OBITUARY.

Thomas Graham, M. ..., D. C. L., F. R. S. Thomas Graham, a cel enrated English chemist and the Master of the Mant, fied in London on Saturday last, in his sixty afth year. During the past quarter of a century the deceased has been acknowledged to be one of the first chemists of the world, and his merits 'save been worthily recognized by an age that peculiarly honors the devotees of science. As long ago as 1838 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society; in 1848 he became a corresponding member of the Academy of Sciences of the Institute of France; and the Oxford University in 1855 conferred on him the honorary title of Doctor of Civil Law. His work on the "Elements of Chemistry" has long been a standard, and has done much to extend his fame among scientific students in the United States and other lands.

Mr. Graham had indeed mastered the whole circle of the sciences, although his study of love was chemistry and its-cognate relations. The law of the aiffusion of gases, the law of the diffusion of liquids, and the new method of separation known as Dialysis. were his leading discoveries. The Royal Society of Edmourgh, in 1834, gave him the Keith prize for the first, and the Royal Society, in 1862, conferred for the atter the Coplez medal.

Mr. Graham was the son of a merchant and manufacturer of Glasgow, Scotland, and was born December 21, 1905. He early entered at Glasgow School, and subsequently received the graduation degree of M. A. from the University of Glasgow in 1826. After a two years' residence in Edinburgh, he returned to his native town and established a laboratory for the practical study of chemistry. He was soon called to ecture at the Mechanics' Institute, and was appointed Andersonian Professor at Glasgow. In 1837 he resigned the latter position to accept the Profescorship of Chemistry in the London University, Upon the retirement of Sir John Herschel from the Masterehip of the Mint, in 1855, he received the high compliment of that appointment, and ably discharged its duties until his recent death.

Peter Murk Roget, M. D., F. R. S. Dr. Peter Mark Roget, a distinguished English physician and author, died in London on Friday last at the ripe age of ninety. As a medical practitioner, as a scientific scholar, and as the author of the "Thesaurus of English Words and Phrases," the deceased conferred great services upon scientific and ttterory circles.

Dr. Roget's ancestry was of French Protestant steck, refugees in Switzerland. His father was born in Geneva, but afterwards was pastor of a Swiss church in London; his mother was a daughter of Sir Samuel Romilly. He was born in 1779, and received the degree of M. D. from the University of Edinburgh in 1798. In 1803 he was appointed private physician to the Marquis of Lansdowne; in 1804 he was made physician to the Manchester Infirmary, and in 1808 he settled permanently in London. He was largely interested in founding the "Northern Dispensary," to which excellent charity he was physician for many years. Dr. Roget's reputation as a physician was early won, and as a lecturer on scientific medical topics he received appointments from the Queen and from learned societies. In 1834 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society, to which he soon became secretary, and held the onerous position with marked ability for twenty years. He was the first Fullerian Professor of Physiology at the Royal Institute. In 1834 he published "Animal and Vegetable Physiology," and he wrote many popular treatises on scientific subjects for the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, all of which gave him an enviable reputation. In 1839 he was appointed Examiner in Physiology in the University of London.

As a contribution to English letters, Dr. Roget's "Thesaurus" stands by its intrinsic merit in the first rank of books of reference indispensable to scholars. It serves as a dictionacy of ideas, enabling the writer to trace at once the distinctions between cognate words in all their minute differences, and to select the word best adapted to clothe the unhabited thought. The author first projected it in 1804, and then prepared "a classed catalogue of words on a small scale" for his private use. Having subsequently resigned his position of Secretary of the Royal Society, he gave four years' unremitting labor to its compilation. It was first published in 1854, in his seventy-third year, and it was at once accepted by

the literary world as supplementing a great want. The last few years of Dr. Roget's life have been upon his honors. He was a Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, a member of the Senate of the University of London, and of the literary and phito sephical societies of Manchester, Liverpool, Bristot. Quebec, New York, Haarlem, Turin, and Stockholm. In Europe and America his merits and labors were recognized and honored as they fully deserved.

Henry Philpots, D D., Bishop of Exeter. The cable announces the death of this eminent divine on Saturday, at the mature age of 91 years. He had been for many years the leader of the High-Church party in England, and his death will be deeply regretted by those who were in sympathy with his views on this important question. He was the son of a Gloucester innkeeper, and was born in May, 1778. He received, however, a thorough education, and at the early age of thirteen was given a schlarship at Oxford. In 1795, at the age of eighteen, he received the degree of B. A., and soon afterward became the recipient of the Chanceller's prize. Shortly afterwards he was elected a Fellow of Magdalen College, and received the prize offered by the Asiatic Society for a panegyric on the eminent Oriental scholar. Sir William Jones. Mr. Philpotts, in 1804, marrie a niece of Lady Eldon, and became one of the chaplains to the Bishop of Durham. In 1806 he first distinguished himself in theological discussion, his opponent being Dr. Lingard, the well-known Roman Catholic historian. In 1809 he was made a Prebendary of Durham Cathedral, and held the cure of one of the larger parishes in that city for ten years, when he was preferred to the rectory of Stanhope. He received the degree of D. D. in 1821, and in 1828 was appointed Dean of Chester. In 1839, on the recommendation of the Duke of Wellington, he was elevated to the Bishopric of Exeter, remaining at the head of that See until the time of his death, a period of nearly

It was as a controversialist that the Bishop of Exeter achieved his greatest fame. Taking an active part in the Roman Comolic emancipation agita-tion, he addressed a letter to Mr. Canning on the subject which created a profound sensation at the time, and during the entire period of the controversy he was in frequent consultation with Wellington and the other leading statesmen of the Tory party. From that time to the day of his death he has been, both in and out of Par lament, one of the stontest champions of the extreme High Church party. Last year an effort was made to oust him from his bishopric by retiring him upon a pension, but the attempt was

Lieutenant-Colonel John H. Oberteuffer. tenner died, in the sixty-sixth year of his age, at the residence of a relative, near Haverford, Delaware county. The deceased was a native of Prussia, and, having a natural taste for the profession of arms, early qualified himself as an instructor in the military art. Having mastered the science in its details, he served with distinction in the Prussian army, subsequently resigned his commission become a citizen of this country. At the outbreak of the late Rebellion, Colonel Obertenffer patriotically tendered his services, although then fifty-eight years of age. His ardent wish to serve in the cause of his adopted country was promptly gratified, and he was commissioned First Lieutenant in Company G, 2d Regiment Heavy Artillery, being the 112th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, on the 25th of October, 1861. This regiment was assigned to man the defenses of Washington, and the Lientenant, for the able discharge of his duties, was soon commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel. During the several attacks of the enemy upon the defenses of Washington, Colonel Obertenffer won distinction for his services, especially in the noted raid of General Jubai Early, when he com-

manded one of the forts under General Augur. The excessive fatigue and exposure endured in

this service led to a partial paralysis of the left side; thus incapacitated for active service, Colonel Obertenfer was discharged on the expiration of his term of enlistment, January 4, 1865. Rest and medical attention, however, brought no permanent alleviation of the brave soldier's sufferings; the paralysis soon extended over most of the body, and was the ultimate cause of his death. He was well known to the business community as an agent of life insurance, and his kindliness of heart and honesty of soul will make his loss keenly felt by his many asso-

## CITY INTELLIGENCE. POLITICAL.

The Caldron Bubbling-A Mistake in the Shortff's Proclamation-The Naturalization Business.

The political caldron is now just commencing to the pointed calculon is now just commencing to bubble, and both parties are actively engaged to-day in seeing that all their voters are being assessed, and all those foreigners who will be entitled to vote by the 12th of October are naturalized. The asses-sors headquarters in the various wards are crowded with those who have been left off the regular list, and at times mayouldable fromble is caused by the and at times unavoidable trouble is caused by the residents not thoroughly understanding the provisions of the new Registry act under which the coming and subsequent elections will be conducted. The Democracy of course don't want to understand it, and the objections made and delays caused originate with them. Yet it has been a noticeable fact that many of the old-time Democrats, those who wouldn't retreat the conduction of the old-time democrats, those who wouldn't retreat the conduction of the old-time democrats, those who wouldn't retreat the conduction of the old-time democrats, those who wouldn't retreat the conduction of the old-time democrats, those who wouldn't vote any other ticket no matter what the consequences might be, who have not only been reconsequences might be, who have not only been regularly assessed, are keeping away from the assessors' quarters, it is said with the intention of testing the question of the constitutionality of the election at some subsequent day; that is, they will contest the election if the Republicans carry the city by a small majority, but the knowing ones contend that, under the new state of affairs, the Democrats will be so far behind on the evening of the 12th of October that they won't even dare to dream of such a thing. Their system of colonizing and repeating will have Their system of colonizing and repeating will have been done away with, so that instead of the 61,000 votes which they claimed to have polled at the last election, their aggregate will have dwindled down to a legitimate basis, say 50,000, and maybe less.

This morning the Court of Quarter Sessions and the District Court were opened for the purposes of

This morning the Court of Quarter sessions and the District Court were opened for the purpose of naturalizing foreigners, and as it is the only day which will prove of any service, both have been crowded with the men who left their homes in years gone by to make their fortunes on the free shores of America. Germans, Irish, English. Scotch, Danes, Swiss, and Russians were all mixed together, and within a short time were all made Americans. The Prothonotaries of the Common Pleas and the District Court and the Cierk of the Quarter Sessions were kept busy in filling up the necessary papers for the scrutiny of the Argus-eyed judges, who are not at all emulous of the fame accorded by Sharwood in the Supreme Court last year. quired by Sharswood in the Supreme Court last year. Indeed, the contrast between the manner in which the matter was conducted by Judges Ludlow and Stroud this morning, and the "style in which it was done" last September and October by Judge Sharswood, was so great as to cause considerable comment among the bystanders, of whom there were quite a number present. In the Supreme Court, the judge set perched upon the bench, reading a newspaper at times and nodding at others, while the clerk had more than he could do to sign the certificates as rapidly as they were presented. Then a dozen tipstaves, regulars and irregulars, were engaged to do the swearing of the applicant and hisvoucher. But how different this morning! mired by Sharswood in the Supreme Court last year

Judges Ludlow and Stroud occupied their seats with the dignity and grace becoming their positions, and each applicant underwent a rigid examination, not by the tipstave or the clerk, but by the Judge himself. Nor did the clerk affix his signature to the document, but the name of his Honor was written. and by himself. No chance was afforded for fraubeing practised, nor were vouchers given an oppor-tunity to make dollars by wholesale swearing to the identification of any one who might come along. The applicant and his voucher were made to appear before the bar of the court, and the clerk first administered the cath to tell the whole truth touching the matter before the Court. The Judge would then interrogate him about as follows:—

Do you know the amplicant?

Do you know the applicant?

What's his name? How long have you known him? How long has he been a resident of the United How long has he resided in this State?

What's his character? Does he understand the difference between a monarchical and a republican form of government? Which does he prefer?

Is he sufficiently acquainted with the Constitution of the United States to understand the principles of a free government? These being answered satisfactorily, the applicant was then sworn and asked similar questions, and if

his answers were satisfactory, the oath swearing featy to this Government, and renouncing forever all allegiance to any foreign power, potentate, or prince, and principally to that under which he was was administered by the Judge, who the pinced his signature on the certificate which he de-clared should be issued.

The vouchers as a general thing were of the intelligent classes, and of course differed greatly from the Watsons, the Gentners, the Donohues, the McNultys, the Jacobs, the Mullins, the Palmers, the Snyders, and the Browns of Supreme Court notoriety. The Democracy, notwithstanding their assertions to the

contrary, were busily engaged in getting their foreign voters duly naturalized.

A striking error has occurred in the proclamation which has been issued by the Sheriff. Most people understand, from the provisions of the Registry act, that office-holders are prohibited, during their term of office, from exercising the office or appointment of office, from exercising the office of appeleion; but the Sheriff, or his attorney who made up the proclamble have decided otherwise, as will be seen in mation. have decided otherwise, as will be seen in the following notice which is appended to the pro-nunciaments:—
"Notice to herein given, that every person, excepting Jus-

nunciamente:

"Notice is herelow from, that every person, excepting Justice is the Peace, Military Officers, and Borough Officers, who shall hold any office or appointments of pront or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State, or of any City or Incorporated District, whether a Commissioned Officer or otherwise, a sabordinate Officer or Agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, fixecutive or Juciciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any City or Incorporated District, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Councils of any City, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

This mistake is considered a serious one, and if

This mistake is considered a serious one, and if possible should be corrected, or some action should be taken so that the Democracy may not avail themselves hereafter of the advantage of claiming that the election was not valid.

EXPELLED!—The Fairmount Fire Company, at a late special meeting, adopted the following resolutions, which speak for themselves:—

Whereas, Gottleib Ahles, at the time a member of this organization, having been detected by the police authorities in stealing several small articles, of no pecuniary value whatever, upon the occasion of the fire on Sanday morning last, at Nos. 133 and 125 North Front street, thereby casting a stigma on the whole Fire Department, therefore, but

casting a stigms on the whole Fire Department, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the said Gottleib Ables be, and he has forthwith been expelled from this company.

Resolved. That we return our thanks to the Police for their efficiency upon this occasion, and recommend them to act in like manner should ever an opportunity of this character again occur with any member wearing the equipments of this company.

ALBERT LAWRENCE, President.

Attest—HENRY F. SIBBS, Secretary.

If other companies were to follow the example of the Fairmount, and purge themselves of thieves and incendiaries, then would the Fire Department have the right to rebut the stigma now cast upon it of being a disgrace to the city.

PEACHES.—The arrivals this morning show a decline in the supply, amounting in the aggregate to 12,217 baskets, as follows:—
Propeller Diamond State, from Sassafras River, Md., with \$500 baskets.

Md., with 3500 baskets.

Steamer Perry, from Smyrna, Del., with 1000 do.

Barges—George McClellan, Alice and Louisa, Mary
A. Wagner, and Jennie Doyle, from Odessa, Del.,
with 5100 baskets, and Alice and Linda, from C. and
D. Canal, Md., with 728 do.

Schooners—A. Bunting and Franklin, with 1174
baskets.

Sloop Planter, from Odessa, with 720 baskets.
Price—For ordinary, 40 cents; good, 60 to 75 cents
per basket, and choice, \$1:50 to \$1.75.

ELEGANT ARCH STREET RESIDENCE AT PUBLIC SALE.—We respectfully invite our readers' attention to the sale of a very elegant brownstone residence, No. 1834 Arch street, finished in a very superior manner, with every modern improvement and convenience, without regard to cost, by the present owner and occupant. Also a genteel brick stable and coach house. Lot 50 feet front by 136 feet deep to Cuthbert street; two fronts. The sale is advertised to take place on the 28th of this month. May be examined or application to the auctioneers, Messrs. Thomas & Sens, Nos. 139 and 141 South Fourth street. Fourth street.

THE ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE REVENUE DETECTIVE BROOKS.—Mayor Fox has Issaed a proclamation, which will be found in another column. offering a reward of \$1500 for the apprehension of three inen whose names and descriptions are given, who, it is alleged, were implicated in the attempted assassination of Revenue Detective Brooks. The authorities have had the information connecting these fellows with the outrage for some days, but it was deemed advisable to withhold it from the public,

THE AVONDALE SUFFERERS.—The Junger Mænnerchor and the Germania Orchestra have decided to
give a musical concert for the benefit of the familie
of those who were smothered to death in the Av ondate coal mine, two weeks ago. The followin' correspondence has passed between the two so reties:
"JUNGER MÆNNERGBOR HALL, 502, 504, and 556 Cherry
street, Philad Eliphia, Sept. 12, 1802.—To the Germania Orchestra' Geatlanen:—A whole nation
is mourning over the sad fate of a ban' of men who, a few
days since, risked and lost their live, in the coal mines of
our State. Their fate is sad, but more sad yet is the fate
of their surviving poor and helpless wives and children.
Our duty is plass—we must dry their tears, alleviate their
sufferings, and provide for their wants. We are not
bleesed with worldly goods, but our mite is as acceptable
as the dellar of the rich. We propose, therefore, in the
"Germania Orchestra.' on the afternoon of the 2d of October, at the Musical Fund Hall, a musical matinee, for the
benefit of the Avondale sufferers.

"Yours, very truly.

"HOFFMAN, President.

"WILLIAM HARIMAN, Musical Director."

"PHILADELPHIA, Rept. 16, 1862.—To Messra Hoffman and
Hartman, of the Junger Mænnerchor'—Gentlemen:—
Your note of the 12th inst. was received and laid before
our Society, It perfectly expresses our sentiments on the
subject. We welcome your proposition, for it has been our
litention to make a move in the same direction.

"The undersigned have been appointed a Committee of
the 'Germania' to arrange with you the details for the
matinee. If agreeable to you we will meet on the 19th
inst., st. 10 o'clock A. M., at your Hall.

"Very respectfully.

CARL SENTZ,

WM. G. DIETRICH,

JOHN GREIM."

The Junger Mænnerchor then appointed as a Committee of Arrangements, J. Hoffman, William Hartman,
and A. C. van Beil. The committees of the two societies
held a meeting and elected J. Hoffman President, and A.

C. van Beil Treasurer.

Tokets for the matinee have been fixed at fifty cents
each, and will be issued in a

THE AVONDALE RELIEF FUND.—The treasurer of the fund for the relief of the widows, orphans, and other sufferers by the Avondale mine calamity, acknowledges the following receipts:—

W. D. Burst, German \$982.33 95,883-93

GEORGE H, STUART, Treasurer, No. 13 Bank street.

.. 828,814 53

THE BOARD OF SURVEYS.—The regular stated meeting of the Board of Surveys was held this afternoon, President Kneass in the chair. A number of deeds of dedication of streets were presented and approved, and directed to be placed upon the plans of the city. A petition for a revision of the lines and grades in North Penn village, consequent upon the laying of the intersection railroad, was read and referred to a committee consisting of Messrs, Shall-cross, Albertson, and Hibberd. The following sewers were directed to be constructed:—One on Bodine street, between Columbia avenue and Oxford street; one on Tower street, between Twentieth and Twen-ty-first streets; one on Locust street, between Ninth and Tenth streets; one on Alder street, between Thompson and Master streets; one on Spruce street, between Third and Fourth streets; one on Thirtieth street, between Market and Filbert streets.

A communication asking for a change in the lines of Evergreen avenue (Twenty-second ward) was read, when Mr. Lightfoot offered the following, which was adopted :-

Resolved, That Evergreen avenue, between Germantown railroad and Twenty-fourth street extended, be revised, so as to extend west of the railroad upon the line of street as now opened and in use on the east of the railroad, and that Twenty-fourth street be extended westward from Highland avenue to Evergreen avenue.

Mr. Shedaker presented duplicate plans of the resurvey of a portion of the Fourth ward east of Passyunk road, prepared in accordance with the resolution of Councils approved March 24, 1866, which were unanimously approved. Adjourned. FUNERAL SERVICES OF REV. DR. DORR .- At 5

o'clock this afternoon the funeral services of the late Rev. Benjamin Dorr, D. D., will take place at Christ Church, on Second street, above Market. The remains will be interred temporarily in a vault on the north side of the church prior to their removal to a suburban graveyard. The body will be in the room under the tower of the church for an hour previous to the services. Rev. Dr. Foggo, the successor of the deceased as rector of Christ Church, yesterday providing facilingle alluded to the greet loss which his morning feelingly alluded to the great loss which his hearers, as well as the Church at large, had sustained, and many weeping eyes were discerned among the congregation.

DELEGATES ELECTED.—At a meeting of the German Republican Campaign Club, of the city of Philadel-phia, held at the Mechanics' Hall, Third street, below Green, on Thursday evening, September 16, the fol-lowing named persons were elected to represent the cinb in the State and City Republican Executive Committees:—Peter Fasel and F. T. Loes, delegates to the State Central Committee, and Jacob Odenthal and Hugo Schaner, delegates to the City Executive

RESCUED.—On Saturday night, not far from 10 o'clock, a ind nine years of age, named George Sullivan, wandered to the Schuyikili river, and tumbled van, wandered to the street wharf Luckily off a raft in the water at Cherry street wharf, Luckily for the little chap, boat No. 4 of the Harbor Police chanced to come by at the moment. above Arch. He got an impromptu bath and a first-

A NEW PAPER HOUSE,-Mr. James D. Lahey wil in a few days open a paper warehouse in this city. This gentleman has just retired from the firm of Theodore Megargee & Co., to which he was attached for some sixteen years, and where he acquired an intimate knowledge of the business. He is well known among paper dealers, and his course of procedure during his connection with the above house is sufficient to guarantee him success.

A CRUEL DRIVER.—A stony-hearted fellow named Daniel Hackett, who drove a horse attached to a wagon containing a load of stone, was arrested on Saturday last, in Seller street, Frankford. He was unmercifully belaboring his animal at the time. Alderman Stern fined him first, and then held him in \$1000 ball to answer.

THE "NASTIES" ON THEIR MUSCLE.-Yesterday afternoon a fight occurred in Echo Park, at Fifth and Westmoreland streets. It waxed hot, and before it cooled down, Ludwig Lambrecht, the landlord of the place, and a special officer (name unknown) on duty there, had "heads put on them." Their eyes are in mourning to-day.

On Suspicion.—This merning a certain George Smith was taken into custody at Twelfth and Christian street on suspicion of having stolen several shirts, pants, and coats which he had with him. The articles were marked "W. F. Mitchell." Alderway Reasell held him for a further hearing. man Bonsall held him for a further hearing.

BILLIED AN OFFICER.—Frederick Rexroth yester-day afternoon felt pugilistic. He took a billy from Policeman Bicking, at Ogden street and Corinthian avenue and battered him over the head with it. But Frederick was captured, and held to answer by Adderman Panceast in the sum of \$500. Alderman Pancoast in the sum of \$800.

A House Thier.—Last night a chiap named Edward Renegan had a notion to rob a house on Evangelist street, above Seventh. He attempted to carry it into effect, but fortunately was captured before he had succeeded. Adderman Bonsall held him for a further hearing.

STORE ROBBERY.—At an early hour this morning the store of Levi D. Cliff, at Holmesburg, Twenty-third ward, was entered and robbed of a quantity of shirtings and sheetings, and a lot of delaines. Cliff don't know who did it, but wishes he did.

A.FATAL WOUND. - An unknown man was this morning admitted to the Episcopal Hospital suffering from a gun-shot wound in the leg, received whalst gunning near Bridesburg. He died soon after his admission. The Corener was nowfied.

ONE MORE.—Julia McLaughlin, a sweet-faced lodger at the Second District Station House, gave birth to a male child early this morning. As the midwives say, "both the child and its mother are doing as well as could be expected."

AWAY WITH THEM!—On Saturday night last the police gobbled up some ten or a dozen corner-loungers who propped up the buildings and sup-ported the lamp-post at Tenth and Ogden streets. HONORABLY DISCHARGED.—This morning, General S. M. Zulick, who had been charged with perjury, was honorably discharged by United States Commissioner C. P. Clarke.

NOTICE TO MINORS.—Minors who come of age prior to the day of election cannot vote unless they are assessed, and to-day is the last opportunity offered for that purpose.

# THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

## DOMESTIC AFFAIRS. EUROPEAN NEWS.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Success of the Allies Against Lopez-

His Flight-The Para-

guayans Routed.

FROM EUROPE.

Royal Rivairy in France.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says the Emperor's recovery has caused a luli in the fury of the debate which was begun by the party of the Empress and the friends of Prince Napoleon. The rivairy already displayed by each faction gives an idea of what is in store for France when the death of the Emperor lets his family loose and gives up the State to their unseemly discords.

Our Friendly Proffers to Spain. LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Post of this morning says, "It now appears that America only made friendly re-presentations to the Madrid Government, in favor of

the reasonable demands of the Cubans. It is pro-

ble that Napoleon suggested to the Regency that Spain should act considerately towards Cuba, and so disarm American Influence. The French Govern-

ment favors a reconciliatory policy at Madrid and non-intervention at Washington."

Prim's Fallure.

The Standard says Prim's attempt to induce England and France to join in a protectorate for Cuba has utterly falled.

Advices from Rio Janeiro. LISSON, Sept. 20 .- The mail steamer from Rio

Janeiro has arrived with important intelligence. Despatches received at Rio from Asuncion, dated August 15, report that the allies have captured Ascurra and Pierribebin. President Lopez has fiel, and the Paraguayans can no longer continue the

The Provisional Government had been installed a

Asuncion. The above news caused great rejoicings in Brazil and the Argentine Confederation. The

war was considered at an end, and the cities of Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and Rio Janeiro were

Minister Blow.

Hon. Henry T. Blow, Minister of the United States to Brazil, had arrived at Rio Janeiro.

FROM NEW YORK.

Election of Delegates.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The delegates chosen at the Tammany primary meeting on Saturday night, me at Tammany Hall to-day at noon, and selected on

delegate and one alternate from each of the twenty-one Assembly districts, to attend the Democratic State Convention to be held at Syracuse on Wednes-

The Coal-Oil Fire.

The Coal-Oil Fire.

The fire which destroyed Lombard, Ayres & Co.'s oil dock last night, originated through the explosion of a kerosene lamp. One of the docks was an immense tank with a capacity of 1000 barrels, nearly full. To prevent the flames from communicating the connecting pipe was severed, and the oil allowed to run to waste, but it took fire, spreading along the dock and burning on the surface of the water.

At 11 o'clock the fire was supposed to be quenched, but at midnight it broke out with fresh fury, and burned till 5 A. M. The loss will probably reach \$50,000.

Suicide.

Suicide.

John Nichols, aged fifty years, shot himself through the head this morning, at No. 3 Livingston place. Supposed losses in business is the cause as-signed for the act. When he arose this morning he appeared depressed in spirits.

New York, Sept. 20.—Michael Conners, a laborer on the new Post Office, was sun-struck to-day.

Fatal Stabbing Affray. NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—During a fight last night at Jersey City, James McGevney was stabled, and, it is feared, fatally wounded, by a negro named Samuel

FROM WASHINGTON.

Fractional Currency Received.

Washington, Sept. 20.—One hundred and fifty-three thousand dollars in fractional currency was

received at the Treasury to-day from the Bank No Printing Companies in New York.

Iron-Clad for Sale

The United States steamer Shamokin, iron double

ender, now at this Navy Yard, has been up for sale for some time past, but no bids have been received

She is the only remaining vessel of that class in the

Naval Orders.

Captain J. C. Febiger is ordered to special duty in the Bureau of Yards and D. cks. Commander R. W. Shu'eldt is ordered to command

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Drowning of Two Boys.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 20.—Charles Wentworth, aged 14, and Fremont Rowe, aged 13, were drowned yesterday by the upsetting of a boat while they were fishing in a clay pond.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

BETWEEN BOARDS.

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS

ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE.

PACKS OF ENVELOPES TO MATCH, in a neat Dou-

3 17 wam! No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street.

NEW STYLE WEDDING INVITATIONS,

ROSE PINK.

R. HOSKINS & CO.,

Stationers, Engravers, and Steam Power Printers

NO. 913 ARCH STREET,

DISABLED SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, MARINES

who have not yet applied for Pensions, and the widows, minor children, dependent mothers, fathers

contracted in the service, can promptly obtain their

etc., of those who have died of wounds or of disea

pensions by applying to

etc., whether from wounds, rupture, or disease,

BOBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.,

No. 185 S. SEVENTH Street, Philada.

PHILADELPHIA

CALL AND EXAMINE SAMPLES,

FOUR QUIRES OF FRENCH PAPER, and FOUR

JOHN LINERD,

the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
No. 1033 OFFESNUT Street

do ..... 475

do....b80, 563 do....b60, 563

58 sh Penna R.R. 567 200 100 do. 530 567 300 14 sh Manuf Bk. 39 100 200 sh Read R. 56, 474 100 300 do. 647 69 100

\$5000 City 6s, New ... 101 / \$200 do ... New .101 / \$300 do ... New .5. 101 \$2000 Pa R 2 m 6s ... 98 / \$5000 Pa Im 6s ... 85 ... 99 58 sh Cam & Am.ls. 120 100 sh Cata Pf ... 87 / \$27 / \$

ble Box, stamped, only \$1.00.

do....b5&1.47 96

Despatch to the Associated Press.

he Miantonomah.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Fearful Collision on the Pennsylvania Prospective Discords in Franceand New York Railroad-One Man America's Proffered Aid to Spain Killed Outright-Others Se--No Protectorate for Cuba. verelyInjured-Earth-

quakes on the Pacific Coast-Destitution in Baltimore.

#### FROM THE STATE.

Fatal Accident on the Pennsylvania and New York Ralirond. Waverly, sept. 20.—At half-past seven this morning an express train on the Pennsylvania and New York Railroad, bound North, collided with a way train standing on the track at Athens, Pa, four miles from this place. One person was killed outright, William Mabee, of Towanda, Penna, and another has since died. Nelson W. Ackley, of Dushire, Pa, Republican candidate for the Legislature from that district, and several others, were injured. Mrs. Zelinda Spanding, of Milton, Pa., and George Beers, fireman of the express train, were seriously, and others slightly wounded. The way engine stopped to take water, and, owing to a way engine stopped to take water, and, owing to a dense fog, the engineer of the express train was un-able to see the fiag sent back to notify him of the danger ahead. Officers of the road and many phy canger are and the ground, and the wounded are well cared for and will recover. The Coroner will hold an inquest on the bodies to-day. There is much excitement at Athens. The road will be cleared for he passage of trains by noon.

#### FROM BALTIMORE.

Eight Persons Almost Starved to Death. BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.—A party of eight persons, consisting of Y. C. J. Chaffee, wife, wife's sister, and five children, the youngest two weeks old, were five children, the youngest two weeks oil, were found on the road near this city, on Saturday afternoon, in a most destitute condition. They were without money, starving, and almost naked. Chaffee stated that they left their home in Leavenworth county, Kansas, in February last, for Philadelphia, where they have friends, and have travelled the entire distance on foot, living by charity on the way. They were provided for here, and a liberal subscription in money raised for them. Yesterday they resumed their journey to Philadelphia on foot.

## FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Humboldt Celebration-Earthquake in Arizona. San Francisco, Sept. 20.—The Germans of this city united in a procession to-day in memory of the centennial anniversary of Baron Von Humboldt. It was a fine affair.

An earthquake occurred throughout Northern Arizona on September 6th, but no damages are re-ported, Arrived, ship St. Joseph, from New York.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Sept. 20.—Cotton heavy; 600 bales sold at 30c. Flour heavy and 5@10c. lower; sales of 7500 barrels State at \$6@6.85; Ohio at \$6.30@6.90; Western at \$5.50@1; Southern at \$6.50@10.50; and California at \$6.50@8.25. Wheat steady; sales of 56,000 bushels winter red Western, \$1.40@1.53. Corn heavy, and 1@2c. lower; sales of 38,000 bushels new mixed Western at \$1.09@1.12. Oats dull; new Southern and Western at 53@64c. Beef quiet; new plain mess at \$8.50@13.50. Pork buoyant; new mess, \$31; prime, \$27@27.50. Lard quiet; tierces, 184@18%c. for steam, Whisky, \$1.15@1.16 for Western.

## GRANT.

#### A Present from San Franciscans. From the San Francisco Alta California, Sept. 8.

Some six months since a number of gentlemen from various parts of the State, in no way affiliated with each other in political matters, determined to make a present, however insignificant in value, to President Grant, in recognition of their estimation of his course as an honest and apright man. For the accomplishment of this result various committees were appointed in the different counties. It was finally de-cided that the present should take the shape of a chair of state worthy of any sovereign in the world. Acting upon this idea, the Com-mittee on Design and Purchase, after several consultations, left the matter almost entirely in the hands of Mr. N. P. Cole, of the firm of N. P. Cole & Co. The result has been that probably the finest chair ever built in the civilized world has just been completed. The frame of the chair, which is more than seven feet in height is constructed entirely of California laurel, and and is most exquisitely carved in excellent taste The fronts of the arms are supported by carved heads of grizzlies. The back, which is alto-gether too straight for the reputed habits of the President, is supported by Corinthian columns, on the top of which is a globe supporting an eagle. In the centre, and as a fore-piece, are the nation's shield, surrounded by a wreath and the national flags, all carved from the same wood. The back and seat are trimmed with bine broad-cloth of the finest quality. There was nothing but the needles used in the

"... Dus parts of the work that was not strictly of California manufacture. The matter of sending on to Washington this most extraordinary work of California has been delayed thus far by the Committee of Arrangements simply from a wish to keep it back until all the new appointments have been made, that it might not seem in the least a political affair. The chair, the design and make-up of which will excite considerable attention, will be on exhibition at the Mechanics' Fair for several days, and will probably be forwarded to its destination in bout four weeks.

## HAYTI.

#### The Siege of Gonnives Ended-The Insurgents Hold the City-Fears of Another Revolt.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Sept. 9 .- For the last few days PORT-AU-PRINCE, sept. 2.—For the last lew days the greatest excitement has prevailed in this city, wing to the fall of Gonaives and the arrival of Gen. Chevalier and the brave fellows who, for 12 months, so gallantly defended that town against the attacks of the rebels besieging it. Chevalier—as may be inferred from the extraordinary duration of the siege greatest exciten made a stubborn defense of Gonaives, but the rebel steamers Florida and Quaker City proved too much for him, and he was at length compelled to yield. These steamers bombarded the town for nine days, and as, during this time, no vessels could possibly enter the port, while on the land the besieging army and as, during this time, no vessels could possibly enter the port, while on the land the besieging army completely hemmed in the besieged, preventing communication with the country districts, the exhaustion of his supplies left the Haytlen General no alternative but to surrender, the garrison not being strong enough to cut its way through the enemy's lines. It happened that during the bombardment the French corvette D'Estrees was in the port of Gonaives, and through the mediation of the commander of that vessel the rebel chiefs consented to allow Chevalier and his troops to evacuate the place with the honors of war, granting them six days' grace. Within 4s hours from the capitulation the troops had embarked on several small vessels, taking with them their arms, baggage, etc., Chevalier and his suite being received on board the D'Estrees. Immediately upon his arrival here, Chevalier proceeded to the palace and demanded the instant resignation of the Ministers, on the ground that their failure to afford him relief so as to enable him to continue the defense of Gonaives had led to the fall of that place. President Salnave was away at Aux Cayes at the time, and, as may be imagined, this strange demand startied everybody, many persons seeing in it the signal of another revolution in Portan-Prince, as the Ministers refused to abandon their posts while Chevalier had the soldiers he had brought with him from Gonavies at his back. Without loss of time a despatch was sent to Salnave informing him of the state of affairs, and upon receiving out loss of time a despatch was sent to Salnave in-forming him of the state of affairs, and upon receiving it the President at once left the camp at Aux Cayes, travelling overland day and night, and arriving here on the 7th inst., to the surprise of every one. He found Chevalier determined and affairs critical; so yielding to circumstances he could not possibly conyielding to circumstances he could not possibly con-trol he at once set to work to reconstruct the min-istry, going so far in conclitating Chevalier as to place him at the head of the administration as Min-ister of War. The new Cabinet, on which two of the members of the old Ministry have a place, stands as follows:—General Chevalier, Minister of War; Hypo-lite, General Police; L'Ami Duval, Interior; N.S. Ar-naud, Finances; Larbonte, Foreign Relations.

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., NOTARIES PUBand Acknowledgments taken for any State or Terr's tory of the United States.

## THE LATEST NEWS

The Recognition of Cuba-New York Aldermen Urge It-European

### FROM NEW YORK.

Market Quotations.

The Board of Aldermen Urge the Recognition of Cuba.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Sept. 20.—In the Board of Aldermen to-day a resolution was adopted that the Representatives in Congress from this city, on the reassembling of Congress, be requested to vote for and urge the immediate recognition of the independence of the Republic of Cuba.

### FROM EUROPE.

This Afternoon's Quotations. By the Anglo-American Cable.

By the Angle-American Cable.

LONDON, Sept. 20—4:30 P. M.—Consols closed at 92% for money and 92% for account; 5-30s of 1862, 83%; of 1865, 61%; 19-40s, 75%; Eric, 27%; Illinois Central, 94%; Atlantic and Great Western, 28%.

Liverpool, Sept. 20—4:30 P. M.—Cotton heavy; uplands, 12% @ 12%d.; Orleans, 13@ 13%d. Sales to-day 5000 bales, including 1500 for export and to speculators.

LONDON, Sept. 20—4:30 P. M.—Sugar, 39s. 6d.@39s, 9d., on the spot. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 6%d.@1s. 7d.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Allison, P. J. A petit jury was in attendance this morning for the trial of prisoners during the two remaining weeks of the September term, and the docks were filled with the prisoners who have been spending their summer holidays at the foot of Eleventh street

PLEAS OF GUILTY. William Smith, colored, pleaded guilty to a charge of the larceny of three horses, a wagon, set of harness, bridle and saddle, valued at \$1450, belonging to Alexander R. Negus, of Holmesburg. The horses and wagon were in the keeping of a Mr. Mathers, at Penn Lynn Station, in Montgomery county, and the prisoner was sent by Mr. Negus to take them home; but as soon as they were given over to him he drove them to the city and sold them. Mr. Negus learned who had bought them, and so recovered all but the saddle and bridle.

Philip Boss pleaded guilty to a charge of assent and

but the saddle and bridle.

Philip Boss pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery upon his wife, which he committed while under the influence of liquor.

George Gilbert, an old, grey-haired man, pleaded guilty to a charge of the larceny of a set of carpenter's tools. He lurked about a shop at Seventeenth and Master streets until he saw the carpenter go to his dinner, then stole his tools and sold them at a second-hand store near by. The carpenter, upon discovering his loss, bought another set of tools, and went to this store to buy a whetstone, and saw behind the counter his own property. While he was there the prisoner entered with tools belonging to another carpenter in the same neighborhood. In regard to this latter matter, however, there was no proof, and a verdlet of uot guilty was rendered.

James Pratt pleaded guilty to a charge of the lar-James Pratt pleaded guilty to a charge of the lar-ceny of a pair of shoes valued at \$1.40, belonging to James McCormick. This prisoner is an old man, and has been in the dock many times.

A LAME THIRP. Daniel Jackson was convicted of a charge of the Daniel Jackson was convicted of a charge of the larcery of a pocket-book containing about thirty dolars, and belonging to James Mollerhan. He and one Leonard were at Fairhill drinking with Mollerhan, who had become quite drunk, and in the evening started home with him, Mollerhan being next to the house in the street, Leonard beside him, and the prisoner walking on the outside. Soon, however, he informed Leonard that he had some seventeen wounds on one of his legs, and found it difficult to walk on the gutt-r side, and therefore would request that Leonard should change positions with him.

This was done, and afterwards Leonard saw him several times putting his hand into the drunken

several times putting his hand into the drunken man's pocket, and before they had reached their home it was found that Mollerhan's pocket-book and money were gone. The prisoner was immediately searched and the stolen money found in his pocket

The Jewish Harvest Feast.—The seven days Feast of Tabernacles, which commemorates the ingathering of the fruits of the earth, begins with the Jews at 6 o'clock this evening. This feast is one of the three annual celebrations commanded by the Mosate law, and it is strictly observed by all classes and conditions of this scattered people. In the Scriptures the Israelites were commanded to observe this festival after their entrance into Canaan, and to dwell this week in booths of branches to remind them of the wanderings of their fathers in the wil-derness for forty years, and of their sustenance by manna from heaven and by water that flowed from the rock smitten by the rod of faith. This first day is a holy Sabbath, in contradistinction to the other is a holy Sabbath, in contradistinction to the other six, and upon it are commanded to be offered up thanksgivings for the bountiful harvests provided by the Lord Omnipotent. Zachariah xiv. 16—19 commands the representatives of all nations to assemble at Jerusalem to worship God and keep the Feast of Tabernacles; and the Jews yet hold that at their restoration to the land of their heritage this passage will be literally fulfilled. Strictly corresponding with the design of this festival is the good Thanksgiving day now firmly established throughout our nation, out our nation,

An Interperen.—Yesterday afternoon Thomas Mot, for interfering with an officer in the discharge of his duty at Hestonville, was held to ball in \$500 by Alderman Clark.

FIRE.—About 11 o'clock on Saturday morning last, a fire broke out in the dwelling of Mr. Lodge at Holmesburg, and entirely consumed it. Loss, \$500.

His LAST SLEEP.—A man named Morris Troxel was found early this morning dead in his bed, at No. 148 N. Fourth street. The Coroner was notified.

PRIZE MONEY FOR NEW ORLEANS. Farragut's fleet, as officers, seamen, or marines, will hear of something greatly to their advantage by calling upon in person or addressing the General Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 135 South SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia. Al information given free of charge and correspondence

SOLDIERS INJURED.—SOLDIERS DISCHARGED on account of Rupture or any other injury received in the line of duty, can obtain \$200 bounty

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 185 S. SEVENTH Street. Fell information given free of charge.

Soldiers DISCHARGED BEFORE TWO years' service for injuries or wounds, including rupture, are entitled, they or their widows or heirs (if they have received none), to \$200 bounty, Apply to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.,

No. 185 S. SEVENTH Street. Tart of the United States can have them easily adjusted and collected on application to the Genera Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.,

No. 135 South SEVENTH Street. TO CREDITORS OF THE REPUBLIC OF MEXI. 1 CO.—The undersigned are now prepared to prosecute claims before the joint commission created under a recent treaty between the republic of Mexico and the United States, and would invite the at-

tention of claimants to the necessity of an early application to secure a consideration. ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 185 S. SEVENTH street, Phila.

I MPORTANT TO ALL INTERESTED. THE five years after the death or discharge of a soldie saflor, or marine. Those who fail to apply lose \$90 per year. There are thousands in our midst, widows, dependent fathers and methers, and orphan children who are entitled, but who have not yet applied for a pension. All who think they are entitled should at once call on Messrs, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. No. 185 South SEVENTH Street, who will promptly obtain their pensions, or cheerfully give any information, free of charge. Remember that the five years' limit allowed by law is fast drawing to a

L AND WARRANTS PROMPTLY PROCURED, PURCHASED, TRANSFERRED, LOCATED, AND SOLD.-Apply to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. No. 186 S. SEVENTH Street.