### CITY INTELLIGENCE.

#### COMMERCIAL.

The Foreign, Constwise and Inland Trade of Philadelphia During the Month of May, 1869.

"She twenty-seventh monthly report of the Deputy Special Commissioner of the Revenue has now been ssued, and from it we compile some interesting and valuable statistics concerning the commerce of the

port of Philadelphia. In the following table are given the foreign commedities imported, re-experted, warehoused, withdrawn from warehouse, and remaining in warehouse, together with the value of domestic exports curing the month of May, 1869; the imports being placed at their sworn specie valuation at the foreign place of exportation, the re-exports mainly at their specie vame, and the domestic exports at their sworn currency value:-

\$2,496,550	Imports
200	Re-experts Domestic experts
	Warehoused:  Direct importations.
a,531,922 and ton-	Withdrawn from warehouse:  For exportation.  For transportation.  For consumption.  Remaining in warehouse at end of month.  The following table shows the number

	perfession reports	FloreGain Visionles			Tirlet
May		59 52 183	Tons, 15,880 39,230	760. 145 197	42,14 191,45
The followinge of vesse port of Philad and in the first	ng tables is in the l	hows oregr	trante c	ber a	I SEC. Little

Total. No. Dor. 55 17,025 115 33,349 No. 79 253 May ... 24 8,973 4 months . 138 46,437 23,998 79,756 5 months .162 55,410 170 50,574 102 105,741 The following table shows the number and tonnage of vessels in the coastwise trade entered and cleared at the port of Philadelphia during the month of May, 1869, and in the first five months of 1869;— Entered. Chart.

Msy 95 34,339 200 125,736 430 169,482 The following table shows the total tonnage of the vessels, both in the foreign and coastwise trade, entered and cleared at the port of Philadelphia during the month of May, 1869, and in the first five mouths

May 248 76,517 of months 502 224,162 210 60,744 552 205,522 ..... 885 300,679 762 275,200 

The commercial transactions of the port of Phili-delphia with the leading countries of the world during the month of May, 1863, is shown by the fol-

Great Britain British America Spain Cuba and Porto Other West Ind Holland and Be	Hico, 1,968,674 les 20,042	8120, 229 7, 770 21, 678 165, 547 145, 621 280, 633	Re-expects, \$980 16
Hamburg and E France Brazil	remen 11,815	182,939 29,408	1111
All others,	Annual Contract Contr	\$1,134,119	8996
FESTIVE GE	RMANS, -To-day	the beer-	brewers of

this city are celebrating their annual excursion of feast at Engel & Wolf's Farm. Hundreds are on the grounds participating in the enjoyments, and spreading themselves in pleasure as only Germans know how. Of course the wives and children of the celevants are present, adding in the jolity of the time. Prior to opening the festivities at the farm a procession, long, novel, and pretty, of the excursionists was made through a number of our principal streets. rough a number of our principal streets. As the cortege of horsemen and carriages—for none were on foot—passed along Chesnut street, it presented a spectacle gratifying to the lover of "lager," disheartening to the temperance man—the lover of water. Each carriage, beer-wagen, or other vehicle in the line was gaily and freshly ornamented and almost hidden under green trees, bushes, and garlands, while the horses that drew them, curried and smooth, stepped proudly to the music of the band which led the way. Some of the wagons had neat canoples over them, under which the gay Teutons sat in shaded satisfaction smoking a cheroot or sipping a glass of that beve-rage which makes one fat. A couple of kings were ne, both named Gambrinus, one of them of a horse at the head of the procession. the other astraddle of a mossy beer-keg at the rear The first was grave, the latter gay; the first felt the dignity of his purple robe, the latter shock his rotand legs to the smiles of the spectators. Several carriages were filled with white-robed children. The female part of the excursion had preceded the parade to she "Farm." They're now dancing it on

SWINDLED.—At nine o'clock last evening two strangers entered the Baltimore depot. They were without money. One offered his watch for sale. An individual profered seven dollars, which the stranger accepted. He was given what was sup-posed to be a five dollar note, and was taken to Broad and Fitzwater streets, where he was to remain outside until the purchaser got the other two dollars. He did remain, only to find that he had been completely swindled. The note he held proved to be a wree dollar bid on the Bullion Bank, Washington, D. C., long sluce deceased. The swindlers

AN ALLEGED LOTTERY PLACE BROKEN UP. Sergeaut Heiss, with four men of the Tenth district, vesterday afternoon made a raid on a house at No. (14 Thompson street, which was alleged to have been devoted to the purposes of a lottery-policy shop. The proprietor, Christian Renner, and his wife Frederica, were taken into custody, and on being given a hearing before Ablerman Eggleton, were bound over in \$1500 bail for trial. One white man and five negroes were also arrested in the place, and they were held for trial in \$500 bail. All the books, sapers, etc., were taken in charge by the raiding

A RECEIVER CAPTURED.—Frederick Smith is the keeper of a junk-shop on Tenth street, below Coates. Two lads were arrested on Saturday evining at Second and Arch streets for stealing tin from Porters the transfer of the control of the ter's tinware establishment. From information re-ceived, the stolen property was found at Smith's shop. He was taken before Alderman Williams, who held him to answer the charge of receiving stoler

MEAN WORK.—Lieutenant Campbell resterday found a flock of sheep wandering through the streets in the Fifth district. It seems that they had separated from a drove, and had been placed under the charge of a colored lad, who had been frightened away by a number of roughs, who scattered the sheep through the Fifth district. Lieutenant Campanate and the colored lad, detail of men and bell hearing of the matter, took a detail of men and collected the animals together again.

A YOUTHFUL THLE-TAFFER.—Jame Gallagher, aged fourleen years, with a little comrade, yesterday afternoon amused themselves by playing in and around a dry goods store at Seventeenth and Market streets, until they saw a chance, when they relieved the money drawer of \$7. Lieutemant Geroke arrested the lads and found the money on them. Gallagher, who seems to have been the prime mover, was held by Alderman Bettler in \$4500 halt to answer. by Alderman Beitler in \$400 ball to answer.

HIGHWAY ROBBERS, John Taylor and David Beard yesterday were arrested at Fourth and Shippen streets for larceny. It appears that a drunken fellow was lying on the pavement in that vicinity, who had \$107 in one of his boots. The prisoners, it is alleged, pulled off the leathers and pocketed the cash. They will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon. tion this afternoon.

CARELESS DRIVING .- Michael McCarty, the driver of the vehicle which ran over the boy James Armstrong, at Mascher and Master streets, has been held for reckless driving, by Alderman Eggleton, in

CHILD KILLED ON A BARQUE. This morning a child was killed on the barque Haron, lying at Callowhill street wharf, by a spar. Coroner Daniels

held an inquest. MAD Doo Shor.—A mad dog was shot yesterday on Tenth street, above Thompson, Tac animal had snapped at several small children.

The Death of Joseph Birlinger Coroner's Investigation.

This morning at 10 o'clock Coroner Daniels held an inquest upon the body of Joseph Birlinger, who came to his death by a fall from a window of the house No. 10 South Tenth street, on Sunday morning

nouse No. 10 South Tenth street, on Sunday morning last.

The evidence was as follows:—
Police Officer John Kirk swern—About twenty minutes before 4 o'clock on the morning of the 8th inct. was standing at Tenth and Market streets, when a citizen informed me that a man was lying on the pavement in Tenth street; went there and necked him my he exhibited signs of life; he was recognized by the wife and daughter of the man who kept inc bause on the pavement of which the body was lying, as a boarder in that house.
Police Officer William is Murchison sworn—Saw a crowd standing on Tenth size 2, below Market, went there and found a man bing on the pavement; I supposed him to be dead; I knocked at the nature and aked the innates if they know the man; they said yes, he boarded in the house; I had the innates a rested; the door of the room occupied by the inna was no baked.
Police Officer McCalliers sworn—Corroborated the foregoing testimony, and said that he examined the premises; the window from which the can fell was half up; some tumblers and a pitcher was canding near it; there were two beds in the room; there was no sign of a scriffic in the room; the landlord of the bases didn't know the man's name.

Joseph Schnell, No. 10 S. Tenth street, sworn—I only

Police Officer McC-shear going testimony, and said a the window from which it has been also been also been also been also been the room, the room, the landlord of the name.

Joseph Schnell, No. 10 saw the deceased once; on to bed without knowing want; about 5 o'clock madeer, and told me that we knocking it went down also bis face was swellen and bloome, he came to my house my wife and daughter room the room with him, the dow; there were no eights had any conversation with his circumstances. . Tenth street, sworn-I only S. Feath street, sworn—I only be night in question we went for the dengased was in or a k knocked at the bed-room cloth recognize the man, as dy, and as I had only een him a the preceding Wednesday and thim; another man slept was not far from the wing was not far from the wing struggle in the room; never he man; know nothing about

weding, sworn. The deceased Wedesday; he was brought rections; I knew him to be in but know whether he was a came to car house there and I asked has

the house, that is all I don't know whether he was a drinking man.

Samuel Harifon swore. Live No. 19 South Tenth street; met the deceased sitting on the step last Saturday night. I could see that he had been drinking; we went down Tenth street and had sone drinks; he got so tight that I could hardly get him also. Se didn't know where he was the said he wasn't in the right street; hadly he got himse. I got him to his twent, and bade him good might at the door; don't see thin get in bed; he was pretty drink. I writ to hed and was awakened by the rattle of the policemen on the payment. To must have gone to the window at throw up or something else and fallen out; he couldn't have been in bed leng.

George Harrifer, swore. Corroborated the preceding

wern Corroborated the preceding he was in bed at the time the de-saw him at supper on that evening; he deceased's condition when he

knew nothing about the deceased's condition when he came home.

William W. Fredericks sworn—Keep a cigar store No. 7.

S. Tenth street I took the deceased to Mrs. Schall's halve. I mot him on the whar i, never saw him before; he asked me to show him to a boarding house, he said he was from Switzerland; that he had lately come from transfer, he came to my store one day, and saying that he was short of taxoney wanted to soil me his watch.

F. R. Farleigh sworn—I went to bed about 11 o'clock on the night inconstitent; previous to my going to bed I had gone to a salcon with the deceased and Mr. Harrien and got sworal dr. Ms.; I then went home and went to bed, knew nothing then of the accident till I was awakened by Mr. Schnell knecking for admission at my door; I didn't hear the deceased came into the room, he had been sleeping there; his bed was next to the window; the deceased had told me that he came from Trenton; I had never noticed liquor on him before that night.

Dr. Shapleigh sworn—Made a post-morrom examination of the body of the deceased, the injuries were such as one would receive in falling trans a height—as from a window; there were no marks about the body indicating a struggle; large clots of blood were pressing on the brain; he came to his death from compresses of the brain.

The jury rendered the fedlowing yerdlet;—
That the said Joseph Birlinger came to his death

That the said Joseph Birlinger came to his deatl by accidentally falling from the third-story windo of the premises No. 10 South Tenth street.

#### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Brewster THE ALDERMEN IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

This morning Judge Brewster had before him a number of Aldermen whom the records showed to have been delinquent in the matter of returning to the District Attorney the cases of those persons whom they committed to prison to await trial upon oriminal accusations. The consequence of this is evident, for, though a defendant committed for trial be ever so innocent, yet, if the magistrate falls to return his case to the District Attorney, the latter has no knowledge of it by which he might bring it to the Grand Jury, and the poor prisoner pines away in his cell, untried and unnoticed, until he is by accident brought to the attention of some of the officials.

Alderman Tittermary was called, and the Judge informed him that months become appeared to informed him that upon the record appeared the name of John Denan, committed by him on the 20th of July, and he was still in prison, with no return to the District Attorney's office.

The Alderman repited that he committed Denan

upon the date mentioned, upon complaint of his wife, who charged him with beating her on the 2511 wife, who charged aim with occasing her on the Estim of the month; she withdrew the complaint, and he ordered his discharge. He knew that the prisoner had been released upon his order, for on the follow-ing day he was at his office drunk, saying that he had been again sued before another alderman, and wanted to get his (Tittermary's) transcript. He was, therefore, glad to inform his Honor that the record this time made a mistake in representing that Denan was in prison under his commitment. This was a satisfactory explanation, and Mr. Tit-

ermury was dismissed. termany was dismissed.

Alderman Shoemaker was next before his Honor, and informed that the record against him was that Edward K. Albert was committed on the 24th of July. The Alderman stated that the prisoner had been committed for a further hearing, and to await the result of injuries inflicted by him upon one Philipsed and the prisoner had been committed for a further hearing, and to await the result of injuries inflicted by him upon one Philipsed and the prisoner had been controlled to the control by the principal ball for the further hearing. Charles Patrick: he entered bail for the further hear ing, which occurred on the seventh of this mo last Saturday, when he was committed for trial. Judge said this was all right, and dismissed the Alderman with a request that he would at once send in the case to the District Attorney, if he had not

already returned II. Alderman Kerr was next told the case of John McCormick, committed on July 25, stood against him. Mr Kerr said that he had made return to the District Attorney, and that if his transcript was not in Mr. Sheppard's office, it was the result of a simple mistake, and not of negligence. He did not take the returns to the District Attorney himself in person, but usually sent them by one of his officers, and this return might have been misplaced by him.

The Judge said there was another case before him which was that of Charles Moore, committed on the 25th of July. The Alderman answered that the pri-soner had been charged with two thefts, and, in de of ball, had been committed for a further hear Upon promising that he would make his acing. counts straight as soon as he returned to his office

he was also dismissed.

Alderman Benkert was asked to clear up the case of a weman committed by him on July 25, which he did successfully by sayior that she had been discharged by him and committed by another magistrate, and his name upon the commitment was an

error.
Alderman Bonsali was reminded that Dennis McBride, committed July 15; Frank Sullivan, committed July 27; and Ann Dongan, committed July 21, were on the record to his account. He said that he had made the proper returns in the two last cases out as to McBride's case he certainly was under the impression that he had made return; so thorough thin he believe it, that if Colonel Dechert had no sent for it he probably never would have returned i Just what the Judge complained of.) He did no hink it was neglect or forgetfulness on his part, but imply a mistake. His Honor said to the magistrate:—You gentle

men who neglect thus to return your cases are just as much at fault as the poor creatures whom you commit, and more so than they, because you are educated gentlemen, and sworn to your duty, and they are not. By such conduct on your part the District Attorney is unable to carry on the business, for which he is blamed by the public, the court is for which he is blamed by the public, the court 1 also charged with a want of zeal, and the jurors who are brought here from their homes and counting houses ask why they are detained without having a ness to engage them. It is becomen to act thus, an very wrong in the they make themselves hable to prosecution; and after a while, if this is continued, it will become after a while, if this is continued, it will be some necessary for the Court to bind some of them over the answer before a jury. If they are not able that the continued of them over the taken it; if they do take it, they must make their the taken it; if they do take it, they must make their o the consequences. If a day to return a case, the here is no surely that

therefore they ought to return each day's cases before retiring to bed at night.

Alderman White was found in default to the ex-tent of one prisoner, Richard Mitchell, committed on July 30, and, offering no other plea than forget fulness, the remarks just addressed to Mr. Bonsall were amplied to big.

were applied to him.

A number of other Aldermen were summored tied to put in an appearance, and process was issued for them.

PRISON CASES. Fliza Leary, a Vagrant woman, was convicted of entering a lady's house and stealing therefrom clothing, etc., valued at ten dollars. Howard Williams, colored, caught in the act of taking a coat in the belaware Avenue Market, was

convicted of an attempt to steal.

John D. Vanderbilt, a boy, pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a number of tools from his em-

Patrick McKenna was convicted of the larceny of a horse, dray, and barrel of sugar, which he drove off while the driver was temporarily absent in a

neighboring house.

William Smith, a one-armed newspaper vendor, was convicted of stealing a pocket-book containing \$25, which Mr. Joshua Clendenning accidentally dropped in car, and the prisener slyly picked up.

### THIRD EDITION

## WASHINGTON

Secretary Robeson to Inspect the Navy Yards-General Sherman to Look into the Condition of the Forts -The Cabinet and Cuban Affairs-Why Senator Ramsey Pays His Own Expenses in

How it is that Scuator Ramsey Travels in Europe at His Own Expense.

Europe.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Washington, Aug. 10 .- The statement that Senator Ramsey is travelling in Europe as plain Mr. Ramsey, of Minnesota, and at his own expense, is only partially true. He sought of the Postmaster-General a foreign diplomatic posttion, and to concillate him-Mr. Ramsey being Chairman of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads-Mr. Creswell finally consented to commission him to negotiate a postal treaty with France. When Mr. Ramsey inquired what salary would be attached to the orlice, he was informed by Mr. Creswell that the best he could do under existing laws was to allow him the pay of a special mail agent. The Senator declared that this would not pay the repenses of his family, and it was then decided to le ive the question of pay open, with the nuderstanding that it would be recommended to Concress next winter to allow Mr. Ramsay regular diplomatic pay as remuneration for his distinguished services in trying to negotiate a postal treaty with France. Thus it is that Mr. Ramsey s travelling in Europe at his own expense.

Cabinet Affairs.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, Washington, Aug. 10 .- At the Cabinet meeting to-day all the members were present except Messrs. Boutwell and Hoar. The former was represented by Assistant Secretary Richardson and the latter by Mr. Field, Assistant Attorney-General, Of all the Cabinet officers Mr. Fisk seemed to have the largest budget, and speculation is busy providing all sorts of themes for Cabinet consideration. There is little doubt but that Cuban and Spanish affairs will be the most important subject for consideration.

The New Mexican Envoy. J. Mariscal, the new Minister from Mexico. was not presented to-day, owing to the fact that the President having just arrived in the city; was not ready to receive him. He will probably have an audience to-morrow morning.

The Navy Vards to be Inspected. This evening Secretary Robeson, Admiral Porter, and General Sherman will leave Annapolis n the Tallapoosa, on a tour of inspection of the navy yards lying between Norfolk and Portland, Maine. Secretary Robeson and Admiral Porter will examine the navy yards, while General Sherman will look into the condition of the forthications. Robeson wants it understood that the trip is purely one of official business and not of pleasure, as he don't believe in taking pleasure trips at the expense of the Government.

A Cool Debtor. Among the distinguished names of Government debtors, according to the books of the Third Auditor, is that of General Thomas Jordan. At the breaking out of the Rebellion General Jordan was Captain and Assistant Quartermaster in the regular army, but resigned his commission, and subsequently was appointed Chief of Staff in General Beauregard's command. He left the army indebted to the Government in the sum of \$22,000, and when last heard from was commanding one of the wings of the insur-

In reply to a letter of the Third Auditor, General Jordan merely acknowledged the receipt of the letter, and informed the auditor that any communication would reach him if sent to Newark, New Jersey, but failed to date his letter. In view of the uncertainty of the correspondence, the subject has been dropped for the present. The list of delinquent army officers who joined the Confederacy comprises the names of forty-seven prominent generals. General Lec is one exception. The Mexican Claims Commission

met at 10 o'clock this morning, and has been sitting with closed doors for the purpose of choosing an ampire. Thus far, no agreement has been reached.

### FROM NEW YORK.

Those Unfortunate Brokers Sentenced. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Aug. 10.-Judge Cardozo to-day inflicted the following sentences on the brokers who were indicted before him for usury:-E. R. Jones, \$250 fine: David M. Morrison, Morris Fitch, \$250 fine; Knight, \$500 fine; Russel Sage, \$200 fine and five days in the City Prison; R. W. Howes, \$500 fine: Charles A. Maeey, \$200 on each of the indictments; George Phillips and E. R. Jones, \$250 fine each; George Watts, \$25; fine and ten days in the City Prison. This latter sentence was made harsher on the ground that Watts had been defiant of the law.

The Money and Stock Markets.

New York, Aug. 10.—The money market is easy at 6@5 on call. Cable advices relative to crops, showing an advance of prices on Ameri-can wheat in Europe, caused a fall in gold. which ranged between 135%, 34, to %. Ship-ment per Cambria this afternoon, 850,000. The stock market is dull and heavy, the only move-ment being in Northwest, which sold at  $91/\epsilon_0 =$ 92. Governments are steady. Foreign exchange is firm and without change. The failure of Bowers. Beekman & Co. erippled the discount market, which is dull.

The New York Stock Market. The New York Stock Market.

New York, Aug. 10.—Stocks Steady. Money stead):
at 6@7 per cent. Gold, 156%; 15-20s, 1882, coupon, 123 4;
do. 1864, do., 123 4; do. 1865, do., 123 4; do. do. new, 122 4; do. 1867, 122 4; 10. 40s, 116 4; Virginia sixes, new, 60 5; Cambo Company, 58; Camberland preferred, 34 6; New York Central, 21 4; Eric, 28 14; Reading, 9 14; Hauson River, 186 4; Michigan Scuthern, 185 4; Hilmos Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 185 4; Hilmos Central, 141; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 1973; Cateago and Rock Island, 117; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 153 6; Western Union Telegraph, 38. 153%; Western Union Telegraph, is,

The New York Produce Market. The New York Produce Market.

New York, Aug. 10.—Cotton quiet and steady;
200 bales sold at 332. Flour quiet and without decided change; sales of 15,000 barrels. Wheat easier;
sales of 46,000 busilels. No. 2 at \$14003145; amber
Western, \$17506145. Corn steady; sales of 57,000
bushels at \$14100147. Oats heavy at 78c. Beef
quiet. Pork dull at \$33425. Lard quiet and quotations are nominal. Whisky quiet.

### FROM THE WEST.

The Recent Eclipse. CINCINNATI, Aug. 10.—This morning J. Locke reports that the total cellipse commenced at Nicholasville, Ky., at 5:22 P. M. and ended at 5:25. Professor Campbell, at New Albany, Ind. reports total obscuration at 5-26; duration, minutes. The mercury in the thermometer

sunk 11 degrees. Charges Against a Revenue Officer. The investigation of the case of General Young, supervisor of internal revenue, is now n progress in this city. It is rumored that fourteen charges have been preferred against him; and that he has demanded the privilegs of having his-testimony published, which demand has been

## FROM BALTIMORE.

The Escape of the Harnden Express Robbers Recovery of Bodies.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10.—No tidings had been heard yet of Thomas Hoffman and Edward Dennis, two of the Harnden Express robbers. awaiting trial, who, with five others, escaped from the City Jall last night by breaking the walls and scaling the enclosures. It is said Hoffman generally, when endeavoring to clude detection, paints black, representing a negro. He has T. H. initials, his name in india lnk on, his hand,

The bodies of young Lee and his uncles, the two Sewells, lately drowned in Bush river, have been recovered.

been recovered.

The Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore, Aug. 10.—Cotton quiet at 33½ cents, Flour fairly active at an advance of 25 cents on medium and lower grades. Howard street superfine, \$6.25.26.75; do. extra, \$7.08; do. family, \$8.25.29; City milis superfine, \$6.25.26; do. extra, \$7.08-25; do. family, \$8.25.29; City milis superfine, \$6.25.26.20; do. extra, \$7.06-175; do family, \$8.08-50. Wheat firm; red, \$1.00.2170. Corn steady; white, \$1.10. Oats weak at 58.261 cents. Ryc, \$1.20. Mess Port. \$24.26.00. Bacon active; rio sides, 191.26.19.00.; clear do., 19%; shoulders, 161.20. Hams, 24 cents. Lard, 191.20.20. Whisky dull at 201.15.

Robbery of Sewelry. Wat.role, N. H., Aug. 10.—Kendall's lewelry store was robbed of \$300 worth of stock last night.

FROM EUROPE. This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, Aug. 10-P. M .- Consols for money, 92 for account, 22%. U. S. Five-twenties quiet a' Sty., Stocks dull: Hinois Central, 24%; Atlantic and Stocks dull: Hilrois Central, 240;; Adames and Great Western, 2336.

Liverpool, Aug. 10—P. M.—Receipts of Wheat at Liverpool for the past three days these quarters, of which those are American. Catherina white Wheat, 118, 3d; real Western, ios. 2d. Cotn. 298, 6d. Peas, 288. Bacon, 658. Lard, 118. Pork, 1098.

HAVER, Aug. 10.—Cotten quiet and steady.

Liverpool, Aug. 10—2 P. M.—Manchester advices are less favorable, but do not jaffect the cotton market.

#### CUBA.

The Governor of Hayana on Self-government-Vain Calls for Troops.

A correspondent, on the 1st instant, writes from Hayana:—What I am about to state respecting the proposition of autonomy came from the lips of Mr. Lopez Roberts, the Governor of Havana, and it may be regarded as authoritative. The Captain-General received a telegram from Madrid authorizing him to send a commis sion to the insurgent chiefs, and to offer them. on condition of dispersing and laying down their arms, autonomy. But the Governor remarked that it appeared to him impossible that the in-surgent leaders could accept the terms, especially as they were then furious. Moreover should they accept them, he believed that it would be exceedingly difficult to trust them. His opinion is that any promises given would be insecure, and that it will be impossible to carry out the Government programme. He need have no apprehension on this point, as no pledges will be made by the Cuban chiefs.

Some three days ago there arrived here Do Justo German Cantero, Senor Lederma, and another, as commissioners, sent up from Trinidad. They have begged of the Governor-General to send some troops down to that jurisdic-tion, where at present all the estates are threat-ened with being burned. The Cubans are reported to be within two or three leagues of the town. His Excellency was unable to comply with this as with various similar propositions The volunteers of Matanzas have been threatening the life of their Governor. His offense was his remark in private that some of the prisoners of Canasi were innocent. The volunteers were so much enraged that they called out for his

The Negroes in Paerto Principe. The Havana papers have reports from Puerte Principe dated the 21st uit. One of their desmehes says that General Puello has dictated an excellent order. There is remarked here on all sides an agglomeration of negroes who have come to this city from the abandoned estates. These having been loitering about the streets, and even't hreatening by their presence the public order, engendering vices, and neces-sarily insubordination. The negroes are to used on public the actual circumstance works so long as the actual circumstances exist; they are to be fed, cured, if sick, and to be clothed in a becoming manner. Many of the owners of the estates are willing to hand their layes over, on these conditions, to the authoriles, and many have been so received. These atter are at work on the railroads, and are fortifying around the city. The news from the country is had for the rebels, for they are suffering as much or more than we are from the effects of the cholera.

How the Cuban Chieftains Regard any Armis-tice that Spain may Offer.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF CHENGUEGOS, July 17, 1869.—Comrades:—Five months of constant perils, fatigues, and sufferings have passed since we victoously planted our free standard in the city of umanayagua. During that time we have con acted our cause as became true freemen battling for their rights, and have given proofs of our sin-cerity and patriotism. Fut faith and duty on the for their rights, and have given proofs of our sin-cerity and patriotism. Put faith and duty on the battle-fleid cannot alone prevail against our cunning enemy. Resistance to all his efforts to crush us must be our constant aim and effort; and we must guard alike against his proffers of friendship as well as his

breats of vengeance. threats of vengennee.

Not many days since we captured a despatch bearer and found on his person, among other important decoments, a proclamation from Captain-General de Rodas, addressed to our commanding General at Vida Clara, in which he manifests his intention to grant us an armistice or indulgence, hoping by this measure to soluce some of our comrades and friends from their path of duty. But having always suspected the smallest action of Spain's birelings, we know full well the intention of this so-styled Caphain-General of Cuba.

This positioninous conduct should arouse us to be a thousand times more alert and active. Our enemy

s in a desperate situation, and will resort to any sise and ignoble measure to gain an advantage, et us teach him that we do not offer our lives and Let us teach him that we do not offer our lives and ilberties to become the laughing stock of Spain, and that we are not the venual doctor shaves he would have us be, but that we are solders. Let us bear in mind that, by the blessing of Providence and our own zeal, we shall, must succeed in achieving the liberty of our loved cuba; that at no distant day we shall return in proud giory to our hearthstones, crowned with the laureis with which a free country always decks the heads of her heroic sons.

Adolfo T. Carada, General-in-Chief, District of Clenhuegos.

### JAIL DELIVERY.

Escape of Criminals from the Baltimore Prison. on the Baltimore Son of this marning, About half-past seven o'clock last evening

quite a daring escape was made from the Balti-more City Jail by seven of the prisoners. The parties who escaped were Thomas Hoffman and Edward Dennis, waiting trial for the robbery of the Harnden Express messenger: Thomas Brien, dlas Johnson, George Koons, and John Reese valting trial for larceny; and Edw. Langley and Augustus Ford, serving out sentences. It ap pears that the prisoners were confined in the arst and second tier of cells, and by means o cutting a hole in the brick wall that divides the iers of those sentenced and those awaiting sen tence, and the captain of the tier below, Langly alias Lyman, one of the escaped prisoners, leav ing the door unlocked, the prisoners made their escape to the tower, and after filing through the bars they escaped to the vard by means of a sheet torn in two pieces. Once in the yard i was an easy matter to escape over the wall. I has since been ascertained that a man was seen outside the wall, apparently walting for the escaped prisoners, and he went off with them towards the Eager street bridge. A German who witnessed the escape over the wall, and who ran around to the front gate to give the alarm, states that one of the men was hurt in getting over, and that he limped off with the rest. An examination of the premises last night rerealed the fact that the men must have been at work for some time. A number of saws, files, and chiscis were found in the vacated cells. The police were actively at work last night, endeavoring to find the escaped prisoners, but up to the hour of going to press nothing had been heard of them. The general supposition is that they got on the train of the Northern Central Railway that left at 7.40,

## EXTRAORDINARY DEFALCATION.

Arrest of the Gambler who won \$60,000 from the Defaulter.

From the Chicago Tribune of Aug. 7.

About six months ago certain revelations were made public regarding the defalcations, to very serious extent, of Charles Dunham, a young man in the employ of the Chicago Dock Com-pany. He had been for some time employed as pany. He had been for some time employed as a clerk in the Dock Company's office, and had been promoted to the position of cashier, having the handling of considerable sums of money. It was suspected for some time that Dunham was not rendering a strict account of his transactions to the company. Large sums of money went amissing from time to time, and the young man was at the same time known to be on terms of intimacy with one Michael McDonald, a notorious gambler of this city. Rumors were affoat that McDonald had won heavy sums from Dunham—as high, even, as \$40,000 or \$50,000—and his employers, on making inquiry into the cir-cumstances, discovered a good deal more than hey were willing to make known to the public They endeavored to hush up the matter, and when a public statement of these rumors was made, they seemed highly reluctant to reveal the full extent of their cashier's embezzlements.

At length, however, the matter was so freely discussed that concealment became impossible, and in order to prevent the worst consequences to his victim, McDonald sent Dunham out of the eity. At that time the extent of his defalcations were currently stated to be about \$15,000, although it was generally believed that they amounted to a much larger sum.

Dunham disappeared, and from that time to the present nothing definite has been known as to his whereabouts. Pinkerton's detective force were put in operation, and he was followed up from place to place, but never caught. The de-tectives have been close on his track all the time. sometimes coming within a few days of him, and sgain arriving at one city only to find that he and just decamped to the next. About a week hince the fugitive wrote a letter to McDonald, in this city, stating that he was reduced to abject poverty, and begging the author of his ruin to send him some money. This appeal McDonald magnanimously complied with. But the young man appears to have tired of a vagabond life and starvation, and yesterday, we are informed, he came back to Chicago, determined to make a clean breast of the whole transaction. He went to his old employers, it is alleged, and revealed to them the nature of his dealings with McDonald, who it seems has won from him from time to time, at the gambling table, various heavy sums, amounting in all to the sum of \$60,000. The result was the arrest of McDonald last evening on a capias, to appear before the Supreme Court to answer unto the Chicago Dock Company on a plea of trespass on the case to the damage of plaintiff in the sum of \$60,000. He was just on the point of starting for Buffalo when the sheriff arrested him, and he was lodged

in the county iall. McDonald is one of that class of genteel gamblers who are generally spoken of as remarkably clever fellows. His friends regard him as a model of gentlemanly behavior and a credit to the profession. He is a gambler, to be sure, say they, but then he is none of your mean relows; all of which may be quite correct ing to a certain code of morals. McDonald, however, must have been aware that the sums of money which he was coolly "winning" (the genteel translation of the old-fashioned word to steal, or, as ancient Pistol preferred to call it of the eashier, but that of his employers, and he must therefore be regarded, in a moral point of view, if not legally, as the joint author of the

The Sheriff holds him in ball to the amount of \$28,000, which it is understood will be promptly furnished by his friends Mr. Pat. O'Neill and M. Corcoran of the Hatch House.

#### HEAVY FAILURE.

Suspension of a Large New York Dry Goods House—The Liabilities over Two Millions. From the N. Y. Herald of to-day.

Great excitement was occasioned yesterday orenoon by the ramor that the firm of Bowers Beekman & Co., carrying on a very extensive business in dry goods at No. 61 Leonard street, had been compelled to stop payment on account of the mexpected heavy fall in the value of woollen goods. This firm was one of the heavi-est in the domestic dry goods trade, and it had stood exceedingly well in the commercial and financial circles.

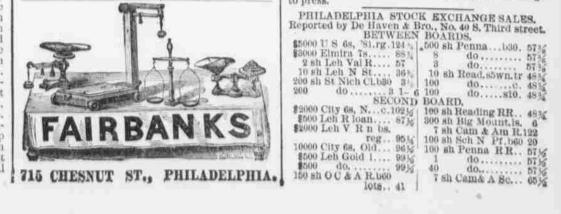
For this very reason the rumor of their fallure was the more startling, and many were loth to believe it. Subsequently, however, the report proved correct, and members of the firm the selves give their liabilities as exceeding two million dollars. The precise figure could not yet be obtained, but the books are being now posted, and in a few days at the furthest the firm will be enabled to make out a complete and exact statement of their flabilities and available assets and lay it before their creditors. Much

sympathy is expressed for them. In its "Financial Column" the following comments on the suspension are made:—
The house was one of the largest and oldest in

New York, and at one time stood high in the estimation of bankers and capitalists, although it is stated their paper has not been current here for some time past, except at extreme rates. It is further stated that a Boston gentleman offered to advance money sufficient for the house to carry on business for a year to come but after a consultation and review of the situ ation the members of the firm considered it best to suspend and ask an extension. The failure appears to have resulted from a cause which has operated in more than one instance to seri ously cripple houses in the same trade (domestic woollens), if not entailing upon them conse quences so severe as in this case. The house having made large advances to the mills for which they were agents, a decline in prices of woollen goods compelled them to save those advances, to take the mills and subsequently to run them, which first absorbed largely of their active capital and afterwards entailed heavy losses upon them. It is estimated that from one-third to one-half their paper is affect in this market, the larger amount, it is thought, however, being placed in the Eastern cities and with country banks in New England near the mills from which they received goods. Much regret is felt at the misfortunes of the house, as the members of the firm have ever been esteemed for their high personal integrity and worth. In the great panie of 1857 the house suspended, but subsequently dis-charged all its liabilities in full, with interest. The friends of the firm say they can do the same again, as the assets are large, and the wish is very general among all classes that such may prove to be the case, and the house be again restored to its former high position. The market for discounts was of course somewhat disturbed by this suspension, and very little dry goods paper was cashed, as it was not known how far the standing of other houses might be involved with this. In the course of the day other failures were rumored, but the houses mentioned were small and of but little account.

# WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner. LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1038 OBESSUT Stree

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# FOURTH EDITION

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS. Navy and Army Orders Issued To-day -Officers Relieved and Retired-Arrival of the President at Washington-Crime in the East-Shock-

## FROM WASHINGTON.

ing Calamity

in Ohio.

Army Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press, WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The Secretary of War orders the following from the United States Military Academy on the 28th Instant, and to report by letter to the Chief Engineer for assignment:-Brevet Major W. H. H. Benyaurd, First Licutenants M. R. Brown and Henry M. Adams.

The following are ordered to report at West. Point on the 28th inst.:—Captain Garrett, J. F. Point on the 28th Inst.:—Captain Garrett, J. F. Decker, of the Engineer Corps; First Lieutenant Richard C. Churchill, 4th Artillery; First Lieutenants William J. Starring, 7th Infantry; James M. Marshall, 22d Infantry; D. W. Payne, of the Engineer Corps; Second Lieutenant Henry Metalt, of the Ordnance Department; Second Lieutenant Robert Fietcher, 1st Artillery; Second Lieutenant Payson, of the Engineer Corps; and Brevet Second Lieutenant Edgar W. Bass.

Naval Orders.
Commander H. B. Lowry, United States Navy, ordered to the command of the Severn on the 23d mst. The following officers are ordered to the Severn, which is to be the flagship of Admiral Poor, and will sail in a few days for Cuba:— Lieutemant-Commander, D. C. Woodrow: Lieu-tenants, Q. E. Noelland, E. L. Amory; Master, W. W. Gillpantuck; Passed Assistant Surgeon, H. J. Balin; First Assistant Engineer, George Barnop: Second Assistant Engineer, R. B. Hine; Chaplain, M. C. Brittsin; Boatswain, James C. Watson: Gunner, Robert H. Cross; and Sul-

maker, Samuel Tatem.
Captain R. M. Stembel is ordered to the naval rendezvous at Hoston. Commodore Francis M. Ramsey to ordnauce duty at Washington Navy Yard, Commander R. F. T. Lewis to the com-mand of the Resaca. Master Eugene B. Thomas to Washington for examination for promotion.
Paymaster McKean Buchanan to special duty at
Boston. Paymaster John H. Stevenson to the
receiving ship Vermont, on the 20th inst. Passed Assistant Surgeon Thomas R. Brown to the Naval Hospital at Washington. Captain C. H. B. Caldwell is detached from the command of the naval station at Boston and ordered to the United States steamer Severn, as chief of staff of the North Atlantic fleet, on the 23d inst.

Lieutenant-Commander Norman H. Farquhar detached from Boston Navy Yard; Lieutenant-ommander A. H. Wright from the receiving ship Vermont; Livutenant E. S. Houston from the receiving ship Vandalia; Master John C. Soley from the Nipsic; Ensign E. H. Leutze from the Vermont; and Assignat Surgeon A. H. Price from the Naval Hospits! at Washington—are all ordered to the Severn on the 23d lnst. Chief Engineer T. Williamson is detached

Severn, as fleet engineer of the North Atlantic Squadron. Paymaster Edward Foster from the receiving Vermont to the Severn, as fleet paymaster of the squadron.

from the Naval Academy and ordered to the

Arrival of the President. The President, accompanied by General Porter, arrived here this morning.

Secretary Fish also arrived this morning. The Postmaster-General arrived last night. Visitors.

Return of Cabinet Officers.

Several visitors, including a few members of ongress, had interviews with the President.

Relieved from Duty. The following army officers have been relieved from duty in the Indian Bureau, and ordered to repair to their homes and await orders:-Major Henry Douglass, Superintendent, and Captains T. Ten Eyek, C. H. Carlton, C. J. Wilson, and Lieutenants George H. Z. Egler, J. K. Byers, W. W. Fleming, C. T. Speer, and William R. Maize,

Resigned. Second Lieutenaut William E. Rogers, of the

Engineer Corps, has resigned. Ordered Away. The following are relieved from duty at the United States Military Academy, and ordered to their proper stations:-Major A. K. Arnold, 6th Cavalry: Brevet Lieutenaut-Colonels George A. Kensel, 5th Artillery; J. MeL. Hildt and Jacob T. Kent, 3d Infantry: John S. Poland, 6th Infantry; and First Lieutenant Hiero B. Herr, 1st

#### Artillery. FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Death of an Old Shipmaster-A Defaulting Conductor-Bogus Detective. Despatch to the Associated Press.

Boston, Aug. 10 .- Capt. H. C. Mackay, for many years a distinguished shipmaster sailing from this port, died on Saturday at Gioncester, Sam'l A. Foye, conductor on a horse railroad car, has been arrested for "knocking down"

Alvin M. Blake, the bogus detective, has been bound over for adultery and embezzlement.

The Democratic Majority 49,525. LOUISVILLE, Aug. 10.—The returns from eight ounties give Tate, Democratic candidate

FROM KENTUCKY.

State Treasurer, a majority of 49,525. In the lower house there will be 81 Democrats and 5  $FROM\ OHIO.$ Terrible Accident at a Coal Bank. Massillion, Aug 10.—This morning, at a coal cank near Massillon, an Iron cage, containing

eight men, fell forty feet to the bottom of the shaft, severely injuring all by the breaking of arms, legs, and ribs. Medical assistance was immediately called, and all are doing well.

PRESCOTT, Ontario, Aug. 10.—Frederick and James Hodgett, brothers, were drowned last night by the capsizing of a boat,

Drowning of Two Brothers.

Those Rules.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon, the Convention for the Revision of the Rules of the Democratic Party of the Lity of Philadel, his avain assembled at their headquarters, Ninth and Arch streets.

Hon. Richard Vaux, President of the Convention as in the chair, and the Secretaries in their places. Before proceeding to the regular order of busi-less, the chairman announced that an expense of

\$64 had already been incurred in printing the report of the Committee upon the Rules, and that the door-keepers were also to be remunerated for their In order to raise the funds to defray their expenses,

a motion was made and carried that the roll be called, and each member of the convention, as his name was reached, should advance to he dess, and pay Mr. Bender, one of the Secretaries, 50 cents. pay Mr. Bender, one of the Secretaries, as we go This was done, and is still in progress as we go PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
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