# THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. X.-NO. 93.

FIRST EDITION

AT LAST!

WRONG SET RIGHT!

THE ROW CONTESTS DECIDED.

Mayor Fox Retained in

Office.

All the Other Democratic Incum-

bents are Ousted.

The Decision of the Court by

Judge Brewster-Judge

Ludlow Dissents.

Court of Common Plens Allison, P. J., and Judges Peirce and Brewster.

To-day, at 12 o'clock, all the Judges appeared in their places to give judgment in the election con-

# PHILADELPHIA, ATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1869.

# DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

# Frauds vitiate all proceedings and may nullify the returns made by election officers. A prohibition ac-companied by a penalty is not to be regarded as merely discretionary. The law says that no man shall be allowed to vote whose name is not upon the list of taxables, and accompanying this prohibition is a penalty. SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

A clause is directory when the provision carries words of direction, and no more, but not when it carries words of absolute prohibition. When we reflect how a national election may be jespardized by a violation of this statute, we say that its disre-und by the election of the statute of the description of the Exciting Political Contest in Tennessee -The Candidates for the Senatorgard by the election officers is deserving of the gard by the election officers is deserving of the strongest condemnation. Now, as to the positions assumed by the defense. They ask us to cast out the vote of the Second and Tenth of the First ward and the Tenth of the Nine-teenth. The proofs of fraud and violence are very strong, false personations being allowed, murderous attacks made upon voters, and the unlawful arrest and imprisonment of momending citizens. The contestants answer this by saying that the statements of witnesses who attemn to prove these allegation were inconsistent. ship-Marvellous Discoveries of Gold in Montana -Crime in New Eng-

land\_A Railway Collision in the West.

The Contest for the United States Sountorship-An Exciting Fight.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 16,-The Legislature did not transact any business of importance yesterday. Considerable numbers of the members will go to Franklin to-day, where Johnson is to speak. Andy's riends are still confident of his election, although the belief is largely entertained that he has been losing strength during the last few days. Electioncering is as brisk as ever, the most extraordinary efforts being made on both sides through the press, in the hotels, and in the streets.

It is not probable that Johnson will refer directly to the Senatorial question in his speech to-day. The election comes off on Tuesday, and the following ames are likely to be placed in nomination :- Johnon, Etheridge, Jordan, Stokes, Milten, Brown, ex-Governor Neil S. Brown, Judge Henry Cooper, A. O. P. Nicholson, Edwin Ewing, Baille Peyton, Roberts, Tapp, and T. A. R. Nelson.

If all these names are placed in nomination, as seems probable, the combined opposition will be able to leave Johnson in a minority in the first ballot, as every candidate has some backers. The question is, when concentration on some one man is resorted to, will not a considerable number who at first voted from local considerations transfer their ballots to Johnson? Some certainly will, but whether enough to elect is just now the puzzling query. It is not probable that Etheridge can absorb enough votes to elect himself.

#### State and County Fairs.

The county fairs throughout Tennessee have never been as successful as this year. The State Fair commences here on Monday, and it is expected that very large crowds will be attracted to Nashville during the week. The races also take place next week, and a brilliant meeting is anticipated. There are over seventy horses now at the track.

#### FROM THE WEST.

Rich Discoveries of Gold in Montana. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Sr. Louis, Oct. 16 .- The Helena (Montana) Gazette states that immense and valuable discoveries have been made in that immediate vicinity. The new discoveries are located somewhere in the South valley, on the Anona. The most important discovery is on a tributary of Mitchell Gulf, where very rich and extensive diggings exist. Miles of claims have been staked off, and although water is very scarce, yet most extravagant returns have been made in a few hours, worked with the common rocker. Even one pound, troy, has been mentioned as a ran for two hours.

#### An Embezzler.

Henry Moak, the absconding and embezzling conductor of the North Missourl Railroad, turned up yesterday, and was put under \$1000 bonds. Why Did She Murry Again ?

The jury yesterday, in the case of Caroline Aldessa,

THIRD EDITION FIFTH EDITION Henrings To-day Before the United States Commissioner. At haif-past 12 O'clock to-day, before United States Commissioner Biddle, James M. Stewart, Theodore Fitter, and Benjamin F. Erweiler had a hearing upon charges of having committed carties WASHINGTON.

WHISKY.

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Revenue Seizures-An Item Added to Our National Income-The Friendly Intentions of Foreign Governments-American Machinery in Brazil. MEXIC 0. First Session of the Fifth Constitutional Congress-The Condition

of the Country-A Very Pleasant Prospect.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

The Brazilian Emperor Invests in American Machinery. Despatch to Evening Telegraph.

Washington. Oct. 16.—There is a report current here to-day that the Emperor of Brazil is about to invest iargely in American machinery. It is said the Brazilian envoy is authorized to purchase a large amount of agricultural implements and to contract with the American Fire-Alarm Telegraph Company of New York for a complete fire telegraph for the city of Rio Janeiro.

#### Revenue Seizures.

The seizures by the Revenue Department, as re-ported for the past two days, amount in the aggre-gate to \$14,972. England, Italy, Spain, and Mexico Friendly.

Now that Spain and the Republic of Mexico are about to resume amicable diplomatic relations, Italy has officially signified her determination to do likewise. It is expected that England will shortly do likewise.

The Fifth Mexican Constitutional Congress-Its First Session. Official advices received yesterday by Senor Maris-chal, the Mexican Minister, state that the opening of the session of the Fifth Constitutional Congress took place on the 14th inst., with all due soleminity. The President of the Republic said that the periodi-cal and regular renovation of the public powers, as well of the Union as of the States since the terminawell of the Union as of the States since the termina-tion of the operations of war, two years ago, is de-monstrating more clearly every day the consolida-tion of our institutions. That we can expect with reason that the relations of the Republic with some. European powers, interrupted by the late war, will very soon be established in a just and convenient manner; that a treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation recently concluded with the Confederation of Northern Germany will be subthe Confederation of Northern Germany will be sub-mitted to Congress; that the relations between Mexico and the United States of America are of a most cordial nature; that foreigners have a thorough protection throughout the whole country, and that the troops that revolted in Tamaulipas against the State Government having submitted, peace was enjoyed throughout the whole country. The Presi-dent of the nation also added that, in order to maintain order, the Government has all the strength

dent of the harlon also added that, in order to manu-tain order, the Government has all the strength given to it by law, Relying upon the support of public opinion, which condemns any idea of appealing to arms against the authorities emanating from the popular vote, and he concluded by indicating some of the initia-tives that will be presented by the Executive to Congress. The Speaker of the House delivered a brilliant speech, which has merited general applause, and from which we extract the following paragraphs:-The magistrate who, in times of trial, was at the helm of public affairs two years ago, after strugging with the terrible obsta-cles brought about by the laws sanctioned by the country, and after resisting, without vacillating for a moment, by the assistance of law and good order, the numerous and warlike forces that livaded our territory, is the same person that clothed with power, by the popular vote, comes to-day to imaugu-rate in a pacific manner the first session of the Fifth Constitutional Congress. And such is the moral ad-vancement, and so great is the experience acquired by Meyleans in times one that it is cortain that at vancement, and so great is the experience acquired by Mexican's in times past, that it is certain that at the conclusion of the constitutional term he will come to deposit tranquility, the delicate charge of this Government in the hands of his successor elected by the people.

Death of Ex-Governor Joseph Ritner, of Pennsylvania-Our Shipping Interests-Meeting of the Congressional Committee.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

The Congressional Committee on Navigation. The Congressional Committee on Navigation. NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The Congressional Committee on Navigation interests closed its session here to-day, after hearing an important statement from A. A. Low, Spotlerd, Howland, and Nesmith, all largely con-nected with shipping and commercial interests, and from George Opdyke, Vice-President of the Chamber of Commerce. In reply to an inquiry, a suggestion from William H. Webb, the chairman stated that it was the purpose of the committee to address circa-lars to the Board of Underwriters, and associations and individuals prominently connected with ship-ping Interests, requesting written communications ping interests, requesting written communications on the subject of inquiry. On motion of P. M. Wetmore, a vote of thanks ou

On motion of P. M. wethore, a vote of thanks on behalf of ship-owners, ship-builders, and merchants of New York, was given to the committee for its fairness and impartiality, which was suitably ac-knowledged by the chairman of the committee. Adjourned to meet in Boston on Monday.

The Jerome Park Races. JEBOME PARE, Oct. 16.—Mitchell won the hurdle race in 8:35, beating Booth, 2d; Eminence, 3d; and Lobella. The second race was won by Remorseless in 2:0834.

### FROM WASHINGTON

#### The Cabinet Meeting.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 .- A Cabinet meeting was WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—A Cabinet meeting was held to-day merely for the transaction of ordinary business, in consequence of the regular meeting of yesterday not having been held. All the members were present, except the Secretary of War.

Death of ex-Governor Riner.

CABLISLE, Pa., Oct. 16.-Ex-Governor Ritner died to-day at the residence of his son-in-law, aged ninety ears.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, Oct. 16 .- Bark .- The last sale of No. 1 Quercitron was at \$37 @ ton.

Seeds .- Cloverseed is in steady request, and sells at \$7 25@7 75. Timothy is in demand by the crushers at \$2.55@2.57.

The Flour market is devoid of vitality, and prices, particularly of the medium and low grades of new spring and winter wheat family, have a downward tendency. The inquiry is mostly from the home consumers, who purchased a few hundred barrels, in lots, at \$5:50(2.5.75 for superfine: \$6(26 25 for extras; 66-25.67 for Northwestern extra family; \$6-25.66-75 for Pennsylvania do. do.; \$6-25.67-25 for Indiana and Ohio do. do.; and \$7-50.68-50 for fancy brands, ac-cording to quality. Rye Flour sells slowly at \$66 4-95.

cording to quality. Hye Flour sells slowly at \$6@ 6 25. The demand for Wheat has improved, but prices are without essential change. Sales of 26,000 bushels Western red at \$1 40; 1000 bushels Pennsylvania do, at \$1 43; and some white at \$1 45@150. Rye has ad-vanced. Sales of 1500 bushels Western at \$1. Corn is in active request, and fully 40,000 bushels Western mixed sold, part at \$1 and part on secret terms, and some yellow at \$1 10. Oats are inactive. Sales of 2000 bushels Western at 57@56c, 1090 bushels two-rowed New York Barley sold at \$1 25. Whisky is quiet, with small sales at \$1 26@1 27%.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

Worrell-City Solicitor. Donegan-Prothonotary of the Common Pleas. McCuen-City Commissioner. Judge Ludlow's Dissent. In his dissenting opinion Judge Ludlow dwelt upon the grave nature of the responsibility resting upon the Court in deciding such a case as this, affecting

Hancock-City Controller.

Again-the respondents ask us to throw out 3 other divisions because of the refusal to receive

votes upon Supreme Court naturalization paper

as it does our republican form of government in its most vital point. He gave a most elaborate dissertation upon the law of the subject, maintaining strongly that this Court had no right to cast out a whole division, thus depriving the legal voter of his right to have his out control of the subject point. The set remedy

vote counted, but contending that the proper remedy in case of fraud was to purge the count, thus throw-ing out the fraudulent and giving effect to the legal vote. Notice was given that the case of the District At

terney would be taken before the Supreme Court upon a writ of certiorari

#### STATE SUITS.

Peansylvania and the Credit Mobilller-A Se-rics of Litigations. From the Pittburg (Pa.) Garatte, Oct. 15. Some years ago, the Pennsylvania Legislature granted a charter of incorporation to a inancial company styled the "Credit Mobilier." The scheme of this corporation was very closely modeled after the French institution of the same name, and, like its foreign prototype, con-templated inancial operations upon a scale of magnitude not before known to the basiness world. The proposed direction of these operations was in the advance of large credits to banking, railway, and the advance of large credits to banking, railway, and other enterprises, in which much capital would be required, the consideration for the advances usually ng, among others, a

There is no proof before us that the papers rejected were genuine, or for whom these votes, if received, would have been cast, and they could not be given to has would have been cast, and they could not be given to either party. After a further review, Judge Brewster summed up the result as follows:--Fox's miljority for Mayor, 68. Gibbons' majority for District Attorney, 68. All the other contestants elected by large majori-Then we have the following persons in office :-Fox-Mayor. Glubons-District Attorney. Peltz-Receiver of Taxes.

The decision of the majority of the Court retains

Charles Gibbons is installed in the District Attorneyship, in place of Mr. Furman Sheppard by the same unjority. All the other Democratic incumbents claiming to have been elected last October are ousted, their nominal majorities having been less than that of Fox and Sheppard.

#### Judge Brewster's Opinion.

favor by the courts, for they impose upon us intri-cate questions of law and difficult conflicts of facts, besides the grave responsibilities of passing upon the effect to be given to the result of the ballot of the people at the polls. The English Courts have always regarded them as invalence and here we have dismissed several

of naturalized citizens and others not returned by the election officers. In the case of the Prothonotary the election officers. In the case of the Protonotary of the Common Piezs, it is urged that it died with the term in which it began. But Judge Allison, in a prior case, decided against this assumption, and the question is now at rest. The petitioners, as already stated, ask us to throw out several returns; the petitioners deny that we have the power to do this, but again admit it by asking us to throw out other returns against the peti-tioneers. We regard the power to throw out returns should only be applied in the extremest cases, where otherwise it is impossible to find the true result. The question is, can we separate the pure gold from the dross?

tests which were instituted about one year ago. A large audience was in attendance to hear the conclusion of one of the longest interesting contests that most and ever engaged the attention of the Court, and in which the public anxiety has been increased by the long interval that has occurred between the final argument and the decision, and the result of the election that has been held in that interval. Two lengthy opinions were read, one by Judge

Brewster, expressing the views of the majority of the Court, and another by Judge Ludlow, dissenting from those views.

Mayor Fox in office by a majority of 68 votes, while

The English Courts have always regarded them as unwelcome, and here we have dismissed several cases that were not found upon the strongest grounds. If we did not hold them within strict limits, we should be constantly overburdened with the election of every officer in the county. The present cases have broken into a senson of hirge business, and had it not been for the able assistance of learned counsel, we should never have been en-abled to unravel its tangled threads. The petitions here involve several offices. The contestants ask us entirely to reject the returns from several wards, and the entire vote of the last three hours other wards, and still in others to give them the benefit of a recount. The respondents also ask us to dismiss the petitions on the ground that they were not filed or the cases decided within the time limited by law, to throw out several divisions because of violence, and to count the votes of naturalized cilizens and others not returned by when there is good cause, as existing in this court, alike in regard to county and municipal offices. This orings us to the heart of this case:—Is there cause for throwing out returns? This Court has several times confirmed the power of throwing out whole precincts, and I have held that this remedy whole only be amiled in the extremest cases, where

# FROM THE SOUTH.

this is not the protection of the citizen are the chief objects of the protection of the citizen are the chief objects of the set of the protection of the citizen are the chief objects of the law

of the law. We freely apply in favor of the respondents the Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. rule hivoked against them, and cast out these pre-cincts. The respondents also attack the Fourth of the Seventh, the Eighth and Ninth of the Tenth, the Third of the Eighteenth, and the Seventh of the the Third of the Eighteenth, and the Seventh of the Third; but there is nothing in the proof to convince ins that they should be rejected. The rejection of the Tenth of the Nineteenth ward is strongly urged by the respondents. This is the division where the dispute arose con-cerning the appointment of a judge of a new dwi-sion by the judge of an old one, and the subsequent revocation of this appointment, and a refusal to comply with the revocation. No fraud, however, is complained of, and no violence except in two cases, and those confined to the immediate victims, and we do not consider the dispute between the judges suf-ficient ground for the rejection of the division. Again—the respondents ask us to throw out 29

s here averred that the election was conducted by the officers with an entire disrogard of the re-cuirements of law, so that no one can tell who, by the true vote, has been elected. The answer of the respondents denies this in loto. In many instances here the officers have pra-

their election records in a state so selffor thus invoking the light upon this mass of darkess. Again, they have received votes in such haste without seeing or inquiring who the voter was, and allowing hordes of strangers to vote as residents. This is the case in the Seventh division of the Third ward, where the suggestio faisi and suppressioner is are so marked, and impossibility of ascertaining the true result so insurmountable, that we must cas t out entirely. The next division attacked by the contestants is the Sixth of the Fourth ward. Here the election books were kept back Here by the officers, false personations perialitied, violence used against those who attempted to stay the tide of fraud, and the vetes of whole gangs of strangers; strangers; Traid, and the vetes of whene gains of stangers, and no respectable defense is made to all this. We find uncontradicted frauds upon the records of the election, the employment of violence to aid in this fraud, and the reception of hordes of illegal voters, and we must also cast this division out. The Seventh and Eighth divisions of the Fourth made here back division to the fourth

ward may be considered together. Here we have Ainshouse men, bummers, false personations, mob law, voters deterred from voting by threats against their lives, and this is unan-

by threats against their lives, and this is unan-swered. It is useless here to attempt to separate the truth from the lie, and the case is beyond the power of judicial investigation. The return is therefore thrown out. In the Eighth division of the Ninth ward a very daring frand has been effected. Men were seen as-sembled in an alleyway selecting for themselves false names and residences and characters, in which to vote. But upon the count it is found that forty-five votes are to be charged to the respondents.

Now, in the Sixth division of the Seventeenth ward the oaths required by law were admitted, the Now, in the Sixth division of the Seventeenth ward the oaths required by law were admitted, the officers incurring heavy penalties, no naturalization papers or tax receipts were required, false votes were received, and the most disgraceful violence nsed by the officers inside. The election book is not forthcoming, and it is charged that it was sup-pressed. Also votes challenged were received with-out proof, and other frauds committed in number, and these call for our hearty condemnation. In the Seventh of the Seventeenth we have the officers receiving votes in the names of persons de-ceased, and other frauds that of themselves call for the action of the Common wealth's officers, with a re-commendation in that behalf from the Court. In the Sixth and Seventh divisions of the Seventeenth ward, and the Fourth of the Twenty-fourth, frauds of a most giaring kind are exhibited. But Judge Peirce, in opposition to the views of myself and Judge Allison, holds that they are of such a character as hopelessily to befog the result, and therefore the precincts should not be wholly cast out, but ought to be jurged in the manner here-after to be pointed out. In the Sixteenth of the Twenty-fith, it is said a fraud was made in the count, the remedy for which, the contest farm as the to count, the remedy for which, the contest farm as the count, the remedy for which,

In the Sixteenth of the Twenty-alth, it is said a fraud was made in the count, the remedy for which, the contestants say, is a recount. We agree with them, and order the recount. We do not, by deciding thus, regard that we distranchise legal voters, for thus, disfranchise themselves by permitting such

If we reject a division we do some partial good by teaching the public that fraud shall not have the way of our Government, and teach also that it is sway of our Government, and teach and the is the peremptory duty of every good citizen to use his strongest efforts to prevent them. If we succeed in this we may soon have the satisfaction of seeing our city redeemed from the rule of lawless ruffians, and the rights of every citi-rule of lawless ruffians, and the rights of every citi-rule of an inde secure. After repeated warnings from this court, and in the face of repeated threats, these base wrongs are year after year permitted to be committed at the polls, and one cannot wonder that courts at length become intolerant—"Quosque lancen abuters, Catilina, patientia nosira."

the profits of the special enterprise to which iman-cial aid was thus extended. The Credit Mobilier of Pennsylvania has, it is

supposed, proved highly profitable to its managers and shareholders. The most familiar, as well as the most remunerative, of its undertakings has been, according to the common belief, in connection with the Union Pacific Railway. Indeed, it is the received public impression, and probably a correct one, that the leading interests in both corporations are identical, and that the vast profits of the raliway enterprise have been absorbed by its manager, under the cloak of the other innancial concern. The Credit Mobilier is a Fennsylvania corporation

and has its principal office at Philadelphia. Its char-ter was first obtained by our Green. It was after-wards supplemented, and the company passed under the control of Dr. Durant and other New York ope-rators. The concern is and has always been taxable The concern is and has always be in this Commonwealth. For years it has paid its taxes, to the annual profit of the Treasury, but for several years past it has been delinqueat, Investigations by our financial officers show that a

very large sum is due in this way to the State-a sum so large that the Credit Mobilier has agreed upon a basis of settlement, in case a legal liability of any sort really exists. Upon this basis the Commonwealth claims the payment of \$500,000 from the com

wealth claims the payment of \$500,000 from the com-pany, and the company admits that this sum is due, if anything be due at all. Suits have been maintaited by the State in the Dauphin Common Picas for the collection of this large sum. The company contests the claims, but has entered good bail to abide the result of the liti

But a stockholder in the Credit Mobilier, who is also concerned in the Union Pacific Rallway, has are concerned in the Union Pacific Rallway, has prought suit in a Court in this Commonwealth against the former concern for, as he alleges, an unfair distribution of the prolits of their connec-York, arri tion. Attorney-General Brewster appears as one of his counsel, and a large sum is demanded of the Creeit Mobilier by way of compromise. So far he

acts in the proper line of his professional duty. We wish that this were all of the story. But we regret to say that it is not. As counsel for this priate client, the Attorney-General has taken out, it s said, in his official capacity, a writ of quo warranto, o test the legality of the charter of the Credit Mo-difer as a State institution. If the charter be anoiled under that writ, the Commonwealth loses, at ne blow, its claim for the haif million of delinquent taxes, for no taxes can be assessed upon a corporation which shall be found to have no legal existence

here. (While making no imputations upon the personal integrity of Mr. Browster, the Gaussia insists that if the facts are correctly stated, he should be at once removed by Governor Geary from his office as Attorney-General.

#### New York Stock Market.

New YORE, Oct. 16.—Stocks steady, Money 5637 per cent. Gold, 130. 5-208, 1862, coupon, 12054; do. 1864, do., 11914; do. 1865, do., 11954; do. do., 1205; do. 1864, do., 10%; (do. 1865, do., 119%; do. do., new, 117%; do. 1867, 117%; do. 1868, 117%; to-498, 108%, Virginia 6a, new, 50; Missouri 6a, 56%; Canton Company, 51%; Cumberland preferred, 26%; New York Central, 179; Erie, 30%; Razeling, 26; Hudson River, 162; Michigan Central, 198; Michigan Southern, 90%; Illinois Central, 192; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 100%; Chicago and Rock Island, 106%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 184%; Western Union Telegraph, 35%.

#### New York Produce Market.

New York, Oct. 16.—Cotton quiet: sales 600 bales it 26%c. Flour firmer and advanced 5%10c.; sales of 0,000 barrels State at \$5508650; Western at \$57568 7, and Southern at \$6506810.55. Wheat quiet at an advance of 1@2c.; quotations are nominal. Corn firmer at an advance of 1c.; sales of 35,000 bushels mixed Western at \$1'12@1'17. Oats firmer and higher; sales of 39,000 bushels at 63@65c. Beef quiet. Pork at \$31, Lard quiet at 17%@17%c. Whisky quiet at \$1.20.

THE FIFTH WARD SCHOOL-HOUSE .-- The bids for the erection of a handsome Pennsylvania brown-stone school-house in the Fifth ward have just been

opened.	They are	11.25	JOHOWAL
John W. ]	Frazier.		\$43,890.00
G. Brinky	vorth		
P. Somer	set.		44,600 00
Thomas 3	(Carty		45,000-00
Charles St	unples		
11/11/10/00 12	approv	****	Ka (10/0-00)

The building is to be crected on Third street, above ombard, on the site of "the haunted house," ad-oining St. Peter's Church ; is to be three stories high, with twenty-two divisions, and to have an outlet on Lombard street. The contract was awarded to the owest bidder as above.

ACCIDENT .-- A man by the name of Wm. 'Sullivan, conductor on the local freight train at Mooresville, on the Reading Railroad, fell off the train yesterday a/terroop and died from the effects this morning.

who sued the North Missouri Railroad for five thousand dollars for killing her busband, could not agree. most of them refusing to give her a verdict because she had married again.

#### Railway Collision.

Despatch to The Beening Telegraph. Chicago, Ill., Oct. 16.—Two trains on the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railroad collided on Thursday, near Canton, and were badly smashed. The engineer received injuries which will probably prove fatal, and a lady was also seriously injured.

## FROM NEW ENGLAND. A Dastardly Met.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BOSTON, Oct. 16.-A few evenings since a murderous attempt was made upon the life of one of the Sisters of the Congregation of Notre Dame, in Cambridge, by an unknows person, who hurled a rock at her through a window, the missile just missing the intended victim. The rock is supposed to have been thrown in the interest of a party opposed to the institution, which has recently been established in a strong Protestant community.

Quick Time. The steamship Samaria, Captain Martyn, arrived at this port yesterday evening, making the quickest run, for this time of year, which has ever been made. terday. She made the trip from the Irish coast in 8 days and United States Steamers.

The United States steamer Tallapoosa, from New York, arrived here yesterday with the United States steamer Monongahela in tow.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

The Cotton Market. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 .- The cotton market week, ending the 15th shows a fair business. Regular prices closing steady at quotations. Beceipta, 25,103 bates; sales and resales, 15,755. Exports from the United States, 24,929; stock on hand, 14,000; at all United States ports, 129,009.

#### FROM EUROPE.

The Insurrection at Valencia, Spain-Laterces-sions for the Captured Revolutionists. By the Franco-American Cable,

MADRID, Oct. 16 .- The Archbishop of Valencia, attended by an influential deputation, acting on behalf of the insurgents lately an 1 still in arms in that city and within the limits of the Episcopal See, has just sought an interview with the officer in command of the Government troops operating in the district. The Archbishop interceded in behalf of the insurgents and in support of the authorities, making terms, with lenichcy towards them. When the depu-tation retired a general military council was held at which the subject was debated. It was finally decided that the insurgents must all surrender at discretion.

#### This Morning's Quotations.

By the Anglo-American Cable. LONDON, OCI. 16-11 A. M. -Consols, 98% for both money and account. United States 5-204 of 1863, 82%; 18658, old, 81%; 18678, 83%; 10-408, 76%. Erie Rallroad, 23; Illinois Central, 98%; Great Western, 26.

PABIS, Oct. 16 .- The Bourse opens quiet. Rentes,

111. Soc. LIVERTOOL, Oct. 16-11 A. M.-Cotton quiet; mid-ding Uplands, 12%d: mid-ding Orleans, 12%d. The sales of the day are estimated at 8000 bales. Other articles unchanged. LONDON, Oct. 16-11 A. M.-Sperm Oil, 293. Lin-seed Oil, 229 123. Tallow, 47s. 3d. Common Rosin, 58. 9d.; fine Rosin, 16s. 6d.

 58. Sd.; ine Rosen, 10s, 6d.
 This Afternoon's Quotations.
 LONDON, Oct. 16-1 P. M.—Consols closed at 93%
 for money and 95% 6025% for account. American securities easier. 5-20s of 1862, 82%; 1865s, old, 81%; 1867s, 83%; 10-408, 76%. Eric flat at 21%; Illinois Central, 95%; Atlantic and Great Western, 26.
 LIVERFOOL, Oct. 16-1 P. M.—Cotton firmer; midding uplands, 12% e12% d.; middling Orleans, 12% e12% d. The sales have been 19.000 bales, of which 4000 were taken for export and speculation. which 4000 were taken for export and speculation. Corn, 238. 9d. Lard, 728. Cheese, 676. Spirits of Petroleum, 11d.; refined, 1s. 85d. Turpentine, Spirits of 278, Bd. HAVRE, Oct. 16-2 P. M. -Cotton opens flat at 147f.

on the spot and 136f, affeat,

Case still in progress as we go to press,

# FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Saturday, Oct. 16, 1869.

There is a more active demand for money this morning, both at the banks and outside, and the consequent pressure tends to harden the rates cur. rent, but there is not sufficient change to justify us in quoting it. The curious anomaly presented in the New York money market, and the contrast which it for by an indisposition on the part of the banks of that city to discount grain paper, but this fails to clear up the mystery which surro our own market. The demand for money, bot money, both on business and speculative account, is below the aver-age at this period, and yet our banks are unable to supply one-half the amount required of them. But whilst it is difficult to tell "which way the money

which it is unicate to ten "which way the money goes" from this centre, it is undoubted that the rates for all classes of loans are high, irregular, and un-satisfactory to business borrowers. Gold continues exceedingly dull, the entire range of fluctuations being 130 (2130 %, no change from yes-

There is barely sufficient transactions in Governbut the tendency of the latter, especially for the new issues, is declaedly improved.

There was no improvement perceptible at the Stock Board to-day, the sales being very limited, but

prices were rather steady. In State and City loans there was not a single ransaction to report. Reading Railroad was quiet and ranged from 47%

to 47.56 cash; Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 26% 6 56%; Minehill Railroad at 52%, and Oil Creek and Allegheny Railroad at 3814; 120 was bid for Cainden and Amboy; 3614 for North Pennsylvania; 3714 for Catawissa preferred, and 2814 for Philadelphia and Erie. Canal shares attracted but little attention. 83%

vas offered for Lehigh Navigation. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street, FIRST BOARD.

 \$1000 Pa R 1 m... 97
 200 Sh Read R. ls.c. 4736

 \$200 City 6s, New..100%
 200 Sh Read R. ls.c. 4756

 100 sh Penns R....5632
 200 Sh Minehil R. ls 5236

 20 sh Minehil R. ls 5236
 20 Sh Minehil R. ls 5236

 20 sh O C & A R.b5. 3834
 92
 do...llots 523

 20 sh O C & A R.b5. 3834
 92
 do.allotm's 53

 \$15000 Pa 6s 2 se...107
 10 sh Leh V R.c&p. 53
 53

 \$2500 Leh Con Ln.b5 50
 41
 do......53

 19 sh Ch & Wal R....565
 14
 do........53

 10 sh Penna R......5655
 27
 do.allotm's 524

#### Stock Quotations by Telegraph-1 P. M.

#### Appointments. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 .- The following appoint-ments were made to-day :-- Henry C. Myers, Register of the Land Office at Natchisoches, Louisiana, Postmaster-Frederics D. Turner, at Carson City, Ne-vada, vice S. F. Small, superseded; Joseph D. Wood, at Central City, Colorado, vice Samuel A. Bird, sus

FROM THE SOUTH.

# Departure of Catholic Pretates for the Ecu-

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.—The Catholic prelates and archbishops leave here on the 20th inst. in the archoisnops leave here on the 20th link, in the steamer Baltimore, of the Brenzen line, for the Ecu-menical Council at Rome. Among them will be Archbishop Spalding, with James F. Wood, Bishop of Philadelphia, John McGill, of Richmond, and others. There is to be a grand complimentary part-burger and the start and the start and such as ing entertainment on the day the steamer sails.

Coul Oll Fire.

The Ritchie Coal Oil Works, near Baltimore, were totally destroyed last night. Loss about \$25,000; mostly insured.

#### The Friends.

The Orthodox Friends' yearly meeting commences here to-morrow.

The Scizure of the Hornet-Fears that Wit-nesses may be Tampered With. WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 16.—The Hornet is still creating anxiety in the minds of the officials here, and now that her officers are released on bail, appro hensions are feit lest they spirit away the witnesses against them, or so manipulate their testimony as to render it of little avail to the Government. To pre-vent the possibility of this, stringent orders have been issued by the officials here, and if necessary the revenue catter Hugh McCulloch will be called into requisition. Cantain Human is during the string of the string frequencies of the string of the stri requisition. Captain Higgins is daily expected at Wilmington to consult with his old naval comrades, several of whom are now high in authority.

The Baltimore Produce Market.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16 .- Cotton gulet and nominal at BAITMORE, Oct. 16.—Cotton quiet and nominal at 26c. Flour firm and very active, with heavy sales; Howard street superline, \$5:523(@5:75; do. extra, \$6:25@7; do. family, \$7:25@8:50; City Mills super-fine, \$5:75@6:50; do. extra, \$6:28@7:25; do. family, \$7:50@9:75; Western superline, \$5:50@5:75; do. extra, \$5:75@6:50; do. family, \$7@7:25. Wheat steady; prime to choice red, \$1:47@81:50; good, \$1:35@1:40. Corn firm, white \$1:10@1:17. Western yollow \$1:09 0:000 prime to choice red, \$1 \$4(0)(5), good, \$1 \$3(0)(4), Corn firm; white, \$1 100,117; Western yellow, \$1 03 @1 08, Oats dull at 56@60c. Ryc \$1 10@1 15. Mess Pork quiet at 33c. Bacon firm; rib sides, 20%; clear do., 21c.; shoulders, 173/@17%c. Hams, 24@25c. Lard quiet at 18%@19c. Whisky—Good feeling in market, with sales at \$1 20@1 21.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

# A Sharp Speech at the Gold Board Meeting.

Despatch to the Eccaing Telegraph. NEW YORE, Oct. 16.—Mr. C. H. Jordan, the re-ceiver of the Gold Exchange Bank, delivered this morning a speech utterly unequalled in all records of parliamentary assemblages. He said the bank had consented to lose about \$260,600 by the deand consented to lose about \$20,600 by the dealers on the day of the panic, and had advanced over four millions that day to help the street out, and this was the gratitude shown them. A new clearing-house was established, and the board had forgotten the services of the bank. The responsibility of the delay rested on Unger & Co, who held the bank by legal proceedings from making any automation by legal proceedings from making any settlement. Mr. Jor-dan's remarks were plentifully interspersed with oaths, which need not be reprinted. They were greated with load applause, interspersed with hisses from dissenting members. Gold, 130.

#### The Money Market.

The Money Marace. Money easy at 5 per cent. on Governments, 6 per cent. on stocks. Government bonds steady, but not important change to note. Stocks are cent, on stocks. Government bonds steady, but dull; no important change to note. Stocks are strong, but at every rally there is intense anxiety on the part of operators to realize. The general im-pression is that a fall-off is inevitable before long. Erie has been especially weak, declining from 35 to 30. Pacific Mail barely steady at 57 to 58%. Pitts-burg dull and neglected at about the burg dull and neglected at about par. Foreign Ex-

burg dull and negrected at about par. Foreign Ex-change, 10936 (00)55, dull. Gold extremely dull at 130, with no fluctuations. At second board Central advanced to 18136, and Hudson to 165. The advance was caused by a rumor that these roads were about to pay 25 per cent. extra dividend.

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner. LOUIS DREEA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1035 CHESSIGT Street.

The following extracts show the state of the New York money market yesterday :---From the Herald.

SPANISH STORY, A

TRANSLATED EXPRESSLY FOR

BY

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

In next week's LEDGER we shall begin the publi-

cation of a Spanish story, translated expressly for

THE LEDGER by WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT

JARILLA,

A Tale of Estremadura.

The scene of the story is laid in the romantic

region of Estremadura, where the spirit of the old

knight-errants and of the mountain chieftains still

survives among the wild race who people a portion

of that country. Mr. BRYANT has bestowed his

best efforts upon this work, and we shall be much

mistaken if it does not create a profound interest

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among the readers of THE LEDGER.

our great American poet, entitled

# THE NEW YORK LEDGER