# Grening Telegraph and the paramount necessity of the time is the adoption of sure means for raising its supplies into our reservoirs.

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED), AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, NO. 198 S. THIRD STREET.

BHILADELPHIA. The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

MONDAY, AUGUST 30, 1869.

MANAYUNK AND GREEN LANE VS.

PHILADELPHIA. "ALL signs fail in dry weather," and notwithstanding the frequent indications of heavy storms, and the prognostications of the wisest of weather-prophets, no substantial addition has yet been made to the waters of the Schuylkill. Even the promising shower of Saturday night has not helped to fill our empty reservoirs, and we must again look forward eagerly to a protracted rain as the only thing that can give permanent and complete

Fortunately, however, the Schuylkill and Delaware steam works continue to pump into the reservoirs enough water to furnish a seant supply, and if housekeepers are economical there is little danger that their resources will be entirely cut off. Even when the Fairmount works cease running, 15,000,000 gal lons, or about a barrel of water for every man, woman, and child, can be furnished by the other works, so that Philadelphia, in spite of her panic, is probably as well provided at this moment as New York with her boasted system of Croton works.

blamed for not continuing the steam fire- ton, and Mrs. Hooker-old stagers, all of engines in service; but some of the indignation expended in this direction is rather superfluous. The steam fire-engines were sent to Fairmount to try an experiment, and absolute necessity arises we hope that provision will be made for employing all the steam fire-engines in the city, but their aid is at this moment not imperatively needed, and if, by throwing a few millions of gallons per day into the reservoirs they inspired the belief that the hydrants could be used as freely as ever, they would do more harm than good, by causing the waste of three or four times as much water as they would supply.

The real crisis of the water question occurred on the Saturday when the Chief Engineer requested the Schuylkill Navigation Company to open their dams. At that time it was not only impossible to run the Fairmount Water Works, but the boilers used at the Schuylkill works were found to be in bad condition, and for the moment there was great danger that the Schuylkill steam works as well as the Fairmount Water Works would be temporarily useless. In that event the only reliance would have been upon the Delaware works, which afforded to put a large quantity of water in | may even be permitted to open his mouth the reservoirs by water power, and sufficient and quote the choicest sayings of Demosboilers connected with the Schuylkill steam works, so that they have since been in good working order.

The most unfortunate feature of the water question arises from the fact that little or none of the money derived from the water loan of one million of dollars was used to guard against the contingencies which have exposed Philadelphia to so many inconveniences and dangers. We are informed that even the new Cornish engine at the Schuvlkill Works, and the turbine wheels at Fairmount, were paid for out of special appropriations, and meanwhile, although new boilers were so sadly needed at the Schuylkiil Works, and auxiliary engines at Fairmount, what was done with the million of dollars? It seems that it has all gone to increase the water-supplies of West Philadelphia, and to carry water to Manayunk and regions adjacent to Roxborough, where scarcely a single applicant needs the new facilities, and where the expenditure was almost totally unnecessary.

It was highly important that the West Philadelphia supply should be increased, but a much larger sum was expended for the purpose than was absolutely required; and without prejudice to a single suburban interest of real consequence, the bulk of our population would to-day be fortified against a waterfamine in the most protracted of droughts if the money squandered uselessly for the nominal accommodation of Green Lane and Manayunk had been expended for new boilers at the Schuylkill works and auxiliary engines at Fairmount. We believe that the inception of this ruinous policy dates back several years, before the present Chief Engineer was elected, but its results are now so painfully apparent, that it should serve as a perpetual warning to Councils and to citizens against the danger of countenancing wild-goose and extravagant schemes at the very moment when the welfare of nine-tenths of the population of the city is neglected. This is worse than saving at the spiggot and letting a precious fluid run out at the bung-hole. It is tampering with the property, health, and lives of three-quatters of a million of people, to save a few thousand dollars, and simultaneously squandering a million for objects of questionable utility, or to serve a small population. Now that the errors of the past are so fully exposed, Councils cannot be too prompt in adopting efficient but not extravagant plans to correct them. We want no more commissions to go rambling through the country to discover pretexts for spending more money than the city can raise, and we want no postponements of the comparatively few and simple things which can insure abundant water supplies until grand aqueducts can be constructed to bring water from the Perkiomen or the head of the Delaware. We have the Schuylkill at our doors, with plenty of water in its bed, even at this period of unparalleled scarcity,

AN "AGONIZING" ONSLAUGHT. MONTHS-yea, verily and indeed, we might with truth say years-have elapsed since the Hon. James M. Scovel, of Camden, compelled us to devote a share of our valuable space to his vagaries. And when we last did so, we left our elastic friend in a very unsatisfactory condition. He was then neither dead nor alive-politically speaking, of course-with the olds inclining towards deadness. Time, we are glad to see, has not operated to his disadvantage. He has been in repose for an indefinite period, and emerges from it more sprightly, and, doubtless, more elastic than ever. If his political avatar were attended by no unusual phenomena, we might view it with entire and hearty satisfaction. But he bursts upon us from two points of the compass, simultaneously, and confusion at the outset is the natural and inevitable result. The carelessness of a newspaper reporter in omitting initials leads to the suspicion that the Scovel who bursts upon us from one quarter may not, after all, be the Seovel, but another Scovel. It is a mere suspicion. Nothing is more characteristic of the elasticity of the original Scovel than a double apparition, and for this reason we are inclined to the belief that the "Mr. Scovel, of New Jersey," who has been figuring at the Woman's Suffrage Convention at Newport, is the Hon. James M. Scovel, of Camden. As a female suffragist, Scovel begins life

in a small, modest, and on the whole very proper way. He brings up the rear of the business committee, following in the wake of such bright lights as Mrs. Pauline Davis. The Chief Engineer has been severely Miss Susan B. Anthony, Miss Theodore Tilthem, of whose company Scovel, a young man in the business, ought to be proud, and doubtless is proud. Indeed, we think he has made a very good beginning. He has won we are very glad that it was successful. If an the confidence of Susan and the other female agitators, and when a man-and a new man at that-succeeds in winning the confidence of these suspicious old ladies, he is doing marvellously well. The task of fixing up the business programme of a female suffrage convention is a very important one, requiring the clearest sort of a head and the widest range of virtues and acquirements. All of Scovel's colaborers on the business committee are inveterate talkers, and will assuredly be too busy with their tongues to devote any time to committee matters. This will throw the barden of the whole thing on Scovel's shoulders, which would receive it with satisfaction were it not for the fact that Scovel, like all great reformers, likes to put in a word now and then. But he can certainly afford to hold his peace for a little while, in return for the great honor thrust upon him-a perfect equality with Susan B. and all the other old ladies who are running the woman suffrage convenat best could supply only from 4,000,000 to tion at Newport. He is doing remarkably 5,000,000 of gallons daily. By the opening well for a beginning, and at the next gatherof the dams, however, an opportunity was ing of the female suffragists may do better, time was gained to repair and strengthen the thenes, Montesquieu, Andy Johnson, and all the other leading authorities on the woman question of ancient and modern times.

> The fact that an organization to be known as "The Republican Invincibles" was recently gotten up in Camden did not escape our no tice. The Hon, James M. Scovel figured prominently at the first meeting, and, if we are not mistaken, presided over its deliberations, wrote the resolutions, made the principal speech, and was honored with the bulk of the cheering. This invincible phalanx have just issued a formal manifesto. It bears the names of five committee-men, among which that of Seovel does not appear. But his mark is so indelibly impressed upon the document-a sort of supplemental Declaration of Independence—that we experience no difficulty whatever in tracing it to its source, the "Dictionary of Choice and Popular Quotations" which is the best thumbed book in Scovel's extensive law library. This Supplemental Declaration is fully up to the original in its entirety. and in some of its details leaves Jefferson's famous instrument a mile and a half in the background.

A mere outline must suffice for our readers. The Camden Invincibles-or the Hon. James M. Scovel, if you please-"go forward, conscious that right makes might," calling upon the Almighty to defend "the right" merely, fully and properly persuaded that "the might will take care of itself. Such is the peroration. The exordium starts out with a quotation from Jefferson, which is made applicable to the lamentable state of affairs existing across the river, where somebody has given "the last stab to agonizing affection," and walked rough-shod over the Republican party of that section; or, as the Supplemental Declaration has it, "ruled us with a rod of iron," which, we take it, is much the same thing, differently expressed. It is easily seen that the gentlemen who wield the "rod of iron" in this reckless fashion, and drive "agonizing affection" to the wall so mercilessly, have put their foot into a very sorry piece of business. They have even gone so far as to "regard the masses of the people as Asses, ready saddled and bridled, whose willing backs bend in order that any demagogue may ride forward into power." This is bad enough, of a surety; but the men who did not seruple to give "the last stab to agonizing affection," have not scrupled to do what is a great deal worse, to act upon the belief that "it is the chief end of man, not to glorify God, but to get into a fat place, and take all their family

"the ark of office." Now, as an offset to all these scandalous proceedings, the Invincibles, first premising that Saint Paul was "a shining and Christian Republican, 'and that "all men are, and were created, equal," pledge their "sacred honors" that they will, "to the bitter end, make war upon the insolence, the imbecility, and the flagrant injustice, the contempt of the popular the Southern States.

there also"—the "fat place" in question being

and the paramount necessity of the time is [ will that has ruled the actions of men who never were controlled by love of the people. This noble Declaration is a little mixed, when viewed from the syntactical standpoint; but for all that, it is easy to see that the Invincibles are dead in earnest, and have made up their minds to cause a great deal of troubie to the men who gave "the last stab to agonizing affection," who throw "rods of iron" around with perfect looseness, who "regard the masses of the people as Asses," and who finally, in defiance of Saint Paul and contempt of the equality of the races, get themselves into the "ark of office," simply because it is such a "fat place," and has accommodations for whole families.

From all this it will be seen that Scovel has two big jobs on hand. But with Susan B. Antlouy and Theodore Tilton to back him up in the onslaught upon generic mankind at large, and the doughty Invincibles of Camden to support him in the crusade against those shameless fellows over the river, it needs no prophet, nor son of a prophet, to divine the propitious result.

IN LANCASTER COUNTY, the stronghold of Republicanism, the Crawford county system of making nominations by a popular vote prevails, and Saturday last was the day set apart for these primary elections. As the records of the old members of the Legislature were thoroughly canvassed, it is believed that not one of them was renominated, while Billingfelt, the State Senator who exposed and resisted their extravagance, carried the county by a majority of nearly two thousand. There is no doubt that the Republicans of Philadelphia ought to have adopted the policy which their brethren in Lancaster county have enforced, but since they neglected to do this, it is not too late yet to throw our six Jonahs overboard. Every man of them ought to be defeated. Let the voters look out sharply for Stokes, Davis, Hong, Bunn, Cloud, and Adaire.

#### JAPAN.

The Capture of Hakodadi-Heroic Defense by the Rebels.

The Japan Times of July 12 gives an account of the fail of Hakodadi, by which the late civil war came to an end. On the 19th of June a very severe engagement occurred between the Toku-gawa refugees and the Imperial fleet, consisting of the Henda, the Kami-no-Kami, the Klang-a and another yessel, name not given, all led by the Stonewall. The fire was directed against the fort and the rebel war-vessel Eagle, and was answered with spirit. The Eagle was stranded, but not silenced during the battle.

On the 20th the Mikado fleet commenced an attack on the fort, while the troops advanced toward the breastworks. For four hours severe and continuous fire of great guns and musketry was kept up, and both sides fought with vigor and spirit. But superior to all in gunnery, in indomitable courage and inexhaustiole vigor, were distinguished the crew of the rebel ship Emperor. Beset by the whole of the Mikado fleet, menaced by the crushing ram of the Stonewalll, the especial mark of the welldirected fire of the Klangsu and the Henda, the little vessel, hardly larger than a yacht, was fought with heroic courage and dauntless reso-

One of the attacking fleet was blown up by a shell in her magazine, thrown by the Emperor, She sank immediately, and her crew struggled in the water, with more shell from the enemy bursting over their heads. The rules of civilized warfare were not observed by the rebels, and the sinking men were so far neglected by their friends that only twenty were saved. day progressed it was evident that the Tokugawa men were being overpowered. The Eagle and the Emperor were fired and blown up. town and acighboring villages and official houses were also fired. During the afternoon of June 21 the Mikado's troops and civil officers occupied the town, but the Fort Kamida still held 1400 desperate men. It was surrounded by Imperial troops, and on the 23d a message was received from its commander, Enomoto, proposing terms of surrender. The terms were rejected, and

Enomoto opened fire with rapidity.

Supplies were sent into the fort, during the night of the 23d, from some of the Mikado's The garrison was also allowed to replace men. guns in position, and enjoy other advantages, because the Imperial officers thought it was "inglorious to interfere with them in their starving condition." This absurdity is described as peculiarly Japanese. On the 25th the fort was surrendered after some fighting. On the 27th the Tokugawas were all disarmed. They were a motley crew—many of them lads of 17 or 18, and all very young. Their dress exhibited every possible variety of what seemed English of the worst description, in the dirtiest possible condition.

The number of executions will not be great. Seldom, says the Japan Gazette, has a revolution anywhere, certainly never in the East, been followed by so few political executions. Enomoto's crime, however, has been enormous; he is a traitor to his sovereign, a traitor to his chief, a renegade from his clan, and a robber of the public. He has caused much bloodshed and great loss to the country, and his punishment will doubtless be signal. On the 26th of July the Gazette had the following:—Politically, everything is quiet. The fleet has returned from Hakodadi, with a great portion of the troops on board, the rest coming down overland. As they arrive, they are despatched to their several provinces, and Yeddo will soon have only its ordinary garrison. The place seems to be filling fast again with its legitimate inhabitants. We wish we could add that its legitimate trade was also reviving.

# JEFF. DAVIS.

The Lion of Glasgow. The London Standard, of the 15th of August. chronicles the movements of Jefferson Davis

"Mr. Jefferson Davis is the lion of Glasgow and its vicinity just now, himself and party hav-ing established themselves in that city, and made several excursions in the neighborhood, On Wednesday, en route to Glasgow, they passed through Dunfermline, and visited the Abbey church and ruins. Mr. Davis then paid a visit to Stirling, and left for Callander in the evening. The news soon spread that the ex-President was in the town, and as he left per train in the evening three hearty cheers were given by the large concourse of people congregated on the platform. Mr. Davis afterwards visited Dollar. At Glasgow he visited the Exchange, where, in expectation of a visit, there was crowded attendance. The assemblage opened passage in the centre of the hall, up to which Mr. Davis walked, and at the end of the room entered his name in the visitors' book. On leaving the building Mr. Davis was loudly cheered. The shipbuilding yard of the Messrs.

Napier & Govan was also visited, after which the variety returned to the residence of Mr. the party returned to the residence of Mr. Smith. Benyne, Dowanhill, On Thursday Mr. Dayls, with Dr. Charles Mackay, left Glasgow Davis, with Dr. Charles Mackay, left Glasgow for Oban. Mr. Smith and a number of friends accompanied him some distance down the Clyde. On leaving the Broomlelaw quay, where there was a large concourse of persons, Mr Davis was followed by loud cheers, which he acknowledged by raising his hat and bowing repeatedly. A similar demonstration was accorded him at Casarack Dancon Innellan, Rothesay, and Greenock, Dunoon, Innellan, Rothesay, and Tighnabruaich, the crowds who were assembled at the different piers exhibiting an eager desire to have a sight of the famous ex-President of

#### SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR THE SUMMER.—TO PREVENT sunburn and all discolorations and irritations of the skin, bites of mosquitoes or other insects, use Wright's Alcomated Glycerine Tablet. It is deliciously fragrant, transparent, and has no equal as a toilet soap. For sale by draggists generally. R. & G. A. WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street. REPUBLICAN MASS MEETINGS ... THE UNION REPUBLICAN STATE OF NTRAL COM MITTEE have made arrangements for MASS MEETINGS Troy, Bradford county. Towanda,
Honesdale, Wayne county.....
Kittanning, Armstrong county..... Beaver, Beaver county. Bradford, Bradford county. Somerset, Somerset county. The meetings at Troy, Towanda, and Honesdale will be addressed by Governor J. W. Geary, Hon. John Scott, and

Hon, W. D. Kelley Governor O. P. Morton of Indiana, Hon John A. Bingbam of Ohio, and Hon. Wayne McVeigh of Pennsylvania will address the meeting at Pittsburg JOHN COVODE, Chairman.

GEO. W. HAMEBSLEY, M. O. QUAY, W. J. P. WHITE, S. F. GWINNER, UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVE-

NUE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

FOURTH DISTRICT, PENNSYLVANIA,
CORNER OF ELEVENTH AND RIDGE AVENUE.

PROLADELPHIA, Aug. 5, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Income Tax for 1848 will be due and payable at this office between AU.
CUST 10 and SEPTEMISER 1, 1889, after which the legal renalties will be added. No further notice will be given.
Office hours between 8 A. M. and 3 P. M.

HORATIO G. SICKEL,
8 25 3t

Collector Fourth District, Penus.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVEnue, Collector's Office, First District, Pennsyl-

vania.

PHILADELPHIA, August 28, 1860.

NOTICE—INTERNAL REVENUE.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sate, on THURS-DAY, Sept. 9, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 114 WILLOW Street, the following distillery, apparatus, and appurtenances, viz.—

1 Steam Eegine and Boilers, Mash Tubs, Copper Pumps, Office Furniture, etc.

The said articles are seized and distrained upon for nam payment of taxes, etc., due United States Internal Revenue.

James N. Kerns, 828 lot Deputy Collector and Distraining Officer.

U.S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. U. S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

—An appropriation (\$50,000) having been made by Congress for purchasing

AFTIFICIAL LIMBS FOR OFFICERS of the United States Army and Navy mutilated in the service, application may now be made, in person or by letter, by officers entitled to the benefit of the act, and who desire the best Artificial Limbs, to

Dr. B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist,

No. 1649 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia,

No. 678 BROADWAY, New York,

No. 81 GREEN Street, Boston.

5 125 Offices for Supplying Army and Navy Officers.

BEF OFFICE RECEIVER OF TAXES. TO TAXPAYERS.—Notice is hereby given that after the 1st day of September a penalty of One Per Cent. will be added to all City Taxes then unpaid.
On and after the 55th instant this office will be open from 9 to 5 o'clock.

JOHN M. MELLOY.

Firet, is selling Stock & Co.'s and Haines Bros'.
Planes and Meson & Hamilu's Oabinet Organs seering as

YANKEE GREEN CORN CUTTERS. for table and kitchen use, give you the healthy pulp without the indigestible bull. Various styles and prices, from 25 cents up, for sale at all the house-furnish

DR. F. R. THOMAS, THE LATE OPErator of the Colton Dental Association, is now the only one in Philadelphia who devotes his entire time and practice to extracting teeth, absciutely without pain, by tresh nitrous oxide gas. Office, 1027 WALNUT St. 1 265 JOSE POEY.

Medico-Cirujano de la Universidad de la Habana recibe consultas de 9 a 11 de la manana y de 3% a 6 de la tarde en an oficina calle Nueve (sud) No. 735. Residencia on in calle de Green, No. 1817. DR. JOSEPH POEY, Graduate of the University of Habana (Cuba), has re-

moved his office to No. 735 S. Ninth street. Residence, No. 1817 Green street. Office hours-9 to H A. M. 336 to 6 P. M.

JAMES M. SCOVEL, CAMDEN. N. J. Collections made averywhere in New Jersey. 612491

### CLOTHING.

# READY FOR THE FALL.

# ROCKHILL & WILSON

To-day make their bow to an appreciative public in view of the

CLOSING SUMMER AND THE OPEN-ING FALL.

TO-DAY WE BEGIN TO REALIZE that though the AUGUST SUN still shines POWERFULGY in the daytime, the pleasant influence of his beams IS A THING OF THE PAST, when NIGHTFALL comes on, and the DEWS OF EVENING are upon US. Let us, therefore, put on our

LIGHT FALL OVERCOATS.

To keep off rheumatism.

FINE CHEVIOT FALL SACKS,

To defend against the dews of night.

OF GORGEOUS COLORS, OF RARE STYLES OF FINISH,

BEAUTIFUL CASSIMERE SUITS

OF EXQUISITE WORKMANSHIP.

The Gentlemen of Philadelphia, And their Boys, Boys, Boys,

Are respectfully welcome

TO THE

GREAT BROWN STONE HALL

TO LOOK AT

### FALL GOODS

### ROCKHILL & WILSON,

NOS. 603 AND 605 CHESNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA.

ESTATE OF JOHN W. GRIGG.—LETTERS

Lestamentary having been granted by the Register of the city and coumy of Philadelphia upon the will of JOHN W. GRIGG, deceased, all persons having claims on the deceased are requested to notify the Executors, and all persons indebted are requested to make payment to

GEORGE W. HIDDLE.

No. 208 S. FIFTH Street,
CHARLES R. DUNN.
No. 226 WALNUT Street,
Executors. LEGAL NOTICES.

### HATS AND OAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTI-

#### THE BEST CALIFORNIA WINES.

California, Hock, Claret and Sparkling,

for Table Use. California Port and Brandy, for Medi-

cinal Purposes. California Angelica and Muscatell, the Finest Ladies' Wines.

# PERKINS, STERN & CO.'S.

Nos. 14 and 16 VESEY Street, New York, No. 108 TREMONT Street, Boston,

And Nos. 34 and 36 LA SALLE Street, Chicago, For sale in Philadelphia by SIMON COLTON & CLARKE.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, CRIPPEN & MADDOCK. BULLOCK & CRENSHAW, RISK & MUSSON, WRIGHT & SIDDALL. ROBERT BLACK & SON. THOMPSON BLACK'S SON & CO., JAMES R. WEDR. By A. H. HAYWARD, Germantown,

EWEN & BRO., Camden, New Jersey, PHILADELPHIA, July 23, 1869.

Messrs. Perkins, Stern & Co.—The Wines furnished us from time to time by your house have given entire satisfaction to customers, and are now staple article in our trade. We are pleased to be say that we consider them entirely SIMON COLTON & CLARKE. Truly yours.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23, 1869. Messrs. Perkins, Stern & Co.—Your Wines have become a staple article of merchandise with us, and give our customers universal satisfaction. From such examination as we have given them, and the reports we hear of them, we have no doubt of their strict purity. Respectfully, JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 23, 1869.

Messrs. Perkins, Stern & Co.—Our experience with
your Wines and Brandles reaches back almost to the four wines and Brandies reaches back almost to the introduction of the goods to the people of the Atlantic States. We have taken pains, at different times, to submit them to scientific men for examination, and, from their reports, and the growing demand, we believe them pure and know them to give satisfaction. Yours, very truly. 8 2 mwf 2m EWEN & BROTHER.

EXCURSIONS.

READING RAILROAD.—PARK ACCOMMO DATION TRAIN—Between Philadelphia and Belmont, commencing August 9, 1869. Starting from station SEVENTEENTH Street and PENNSYLVANIA Avenue and stopping at Coates street (Park entrance), Brown street (Park entrance), Thompson street, Mifflin Lane (Entrance to Engel & Wolf's Farm), and east end of Co lumbia Bridge (Entrance to Washington Retreat).

(DAILY, BUNDAYS EXCEPTED.) rains start from Seven-Trains start from Belmont teenth and Pennsylvania At 6 30 A. M.

Arrangements have been made with the Green and Coates Streets, Seventeenth and Nineteenth Streets, and

Union Passenger Railways to sell exchange tickets in connection with above trains, good either way, for 13 Single fares, on Park Accommodation Train, 10 cents. Tickets in Packages-7 for 50 cents, 14 for \$1'00.

For sale at offices, Seventeenth street, Coates stree J. LOWRIE BELL, 86 22t FIFTH GRAND EXCURSION

AROUND NEW YORK BAY AND STATEN ISLAND,

with Prof. McCLURG'S celebrated Cornet Band and Orchestra. Leaving Philadelphia, Walnut Street Wharf, On THURSDAY, September 2, at 7:30 A. M.

FARE FOR THE EXCURSION: Tickets can be procured at the offices, Nos. 811 and 828 CHESNUT street, United States Hotel, foot of Walnut street, and at the wharf on the morn-

EXCURSION TRIP TO CAPE
MAY, on THURSDAY, September 2.—The
fine new steamer LADY OF THE LAKE
with make an excursion and her last trip to Cape May on
THURSDAY, leaving ARCH Street wharf at 9 A. M. and
return on Friday. Excursion tickets, including carriage
hire, \$250; each way, including carriage hire, \$250; 83:38

EXCURSIONS ON THE SCHUYL-KILL.-A steamer leaves Fairmount for Falls of Schuylkill EVERY FORTY-FIVE MINUTES during the day. Steamers run every day in the week. The Green and Coates Streets Passenger Railway Company exchange tickets with the boats. 828 tf

DAILY EXCURSIONS 10 DEverly, Burlington, and Bristol, by the steam boat JOHN A. WARNER. Leaves Philader phia, Chesnut street wharf, at 2 and 6 o'clock P. M. Returning, leaves Bristol at 6'50 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Stopping each way at Riverten, Torresdale, Andalusia, Beverly, and Burlington. Fare 25 cents. Excur 7.3 3m DAILY EXCURSIONS TO BE-

GLOUCESTER POINT.—GO YOUR self and take the family to this cool, delight GLOUCESTER POINT .- GO YOUR New steamers, with every comfort, leave SOUTH Street Slip daily, every few minutes. 618 km² FINANCIAL.

#### DREXEL & NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET, American and Foreign BANKERS,

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R E M O V A L.—
CHICKERING GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANOS,
REMOVED O
Nes. 1126 and 1128 CHESNUT STREET.
WILLIAM H. DUTTON, ALBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT,

FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES. Full guarantee and moderate prices.

825 WAREROOMS, No. 610 ARCH Street. DEAFNESS.—EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT DEAFNESS.—EVERT INSTACTORS the hearing in every degree of dearness; also, Respirators; also, Crandall's Patent Crutches, superior to any others in use, at MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below 2 srp

Chesnuz.

RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish, RODGERS' and WADEA BUTO-LER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOLTRE RAZOR SCISSORS the finest quality.

Razers Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below Chesnut, 285pt.

#### WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES

Are the Best, and are Sold on the Eastest Term PETERSON & CARPENTE

GENERAL AGENTS.

No. 914 CHESNUT Street, PHILADELPHI

#### FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAL CHAMPION

PHILADELPHIA, August 27, 186 MESSES. FARREL, BERRING & CO. Gentlemen: -- In the year 1856 I unfortunately in business in the artisan Building, which was stroyed by fire on the 10th of April. I had then use what I supposed was a Fire-Proof Safe, but up opening it I found everything destroyed, and

burning therein.

You will recollect, gentlemen, there was sever of your Safes in that fire, also several in the fire Sixth and Commerce streets, the next May, weeks afterwards, all of which upon being ope proved they were fire-proof indeed, for I witness the opening of the most of them, and in every co the contents were preserved, while Safes of makers were partially or entirely destroyed. I once concluded to have something that I could pend upon, and purchased one of your Safes. The safe I purchased of you at that time was so jected to a white heat (which was witnessed by se

eral gentlemen that reside in the neighborhood) the destruction of my Marbie Paper factory, Wallace street, on the afternoon and evening of 24th inst. After digging the safe from the ruin and opening it this morning. I was much pleased to find everything, consisting of books, papers, mone and silverware, all right. I shall want another your safes as soon as I can get a place to continu my business in. I could not rest contented with an other make of safes.

> CHARLES WILLIAMS. Marble Paper Manufacturer.

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PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18, 1869.

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BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA SALT FISH COMPANY, - AND

PHILADELPHIA AND BAST INDIA COCOANUT COMPANY.

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FROM THE LATE FIRE AT NINTH AND WAL-LACE STREETS.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26, 1869. MESSES, J. WATSON & SON :-In the destructive fire that occurred at Ninth and

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