CITY INTELLIGENCE.

AQUATIC.

The Schuylkill Navy-Regatta this Afternoon-Clubs Embraced in the Association-Their History and their Barges.

This afternoon, at half-past four o'clock, the annual regatta of the Schuylkill Navy comes off on the river at Fairmount. From the "Turtle Rock"—the river at Fairmount. From the "Turtle Rock"—the bathing point of years ago—a smooth-faced, slippery stone rising a few feet from the northern bank of the river, just at the first curve above the dam—the boats will start away, and thence stretch over a course of three miles or more. The stake-boat, round which the racing barges turn, will be anchored close by the Columbia bridge. The following boats are entered for the contest to-day, the first of the regatta:—

PRINT CLASS.

Primer Class.

Bachelor, six oars, Bachelor Club.
Nautilus, four oars, Quaker City Club.
THIED CLASS.

Minnehaba, six oars, Malta Club.
Falcon, six oars, Pennsylvania Club.
Stranger, four oars, Pennsylvania Club.
Jone, six oars, Crescent Club.
DOUBLE SCULLS.
Lurline, of Malta Club.
Sylph. of Crescent Club.
Sylph. of Crescent Club.

Lurline, of Malta Club.
Sylph, of Crescent Club.
That they will all, with one exception, participate, and thus insure an exciting and interesting race, or rather series of races, the public may feel certain. The exception referred to is the Bachelor, the sudden indisposition of two of her crew compelling her withdrawal from to-day's contest, at least. This unfortunate circumstance will interfere with the "first-class" race. The men composing the crews of the several boats have been in training for some time, furrowing the bright, clear waters of the river from the "Rock" to the "Falls," and are in most excellent condition, sun-browned and hardened, with the muscles of arm and back inured to that severe exercondition, sun-browned and hardened, was the muscles of arm and back hursed to that severe exercise which rowing gives. It would be difficult to predict the result of the race. None of the crews yield aught to others, all are confident of winning, and in such a friendly encounter pity 'tis that all

cannot be victors.
In the month of October, 1858, the Schuylkill Navy of Philadelphia, an association of its kind unrivalled in this country, was organized by the various boat

in this country, was organized by the various load clubs of the city.

The boats of the navy are classified as follows:—
First class, skeleton outriggers; second class, outrigger barges; third class, barges.

The first regatta took place in June, 1859; the second in June, 1860; the distance rowed over in each case being one and a half miles and return. During the war but little boating was done by the navy, and it was not until the 21st of October, 1865, that the custom of holding annual regattas was revived. Since that time they have been celebrated vived. Since that time they have been celebrated uniformly in the spring and fall, the various clubs, the numbers and efficiency of which have gathered strength in the meantime, making them almost a

strength in the meantime, making them almost a holiday for the city.

The clubs composing the navy are as follows:—
Bachelors', University, Undine, Quaker City, Pennsylvania, Malta, Philadelphia, Washington, Crescent, Atlantic, besides several independent organizations. The navy headquarters are on the banks of the Ever, The navy headquarters are on the banks of the river, between the creek separating new and old Fairmount Park and Turtle Rock. The boats are of the best materials, style, and construction—models in every respect. The Schuylkill river course, the one to be pulled over this afternoon, is unsurpassed for rowing, and is withal rendered attractive by the headtlift and high respect sectors that arranged it beautiful and picturesque scenery that surrounds it, its contiguity to our large and growing Park, and the lake-like calmness and transparency of its waters. Many of the club houses are prettily fashioned, and add to rather than detract from the beauty of the

So far as the clubs comprising the navy are concerned, the following will serve the purposes of a rief history of their organization and progress:—
The Bachelor Barge Club was organized on the Fourth of July, 1852. It has a membership of 56, most of whom are active. They are the owners of

Linda, six-oars, smooth gunwale. Lotus, four-oars, outrigger.

Bachelor, six-oars, shell.

Also, the Gazelle, double shells, and two single

Its house occupies a conspicuous place in the Park. It is built of sandstone, and cost \$2500. It is two stories high and is of the Gothic style of architecture. The Linda is the cidest learge on the Schuyikili, and is the one in which the Bachelors made their trip to New York on the 16th of May, 1859. The distance, one hundred and forty miles, by river and canal, was made integrally cided, hours rowing time, including one aundred and forly lines, by five and canal, was made in twenty-eight hours' rowing time, including detentions at canal locks amounting to four hours.

The University Barge Club was founded in 1854 by the Freshmen Class of that year of the University of Pennsylvania. It is the owner of the Lucifer, six-oared outrigger,
Old Hesperus, four-oared shell,
New Hesperus four-oared shell.

New Hesperus, four-oared shell.

The club musters 45 members. It has a first-class boat-house (the Philadelphia Skating Club house), handsomely fitted up, and an ornament to the Park. Their first boat, the Hesperus, was lost in an effort to rescue the crew of a sail-boat driven on the dam to Engrepore to the park. high water. Her place was filled by the Lucifer, rated as one of the fastest boats in the navy, The Lucifer carried the champion flag of the navy for several years.

The Undine Barge Club was founded in May, 1856.

The members originally were nearly all of thirty years or upwards.

In 1861 they removed to their present quarters, the

In 1861 they removed to their present quarters, the Philadelphia Skating Club House. The boats belonging to the club are the old Atalanta and new Atalanta, both six-oared outriggers; Undine, four cars, smooth gunwale; Fawn. double sculi; Crab, single sculi; and Spider, skeleton. The club has 29 active, 5 honorary, and 25 contributing members. The Quaker City Barge Club was instituted October 29, 1858, growing out of the Camilla Boat Club. The barge owned by the latter organization was purchased by the Quaker City, and the name was changed to the Cymet.

changed to the Cygnet.

The Quaker City originally occupied a one-story brick boat-house, and when that building was or-dered to be taken down by the city, they purchased half of the Pacific Club house, one of those pretty buildings on the banks of the river at Fairmount

The barges now owned by the club are the Cygnet, four-oared outrigger. Nettle, four-oared smooth gunwale.

Nautilus, four-oared shell. Bertha, double scull.

And a single shell. They have twenty-seven members.

The Pennsylvania Barge Club was organized in 1861, and has now sixteen members, and is the owner

Falcon, six-oared gunwale. Stranger, four-oared gunwale. double scull shell.

And four single shells.

The first boat owned by the club was the Star, sixpared. At that time the Pennsylvania was called the Oared. At that time the remissivation was accounted at the control of the control The Malta Barge Club was organized in January 60, by some members of the Minnehaha Lodge of

the Sons of Malta. They have a membership of nine teen, and are the owners of the Minnehaha, six-oared gunwale. Hiawatha, six-cared outrigger,

Their first boat, the Minnehaha, was launched in

The club met with several accidents which had a demoralizing tendency. In 1863 new life was infused into the club, and their floating boat-house, which had been moored in the Delaware at Washington street wharf, was removed to the Schuylkill, near the Fairmount dam. In February they secured a new house and purchased the Intrepid. In 1866 they disposed of the Intrepid and secured the Hia-

The Philadelphia Barge Club was organized in 1862, under the title of the Panola Barge Club. It the following year they bought the six-oared barg Iris of the Bachelors', and in 1864 they purchased th Fangh-a-Ballagh, six-oared, of the National Club; and on the fist of October of that year the Fangh-a-Ballagh won the second-class champion flag in the annual regatta. In June, 1865, the name of the club was changed to the Philadelphia. At present they

Faugh-a-Ballagh, six-oared outrigger. Iris, six-oared gunwale and a double scull. The Washington Barge Club was organized Febru bry 22, 1865. They now have a membership of twenty-one; they own the barge Vesper, six-oared amooth gunwale. At the annual regatta, September 1866, they entered the Vesper against the Thistic

Minnehaha, and Falcon.
The Crescent Barge Club owns the following

one, six-oared gunwale.

Intrepid, six-oared outrigger. double scull. ey have an increasing list of active and contributing members. The commodores of the navy since its organiza-

tion have been as follows:—

1858, Charles M. Prevost.
1859, Dr. J. M. Brolaski.
1860 to 1866, S. M. Groome.
1867, Charles Vezin.
1868, W. B. Griffith. 1869, James M. Ferguson.

VICE COMMODORES, 1858, F. Mitchell. 1859, F. Mitchell 1860 to 1866, C. Vezin. 1867, J. D. McKee. 1868, J. M. Ferguson. 1869, John Chile.

Secretary of the Navy, L. F. Barger.
Commediate Ferguson will direct the annual regalts this year in person.
The boats entered for the second day's races, Saturday afternoon, June 19, are:

THIRD EDITION

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.
Court of Quarter Sessions.
JIMMY HAGORRTY'S RAIL.

SECOND CLASS.
Lotus, four oars, Bachelor Club,
Cygnet, four oars, Quaker Clty Club,
Mermaid, four oars, Atlantic Club,
Hiswatha, six oars, Maita Club,
Intrepld, six oars, Crescent Club,

SINGLE SHELL, John Culin, rowed by Mr. Street, Josie, rowed by Mr. Schmidt, , rowed by C. H. Clark.

CURTIN.

The Ex-Governor's Reception at Independence Hall-A Welcoming Address by the Mayor-The Response.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon, in pursuance of the action of the City Councils some time since, the Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, ex-Governor of the Commonwealth, and recently commissioned by the President as Minister to the Court of St. Petersburg, was given a public reception at Independence Hall. As soon as Mr. Curtin entered the historical room, his Honor Mayor Fox addressed him, in behalf of the municipal authorities of the city, as follows:—

The Address of Welcome. I speak the sentiments of all the members of this nunicipal government, when I say that it gives us unalloyed picasure, Governor Curtin, to be afforded this opportunity publicly to testify our respect and esteem to you, sir, who has so ably administered the affairs of our State as its Executive, who has so earnestly devoted yourself to the alleviation of the earnestly devoted yourself to the alleviation of the sufferings of the gallant soldiers who gave them-selves to their country in the late terrible con-test for the supremacy of the Constitution and laws, and to you who now go abroad as the distin-guished representative of our country to a distant

You leave us, sir, appreciated by your fellow-citi-zens us a faithful servant, and by many of them as a varm personal friend,

We hope that your voyage may be safe; that your mission will redound to the honor and glory of our country, and that in God's Providence, you, with all you take with you in your family circle and official connection, may, after finishing this important public trust, be permitted to come back in the enjoyment of good health, and happy in the consciousness of having served your country in a very important On the conclusion of Mayor Fox's remarks, Mr.

Curtin responded as follows:-

Governor Curtin's Response.

About to leave the country, I feel deeply the honor conferred upon me by the city authorities in tendering to me the use of this sacred room to meet such of my friends and fellow-citizens who desire to call and say farewell. I owe many obligations to the City Councils for such a distinguished privilege; and to you, sir, as the Chief Magistrate of this great city. I offer heartfelt thanks for the complimentary and kind manner in which you convey to me the resolutions of the Councils, and for the personal and official welcome you give me to this place.

intions of the Councils, and for the personal and official welcome you give me to this place.

Feeling a just pride as a Pennsylvanian in the beauty and the prosperity of this our commercial emporium—knowing as I do the fidelity and patriotic devotion of its people to the Government in its day of deep distress and anguish—I would not have the instincts of a common humanity if my heart did not well up its gratitude to you and to them for the many evidences of affection I am receiving on the eve of my departure. In this sacred hall, dedicated to Liberty—this Mecca of American freemen—I pledge myself to maintain with all the gifts it has pleased Providence to endow me with, the relations of friendship which have ever existed between our country and the great Government to which I am accredited; and this is a fitting place and this a proper occasion to declare to you, sir, to the co-ordinate authorities of the city, and to the people, that I will try to uphold and maintain the interests and the honor of my country. the honor of my country.

The Reception. Long prior to the hour appointed for the reception the presence of a squad of police officers at the main entrance of Indepenpence Hall indicated to the catrance of Independence Hall indicated to the passers-by that something of more than ordinary interest was about transpiring. Shortly the members of City Councils could be seen wending their way to their Chambers, and the Liberty Cornet Band stationed itself on the pavement and rendered sevaral airs. All this had the effect of drawing thither a large crowd so that when his Excellency arrived, hundreds of the citizens were there to greet him. As the carriage which bore him drew up at the curb, a double row of police officers was up at the curb, a double row of police officers was formed, which stretched away to the door, and formed an avenue through which the Governor reached the Hall. While he walked up the steps, the band, which was now stationed on the stairway facing the entrance, pealed forth "Hall to the Chief." At the same moment the members of Councils, headed by the Mayor, advanced to meet him, then followed him into the Hall Harch to the lowed him into the Hall. Here the address of welcome and the reply were at once pronounced, after which the citizens came up in single file, shook him by the hand, then retired over a flight of steps which had been erected at one of the rear windows of the hall. The band in the meanwhile played, the crowds cheered, and the Governor was kept busy returning his thanks to the hundreds who pressed forward to

Before the reception concluded some eight hundred soldiers of the Grand Army of the Republic ar-rived at the Hall to bid farewell to the War Governor of Pennsylvania. They met and organized at their hall, No. 811 Chesnut street, and had in their ranks delegations from all the posts in the city.

The Banquet. The grand banquet to the Governor, tendered him as a compliment by his friends, comes off at the Academy of Music at 5 o'clock. At half-past 7 o'clock the doors of the building are to be thrown open for the admission of indies to the balconies. It will un-questionably be a very brilliant affair. The prepara-tions have been most extensive and complete, and the entertainment will be one never surpassed in this city for elegance and wlat.

this city for elegance and wlat.

The interior of the Academy will be gorgeously decorated. A large and trained orchestra under Mark Hassler will be present. Many notables, not only of the city, but of the country at large, will also be there to give evidence by their presence of their appreciation of the worth and patriotism of the distinctive description.

tinguished guest. A number of war-Governors have signified their intention of coming, and many celebraties, both in the army and the navy. A despatch has been re-ceived from Cyrus W. Field stating that he likewise will attend.

THE FLORIDA RELEASED AND PUTS OFF TO SEA .-Considerable excitement was occasioned about a month since by the announcement of the detention of the Florida at Chester, Pa. This vessel was de-tained from the fact that she was suspected of having been purchased by the Cuban patriots, to be used in their effort to secure their freedom. For a month past she has been lying at the works of Reaney, Archambault & Co., under the surveillance of the revenue cutter William H. Seward, the commander of which had orders to decain her until further orders. Her owners have been able to satisfy the Government that her destination was not Cuba, but Boston, and they have entered into bonds for double her value that such is her course. Yesterday the orders for her release were received, and at noon she steamed down the river. If the bond is evaded, the Government, under the present international law, can seize her in any port in the world.

VOTE ON THE LAY DELEGATION QUESTION .- But seven churches in this city have as yet voted upon the question of the laity being represented in the conferences. The vote below will be found to be but small proportion of the membership of the hurches. It is as follows:—

For. Against, Membership
 Nazareth
 140

 Eleventh Street
 111

 Mariners' Bethel
 52
 Haines Street, Germantown, 94 sbury A letter has been received in this city from Bishop Morris, of Springfield, Ohio, favoring lay delegation.

ALEXANDER LAWRENCE, the popular doorkeepe of Fox's American Theatre, will have a compli-mentary benefit on next Thursday evening, when the greatest bill of the season will be presented. ost of favorite artists composing the company of the theatre will appear on this occasion, and are unusually attractive and varied programme will be Mr. Lawrence is a favorite with the many habitues of this popular place of amusement, and his friends will doubtless be delighted to extend him the compliment of an overflowing house.

ROBBERIES.—The counting-house of F. D. Warner & Co., lumber merchants, on Broad street, below Green, was entered this morning by prying off the shutter. A coat, pair of boots, and a set of chessmen were stolen.
The residence of R. Williamson, No. 1008 Wallace

street, was entered yesterday afternoon between and 5 o'clock, while the family was absent, and robbed of sundry articles. Accidental. Shooting.—Anthony Boggs, aged ten years, was accidentally shot in the head by George Cousty, on Filbert street, above Eighth, last evening about 7 o'clock. Cousty had purchased the pistol, and while examining it it exploded, and took off the

CAPE MAY-SUNDAY EXCURSIONS, VIA WEST JEP-SEY RAILROAD.—This company commence to-mor-row to run their Sunday mail train to Cape May, leaving Philadelphia at 7-05 A. M., returning from Cape May at 5-10 P. M.

WASHINGTON.

Official Despatches from Cuba-Landing of Two Expeditions from the United States-The Cubans More Hopeful than Ever.

Securities of National Banks Held by the Government-Weekly Issue of Fractional Currency Naval Orders.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Landing of Two Cubna Fillbustering Expeditions. Despatch to the Associated Press,

Washington, June 12.—Information has just been received here by parties in the interest of the Cubans that two expeditions, numbering over six hundred men, with airmunition and byvisions, have safely landed in Cuba and joined the revolutionary forces. The men are represented as tried soldiers, all of them having been in the armies of the late war. De-scritons from the Spanish forces to that of the Cu-bans are increasing every day. There are frequent collisions between the Spanish troops and volun-teers, and the difficulties between the parties are re-presented as irreconciliable.

presented as irreconcilable.

The Cubans have organized their forces into two army corps, one to be under the command of General Thomas Jordan. An engagement is daily expected between the forces of General Lesca and those under General Jordan. The Cubans are in fine spirits, and confident of victory. General Jordan has over two thousand Americans in his corps, and it is said that the Spaniards will find them a different class of soldiers to any they have ever before met in battle. esented as irreconcllable,

Naval Orders.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Lieutenant-Commander Theodore F. Kane has been ordered to the Juniata; Lieutenant-Commander Charles E. McKay to the Jamestown; Lieutenant-Commander Chester Hatfield and Engineer Henry C. Hunter are ordered to the New York Navy Yard. Surgeons N. Pinkney, J. S. Messersmith, and Edward Shippen have been ordered to the Naval Academy as a board for physical examination of candidates for admission to the Academy.

National Bank Securities.

The statement of securities held by the Treasurer of the United States in trust for national banks for the week ending June 12, 1869, as security for cir-culating notes, is as follows:—United States bonds held per last report and on hand to-day, \$342.891,200 as security for deposits of publ.c moneys with banks designated as depositories. United States securities held per last report, \$28,316,250; transferred, \$75,900; on hand this day, \$68,241,350. Total securities held,

No issue of fractional currency this week. Shipments of fractional currency this week.— Assistant Treasurer, Boston, Mass., \$100,000; United States Depository, Baltimore, Md., \$24,000; National Banks and others, \$96,669. Total shipments, \$220,669.

Fractional Currency.

Reducing the Clerical Force. A further reduction in the clerical force of the Pension Office will be made on the 30th instant, and about twenty-eight temporary clerks dismissed. Secretary Cox

expects to leave here in the early part of next week for a brief visit to his home in Ohio. But three members of the Cabinet will then be in town-Messrs. Fish, Creswell, and Hoar. Stationery Contracts.

The Treasury Department will depart from the general rule in awarding the stationery contracts this year, and make the awards by items instead of by the aggregate of items, as formerly. This will prevent anybody from making anything out o contracts, and will greatly surprise the bidders.

FROM NEW YORK.

National Typographical Convention. ALBANY, June 12.—After remaining in secret vention adjourned sone die. The Albany Union then took charge of the members, and entertained them until the departure of the trains and boats this morning, when they left the city,

The Quaker City Again in Trouble. NEW YORK, June 12.—The steamer Quaker City has been again attached, this time at the instance of the Haytien Consul. Steamer Arrived.

NEW YORK, June 12 .- Arrived, steamship Teutonia, from Hamburg.

The Money and Stock Markets. Money easier and plentiful at 7 per cent, currency with an active market. The gold market disap-pointed most of the operators. The rate of exchange and the unsettled aspect of European affairs, together with rumors of the recognition of Cuba, had created the impression that gold would sell to-day at 140, or above. Under this influence there were sales before the board opened at 189½, from which point the market gradually fell off to 139¼. This turn is attributable to the fact of most of the speculators being long of gold and when a turn comes to sell. being long of gold, and when a turn comes to sell, offerings are so large that the market must give way. Present quotation, 1393.

Government bonds advanced and firm, with ex-

ception of United States 6s, 1881, registered, which are ½ off. Stock market agitated, with a further advance on nearly all quotations. Pacific Mail, 8514. New York, June 12.—Cotton quiet but firm; 200 bales sold at 314c. Flour dull and heavy; sales of 5500 barrels: State, \$4-80@6-25; Western, \$4-70@7-30; Southern, \$6-25@11-75. Wheat dull and declined ic. quotations are nominal. Corn firmer and advanced I@2c.; stock scarce; sales of 36,000 bushels mixed Western at 74@75c. via canal; and 95@98c. via rail-road. Oats dull; sales of 1000 bushels at 81c. Bea quiet. Pork firm; new Mess \$32,50@32.75. Lard firm; steam, 1916@1916c. Whisky firm but quiet at

NEW YORE, June 12 .- Stocks are firm. 1395. Exchange, 93. 5-208, 1862, 122; do. 1864, 117; do. 1865, 118; new, 1195; do. 1867, 1195; 10-408, 1085; Yirginia 68, 61; Missouri 68, 925 Canton Co. 68; Cumberland preferred, 31; New York Central, 68; Cumberland preferred, 31; New York Central, 1905; Reading, 98; Hudson River, 158%; Michigan Central, 135; Michigan Southern, 1065; Illinois Central, 148; Cieveland and Pittsburg, 96% and Rock Island, 120%; Pittsburg and

A Murderer Reprieved. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

St. Louis, June 12 .- William Edwards, who was to hanged here to-day, has been reprieved until

A WESTERN PRISON.

Horrible Scenes and Occurrences in the Illi-nois State Penitentiary.

From the Jollet Signal, June 8. About ten days ago a quarrel took place between two convicts while on their way to the quarries, with a gang from the prison under charge of guards, which resulted in a desperate fight with knives. Both he combatants were wounded, and one of them so

everely that he died on the following day. But the bloodlest affray yet occurred on last Thurs-But the bloodlest afray yet occurred on last Thursday. As the convicts were sitting down to dinner a quarrel occurred between two large and powerful men. A few words passed, when both parties drew forth large sharp-pointed knives, and a most terrific and deadly struggle ensued. They fought the entire length of one of the long tables, stabbing and striking alternately, and were not separated until they had begun to fail from the loss of blood. The floor and tables were bespattered with blood, and the scene was one long to be remembered. They were both taken to the hospital, and one of them expired in five minutes. His body exhibited no less than half-a-dozen fatal stabs. The other was dangerously wounded, but survives yet. An inquest was held over the body of the dead man by Coroner Reese, but the jury could not agree upon a verdict. Such is the condition of affairs existing at present in the lilinois State Penitentiary. There is no sort of discipline. The convicts are allowed free license to do as they please. They knock down the guards at pleasers and commit marder among themselves. to do as they please. They knock down the guards at pleasure, and commit murder among themselves. And what is unheard of in prison discipline, more than one-half of the convicts are armed with knives and murderous weapons. This being the case, an open revolt and the murder of scores of innocent men is momentarily expected. When we remember that there are nearly twelve hundred desperate men confined in the penitentiary, for crimes of various grades, and that more than one-half of them are armed with deadly weapons, we cannot help tremling at the consequences which may be momentarily

JIMBY HAGGERTY'S BAIL.

In the matter of the petition made several week's ago by Hugh M'Anany, the surety for Jimmy Hag-gerty's appearance at Court, of which we made men-

gerty's appearance at Court, of which we made mention of some length at the time, his Honor Judge Brewster this morning delivered the opinion of the Court. After reviewing at considerable length the proceedings taken and reasons assigned by the petitioner to effect the remission of his forfeited recognizance, among which were allegations that there were irregularities in the bail bonds and binding over, that the petitioner at the time of signing the bonds was under the induence of liquor to such an extent as to be wholly ignorant of his actions and the responsibility he was assuming, that the flight of Haggerty and the absconding witnesses was without his connivance or knowledge, that he had made every effort in his power to effect the surrender of Haggerty, and that he would be utterly ruined by an enforcement of the bond; and after answering each position by both facts and law, the opinion concludes:—

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

A Practical Movement at Last-Michigan Ladies Make a Raid. Jonesville (Mich.) Cor. Detroit Advertiser.

A secret society of about 100, comprising most of

the leading respectable women of the village, has been silently formed during the past spring, without the knowledge of the other sex, for the purpose of taking measures to resist the evil influence of liquor

and gambling saloons. There are ten places here where intoxicating drinks are sold, including two hotels and two drug stores. The temperance lectures of "the Buckeye Broad Axe" had produced much excitement here, and the close of one of these

lectures on Wednesday evening at 10 o'clock fur-nished the occasion for the grand denouement. From seventy to eighty of these ladies, without the know-

ledge of any out of the society, left the lecture hall, and silently marched to and entered one of the billiard saloons. One of the two ladies appointed to speak quietly addressed the keeper, saying that they

had come in behalf of themselves and other ladies to bear their testimony against the business of the sa-loon as injurious to themselves and their families,

leading their husbands, fathers, and sons into idle and dissipated habits and ruin, and respectfully ask-ing, for their sakes and the sake of society, that he

calling. The phalanx then left and pro-ceeded in a body to the other billiard sa-loon and to one of the hotels, uttering limitar remonstrances and requests as before,

and then adjourned until 6 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, when they formed in a body, and proceeded to

the other liquor-selling establishments, giving utter-ance therein to the same requests. This was the grand army movement. On Friday and Saturday

we hear of occasional skirmishes made by companies and platoons, giving occasional calls. The exact pro-

gramme to be pursued by this society is unknown to the other sex, only as it developes in open acts. The effect upon saloon and grocery men was various.

The ladies exhibiting no violence, most of the keep-ers were gentlemanly in their answers and bearing. Some stood pale and stolid; some acknowledged

their occupation shameful and wished them elves out of it; some admitted the crime against their race, but had felt obliged to go into it to save their busi-

ness, as others had done so; some promised to leave it as soon as they footld, with other apologies and replies. Probably these keepers will never be put through a more searching ordeal than that of meet-

ing these earnest women. Only two of the men treated the ladies with indignity; one of them wrote

an insulting letter. Notwithstanding the various opinions on this subject, the facts develop an irresistible power in a firm, dignified, undaunted union of the fair sex; that the sober, intelligent, and re-

spectable ladies of a community, by gentle, dispassionate, well-directed, and persistent efforts, oft repeated, have a greater power than all the liquor laws

CRETE.

Sufferings of the People-How they were Chented of their Freedom.

The following extracts are taken from an interesting letter written to Dr. S. G. Howe by Elias Stekouli, and published in the Boston Cretan:—

"ATHENS, Greece, January 24.—As soon as I landed in Crete (June 29, 1868). I heard the flat of European

iplomacy was that Crete should be annexed to

Greece, but that in order to reach this result, it was held to be necessary, as a preliminary condition, that the island should submit to Turkish rule. The sur-

render of the insurgents (they said) would pave the way for the fulfilment of the desires of civilization.

This rumor was craftily disseminated over the

island by the agents of some of the Great Powers, and thereby produced results which the government

of the Sultan could never have gained by cruelty

remained four days). I penetrated to the monntains of Volskia, through by way of the steep precipices of Ajia Roomell and St. Maria. On my way I saw hundreds of the insurgents, with their wives and children, and saved them from nakedness and starvation by the contributions of the American propile.

people.
"I shall never forget the terrible scenes I have witnessed since I landed on the struggling island. I saw matrons and maidens peer out like phantoms

from the caves in which they dwelt, and then hastily

"I heard the groans of children and old men, who

"Heard the groans of character and old men, who were miscrably perishing from famine.

"How can I describe the ferocities which the hordes of the Ottoman empire have committed in the village of Patsanou? Corpses were dragged from their graves and mutilated, or cut into pieces, and strewed through the streets. How can I report to the detail the horsel crimes committed by them.

strewed through the streets. How can I report to you in detail the horrid crimes committed by them against the women—the maidens and the tender youth of both sexes? How can I find language to lament the innumerable victims of hunger and cold, whom I saw everywhere in the island, and especially in the mountains of the Apocoronas, Retynmos, Mylopotamos, where masses of bones are heaped up as trophies of the suffering Cretan people's perseverance against their enemics?

"Such being the suffering of the Cretan people, I think it is needless to recount how much good was done by the contributions of the Great Republic of which you are a citizen.

which you are a citizen.
"Be assured that the American Christians have saved from otherwise inevitable death thousands of naked and famishing Christians in Crete,"

ENGLAND'S SHIPYARDS.-The great shipyards

ENGLAND'S SHIPYARDS.—The great shipyards more than anything else reveal the strength of England. Not in her old castles—not in her earls, dukes, and marquises—not in her great landed estates—not in her lords, lie the sources of her power; but in the dockyards, in the hardy artisans who build these great moving castles of iron and wood, so many thousands of which are ploughing every ocean and inland sea; there lie the foundations on which her whole superstructure of aristocratic supremacy rests. Glasgow alone owns, by returns of this year, two hundred and eighty-eight steamers, and five hundred and seventy sailing vessels.—Foreign Correspondence.

rlide in again, in order to conceal their nakedn

"Leaving Ajia Roumeli (where I had landed and

desist from the business and follow son

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

The Kansas Land Disturbances Senator Ross Asks the Aid of

> Government Troops-The United States and Cuba.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

The Paris Tumults The Results of the Elections Violent Disturbances Occurring.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM WASHINGTON.

Departmental Affairs.

Desputch to the Associated Press, Washisoron, June 12.—Colonel O. A. Mark, who is to act as aid to the Secretary of War, vice General Pelouze, has arrived in this city, and will assume his duties at the War Department on Monday. Secretary Rawlins

will be absent from Washington for about ten days,

curforcement of the bond; and after answering each position by both facts and law, the opinion concludes:—

These views dispose of the whole matter. We have reached the conclusion at which we have arrived with great regret. It would be a much more pleasant task to relieve this hall entirely if we could do so consistently with the law which if was our duty to administer. There never can be any satisfaction in enforcing a forfeiture, but something is due to the community and its laws. The question pulpably presented by these records is simply this. Shall the public peace be broken, the violator of the law fee from justice, the witnesses disappear, the criminal return, the forfeitures be stricken off, and the accused by released to repeat his career of lawlessness? The defordant Hagerty may be innocent of all the charges brought against him, and he should not be prejudged, but if we discharge his ball, the guilty can avail broadly our decision to bid defance to missice, and the Urminal Court might as well adjourn without day, save for the trial of the defendants, whose poverty or want of influence may leave them without the convenient city of refuge to be found within the four corners of a bail bond.

A most eloquent appeal has been made for mercy on behalf of the defendant's family. Unfortunately, the progressive of elemency is not with the Court. For very view and proper reasons it is ledged elsewhere, and to that department of the Giovernment we must refer this petitioner. Our duty is performed. Never a pleasant, and often a most painful obligation, when we endouver, to the bast of our ability, to administer the law a minimal propertion of such missidventurks in every ball case we must hold these forfeitures with a right hand.

They must be enforced to at least an extent which shall deter all others who sympathize with oriminals from lending the aid of their names and bail bonds for the sacrifice of justice. In view of all the facts before the comminating magistrate, we think that he acted with perfect propriet Placed Upon the Retired List. Placed Upon the Retired List.

Brevet Major-General S. S. Carroll, LieutenantColonel U. S. A., having, at his own request, been
ordered before the Examining Board, and found incapacitated for actual service by wounds received
while commanding two brigades of from fifteen to
seventeen regiments in the battle at Spottsylvania
Court House, the President directs his name to be
placed upon the retired list of officers of that class in
which disability results from long and faithful service
or some injury incident thereto. General Carroll is or some injury incident thereto. General Carroll is retired with the full rank of Major-General, to date from the 9th instant.

A Sentence Revoked.

The Secretary of War has directed that the unexecuted portion of the sentence of a court martial of Aug. S. 1864, directing private John Ford, Company C. 20th Illinois Volunteers, to be imprisoned for life, and kept at hard labor in some prison to be designated by the Commanding General, be remitted, and he will be released from confinement and furnished. he will be released from confinement and furnishe with transportation to his home by the Quartermas ter's Department, upon the receipt of the order at the Misseuri State Penitentiary, where he is con-fined. Ford was convicted of killing John Fitzgerald, a member of Company G, 124th Illinois Volunteers, at Blackwater, Miss,

The Kansas Land Troubles.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Washington, June 12.—Senator Ross called upon General Sherman at the War Department to-day, and requested that a sufficient number of troops be sent to Kansas to quell the disturbances which have broken out there relative to land titles, etc. says that the State authorities are unable to pur down the ringleaders of the disturbances, and repre sents that if prompt action is not taken the conse-quences will be quite serious.

Cuba and Spain.

The Secretary of State gave an interview to a representative of the Cuban insurgents, relative to the proposition submitted a few days ago as to whether, since the abdication of Dulce, the Spanish Government retained any regular authority in Cuba, It is understood that Mr. Fish decides that Spain has control over Cuba until the latter actually achieves independence by driving the Spanish forces from the island. The mere change of the Captain-General does not, he thinks, constitute the abdication of the power and authority of Spain over the island.

General Emory.

who was detailed some time ago as commandant of the Soldiers' Home here, has been removed. Emory is a stout, able-bodied man, and the command of this place is usually given to a disabled officer. Commissioner Delano

continues to delay his decision relative to the tax ere is much con

it from parties in large cities who cannot adjust their business pending the consideration of the question. Copperheads. Nearly all the Copperheads have been weeded of the Treasury Department by Boutwell, with the exception of the Chief Clerk and a few subordinate bureau officers. It is understood that when the Secretary returns he will complete the job by a strong hint that the resignation of these parties will be

accepted. FROM NEW YORK.

The Depew Pardon Case Settled,

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, June 12.—In the Depew pardon case which was pending before Judge Blatchford, the nestion being the right of President Grant to cance the pardon issued by President Johnson, the decision has been rendered that the pardon was rightfully cancelled, as the active pardon had not been com-pleted by its delivery to the warden of the peniten-tiary where the prisoner was confined or to the prisoner himself.

The Quaker City Libelled. The new libel against the Quaker City recites that the is ready to sail to some place unknown, with the intent to commit hostilities against the republic o Hayti.

The Produce Market. The Produce Market.

New York, June 12—2 P. M.—The Flour market continues heavy; sales of, 7900 barrels at \$4 50 65 15 for superfine State; \$5 50 66 for extra State; \$6 50 66 10 for choice do.; \$6 25 66 75 for fancy do.; \$4 70 65 35 for do. Western; \$7 50 68 90 for common to medium extra Western: \$5°85@6°25 for choice do.: \$6°30@7°1 for good to choice white wheat extra; \$5 30@6 30 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; \$6 05@6 55 for trade brands; \$7@8 for common to fair extra St. Louis; and \$90011 for good to choice do., the market closing quiet. Southern Flour is dull and drooping; sales of 250 barrels at \$6.2506.75 for common to fair extra; and \$6.8000 11.75 for good to choice do. Rye flour is dull; sales of 100 barrels at \$4.3506.625. Corn Meal is only

The Wheat market is dull. Sales of 4000 bushels Rye is quiet and firm. Corn is scarce and about α2c, better. Sales of 53,000 bushels at 74α 85c. fo @2c, better. Sales of \$3,000 bushels at 74,085c, for new mixed Western, via canal, 95@97c, for do. via railrond, 98c,@\$1 for high mixed and yellow; 860-92c, for kiln dried; and \$1 for old mixed Western in store. Outs are dull; sales of 10,000 bushels at 81c. for Western, affoat.

Boston, June 12.—The Boston Encampment of Knights Templar, three hundred strong, leave for Philadelphia this afternoon by way of New London, landing in Jersey City to-morrow morning.

From Boston.

FROM EUROPE.

The Tumults in Paris.

By Atlantic Cable. Panis, June 12 .- The tumults in the streets con tinue. The cavairy paraded all night, but met with no resistance. Arrests continue to be made, and the streets were more tranquil after midnight. Strong detachments of military are posted in the city to prevent any outbreak. The Emperor and Empress drove through Montmartre yesterday unattended.

The London "Times" on the Paris Disturbunces.

Los Don, June 12.—The Times has an editorial on
the state of affairs in Paris. It says the crowd which
demolished the kiosques sung the Marsellaise at
midnight. It is not their political power that is to be
feared, but we must remember that it is a long time
since a crowd disturbed the peace of Paris. It is a phenemenon worthy of attention, coming as it does after an election which gave nearly half the votes of

he country to the Opposition party.

The Daily News also has an article on the subject saying Europe must look to the independent and in-creasing minority in the Corps Legislatif for a cessa-tion of armed peace in France, which is hardly less disastrons to the interests of civilization than pro-The Irish Churuch Bill Discussion.

The Irish Churuch Bull Discussion.

London, June 12.—The Times of to-day, speaking of the position of the House of Lords on the Irish Church bill, says the Marquis of Salisbury's auticipation of the situation of the peers is now realized We are in a crisis, one of those rare, great occasions when the national mind has been fully declared, and the Lords must defer to the country, outborwise the machinery of government cannot be otherwise the machinery of government cannot be carried on. Owing to the fixed and unalterable Con-stitution the House of Peers must yield,

FROM THE STATE.

Desperate Attempt to Murder a Prominent Coal Operator-The "Buckshot" Gang at Work.

Special Despatch to Evening Telegraph, SCRANTON, Penna., June 12 .- At about 12 o'clock last night a desperate attempt was made to murder Mr. Henderson, while asleep in bed at the hotel in Rockport. Mr. Henderson is a prominent coal operator, and this murderous attack upon him was probably the result of some difficulty growing out of the present strike of the miners. The would-be assassins are supposed to be a party of Buckshots. Mr. Henderson was very roughly handled and sustained dangerous injuries, but it is hoped he will recover, It is understood that this is not the first attempt that has been made on his life by these depredators.

Partial Resumption of Work in the Mining Regions Looked For. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WILKESBARRE, June 12 .- Mining matters are un changed, with the exception of the report that the Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company's men will go to work on Wednesday next. If the Schuylkill county men resume work on Wednesday, the men in this vicinity will do the same. Otherwise the strike will, in the opinion of leading men, continue for over a

A committee from Tayloraville waited on Mr. Storrs, at Scranton yesterday, and demanded the basis, but were told that none would be granted.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY.—The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 250, being an increase of 55 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these, 128 were adults: was 250, being an increase of 50 over the correspond-ing period of last year. Of these, 128 were adults; 127 minors; 193 were born in the United States; 58 were foreign; 2 were unknown; 18 were people of color; and 5 from the country. Of the number, 8 died of congestion of the brain; 6 of inflammation of the lungs; 8 of typhold fever; 4 of manismus; 9 of old age and 16 of scarlet fever.

The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:—

| BEFURE WAPUS:- | |
|---|----------------------|
| Wards. | Wards, |
| st | 0 Firteenth 14 |
| cond | 2 Styleophin |
| urd | 4 Seventeenth 8 |
| HFHIreverses and an account | 0 Euchteenth 19 |
| th. | 4 Ninetpenth 14 |
| XIII AATTO AATTO AATTO AATTO AATTO | (CTwentieth) 10 |
| SCHOOL SECTIONS OF SECTIONS | 2 I Wenty-Hirst. |
| MILLION CONTRACTOR COM | i Twenty-second |
| nth receive approximate | B Twenty-third 1 |
| nth.,, | 6 Twenty-fourth 4 |
| eventh | 6 Twenth-fifth |
| Wellth | 6 Twenth-sixth |
| HILL CHEHALLAND AND ALLER | v Twenty-seventh. 20 |
| urteenth | 8 Twenty-eighth |
| Unknown, 5. | |

SLIGHT FIRE THIS MORNING.—The carpenter shop of Myers & Dick, on Dickerson street, above Second, was slightly damaged by fire about 1 o'clock this morning. It was discovered and extinguished by Policeman Burns, of Second district.

CAUTION TO PEOPLE LEAVING THE CITY.—Families leaving the city during the summer months are requested to send notice of the fact to the Chief of Police, who can notify the police of the district in which the dwelling is situated.

THE DINNER to Governor Curtin at the Academy-to-day will be enlivened with music by a magnificent orchestra, under the baton of Mark Hassler.

GEARY.

He Makes a Denial-He is not after a Gov-ernment Office-He has a "Few Enemies." A Washington despatch of June 10 stated that

Governor Geary was to succeed Mr. Borie within thirty days as Secretary of the Navy. The State Guard of yesterday, a journal edited by Wien Forney, State Librarian, appointed by Geary, publishes a statement which may be regarded as an authoritative denial coming from the Governor himself. From t we take the following:-

We are authorized to pronounce this report enirely unfounded. President Grant has not tendered Governor Geary any position whatever, nor has the Governor asked for any position in the gift of the President. It is true that these two gentlemen had a private interview in Washington on Wednesday, but it related entirely to private matters; the conversation was of a friendly nature and of no possible interest to the maile.

versation was of a friendly nature and of interest to the public.
Governor Geary has long been a warm friend of General Grant, and his feeling of friendship for the President has been fully reciprocated. He has not asked for any appointment, and is not now an applicant for any office at Washington. His position as a candidate for the Gubernatorial renomination in Pennsylvania is well known to the people, and in this position alone does he stand. He is not lying this position alone does he stand. He is not lying around loose, in waiting for any opportunity that may turn up. His delegates are elected with the full understanding that he will go before the people for re-election to the chair which he now fills, and they ntend to nominate him in the convention in Phila

delphia on the 23d of this month.

The report that he is an applicant for or has been tendered a position in the Cabinet is a falsehood cut out of the whole cloth, and industriously circulated a few days before the State Convention, for the purpose of hoodwinking the people and confusing the delegates instructed for him. But it will fail utterly in accomplishing the purpose for which it was originated. A sufficient number of delegates have ady been instructed for Geary to secure nomination. He has very few enemies; these few, actuated by the certainty of his nomination, and straightened in their means and resources for carrying on any further opposition, have now resorted to this miserable expedient of defeating the will of the people by attempting to confuse the councils of his friends. Stand firm, and beware of sensational reports expressly calculated to injure his well-deserved prespects. John W. Genry is a condidate for but one resiston and W. Geary is a candidate for but one position, and falling in that—of which there is no possible likelfheod-he will be found in the ranks laboring as zealously for the election of the fortunate nominee as any man in the Republican party.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.

LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
No. 10:33 Chesnut Street

TYNDALE & MITCHELL. NO. 707 CHESNUT STREET,

HAVE JUST OPENED A LARGE INVOICE OF BOHEMIAN COLOGNE SETS. A VARIETY OF PATTERNS,

8 20 stuth3mrp

at \$1.50 and \$1.75 PER SET

THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR WILL FIND A ♣ splendid assortment of white kid gloves for the parade and ball, \$1 a pair, at Mrs. M. A. BINDER'S, No.

101, N. W. cor. ELEVENTH and CHESNUT St. 6 122t

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE Estate of ANN HERTZOG, deceased.

The Anditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the first and final account of MAHLON D. LIVENSETTER and W. BURTON CARVER, executors of the last will and testament of ANN HERTZOG, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on TURSDAY, June 22, A. D. 1889, at four o'clock P. M., at the office of W. BURTON CARVER, Esq., S. W. corner of NINTH and FILBERT Streets, in the city of Philadelphia.



715 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

PERSONAL.

A PPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE FOR A Duplicate Certificate No. 134s, name of "Portsmouth Orphans' Asylum," haused May 30, 1837, for \$1700. New Loan due January I, 1896. Original lost in fire. Rishmond, Va., in 1866.

BAIN & BRO.,