THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1869.

THE DALLY BUBBLING TREAMAINT PHILADEL TO AV. SEPTEMBE IN THE

WILMINGTON AND READING R. R.

Ride from Wilmington to Birdsboro-The Beauties of that Section-Its Natural Advan-tages and Bustling Manufactories - Wil-mington and Reading to be Frateranliy United-The Great Capabilities of the Railroad.

One of the most enjoyable trips it has fallen to the lot of an old newspaper habitue to have, was started upon last Friday morning. The invitation was given through the friendliness of our William Painter, Esq., of the firm of William Painter & Co., the wellknown banking agents of the Wilmington and Reading Railroad; and the party was made up of the Directors of that company, with a besprinkling of a few folks of the Fourth Estate. The clerk of the weather was in his most amiable mood the whole time, and the good bodies thus thrown together were soon having as jolly a holiday time as big boys let loose on a decorous spree could have.

At Wilmington the excursion party was constituted of the following officers of the railroad company :--President-Hugh E. Steele,

Directors-Edward Brooke, C. E. Pennock, S. B. orth, Edward Betts, Joseph Tatnall, Irene Du Worth, Edward Betts, Joseph Tatnall, Ire Pont, Charles Warner. Secretary and Treasurer-William S. Hilles. Chief Engineer-J. Dutton Steele. Engineer in Charge-Nataaniel P. Hobart.

Wiimington is truly a thriving and rapidly-growing city. Its ship-yards, car-works, and large manufactories of numberless articles give it the real elements of prosperous expansion. I.s direct communication with Reading by a railroad a little over seventy miles in length cannot but add largely to its wealth and commercial importance. The construction of this road is already fairly under way, and at Wilmington was inspected as much of the rail as had been laid from that point northward, several miles in extent. The road bed was found to be well built, the ties and cross-beams firmly laid, and the track as heavy as anywhere in use.

From thence by carriage our drive was for sixty five miles along the banks of the Brandywine, quitting its narrow, brook-like head at Springfield, and from thence riding through fair meadows some six miles until the placid waters of the Schuylkill were reached, a half-dozen miles southeast of Reading. The road by the Brandywine was most delightful. and the keen sensations, ofttimes verging on rapture, produced by its wondrous loveliness were beyond description. Sometimes the road lay on the left bank, then it turned to the right over a rustic bridge, crossing and recrossing the stream at various points. The smoothly flowing waters of the Brandywine were shaded with innumerable trees. firs, spruces, pines, and other dark evergreens, mingled with the brighter green foliage of chestnuts, oaks, sycamores, and stately elms. The tulip poplars were already arrayed in their light golden tints, foretelling the ending of summer; the silver maples blended their shadings of soft colors with the darker hued branches; the crimsons, browns, and other gorgeous tints of autumn were scattered profusely by the way, foreshadowing the fast-coming autumnal glories of American woodlands.

A few miles out from Wilmington were seen the fine powder mills of the Messrs. Du Pont. These were founded half a century since by Du Pont, Nemour & Co., and have remained in the family to the present day. Surrounding these mills are lands so cultivated as to afford views unsurpassed in picturesqueness and charming beauty. Willow trees are grown by the thousands and tens of thousands. almost rivalling some of the famous plantations of peach trees in the southern section of Delaware and Maryland. These willow trees are kept trimmed to the height of fifteen feet, and the wood cut off is sold to the powder mills to be made into charcoal. Formerly the Messrs. Du Pont had to transport this needed willow wood from far off points at a heavy expense of freight; but now farmers, by merely planting fine willows in their fields and giving them growing room, are able to sell the annual produce for enough to pay all their taxes. Twenty-five hundred acres of the finest lands in this section of country belong to the Du Pont estate, and upon them are employed a large number of laborers. From the best of this class are selected the workmen for the powder mills; and notwithstanding the dangerous character of that n are always prepared to enter upon it than are needed. Our road, always within sight of the Brandywine, passed close by some seventy manufacturing establishments. As far as time permitted, these were visited and carefully inspected. The kaleidiscopic impressions received comprises rolling mills, paper mills, anthracite furnaces, cotton mills, grist mills, woollen factories and foundries. Some twenty-five towns and villages lay either directly on the line of the road or could be seen stretching off to the right or left hand within the bounds of a mile or two. We passed close by the famous battle-ground of Chadd's Ford, where the sharp Revolutionary contest was fought for the possession of Philadelphia to the discomfiture of the patriotic forces under General Washington; and here the first rallway intersection outside of Wilmington will be made with the Baltimore Central. Here the first rest was made, and an invitir g lunch was heartily discussed. Beyond this, to the left, were seen Kennet Square, Unionville, Cochranville; to the right were passed Mortonsville and Contesville. Eight miles below this point was met the second gang of tracklayers working southwardly. Thus an excellent opportunity was given of testing the thoroughness with which the rails were laid, and we found upon examination that the roadbed was as firm as if it had been built for years. Here a locomotive and comfortable passenger car had been thoughtfully provided, and the eight miles interval to Coatesville was passed over before five o'clock. This enterprising and fast-growing town lies directly upon the line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and is the point of junction with the Wilmington and Reading Road. On Saturday we visited many of its fine workshops, such as the Viaduct Rolling Mill (owned by Messrs. Hugh E. Steele and S. B. Worth), various furnaces, blanket shawl factories, and paper mills; but one of the pleasantest reminiscences of this goodly town is the sound night's sleep enjoyed there on the preceding Friday. Resuming our carriages on Saturday ,we inspected the third railroad gang laying the route north of Coatesville, saw on our route the rolling mill of Pennock & Brother, passed close by Waynesburg, and at Springfield intersected the projected Delaware and Lancaster Railroad, designed to run from Lancaster through Springfield and Phœnixville to Norristown. Birdsboro, the present proposed terminus of the Wilmington and Reading Railroad, lay on the east bank of the Schuylkill, upon the Reading Railroad with which the former will here connect. Having thus traversed the route of the Wilmington and Reading Railroad, we are prepared to speak understandingly of its capabilities. From the large and rich manufacturing districts through which this road passes, it must prove largely remunerative. The adjoining villages, towns, and factories, in the year 1868, consumed 247,468 tons of anthracite coal, 54,800 tons of bituminous coal, and worked up 49,200 tons of crude iron. Upon these articles the consumers will save from 50c. to \$1.25 per ton by using this road instead of the most favorable avenues now open to them. From coal and iron alone the company will derive a gross income of \$265,378 per annum, and a net revenue of \$118,151-20, a sum in it-self more than sufficient to pay the interest on the ioan and establish the sinking fund. In addition to the above sources of trade, the road runs for ten miles in the valley of Hay creek, through a region of magnificent brown stone that will be developed and brought into market for the first time. and as it can be delivered over this road to Philadelphia cheaper than the Connecticut stone, there will be, no doubt, a large and profitable business from this source. A portion of this stone is used in the construction of the fine Baptist church at Broad and Spruce streets, in this city, and in the famous Grace Church, Wilmington. Altogether it is estimated that the receipts of the company will be from anthracite coal, \$198,428; oitumineus coal, \$23,500; iron, crude and manufactured, \$43,450; iron ore, \$45,000; lumber and petroleum, \$35,512 50 ; lime, \$35,258 60 ; rolling mill and glass land, \$6650; passengers, \$110,620-making in all \$496,419. Allowing sixty per cent. of the above sum to pay working expenses, leaves a net revenue of \$195,567 64, | bestow

a sum more than sufficient to pay the interest upon the bonds, and establish the sinking fund, and leave over ten per cent, to apply to a dividend on the

Sec. Burger

stock. The construction of this road will in a short time, it is thought, make Wilmington a great depot for the shipment of coal. It is inevitable when we consider the circumstances of the winters of 1867, and 1868, during which the harbor of Philadelphia was blocked with ice, and shipments suspended for about three months, during which time coal could have been shipped from the port of Wilmington. The price of gas coal rose during this time in New York to \$25 per ton.

Charters for two companies to run steamers between Wilmington and New York were obtained from the Legislature of Delaware at its last session, and companies are organizing under them to run in connection with this road when it is opened.

Already stock subscriptions to this road have been made amounting to \$800,000, probably larger than any stock subscription per mile yet made in this State, unaided by municipal or corporate subscriptions. Owing to the excellent business tact and energetic management of the President, Hugh E Steele, Esq., the entire roadbed has been completed, and the six thousand tons of railroad track needed have been engaged. Messrs, Atkinson & Brother have furnished the iron from the Pottsville Rolling Mills to Messrs, Malin & Dundore, contractors, of this city.

A careful personal examination enables us to state that the bridges, abutments, the entire masonry and the whole roadbed are most substantially constructed. The road will be completed from Wilmington to Coatesville by the 15th of next November, and to Brdsboro' by the 1st of January, 1870. In this state of facts, the seven per cent, first mortgage bonds, now offered to the public by Messrs, William Painter & Co., are one of the best investments in the market-sure, safe, and trustworthy. As this loan is limited to \$1,250,000, its ab-

sorption will only be a question of a few weeks, or possibly days.

NEW.YORHISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1869. When I went out vesterday afternoon for my "constitutional" I was regaled with the sight of some fifty females, half of whom I was informed were lunatics, and the other half their attendants. They had just issued from the grounds of the State Lunatic Asylum, and were conducting themselves more quietly than some same people, under the charge of keepers, would have done. Some of the girls-the craziest ones, let me hope-looked back, waved their pocket handkerchefs, and betraved other symptoms of a desire for flirtation. But they were quickly checked by the attendants, and so the train passed on, and were soon lost to sight.

I know not what the moral effect is upon Utica of its having a lunatic asylum in the midst of it. A recent volume gives an account of the city of Gheel -somewhere in Germany, I believe-called the "City of the Simple," from the fact of its being mainly inhabited by lunatics. Asylums there are open for their reception, and on such familiar terms are they with the sane inhabitants, that they visit around amongst them upon equal terms. Things have not yet reached this pass in Utica. From the quantity of swine that infest the streets, however, I should imagine that every lover of neatness and cleanliness could look back with longing to those scriptural times when the presence of a drove of swine improvised a most speedy and effectual relief to certain sufferers who were possessed of devils.

Of the post office in Utica I might say that it is infinitely better than the collection of pigeon-holes and rat-holes that goes by that name in New York. A drive along Genesee street, from Slandina street to Oneida Square, and thence along the New Hartford road to the village of that name, reveals many handsome villas, some of which would not be out of place up Spruce, or Pine, or Walnut streets, or along Girard avenue. Another street, which is one of the pleasantest in Utica, is Rutger street, running between Genesce street and "the Gulf"-the "gulf" consisting of a large abrupt chasm, in which sulphur prings were once visible. In Rutger street stands the fine old family mansion of Roscoe Conkling above which floats the stars and stripes, lowered at present at half-mast in respect to the memory Ex-Governor Seyof Secretary Rawlins. mour's city residence is situated on Whitesborough street, and is occupied by him and his family during the winter. His country residence, where he is at present staying, is in the town of Deerfield, about four miles north of Utica. The Butterfield House, situated at the southeast corner of Devereux and Genesee streets, is owned by the Hon, John Butterfield, father of General Dan. Butterfield, the individual who recently arrogated to himself in New York the merit of having proposed the subscription in favor of Secretary Rawlins' family. John Butterfield is the wealthiest man in Utica, and bears the reputation of having done more for that city than any of its other citizens. He lives very handsomely on the New Hartford road. His hotel, I regret to say, does not pay very well. It is a large, rambling brick building, managed by J. Charles Fox. In connection with the visit which General Grant was recently expected to pay to this part of the country, but which he deferred on account of Secretary Rawlins' illness, I might mention a little incldent. About two miles south of Utica is a little place called New York Mills, where that celebrated cotton cloth is manufactured which is considered by many superior to the Wamasutta. Mr. Samuel Campbell, one of the proprietors of the mills, resides here. He lives most sumptuously, and is a great importer of English stock of all kinds. Mr. Campbell is a very liberal man, so much so that the workmen in his manufactories live in the fairlest of little cottages, and think the sun rises and sets on his account. When he heard that Grant was about to visit Utica, he determined, if possible, that the President should pass a day and a night at the New York Mills. Accordingly, he improvised a rustic reception, had the roads swept, the cottages whitewashed, the manufactory festooned with flags, and mottoes and words of welcome erected. Finally, he paid \$15,000 for a new barouche in which to carry the President from the depot to his residence. All in vain. About \$20,000 were spent altogether, but the inopportune death of Secretary Rawlins put an end to Mr. Campbeil's expectations and expenditures. Trenton Falls is a lovely little place, situated eighteen miles northeast from Utica, but I had only time to look around me there, as I went and returned the same day. It is reached by the Black River Railroad, and fully repays a visit. Within a walk of two miles there are no less than six distinct cascades, varied with occasional rapids that are scarcely less picturesque than the falls. The first fall has a descent of twenty feet, commences up stream, and is called Upper Falls; the second, called the Cascades, has an equal descent; third, the Mill Dam, also falls the the same distance; about forty rods below occurs the High Falls, which separate into three distinct cataracts whose total pitch is one hundred feet; seventy rods below these are Sherman's Falls, forty feet in depth ; and lastly, we arrive at Conrad's Falls, whose pitch is twenty feet. The entire descent of the falls from first to last is estimated at over three hundred feet. Moore's Hotel-the only one there of any account-proceeds on the principle that anything worth having is worth being overcharged for. ALI BABA.

artistic excellence. Mr. Faiconer has written some very fair pieces, but of late he has turned out littl-that is of value, and the works written by ain for Mrs. Bowers—we are sorry for the sake of that (ad) to say—are about his worst. Snare, if not the worst of Mr. Faiconer's efforts, is far from being the b st. With a plot that ough! to have some dramatic in-terest if properly elaborated, the play is so care leastly written, and the dialogue so thin and poo-, that, in spite of the very creditable efforts made by the actors, many of the scenes that ought to have been most thrilling excited more laughter than sympathy. sympathy.

sympathy. The plot shows us how "Helen Thornley," a rich widow, out of her overpowering affection for "Henry Melville," a "former lover, now happily married to another, determines to possess him at all hazards. She therefore, with the aid of a rascally brother, whose manufacture difficulties may be block but the second seco She therefore, with the aid of a rascally brother, whose pecuniary difficulties make him reckless of the means by which he obtains money, procures "Melville's" arrest for debt, and has his wife and child thrust out into the street. "Mrs. Melville," overcome by cold, hunger, and distress, is picked up for dead and is carried to the Morgue. By a very peculiar coincidence the corpse beside whom she is placed exactly resembles her, and when she revives "Henry Vanghan," the brother of the wildow, pro-cures her incarceration in a mad house, and has the corpse identified by her relatives and buried in her name. "Henry Melville" is induced, without much difficulty, to marry the widow out of gravitude for the pecuniary assistance which she renders him. difficulty, to marry the whow out of granthate for the pecuniary assistance which she renders him, but he still retains a firm affection for the memory of his first wife, which excites the jealousy of his second sponse, who re-venges herself by ill-treating his little girl. In due time, however, the first wife escapes from the asy-lum, and to the utter discomfiture of her successor and "yanghan" she makes her appearance and and "Vaughan," she makes her appearance and claims her husband and child, "Melville" expresses a preference for wife number one, and to complete the difficulty of wife number two she receives the

a preference for wife number one, and to complete the difficulty of wife number two she receives the intelligence that her first husband is not dead after all, and that he entertains a strong suspicion that she had endeavored to pat him out of the way, all of which is very satisfactory to "Melville" and the original "Mrs. M.." who clasp their child to their hearts, and the curtain descends upon a scene of domestic bliss that proves the truth of the adage that "virtue is its own reward." Mrs. Bowers played the part of "Clara Melville," the heroine, with dignity and expression, but her powers were transped by the platitudes of the piece, and she appeared unable to put forth her whole strength. Miss Annie Graham, who appeared for the first time this season, received a cordial welcome from the audience. The part she had was an ungra clous one, for "Helen Thornley," and her brother, "Henry Yaughan," played by Mr. Walcot, are two of the most cold-blooded, business-like, and utterly uninteresting villains that we ever remember to have seen on the stage. Miss Graham was more natural and expressive as the cruel step-mother than as the plotting widow and usurping wife, and there was a touch of genuine nature in the spiteful tone with which she ordered her liftle stepdaughter into a corner that was quite refreshing amid such dreary waste of insipldity. Mr. Walcot acted the part of "Henry Vaughan" in an easy and nonchalant manner, and he probaby made out of it and such orcary waste of insipility. Mr. Walcot acted the part of "Henry Vaughan" in an easy and nonchalant manner, and he probably made out of it all that could be made. Mr. McCollom was also a fair representative of "Henry Melville," and Mrs. Walcot and Mr. Fawcett acted creditably the small parts of "Mary Carey" and "Bob Brettle," Mr. Falconer appears to have been troubled to find a such a statement of the s

find a new sensation when he concocted this piece and the introduction of the Morgne scene would indi cate that the field of sensationalism is beginning to be tolerably well exhausted. Such a scene, it is easy to imagine, might be made disgustingly effective. but the author appears to have contented himself with suggesting the horrible situation, and the scene, if not the weakest in the play, is certainly not the strongest. The piece contains a fair proportion of high moral sentiments of a kind that an average audience is tolerably sure to greet with applause, but taking it for what it is worth as a dramatic performance, we cannot refrain from saying that it is very sorry stuff, utterly unworthy of the abilities of so good an actress as Mrs. Bowers.



CLOSING OUT ALL RINDS OF SUMMER CLOTHING, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, Assortment still yood, Our garments are superior to any ready-made goods in Phila-delphia in every respect. Prices guaranteed lover than the lowert elements HALF WAY BETWEEN /

N (BENNETT & Co., Tower Hall, 518 Market St., PHILADELPHIA, AND 600 BROADWAY, New YORK. Fifth and Sixth Streets.)

GAY'S CHINA PALACE, No. 1022 Chesnut street, have jus received by ship Magdelain, 47 casks White French China CARPETINGS. the celebrated Palm shape. Will be sold at their usuall GREAT INDUCEMENTS WILL BE OFFEREI NEW low prices. FOR CASH. 9 14 tf SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES .---"CARD." Ten dollars down, and balance in easy instalments. O. F. DAVIS, No. 810 Chesnut street. GAN'S' CHINA PALACE, No. 1022 Chesnut street, have received all those Fine Show Pieces bought by Mr. Gay in Europe: they were all purchased under factory prices and JOHN W. THOMAS, F. & E. B. ORNE. will be sold correspondingly low. Call and see them. Nos. 405 and 407 North SECOND St., JEWELRY .-- Mr. William W.Cassidy, No. 12 South Second street, has the largest and most attractive assortment of fine Jewelry and Silverware in the city. Purchasers can HAS NOW OPEN A FULL STOCK rely upon obtaining a real, pure article, furnished at a price which cannot be equalled. He also has a large stock No. 904 CHESNUT STREET. 0F of American Western Watches in all varieties and at all prices. A visit to his store is sure to result in pleasure FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, GAY'S CHINA PALACE, No. 1022 Chesnut street, have just EMBRACING ALL THE NEWEST DESIGNS AND received by ship Northern Queen, another large invoice of Bohemian Glassware. LATEST FABRICS. IMPORTATIONS. They have now the finest assoriment of that class of FALL goods ever seen in Phlladelphia. If you don't credit our NEW GOODS OPENING DAILY. 9 11 statement, go and see for yourselves. Show-room open till 9 o'clock at night. OFENING FOR FALL OF 1869. FIRST IN THE FIELD, FIRST IN THE FASHION, FRENCH MOQUETTE CARPETS. EYRE & LANDELL, and FIBST TO REDUCE THE PRICE OF FOURTH AND ARCH. FINE FASHIONABLE OLOTHING. DESIGNED BY THE BEST ARTISTS IN PARIS, FOR SALE ONLY BY US, AND AT CASH DEALERS IN THE BETTER CLASS OF CHARLES STOKES, No. 824 Chesnut street. LESS PRICES THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERE?. DRY COODS. has opened an assortment of Good Black Silks, Melodeon Covers, Expensive Shawls, Fine Piano Covers, Fine 6-4 VELVETS. CLOTHS, CASSIMEHES, AND VESTINGS. Dress Goods. Embracing every style now worn, and BLANKETS. Offers them either ready-made or made to order at 10 per NEW AND ELEGANT ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN J. CROSSLEYS & SONS' 6-4 WEL-P. S .- We keep a stock of Good Goods, adapted to cent. less than any first-class clothier in the State. VETS FOR PARLORS, WITH BORDERS TO MATCH, EXCLUSIVE PATTERNS. the daily wants of families. (9 11 stuth 3m rp PRICES MUST COME DOWN. POPULAR PRICES THE PEOPLE DEMAND IT. ENCLISH BRUSSELS. PRICES ARE PUT DOWN AT FOR No. 824 CHESNUT STREET. Novelties in ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS in the Louis XVI, Marie Antoinette, Persian, DRY GOODS. Alh: mbra, Illuminated, and other styles, in entirely new and original drawings. **CHARLES STOKES.** A FAMOUS STOCK OF RICKEY, SHARP & CO., ALSO. FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING. SUCH AS HAS NEVER BEFORE BEEN SEEN. HAS BEEN PREPARING NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET. ENGLISH BRUSSELS FOR HALL AND STAIRS DURING THE PAST THREE MONTHS. PHILADELPHIA. 1 13 tf AT OAK HALL BUILDINGS, RADES. SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS, Phila. ALL WIDTHS, WITH BORDERS TO MATCH. DOINT BREEZE PARK. Since the day we first opened Oak Hall our business has been constantly increasing; some seasons almost doubling itself. Last year our sales increased 1000 PIECES NEW TAPESTRIES. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15. SIXTY per cent. We are expecting still greater things this fall, and have made preparations accordingly. JUST OPENEP, 1000 PIECES OF ALL THE NEW STYLES OF TAPESTRIES FOR THE FIRST INSTALMENTS Purse, \$500. Mile heats, 3 in 5 to wagons. Good day and track. ARE ALREADY RECEIVED. and track. Mrs. Vosburg, of Iowa, will drive the celebrated 4 year old coli Vosburg. Mrs. Vosburg enters s. VOSBURG. J. Turner enters black m. LIZZIE PATCHEN. The privilege of a member introducing a male friend without pay is suspended. Admission, One Eollar. 9 13 2t THE SEASON, AT AND WE HAVE NOW NEW FALL GOODS, MODERATE PRICES. FINE AND FRESH READY - MADE: OK. READY TO BE MADE TO ORDER. RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET inish, RODGERS' and WADE's BUTOHER'S BAZORS, and the celebrated LECOLTRE RAZOR SCISSORS of the finest quality. Basers, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below Chemnut, 285pt IN THE LATEST FASHIONS, J. F. & E. B. ORNE, AT WANAMAKER & BROWN'S. The Remnant of our Summer Stock and the slightly-damaged clothing from the Chesnut-street No. 904 CHESNUT STREET! GENTS' KID GLOVES, SINGLE AND Double IStliched. All the new colors, 754 to 854 imported direct, and for sale by GEORGE W. VOGEL. 611 62* No. 1392 CHESNUT Street. fire are being rapidly disposed of. Some of these goods, although belonging to our Summer Stock, are not unsuitable for Fall wear, and they can be had as 8 31

GAL'S CHINA PALACE, No. 1022 Chesaul street, have just accived by ship Shakespeare an immense stock of Lava Coods, all new designs, which they are offering at unprecedented low prices. But don't take our word f r it. GROVER & BARER's Highest Premium Sowing Machines,

No. 730 Chesnut street. GIT THE BEST.—The Parham New Family LOCK STITUH SEWING MACHINE. (Easy Terms.) Salesroom, No. 794 CHESNUT Street.

MARRIED. GRAY-BOYER. On the 21d of Angust, by Rev. James Orowe, Mr. CHARLES GRAY and Miss KATE BOYER, all of this city. MULLIN-DYER. On Thursday evening, August 5, by the Rev. W. C. Robinson, Mr. EDW * RD C. MULLIN to Miss ROSABELL DYER, both of this city.

DIED.

DIED. CUNNINGHAM.-On the 12th instant, of scarlet fever, FIJZA A., youngest child of John H. and Mary E. Cua-ningham, aged 4 years and 5 months. To relatives and triends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the fumera', on Wednesday atternoon out parents, Walmet street, above Seventh, Camden, N. J. ARMER.-On the lith instant, SARAH HARMER, aged 78 years 2 months and 16 days. To relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence. No. 4546 Main street. Frankford, on Thursday afternoon, the 16th instant, at 1 oclock. Interment at Cedar Hill Cenuterr. FUDDELL.-On board U. S. steamer Tuscarora, and huried at see on the 98th day of Angrast, 1989, Acting As-sistant Paymaster WILLIAM S. HUDDELL, in the 27th year of his age. To relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his fineral, from his late residence. No. 1257, S. Fifth street, on Wednesday atternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Swedes' Church Cond. MAGEE.-On the 12th instant, JAMES MAGEE, aged

NEW FALL DRESSES

MAGEE .- On the 12th instant, JAMES MAGEE, sged ⁷² years. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Darby road and Filty-eighth street, on Wednesday morn-ing at 83% o'clock.

ing at 5% o'clock. PAXSON.—On the 11th instant, ANNA M, daughter of Joreph and Eliza H. Paxson, in the 25th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the ramily, and Directors and Teachers of the Eighteenth School Section, are re-spectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the resi-dence of her parents, No. 413 Richmond street, on Wednesday alternoon, the 15th instant, at 3 o'clock.

MCCXXVIII.-I WOULD RE-dertakers that, in order to meet the increased domand for my patent BURIAL CASKETS, I have taken the large Factory at

Factory at No. 1228 RIDGE AVENUE. With my enlarged facilities, I am now prepared to sup-ply promptly all orders in city or country. S 4 thsturp5 E. S. FARLEY

DRY GOODS.

1869. FALL OPENING. 1869

GREAT SALE

OF NEW AND OLD STOCK.

J. M. HAFLEIGH, Nos. 1012 and 1014 CHESNUT St., HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.,

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

TO SELL HIS LARGE STOCK

AT

OF SILKS, DRESS GOODS, LACES,

> HOSIERY, GLOVES, LINENS, WHITE GOODS, SHAWLS, ETC.

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PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA.

AND

CRAND OPENING

OF

WALKING SUITS.

INCI UDING

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.

WEDNESDAY. September 15.

Nos. 1412 and 1414 CHESNUT STREET.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

"Snare" at the Walnut. Last evening Mrs. D. P. Bowers produced a new play, written for her by Mr. Edmund Falconer, and entitled Snare; or, What Can't Money Do' and for some reason which we are not quite able to under-stand, it was received with much more favor by the mandlence than the much better place with which Mrs. Bowers commenced her engagement. We mention this fact for the benefit of the theatre, for if such a place of work suits the taste of the public there is no reason why the public should not enjoy it. We would always rather see full benches than spectable, even if it is not possible to bestow any very high commendation for "Snare" at the Walnut.