

The still singular feature of the speculation is the willingness of the clique to pay carrying rates instead of exacting borrowing rates for their gold. They thus continue to sugarcoat the pill which the bears have been swallowing ever since the present movement. The more conser-vative spectators of the field prophesy the cul-mination of the market at no distant day. As mination of the market at ho distant day. As gold rises it brings out a larger and larger line of sellers, and the clique are so piling above them a mass of gold, which, like a reversed pyramid, widens as it goes up. To keep the market up they have to keep buying. The gold which they are said to have bought is variously which they are said to have bought is variously estimated at from twenty to thirty millions. They are paying the most extravagant rates of interest on the currency equivalent of this

Those Terrible "Balls" and "Bears." To-day the rate changed from "flat" (or no interest) in exceptional instances to one-quarter

per cent. per day, or at the rate of ninety per cent per annum. While the "bears" are

A Congress of Lawyers. A "Lawyers' Congress," attended by some of

policy-holders having the control of the pro-

ceedings consequent upon the company's in-

solvency, the directors having forfeited the con-fidence of the meeting.

Pere Hyacinthe. Father Hyacinthe, of Paris (whose apostacy from the Catholic Church was announced by

ocean telegraph), was born at Orleans in 1827

was ordained a priest in 1839, and became Pro-fessor of Theology at the Seminary of Nantes. Afterwards he entered the order of Carmelites, and

preached at Lyons, Bordcaux, and Perigueux, in the South of France, finally going in 1864 to

The South of France, inally going in 1864 to Parls, where he has ever since been famous for his eloquence. His repudiation of the suprem-acy of the Holy See, and of the doctrines and practices of the Church of Rome, has no im-portant significance in itself; but if he should employ his talents to induce others to take the same step, he may become a greater power in the religious world than he was before.

fames were finally subdued about two o'clock in the afternoon. No further damage was apprehended to the works, and soon after the en-gines began to leave the ground. The oil in the exploded still was still burning, but it was so remote as not to endanger any other part of

the works. The Standard Works are owned by a company The Standard Works are owned by a company composed of Messrs. James A. Hutchinson, Lockhart & Frew, R. Robinson & Co., N. Holmes & Sons, John Harper, and Michael Graver. The works are among the largest in the country, and carry a very heavy capital. There was no insurance upon the stills, as no risks are taken upon them by the insurance companies. The loss will not exceed \$15,000, while it may fall below that figure.

fall below that figure. Two large crude oil tanks, of about eighteen thousand barrels capacity each, and both nearly full, stand within the inclosure, but these remained intact, as did also an underground tank into which oil was being drawn off, by means of pipes, from the stills where the fire was burning. The agitating house was also uninjured. When

for conspiracy to assist in the escape of Yerger were yesterday removed to the State Penitentiary under a strong guard. One of the prisoners is sick, and remains in confinement in camp. No further arrests have been made. There is good reason to believe that the attempted release of Yerger was being engineered by parties from New York, their pay to depend

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.-The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was not in session to-day, and the members are enjoying an excursion around the bay by railroad, by the way of Alameda and San Jose

The "Red Stockings,"

of Cincinnati, reached Sacramento to-day, and will arrive in this city to-night. They will play the first game of base ball with the Eagle nine

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The National Musical Convention in Boston. The National Musical Convention in Boston. Boston, Sept. 24.—The constitution and by-laws of the Musical Convention designate that the name of the organization shall be the National Musical Con-gress, and provide that the active members shall be delegates from choral societies, being entitled to re-presentation therein upon the annual payment into the treasury of the sum of one dollar for every ten members, and the said representation shall consist of one delegate for every dollar thus paid, whose certificate, signed by the president and secretary of the said society, shall be deemed satis-factory evidence of his membership. Professional musicians and other persons may be admitted to active membership by a rule of the board of direc-tors, and each member shall pay one dollar annually. tors, and each member shall pay one dollar annually

upon the success of the conspiracy.

The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

Increase..... \$320,233-91 LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. (By Telegraph.) LEWES, Sept. 24.—Passed in, barque Ann Elizabeth from Turk's Island for Philadelphia; harque Ann Westera, from Liverpool for Rhiladelphia; harque Ann Westera, from Liverpool for Rhiladelphia; haso, two barques, names un-known. The number of vessels at the Breakwater have increased since yesterday. — Passed out, schooners Florence Shay, from Philadelphia for Messins; also, schooners Julia Johnson, Samuel W. Johnson, and Joseph Baymore, and a barque, name un-known. Wind K. E. and stormy. — MEW YORE, Sept. 24.—The steamer Rattlessake, from Philadelphis, reported ashore yesterday, struck a rock in Hell Gate, and was run ashore on the marsh to provent her sinking. She has eleven feet of water in her. — San Francusco, Sept. 24.—Chered, ships Logov May-fung, for Baker's Island via Honolulu. Sailed, ship Ladyo Love, for Corte. — Fontarises Monnor, Sept. 34.—Arrived, barque Way-farer from Rio, for orders. Passed in for Baltimore, brig Red Wing, from Rio. — Also, passed up for Baltimore-Barque Brothers, from West Indies, and brig Jeremiah, from Matanzas. Passed out, steamer Nipsic for Bremen. — (By Anglo-American Cable.) GLASGOW, Sept. 34.—Arrived, steamship Columbis, from New York. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA........SEPTEMBER 24. For additional Marine N

barges, W. P. Clyde & Co. ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamer Fannic, Fenton, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co. Steamer E. C. Biddle, McCue, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer R. Willing, Cundiff, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse. to A. Groves, Jr. Steamer F. Franklin, Pierson, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse. to A. Groves, Jr. Barque A nnie W. Weston, Davis, 40 days from Liverpoel, with mdse. to Peter Wright & Sons. Brig Altavela, Reed, 14 days from Cardenas, with mo-lasses to C. M. O'Callaghan - vessel to Warren & Gregg. Brig Mary E. Dana, O'Neill, 6 days from Gardiner, Me., with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co-vessel to S. Lathbury & Co.

DISASTER.

MEMORANDA. Brig Thomas Walter, Robinson, hence, at Antigua 2d inst. and sailed 4th for Nevis. Bohr B. Reed, Gregory, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond 21st inst. Schr Lath Rich, Paddock, hence, at Boston 22d inst.

Failures.

Albert Speyer, the party referred to as being crazy, has failed, and has been sold out under the rule; also, William Beldon. 2*80 P. M.-Gold, 133%.

tempted to sell in order to earn this interest, the "bulls" respond by advancing the market as they did to-day. Where the deadlock will end is a matter of pure vaticination. The "bulls defiantly announce that they will carry out their programme of putting up the market day by day, sending round each twenty-four hours for the difference in the margin, by which gradual process they hope to obliberate the shorts one by one, and yet without producing a panic or bankruptcies that would endanger their own plans. The exporting merchants, who at first thought an advance would be so beneficial to their interests, are now beginning to com-plain that the scheme of high gold does not work so successfully. Could they borrow the gold for future delivery at any reasonable rate they would be jubilant. But the "bull" cliques are unwilling to undermine their own position, and hence refuse to lend except at rates which put an end to further negotiation. Where the articles to be exported are such as to be immediately shipped, and the cash gold sold against their consignment, there is less complaint, and then only on the score of the low rates for exchange, the fall in which almost neutralizes the profit arising from the advance in gold. In fact, the present combinaadvance in gold. In fact, the present combina-tion must eventually defeat themselves, and bring gold in shiploads from Europe as the only equivalent for our exports. None know this better than the clique, and hence the general fear that in raising the siege they will play some desperate game, such as that of advancing the corrowing rate to figures which will compel their opponents to settle by purchasing the gold of them.

Irrepressible Fisk, Jr.

After speaking of the sensation in stocks on Monday, the Times remarks editorially :--

Monday, the Times remarks editorially:-The second sensation related to the specula-tion and practical corner in gold. And here, about 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, ap-peared on the scene the inevitable and irre-pressible Fisk Jr. His presence in the Gold Room was signalized by the rapid rise in gold from 137½ to 141½ per cent. and by the offer of wagers for any part of \$50,000 that the price would reach 145 per cent. The other engineers of the movement were not idle, nor had they been through the earlier part of the day. They not only bulled gold with a will, but talked freely of the warrant which they had from Washington that the Gov-ermment would not interfere with them. The ernment would not interfere with them. The highest official in the land was quoted as being with them, and he, of course, controls the action of the Secretary of the Treasury and the New York Assistant Treasurer. Although this must have been known to be false, there were abundant rumors and suspicions sidiously spread around the street to create the belief or fear with good men that the administration would not interpose by further sales of gold from the Treasury, or extra purchases of United States 5-20s in exfor gold. Among these rumors was one the services and influence of Mr. Corbin (the brother-in-law of the President), as President of the Tenth National Bank, which they have re-cently purchased, in connection with Messrs. Tweed and Sweeney. The consideration was to be \$25,090 per annum—equal to President Grant's own salary! This was too monstrous for serious belief. We have reason to know it is

the most eminent jurists of Germany, had just been held at Heidelberg, and had passed several resolutions on important social and judicial questions. Among these were the following:-Civil marriages should be recognized as necessary principle of the relations between Church and State in the whole of Germany; and the State should make no objection to the marriage of persons of different religions. This was proposed by Dr. Gneist, and passed against a minority of one only. 2. That Government sanction should not be required for the forma-tion of joint-stock companies or other associations, but that the liability of each member of such a company should be unlimited. 3. A written document acknowledging a debt should be taken as sufficient proof of such debt, inde pendently of the circumstances under which the debt was incurred. 4. As nearly all the objects of punishment are more effectually obtained by solitary confinement than by any other system of imprisonment, such confinement should be recognized by law as the regulated mode of executing sentences which involve the loss of liberty; exceptions to this rule might be made when necessary, either by the Judge or the Governor of the prison. This resolution was passed almost unanimously.

A Bankrupt Countess. The case of the Countess d'Alteyrac was again brought before the Court of Bankruptcy, Lon don, in the form of an application to take the matter out of court. The lady, who is described as Junia Maria d'Alteyrac, commonly known as the Countess d'Alteyrac, otherwise Willoughby, of no occupation, was made bankrupt on her petition about five months ago, and being in custody at the time, her release was granted on the ground of illness. Assignees chiefly have since been chosen and accounts filed showing debts of £5973, against which she estimates the present value of her annuity at £30,000. The principal creditor in amount is stated to be M. Longchamps, a son-in-law of the bankrupt, who makes a claim on her of upwards of £2500. A resolution was submitted the creditors to the effect that the assignees should receive the annuity of £1200 a year, the lady to continue in the receipt of £100 a month long as it should be payable; and on its ceasing to be so the annuity to be equally divided between her and the assignees; this arrangement to continue until the debts are paid in full; and the bankruptcy to be annulled on the execution of the usual deed. After debate the resolution was withdrawn until the next sitting; and it was ordered that the Countess should receive an allowance of £30 a month. The Countess was present during the proceed ings, and was briefly examined respecting one or two disputed proofs; but the details were uninteresting

An International Rifle Match.

The following is Lord Elcho's letter to the London Times, proposing an international rifle match:-

race, I am tempted to ask whether the rife might not be made anxiitary to the oar in strengthening these feelings and drawing closer our political rela-

the \$25,000 per annum-equal to President Grant's own salary! This was too monstrouts for serious belief. We have reason to know it is wholly out of the chapter of probabilities with Mr. Corbin himself. **Let Bouwell Step In.** The Tribune concludes an editorial, which recites in brief the movements of the gold liques, by saying... Mound a sagacious Secretary of the Treasury do is it possible that we have one who is capable of nover-supply of a particular commodity to sell, and the price of that commodity is now unan ily and unreasonably high. He has notes out-standing, on which he is paying enormous in-terest, and he can to day buy them up at lower rates than he could have searced at any time for months past. Can it be possible that any reason

oil in the tanks, and the nature of the fire are considered, it is surprising that so little damage was done.

The exploded still had been repaired about wo weeks ago, and it is supposed that some existing defect had then been overlooked. Others are of the opinion that there must have been considerable water in the crude oil which had recently been put into the still, and that the exolosion was caused by the generation of steam. The exact cause of the explosion, however, will probably never be ascertained. The fire will not interfere materially with the

operation of the works, as the stills not injured will be worked until the others are repaired. The exploded still will be abandoned altogther.

THE REAL ISSUE.

What the Democracy in Pennsylvania are Fighting For. The Washington (Pa.) Reporter, a Republican journal of much influence in the western part of

the State, in its issue of the Sth instant, thus defines the issues in the present contest in this State:-

State:— "The issue of repeal of that amendment is here directly made, and its friends must meet it squarely, and without equivocation or faitering. This is really one of the main issues of the coming campaign, and it would be wise for us to fully comprehend the fact. Let it be distinctly understood that the repeal of the resolution ratifying the fifteenth amendment is one of the principal objects for which the Demo-cracy are fighting in Pennsylvania. The election of their Gubernatorial candidate is really secondary in importance to the accomplish-ment of the control of the Legislature, and we would have Republicans there and elsewhere to understand that Republicans there and elsewhere to understand that such is the fact and to become fully alive to its im-portance. The gauntlet has been boldly thrown down, and the Democracy of Pennsylvania now, as down, and the Democracy of Pennsylvania now, as heretofore, make the contest one of open and unre-lenting hostility to the negro, If the consent of Pennsylvania to the fifteenth amendment is abrogated; if in fact all the results of the war so far as this State is concerned are plucked from our grasp, themselves alone must bear the blame. 'Ye knew your duty and ye did it not.'"

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

Court of Quarter Sessions-Allison, P. J.

Conrt of Quarter Sessions-Allison, P. J. Prison cases were before the Court to-day. John Lenry, a pigmy, was convicted of the harceny of three shirts. Like a little bird of proy howering over its intended victim, he watched a woman at her wasning, and when she went into the yard to hang up some clothing he bird of the some some source of the same source of the showed with the source of the same source of the same source to be trilled with by at once chasing and cap-uring this wee bit of a thief and giving him into the hands of the law. Thomas Welsh was acquitted of a charge of assaulting effected the imprisonment of her muscle showed spouse, having effected the imprisonment of her muscle of the several wooks, nucleated to make hor appearance before the matering him was tried upon the charge of assault and batter, with intent to kill police officer Albert Murphy. I have testified that the officer, standing at Eighteenth and Claubwhill streets, heard the eries of murder and hight in a house just above. Mineteentin street, and went there by a claubwhill streets and the defendant cut his forehead with a muscle the disturbance. Upon entering the house her and but acked, and the defendant cut his forehead with a muscle the disturbance to the street and went there by a claubwhill streets and the defendant cut his forehead with a muscle the disturbance to the street and went here by a the street and the disturbance to the street and went there are a street and the street and th

knife The defense denied that Tuttle took part in the attack upon the officer, but set up that the latter beat him most brually. On trial. Court of Common Plens-Judges Peirce and Brewster. APTOINTMENTS BY THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE BOARD OF ALDEBMEN. This morning Edward Parson, Esq., presented a petition for the removal of John H. Lyster, who was appointed one of the return inspectors by the Board of Aldermen for the coming election, and the appointment of George W. Mo-qualified because he had left the division in which he was to act. The matter was continued until notice to Lyster should be given. In the same Formection William L. Hirst, Esq., notified the Court that he would soon file a petition praying their the court that he would soon file a petition so, on the structure of the matter was continued until notice to Lyster should be given.

Marine Disaster.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The pilot boat Hope reports speaking steamer Prince Albert on the 22d instant off Fire Island. The steamer reported that she broke part of her machinery, and was laying to to repair. The same vessel was seen yesterday cruising off Fire Island, and as the steamer was very fast, supposed her to be a privateer or something of that gort.

Banquet to Central P. R. R. Officers

The citizens of Sacramento have tendered a public banquet to the officers and directors of the Central Pacific Rallroad, to take place on banquet to the officers and directors of the 28th of September.

Indian Depredations.

The Indians in Northern California are becoming hostile. A party of savages have given the commander of Fort Bidwell ten days to release several Indians held as prisoners in the fort, otherwise they will be taken by force. The settlers are anxious to exterminate the whole band, but the military authorities refuse their permission to so summary a proceeding. The Indians of Arizona are still active through out the Territory, and numerous depredations are reported.

The San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Flour in fair de-mand and unchanged. Wheat dull at \$1.55@ 1.5736 for choice shipping. Legal-tenders, 7236. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA SEPTEMBER 24.

FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotations. By the Anglo-American Cable. LONDON, Sept. 24-11 A. M .- Consols for money

923; for account, 933. American securities easier. 5-208 of 1862, 82; of 1865s, old, 813; 1867s, 803; 10-408, 74. Stocks dull. Illinois Central, 923; Erie,

10-408, 74. Stocks dull. Illinois Central, 92%; Erie, 24; Great Western, 27. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 24—11-15 A. M.—Cotton—mid-dling uplands, 12%d.; middling Orleans, 12%d The sales to-day will probably reach 8000 bales. The sales of the week were 56,000 bales, of which 17,000 were for export and 11,000 for speculation. Stock 442,000 bales, of which 69,000 are American. California Wheat, 108. 9d Flour, 24s. LONDON, Sept. 24—11-15 A. M.—Turpentine, 24s. 9d.@27s.

New York Stock Market. NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Stocks very unsettled. Gold., at 12:30, 135 cash and 133 regular. 5-203, 1862, coupon 119; do. 1864, do., 119; do. 1865, do., 117½; do. do., new, 117½; do. 1867, 117½; 10-403, 109; Canton Com-pany, 57; Cumberland preferred, 30; New York Cen-tral, 175½; Erie, 35½; Reading, 93½; Hudson River, 160; Michigan Central, 124; Michigan South-ern, 90½; Illinois Central, 134; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 101½; Chicago and Rock Island, 107½; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 183½; Western Union Telegraph, 36½.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-1 P. M.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.) Friday, Sept. 24, 1969.

Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of the curren week will be memorable days in the annals of Wall street, which have no counterpart since the close of the Rebellion. On Tuesday evening we quoted gold casy at 137%; to-day we quote at 162 at 1145 A. M. I The closing price yester-day was 143%, and the opening sales this morning were made at 150, a difference of 12 per cent. in 136 hours! It would be preposterous to attempt to connect the present panic with any events at home or abroad now passing, or with any possible complications in our political relations with Spain or any other European power. The real cause is no other than the result of a vast combination of the moneyed powers of this country, hav ing their headquarters in Wall street, with possible ramifications in the chief capitals of Europe, with the design of "bearing" the stock market.

That they have been successful, even beyond their most sanguine expectations, the result in the Gold Room shows, but the consequences, in a commercial point of view, cannot yet be arrived at.

emoralized, and notes cannot be quoted at present. Importers whose orders have been already executed and on the ocean will suffer fearfully if the advance in gold should continue. But we think this highly tors, and each memoer shall pay one dollar annually, The officers shall consist of a president, vice-preai-dent, secretary, treasurer, librarian, and twenty directors, all elected annually, and shall constitute a board of management, holding office until their suc-cessors are elected. The congress will hold annual sessions at such places as the board of management shall designed.

FROM THE SOUTH.

The Army of Tennessee—The Coming Reunion Our Late Secretary. Louisville, Sept 24.—At a meeting of the Excon-tive Committee of the Army of Tennessee, com-mittees were appointed to correspond with General Wilson, to make suitable arrangements for holding a meeting of his cavalry corps in this city on November 17. A resolution was adopted authorizing the committee of arrangements to extend a special invitation to such officers of the regular army and late volunteer service as said committee may see proper. The following were also adopted :--

Whereas, Subsequently to the call of the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Fennessee, to be held in the city of Louisville on November 17, 1862, its President, the distinguished General John A. Rawlins, has departed this

life: Resolved, That the Committee on Commemorative De-corations be instructed to propare such commemorative decorations as will appropriately express the esteem and affection in which the memory of the illustrious deceased is held. Resolved, That General Eti Parker be and is invited to deliver an culogy on the life, character and services of the lamented deceased.

FROM EUROPE.

France on Another War Tack.

By the Anglo-American Cable. By the Angle-American Cable. PARIS, Sept. 24.—The Gaulois asserts that France has sent a note to Prussia and Baden declaring that she will regard the annexation of the Grand Duchy of Baden to Prussia as a casus bell.

The Byron Scandal to be Settled. LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Guardian says that a manuscript in Lord Byron's own handwriting will soon be published, which will settle the question raised by Mrs. Stowe.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

FRIDAY, Sept. 24 .- Bark is held firmly at \$39 per ton for No. 1 Quercitron.

Flour is quiet, but steady; 600 barrels sold in lots for home consumption at \$5.25@5.62% for superfine; \$5:50@6-25 for extras; \$6:50@7.75 for Northwestern extra family : \$6-25@7-25 for Pennsylvania do. ; \$6-75 @7.75 for Ohio do. do.; and \$5@10 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is not so strong; 30 barrels sold at \$6.25.

There is not much activity in the Wheat market, but holders are firmer in their views, owing to the advance in gold. Sales of 3000 bushels Pennsylvania and Western red at \$1:50@152, and 5000 bushels Indiana do., for shipment, on private terms. lower; 1000 bushels Western sold at \$1.12. quiet; sales of yellow at \$1'16@1'20, and mixed Western at \$1'11@1'13. Oats are unchanged. Sales of 2500 bushels Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Western at 62(a 65 cents,

.

Nothing doing in Barley or Mait. Whisky is decidedly firmer. We quote wood and iron-bound Western at \$1.27@1.30 per gallon.

CENTRAL STATION HEARINGS .- This afternoon at 2 Clerk hefore Alderman Kerr, at the Central Police Sta-tion, Anderson Gallagher had a nearing on the charge of robbing a tavern, No. 1317 Shippen street, of \$155 in cash and a cost. Owing to the absence of testimony, the pri-soner was held in \$3000 bail for a further hearing on Tues-dur set.

somer was hold in \$3000 bail for a further hearing on Tues-day next. John Dichl, accused of shooting his wife at No. 1004 Poplar street, was recommitted to prison for a further hearing on the lat proximo. Dr. R. O. Shelmerdins testily-ing that the condition of Mrs. Dichl was such that he could not pronounce her out of danger. Edward Mooney, for the theit of a package of fancy goods from the store of Messra. Langfeld, Litchen & Go., No. 241 Market street, was held in §520 bail to answer. R. H. Adams and J. H. Foust were both held in \$2000 bail for a further bearing on the?it inst. on the charge of using false and forgod passes fupon the Pennsylvania Cea-tral Railroad.

-Southern Republicans have been suggesting that either Governor Wells of Virginia, Governor Scott of South Carolina, or General Stokes of Tennessee, would make a good Secretary of War.

-A letter is in circulation in Chantauqua County, signed by Commodore Vanderbilt, in which he pledges himself to purchase the Cross Cut Railroad town bonds at par, provided Mr. Bemus is renominated.

with ice to Knickerbocker los Co-vessel to S. Lathbury & Co. Schr Vesta (late Waite, who died at Cardenas), Stevens, lé days from Cardenas, with molasses to G. W. Bernadou & Bro.-vessel to Warren & Gregg. Schr A. Hammond, Paine, 3 days from New York, with salt to C. S. Crowell. Schr W. R. Genn, Small, 5 days from New York, with salt to Wm. Bumm & Son. Schr Basez, Nickerson, from Providence, in ballast to Knight & Sons. Schr Glivia, Fox, 1 day from Odessa, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bowley & Co. Schr Olivin, Fox, 1 day from Odessa, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bowley & Co. Schr Olivin, Fox, 1 day from Odessa, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bowley & Co. Schr M. O. Burnite, Durborow, 1 day from Camden, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co. Schr Ktie Hall, Maxon, 1 day from Frederics, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Oo. Schr Ettie Hall, Maxon, 1 day from Calais, with lum-ber to Baker & Co. Sohr M. M. Merriman, Babbitt, from Taunton. Sohr M. M. Merriman, Babbitt, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co. Tug Commodore, Wilson, from Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HAVNEDE GRACE, Sept. 24.—The following boats left here in tow this morning :--Young, Finley & Co., with lumber to Patterson & Lip-pincott.

incott. Onward, with stons to Cunningham & Son. J. H. Hetzell, with lumber for Camden. Mary Ann, with lumber to Mollvain & Bush.

The large iron steam propeller Rattlesnake ran on a rock at Hell Gate, at 5 o'clock A. M. yesterday, making a hole in her bottom. Her captain was compelled to run her ashore at the mouth of the Kills, between Randall's lishad and Westchester county, where she now lies sub-merged, loaded with cosl from Philadelphis, bound east,

As a matter of course, foreign exchange is utterly

New York Stock Market.

Telegraph, 86%.