AT THE SEASIDE.

The Fire Zouaves at Atlantic Chy-A Grand Review by General Meade, and a Grand Ball at the United States Hotel.

was in the chair.

report.
The only alterations of any importance were as

Rule V. There shall be a separate convention held

or judges of the courts.

Rule XVI. Each ward shall be entitled to representation in said conventions for nominating city and county candidates and Judicial Conventions, as follows:—

One delegate for every 800 Democratic voters in said ward, and one for a fraction of 800 over 400.

Rule XIX. The City Executive Committee shall on or before the 1st day of June, 1879, and thereafter triennially, determine, declare, and publish the number of representatives each ward is entitled to

number of representatives each ward is entitled to have a said conventions for nominating candidates for city and county officers and judicial conventions upon the ratio set forth in Rule XVI, taking as the basis for calculation the odicial ratio in each ward for the Democratic candidate for Governor of this

Commonwealth on the election next preceding such

publication, Rule XX. When the conventions provided for by

these rules, or any of them, are duly organized and proceed to elect delegates and nominate candidates, the voting for delegates or candidates shall be done

in the following manner, and it no other, viz.:—The name of each delegate shall be called by the secretary, and the delegate so called shall rise from his place, come to the Secretary's table and give his name, and the names of the delegates of candidates for whom he votes; whereupon the

Secretary shall report the same in the initutes, and the President of the convention shall announce the name of the delegate voting, and the person or per-sons for whom he so voted, and in like manner shall

ach vote be taken.
After Mr. Mitchell had concluded the reading of

After Mr. Mittage has contained the report, upon motion, and great confusion and much speech making, it was decided by the convention that the report should be printed and turnished in slips to each delegate. The yeas and mays being called upon the motion, the result was as follows:—yeas, 105; nays, 41.

As the action of the Convention necessitated an absorbance of the body in order to make it as brief

adjournment, Mr. Bull, in order to make it as brief as possible, moved that the convention adjourn

This was amended to Thesday next at 2 P. M. The yote being taken on the amendment, it was

AT FAIRMOUNT PARK to-morrow (Wednesday) af-

Selection—Barror Record
 Guards Waltz.
 Golden Robin Polka by request), for 2 cornets performed by Messes, Schmitt and Spiegel.
 Selection—Nabros.

A PLEASANT INSTITUTE FOR LADIES.-Delacove In

A PLEASANT ASSITUTE TO BE LAURED - JOHN AS THE STREET OF T

mary department, a junior, a middle, and a scnior class. Miss Rachelle G. Hunt. Beveriy, N. J., is the accomplished principal, and the regulations are such as to secure privacy, and promote the moral and intellectual interests of the pupils.

An Old Relic Gone.—A colored man named Gideon Mitchell, but better known among the fremen in the eastern part of the city as "Columbus," died yesterday, "Columbus," for forty years past, has lived at the Vigilant Engine House on Race street, below Second, during which time he has rendered, bully he services to the organization. He

dered valuable services to the organization. He

was much respected by all who enjoyed his acquaint-ance. He will be buried to-morrow afternoon from

the engine house, the company attending the funeral

THE EFFECTS OF CARELESS HANDLING OF FIRE-

ARMS.—A son of Mr. William Howell, residing at Thirty-seventh and Vine streets, in West Philadel-phia, and another lad, yesterday afternoon were playing with a gun at the residence of the former. While the latter was handling the weapon it went

off, the contents blowing off the head of young

THE ROBBERY AT THE ARSENAL-A NUMBER OF

THE ROBERTY AT THE ARRENAL—A NUMBER OF THE EMPLOYES HELD FOR A FURTHER HERMING.—A number of the employes at the Schuylkill Arsenal were before Ald. Kerr at noon, and held in \$2000 each for a further hearing, on the charge of abstract-ing the \$24,600 from the safe at that depot. There

was no evidence offered, but the Alderman felt ius

tified in disposing temporarily as he did of the case.

Moyamensing avenue, was entered yesterday after-noon by the front door, and robbed of a silver watch

marked B. L. S., and several other articles of jewelry,

A SUICIDE.-Mrs Helena Meyusen, aged thirty-

seven years, residing at No. 208 South street, committed spicide by taking a dose of arsen't yesterday.

The deceased had been insane for some time. Coro-per Daniels held an inquest, and the jury rendered a

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS. - George Stafford, from New

Jersey, was overhauled at Fourth street and Girard avenue yesterday, while driving a horse through the city without shees. Policeman Donohue took

him before Alderman Devlin, who imposed the usua

FELL INTO THE DELAWARE AND RESCUED, -A

woman named Mrs.Guyant, with a child in her arms, fell into the Delaware at Coates street last night.

ATTEMPT TO CUY.—Fremont Stevenson has been held by Alderman Morrow in \$600, for attempting to cut David Miller with a razor at Seventh and St. Mary street. While Fremont was throwing the razor around, he was nabbed by a policemau.

RUN OVER .- John Keep was run over last night at

Delaware avenue and Callowhill street by a warron, and received severe internal injuries. He was taken to his residence in the vicinity.

-NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning's

12:05

MESSES, DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third

street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations: —U. S. 6s of 1881, 123 (a) 124; do, 1862, 124 (a) 124 (b) do, 1864, 123 (a) 123 (c) 1865, 123 (a) 123 (c) 1865,

do. 1864, 1234 of 1235; tito. 1865, 1235 (ed. 1255; do. 1865, new, 1225 (225; do. 1865, new, 1225 (225; do. 1868, 1226 (1225; do. 58, 10-408, 115 (ed. 115; t). 3. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy., 110 (ed. 111; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 194; Gold. 135 (ed. 135); Silver, 130 (ed. 132).

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

GERMANTOWN, five minutes' walk from Wayne

Station, two neat and comfortable Houses on WAYNE

Street, below Mantieria, suitable for a small and gestee

family, with all the modern conveniences, gas, water,

range, heater, etc. Rent. \$500 per annum. Apply to

JACOB KAUPP, No. 77 WISTER Street, Germantown

FOR SALE—HANDSOME THREE story Brick Dwelding, three-story double back buildings, No. 654 SIXTH Street, above Green; modern improvements, and in excellent order. Was owned and built by the late Henry Derringer, deceased of the very best materials and workmanship, Immediate postersion Agent at house from 12 to 2 o'clock daily.

TO RENT.

A large, modern-built house, tenant-house, coach-house, and five acres of land, handsomely laid out walks and garden; within two minutes' walk of Duy's Lane Sta-tion. Apply to J. ARMSTRONG. 621 2m*

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY TO LET .-

Possession at once.

She clung to her baby, and Policeman Gentuer

The thieves succeeded in making their escape,

verdict of specide.

ceeded in rescuing both.

ROBBERY,-The house of Mr. Schvreck, No 1228

ternoon, the following musical programme will be

Grand March. Selection—"Mason and Locksmith."

until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

carried. Adjourned.

frund Duchesse.

Selection—Huan

Galop. Martha Quadrille. Overture—Ringleben

Selection-Barbe Elem

rendered:

Waltz.

From our Own Correspondent. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 3.

The season at Atlantic City gradually approaches the acme of brilliancy. Than yesterday never was it more animated; than last night never was it more gay. The cross-grained predictions which, from time to time, have appeared that the "City by the Sea" would have to record itself a failure in 1869, are meeting with deserved refutation in the cumulation of all those elements and circumstances which go to make the success of a place of summer resort. The trains which arrived here yesterday and the day preceding were thronged. Fashion, beauty, wealth, and pleasure, as if started by some sudden impulse, sent their hundreds to greet Old Atlantic upon this smooth beach. Upon the porticoes of the hotels are congregated this morning far more than the usual number of guests; all Is life and laughter, and anticipation of coming, with fruition of present pleasure, give a cheery ring to each voice and a sparkle to each eye.

Yesterday many came with the special purpose of participating in the grand ball-that given in honor of the Philadelphia Fire Zouaves -at the United States Hotel last night. Major-General George G. Meade, accompanied by his wife and son, Captain H. G. Farnsworth, U. S. A., Aide-de-camp to General Meade, Colonel J. P. Bruce, Paymaster U. S. A., and a number of other military men, reached here in the morning,

General Meade, after taking a ride along the beach, was escorted to the parlors of the United States Hotel, and at 2 o'clock he was honored with a formal reception, conducted under the suspices of Major S. B. Wylie Mitchell, Surgeon Martin Rizer, Major Carstairs, Captain R. W. Shields, and other officers of the Fire Zouaves, and Select Councilman Kersey. Common Counellman Joseph B. Hancock, James N. Kerns, Esq., and other civilians.

During the reception an orchestra, under the direction of Simon Hassler, rendered "Hail to

At 7 o'clock last evening the Zouaves assemvied in dress parade, on the broad plot of ground near their camp. Everybody on the island went to witness the spectacle. The press was so great-the multitude thronging upon the very ranks of the Zouaves-that they at times found some difficulty in their manouvres. The scene was beautiful. Everybody was well pleased.

Apropos to the parade comes the prominent feature in the camp of the Zouaves. Directly eack of the smaller tents, towering over them, a pyramid to sand hills, rises the huge diving tent of the regiment. So extensive is it, so many tables and benches does it contain, that under it the whole command can eat "rations" at one and the same time, and room is yet left for the meating of visitors or guests.

The review of the regiment by General Meade was another occurrence gratifying to the General, the men, and the spectators who witnessed it.

Company F was detailed by Colonel Sellers to act as a guard of honor to General Meade and staff, from the United States Hotel to the camp. The company proceeded from the camp, headed by the Zenave band, drew up in front of the hotel, received the General with presented arms as he entered his carriage, and then escorted him to the camp. He was dressed in full uniform. Upon reaching the field, he at once took his position, and the review and inspection proceeded. Afterwards, by his request, the regiment was put through the battalion drill.

Company A. of the Zonaves, then went through the Zonave drill, comprising company movements and bayonet exercise, in his presence. The evolutions of the company elicited great applause, and the General complimented

Adjutant Clement R. See was then presented with a handsome silver pitcher by the Manhattan Club.

But everything else was eclipsed by the reception ball at the United States Hotel, General H. H. Bingham acting as Master of Ceremonies. This well-known and favorite house has not seldom been the scene of hops, soirces, and balls, memorable for their pleasure and brilliancy, but never did its walls compass an entertainment of the kind at all comparable to that of last evening, or echo the voices of an assembly as splendid in appearance as that which tripped it there on the

"light fantastic." The room was tastefully and abundantly, no to say profusely decorated, with flags and bunting of our national colors, and here and there was suspended some military device or emblem, in honor of the soldiers to whom the ball was tendered. From the front of the hotel, also flags and banners rose and fell in the ocean's breeze. and rustled their folds in unison with the strains of music that wafted from the windows. The majority of the participants on the floor were in full dress. Many of Philadelphia's fair dames and pretty demoiselles were there. The grounds, also, surrounding the hotel were brilliant. The lawns in front and in the rear of the house were lighted picturesquely and erratically by myriads of Chinese lanterns. At 9 o'clock the bail-room was thrown open. In a brief while every seat was occupied. General Meade, accompanied by his staff, entered a half hour later, promenaded once around, and then took a position at the head of the apartment. The hundreds there who had waited his arrival to open the time of pleasare fell into promenade line, and to the music of the orchestra filed past him. At 10 o'clock the dancing commenced.

In every respect the ball was a perfect success. Unquestionably it was the most brilliant that ever took place at Atlantic City. When General Meade and staff entered, the Philadelphia Fire Zonaves' band, which was present, performed "Hall to the Chief." The dancing music was rendered by Hassler's and Carl Sentz' combined orchestras. In the absence of General Joshua T. Owen, who was selected as master of ceremonies, Brigadier-General Henry

H. Bingham, Postmaster of Philadelphia, acted. Among the floor managers were Colonel James Page, James N. Kerns, William H. Barnes, S. C. Konigmacher, William R. Leeds, William H. Kemble, A. J. Ostheimer, and others.

Among the notables present were Brigadier-General D. W. C. Baxter, commanding the Third Brigade, First Division, P. M., and his staff, consisting of Major Lilburn Harwood, Brigade Inspector; Brevet Colonel Charles Fair, Captain and A. D. C., and Captain Harrison T. De Silver, Brigade Quartermaster; General William McCandless; Brigadier-General T. Sterling West; Sergeant B. J. Burr of the National Guards: Captain Kochersperger, late of the Fire Zouaves: Captain Stokes, of the 7th Regiment. The offieers present were all dressed in full uniform.

By the Fire Zouaves, in whose honor the ball was given, the occasion will never be forgotten.

CITY INTELLIGENCE. THIRD EDITION THE DEMOCRACY.

Revision of the Rules of the Democratic Party of the City of Philadelphia. GENERAL NEWS. At noon to-day, pursuant to adjournment, the Convention called to revise the Rules of the Demo-

cratic party of the City of Philadelphia, met at the Headquarters, at Ninih and Arch streets. Hon, Richard Vaux, President of the convention, The Leaders of the Filibusters Anxious to Get Back to New York-Af-The minutes of the preceding meeting were read fairs at Port-au-Prince and approved.

Mr. Mitchell, on behalf of the committee ap-pointed to revise the rules, read their onanimous The New York Markets.

Rule V. There shall be a separate convention held for the nomination of each candidate for city or county office; and no more than one such candidate shall be nominated by any one convention, except the Courts. All candidates for judge of the Courts. All candidates for judge shall be nominated by one convention, to be called a Judicial Convention as heretofore. The ward conventions shall meet on the day after said delegate elections, and elect delegates to represent their respective wards—in each one of the said conventions for nominating candidates for city and county officers—and also in a "Judicial Convention," whenever there shall be an election to be held for a judge or judges of the courts. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM NEW YORK.

The Leaders of the Liberators Want to Come

Despatch to The Eccuring Telegraph. New York, August 3 .- United States Marshal Barlow has received a joint letter from Colonels Ryan and Currier, dated Niagara Falls, on the Canada side, asking the Marshal's permission to return to New York city on their giving their parole to appear for examination or trial, and to hereafter refrain from committing further violations of the neutrality law. They have pressing private business, and no harm can come from granting the request, as no more Cuban expeditions are fitting out or are likely to be fitted out in the city of New York for the present.

Some days since Marshal Barlow had a similar application made to him personally by by Colonel Bocare on behalf of Colonel Ryan. Marshal Barlow says that the requests of the Colonel cannot be complied with, as neither of them is on the footing of the men just liberated from Fort Lafayette, none of whom had, as far as known, either forfeited their bonds to appear for examination or trial, or to refrain from violating the neutrality laws, whereas both Cols. Ryan and Currier had given forfeited and violated bonds for those purposes.

The Stock and Money Markets To-day,

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, Aug. 3 .- The stock market is strong, with an advance of 1/2 per cent. on Northwestern common and preferred, and also an advance of 15 on St. Paul. The earnings of the Northwestern Company at present give good grounds for believing that at least \$15,000,000 will be corned this year, and the floating stock has all been absorbedby strong parties. The Vanderbili railways are irregular.

The gold market is a trifle higher, having advanced be per cent. The specie shipment from this port to-day by the Germania is only

Government securities show an advance of about is per cent, on an average since this merning's board. Money is quoted at 6 to 7 per cent. Foreign exchange is quoted at 1093/60 110 for 60 days, and 110%@110% for three days' sight.

New York Produce Market. New York, Aug. 3.—Cotton quiet; 200 bales sold at 33 5c. Flour quiet and unchanged; sales of 6000 barrels. Wheat firmer, and advanced 15 2c.; sales of 45,000 bushels No. 2 at \$158; white State, \$165. Corn dull and declined; sales of 58,000 bushels mixed Western at \$163c 165. Outs heavy; sales of 10,000 bushels at \$2c. Beer quiet. Pork quiet; new Mess, \$33-125. Lard nominal. Whisky quiet at \$140.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Naval Orders.

Desputch to the Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 3,-Commander T. S. Fillebrown has been ordered to duty as member of the board in session at the Navy Department for the examination of officers for promotion. Ensigns Edward M. Day and T. B. M. Mason have been ordered to the European Squadron.

Yellow Fever on Shipboard. HALIFAN, Aug. 3 .- Eighteen deaths from

yellow fever occurred on board the man-of-war Eclipse, on her passage from Rio Grande to Halifax. Among the victims were the commander and first lieutenant. Another ship, the Barracouta, arrived to-day with the fever on board.

Affairs at Port-an-Prince. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph,

BOSTON, Aug. 3 .- The brig Mary L. Blauce, which arrived here this morning from Port-au-Prince, July 15, brings a letter stating that mobs control the city, and the merchants are afraid to open their stores. Exchange, 800 to 1000. No coffee in the place.

Salnave was still off Cayes with his steamer.

FROM EURO PE.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable,
LOSDON, Aug. 3.—P. M.—Hilinois Central, 91).; Atlantic and Great Western, 245;
LIVERPOOT, Aug. 3.—P. M.—Yaras and fabrics at
Manchester firmer, Flour, 248. Red Wheat, 98, 6d
@98, 7d. Lard, 70s. 6d. Cotton at Havre, 154f.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

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Massacre of a Caravan.

The Independent of Constantina contains an account of the massacre of a Tunisian caravan on French territory. Commercial relations were opened about a year ago between Guerso, in the Regency, and Tebessa. in Algeria, the merchants of the former place, sending oil, carpets, etc., and receive in exchange corn and printed cotton Last month a caravan, composed of twenty-six trabs, a woman and three Jows, all Tunislans, with about fifty camels or asses laden with merchandise or specie, of the value of 50,000fr., were returning to Guefsa, and had arrived within six hours' march of the frontier, when they were attacked by one hundred and fifty horsemen of the Algerian tribe of Nemeuchas, headed by three Caids. The Tunisians did not resist. but wers, nevertheless, crucily put to death, with the exception of the Jews and the woman, who escaped wounded. The animals and their burden were carried off, and the Calds not only openly boast of this massacre, but one of them, named Ben All, subsequently received a sum of 250 francs from the father of the Jew killed to restore the body for interment. A "communicated" note, since sent to the above named journal by the Government of Algeria, explains the outrage by stating that the Nemen chas were greatly irritated by a rumor that the Tunislan tribe of Hammamas were preparing to again invade their territory. During the last two years different irruptions had cost the former not less than 39 men, 787 camels and 3700 sheep. When still under the impression of this fres provocation, the Nemenchas had accidentally met the caravan, which happened to be com-posed of a fraction of the tribe of Hammanas, and had accomplished this summary act of ven-

DISASTER.

The Great Explosion at the Haydock Colliery-A Loss of Forty Lives. An English paper, just received, contains the

On the morning of the 21st ult., about 11 On the morning of the 21st and, according o'clock, another terrible explosion occurred in the "Queen" pit, Haydock, near 8t. Helens, the scene of the explosion in December 1ast, when twenty-six lives were sacrificed. Messrs. some twenty-six fives were sacrificed. Messrs.
Richard Evans & Co. are the proprietors. The
pit has been worked about ten years. It is 200
yares deep, and is worked in two seams, known as the Wigan nine feet and the Ravenhead main delf. The explosion of last year took place in the former; as yet it has been impossible to secrtain with any degree of certainty the site of ascertain with any degree ascertain with any degree the still more appalling calamity which took place yesterday. Ordinarily some 300 persons are employed at this pit, but latterly the number of colliers has varied from 150 to 200, owing to the depression in trade. The Liverpool Courier of the 22d ult, says that hough two explosions have now taken place in this pit, it has never been considered a dangerous one. Shortly before the first occurred the underlooker visited the exact spot where the ignition took place, everything being then apparently safe, and no indications whatever are said to have been perceived of the second disaster previous to its occurrence. It is alleged that the usual inspections have been regularly made up o yesterday morning, when the pit was reported all right before the men descended. Work was commenced at 6 o'clock in the morning. The exact number of workmen who were lowered into the pit is not yet known, being variously estimated at from 150 to 170. Though apparently of a terribly violent charac ter, the explosion seems to have spent itself in the internal workings. Nothing whatever had been disturbed at the mouth of the pit, and happily the means of communication were left entirely unimpaired. Everything proceeded in the ordinary manner till about five minutes past eleven o'clock. At that time a banksman named Thomas Taylor, who was working near the mouth of the pit, had his attention attracted by a volume of smoke and dust which was suddenly ejected from it, and at once conjectured that something serious had occurred. A girl standing near him was thrown backwards by the gust, but was not injured. An immediate conference of the workmen employed outside took place, and while a messenger was despatched for Mr. Isaac Billings, the underlooker, epeated signals were sent to the bottom of the shaft, but were unanswered for at least five minutes, when a young man came up and brought the sad intelligence that a frightful ex-plosion had occurred. In a very short time the neighborhood of the pit was thronged by crowds of men and women in the wildest state of excitement, imploring information respecting the fate of relatives or friends employed there. Mr. Isaac Billings, underlooker, at once organ-

ized a staff of searchers, among the earliest volunteers being John Baines and James Leatherbarrow. The exploring parties commenced their perilons operations about 1 o'clock, from which hour till early this morning fifty or sixty men have been continuously at work, in relays, displaying the most commendable anxiety to do everything in their power to save life. Evidence of the frightful nature of the explosion was soon met with. The airways and stoppings were found to be extensively damaged, the wagons were in many cases blown to pieces, and the first and second party of searchers soon reported that they had met with more than twenty bealies in the main delf. Twenty-three carts were obtained, and in these over sixty sufferers sent up from the pit-eye were carefully taken to their own homes. Only two of this large number of injured were suffering from burns, one of whom, a boy, being since dead, the rest having been more or less affected by the choke-damp. The proprietors were in Manchester when the explosion took place. A telegram was forwarded to them, and in the course of a few hours Messrs, Joseph and Josiah Evans hurried to the spot. Telegrams were also despatched to Mr. Shield, the county coroner, and to Mr. Peter Higson, the Government inspector for the district, informing them of the catastrophe. Mr. Mercer, of the Park lane colliery, and Mr. Chadwick, the surveyor, remained for some time at the pit-eye superintending the labors of the exploring parties. It is said that the underlooker made a thorough inspection of various workings on Tuesday, rethem to be in good working order. our reporter left the pit last night, he was informed that thirty-three bodies were lying at the pit eye; but it was greatly feared the list of dead would at least reach forty. Most of the deaths have resulted from the choke-damp, these bodies presenting a remarkable contrasto those of the poor fellows who fell victims to the flery blast. In the former cases death wears the precise aspect of calm and peaceful sleep, while in the latter there are horrible instance of mutilation and disfigurement. It would be impossible to convey even a faint picture of the eartrending scenes witnessed on the pit bank There are few of the cottages in the neighbor ing hamlets but contain some sufferer, and many a family has been bereft of its bread-winner. The inhabitants appear almost stupefied by their double affliction, and it will be very long ere the universally pervading feeling of crushing sorrow abates.

Destructive Confingration in Sweden-S000 People Houseless.

An appalling disaster had fallen upon the usually busy and thriving town of Gefle, in Sweden. On Saturday, July 10, a fire broke out in a carpenter's shop in the centre of the town, and a strong gale from the west blowing at the time, the fire spread rapidly, and in a few hours the whole of that part of the town which is situated on the north side of the river was burnt down; 700 houses and tenements were destroyed and 8,000 houseless persons out of a population of 13,000 having lost almost everything they possessed, are now camping in the open air. The loss is estimated at above £500,000, and many of the working-classes are, as is usually the case, uninsured. Committees for assisting the sufferers had been immediately formed in Sweden, and all having business connections with Gette, or otherwise taking an interest in Sweden, had been invited to come forward with their aid toward the same object.

A Mishap to Schneider. An English paper says:-An alarming accident happened to the eminent French artist and singer, Mad'ile Schneider, at the St. James Theatre. At the fall of the curtain in the last Orphee aux Enfers her dress was rnited by the flame used in making the effect of lightning, and in a moment was in a biaze. Great alarm and excitement prevailed, and two or three gentlemen jumped from the private boxes on the stage and from the stalls, but, by the rapid action of the actors who surrounded her, the flames were extinguished. This was not done, however, until almost the whole of her dress had been destroyed. Fortunately, Mad'lle Schneider has escaped without the slightest injury. After the curtain fell it was again raised, and she came forward, the audience testifying, by the warmth of their acclamaion, their pleasure at her escape.

The Question of Rosecrans' Citizenship,

The Columbus (Ohio) Statesman says that ieneral Roscerans was born in Delaware county, Ohio, and raised on his father's farm, in the county of Licking. His present residence, we believe, is in Brown county. He has never oted in California, and, outside of his native state, has never exercised the right of suffrage although frequently importuned to do so. His nilitary appointment in the war came from Ohio, and during its entire existence he was re-cognized as an Ohio General. Just before the war broke out General Rosecrans was offered an office in Virginia, in the line of his profession. as an engineer, highly lucrative, but which, by the laws of that State, can only be filled by a citizen. He had been in the State long enough to be a voter, yet he refused the place, which otherwise he would have accepted, because, as he said, he felt a pride in being a citizen of Ohlo, and he would not forfeit it for any office,

FOURTH EDITION | FIFTH EDITION

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

A TERRIBLE CALAMITY.

300 Persons Killed Outright in a Saxon Coal Mine.

Gloomy State of Affairs in Spain-More Clamors for an Immediate Choice of a King.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Terrible Accident in the Saxon Coal Mines.

DRESDEN, Aug. 3 .- A dreadful accident oc curred yesterday in the coal mines in the mountain districts near this city. Over three hundred were killed outright. No particulars are given, but the accident is said to have been attributable to stormy weather.

A Schleswig-Holstein Canal Proposed. Berlin, Aug. 3.—The preliminary surveys for ship canal through Schleswig-Holstein to connect the Baltic and North Seas have been completed. It is thought the Prussian government will undertake the work.

Harvard vs. Oxford Once More. LONDON, Aug. 3 .- The coming international boat race between the Harvard and Oxford crews, is still a matter of great interest. The press of London generally comment unfavorably on the style of the Harvard crew. The News. to-day has an article on the subject, wherein the writer hopes the weather will be all that either crew could desire—that the water will be smooth, the way clear, steamers distanced, and the best boat be the first to pass the winning-post. The Harvard crew were out again last evening or the Thames. They used the boat of the London Club on this occasion, the practice was much better than before, and they attained a higher rate of speed than with their own boat. The American yacht Dauntless is in Cowe

harbor. Gloomy State of Affairs in Spain.

LONDON, Aug. 3 .- A letter from Madrid says the state of affairs in that country is disquieting, and there is no prospect ahead but gloom and confusion. The government has no fears of the success of the Carlists, but does not think that all is lost for the Prince of Asturias The Captain-General of Madrid Despondent

MADRID, Aug. 3 .- The Captain-General of Madrid has addressed a letter to the Regents Serrano and Prim, in which he says:-"I took part in the revolution, hoping to see morality, law, and justice succeed to former abuses. It is now ten months since the revolution was accomplished. My hopes have been deceived, and greater abuses, widespread immorality, and deplorable anarchy prevall-disorders to which it is absolutely necessary to put an end. The Constitution having proclaimed a monarchy, the immediate choice of a king is indispensable. If the Government does not shortly consider the question, I shall abandon all hope as to the consolidation of the revolution, and retire to private life." This letter was read in the Council of Ministers, and created a profound impression.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph - ? P. M. Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:— N. Y. Central R. 210 Pacific M. S. 84 Ph. and Rea. R. 97% Mil. and St. Paul R. c 70-

PORTUGAL AND AMERICA.

Close of Minister Harvey's Mission-Audience with the King-Address to his Majesty and

The official journal of Lisbon publishes an account of the ceremonies that marked the close of Minister Harvey's mission, as representative of the United States in Portugal, on July 15. Minister Harvey, whose eight years of service then terminated, in an audience with the King addressed his Majesty.

SPEECH OF MINISTER HARVEY. He said:-

He said:—

Sire:—In presenting the letters which terminate my official relations near your Majesty, it is a source of great gratification for me to be able to say that there is not a question which involves the least difference pending between the two Governments, nor a single claim remains unsatisfied. During the eight years of my mission and residence here, events marking an epoch in the history of the world, and affecting the destiny of the United States, have taken place. In the exceptional and difficult circumstances that resulted from the shock and compared to the compared to th cumstances that resulted from the shock and com-motion of an unprecedented civil war. Fortugal, first, and almost alone, of the maritime powers, manifested her friendship for and discharged her duty legally towards the United States by re-fusing, against urgent and repeated pressure, to fol-low the perfucious example, which became, and still remains, a disturbing cause in our intercourse with other nations. That honorable conduct touched the heart of the American people in their day of trial, and will always command their grateful recogniheart of the American people in their day of trial, and will always command their grateful recognition. It has been my constant and earnest endeavor to cultivate the best relations with your Majesty's Government, and that duty has been made easy by a reciprocal desire to rivet more strongly the ties of an enduring amity. I cannot speak without emotion of the uniform kindness and indulgence with which I have been honored by your Majesty and the Royal family, nor of the cardial welcome and courtesy extended to me by the people of all conditions, and especially by the society of the capital. I came a stranger to Portogal, but it is my good fortune to take away with me the tokens of many cherished friendships. Wherever I may go, and whatever may be my destiny Wherever I may go, and whatever may be my destiny in life, I shall always recall with pleasore and pride my official and personal associations here, and watch with interest and affection the future of this country, hoping and praying for its peace, progress, and pros-perity. In taking leave of your Majesty, I beg for my successor, who is worthy of every confidence and esteem, the generous consideration which has contributed so materially to whatever degree of success I may have been able to achieve in the high trust which was confided to my keeping.

THE KING'S REPLY His Majesty replied to this address in the tollowing words:—

Fully appreciating your sincere and spontaneou declarations, on the occasion of announcing to me the termination of the honorable mission with which you have been charged at my Court, I greatly rejoice that no question of difference is left pending between the two countries, and not less in observing the ju-tice that you render to the Portuguese Governmen which in all its acts, and more especially during th lamentable conflict to which you alinde, has always striven, as it will sontinue to, to do, manifest to the Government of the United States, and to the great American people, for whose prosperity i make the most ardent yows, the carnest desire to cult vate and to maintain in an unalterable manner the political relations and the bonds of friendship which happily exist between Portug-and the United States. Endowed as you are with s many noble qualities, you could not fail to receive a cordial and flattering welcome from the people of this country, and, for my own part, while I cannow withhold the expression of regret at the withdrawa from this court of a gentleman who in every respect merited my consideration and my regard, it is a material or for me to feel that in returning to satisfaction for me to feel that, in returning to his own country, he will meet the recognition and re-ward due to his services, in the esteem of his fellow citizens and the appreciation of his Government.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON. Treasury Regulations. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 .- The following was to-

daykissued:-TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTER-NAL REVENUE, August 3, 1869 .- The following regulation, prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, is published for the information of officers of Internal Revenue and all others whom it may concern.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The following additional regulation relating to claims for the refunding of taxes is hereby prescribed:-

No claim or application hereafter made for the refunding of taxes will be entitled to consideration by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, unless the same shall be filed with the Commissioner within two years from the date of the payment of the tax, or in case of claims already accrued within two years from this date.

W. M. A. RICHARDSON. Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

FROM THE WEST.

Fire at Omaha.

Sr. Lovis, Aug. 3 .- The Taylor House at Omaha was burned on Sunday night; loss, \$15,000; Insurance, \$6500. The sub-committee of the Ways and Means Committee, who left Omaha yesterday, will meet at Boston on October 20, and report fully on the different subjects assigned them. Indian Matters.

General Augur returned from South Pass yesterday. Indian matters are quiet in the department. Another expedition leaves Fort Sedgwick in a few days.

Drowning Accidents.

A man named Plumber, living near Canton, Mo., attempted to swim across a creek with his little boy on his back a day or two ago, and both were drowned. A man named Rogers attempted to save them, and he too was drowned.

Affairs in Massachusetts.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Lynn, Mass., Aug. 3 .- J. O. Stickney, a wellknown lawyer, died this morning, at the age of 70. The citizens voted yesterday not to accept the legislative act for supplying the city with

pure water.

Boston, Aug. 2,-The ships Kearsarge, Daniel Diafer, and Dorset arrived here to-day from

THE TEXAS FLOODS.

Thrilling Incidents—Great Damage to the Crops. Our Texas exchanges continue to bring us accounts of the unprecedented devastation occasioned by the recent floods. The corn crop on all the lower bottom lands along the San Antonio river, and though the crop is generally made, it will prove damaged beyond computation. All

the cotton on the bottom lands, it is believed, has been inundated, and in some instances, destroyed. Fences have in many instances been swept off. Many of the ranche houses on the river banks were in water four and six feet deep, and those in the bottoms back from the river have been well-nigh submerged. The cattle in the bottoms are reported in a bogged-down condition to quite an extent. Such was especially the case at Graytown and vicinity. The streams in Atascosa and Frio countles were never known to be so high. The damage done is limited, and so far as heard from no lives had been lost, the people generally making hasty flight to the hills. The Austin State Gazette relates the following incident:-About nine miles below us on the river, in the neighborhood of Mr. Coalson, a widow lady, name not remembered, with six small children, driven from her house, which was swept by the high water, took refuge in a tree with all her little ones. flood brought along fence rails and drift-wood, she caught them and constructed a sort of raft around the tree, so that when one of her children slept and fell it was caught by the platform below. Here the heroic mother, with all her precious treasures, remained for twenty-four hours, until Mr. Coalson constructed a boat and took them all safely to the shore. The loss in the valley of the Guadalupe will be very heavy, though cotton only partially subcotton only partially seems to be still merged seems to be still growing. It is thought the cotton-worms in the valley were drowned out. The Bastrop Advertiser says that the destruction to property has been great; many farmers have been stripped of cotton and corn, thousands of rails, some few houses, and any number of cabins. Furniture, clothing, provisions, and valuables of all kinds followed in the wake of the resistless tide. Hundreds of freedmen were forced to take refuge in trees, and children were lashed to trees, in which condition they remained twentyfour hours or more before assistance was given by parties in skiffs. But it would fill many columns to recite half that has been told of the thrilling events connected with the flood that occurred in the river bottom. The crops in that

Relief committees are to be organized in every county, with a central committee at Galveston. Only 119 Years Old. Kentucky claims to have a genuine Joyce Heth, the following account of whom is given

county will be about half destroyed. A strong

appeal has been made by the Galveston Chamber

Commerce for the relief of the sufferers.

by the Sheriff of Clinton county, "a perfectly reliable gentleman:"-A few days ago, in company with Mr. John Irvine, one of the oldest citizens of this county, I visited a very aged negro woman who resides on his farm. Her name is Lucy Thurman. Indubitable family records prove that she is now 119 years old, she having been born in Hanover county, Va., in 1750. Born the slave of Thomas Hooper, she became, at his death, the property of his daughter, who married John Thurman. The latter lived many years in Cumberland county, Ky., and died there. In 1812 Mr. John Irvine purchased Lucy, her thirteenth and last hild being then two years old. She converses about incidents which came under her observation during the Revolutionary war with as much amiliarity as we do about the late war, and remembers the battle of Yorktown with special distinctness. While it was progressing she was oloughing in a field within hearing of the guns, and remembers seeing bodies of troops passing and repassing for many days. Some of them, she says, entered the field and took away the herse she was working to her plough. She is at present able to walk about, and looks fleshy and healthy, though her hair is very white. Until about a year ago she could thread a needle and sew without spectacles, but her eyesight has since been falling. Her children are scattered, and she does not know how many are living, Mr. Irvine, who purchased her in 1812, is satis-



fied that she is 119 years old.

215 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA,