RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—A number of merchants assembled in the Secretary's office at the Commercial Exchange this morning, to take some action in relation to the decease of Mr. E. G. James, formerly an active member of that organization. Philip B. Mingle, Esq., was called to the chair, and Mr. Stephen T. Souder appointed Secretary.

The following resolutions, submitted by Mr. E. G. Cattell, were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, The telegraph announces to us the sad intelli-ence of the death at Chicago of Mr. Edward G. James,

gence of the death at Chicago of Mr. Edward G. James, and Whereas, Mr. Edward G. James was one of the original members of this organization, and took an active and deep interest in its success, it seems pertinent that some recognition of the event should be made by those now attached to our association; therefore Resolved, That the members of the Commercial Exchange have learned with the deepast sorrow of his decease, and that we take this mothod of publicly expressing our grief for one who has been so long and actively identified with the business of our city.

Resolved, That a committee of five merchants be appointed to tender to his bereaved family our deepest sympathies in this the day of their sere affliction.

Resolved, That the committee be requested to telegraph to Chicago the proceedings of this meeting.

The Chair appointed the following committee:

Messrs, E. G. Cattell, D. N. Wetzler, Charles Knecht, Samuel L. Ward, and E. A. Souder.

HESTER VACCHAN,-This unfortunate woman, who HESTER VARUHAN.—This unfortunate woman, who, it will be remembered, was sent back to England after her pardon by the Governor, was arrived in that country, and has written to her friends here stating that she is in great destitution, and asking them for essistance. She was ill during the entire voyage across the ocean, and the limited amount of the propose cross the was allowed the purchase of the propose of the ways exhausted in the purchase of woyage across the ocean, and the limited amount of money given her was exhausted in the purchase of absolute necessaries during the passage. She is now sick and in great distress, and those who have taken an interest in her case heretefore will be doing a really charitable action if they will continue to assist her until she can obtain shelter with her friends or get employment by which she can easn her living. The ladies who kindly cared for her while in pris more will gladie versely such support mothers as here will gladly receive such sums of money as charitably disposed citizens may be inclined to give, and will forward the same to the unfortunate

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION .- In response to an inquiry as to whether flue-cut made from tax-paid plug tobacco must be stamped and marked as other fine-cut tobacco, Commissioner Delano writes the

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL RE-TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE 9: INTERNAL RE-VENUE. WASHINGTON, JUNE 8, 1869:—SIR—In reply to your letter of June 4, in relation to fine-cut tobacco manufactured from cavendish or plug, I have to say that fine-cut tobacco, manufactured from cavendish or plug, should be put up in the same manner and stamped the same as fine-cut tobacco manufactured directly from the leaf. The fact that a tax may have been paid on the cavendish or plug does not affect the liability of the fine-cut tobacco manufactured from it. Very respectfully, C. Delano, Commissioner. To T. Townsend, Collector Fourteenth district, New York.

REV. JOHN HEMPHILL, lately arrived from Ireland on a visit to this country, and who has been preaching to large audiences in many of our city churches, lectured last evening at Concert Hall on "The Disestablishment of the Irish Church." The speaker was introduced by Rev. John Chambers, and his bursts of elequence were frequently applauded by an appreciative audience. In the discussion of the subappreciative audience. In the discussion of the subject the young divine proposed, and with ability answered, the three following questions:—First. Why should the Established Church be disestablished Second. Who are in favor of disestablishment? Third. What will be the effects of disestablishment?

A PRACTICAL JOKER IN TROUBLE .- An evening or two since a resident of the Nineteenth ward, while playing a practical joke upon what he supposed to be a friend, got himself into trouble, to extricate himself from which caused him some little difficulty, He jumped into a carriage, which he supposed to be-long to a friend, and drove off. The owner, a stranger to him, seeing his property driven away, a called in the services of a policemay, who captured the would-be joker, and locked him up as a thief. His case becoming known, his identity was sufficiently established to clear him of any guilty in-

A STABBING AFFRAY .- About 2 o'clock this morning, two negroes, while passing Eighth and Walnut streets, were assaulted by a gang of men, and during the disturbance one of the colored men was stabbed in the stomach. Policemen were attracted to the spot by the noise, and succeeded in arresting Michael Bolivar and William Ney, both of whom have been bound over by Alderman Morrow. The colored men are employed at a restaurant at Ninth and Arch streets, and were on their way home when

A CRASH THIEF.-Robinson Moore was arrested last night for being drunk. At the station he was searched, and a roll of crash was found on him. It was ascertained that he was in the employ of Furness, Brinley & Co., auctioneers, on Chesnut street, from whom he was supposed to have stolen it. Alderman Carpenter held Robinson in \$600 bail for

ROBBERY .- On Monday morning the grocery store of Mr. Paist, at No. 1144 Hanover street, was en-tered by burgiars, who stole \$300 from a second-story room. Some clothing, silverware, and a lot of groceries were packed up, but not taken. It is sup-posed that chloroform had been applied to the

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY .- At 3 o'clock this morning an attempt was made to rob the residence of Thomas Truitt, at No. 224 Monroe street. The thieves were at work on the rear shutter when they were dis-turbed by policemen, and succeeded in making their

CRICKETERS IN TOWN.—The St. George Cricket Clab of New York arrived in the city last night, and took quarters at the Bingham House. They commence a two days' match with the Young America of Germantown this afternoon, on the grounds of the latter, a the lower end of Germantown.

NEGRO ASSAULTED.-Frank De Molliere last night came across a negro on Locuist street, near Tenth, and, after stopping him, beat him pretty badly. Frank was arrested and held for his appear-ance at court by Alderman Morrow.

FOR SALE — FIXTURES, INCLUDING large Lathe, Frames, Show Cases, Desk, etc. Also, second story to rent. Apply from 10 to 2 o'clock, at No. 114 North NINTH Street.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
No. 1038 CHESNUT Street.

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SPRING STYLES

BOOTS AND SHOES

SHAR ROOMS IN DRUB UNA BE

GENTS' WEAR.

BARTLETT,

NO. 33 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,

10 16 Imw

ABOVE CHESNUT.

CITE INTELLIGENCE. THIRD EDITION

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Indian Hostilities News from the Plains Deaths from Yellow Fever in New York.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Advices from the Plains.

WASHINGTON, June 23 .- The following was received at the Indian Bureau this morning:-OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT OF INDIAN AF-FAIRS, LAWRENCE, Kansas, 6th month, 19th day,-Hon. E. S. Parker:-A party from General Hazen arrived at Ellsworth on the 12th instant, and will return to-morrow, taking down Agent Darlington to the Chevenne reservation. They report that there is no danger from hostile Indians, as none were seen in coming up. Two men were killed twenty miles north of Salma, at Minneapolis, near the Solomon, on the 13th, and several Indians were seen south of the railroad on the 14th instant. There are no other reports of note.

ENOCH HOAG, Superintendent.

Secretary Boutwell's Appointments. Secretary Boutwell was besieged with visitors on his return to the Treasury Department this morning, and his office presented a scene of more activity than has been shown for some weeks. There is a great anxiety to know who will be appointed Assistant Treasurer in place of Van Dyck, but up to 1 o'clock no announcement had been made. The Sceretary will have an interview with the President during the afternoon, when the appointment will be determined.

Removals. A number of female clerks were removed from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency

Interviews with the President. General James Watson Webb, Thomas Adamson, Jr., United States Consul at Honolulu, Senstor Cole, and several members of the House of Representatives, had interviews with the President this morning.

Fractional Carrency. It is not yet certain that the new fractional surrency notes will be ready by the 1st of July, some doubts being expressed at the department that it can be issued so soon.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Yellow Fever.

NEW YORK, June 23 .- Arrived, barque M. V. Hugg, from Matanzas. There are two cases of vellow fever on board.

Two more deaths occurred in the Saratoga

Fatal Affray-Fire.

Nonfolk, June 23 .- At Franklin, Va., a station on the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, an affray occurred last evening, in which a negro was mortally shot by a white man named Holland. At midnight the negroes collected, and attempted to force an entrance into Holland's house, but were driven off. A few hours later the negroes fired and totally destroyed the sawmill and lumber yard of Nealy Brothers, whose loss is estimated at \$20,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Clippings from our Transatlantic Exchanges We make the following extracts from a budget of foreign exchanges:-

BRITISH PEERS The London Advertiser asks what will be the result if Mr. Gladstone should create fifty new peers? The immediate effect, we know, will be to carry the Irish Church bill. But there can be no doubt that the translation of a man of wealth out of the general mass into the peculiar atuosphere of the House of Lords has a tendency to make him a "conservative." Lord Grey began to make liberal peers. Lord Mel-bourne followed him; then Lord John Russell and Lord Palmerston. These four Whig Premiers ereated 123 peers in the course of the last thirty-five years. Sir Robert Peel and Lord Derby, in their short ministries, created about forty. On a balance, therefore, the Whigs have created eighty-three more peers than the Tories. And yet, in spite of all this, when Lord Derby last year opposed Mr. Giadstone's Irish Church Supervisory bill, he obtained a majority of pinguise. majority of ninety-five. FENTANISM.

On the person of a prisoner lately taken to Dublin

were found letters calling upon his countrymen to join the Irish army. The following paper was also found upon him:—

"Soldiers of the R. Catholic, your services are required for soldiers of Carist, Your oath and wicked promise to serve herities is not binding at this critical period. You must officer your country country in the present of the promise to serve herities is not binding at this critical period. You must officer your country the property of the promise to serve herities is not binding at this critical period. period. You must officer your countrymen—take your arms, etc.—come into town and city, and enter all gunshops, provision shops, hotels—take cooked food, gold, silver, arms, and the less horses, everywhere. Force the shopmen and constabulary into the ranks.

PRINCE OF GREEN."

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA. The Paris Patric says that several papers, in enumerating the artillery force of Prussia, have declared that it consists of 8000 guns, and that that of France is numerically inferior. "Without entering now into any comparisons," says the Patric, "we may, perhaps, be allowed to remark that France possesses a total of 8845 guns, the bulk of which are new rined cannon, or old pieces which have been altered, and that our artillery enjoys a very high reputation in Europe."

THE ITALIAN ARMY. A scheme has just been laid before the Italian Chamber by the Minister for War for the reorganization of the Italian army. There will be an active army and a reserve. The yearly contingent will consist of three divisions—the first to serve twelve years, four in the ranks, five on furlough, and three in reserve; and the second and third to serve six years only. The cavairy will serve five years in the ranks. The first two divisions constitute the active army, and the third the reserve. The privilege of appointing substitutes is abolished, but exemption by payment is still to be allowed in exceptional cases. Under the new scheme the yearly contingent will consist of 88,000 men, one-half of whom will be placed in the first division, and the entire strength of the active army will be 4000 men of whom of the active army will be 400,000 men, of whom 270,000 could at once be sent into the field in case of war. The reserve is to consist of 198,000 men. In order not to exceed the fixed sum of 140,000,000 franca allowed for the military budget, the effective strength of the army in time of peace is to be 178,000.

THE TURP DEGENERATING. The London correspondent of a Prussian paper describes how the turi has degenerated in England, as well as the breed of horses. He says that not describes how the turi has degenerated in England, as well as the breed of horses. He says that not only do Prussian coach horses most successfully compete with English ones at Paris, but it has even come to pass that English dealers are in the habit of going thither on purpose to buy up the Prussian coach horses for the English market. He adds that much difficulty is now experienced in mounting the English cavairy, and that Yorkshire, in particular, is practically almost dennded of horses, brood mares being exported to Prussia in enormous numbers via Hull and Harwich. If this account is correct, it would seem that foals born of English mothers in Prussia, and becoming naturalized in that country, are sent to Paris to complete their education, and thence return in a highly valuable state to the land which gave birth to their parents. The Pall Mall Gazette on this subject says: — "Very possibly this statement is correct; the eccentricities which have lately marked the conduct of our Hansom cab horses are doubtless due to their Prussian origin and Paristan education. It would tax all Count Bismark's energies to drive them, and the sooner they go back to Prussia the better pleased we shall be. Perhaps they will give our kind remembrances to their mothers, and inform them that owing to the degeneration of cabmen and horses we are all taking to velocipedes; that the cabs are worse and the streets more unsafe than ever; and what will ultimately become of us is difficult to say."

—Victoria's eldest daughter is to be the patron of a woman's newspaper in London. —Fechter, the tragedian, has married an English lady with a million pounds dowry.

JOSE FURALES LEMUS.

The Plenistentiary of the Provisional Government of Cuba Visite Washington to Preserve His Credentials.

Among the members of the Cuban Junta arrested in this city inst week, on the charge of having violated the neutrality laws of the United States, was Mr. Jose Morales Lemus, the President of that Association. This gentleman arrived in Washington yesterday with the Intention of presenting to our Government his credentials as Minister Pienipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary from the Provisional Government of the Republic of Cuba, of which General Cespedes is President.

It is expected that he will present his credentials to-day. The Minister of the Republic of Cuba is a native of Holguin, in the Eastern Department of Cuba, now in insurrection, and has been for many years one of the most prominent lawyers and esteemed citizens of Havana, noted not only for his professional learning and ability, but for the enlightened interest he has taken in all measures for developing the resources of his native country, and

lightened interest he has taken in all measures for developing the resources of his native country, and improving the condition of its people. He was a member of the Committee of Information which some time ago proceeded to Spain for the purpose of representing to the Spanish Government the true condition, and the wants of the Island of Cuba, having been elected one of the representatives of the district of Havana. In the month of January last, he left Cuba for this country, the well-known liberality of his sentiments rendering him obnoxious to the Government in Havana, and immediately upon of his sentiments rendering him obnoxious to the Government in Havana, and immediately upon his arrival here was chosen President of the Central Republican Jouta of Cuba and Porto Rico in this city. In March last he was selected as the Coban knyoy to the Government at Washington, receiving his credentials as such from President Cespedes, but these he has never yet presented, although he has twice visited Washington since that time. He will to-day seek an interciew with the President in his official capacity, and the result of his application to he recognized as the representative in this country of the Cuban Republican Government is awaited with the Cuban Republican Government is awaited with much arrively by his compatriots here. Mr. Lemus is about sixty years old. He has been in the habit for many years past of visiting the United States and spending a few weeks in this country every year.—
N. Y. Tribune of this morning.

INDIA.

The Festival of Juggernant Celebrated This About this very time of the year tens of thousands of pilgrims are making their way from all parts of India to the shrine of that "god which has the power, as they believe, to obsterate the transgressions of all who make their offerings to him in person. Juggernaut, the "lord of the world," has been worshipped in the sacred town of Pooree, in the southern part of Grissa, lying about three hundred miles from Calcutta, for seven hundred years past, and the pilgrims constantly increased in mumbers until the year of the fatal famine, when the whole country was strewn constantly increased in numbers until the year of the fatal famine, when the whole country was strewn with the dead. Five years or so ago the attention of the English public was called to a celebration in honor of Juggernaut, within a few miles of Calcutta, at which several natives fell or threw themselves beneath the car and were crushed to death. Of old the great festivals were never deemed complete unless the triumphant path of the god had been

of the great festivals were never deemed com-plete unless the triumphant path of the god had been stained with the blood of his worshippers. But the priests dare not encourage that custom now.

If a devotee flings himself down before the idol, the Brahmins cry out that it was an accident. The idolatry, however, still costs hundreds of lives every year. The weak and sickly perish by the wayside, and a cholera epidemic usually breaks out at Poores when the city is most overcrowded with pilgrims. The poor creatures are huddled together in a way The poor creatures are huddled together in a way which seems almost incredible to the European. The temple of Juggernaut stands in a large inclosure in the centre of Poorce. There is a Grecian column of black basait in front of the principal gate brought from Kanarok. The god lives in a large tower, and about 640 persons are employed to minister to his supposed necessities. There is an attendant who puts the idol to bed every night, another who wakes him, a third whose office it is to put water and a tooth-pick comfortably within his reach, a fourth to paint his eyes for him every morning, as if he was a faded London beauty, several others to cook and give him his food, 120 dancing girls to amuse him in his heavy moments, and 3000 priests to worship him—and plunder the pilgrims. All this goes on year after year—is going on in the midst of this hot month of June, while the pligrims throng every road which leads to the shrine.

ODD.

A Wife Brings Suit in Chicago to Recover Her Husband. From the Chicago Tribune, June 20.

A few days since a rather peculiar matter was brought to the cognizance of the Superior Court. It was expected, of course, that there would be a public hearing, which would develop the whole case, it would seem, however, that the service of a writ has caused a subsidence of the cause of further liti-gation, wherefore it is presumable that the ex parts statement under oath of the chief party in interest is true. On Tuesday a writ of habeas corpus was sued out by Anna L. Sheldon, who sought, by the aid of the court, to procure the body of her husband, George H. Sheldon. In her application for the writ she made substantially the following statement:—
"Anna L. Sheldon is the wife of George H. Sheldon, who is at present an invalid, suffering from a severe attack of paralysis. That he was taken ill of said disease on or about the 6th day of May, 1889, at Cedar Rapids, lowa, where he was residing with his wife. At once the wife employed three competent and trustworthy physicians, who attended upon him for the space of three days after the date mentioned, at which time they directed him to be placed in an insane asylum, he being at the time party deranged. chief party in interest i insane asylum, he being at the time partly deranged.
Under this advice, on the 16th day of Muy last, she caused her husband to be removed to the State Asylum of the State of Iowa, at Mount Pleasant, she delivering him to the care of Dr. Mark Ranney, the Superintendent, who informed her that he could not then direct her as to the time which would necessarily be expended in bringing about a recovery of the patient to his reason and health. Mrs. Sheldon thus left her husband at the asylum returned to her horse, and about a recovery of the patient to his reason and health. Mrs. Sheldon thus left her husband at the asylam, returned to her home, and thence came to her brother's house, having it in mind to return and move her spouse from his place of duress at the earliest proper time. On the 3d day of June, 1859, she concluded that it was time to visit Mount Pleasant to bring her husband home, whereapon sho procured her ticket, and being about to start, learned that he had already been, without her knowledge, removed to Chicago, by Elia P. Sheldon, his brother. Having ascertained this fact she went to the boarding house, on the corner of Sangamon and Randolph streets, where the brother resided, and where her husband was at the time. She saw Elias P. Sheldon and his wife, and requested to be allowed to see ber husband, which right was denied her. But on the 30th of May she did see her husband, at the room of Blas P. Sheldon, his brother, but then only in the hearing and presence of the brother or his wife, and since that date she avers that she has not been permitted to see him only when one of the relatives is present, and then only for the length of time they choose to allow. Mrs. Sheldon avers that her husband needs the greatest care in attendance and nursing in order to restore him to health, and that she is anxious and greatly desires to have the charge and care of him, and that at her father's that she is anxious and greatly desires to have the charge and care of him, and that at her father house there are means fit and convenient to the end; nevertheless, the brother refuses to allow her to have him at her home. She states, in this con-nection, that prior to the illness of George H. Shel-don, her husband, for some months the brother Elias had not been friendly to George, and had not spoken to him when they met, and that her husband greatly desires to be removed from his and his wife's

GONE DOWN .- The sloop Martha Davis, Captain Robinson, of this place, was sunk at Ridley Creek, Pa., one day this week. We believe the vessel has been raised and put on the dry dock for repairs. The sloop was being loaded with stone, the captain had gone to Philadelphia on business, his mate was absent, and it is supposed the men overloaded her. It was at first thought that, as the vessel was resting on the rocky bed of the creek at low tide, a hole was on the rocky bed of the creek at low tide, a hole was pressed through her planks by the great weight of stone on board, but as, on examination, no hole was to be found, it is now surmised that, being overloaded, she could not rise with the tide, and the water therefore rose above her and flowed in over her sides. The vessel will be ready for loading again in a few days,—Milford (Del.) Mutual Friend.

MEDICAL.

GUILFORD SPRING WATER NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA.

PEPSIA, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
RHEUMATISM, and NEURALGIA. This is the oldest and most powerful Medicinal Spring in Vermont, and has been endorsed and prescribed by the Medical Faculty since 1817.
In discusses requiring an alterative, its action is speedy and permanent.
A descriptive pamphlet of the Spring, its cures, and the auxivise of the water, can be procured gratis of the WHOLESALE AGENTS, JOHN WYETH & BRO.,

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Also for sale by CHAS. ELLIB, SON & CO., No. 1000
MARKET Street.
W. WALTER MULLEN, Chesnut Hill.
ERKDERICK BROWN, FIFTH and CHESNUT Sta.
JAMES T. SHINN, BROAD and SPRUCE Streets.
O. S. HUBBELL, No. 1410 CH. SNUT Street.
PECK & CO., No. 1338 CHESNUT Street.
A. B. TAALOR, No. 1015 GHESNUT St. 4 21sw@mrp

JOHN FARNUM & CO., COMMISSION MER-chants and Manufacturers of Conestogs Ticking, etc., No. 22 IOHESNUT Street, Philadelphia. 14 wins;

WASHINGTON.

Boutwell's Contemplated Change of Policy in Purchasing Bonds-Military Affairs More Trouble About the Spanish Mission.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Disturbances Feared in Southern Europe-The French Caple.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Some Trouble About Sickles' Appointment as Minister to Spain.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—There appears to be some hitch about the appointment of Sickles as Minister to Spain, on account of his connection with the army. Section 6 of the act of March 30, 1869, provides that any officer of the army or navy who accepts or holds any appointment in the consular or diplomatic service shall be considered as having resigned his place in the

Sickles was at the War Department to-day, trying to have his status as a retired officer better defined. He holds that, being on the retired list, this provision of the law does not apply to him. It is understood, however, that the Attorney-General construes the law differently; and this is where the trouble comes in. Sickles if compelled to choose, will take the Spanish mission in preference to remaining in the army.

Boutwell's Policy. The Sevretary of the Treasury is in receipt of several letters to-day from New York, concerning the leak in the Treasury relative to the new policy of the Secretary concerning the future sale of gold and bonds. It appears that a prominent New York banking house received a private telegram from this city forshadowing the new policy. Said firm immediately bought up a million of gold sold that day by the Government, at three-quarters of a cent above all other bidders. An hour afterwards they went into the gold room, and sold out at au advance of one per cent. The Associated Press despatch in the meantime had made its appearance, and produced the anticipated effect upon the market. Illuminating Military Posts.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 23 .- A board of officers, to consist of the following Brevet Major-Generals, has been ordered to assemble in this city for the purpose of investigating and reporting apon the subject of illuminating forts and quarters at military posts: -- M. C. Meigs, Q. M. G.; A. B. Faton, Commissary-General; A. B. Dyer, Chief of Ordnance, and A. A. Humphreys, Chief of Engineers. A Transfer.

The head-quarters of the 5th United States Cavalry, now at this city, are to be transferred o the Department of the Platte immediately.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

A Railroad Project Defeated. HARTFORD, June 23 .- The Senate to-day decated the parallel railroad project, which was to make a railroad line from New Haven to New York, competing with the New York and New laven road, by a vote of 11 to 10. In the House the bill repealing the present usury law was defeated by a vote of 77 to 148. Vice-President Colfax will visit the Legislature on Thurs-

From Prince Edward's Island. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., June 23 .- The Hon. Mr. Hensley, late leader of the Government and Attorney-General of this island, has been appointed Judge of the Supreme Court. Our telegraphic communication with the rest of the world, which has been interrupted for some time by a break in the cable, is again restored.

FROM THE WEST.

The Congressional Railroad Committee to Make a Western Excursion. St. Louis, June 23.—The Kansas Pacific Railroad Company has invited the Railroad Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States to make an excursion over their road. Several of the committee have accepted the invitation, and others will probably do so. The excursionists are expected to arrive here on Monday next. The programme includes a visit to Iron Mountain, Pilot Knob, and the granite region of Southeastern Missouri, and a trip to Sheridan, the present terminus of the road, and thence to Denver and Cheyenne, and return via Omaha City.

The Council of Quincy, Ill., has voted \$250. 000 to the Quincy and Nebraska Railroad, and private parties have subscribed \$100,000.

The Ohio Republican State Convention. COLUMBUS, June 23.—The Republican State Convention organized to-day, with the Hon. Ben. Eggleston as temporary chairman. The usual committees were appointed, and the convention took a recess.

FROM EUROPE.

Production of Cotton in the British Colonies.

LONDON, June 23 .- A deputation of gentlemen representing the Lancashire cotton trade have united in a request to the Duke of Argyle to obtain Government assistance in the production of cotton in the British colonies. They set forth the great depression in trade at present, and show that relief can only be had by the Government lending aid, to enable India to develop the growing of cetton so as to compete with the United States.

The French Cable. Paris, June 28 .- The Great Eastern, on Tuesday at noon, was 174 miles out from Brest, paying out the cable nicely.

Outbrenks in Southern Europe, FLORENCE, June 23,-Great precautions are being taken by the authorities in Turin and Milan to guard against outbreaks, as it is feared the revolutionists are inciting disturbances. Several arrests have been made at Genoa.

Increase in 1869......\$28,009 02

—Santa Anna lives at Port Platte, Hayti, where he is writing a history of his life.

—The Duke of Argyll will preside at the annual dinner of the Cobden Club in July.

—M. Adrien, a French artist, is preparing a panorama of Rhode Island. Mr. Sprague is suggested as exhibitor and commentator.

The Proceeding's This Afterno on.

James L. Graham, of Allegheny, Per-.canent Chairman.

General John W. Geary Renominated for Governor of Pennsylvania.

Henry W. Williams for Judge of the Supreme Court.

At 2 o'clock the delegates began reassembling, and at 20 minutes thereafter the convention was again called to order.

The report of the Committee on Credentials was first in order. The chairman of this committee being absent when called on for his report, the committee awaited

his return.

Pending his appearance, the delegate from West moreland sent the following resolution to the Chair-Resolved, That Hon. Galusha A. Grow, in the dis-

charge of his duties as Chairman of the State Central Committee, and for his untiring labors in behalf of Republican ideas and principles, is entitled to the gratitude of the Republican party. After some discussion, the resolution was allowed to be read, and was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Grow replied to it in a few words of thanks. At this point the report of the Committee or Organization was called for, when Mr. Dickinson, ts Chairman, read the name of James L. Graham of Allegheny county, for Chairman of the Convention. The announcement was hailed with applause. The remainder of the officers were then read, as follows:

VICE-PRESIDENTS. Districts.

16. George F. Rinehart.

17. John Strohm.

18. William McConkey.

19. William King.

20. Dr. C. W. Moore.

21. D. W. Woods.

22. J. P. Thompson.

2. 23. Hon. G. W. Lathey.

24. Hon. John Covode.

53. Winfield S. Purviance

26. Capt. David Shields.

27. John G. White.

28. Hon. J. R. Clarke. 1. George Shaffer. 2. Henry Huhn. 8. Wesley Stephenson.
4. Hon. Gideon Clark.
50. W. K. Bray.
6. George Lear.
7. Samuel Straub.
8. Captain Wm. A. Sands.
92. Linn Bartholomew.
93. Jnn Bartholomew. 10. D. R. Shoemaker. 11. S. L. Andrews. 12. J. G. Miller. 13. Wm. K. Smith. 14. Joseph Wenrick. b. O. G. Jackson.

16. George Larck.
17. Jacob S, Shirk.
18. George Geiger.
19. J. N. Durborow. Hiram Hooper. Thomas J. Smith. Captain Wm. Taylor. O. F. Bullard. J. Paul Knight. 20. J. B. Cessna. t. 20. J. B. Cessna.
y. 21. Wm. Lewis.
y. 22. Dr. J. S. Crawford
yell. 23. Hon. Henry Souther,
yell. 24. G. W. K. Miner.
25. Capt. B. W. Morgan.
ut. 26. J. Ritner Harrah.
27. N. W. Grant.
28. J. J. Speerman.
29. E. L. Litchfield. Wm. H. Ahney. Captain W. C. Mo Dr. R. M. Coryell. John Shields. P. M. Osterhout. E. N. Willard. Cnarles Westerman.

In a few brief remarks the retiring Chairman introduced Mr. Grabam, who assumed his seat in the following words :-

Gentlemen :- I thank you for the honor conferred the unsolicited and unexpected honor conferred upon me in calling me to preside over the delibera-tions of this convention. It is not my intention at

tions of this convention. It is not my intention at this time to make a speech.

I am admonished, with the thermometer at 100, and many of the delegates with their carpet bags, ready to lepve on the next train, that it would be in bad taste for me to occupy a large part of your time in making a speech, or attempting to make one. You have met together to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor of the Commonwealth and Judge of the Supreme Court. You come from all sections of the broad Commonwealth as the representative men of the Republicac party, and of the great, progressive, and noble Republican ideas. You are here, I trust, to subserve no personal inte-rests, to gratify no personal prejudices; but I trust

that you will while here to-day show that you love the Republican party, and that you love the Republi-can principles above all personal and private admi-rations, prejudices, or preferences. We who meet here to-day, my friends, as the representatives of the great Republican party— Thespeaker continued at some length, and closed

amid applause. The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of Hon. J. K. Thompson, of Indiana county, as dele-gate from the 22d Senatorial district. 10th Senatorial District-Dr. D. K. Shoemaker, of

Carbon county. 27th Senatorial District-Hon. David Barclay, of Armstrong. As Representative delegates the committee re-

ported in favor of the following-named gentlemen:-Harris Holton, of Lawrence, Bugh Morrison and H. W. Grant, of Botler. And that J. G. White and John J. Spearman, of Mercer, be both admitted as delegates to jointly east

Nominations for Governor were then made, as follows :--General John W. Geary.

General Horace M. Porter. George B. Lawrence, of Washington county. General Harry White, of Indiana county. General William Lilly, of Carbon county. General George B. Meade, of Philadelphia. Hon. Thomas M. Marshall, of Allegheny county. Hon. James O. Negley, of Allegheny county. The nominations were then closed. The names of Messrs. Lawrence, White, Marshall,

and Negley were at once withdrawn.

Geary

A motion was offered to confirm the nomination of General Geary by acciamation. Cries for a "ballot." The roll was then called, and the vote resulted as follows:-

announced by the chairman, who concluded by

"General John W. Geary having a majority of all

the votes cast, is hereby declared the nominee of this Convention for Governor of Pennsylvania." A scene of wild confusion and delirious excitement ensued. Delegates, officers, and auditors rose all to their feet, shouted in hurras to each other, tossed their hats in the air, jumped upon the benches in the excess of their gratification, and made the

hall echo and re-echo with their loud and long-continued cheers. A motion was then made to declare the nomination upanimous. The Chairman put it, when, to the surprise of all,

a single voice responded "No!" PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro. No. 46 S. Third street,

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—Fields, the Boston publisher, has lately been visiting Tennyson, and is now the guest of Dickens. -William Townsley, of Shelburne Falls, has "swopped hosses" 600 times during his life of two-score years,

FOURTH EDITION | REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. | FIFTH EDITION THE LATEST NEWS.

Appointment of Cadets-Webb's Troubles A New Assistant Treasurer.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Cadets Appointed.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The President to-day appointed six cadets at large to the Military Academy, but their names have not been made

public. General James Watson Webb had a long interview with the President to-day, whereat he explained at great length his course in Brazil. Webb's attempt to stir up trouble between Brazil and the United States has failed. The authorities here make all due allowance for Webb's erratic character, and take his account. of the insults to our Government for what it is

General Daniel Butterfield has been appointed Assistant U. S. Treasurer at New York.

THE CONVENTION.

Continued from our Fourth Edition.

The nominations were closed.

worth.

The ejaculator of this monosyllable, George M. Lauman, of Berks county, an old, grey-haired man, was the party who had put General Porter in nomination, and the party who tendered the General the only vote he received.

His response was hailed with derision, hisses, and laughter; but, of course, had the effect of destroying the unanimity desired.

A motion was then made that a committee of five be appointed to inform General Geary of the choice of the convention. The following were appointed as the committee:-Henry Souther, Captain Charles W. Batchman, G.

A. Grow, John Coryell, and Mahlon H. Dickinson, Nominations for Judge of the Supreme Court were then declared in order. Judge Henry W. Williams, of Allegheny county, was named.

Judge Williams was then declared the nominee of the convention for Judge of the Supreme Court by acclamation. Another scene of cheering followed. A committee was then appointed to apprise him

of the action of the convention. The chairman rapped the convention to order, and the regular business proceeded As we go to press the report of the Committee on Resolutions, embodying the platform on which the candidates nominated by it will stand, was about

being presented. HON, HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

the Republican candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, is a native of Connecticut, and is about fortyseven years of age. He was educated at Yale College, which, when he had achieved distinction in the legal profession, conferred upon him the degree of "Doctor of Laws," After leaving college he removed

"Doctor of Laws." After leaving college he removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he became a student of law in the office of the late Chief Justice Lowrie. He was admitted to the bar in 1843, and became the partner of Judge Lowrie. The latter was subsequently appointed a Judge of the District Court of Allegheny county by the Governor, and in 1851 was elected Chief Justice of the State. At the same time his former pupil was elected to fill the position formerly occupied by him.

In 1861 Judge Williams was re-elected an Associate Law Judge of the District Court of Allegheny county, without any organized opposition. Previous to going upon the bench, he achieved an excellent reputation as a practitioner, and since his elevation to judicial positions he has more than maintained it. In June, 1867, he was nominated by the Republican State Convention at Williamsport for Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, and the fitness of the nomination was everywhere recognized. He was defeated, however, by Judge Sharswood in was everywhere recognized. He was defeated, however, by Judge Sharswood, in the following October. In the latter part of 1868, Judge Stroud having resigned his position on the bench of the Supreme Court, Judge Williams was appointed to fill the vacancy until January 1, 1870.

As a lawyer Judge Williams is methodical and accurate; as a ladge featers and anxioth prosecutive.

As a lawyer Judge Williams is methodical and accurate; as a judge, fearless and upright, possessing the happy faculty of discerning at once the justice of a cause, notwithstanding the difficulties and quibbles by which it may be obscured. Since he has been on the bench of the Supreme Court he has fully proved his eminent fitness for the position, and in nominating him the convention has given the Republican party a candidate that is in every way worthy of its support.

Although Judge Williams is modest and retiring in disposition, he is extremely sociable in his relations with the members of the bar; and he enjoys a rare popularity, where he is known, with people of all classes and all shades of political complexion. He is still in the prime of life, is blessed with good health, and is capable of sustaining the severest mental labor for many years to come.

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