THE DATE PRESENCE THE BUREL PRILLIPS THE THIRD P. STEEDING VILLY & 180-

CITY INTELLIGENCE THE LATE FATHER BARBELIN.

Pontifir al Requiem Solemn Cerementes.

It is of a menth to-day since the body of the lamented Father Barbelin was consigned to the tomb. "The services on the day of his interment were he ld at the spacious Cathedral, but this morning the "Month's Memory" for the eternal repose of his se at took place in St. Joseph's Church, in which he he ad so long and successfully labored, and which was filled by a large congregation.

war filled by a large congregation.

I twas expected that the services would commence by 9 o'clock, but it was fully 10 before the ecclesiastival procession entered the sanctuary. There not being room for all within the enclosure, a certain number of front pews were reserved for the use of the clergy.

number of front pews were reserved to the ciergy.

Amongst those present were Right Rev. James F.

Wood, D. D., Bishop of Philadelphia; Right Rev.
William O'Hara, D. D., Bishop of Scranton; Very
William O'Hara, D. J. Rev. Messrs, J. E. MniRolland, A. J. McConemy, George Strobel, Mark
holland, A. J. McConemy, George Strobel, Mark
holland, A. J. McConemy, George Strobel, Mark
holland, A. J. Hagh Lane, A. Sharkey, John McCrane, O. S. A., Francis A. Sharkey, John McCrane, O. S. A., Francis A. M. Grundner, O. S. R.
Villiger, S. J., Hugh Lane, A. M. Grundner, O. S. R.
M. V., Michael Filan, J. F. Prendergast, James
O'Reilley, Richard Kenahan, M. Cobbin, M. Tuffer,
A. J. Clampi, Augustine Balli, N. Cantwell, and
others.

The sacred edifice was shrouded in deep mourn-

others.

The sacred edifice was shrouded in deep mourning, and in front of the main altar was erected a magnificent catafaique, on which rested a coffin, surnounded by the insignia of mourning. The coffin had placed about it also many burning tapers, significant of the light of faith and of the Gospei, whilst the coffin itself was simply commemorative of the departed. The neatness and nicety observed in the church arrangements and decoration were the subject of universally favorable comment, and presented most becoming appearance.

The services commenced by a recitation of the Holy Office for the Dead. Rev. Francia P. O'Neill, of the Cathedral, and Rev. Thomas W. Power, of St. Mary's, being chosen chanters. The service is a very long one, consisting of psalms and versicles in the Gregorian Chant for the soul of the deceased it was not concluded until after 10½ o'clock.

At its conclusion the Pontilical Requiem Mass was immediately commenced, the celebrant being Right Rev. William O'Hara, D. D., Bishop of Scranton, Pennsylvania. He was assisted by Rev. George Strobel, pastor of St. Mary's Church, as assistant priest: Rev. John Fizmaurice, pastor of St. Agabha's Church, West Philadelphia, deacon of the Mass; Rev. Thomas W. Power, of St. Mary's, subdeacon; and Rev, A. J. McConomy, the Bishop's Secretary, Master of Ceremonies.

Bishop Wood was attended by his two Vicars-

Mass; Rev. Thomas W. Power, of St. Mary's, subdeacon; and Rev. A. J. McConomy, the Bishop's Secretary, Master of Ceremonies.

Bishop Wood was attended by his two VicarsGeneral, Very Rev. C. J. H. Carter and Very Rev.

Maurice A. Walsh.

The choir was under the direction of Marcus F.
Aiedo, and comprised many of the first vocalists of
the city, in addition to the regular choir of the
church. Amongst them were Miss P. A. Donnelly,
primo soprano of St. Patrick's; Mme. E. Summers and
Miss C. A. Donnelly, of St. Joseph's; Misses Eleanor
and Caroline McCaffrey, of St. Joseph's, Seventeenth
and Stiles streets; Mme. Spellissy, of do.; Miss E.
McCartney, soprano of St. Mary's; Miss Cassidy, of
St. Philip's; Mr. A. R. Taylor, leader of the
choir of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church;
Mr. T. E. Harkins, leader of the choir of St. Michael's Catholic Church, Mr. Thomas Bourke, of St.
Augustine's, together with Messrs, J. J. Meany, John
Walsh, W. D. Kavanaugh, and others.

Mme. Cassandra Aledo presided at the organ with
much ability, and the service was rendered in an
effective manner.

Before the mass, a solo, entitled "Deus Meminent,"

effective manner.

Before the mass, a solo, entitled "Treus Meminent,"

Before the mass, a solo, entitled by the impressive

Before the mass, a solo, entitled "Leus Meminent," was sung by Mr. Taylor, followed by the impressive music of the Requiem. At the offertory a solo was sung by Miss Caroline McCafrey, from the "Silera me Domine," and at the conclusion of the Holy Sacrifice a solemn Latin dirge from the works of Mine was sung by Mr. T. E. Harkins.

An impressive sermon was then preached by Rev. Ignatius Horstmann, D. D., of the Theological Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, who referred at length to the life and labors of the deceased, and called on those present to pray for the repose of his soul.

FLAG PRESENTATION .- A very interesting cere FLAG PRESENTATION.—A very interesting ceremony took place last evening at the Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Twentieth and Jefferson streets. A beautiful silk flag, with guidon to match, was presented by the ladles of the church to Company B, Grey Reserves, Captain Cadwallader. The presentation took place in the andience-room of the church, the soldiers being drawn up by their Captain to a front face, while their band enlivened the scene by playing several patriotic national airs. The flag was presented on behalf of the ladles by Colonel William H. Manrice, and received on behalf of the "Greys" by ex-Governor Pollock. After the flag ceremonies were over, a large and handsome silver pitcher, with two silver goblets, was presented by the congregation to their pastor (Rev. Mr. Burrill), after which the company separated delighted with the which the company separated delighted with the

POLICE APPOINTMENTS .- Mayor Fox announce ne following additional appointments:

First District—Bernard J. Miller,
Second District—Philip Miller.

Third District—Richard Graham. Fourth District—E. P. Taney.

Fixth District—Patrick Heron Twelfth District-W. J. O'Neill and Thomas Hag-Thirteenth District-George W. Gwin and Thomas

CORNER-STONE LAYING .- The corner-stone of the new Central Presbyterian Church of Northern Liberties will be laid this afternoon at 5 o'clock, on the northeast corner of Franklin and Thompson streets. The ceremonies will be participated in by Rev. Albert Barnes, Rev. George Musgrave, Rev. James Y. Mitchel, and the Revs. Mears, March, and others. Everybody is invited to attend the services,

Assault and Battery .- Ivin Brooks (colored), aged 17 years, has been held by Alderman Massey to answer the charge of committing an assault and battery on a man yesterday at Broad and Wood streets. Ivin attempted to strike the citizen with a black-lack and failing in that throw a black-lack and the black and the black-lack and the jack, and, failing in that, threw a brick at him.

NEWSPAPER THIEVES .- William Jennings and John Ward, lads, were arrested this morning in the Fourth district for stealing newspapers from under the doors. They will have a hearing this afternoon at the Central Station.

RECOVERED.—The body of Michael Owen, of Chester, Pa., was found last evening at Arch street wharf.

Mr. Owen was the one who missed his footing in jumping from the steamboat Sylvester on the 5th of

LARCENY OF WASHED CLOTHING .- Kate O'Brien was arrested last evening, and held by Alderman Carpenter, on the charge of larceny of washed clothing from the residence of E. T. Hurley, No. 726

Spruce street, A SHOE THIEF,-Joseph V. Kelly stole a pair of shoes yesterday from the store of Joseph B. Pendegrast, at Second street and Curtis alley. He was captured and subsequently held by Alderman Dougherty for trial.

NOT DESTROYED.—The barn of Hamilton Clayton situated on the corner of Mill street and the Old York road, has not been destroyed by fire, as stated in the newspapers.

MILITARY VISIT,-The Philadelphia Fire Zouaves will pay a visit to Brandywine Creek on the 12th inst., at the invitation of the Sheridan Rifles, of Wilmington, Delaware.

SLIGHT FIRE.—The dwelling No. 610 Penn street was slightly damaged by fire at a quarter of 10 o'clock

MILITARY ELECTION,-A. J. Sellers was elected last evening to the position of Colonel of the Phila-

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street. ### BETWEEN BOARDS.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

BOO Leh R | ... 87½ | 100 sh Curtin Oil ... 2½ |

BOO City 68, New ... 100 | 5 sh Minehill c&p. 53½ |

Com T Bk ... 58½ | 5 sh Minehill c&p. 53½ |

To sh Com T Bk ... 58½ | 5 sh Com T Bk ... 58½ |

BOO Leh 68, 84 ... 6. 82½ | 100 | do ... 20d ... 49½ |

BOO Leh 68, 84 ... 6. 82½ | 200 | do ... 530 ... 49½ |

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BOO Leh R I ... 87½ | 100 sh Curti



715 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

THIRD EDITION

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Postmasters Commissioned - Major Powell's Exploring Expedition-Something More Regarding It-New York Gold and Stock Quotations.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Postmusters Commissioned.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The following named postmasters were commissioned to-day:-A. M. Jones, at Dallas, Texas; C. McGowan, Knoxville, Tenn.; Rufus A. White, Charlestown, Mass.

The President and Boys in Blue. A delegation of the Boys in Blue called on the President to-day to urge the appointment of members of that organization to positions in the Executive Departments. The President said he would give the matter due deliberation.

FROM THE WEST. The Powell Exploring Expedition-Latest

CHICAGO, July 8 .- The Tribune of this morning publishes a despatch from Mrs. Powell, wife of Major Powell, dated at Detroit, in answer to an inquiry from the editor of the Tribune as to whether the John Sumner, to whom the story of

the disaster is attributed by the Omaha Republican, belonged to the expedition. Mrs. Powell says Sumner was a member of the expedition, but she does not believe the story, and evidently does not believe it comes from Sumner. Nothing direct has been heard from Major Powell since the letter published in the Tribune on May 28, and the question has narrowed down to this, Has John Sumner actually returned from the expedition reported lost on Green river late in June, and which story, attributed to Sumner, Risdon got hold of, appropriated, and boggled, or is the story attributed to Sumner only?

Fire.
The frame buildings Nos. 2, 4, 434, 6, and 634 West Lake street were burned to-day. The

FROM NEW YORK.

The Stock and Gold Market.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, NEW YORK, July 8-1 P. M .- The gold market s [quiet and lower to-day, having opened at 185%. The present quotation is 185%.

The money market is considerably easier today, owing to the announcement of the intention of the Assistant Treasurer to buy three millions of United States bonds to-morrow. The prices this morning ranged at about 7 per cent., and the market is dull and quiet.

The stock market is strong and more active, with a general advance in quotations of about 2 per cent. Pittsburg and Cleveland Railroad is particularly strong at an advance of fully 3 per cent. since the opening call. Foreign exchange is slightly higher, and the quotations are made at 109%@110 for 00 days, and 110%@% for 3 days' sight.

Government securitie are strong and prices are higher.

Stock and Gold Quotations.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, NEW YORK, July 8-1 P. M.—Money active at 7 per cent. and three-sixteenths to as high as a quarter per cent. The Gold market is feverish; pened at 135%, sold to 136, then receded to 135%; present quotation, 135%. Government bonds are active and strong. United States 6s. registered, 17 bid; conpons, 17%; five-twenties '62, 21%; '64s, 18%; '65, 19; new '67s, 1716; '68s, 17; ten-forties, registered, 8; coupons, 814@b.614. Sterling exchange dull and firm. Southern securities heavy and a shade off. Express stocks firm and no change, except in Canton, now quoted at 63. The Stock market is strong. New York Central, 19514: Pacific Mail, 90%; Northwestern, 80%; preferred do. 95%; Rock Island, 11634; Reading, 9834; Erie offered at 28%; preferred, 55; St. Paul, 74%; preferred do., 86; Pittsburg, 10714.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Accepted. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, July 8 .- The Boston and Albany

Railroad Company have accepted the improvement bill passed by the late Legislature. The bill gives the company great powers, and embraces improvements involving an ultimate expenditure of \$20,000,000.

VIRGINIA.

The Result of the Election—The Successful Candidates.

The latest returns from Virginia indicate the elec-

tion of Walker as Governor by a majority of from 30,000 to 40,000. It is thought that Lewis, the Lieutenant-Governor, will have even a larger majority, as his opponent labored under the disadvantage of having a black skin. Segar, the Congressman at large, will probably have a smaller majority. The following are the State officers and Congress-

.Gilbert C. Walker Jentenant-Governor......John F. Lewis. Attorney-General... .James C. Taylor.

I. D. M. Norton (Independ't Rep.), colored.
II. James Piatt, Jr. (Wells),
III. Charles II. Porter (Wells), IV. Levi C. Thayer (Walker), or George Tacker (Independent), V. Robert Ridgway (Walker), VI. — Milne Walker), VII. Lewis McKenzie (Walker),

VIII. James K. Gilson (Walker). At Large, Joseph E. Segar (Walker). The New York Tribune of this morning speaks

ditorially of the successful candidates as follows:

Gibert C. Walker, the Governor elect, is a native

Gilbert C. Walker, the Governor elect, is a native of Binghamton, in this State. He has been for some years in business at Norfolk, Va., where he is much respected. He is called a Republican, but we know nothing of his political antecedents, except that he was always for the Union.

John F. Lewis, chosen Lieutenant-Governor, is an old-time Whig, though a life-long resident of Rockingham county, which always gave horrible Democratic majorities. He was chosen therefrom as a Unionist to the Convention of 1861, and voted to the last against secession. He is an able and worthy man, and gave great strength to the ticket.

Joseph E. Segar, chosen at large to Congress, is a native Virginian, an Kastern Shore Whig, now advanced in life, and a Unionist throughout. He was a delegate to the State Legislature nearly thirty years ago, and repeated; re-elected.

Of the members of Congress elected on the Walker ticket, we recognize Lewis Mackenzle as a Unionist always. We believe they all, or nearly all, profess friendship to General Grant's administration.

In Good Faith.

There is some dispute here as to the significance of the despatch sent to the President to-day by the Chairman of State Central Conservative Committee Chairman of State Central Conservative Committee of Virginia. Some persons were disposed to regard it as sarcastie; but it appears that at the White House it is not received in that spirit. The President regards the success of the Conservative ticket as an endorsement of his policy, at least so far as the State Constitution is concerned. Governor Walker claims to be a Grant man, and so do many of the successful candidates, both State and Congressional. Viewed in this light, the despatch of Mr. Daniels seems to have been sent in good faith,—Wash, Cor. N. Y. Hersie. CUBA.

Arrival and Reception of the New Captain-General in Havana-His Policy and Earliest Proclamations-The Situation.

By the arrival of the steamship Eagle at New York, we have news from Cuba to the 3d instant. The correspondent of the New York Times gives the particulars of the arrival and reception of the new Captain-General, as follows:—

Reception of Caballero de Rodas.

Reception of Caballero de Rodas.

Monday last at 11 o'clock a saice of artillery fired from Fort Cabanas announced that the new Captain-General, Caballero de Rodas, had left the steamer which brought him hither to assume the government of the "ever-faithful isle." A carelessness amounting almost to Indifference on the part of the irrepressible volunteers characterized the first stages of the ceremony, which was in itself an exceedingly cool, unenthusiastic affair, got through with in the most slovenly manner.

As the cortege passed slowly along, vaarious comments were made by a group of volunteers in military undress, who were off duty, and consequently were spectators of the pageant. The appearance of the numerous body of staff officers and empleados especially excited their trascibility of temper, and called forth, on the part of the aforesaid group, a choice number of expressions much more forcible than polite. The Spanish badge on their hats formed the talisman of their personal safety, and opinions, which would have cost a Cuban perhaps his life, had he dared to give utserance to them, were freely vented by these true bine patriots. "There," excialmed one with the badge of a licutenant on his uniform; "fook at those valtures who come here to rob and get rich, getting their salaries for doing nothing, while we poor devils have to pay the fiddler!"

"Pocco poco," cries another, "the day of those sanguifucias (leeches) is fast drawing to a close.

"Pocco poco," cries another, "the day of those sanguifuelas desches) is fast drawing to a close. We'll soon send these fellows to keep company with Dulce, Pelaez, and Buceta, and some of them will be lucky, indeed, if we son't treat them to a funeral at the public expense." "To the devil with the whole gang of them," cries a third, and the whole party, wrought up to a considerable pitch of excitement, joins in a chorus of maledictions and epithets which I refrain from rendering into Anglo-Saxon. A straw shows, etc.

axon. A straw shows, etc.

De Rodes entered the Gabernatorial palace—by a orious coincidence, as he entered the island of outa—by a side door. He found the building in a bad condition and undergoing repairs. He also found the colonial structure which Spain had been rearing for centuries in a tottering state, and its chief pillars of support, the volunteers, in a very shaky condition. Into both edifices—the substantial one and the metaphorical—he was compelled to enter he a dark movement and through side vor. enter by a dank movement and through side por tals, a little well-timed dattery to the volun tais, a little well-timed flattery to the volun-teers on his part making them willing gate-openers and himself master of the situation, for the present, at least. Espinar, in his interview with De Rodas—who, by-the-way, is said to be an admirable stratewho, by-the-way, is said to be an admirable strategist—informed him previous to his landing of the
real state of affairs on the island in general, and in
Havana especially, thereby giving De Rodas time to
frame his policy and to decide on his future line of
action. Thus, while the new Captain-General was
engaged in planning his campaign and writing
his proclamations, the volunteers were preserving a "masterly inactivity," and were
quite undemonstrative in their actions,
waiting doubtless for Caballero to first
break the silence, and then to be governed either
by circumstances or by their own ungovernable instincts. The general expectation formed concerning
Rodas was to the effect that he would enforce dis-Rodas was to the effect that he would enforce dis-cipline and exact obedience to the mandates of the Government of Serrano and Prim, his friends and co-workers in the overthrow of Isabelia and the suc-cess of the Spanish revolution. This view at o.ie time seemed to bear the impress of correctness, owing to the fact of the issue of an order for the 900 troops he brought with him from Spain to go into garrison at Fort Cabanas, without any fraternization taking place between them and the famous Movili zados of Havana. His reputation as a suppressor of revolutionary movements in Spain at Cadiz and other points caused considerable apprehension to be felt here, and a great many believed that he would adopt strong measures a la Cadiz, with re-gard to both classes of insurgents, namely, the volunteers and the followers of Cespedes. These reasons caused, doubtless, the delay in hanging out the paraphernalia of ultra-Spaniolism from early until some time after the entrance of De Rodas into the palace, the draping and festooning of the principal thoroughfares not having been com-menced by the Ultramontanes until an inkling was

had of Caballero's policy. What that Inkling is.

One of the most philosophical axioms extant is "that to overcome force it is necessary to employ force;" but it sometimes happens that skill is greater than strength. Although a flowing river may not be dammed up, still it is possible to turn it into another channel. The new Captain-General decided on the latter policy as being most expe-dient, either from a lack of resources to carry out the other, or from a wish to direct the volunteer stream into a channel of Spanish loyalty, and thereby use it in the interests of the mother country. As soon as this became known all the Spanish ultras went to work with a will, and pretty soon Havana once more wore her gala suit to do honor to Caballero de Rodas. Should some incredu-lous party express surprise at this sudden gush of loyalty and patriotism on the part of the peninsular residents of Havana, and wish to be informed of the reason, he will have no trouble in ascertaining it if he will have the patience to read the following docu-

Proclamation of General de Rodas. INHABITANTS OF THE ISLAND OF CUBA: For nine months this island has been afflicted by the most since the commencement in an evil hour of this sad period, you have beheld commerce languishing, in-dustry ruined, and the wealthiest estates disappear. ing at the impulse of the revolutionary and at the touch of the incendiary torch.

You see, moreover, a progressive emigration, which diminishes rapidly the elements of wealth, and, what is worse, you behold brothers decimated by the fratricidal lead or the treacherous poniard of the assassin.

I will not at this moment descend to occupy my-self with the causes that have conduced to the actual situation. Taking for granted the present state of things, my mission is to re-establish calm-ness and confidence; to end the civil war at all ness and confidence; to end the civit war at all hazards, and to study afterwards your necessities and all that may conduce to the prosperity of the country, in order to propose to the Government of the nation all the reforms that may enable this pearl of the Autilles to reach the grade of culture and felicity to which, without a doubt, her destiny calls

I comprehend all the difficulties with which I have contend on assuming the arduous task with which the Executive power has been pleased to honor me; but I am animated by the hope that I will be aided in my undertaking not only by this valorous and disuplined army, but also by the armed volunteers, to whose decision and efforts is due in a great measure the salvation of the island.

the salvation of the island.

It is natural that you should desire to know what
my line of conduct will be. It is contained in three
words—Spain, justice, and morality. Spain, who will draw from her immense fund of patriotism inex-haustible resources for the preservation of the in-tegrity of her territory, inside and outside of the peninsula. Morality and strict economy will rule in all branches of the administration. Justice is for all—the same for the man of wealth and the high functionary as for the humble artisan.

functionary as for the humble artisan.

With this simple programme, which I adopt with immutable faith and a firm will. I hope to obliterate the foot-prints of extermination and destruction which civil war leaves behind it; extinguish rancor; to heal the wounds and dry up so many tears. I beseech of you generosity worthy of the noble Spanish blood to forget offenses, and if we arrive at the end I propose, be yours the glory and felicity and mine the satisfaction of having contributed towards it.

the satisfaction of having contributed towards it.

CABELLERO DE RODAS.

Volunteers:—With your energetic and decided attitude you have rendered eminent services to the cause of order, justice, and right. For them you merit well of the country throughout whose exten-sion resounds a unanimous cry of praise for those gon resolutes a manufactural occupations, have become soldiers defending the national honor.

You ought to be proud of your conduct. I am as

You ought to be proud of your conduct. I am as much, because I myself am at your head to sustain the good cause, as because I have the good fortune to return you thanks, being the faithful interpreter of the sentiments of the national Government of your fellow citizens. Voluntarios, viva Espana Long live Cuba, the most beautiful province of CABALLERO DE RODAS. Soldiers and Sailors:-A few Cubans of an unquie

soldiers and Sallors:—A few Cubans of an unquiet and turbulent disposition have taken up arms and raised the standard of rebellion against the common country. Assassination and incendiarism are the only acts which they can commemorate for their own shame, and to furnish an cloquent lesson to those citizens who, remaining faithful, already know what they must expect from them.

You responded to the cry of sedition with the counter one of your refined loyalty. But, vain chimera! the rebels do not measure their steel with yours, and confine themselves to the exercise of acts

chimera! the rebels do not measure their steel with yours, and confine themselves to the exercise of acts of perfidy, cruelty, and treason. However, if you do not sustain combats because your enemies refuse them, you will not for that reason reap less giory by showing yourselves as ever sober, persevering, obedient, and worthy children of our own dear Spain. Now that I have the honor to place myself at your head in order to terminate the work of pacification which you have commenced, with as much zeal as success, I entreat you to be the protectors of the good, faithful friends of the volunteers—to-day your brothers in arms—generous with the vanquished, and just with those who may be captured with arms in their hands,

Acting thus, you will be recognized by the country, friends and enemies will admire your virtues, and you will leave an imperishable recollection to your Captain-General.

Caballing of the Captain-General produced a favorable effect on the volunteers, from the numbrous allusions made in them to the restriction.

THE TATEST NEWS

duced a favorable effect on the volunteers, from the numerous allusions made in them to the patriotism and self-abnegation of said corps, and the evening witnessed a general illumination, the volunteer bands serenseding his Excellency, and the evening press launching forth in flattering praise. The following evening, after partaking of a sumptuous repast in the painee, the Captain-General, accompanied by music, volunteers, rabble, and torch-bearers, took a stroll on foot through some of the principal streets, which were most profusely decorated with the Spanish national colors, gracefully festooned.

The Situation of Affairs.

The situation of affairs in a military point of view

The Situation of Affairs.

The situation of affairs in a military point of view has undergone very little change since my last. The same exaggerated accounts of insignificant skirmishes dignified with the name of battles appear in daily press of this city and the island generally. By the way, speaking of the press, reminds me that General de Rodas, in a few remarks addressed to the directors of the fraternity, informed them that they should refrain from all writing intended to inflame or excite the passions, and that they should especially avoid all articles tending to irritate the women of Cuba, as these were almost a unit in favor of the success of the revolution. He stated that he had been informed while in Spain that many attacks of the press had been made upon General Dulce, and that those attacks more than anything else tended to produce the recent lamentable consequences. produce the recent lamentable consequences. "If," said De Rodas, "I am made the subject of "If," said De Rodas, "I am made the subject of newspaper criticisms, depend upon it I will not have recourse to either laws or tribunals. I will take the matter personally in hand, and make it a personal affair." Whether his Excellency proposes to follow the course of Ferrer de Canto, and call the editor out, I am unable to say; but I am strongly of the opinion that such a proceeding will be wholly unnecessary, as that illustrious body in Havana, known as the Havana press, will only be too happy to follow the line laid down, and be guided by the indications of De Rodas.

The Spaniards are more hopeful of success than

and be guided by the indications of De Rodas.

The Spaniards are more hopeful of success than they have been for some time past, and are quite jubilant over the turn affairs have taken in the United States in regard to the discomiture of the "Junta Cubana" and the fitting out of fillbustering expeditions in New York; and the journals, drawn along irresistibly with the tide of pubilic opinion, launch forth into extravagant praise of the probity of General Grant's administration, which strangely enough, they seem to look upon in the present condition as some grand police agency, whose sole businoss is to keep on the eteinal lookout for all suspected movements against the "national integrity." They claim that the rebellion is on its last legs, and that nothing more is needed than to perfect the work already accomplished, and restore commerce and industry to complished, and restore commerce and industry to their ancient channels. In view, however, of the startling incidents which now and again present themselves, we are perforce led to believe that the revolution is far from being "squeiched," and when we take into consideration the admission of the Spaniards themselves that a mortality of at least thirty-three per cent. exists among the Spanish regular troops, it robs the fanciful picture they have so complacently painted of the situation of a great deal of its gilding. "Facts are facts, and facts are stubborn things."

OUR OARSMEN.

The Famous Harvard Crew in New York. The Harvard International crew arrived in ew York city this morning from Boston, and took New York city this morning from Boston, and took up their quarters at the Astor House by invitation of the proprietors. They will remain there until Saturdoy, when they will embark for Europe, During their stay in that city the Nassau Boat Club will extend official courtesies, and the Harvards will visit Greenpoint to inspect their new shell, which is being built for them by Mr. Elliott. They bring with them a shell recently built for them at Charlestown; but whether one or both boats will be taken to Europe is vet undecided. The Boston Journal of vesterday in yet undecided. The Boston Journal of yesterday, in announcing their departure, says:— The several members of the crew are personally

in fine condition at present, and do not feel that they have, in any of their recent public essays, put forth their real strength; they are persuaded of a reserve of muscle not yet displayed. The pull of Monday last they do not look back upon as anything extra-ordinary, and it did not constitute their heavy work. It was noticeable on that occasion—and was re-It was noticeable on that occasion—and was remarked by several—that decided improvement had been made in physique, when viewed from a critical standpoint. This was especially the case with Rice and Simmons, as compared with their apparent condition on the occasion of the race of Jane 15. There has been no downright training done as yet, though the crew have tabled together upon approved viands for some weeks. They were out for practice yesterday on the river, and will undoubtedly be scrupulous to at least hold where they doubtedly be scrupulous to at least hold where they are physically until their arrival in England. Good facilities are understood to have been provided for exercise on shipboard, including a clear space on the upper deck for promenading, etc., and a cabin apartnent separate from the main cabin and other apart-nents. On arrival in England they will locate near the Thames, and not far distant from the city o London, at a point not yet fixed upon, or, if so, known only to parties there having the arrangements in charge. Doubtless the hospitalities the boating fraternity in England will be fully up to the emergency, and the crew will find everything in readiness on arrival. The precise time for the grand demonstration is not likely to become known beforehand any better than it is now, as the Harvards have an option respecting the weather; and their friends may rest assured that a "smeoth day" will be accepted only. They very justly remark that it would be folly to go \$000 miles to have a rough-and-tumble pull on a turbulent river surface. The rumor that the Cambridge (England) crew had withdrawn from their proposed contest with the Harvards is not well founded, but the latter consider it altogether probable that opportunity will be had to try conclusions with the oarsmen of both the famous English universities.

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(patented June 16, and September 15, 1868), will freeze vater into solid ice. Its temperature can be regulated to either above or below the freezing point. "The Davis Refrigerator" will produce a colder degree of temperature and use less ice than any refrigerator ever made. Its any one or all of the combined qualities to challenge the world to produce its equal. It differs from all others in construction, circulation of air, and manner of applying the ice. The our rent of pure, cold, dry air is maintained without the introduction of external air. It is ever pure, and therefore requires no artificial appliances such as are used in refrigerators devoid of the necessary cold atmosphere. No one thing partakes of the odor of the other. Fruit, poultry, and game have been completely preserved in it, without freezing, for sizif days and upwards. Its temperature is colder by fifteen to twenty degrees than any other (an enormous difference), the air is wholly dry, the moisture being frozen. It is in daily working order, and the public are included as it is cluded of its.

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PHILADELPHIA. 7 lthstullt8p

BAILWAY COMPANY, TWENTY-THIRD AND BROWN STREETS. OFFICE OF THE UNION PASSENGER PRILADELPHIA, July 8. The Beard of Directors have declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share, psyable at this office (between the hours of 9 and 1 o'clock) on and after THURSDAY, July 15, 1869, until which time the transfer book will be closed.

7866 WILLIAM H. KEMBLE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE THIRTEENTH AND FIFTEENTH STREET PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 1011 S. BROAD STREET. COMPANY, No. 1811 S. BROAD STREET.
PHILADELPHIA, July 7, 1868.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR PER SHARE out of the net earnings of the six months ending June 3s, 1869, clear of all taxes, payable on and after the 13th instant. Transfer Books will be closed until that time.
7 8 theta 32

D. B. BROWN, Treasurer.

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WASHINGTON.

Admiral Hoff and the West India Squadron-He is not to be Recalled - Appointments by the President-Mississippi Politics.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

The Amendments to the Irish Church Bill-The People Dissatisfied.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Admiral Hoff Not to be Recalled. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, July 8 .- The paragraph telegraphed from here last night to the effect that Admiral Hoff was not giving satisfaction to the department in his course towards the Cubans, and that he would be relieved and Admiral Poor ordered to the South Atlantic Squadron, is incerrect. On the contrary, Admiral Hoff's activity and energy in the protection of American interests are gaining him the esteem and admiration of the department; and the only contingency under which Hoff would be recalled would at a request of his own on account of ill health, or any other good reason he might assign, should he make such a request. Then Admiral Poor would be ordered to relieve him, as it is his next turn to go to sea. But even then Hoff would have to stay till autumn. when Poor would go out. Admiral Hoff has gone to Santiago de Cuba in the iron-clad Saugus, as a notice to the Spaniards to keep their hands off American interests. The head of the Navy Department expresses surprise that any one should venture to assert the Admiral's sympathy, pro or con, in the Cuban struggle, for to the best of his knowledge and belief he (Hoff) has never expressed his opinion one way or the other.

Appointments. The President to-day made the following ap-

oolntments: Rufus A. White, Postmaster, Charlestown, Massachusetts; William Jones, Postmaster, Dallas, Texas; C. McGowan, Postmaster, Knoxville,

Illinois. The Mississippi Delegation, with Judge Dent, called on the President this morning, but on account of the press of business the delegation were not admitted. Judge Dent saw the President, and had a talk on the prospects of the Mississippi elections.

FROM NEW YORK.

Heavy Damages.

ALBANY, July 8 .- The owners of property on the pier destroyed by the freshet last winter have determined to commence suits against the city for damages. The aggregate amount of the

claims is between \$175,000 and \$200,000. Trial of the Commander of the Cuban bustering Expedition that Failed.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, July 8 .- The examination in the case of General Goicouria, the alleged leader of the recent Cuban expeditionary movement, wa continued this morning before United States Commissioner Betts. George W. Hall testified to the sale to General Golcouria of some tubes for fuses, for which he received payment from Mr. Gonzales. Charles A. Pond testified to selling certain arms to parties referred to him by the prisoner, amounting to seventy or eighty

thousand dollars. They were shipped on two schooners to b transferred to a vessel off Gardiner's Island, but his men not finding her, the arms were brought back to him. Hugh Sloan, steward of the Catharine Whiting, testified that General Golcouria was either a purser or passenger on that vessel. The sailors were shipped for Galveston via Key West, Counsel for defense wanted the witness French produced, but he could, ot be found. He then moved the defendant's discharge on the ground that the alleged offense had not been

fully proved. Case still on. Another Defalcation. NEW YORK, July 8 .- Wm. H. Sanford, Cashier of the Central National Bank of the City of New York, No. 320 Broadway, has absconded with bonds to the amount of \$100,000, which had been placed in his hands for safe keeping.

FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable,

The Irish Church Bill . LONDON, July 8 .- The Times has another editorial on the Irish Church bill to-day, in which it says:-"The bill must become a law. This session of Parliament must destroy Protestant supremacy, and establish religious equality in Ireland, but not attempt to set up a multiplicity of establishments. If the eccle slastical property of Ireland is to be put on a permanent footing, we must recognize these facts, and apply so much of the surplus as may be necessary to supply homesteads for ministers for the whole people.'

The Amendments Not to be Tolerated. The Morning Star (radical) says:-"The British people have no right to indulge Peers who would deprive them of the luxury of being just. Hardly one of the amendments to the bill agreed upon byt he Lords can be tolerated by the country.

The French Cable. BREST, July 8 .- Up to Wednesday noon the Great Eastern had run 1639 knots, and had paid out 1840 of cable. The heavy sea was going down. All well. Signals good.

Madrid, July 8 .- There are fresh complicaions in regard to the ministry, and it is now more than likely that the Cabinet will resign. Lord Carrington in a Police Court.

LONDON, July 8. - Lord Carrington was brought up in a police court on charges of assault, and provoking Messrs. Greenville and Murray to fight a duel. The trouble between these gentlemen arose from certain articles alleged to have been written by Murray. After an examination Lord Carrington was

bound over to keep the peace, and held for trial on the second count. A Disgraceful Scene.

After these proceedings a disgraceful and remarkable scene occurred in the court room. The partisans of Mr. Murray, who were present in great force, attempted to selze a box of papers which had been stolen. In the melee which ensued, blows were freely exchanged, and the magistrate's table was overthrown. Policemen were called in, who separated the combatants and restored order.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Speculations on the Southern Elections -What the President Says.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 8.

The Idle Iron-clads. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

An order has been issued from the Navy Department to put the iron-clads lying at various Navy Yards in repairs. They are not to be fitted for sea, but only painted and put in a condition to keep them from wearing out.

An Alleged Optnion.

The President is sald to have expressed the opinion to-day that Mississippi and Texas would go the same way as Virginia. Gentlemen who have conversed with him on the subject say he is" perfectly satisfied with the result of the Virginia election. During the day nearly all the members of the Cabinet called upon the President and had interviews. In consequence of his time being occupied in this way, very few visitors were admitted.

The Virginia Election. Since the result of the Virginia election has been known, some politicians now say that a mistake was made in allowing the disfranchising clauses of the State Constitution to be voted upon separately. Republicans from Virginia say the effect was to consolidate all the Rebels and what is known as the conservative element against the radicals, and that this resulted in the defeat of the latter. The successful party boast that henceforth the conservatives will control the State.

Judge Dent. the President's brother-in-law, denies that he consulted Grant before accepting the nomination for Governor of Mississippi on the conservative ticket. He claims to have acted independently, and avers that he does not expect any support from the administration on the score of his relationship to the President. There are others here, however, who think differently, and who say the matter was well understood before Dent accepted the nomination.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, July 8 .- In the Court of General Sessions this morning Judge Bedford pronounced sentence of five years in the State Prison upon John Howard, an alleged confederate of Reddy the Blacksmith, who was tried and convicted on the 16th of June. Judge Bedford and District Attorney Hutchings, however, both expressed themselves satisfied of Howard's comparative innocence, and promised to intercede for a pardon. A letter commending Howard's good character was read from Mayor Shurtliff of Boston. Seven other prisoners were sentenced to terms of from six months to five years in the State Prison or Penitentiary.

A Criminal Sentenced.

End of the Filibuster Fiasco. Despatch to The Ecening Telegraph.

New York, July 8.—Commissioner. Betts decided to-day, at the conclusion of General Goicouria's examination for alleged violation of the neutrality laws, in assisting Cuban expeditions, that the offense had not been directly proven,

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

and, therefore, discharged the prisoner.

Prohibitory Legislation in Massachusetts. Despatch to the Evening Telegraph, Boston, July 8-2-20 P. M.—The Union Republican State Central League is the name of the new political organization formed to oppose prohibitory legislation. This evening's Herald (conservative) nominates ex-Minister C. F.

Adams for Governor. Commencement of Trinity College. HARTFORD, July 8 .- The commencement exercises of Trinity College took place to-day. Arthur M. Conkly, of this city, gave the Salutatory, and George O. Holbrook, of New York,

the Valedictory oration. The following honorary degrees were conferred:-M. A., J. M. Garcia, Rio Jane ro: Rev. John E. Smith, Westport, Conn.; and Colly James, of Salisbury, Conn. D. D., Rev. F. E. Lawrence, of New York; Rev. Henry Olmstead, of Great Barrington, Mass.; and Rev. A. M.

Stevens, of Geneva, New York. THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Evening's Quotations. By Atlantic Cable. London, July 8—Evening.—Consols closed at 93¼ for money, and 93¼ for account. United States Five-twenties 81¼. Railways quiet. Erie, 19¼; Illinois Central, 95¾.

Laverroot., July 8—Evening.—Cotton closed firm at 12½6. for uplands, and 12¼6. for Orleans. Sales to day 12 000 bales. to-day, 12,000 bales. Wheat, 10s. 7d. for California white, and 9s. 4d. for No. 2 red Western. Peas, 38s. for Canadian. Lard,

LONDON, July 8—Evening.—Sugar closed quiet and steady, both on the spot and adoat. Refined Petroleum quiet and unchanged. Calcutta Lineed, 61s. 6d; Lineed oil, £32 3s. ANTWERP, July 8.—Petroleum, 49%f. LONDON, July 8.—The bullion in the Bank of Engand has increased £30,000 since the last report.

Markets by Telegraph. New York, July 8.—Cotton quiet; 850 bales sold 184%c. Flour active and advanced 5@10c.; sales of at 34%c. Flour active and advanced 5@10c.; sales of 9500 barrels superfine at \$5:10@5:50; extra at \$6:05@6:60; choice at \$6:35@6:65; and fancy at \$6:80@7.25. Wheat active and advanced 3@4c.; sales of 121,000 bushels No. 1 at \$1:50@1:52; No. 2 at \$1:46; and winter red at \$1:55@1:60. Corn active and advanced 1@2c.; sales of 66,000 bushels mixed Western at 69 @91%c. by canal, and 88@92c. by railroad. Oats firmer and advanced 1@2c.; sales of 51,000 bushels at 81c. Beef quitet. Pork dull; new mess, \$31:87%@32. Lard dull at 19%@19%c. Whisky nominal at 99c.@\$1. Baltimors, July 8.—Cotton quiet and steady at 34%c. Flour firm but quiet. Wheat steady; new red, \$1:50@1:50. Corn firm; white, 98c.@\$1.02; yellow, 95c. Oats, 65@75c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky less firm; holders ask \$1, and buyers demand a lower rate.

A Disagrecable Experience.

Mr. Goldwin Smith is just now undergoing the most disagreeable experience which can befall a public man. Having made rather a donkey of himself here, both in what he has said and written, the English oracles take him condescendingly up, smooth his ruffled plumes, condole with him for venturing in water beyond his depth; pat him tenderly upon the back, and altogether treat him like a wayward child who erred through ignorance and not wifulness. If Mr. Smith is of a sensitive temperament he will not feel over grateful for this sort of patronage. It is a poor consolation to be pitied, and as the Professor has retreated across the border to fire hot shot at us from under the British flag, it must be only a deeper mortification to be visited there with so much British pity.—N. Y. Commercial.

TCE."

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