CITY INTELLIGENCE THE CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Continuation of the Testlmony To-day. To-day at noon Broccedings in the municipal con-tested election cases were resumed before Examiners Messick and Ratturs, sitting in the Grand Jury

room.

After our report closed yesterday afternoon the following witnesses were heard:—William Barnes, Recorder Givin. John McCullough, Thomas W. Simpson, and William King (recalled).

The evidence to-day was as follows:—
Horace D. Gaw, clerk in the office of the Court of Common Pleas, was sworn, and produced the lists of voters and general returns of votes of the eight divisions of the Bixteenth ward, with the exception of the Fourth division, the return of which was unissing.

and general seturns of votes of the eight divisions of the Bizteenth ward, with the exception of the Fourth division, the retorn of which was missing.

Alexander Kyle sworn—Was judge of elections in the Seventh division of the Twentieth ward last October; both of the window inspectors received the tickete during the election; one of the window inspectors the Democratic one. Mr. McGuigan—kept the list of taxables under his arm all day; that is the reason why the book was not marked as the persons voted; the officers of election had no opportunity of seeing whether a person voting was on the list of taxables, because the Democratic inspector had the book under his arm; I had, however, a printed assessor's list; it came from the Alderman's I office; I ticked off the names of voters from my list; some voted whose mames were not there in o persons aftered to vote whose mames were not on the list except those voting on age; some half dozen voted on age; I kept no memorandum of those voting on age.

Alexander J. McJicary, Reporter of THE Evening Tripgarth, sworn—Am a newspaper reporter; was such last fall; was present in the Court of Nisi Prius a portion of a morning during the progress of naturalization last fall; was on the 27th or 28th of September.

Q. Did you make copies or lists of names of persons who had been naturalized for publication? A. The whole of the copying was done under the joint superintandence of Mr. Watson Ambruster, managing editor of Tip Evening Children and the published in The Telegraph; A.

copying.
Q. These lists were published in THE THEROMAPH? A.

Prior to the October election? A. Peior, and I think Q. Prior to the October election? A. Peior, and I think a day subsequent to the election.

Q. During the time you were in the Nisi Prius Court, please state what the process of naturalization was as observed by you? A. The time of the day! went there I don't served by you? A. The time of the day! went there I don't sexactly remember; but think it was immediately after the opening of the Court; the round was erowded by persons when I supposed to be petitioners and their vouchers; the tipstaves were deing the swearing inside this railing; the papers were then taken to Colonel Snowden, who was setting at the clerk's desk, who signed them; he signing them during my stay there without once raising his eyes to see who presented the signing them they were presented so rapidly that it kept him hasy signing, while I was standing there I swa a party either than a tipstaff present a paper, have it signed, and leave he came inside the railing; the did it without Colonel Snowden noticing it; that purty was Mr. Sammel Carson, the person convicted.

Carson.

Q. Do you mean by Samuel Carson the person convicted of perjuty some years ago? A. To the best of my recollection—yes. During my stay in the New Price Court I was accompanied by Mr. Ambruster, and at the time Mr. Carson presented himself, I called his attention to the fact.

Mr. Becoks, of counsel for respondents, objected to this testimony as nothing in rebuttal of respondents' case, and would at any stage of the examination be irrelevant and incompetent.

would at any stage of the examination be irrelevant and incompetent.

Q. Did you make any application to Colonel Snowden to obtain the names of persons being naturalized, and what was the result? A. Under instructions of Mr. Warburton, of The Evening Telecoraph, I waited upon Colonel Snowden and regulated him to allow me the privilege of examining the records of his office, so that I could obtain the names and residences of those being naturalized, as well as their vouchors. After waiting for some time for an answer I again pressed the request, and he consulted with the Judge then sating on the bench—ithink Chief Justice. Thompson—and returning, refused me, under instructions of the ceart, I visited the court room but twice during the progress of naturalization, and then I remained the better part of an hour; on the 25th I think the Court granted the request I had preferred to Colonel Snowden, and then I did the copying; from the size and general appearance of the paper handed to Colonel Snowden by Mr. Carson, I believe it to have been a naturalization paper; the Colonel had a number of naturalization paper; the Colonel had a number of naturalization papers before him, and this paper was slipped on the pile in front of him, his head being very mar to the pile; my recollection is that I was present in court during some portion of the trial of Mr. Carson for perjury; I may not pile in front of RID. His head being very near to the pile my recollection is that I was present in coart during some portion of the trial of Mr. Curson for perjury; I may no have been there at the conviction; the papers I speak of a lying in front of Col. Snowden were placed there by the tipstaves; I imagine they were filled up naturalization

Examination still in progress as we go to press.

THE COUNTERFEIT TENS.—The latest counterfeit of the ten dollar greenback has been pronounced by the officers of the American and National Bank Note Companies of New York to be the most dangerous imitation ever issued. At first glance it appears to be a perfect imitation, and the printing seems to have been done from the original plates. The borders, and the engraving of the borders, usually a good test for detection, is here equal to the engraving on the original notes. We warn our readers to be careful in receiving notes of this denomination, and give them the following tests, which may be considered infallible guides:—

In the original the shading around the 10 in the medallion appears like a fine network, and runs THE COUNTERFEIT TENS .- The latest counterfeit

medallion appears like a fine network, and runs close up to the figures. In the counterfeit note this shading is "picked up," and becomes coarse as it reaches the figures, forming a light streak or circular haze, similar to that about the moon before rain. There is no haze in the genuine note. This is a slight point for detection. A clearer one is the fact that, in the original notes, within the light circle running under the figures 10, there are three and a third dots on the left of the figure 1. In the coun-terfeit bill the one-third dot is missing. The following diagrams will explain the difference:-

10 10

Genuine. But an infallible mark of distinction is found under the left wing of the eagle. In the genuine notes are four distinct rows of feathers under the wing. In the counterfeits these rows of feathers are undefined, and this seems to be the only weak spot in the whole engraving.

A BLACK FIEND.—The Chief of Police of Chester, Pa., arrived a few days since in this city in search of a negro named Charles Brown. Policeman Maher, of the Sixth district, was detailed for the duty of hunting Charles. After searching the city, Maher discovered that Charles was in New York, where he was arrested. Maher brought him to town yester-day and took him to Chester, where he stands indieted on a charge of committing an lude ssault upon the body of a little colored girl, aged

THE SHOOTING ON THE DELAWARE.—Coroner Dan-tels this morning held an inquest on the body of Charles H. Leckner, who died from the effects of injuries received on Tuesday by the discharge of a cannen. The jury rendered a verdict that the de-ceased came to his death from a gunshot wound in the leg, received at Point Airy, on July 28th, 1869. From the evidence elicited, the jury are of the opin-ion that no blame can be attached to those having charge of the cannon. THE SHOOTING ON THE DELAWARE .- Coroner Dan-

A THREATENING CHARACTER.—Charles Magee went into the tavern at No. 320 South street, and obtained He refused to pay, and then made a demand on the bartender for one dollar or he would tear down the fixtures. The money was denied, and he commenced to act on his threat, when a policeman stepped in and arrested him. On being taken before Alderman Lutz, he was committed to prison.

TILL TAPPERS.—John Kelly, aged thirteen years, and Thomas Dunn, aged fourteen years, yesterday entered the bakeshop at No. 831 S. Fourth street, and robbed the till of over three dollars. When arcested they were still in possession of one dollar and fifty cents of the stolen money. Alderman Lutz sent them both below.

ROBBING A FRIEND,-Charles Miller (colored) last night went to sleep with another colored man in a wagon in Bay street, in the Fifth ward. Charles during the night relieved his friend of a purse containing a small sum of money, and then decamped. He was subsequently arrested and held by Alderman Carpenter for trial.

AN OLD OFFENDER AGAIN IN CUSTODY .- Annie Holland, a female of considerable note, has been held by Alberman Carpenter for assault and bat-tery on a girl living at Tom Holland's place on South Front street. This is no new thing for Annie or

DROWNED .- George Geyer, aged twelve, living on Onyx street, below Richmond, was drowned yester-day afternoon in the Delaware, opposite Bridesburg. He was salling with a party of friends at the time, and accidentally fell overboard. The body has been recovered, and Coroner Daniels will hold an inquest.

Fell FROM a Window.—James Wharton, a sea-man belonging to the brig Hetty Ann Tucker, feil from the third-story window of the house No. 505 S. Front street, sustaining severe injuries about the head and body. Wharton is supposed to have been in a somnambulistic state at the time.

THE CAMP ALL READY .- Captain John W. Ryan arrived in this city this merning with his detach-ment of men, who have been at Atlantic City pitch-ing the tents for the accommodation of Baxter's Fire Zouaves, who leave on Saturday next for the encampment.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.—Mary Carlin is charged with obtaining work on forged orders from various firms on Market street. She was taken before Alderman Hurley, who, after hearing the testimony of several witnesses bound her over for a further hearing to-

THE BOUDINOTTERS .- The Committee on Fire and Trusts start to-night with the ostensible object of visiting the Boudinot lands. Rumor has it that they will be reached by way of Niagara, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, and Chicago.

A WIFE BRATER.-Charles Burrell was arrested in Manayunk yesterday for beating his wife. Alderman Ramsdell held him for his appearance at Court.

THIRD EDITION

GENERAL NEWS.

Great Excitement in the Government Bond Market in New York-Destruction of a Kansas Town -Fresh Revenue Appointments.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM NEW YORK.

The Stock and Honey Markets To-day. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 30 .- There is a wild excitement in the Government bond market here today, at a general advance in all the various classes of the list, at an average of fully one per cent, on the Five-twenties and two per cent, on the Ten-forties. The quotations are now higher than ever before reached in this market. A rumor that Secretary Boutwell will purchase fifteen millions of bonds during August causes the advance. Railroad stocks are steady and dull. New York Central opened at 213%, and is now quoted at 21414. Hudson is steady at about previous prices. Harlem is one per cent. lower than yesterday.

The failure to get a quorum at the N. Y. Central Saratoga meeting causes a dullness in Vanderbilt stocks. Reading is steady at a decline of of per cent. since last night. Pacific Mail is also steady and unchanged. Gold is steady at an advance of only 3/4 per cent. since yesterday. Money is easy at 7 per cent. on call. Foreign Exchange is steady at unchanged prices.

The Sons of Temperance. BINGHAMTON, July 30,-The Grand Division Sons of Temperance of Eastern New York, in quarterly session here during the past two days, has adjourned. The meetings, as usual, were private. Edward Crummey, G. W. P., of Poughkeepsie, presided, and about one hundred delegates, members of Grand Divisions from various parts of the State, were in attendance. Reports presented show four hundred and forty subordinate divisions under the jurisdiction of the Grand Division, with about twenty-two thousand members, and about one-fourth of that number of lady visitors. Near three hundred divisions reported had received two thousand five hundred new members in the quarter. The Grand Division of Western New York held its session this week at Rochester.

The New York Stock Market.

New York, July 30.—Stocks firm. Money steady at 6.67 per cent. Gold, 136.4; 5-208, 1862, coupon, 124.5; do. 1864, do., 123.5; do. 1865, do., 128.5; do. do. new, 122; do. 1867, 122.4; do. 1868, 122; 10-408, 113.5; Virginia 68, new, 61; Missouri 68, 87.5; Canton Co., 59; Cumberland preferred, 33.5; New York Central, 215.4; Eric, 28.5; Reading, 99; Hudson River, 188; Michigan Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 105.5; Illinois Central, 141; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 197.5; Chicago and Rock Island, 114.7; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 153.5; Western Union Telegraph, 36.7. The New York Stock Market.

The New York Produce Market. New York, July 30,—Cotton dull; 200 bales sold at 35%. Flour active and advanced 5c.; sales of 9000 bils. State at \$5.90@7.45; Western at \$5.90@7.75; and Southern at \$6.90@11.75. Wheat active and adand Southern at \$6.90(611) is. Wheat active and advanced let; sales of 64.000 bush. No. 1 at \$1.59(61) 60; No. 2 at \$1.53(61) 55; red Western, \$1.60; white Caltfornia, \$1.75. Corn dechning; sales of 33,000 bush. mixed Western at \$1.07(61) 10. Oats heavy; Western, 78c. Reef quiet. Pork dull at \$33.12\(\frac{1}{2}\). Lard dull at \$19\(\frac{1}{2}\) (619\(\frac{1}{2}\))c. Whisky quiet at \$1.10.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Destruction of Southern Mails.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, July 30,-Official information has been received that the through Northern and Eastern mails which left New Orleans on Monday last, together with the through mails sent from points between New Orleans and Clarksville, Tenn., were burned in the Memphis and Ohio Railroad disaster.

Internal Revenue Appointments. The President has appointed Gilbert Robertson, Jr., Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Fifteenth district, vice Philip H. Nehr, suspended; S. Pulver Heath, Assessor for the Eighteenth district, vice Alexander H. Palmer, suspended; and John S. Masters, Collector of the Fifteenth district of New York, vice James Forsyth, suspended. There were no charges against the suspended gentlemen, but it was thought a change

would be promotive of the public interest. Thomas L. Tullock, Appointment Clerk in the Treasury Department, was to-day appointed by the President Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Columbia, in place of Flynt, degeased.

FROM THE WEST.

The Riot on the Steamer Dubuque. CHICAGO, July 30 .- Particulars of the riot on board the steamer Dubuque, on the Mississippi river, are given. The raftsmen ordered the boat up the river, and the captain, being powerless to act, headed the steamer upwards, telegraphing to the Sheriff of Rock Island, who chartered an extra train and collected a large force of wellarmed men. The boat was overtaken at Clinton. and possession taken by the Sheriff. On the arrival at Rock Island forty raftsmen were captured and taken to jail. No further trouble is anticipated. Rock Island is full of raftsmen who came ashore. An extra force of police are stationed throughout the city, and it is thought all will be quiet for the night.

Destruction of a Kansas Town. CHICAGO, July 30 .- The town of Detroit Kansas, on the Pacific Railroad, was destroyed by a hall and wind storm on Tuesday night. No loss of life is reported.

Death of Hon. Isaac Toucey. HARTFORD, July 30 .- Isaac Toucey died a o'clock this morning, aged 78.

The Baltimore Produce Market. The Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, July 30.—Cotton dull and nominal.
Flour firm; low and medium grades advanced 25c.
Howard street superfine, \$6@6.50; do. extra, \$6.75c.
7.50; do. family, \$8.25c.
7.50; do. family, \$8.25 Pork quiet at \$34. Bacon active and advancing: rib sides, 18%@19c.; clear, do., 19%@19%c.; shoul-ders, 15%@10c.; hams, 23@24c. Lard quiet at 19% @20c. Whisky firm and in improved demand at \$1-17

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES,

teported by De Have	næb	ro., No. 4	o S. Third street
BETW	PEEN	BOARD	S.
1000 Pa R 1m 6s	98	100 sh R	ead R85,49:4
12 sh Mech Bk	88	100	do,b5wn 493
200 sh Sch Nav b5.	10	100	do 49)
23 sh Penna R. ls.	563%	500	do85wn.49.5
15 do		100	do49 5
14 do	56%	100	dob3.49 b
100 sh N Cent H	DO:	100	do49 5
100 sh Read R ls.	4936	100	do830. 493
100 do 85wn.	4934	500	do49.5
do.sown&i.	4934	300	do85.49.5
100; dob5wn.4	9.44		
CURIC	PETRINE	DOADD	

\$1200 Leh R loan.... 87% \$5000 W Jersey R '83 82 100 sh Phil & E R.. 30%

FIREWORKS.

Dec ab of one of the Victims by the New York Explosion. From the N. Y. World of this morning.

he lad Thomas Kelly, who was so terribly

burned by the disastrous explosion of fireworks on Wednesday evening, died at the New York Hospital at half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The little fellow suffered the most frightful agonies until a short time before his death, but displayed Spartan-like courage.

After his wounds had been dressed on Wednesday evening, his prospects of recovery seemed much greater than those of his companion and much greater than those of his companying ap-fellow-sufferer, Mulcahey, the latter having apparently received much more serious hurts. On his own account Kelley seemed to have no anxiety whatever. "Do you think I shall be all right by Sunday, doctor?" he asked. Receiving right by Sunday, doctor?" he asked. Receiving a kindly, evasive answer, the little fellow said:—"I hope I shall be able to go home on Sunday, because my mother is a poor lone widow, and she'll feel bad if I'm not home then." Kelly was a bright little boy of about fourteen years, and was employed as clerk in the store of J. C. Whitchouse, Dey street. His mother is a widow in very destitute circumstances, and depended chiefly on the earnings of her son. The unfortunate boy only got into the wagon a short time before the exlosion occurred. Coroner Keenan gave permission for the removal of the body to the res

dence, No. 35 Cherry street, and an inquest will At nine o'clock last evening Michael Mulcahey, who is a boy of twelve years, was still alive, but his death was momentarily expected. The body of this poor child presents a sickening sight, the external injuries being much more severe than in the case of Kelly,

The other sufferers by this terrible accident who are lying at the New York Hospital are William Redigan, of No. 45 Cherry street, aged William Redigan, of No. 45 Cherry street, aged thirty-two; Thomas Maher, the President of the Jeremiah Murphy Cnib, of No. 84 Roosevelt street, aged thirty: John Wogan, of No. 42 Cherry street, aged thirty-five, and Michael Barrett, of No. 52 Cherry street, aged sixteen. Wogan and Redigan are progressing favorably, but up to last accounts Maher's condition was still considered critical. Research has been considered critical. Barrett has both eyes burned out, and is severely burned about the arms. His recovery is very doubtful.

David Howard, alias "Ballyhooly," of No. 315 Water street, who was frightfully burned about the lower part of the body, is now lying at Belle-vue Hospital in a very precarious condition.

CHASE.

He Still Wants to be President-A Maryland Movement in his Favor. The Baltimore American of yesterday, says:— An intelligent Washington correspondent of

the Cincinnati Gazette, speaking of the result in

Virginia, says:—
"From first to last Chief Justice Chase was consulted, and for much of the time he was on the ground in person. His preference for Walker did more than anything else to divert the negro vote from Wells, and it was the division of their vote that elected Walker. The election may be regarded as the first success of the Chase movement for the next Presidential campaign, which has already much wider ramifications than many believe. In Virginia, Texas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Maryland, and New York it has already actively manifested itself." A similar movement is on foot in this State,

and those who are leading it have ample funds We hear a great to carry out their purposes. deal of a split in the Republican party of Maryland—of a "Creswell clique" and a "Bond clique," but the only real division is between those who are earnest, active, and true Repub licans, who support President Grant and his administration, and those who would destroy the Republican party in the interest of Judge Chase. It is but a continuation of the same movement that sent a contesting delegation to the Chicago National Convention, the leaders of which held themselves aloof from the regular Republican organization, were refused recognition by the convention, and would undoubtedly have supported Judge Chase had the Tamman Hall Convention given him the nomination These same men contested for a share of the public offices in Maryland; and those who received them are now using the official patronage of the Government to obtain control of a portion of the colored vote, and bind them by secret oaths to implicitly follow their lead. The 1st of June Convention was really a convocation of these secret colored leagues, the object of which will ultimately be found to be to secure their support of a conservative candidate for Governor, But few colored men in Maryland will support a Democratic candidate, hence the dodge of a conserva tive candidate will be resorted to. Who that candidate will be, or at least who has already put bimself in training as most available, very apparent to all who understand the chicapery of those who are laboring to divide the Republican party.

THE CABINET.

What Was Done Yesterday—The Vital Issues Not Deliberated Upon. The N. Y. Herald's Washington despatch

dated yesterday, says: An extra session of the Cabinet was held to day at noon, all the members, with the excep tion of Mr. Creswell, being present. The meet ing was a long one, lasting until after 4 o'clock Most of the business was of a routine character. pertaining to the departments, and which had accumulated during the President's absence. It is ascertained that the question of the test oath being administered to the members elect of the Virginia Legislature, and the approaching political campaign in Mississippi, were not referred to, although the parties immediately in-terested were confident that they would be brought up and definitely settled. With regard to the test oath in Virginia, it was thought that inasmuch as the matter has been officially referred to the Attorney-General for an opinion, i would be improper to bring it into the Cabinet pending the preparation of that opinion. The Attorney-General did not intimate that he was through considering the question, and nothing was done. There is unquestionably a good deal of feeling among the members of the Cabinet individually relative to the Mississippi cam-paign, but it could not be brought up in any way except the President had volunteered to do it for the purpose of asking advice, which he did not. It is understood that the Cuban question occupled considerable of the time of the Cabinet, but in what shape it was laid before them, or what conclusions were reached, it seems impossible to ascertain to-night. Several of the Cabinet officers who have been questoned on the subject refuse to say anything about it, though they do not deny that it was discussed.

This evening Secretary Fish entertained the President at dinner, and most of the Cabinet officers were present.

WISE.

Hew Excessively Thankful He is. The Mobile Register publishes and indorses the following letter from Henry A. Wise:-RICHMOND, July 7, 1869.—My Dear Friend Whilst at the point of death I received yours o April 18. I have barely taken up my bed, but can't walk well; your note brought up old remiscences, and touched me tenderly with the affections of old times. Great God, I thank Thee! I praise Thee that I have not been subdued to consent to lose and part with my liberty, though it is gone, and I now rouse my self to inform you that yesterday the white men roused themselves up and shook off negro and scalawag domination. Richmond and Henrico, and the State all over, have carried rebuke to black innovation by tens of thousands. Yours HENRY A. WISE.

Weston the Walklst. A despatch from Hilldale, Michigan, dated yesterday, says:—"An immense multitude gathered here to-day to see Weston walk fifty miles including or the base of the control o miles, including one mile backwards, inside of twelve hours. He accomplished the feat in ten hours and twenty-three minutes, without rest and with the utmost ease. So fresh does he feel that he has promised to attend a hop to-night, where he expects to out-dance the longest-legged Michigander in the room."

FOURTH EDITION

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Carlist Agitation Ended-England Wants More Cotton-Further Details of the War in Japan.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

A Falling Out Between Robeson and Porter-The Slanders Against Delano-The Government and the Cuban Question - Drowning of Three Persons.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President Very Busy.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Washington, July 30 .- There were numerous callers at the White House this morning, but the President refused to see any person, being engaged in attending to the public business. He will leave this evening for Long Branch.

The Cubinet Meeting Vesterday. Great secrecy is maintained about the action of the Cabinet yesterday relative to Cuba. Secretary Fish, however, remarked to a friend this morning that the time had about arrived when the Government should take official notice of the condition of affairs in Cuba. It is thought that some decisive policy was settled upon yes-Good News!

There are rumors of a difficulty between Secretary Robeson and Admiral Porter. The latter, it is said, still acts as though he were Secretary of the Navy, while Secretary Robeson is determined to assert his own claims to that position. Consular Appointments.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, July 30 .- The following con-

sular appointments were made to-day:-William Spence Vermain, of New York, Consul at Kin Kiang; Edmund O. Getty, of New York, Consul at Gaspe Bosiu; Jacob J. Gamper, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Ghent, and James M. Peebles, of Michigan, at Trebizond.

Henry D. Cooke and H. A. Brewster, of the District of Columbia, have been appointed members of the Board of Trustees of the House of Correction for Boys, agreeably to the act of Congress approved July 25, 1866.

Naval Orders. Lieutenant-Commander N. H. Farquhar has been ordered to hold himself in readiness for duty on board the Severn.

Chief Engineers John W. Moore and Edward D. Robie have been ordered to daty respectively at Portsmouth and Boston.

Further Details of the Fighting in Japan. Lieutenant-Commander Bradford, commanding the United States steamer Aroostook, off Hakodadi, Japan, reports under date of June 11, as follows:-

"Upon my arrival I learned that an engagement had taken place on the morning of the 6th of May between several of Enomoto Kamadiro's vessels, the Eagle, Ashuelot, and Emperor, and the Mikado's fleet, the Stonewall, and six others, which latter were at anchor on the east side of

the island of Niphon. The former were repulsed with great loss, after making two unsuccessful attempts to board or sink the Stonewall, and it is reported that the Ashuelot was captured and destroyed The Eagle and Emperor returned to Hakodadi. Mikado's fleet, consisting of the Stonewall, Don Juan, Sheeshee, Morro, Khonga, Nokami, Kangsoo, and Promise at anchor near Isisiki. next morning, the 19th, at about 8 o'clock, the entire fleet got under way and stood to the vestward.

I remained at anchor, and about 4 P. M. stood across the straits, and anchored off Kikomi, between Capes Tsinka and Saraki, where I remained until the 28th, during which time the Mikado's fleet made its appearance from the westward, several times steaming towards Hakodadi; but after dark were seem steaming to the westward again. On the 26th and 27th heavy firing was heard over the land to the westward, and it was afterwards accertained that the Mikado's forces had taken Matsimac on the 27th ult., after an engagement of six hours

Refutation of Slanders Against Mr. Delano. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. The recent statement in the New York Sun that Commissioner Delano had secretly instructed the revenue officers of New York to stop all distilleries there until further orders, and giving as a reason that Mr. Delano, being a Western man, is opposed to New York distilleries, and in favor of Western manufacturers, is

pronounced an unmitigated falsehood. Mr. Delano is only opposed to the unlawful distillation of whisky, and if there is any such in New York, is opposed to it, as he would be in similar cases elsewhere. It is supposed in the Revenue Bureau here that the recent activity of the New York officers in ferreting out frauds in distillation in that city is at the bottom of this story. Anyhow, it is made out of the whole cloth, and there is not a particle of foundation for it.

A Revenue Decision. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that where parties buy from packers and dealers in bulk, meat or bacon and pork which is merely packed in salt, but not smoked, also rendered lard in a crude state, and take the bacon or pork they smoke and repack it with their trade marks and names, and sell it, or sell without packing, or prepare the crude lard and repack and sell it in the same manner, they are engaged in the preservation of bacon and lard under the section of the act of March 31, 1868, and liable under said section to the tax imposed by said acts.

Cowhiding Affair in Buffalo. BUFFALO, July 30 .- The Rev. Sanford Halbert, editor of the Christian Advocate, a political and religious paper in this city, was thrashed ast evening by Norman Holley, son of the Collector of Customs of this port, for a defamatory article relative to himself and father. The article in the Advocate was instigated by Halbert's disappointment at not receiving a position in the Custom House for which he was an applicant.

ROCKLAND, July 30 .- Last night burglars entered the store of A. J. Bird & Co., blew open the safe, and got one hundred dollars in currency. As there were twenty-three hundred dollars in bonds in the safe, it is supposed the burglars were alarmed before completing their work.

A Burglary in Maine.

The Havana Money Market. Ru Cuha Cable.

HAVANA, July 30 .- Exchange on the United States, short sight currency, 21@22 discount.

FROM NEW YORK.

Three Persons Drowned. New YORK, July 30 .- Charles Meyer, of this city, his wife, and a young lady, name unknown, but employed as a governess, were drowned last night while surf bathing at Southampton, L. I. The bodies were picked up on shore this morn-

End of a Murder Trial. The trial of Policeman Matthew Campbell for the murder of Morris Long, on the night of July 3, 1869, and which has been in progress for the past six days, terminated to-day in a verdlet of acquittal.

The Philologists Going Home. POUGUREEPSIE, July 30 .- The American Philological Association adjourned sine die at 11:30 this morning. The next meeting will be held at Rochester on July 26, 1870. A valuable philelogical library has been presented to the asso-

End of the Campbell Murder Trial.

Despatch to The Evening Triegraph.

New York, July 30.—In this the seventh day of the trial of Officer Campbell for the shooting of Long, before Judge Cardozo, the Judge charged the jury, and the jury acquitted the prisoner after an hour's absence. The verdict was received with cheers. When the jury went out they stood nine to three-three not being satisfied that the second and fatal shot was called for by the circumstances, but after some discussion they united with the majority.

A Burglar Shot. Abraham Aaronson, a lad of seventeen years of age, was shot this morning while attempting a burglary at No. 65 Vesey street.

FROM THE WEST.

Another Railway Accident. St. Louis, July 30.—An accident occurred on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad yesterday, near Cameron. A train bound west ran over misplaced switch, and two cars were thrown down an embankment. J. Baker and daughter. of this city, Mrs. Cameron, of Morrisville, Pa. and Mrs. Mary Carr, of Osborne, Mo., were seriously hurt, and A. S. Smith, of Portsmouth Kate Peckmeyer, of Fremont, Nebraska, and Rev. D. Cameron, of Morrisville, Pa., were slightly injured.

FROM EUROPE.

The English Cotton Supply. Bu Atlantic Cable.

LIVERPOOL, July 30 .- The Cotton Supply Association has adopted a resolution looking to the speedy development of railways in India, in order to facilitate the exportation of cotton from that country. This course is taken in consequence of the insufficiency of the supply from the United States. The stock of American cotton is not large enough to keep the mills of Lancashire fully engaged.

End of the Carlist Movement—The American Legation in Spain. Madrid, July 30 .- The Carlist movement may be regarded as having died out. General Sickles has gone to Lagrange, to present his credentials as United States Minister to Marshal

Serrano. John P. Hale leaves for America on

President Lincoln.

OBITUARY.

HON. ISAAC TOUCEY. At 7 o'clock this morning the Hon. Isaac Toucey, who held the position of Secretary of the Navy during the Buchanan administration, died at his residence in Hartford, Conn. He was born in 1798, and entered the profession of the law. He was a gentleman of culture and refined tastes, and his abilities, though not of a marked original cast, were such as to be practically available in public life. From 1835 to 1839 he was a member of the National House of Representatives; in 1846 he was elected Governor of Connecticut; President Polk appointed him to the position of United States Attorney-General: and during President Pierce's administration be served a term in the United States Senate, from the year 1852 to 1857. President Buchanau, early in his administration, appointed him Secretary of the Navy, and he continued to discharge the duties of that office until the inauguration of

During the "times that tried men's souls," in the six months of sorrow and dismay that stamped the mark of infamy upon Buchanan's administration, the name of the Secretary of the Navy was connected with disloyal and treasonable deeds. It was charged that he threw all the powerful influence of his department in favor of the rebellious South, and many facts gave strong weight to this view. The ships of the Union were scattered abroad, among ports of the world thousands of miles away, and many weary months were spent after the fall of Fort Sumter in recalling our widely-dispersed fleets. Some of the best men-of-war were disposed so as to fall into the hands of the seceders: and had not the officers of the navy been made in nature's pure mould, the new administration would have been robbed of its strong right arm of service by the surrender of their charges. It will be remembered how many noble ships were sacrificed at Fortress Monroe, in order that they might not be captured; and the inference is plain that they were thus designedly stationed to fall into the hands of traitors.

"The evil that men do lives after them," and we conceive it to be the duty of independent journalists to place on record the condemnation of acts heinous in intent, or, in the most mereiful view, so lamentably deficient in true manliness as to rob our country of her power. Mr. Toucey's closing years of life have been spent in retirement at Hartford. The people have been glad to overlook his name, and the announce ment of his death cannot but recall the heartsickening acts of his life.

A New Trouble for Rosecrans.

The Cincinnati Commercial says that the spinion has been expressed to us by a resident of California that General Rosecrans considers himself a citizen of that State, and that, acting in that capacity, he has on several occasions voted for State and county officers. Having domiciled there, and exercised the rights of a citizen, he cannot be regarded as a citizen of Ohio, and to become one it would be necessary for him to return here and remain during the period required by law of the citizens of any other State, before he can exercise the privileges of full citizenship. In other words, being a citizen of California, he could not return here and be a qualified voter in October, and if not a qualified voter, he is ineligible to the office of Governor of Ohio.

It would be a curious circumstance, after all the declamation that has been indulged in by the Democratic press touching the evils of car-pet-bagging, if it should turn out that the De-mocracy of Ohio have been guilty not only of nominating a carpet-bagger, but one who has not resided in the State a sufficient length of time since domiciled in another State to make him a qualified voter, or eligible to office if

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1030 CHESNUT Stree.

FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

More Victims to the New York Explosion-A Swindling Custom

House Official.

FROM NEW YORK.

Victims of the Fireworks Explosion.

NEW YORK: July 30.—Thomas Kelly and Michael Mulcaby, two of the boys burned in the fireworks explosion on Wednesday night, have died from their injuries. Howard and James

Maher are still in a critical condition. Custom-House Swindle. General Thomas Wegan, a weigher in the Custom House, has been held for examination on the charge of presenting fraudulent pay-rolls.

Fire at Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, July 30 .- A fire here consumed the iron foundry of Messrs. Corry & Co., the loss being put down at \$14,000, with but \$3000

Revenue Collector Appointed. Washington, July 30 .- The President has appointed P. R. Grey Collector of Internal Reve-

nue for the Twentieth district of Pennsylvania. FROM EUROPE.

The Latest Quotations.

LONDON, July 30-Evening .- Consols, for money and account, 93%; U. S. 5-20s quiet at 83%; Erie, 193; Illinois Central, 94; Atlantic and Great West-

Cru, 23.
FRANKFORT, July 30—U. S. 5-208, 58½.
LIVERPOOL, July 30—Evening.—Cotton closed a shade firmer. Uplands, 12½d.; Orleans, 12½d.3d.
Sales to-day 12,000 bales. California wheat, 10s. 8d.; ANTWERP, July 30 .- Petroleum, 50%f.

GENERALITIES.

The Emigration of Women to Canada. The Daily News of London has the following:

-Miss Rye finds plenty of candidates for emi-

gration on this side, and ample offers of employ-ment await them on the other side; her plan, however, as we understand it, is for the emigration of younger girls. Her last emigrants are described by a Canadian paper as rosy girls in their teens. At such an age they are more likely to be useful in the colony, more likely to fall into their new life naturally and easily, than they would be if they were a few years older. They are just at the age at which girls in England first go out to service, or are first finding their way into situations. Of course a cargo of such girls involves considerable responsibility; and Miss Rye is doing a public service in under-taking it. The emigration of such girls under-such auspices is one of the smaller beneficent movements of the age. It would be fortunate if it could be done with the same minute inquiry, the same careful supervision, and the same success, upon a larger scale. That would require fifty Miss Ryes, and we have but one,

A Terrible Drought in Virginia. The Alexandria, Va., Gazette prints a letter from Hanover, in which we find the following:— Within the memory of the oldest inhabitant no such drought has ever visited our section as For forty-five or more days no rain has fallen to wet the earth, and during the whole time there have been blighting winds and scorching suns. The grass is withered and dry, the gardens have ceased to yield their usual products, and the corn is in every stage of disability, from the stunted dwarf to the faded and dried leaf. On lands which usually produce from five to eight barrels of corn to the acre, the tassel is making its appearance on stalks from two to four feet high. Our most reliable farmers say that future propitious seasons cannot produce more than half a crop on the best cultivated fields. The oat is estimated at one-half its usual crop. Tobacco is small, sickly, and very much missing. Peas, potatoes, melons, buckwheat, sugar cane, broom corn, cotton, pumpkins, etc., are in a sickly and pre-

carious condition. Rayages of the Rinderpest. A German correspondent writes as follows:-"The rinderpest has broken out in some neighborhoods of the district of Zloscow, in Galicia. Although the infected district is a hundred and fifty miles distant from the Prussian borders. measures have been taken by Prussia to prevent the importation of the disease, as the Zloscow district is traversed by a line of railroad which transports an immense number of cattle from other districts of Galicia and from Prussia.

"The Zeitschrift fur Preussen, in speaking of the subject, says the disease, in its devastations, is traced back fourteen hundred years; it was the regular companion of great armies in their campalgus, and went with them in all countries. In the years 1709-17 Europe is estimated to have lost no less than 1,500,000 head of cattle by it. In the middle of the last century it entered England; in the third year of the pestilence 20,000 cattle were killed; in the fourth year a still greater number. In the year 1747 the English countles of Nottingham, Leicester, and Cheshire had a loss of 70,000 animals. In the thirty years during which time the pestilence raged in Europe over 3,000,000, animals must have fallen. In 1770 Holland bad 375,000 animals destroyed. and lost the greater part of her cattle. In the years 1793-95 from 3 to 4,000,000 animals died of the pest in Italy. In the following year France lost animals amounting to twelve millions of

"The Russian war in this century introduced the pestilence with the army everywhere; in the year 1813 in some neighborhoods of Germany nearly all the animals died. The modern devastations of this pest are well known. Austria is seldom free from it, and it is idle to hope that the pestilence will disappear from her soil while Russia is constantly exporting diseased cattle

Ingenuity of Charitable Institutions. The London Pail Mall Gazette says:-

The charitable institutions of England have lately hit upon a most ingenious mode of obtaining contributions. It is called presenting purses." The plan is to get one of the numerous members of the Royal family to attend some festival connected with the institution seeking assistance, and anybody who can scrape toassistance, and anybody who can scrape to-gether a few pounds and put it in a purse has the pleasure of basking for a moment in the smiles of royalty, as they place the collected funds in the hand of the prince or princess, as the case may be. At the opening of the Lon-don Orphan Asylum at Watford on Tuesday, we read that purses to the number of 250, containing sums none less than £5, and some as much as 450, were deposited upon the foundation stone laid by the Prince and Princess of Wales, who both bowed graciously as each was pre-

-Amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during week ending Thursday, July 29, 1869:-

From St. Clair.....

om Port Carbon. om Pottsville. om Schuylkill Haven. om Auburn. om Port Clinton. om Harrisburg and Dauphin. om Allentown and Alburtis.	4,458 84,877 4,123 18,678	01 16 17 06 05	
Anthracite Coal for week	118,542 7,356		
Total for week paying freight	195 999	00 07	
Total all kinds for week	128,465 2,050,689	0T 09	
To Thursday, July 30, 1868			