

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE REFORMED CHURCH.

Annual Meeting of the General Synod in this city. A Grand Project for a United Evangelical Church.

This morning the General Synod of the Reformed Protestant Church in America, formerly known as the Dutch Reformed Church, met in this city, at the First Reformed Church, corner of Seventh and Spring Garden streets, of which the Rev. Thomas X. Orr has recently been installed as pastor.

The Synod is composed of representatives from various churches in the city and surrounding areas. The meeting was held in the morning and afternoon sessions.

The Synod is divided into thirty-two subordinate divisions known as Classes, the most important of which are the Class of Philadelphia for the last year.

The Reformed Protestant Church of America is a branch of the original Protestant Church of Holland, and its first establishment antedates that of any of the other branches of the Presbyterian Church.

The tendency towards Union. It is understood that considerable attention will be devoted by the Synod to the subject of a general reunion of all the different branches of the Reformed Church in the United States.

At the last session of the General Synod, held at Hudson, N. Y., in June, 1868, important action in reference to a general union of the different denominations in the United States was taken.

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Rev. J. R. Taylor moved to reconsider the vote fixing 25 o'clock as the hour of afternoon session. He then moved that 3 o'clock be fixed in lieu of 2 1/2, which was agreed to.

There being no further business excepting the reports of the committee on the afternoon order of exercises, a recess was taken to enable that committee to prepare their report.

The Synod shortly afterwards reorganized, and the committee reported they had agreed upon the following plan.

1st. Singing. 2d. Reading of the Sacred Scriptures. 3d. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Witt. 4th. Address by Rev. Dr. Eddy. 5th. Singing. 6th. Prayer by Rev. J. R. Taylor. 7th. Address by Rev. J. Demarest. 8th. Singing. 9th. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Walden. 10th. Address by Rev. Dr. Macomb. 11th. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Vanclief. 12th. Benediction.

After a slight modification of the foregoing and prayer by Rev. Mr. Sillien, the Synod adjourned until three o'clock this afternoon.

THE STREETS—THEIR CONDITION.—The Committee on the Streets, appointed on Monday last, during the session had under consideration the various reports of the Inspectors with reference to the condition of the streets.

The only districts which had been reported as being in a satisfactory condition were the Second, Third, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Eighteenth, and the committee recommended the Board of Health to draw warrants for the payment of the contractors for these districts.

As to the remaining districts the Inspectors report as follows: First District—Still dirty, with the contractor hard at work.

Second District—In a bad and filthy state, with but little effort on the part of the contractor, Samuel B. Collins, to improve its condition.

Fifth and Sixth Districts—In bad condition, but the contractor is reported to be working hard to clean them up.

Seventh District—Partially cleaned, with a full force of workmen in operation.

Eighth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Ninth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Tenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Eleventh District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Twelfth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Thirteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Fourteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Fifteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Sixteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Seventeenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Eighteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Nineteenth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Twentieth District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

Twenty-first District—In a satisfactory condition, with the contractor hard at work.

THIRD EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Why the Graves of Confederate Dead were not Decorated—Opinion of a Southern Sympathizer.

Spain and the United States—Secretary Perry's Statements Denied—Callers at the White House.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Confederate Dead. WASHINGTON, June 2.—A movement was started among the Southern residents here to decorate the graves of the Confederate dead buried at Arlington, the day to be set apart as was done in the case of Union soldiers last Saturday.

Spain and the United States. WASHINGTON, June 2.—A movement was started among the Southern residents here to decorate the graves of the Confederate dead buried at Arlington, the day to be set apart as was done in the case of Union soldiers last Saturday.

Callers at the White House. There was an unusually large crowd at the White House to-day, composed of all sorts of persons. They were drawn together by the announcement that the President would leave to-morrow for Annapolis, and shortly after for West Point.

Barbarities of General de la Torre—Execution of Twenty Prisoners. A correspondent on the 19th ult. writes from St. Jago de Cuba.

Spain and the United States. It is ascertained in semi-official circles that the statement made by Secretary of Legation Perry that war was imminent between the United States and Spain in 1863 is without foundation.

Appointments. The President to-day made the following appointments:—R. L. Brown, Collector of Internal Revenue, Twenty-third district, Pa.

Retention by the Insurgents—The Torch at Work. The insurgents have responded to these offenses against civilization by the same means.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS. The Gold and Stock Market. LONDON, June 2.—The money market is rather active this morning. Gold opened at 139 1/2, and after considerable fluctuation has declined to 139 1/4.

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FOURTH EDITION.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

The Public Debt—A Reduction of Thirteen Millions in May—Gold in the United States Treasury—Sentence of a Military Officer.

England in a Quandary—What is to be Done with Her American Colonies—The Question of Annexation.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Public Debt Statement. WASHINGTON, June 2.—The public debt statement, it is said to-day, shows a decrease of over thirteen millions of debt during the month of May.

England in a Quandary—What is to be Done with Her American Colonies—The Question of Annexation. The question of annexation is a subject which has long been a source of controversy between the United States and Great Britain.

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girl—and a handkerchief neatly worked with the name of "Nellie B. Dornet," which letters partly explain a strange and affecting story of love, elopement, desertion and death.

THE LARGEST.

comprise the only tangible evidence of this melancholy tragedy, which, without them, would be a mystery probably beyond the power of imagination or of fact to solve. They show that the deserted girl was of good family, and had the education and refinement of one moving in a high circle of society.

In addition, they reveal the base plot of the accuser, and the fact that the girl was not only a victim of the seducer, but also of the public opinion of the time. The letters are addressed to "My dear, dear Nellie," and signed "Your loving George."

It is a story of the first letter written by Burr must have been received by him. In it the young lady evidently protested against so rash a step as an elopement. The second letter contains further suggestions and more important by the precious solution.

THE WIND STRATAGEM. A letter, or rather a note, written in lead pencil, probably while Burr was in New York, is as follows: "Dear George, I am not in anger that I write to you now; I have a chance to see you, but only for a few days; if I do not see you, I will write to you again."

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