:-

The name of Mr. Johnston was presented to the Democratic Legislative caucus by the ex-treme secession wing of the party, and his nomination was in deference to their influence, as that of Mr. Lewis was in deference to the more liberal or conservative Republican wing. Years ago he represented Tazewell in the ago he represented Tazewell in the Legislature. But with this exception he never held office until appointed Confiscation Agent by the Confederate government. He is a relative of Joseph E. Johnston, and brother-in-law of John B. Floyd. He sympathized heartily with the late Rebellion, and is yet a partisan of the rebellious element. He was appointed to the bench not by General Canby, but by General Stoneman, and though the latter made some good appointments, that of Judge Johnston was not one of them. Though a gentleman of some scholarly and legal attain ments and of dignified carriage, he will never add to Virginia's Senatorial fame.

Grant on Johnson. The President, in conversation with a gentle man yesterday, expressed the opinion that if elected to the Senate. Andrew Johnson would be so violent and offensive that he would probably be expelled. He said however, that he would as soon see Johnson elected as any one else, because he would do his party more harm than good.

Mistaken. The interest in the election of Johnson is very great here. A private despatch received here this morning by one of his friends states that everything looks well for the success of the ex-President, and his friends claim that they will settle the question to-day in his favor.

Butterfield and the Gold Ring. If it should be shown that Assistant Treasurer Butterfield, of New York, was engaged in the gold speculation, or in any way mixed up with it, he will be instantly removed. At present, however, the President does not believe the charges brought against him to be well founded. He thinks it part of the general programme of Fisk and Gould to involve the administration in the Wall street troubles. There are those here,

however, who profess to be well acquainted

with Butterfield, and who express no surprise at the testimony of Gould against him. An Excellent Relative. It appears that Senator John Scott, of your State, has not failed to take good care of his relatives since he became Senator. Somehow or other they have nearly all succeeded in getting comfortable berths under the Government Those who had no capacity for higher positions were made mall and route agents on the various railroads in Pennsylvania, and it is said that the Senator's recent visit here was to provide for another relative who had unaccountably been

less out in the cold. Naval Orders.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Naval bulletin for to day:—Ordered, Lieutenant-Commander B. Cronwell to the United States steamer Miant nomah. Detached, Lieutenant-Commander Walter Abbott, from the Dacotah and placed on waiting orders. Passed Assistant Surgeon H. T. Beaumont, from the Naval Hospital, New York, and ordered to the receiving ship Potomac. Passed Assistant Surgeon Joseph Hugg, from the receiving ship Potomac and ordered to the Philadelphia Navy Yard. Assistant Surgeon B. S. Mackle, from the Naval Hospital, Pensacola, and ordered to the Naval Hospital at New York.

Revenue Supervisorships. Supervisor Southworth, of the Western District of Pennsylvania, and Supervisor Smythe, of the Western District of New York, have re-

Ex-State Senator John O'Donnell, of New York, has been nominated to fill the New York vacancy, and General J. B. Sweitzer, of Pitts-burg, to succeed Mr. Southworth, on the recommendation of John Covode.

Customs Receipts. The following are the receipts from customs from October 11 to October 16, inclusive:—

Boston. \$373,101:63

New York. \$2,565,559:67 Philadelphia..... Baltimore. 249,771-37
New Orleans. 140,247-22 San Francisco...... 141,930-04 

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

\$ECOND BOARD. \$1000 Leh gold 1.... 95 \( \) 100 sh Phil & E R. 28 \( \) 1 sh Leh V R.... 52 \( \) 100 do.... b60 28 \( \)

-Amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during week ending Thursday,

1	Oct. 21, 1800;	Tone, Out.	
THE PROPERTY COMPANY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY	From St. Clair. From Port Carbon From Pottsville. From Schuyikili Hayen. From Auburn From Port Clinton. From Harrisburg and Dauphin From Allentown and Alburtis.	38,748 7,713 6,879 83,189 3,726 15,212 1,782	16 03 17 19 18 18
	Anthracite Coal for week	107,499	14
	Dauphin for week	10,081	01
	Total for week paying freight Coal for Company's use	117,550 4,000	
	Total all kinds for week Previously this year	. 121,581 8,897,820	63 67

To Thursday, Oct. 22, 18d8

THE LATEST NEWS Suffering in Japan-The Mikade and Internal Improvements—Mont-pensier and the Spanish

Threne—Eugenie in Egypt—Concessions by the English Clergy.

### FROM EUROPE.

Eugenie in Egypt.

By the Angle-American Cable. ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 22.—The Empress Eugenic arrived from Constantinople at a late hour last

MADRID, Oct. 22.—The country generally is tranquil. Senor Orense, a celebrated republi-can leader in the Cortes, has been arrested. The Spanish Throne.

MADRID, Oct. 22.—The Indications now are that the Duke of Montpensier will be the successful candidate for the throne of Spain.

A Concession. London, Oct. 22.—At a large meeting of the clergy, held at Dublin yesterday, Archbishop French presiding, it was decided by a large majority that the lalty have a right to decide upon matters of doctrine and discipline

This Evening's Quotations. I LONDON, Oct. 22-4:30 P. M .- Consols closed at 93% LONDON, Oct. 22—4-30 P. M.—Consols closed at 93% for money and account. American securities firm; U. S. 5-20s of 1862, 81%; of 1865, old, 81%; and of 1867, 83%; 10-40s., 76%. Hallways quiet. Eric, 21%; 11linois Central, 96; Atlantic, 25%.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 22—4-30 P. M.—Cotton closed dull. Uplands, 120.; Orleans, 12%d. Sales to-day 10,000 bales, including 3000 for export and speculation. California Wheat, 10s. 9d. Winter, 9s. 7d. Flour, 24s. Petroleum, 1s. 8d. Turpentine, 27s.

# FROM JAPAN.

The Mikado at Yeddo. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21 .- The following additional intelligence from Japan has been received by the steamer America:—
The Mikado was still at Yeddor. The majority of the Daimos have returned to their own provinces.

An Offending Yokohaman. The assault on Sir Harry Parkes in the streets of Yeddo was made by a drunken Yokohaman, who was immediately arrested and will be

Internal Improvements. A railroad is to be constructed from Kabe to Osaça, and a telegraph line from Yeddo to Yokohama.

A mint is about being established by the Japanese Government, and a general system of education under foreign teachers is being esta-blished in the different provinces of the empire. The Government has heretofore labored under every disadvantage because of its being unable to centralize either its power or revenues. A proposition to this end has been made to the Japanese Parliament, and was favorably enter-tained, but not finally acted upon. Business is slowly improving, but money is in

a bad condition.

The Suffering Poor. There is great suffering among the poor people of Yeddo, who are out of employment, and the necessaries of life are frightfully high. Without relief, which is not expected within sixty days, more blood may yet be shed before the new Government is firmly established.

Our Minister.

General Von Valkenburg was disappointed at the non-arrival of his successor, as he expected to return home by the steamer America.

# FROM NEW YORK.

Sentenced to be Hung.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph JAMAICA, N. Y., Oct. 22 .- David Burke, who murdered Cane, a private watchman, while the latter was trying to prevent robbery at the great oil fire at Hunter's Point, was sentenced this morning to be hung on December 10.

Niagara Frontier Police Commissioners. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Oct. 22 -- Governor Hoffman has issued an order commanding Obadiah J. Green, Jonathan S. Buell, and Salmon Shaw, Board of Commissioners of the Niagara Frontier Police, to appear before him to-morrow, on the charge of official misconduct. They are alleged to have violated duty by double payments to members of the force under assumed names, employing others not members of the police under assumed names, maladministration of the funds, and abuse of license powers.

The Money Market. Money more active at yesterday's rates. Gold active at 131 4 @ 131 4. Stocks heavy, decidedly lower, and especially New York Central, which subsequently recovered to 189%. Other stocks sympathized with the fall. Pacific Mail declined to 60%. The entire million of Government gold was awarded to Travers & Co., at

New York Stock Market.

New Your, Oct. 22.—Stocks unsettled. Money 5 (37 per cent. Gold, 1314. Five twenties, 1862, coupon, 1205.; do. 1864, do., 1194.; do. 1865, do., 1193.; do. do., new, 1175.; do. 1867, 1175.; do. 1868, 1175.; io-408, 1075. Virginia 68, new, 539.; Missouri es, 874.; Canton Company, 525.; Cumberland preferred, 275.; New York Central, 189; Eric, 315.; Reading, 965.; Hudson River, 173; Michigan Central, 1295.; Michigan Southern, 935.; Hidnois Central, 135.; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 97; Chicago and Rock Island, 1055.; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 1845.; Western Union Telegraph, 365.

# FROM THE WEST.

Disaster andCrime.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—A fireman on the Burlington and Quincy Railroad fell from the engine yesterday while going at full speed, and will probably die.

An operator of the Western Union Telegraph at Harnibal. Mo. absorbed yesterday

at Hannibal, Mo., absconded yesterday with \$300 of the company's money. The St. Anthony's Fails Break-Gen. Thomas' Despatch to The Reening Telegraph.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 22.—The break in St. Anthony's Falls again endangers the mills and water power. It is proposed to build an im-mense dam across the river, and throw the water over to the Minneapolis side. Major-General Thomas and staff leave to-day for California. Religious and Educational Affairs. At the Universalists' State Convention yester-

## day it was announced that a Chicago gentlemen had drawn his will, bequeathing \$250,000 to found a Universalist church in Chicago. The denomination in Illinois will this year endow a theological school with \$25,000, and a women's collegiate kall with \$50,000.

FROM NEW ENGLAND. Shock of Earthquake in Maine. AUGUSTA, Oct. 22 .- This morning, at halfpast 5 o'clock, a shock of earthquake, lasting more than a minute, was felt in this vicinity. Nearly every one was awakened. Door-bells were rung and buildings shaken. It extended all along the river.

Robbery in Massachusetts. Boston, Oct. 22 .- Last night the depot of the Eastern Railroad, at Manchester, Mass., was broken into, and the safe, weighing eight hundred pounds, carried off in a hand-car about a mile and a half, broken open with a crowbar, and robbed of its contents, about \$300. A trunk full of railroad tickets was also taken and scat-......2,994,556 05 I tered along the line of the rallroad.