THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1869.

CITY INTELLIGENCE. PROTECTION.

Mecting of Merchants and Manufacturers at the Board of Trade Kooms. This morning at 11 o'clock, in pursuance of a call numeronaly signed, a large meeting of merchants, manufacturers, and others interested in American production, and protection thereto, was held at the Board of Trade Rooms, Fifth and Chesnut streets. The call alluded to states that the meeting was arranged in view of the persistent, active, and publicly announced efforts of the "Free Trade League" of New York to throw open our American markets to the European manufacturer by decreasing of re-moving the present inadequate protection to do-

The meeting was organized by the calling of the Hon. Morton McMichael to the chair, and the elec-tion of Cyrus Elder, Esq., as Secretary, on motion of Mr. Wharton.

The Chairman then stated the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of taking counsel together relative to American industry, which, at the present time, more than ever before, is threatened by the

The call for the meeting was then read, after which the Chairman announced that the introducion of business was in order. The Secretary then, on motion, presented and

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and every other form which the measure assumed, the members of the committee were personally most active, while this office brought to their aid the farmers, me-chanics, and manufacturers within the scope of its inflawhile this office brought to their aid the farmers, me-chanles, and manufacturers within the scope of its influ-ence, and also secured the helpful support of the press of Pennsylvania. The League has made gratuitous and systematic distribu-tions of 34,000 copies of the National American and 19,000 copies of the Inductrial American. Over a page of this latter paper this office has editorial control. It has dir-tributed many thousand speeches, letters, circulars, etc., relating to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent to the interests of labor and revision of the tangent of the prepared and published a Far-mers' and Mechanics' Almanac, which gives in a plain and, it is believed, interesting manner an explanation of the tariff question, and such facts and arguments as will enable its readers to combat the sophisms of the Free Trade League, and the journals edited in the interest of foreign traders and manufacturers. Many thousand copies of this document have been dis-tributed. The work of this office has been performed with the services of one assistant clerk and the occasional em-ployment of extra labor. The onerous and responsible duries of the Representative Council have been performed with the solution the aid of the most competent statisticians at the country. The League is very greatly indebted to the press of the

influences, and to permit employers to acquire solidity enough to give steadiness to manufacturing pursuits. *Recoived*. That a committee of — be appointed by the Chairman to present the foregoing statement to the Committee on Ways and Means, with power to confer with that committee, and to take such action in the premises as may conduce to the common welfare.

Upon motion of Mr. Fraiey, the blank in the last solution was ordered to be filled by the executive munitize of the Pennsylvania Industrial League-Upon Messrs. Joseph Wharton, Henry C. Lea, and William

Sellers. Mr. Wharton then, on behalf of the Industrial League, made an appeal for funds to further the ob-jects of that association. Mr. Stebbins, Secretary of the National Industrial

Mr. Stebbins, Secretary of the National Industrial League, read a report exhibiting the progress of the National Association since the date of its organiza-tion. He contrasted its objects with those of the Free Trade League of New York, showing how this latter association is employing lecturers all over the country, and making every endeavor to disseminate their views. The "Free Traders' raised \$18,000 in the course of an hour at one of their meetings, and can now raise almost any amount. From this we can see how much we have to do to combat them. Still we have not been idle. We have published and distributed "tarif" tracts to the number of at least \$0,000,000, and their influence has been invaluable. We now propose to follow the example of the "Free Trade" League, and also send out lecturers. Mr. Stebbins then read a number of letters and

League, and also send out lecturers. Mr. Stebbins then read a number of letters and telegrams from prominent gentlemen in various parts of the country, pledging the support of their sections to the objects of the National Industrial League.

Mr. Lee, a member of the Executive Committee of the Pennsylvania League, stated that in speaking for his colleagues he wished the discontinuance of that particular association, as it would naturally merge into the National League, Mr. Fraley, however, did not think that the Penn-

sylvania League should be abandoned; that the strength of the National Industrial League would consist in well-organized State associations. In this way we make a powerful effort in the State-an effort which in the past has uniformly proven a

Mr. Fraley then reviewed the history of previous attempts to rear national leagues, and showed they must depend upon the State organizations. wed the

He moved, in conclusion, that the "Pennsylvania Industrial League" should be continued on its pre-

sent basis. " Mr. James Milliken said that he thought the ques tion belonged to members of the convention, and as this was a public meeting, called in the interest of protection generally, he would feel some embarras ment in voting upon it. He believed that in protec-tion the foundation of the Government rested. In a recent meeting of the free traders in New York. Greece was presented as a country devoted to the principles of free trade, and the speaker thought no better argument than the present condition of Greece could be adduced in favor of protection. The Chairman then stated that, in his judgment, any person present was entitled to vote on the reso-intion

Mr. Fraley's resolution was then put, and it was Adjourned.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company.

Yesterday afternoon the annual meeting of the stockholders and the election of the officers of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company were held in the city of Camden. After the organization of the meeting, Ashbel Weish, Esq., President of the company, read a lengthy and extremely satisfactory report, in which he recorded another year's progress in the history of this great enterprise. Some of the facts and statistics embraced in the document possess great interest. The canal which is used in connection with the railroad is sixty-five miles in length, which, besides forming a link of inland navigation from the Chesapeake to Long Island Sound and to the Lakes, connects also with the great Pennsylvania coal fields, and is navigated by vessels of 250 tons The company has two main lines of railway between the two largest cities of the Union, which, with their branches, cover 165 miles of roadway, 164 of which is double and 61 single track, with 60 miles additional of sidings; and holds controlling interest in 260 miles of auxiliary railroads_in all 630 miles of track. Over and above all this it has terminal property of the value of six millions of dollars, and a vast amount of rolling and floating stock. The cost of the companies' investment, not cost of the companies' investment, not including cash and materials on hand, was, on the first of January last, thirty and a half millions of first of January last, thirty and a half millions of dollars, of which 16% millions was in stock, a little over 18 millions in loans, and the rest furnished out of earnings. The receipts of the four companies in 1868 were \$7,830,552. The number of pussengers carried exceeded six millions, 660,000 of whom were through from city to city, the receipts from which were \$3,629,338. The average increase of passen-gers, taking a long series of years, is live per cent, per annum, which, if continued, will cent, per annual increase of passenger receipts of \$180,000, with little additional expense. The whole number of passenger trains now operated daily is more than a hundred, of which twelve, each way, run through from city to city. Upwards of a million of tonnage was moved on the railroads, the million of tonnage was moved on the railroads, the freights on which amounted to \$2,392,017. The ton-nage annually increases at an average of 15 per cent., or a little more than doubles every five years. By reason of the greater increase of low-classed ton-nage, the increase of freights does not keep pace with tonnage, and doubles in but about six years; at that rate the increase should be \$300,000. The re-moval of transit duties heretofore imposed by the Legislature is made the subject of much gratulation as a relief from a burden, and a check that has hitherto interposed to dam back freight. The tonnage by the canal last year was over 23 millions, and the receipts \$912,107. The average increase is about 7 per cent, per annum, giving \$65,000 increase, with little or no increase of expenses. The receipts of the companies are large giving \$65,000 increase, with little of no increase of expenses. The receipts of the companies are large and steadily increase. Occupying the most favora-ble ground between the two largest cities of the country, and forming a link in the great through line from North to South and Southwest, it is claimed that, if railroading can anywhere be made profitable, it should be by this company. Within the coming three years, its annual receipts are estimated at over ten millions of dollars. To accommodate even-tually this ranking years has mainly by the sub-committee, who have, as occasion required, obtained the aid of the most competent statisticians of the country.
The League is very greatly indebted to the press of the States, and to a large number of members of Congress, for intelligent sympathy and very effective support. Whoever may be appointed to carry on its work in the future, the present management confidently claim for it the active congregation of employers and employed, and the helpful sympathy of all good citizens.
The following preamble and resolutions were then manimously adopted:—
The following preamble and resolutions were then manimously adopted to consider the propriety of revising the Tariff laws, and to recommend to Congress at its next section such legislation upon that subject as may seem to be expedient; therefore, *Revetest*, that the following statement be presented to the said committee as embedying the tariff laws, and to recommend to full committee and the following statement be presented to the said committee as embedying the tariff laws, and to revolve industries of this contry:—
The the development of our own resources and the firm possession of our own markets are much more importent than foreign commerce to the welfare of all the prople of this nation, to the solvency of the Government, and to the attraction of the better class of immigrants; and to the tating than the innore indication and the best of produce at home nearly all the manufaction and to the able to produce at home nearly all the manufaction and the test and checking importants in dispendences, we must be able to produce at home nearly all the manufaction of the fact area and of large capital and we must also be constantly undertaking these new which the advances in the arts and the progress of the attraction require. over ten millions of dollars. To accommodate even-tually this rapidly growing trade, the company has bargained for what is known as Harsimus Cove at Jersey City, opposite New York—a tract of 70 acres, with 1300 feet of river front and nearly half a mile inland. The report warmly commends this pur-chase, as not only cheap, but as indispensable to the company's future business, though it is not proposed to be a supersolution of the second proposed. company's future business, though it is not proposed to go immediately on with its improvements. The Legislature, at its late session, authorized the companies to increase their stock sixty per cent. This privilege it is not proposed to now use to an extent of more than ten or twenty per cent. on the present stock of the companies, to be offered *provata* to the stock-holders semi-annually in 7 per cent. scrip, converti-ble into stock. This, however, has not yet been de-finitely determined. The death, within the past year, of three prominent managers of the company was announced. Appropriate resolutions passed, being feelingly seconded by Messrs. Gatzmer, Brad-ley, and Welch. The following ticket of directors was then elected:-Benjamin Fish, Cambridge Liv-ingston, Joseph P. Bradley, Samuel Welch, Charles Macalester, John Jacob Astor, and William H. Gatzmer.

MAY ANNIVERSARY OF THE NORTHERN HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN. — Almong the many festivals and anniversaries which the pleasant month of May always brings us, which the pleasant month of May always brings us, which the pleasant month of May always brings us, which the pleasant month of May always brings us, which the pleasant month of May always brings us, which are always and the Anniversary of the Northern Home for Friendless Children. This year it comes off at the Academy of Music on Naturday evening next, May 1, on which occasion three hundred children connected with the Home will be on the stage and participate in the ex-ercises, which, from the handsome programme before us, give promise of a delightful evening s en-tertainment. Tickets of admission have been issued, which can be procured of the lady managers without charge. It is scarcely necessary to say that they are in great request, and that capacious as is the Aca-demy, it will doubtless be crowded to its utmost expandity. His Excellency Governor Geary has present, and we have no doubt that the whole affair will be a credit to the institution and a delight to the audience. These who desire seats should apply for audience. Those who desire seats should apply for

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE .-- The first annua THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.....The first annual meeting for the election of officers of the Chamber of Commerce was held at noon to-day, in room No. 10 of new building on Second street, above Walnut. The Committee on Finance submitted a report which states that the new structure has been all paid for, and that the rooms have been rented. The election was then proceeded with, the polls continuing open until 1 o'clock. The following gentlemen were re-ported as elected for the empiric year.

 Directors, File Ionoward gentlemen were reported as elected for the ensuing year:—
 President, Howard Hinchman: Treasurer, Samuel
 L. Ward; Directors, Ellijah G. Cattell, C. J. Hoffman, Joseph S. Perot, Charles H. Cummings, Seneca E. Malone, John H. Michener, Charles Knecht, Nathan Weicht, Nathan Weicht, Schward, Samuel K. States, Samuel K. Samuel Brooke.

MORE MAD DOGS,-Yesterday afternoon a mad dog made his appearance on the streets in the neigh-borhood of Fourth and Green streets, and ran into the clothes-room of the school on Dillwyn street, where he was shot by Polleeman Krib of the Seventh district.

Policeman Condan, of the Seventeenth district resterday also shot a mad dog at Seventh and S Mary streets.

Mary streets. POLICEMAN DISMISSED.—Within a few days Mayor Fox has discharged six policemen, three old and three new appointments, for drunkenness. Yester-day morning his Honor, while passing Sixth and Race streets, saw one of his appointments entering a tavern. The Mayor got in just in time to see the man in blue swallowing a mint julep. The badge of office was soon in his Honor's pocket, and subsequently No. 153 of the Fourth district was dismissed the force.

INTERFERING WITH A POLICEMAN .- On Sunday : fight occurred at Twenty-fifth and Callowhill streets, and Policeman Burnside arrested one of the partici-pants, who was rescued by a crowd of roughs. Last evening Francis Mullin, alleged to have been one of the rescuers, was arrested, and on being taken before Alderman Pancoast was held in \$500 bail for trial

THE WESTWARD COURSE OF EMPIRE .-- We would call attention to the advertisement in another column of a lecture this evening on this important subject, by our able townsman and eminent pulpit orator, the Rev. E. L. Magoon, D.D., whose name is a sufficient guarantee of a rich intellectual treat. Go early if you wish to secure a seat.

DISHONEST FRIEND .--- Yesterday Samuel Well and DISHONEST FRIEND,—Yesterday Samuel Well and a friend entered a beer saloon at Sixth street and Girard avenue, and induiged in several drinks. Well then releved his friend of \$109, and finding himself detected, ran into the yard and threw the money over the fence. He was taken into custody and escorted before Alderman Eggieton, who com-mitted him for trial. mitted him for trial.

STEALING BOOTS .- Policeman Bond, of the Seventh straining Boots.—Poleceman Bond, of the Seventh district, yesterday overhauled William Fetters, at Second and Green streets, on the charge of stealing a pair of boots from a store in that vicinity. The accused will have a hearing this afternoon before Alderman Korr Alderman Kerr.

7 AN OWNER WANTED.—Lieutenant Edgar, of the Harbor Police, has a skiff 18 feet long at his station, Front and Noble streets, which was picked up last night on the Delaware,

A WAIF,-About 9 o'clock last night a male infant about four weeks old was found on the steps of dwelling No. 1832 Sprace street. The little fellow was taken to the Almshouse.

PAVEMENT WASHING.-The Mayor has issued an order prohibiting the washing of pavements between the hours of 7 A. M. and 7 P. M. from May 1 to October 1.

SHOPLIFTER.—Ann Kelley, a resident of Chesnut Hill, yesterday lifted a piece of dry goods from the store of George S. Warren, on Ridge avenue, above Green street. She was held to answer by Alderman

LEWIS LANE.

The Wife-Poisoner – He Explates His Crime To-Day–An Interview With Him–What He Had to Say.



Execution of the Wife Poisoner at Pittsburg-Crime in Brooklyn.

EXECUTED.

Lewis Lane Atones for his Crime on the Scaffold Five Wives Poisoned by him-His Refusal to Confess.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

PITTSBURG, April 29-1 P. M .- The negro Lane was executed a few minutes after 12 o'clock. He was convicted on the charge of having caused the death of his wife by poison, It transpired during the trial that Lane was a male Borgia, he having poisoned no less than four wives previous to the last for which he was tried. During his imprisonment he has been apparently indifferent to his fate, but last night he was completely unnerved and cried for some time. His spiritual adviser, a Catholic priest, has been unceasing in his ministrations, and to all appearances finally brought the extraordinary criminal to a realization of his position.

He was up at an early hour this morning, and appeared cheerful, almost to exuberancy. He did not entertain the slightest hope of reprieve, and seemed to be of an easy conscience.

So great was the care exercised by the officials that everything should be in perfect order, that

the execution was delayed longer than expected. The condemned ascended the scaffold with a firm step, and after the cap had been placed on his head, was, for the second time, asked if he had anything to say to those assembled. He answered no, and continued to follow the priests

in recitation of the litany. A son by one of his former wives refused to visit him, saying that he poisoned his mother,

and he justly deserved to die on the gallows. Lane died easily, scarcely a struggle being perceptible.

FROM NEW YORK.

Brooklyn Hus a "Huggerty" Case. NEW YORK, April 29 .- The jury in the Haggerty case in Brooklyn have returned a verdict that Haggerty's death was caused by a beating at the hands of Dennis Eagan and John Hennessey. The jury also censure Captain Rhodes and Sergeant Weeks, of the police, for not properly attending to Haggerty when brought to the station-house in an insensible state. They further say that the frequent beatings of intoxicated men on the head with clubs by the police, and the brutality practised in the police stations as revealed in their investigations are disgraceful.

* The New York Gold Sale.

NEW YORK, April 29.-The event in Wall street to-day was the visit of Sceretary Boutwell relative to gold sales. Bids were announced amid considerable merriment; and when those of Elliott & Dunn, of Philadelphia, for \$15,000 at 1321/@1311/w, were read, there was a general dont of langhter. This was the only bid out side of New York. There were twenty-six proposals, and the total amount bid for was 88,360,000 at 1813@184 2-100.

the price of stock. New York Central was also ex-cited and irregular, selling in the cariy forenoon as high as 170%, and thence almost immediately drop-pling to 175%. Hudson River went up to 156 and Harlem to 148, but reacted with Central—all three becoming heavy under the pressure of sales sup posed to be based on news of univorable legisla-tion at Abany. Erie was panic stricken at the National Board, and drooped to 32%, but recovered late in the day to 32%. The Northwestern stocks were firmer and higher, the common touching 86% and the preferred 98%. The other railways were integular of heavy, while the business of the market after the morning regular board was dull. The ex-press stocks were variable, Wells-Fargo touching facility Mail was 'off and comparatively neglected, while origin exchanges. In the afternoon the relaxa-tion in the rates of cash gold caused a further ad-vance, and the prime bankers put up their quotation in the rates of cash gold caused a further ad-vance, and the prime bankers put up their quotation in the rates of cash gold caused a further ad-vance, and the prime bankers put up their stock of 2% of the neglected. Beremen, Ti'senset, 'The stock of 10%, for sixty days sterling. The following was the range of quotations at the close:- Sterling, sixty days, commercial, 10% of 0%; ' short sight, 5.11% of the n

lower for the new North Carolinas. The following were the closing prices for the leading bonds ... Tennessees, ex-coupon, 694 (a60), ; do., new, 65 (a60); ;
 virginias, ex-coupon, 68) (a60); do., new, 65 (a60); ;
 sixes, 82(a84; do. sevens, 95)(a60); do., new, 65 (a60); ;
 ex-coupon, 62(a62); do., new, 65)(a65); do., levee do., 72 (a67); do., o. etgits, 59(a9); do., aevens, 55)(a65); do., levee do., 72 (a67); do., o. etgits, 59(a9); Alabama etghts, 102; Memphis sixes, 53(a5).
 "The sales of Government gold will commence tomotrow. Secretary Boutwell is to be present at the opening of the bids by the Assistant Treasurer, Mr. Yan Dyck. The market to-day was generally steady between 133, and 133, but there were exceptional transactions at the extremes, 133, and 134. The market was fitted, and operators continued unable to satisfy themselves as to the future course of the premium. The political situation is quiet, and the Government is going to sell -gold ought, therefore, to go up. Such is their quandary.
 "Gash gold ought, therefore, to go up. Such is their quandary.
 "Gash gold decimed to flat and to 1-32 for carrying up to Clearing House time. In the afternoon five per cent, per annum was paid for carrying. The business of the Gold Exchange Bank resulted as to-lows:-Gold cleared, \$93,156,000; gold balances, \$3,013,245; currency balances, \$4,714,544. The disbursements of coin interest to-day were flat,557 e2.

"The Money market was without change. The rate on call was six to seven per cent., and it was lifticult to determine at which figure the majority of rate loans were made. Commercial paper was quoted at eight to ten per cent, for the best double names."

CAR CASUALTY .- Last evening Robert Donnelly while under the influence of liquor, got on a Market street car, and not being able to pay his fare the vehicle was stopped and Robert ejected. While getting of the platform he fell and struck his head on the cobble-stones. He was rendered insensible, in which condition he remained until a late hour last night. The conductor of the car was arrested, and will be at the Central Station this afternoon.

A MAD DOG KILLED .- About 8 o'clock this morn-A MAD DOG KILLED.—About 8 o'clock this morn-ing, a passer-by killed a mad dog on Fibert street, below Fifteenth. There were several gentlemen standing around, who had been intimidated by the owner of the animal threatening them if they touched it. It was not muzzled, and the owner said it was only in a fit. In view of the numerous in-stances of mad dogs running at large within a few days past, it would be as well for the city authorities to include dogs in the recent order with reference to the taking up of cattle, hogs, sheep, and goats.

GHOST PHOTOGRAPHY.

How the Hon. Colorado Jewett Kneeled and Prayed for a Ghost to Come.

The New York correspondent of a San Fran-cisco paper writes what follows:---

Years ago a man was in the employ of Bigelow & Rennard, a great jewelry firm in Boston, in the capacity of engraver. He was an ingenious fellow, and bought among other things a photographic apparatus, and went to taking pic-tures for amusement. Mr. Kennard tells the story that one day he took a picture on a plate that had been previously used and rubbed out, and when he developed it the original picture ame out more faint and shadow showed it to a spiritualistic friend, and told him it was the work of a spirit. The latter readily believed it, called some of his friends in, all wondered at it, and some sat for their pictures and were perfectly taken, and taken in. So the business started up, and the artist was doing One afternoon the Hon. Colorado Jewett called at the artist's studio, and said he wanted the spirits of the great men of the past to come to his aid, and inspire him to do great things. He wanted his picture taken, with the spirits of these men in the background, and asked the artist to put him through in that line. The artist told him he could not do it then, but if he would come again he would accommodate him, or at all events would make the effort. In the evening the artist went out and pro-cured the portraits of Webster, Clay, Calhoun, Benton, and Napoleon, and the next morning before Jewett arrived he had the plates properly prepared. Jewett sat for five pictures in succession, and one after another the great men gathered around him. Jewett was delighted, but he wanted Washington, and begged the artist to bring the Father of his Country to him The artist could not do it, as he had no Wash-ington in the house, and finally Jewett knew upon the floor and prayed to have Washington come to his aid. But Washington didn't come the artist thought it would be carrying the joke too far, and so the great American diplomat departed without him.



More Indian Depredations.

FROM THE PLAINS. More Indian Depredations.

ST. LOUIS, April 29 .- The Republican has a letter from Camp Watchita, Medicine Bluff Creek, Indian Territory, dated April 6, which says that 100 lodges of Arrapahoes, under "Roman Nose" and "Little Big Mouth," arrived on the 3d instant, and are only waiting the arrival of the Chevennes to move in a body to the reservations north of the Red Fork of the Arkansas river. The 6th Infantry will constitute the permanent garrison of this post. The 10th Cavalry will camp around the borders of the reservation, ready to pounce upon any body of Indians who stand outside the limits prescribed. Indians that have refused to come in on any terms are committing depredations on the border, and have killed three men within the past three weeks. Those here, while they appear to desire peace, and are profuse in promises of future good conduct, still are only waiting for the grass to fatten their horses, and for the Government to give them their goods, when the western frontier, of Kansas, and the northern counties of Texas, will be again a scene of butcheries.

FROM RICHMOND.

Proceedings of the Virginia Conservative Con-vention. RICHMOND, April 29.—The convention reassembled to-day, and the minority report was withdrawn to make way for a resolution to adjourn until ten days after Grant's proclamation for a State election. This resolution was defeated by a majority of two-thirds. The majority report was then adopted, with few dissenting voices. The debate pointed unmistakably to Walker, Conservative Republican, as the person to be supported by the Conservatives for Governor. Resolutions were adopted for a better organization, and for appointing a com-

mittee to wait on Grant relative to the submission of the Constitution, and also on General Canby, and the convention adjourned sine die, Press representatives of all political partles were admitted to-day.

Customs Receipts.

WASHINGTON, April 29 .- Customs receipts from April 19th to April 24th, inclusive:-Boston, \$463,249; New York, \$2,671,889; Philadelphia, \$201,598; Baltimore, \$233,210; San Francisco, March 22d to March 31st, \$301,220. Total, \$3,871,116.

The New York Police Board. ALBANY, April 29 .- Both houses of the Legislature, in joint convention, have elected Henry Smith Police Commissioner, vice Acton, resigned, and John A. Griswold, Regent of the University, vice Isaac Parks, deceased.

Philadelphia Trade Report. THURSDAY, April 29.-The Flour Market con-tinues steady, but the volume of business is light. The sales foot up 800 barrels, chiefy spring Wheat extra family, including superfine at \$5:65:50; extras at \$5.75686-25; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$6.50@7.25, the latter rate for choice; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$7@7 90; Ohio do. do. at \$8@9 25; and fancy brands at \$9:50@12, according to quality. Rye Flour sells in a small way at \$7@7-25. Rye Flour sells in a small way at \$(6126, There is not much activity in the Wheat market, but holders of prime, which is soarce, are firm in their views. Sales of 1000 bushels red at \$1:64; and 1000 bushels Indiana amber at \$1:85. Rye is steady, and 500 bushel Western at \$1:45. Corn is guiet, but we continue former quotations. Sales of yellow at \$8c; ; and Western mixed at \$46036c, the latter rate for high mixed. Oats are selling at 15:077c, for Western and 65:075c, for Pennsylvania. Nothing doing in Barley or Mait. Bark is dull, and offered at \$52 \$\$ ton for No. 1 Quercitron. Quercitron. Seeds-Cloverseed is quiet, with sales at \$850@ 950, the latter rate from second hands. Timothy is firm at \$4.75. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$265@270. Whisky is unchanged ; 25 barrels sold at 97@98c.

tal, and we must also be constantly undertaking those new industries which the advances in the arts and the progress of civilization require. Thirdly. That it is impossible for such great establish industries to take root under a fickle and some the new industries to take root under a fickle and some times unfriendly policy which holds them constantly in fear of revulsion. The productive powers of our country, it is the duty of the forevanient to announce, adhere to, and steadfastly act upon the policy of defending its citizens in their industrial foreign nations, of assuring to those who are our rivals in prace and our other a fickly and the policy of the foreign nations, of assuring to those who are supporting the foreign nations, of assuring to those who are supporting the foreign nations of assuring to those who are supporting the goods they send here, and thus a supersching the goods they send here, and thus an arket over allens who are our rivals in peace and our markets over allens who are our rivals in peace and our power allens who are our rivals in peace and our power allens who are our rivals in peace and our fact the expense of maintaining those minitutions.

is worthy of attention is a sector science of the competent persons to frame a symmetrical system of duties on imports. This is an order to diminish the labor of Cor-press and to expedite those future modifications in tariff explanation which the development of new industries or the charges of trade may from time to time render de-press, and to expedite those future in other render de-press and to explain the development of new industries or the charges of trade may from time to time render de-press, and to explain the development of a set of the explanation of the subject, with authority to examine wit-metric of the charges with authority to examine wit-metric of the charges with authority to examine wit-metric of the subject, with authority to examine wit-metric of the subject with authority to examine wit-metric of the subject with authority to examine wit-metric of the subject of the subject of the the metric of domestic production is the only sur-metric of domestic production is the only sur-ter accompanied, when necessary shown that the metric for roducing the process of manufactured goods, it is prossly unjust to the employers of operatives to charge them hands employed, with endeavoring to aggrandize them when seeking for the legislation needful for krowing the most desire or expect for themselves or their subjects the common lot of manufactures to and their which are the common lot of manufactures to and the which are the common lot of manufactures the and the which are the common lot of manufactures of arrantion and degradation which can be eachered by a laboring popula-tion and they claim that our producing classes to enjoy civilizing

Gatzmer. ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS OF THE FIRE LAST ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS OF THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.—The following are additional facts to those published on our inside pages of the destruction last night by fire of the freight depot of the Philadelphia, Germantown, and Norristown Rallroad Company. The building, which was originally used as the pas-senger depot, was the oldest one of the kind in the country. It was erected about 1532, and was valued at \$5000, on which there was an insurance of \$5000 in the Spring Garden Company of this city. There were twenty-one cars in the structure, a large portion of which were box cars, and all were full of freight, which consisted of wool, cotton, and general mer-chandise, the property of some two hundred and thirty shippers. In addition to the destruction of this, there was a pile of lumber valued at several thist there was a pile of lumber valued at several thousand dollars, all of which was more or less in-jured. The loss altogether will reach about \$40,000. The principal sufferers were D.White, of Norristown, who lost 26 bales of cotton; A. Gross, of Manayunk, 30 barrels of flour; and S. J. Cleaver, of Chestnut Hill, 200 bags of wheat. Hill, 200 bags of wheat.

The Rev. W. C. CATTELL, D.D., the popular and encient President of Lawyette College, at Easton, will be the recipient, this evening, of a well-deserved testimonial. He is about to start for Europe, to be absent for a year, the Trustees of the College having given their consent, and previous to his departure his numerous friends in this city, including the Trus-tees and the donors to the College, have invited him to be present at an enterralment, which invited him has been accepted. The affair will transpire at the Continental Hotel this evening, ex-Governor Pol-lock, the President of the Board of Trustees, being expected to preside, expected to preside,

expected to preside, THE STREET CLEANING.—Mayor Fox has been co-operating with the Board of Health in their efforts to have the streets properly cleansed. He turns over to them all complaints made to him, and the daily reports of the Lieutenants of Police upon the condi-tion of the thoroughfares in their districts. As yet the new contractors are moving but slowly, and if they are not sharper, the summer months will be upon us before the flith which has been accumulating for months is removed. The streets in the old districts of sonth Penn and Kensington are in a frightful of South Penn and Kensington are in a frightful

To-day, in Pittsburg, Lewis Lane, the negro who was convicted of wife-poisoning and sentenced to be hung, is to explate his crime on the gallows.

Notwithstanding the reports which have been in circulation for the past few weeks in regard to his being unwell, he appears to be in the best of health, and will probably stand upon the scaffold a sound man physically. As the time for the execution approaches, there are a large number of requests to see him, the most of which ear of requests to see him, the most of which are refused, from the fact that Lane has repeatedly expressed the wish that none should be admitted except his counsel, attending priest, and the Sisters of Charity. By these he is quently visited and always appears to be glad to see them.

Yesterday several of the members of the press were admitted to the cell of the prisoner, but the interview, as has been the case with all former ones, was not very satisfactory, so far as the procuring of news was concerned.

When the party entered the cell Lane con-signed to their use, as seats, the chair, the trunk, and the bed, and quietly seated himself on the steam-pipe which runs through the apartment, in a style which plainly said, "Gentlemen, if you have come here out of curiosity you will not be very well satisfied." The only car-peting which the cell contained was a rug, which the prisoner had extemporized, and h shape it bore a striking resemblance to a coffin. Lane yesterday appeared more nervous than at any time since his confinement, and moved about as though he was ill at ease, and was beginning

to realize the terrible doom which awaits him. After some general remarks as to the prisoner's health, and his being resigned to his fate, in which the talking was all done by the visitors, the following question was asked, with a view of obtaining some facts concerning his early life Question-Some of the papers have stated that you were born in Rockingham county, Virginia, and others that you were born in London county;

which is correct? Answer-I don't know. Question-Do you still protest your innocence of the crime of which you have been convicted? Answer-I have nothing further to say about that; I am going to hang for it, and do not care to discuss the matter.

Question-Do you not think that you had a fair trial? Answer-Certainly, I do not. (This was said in a scornful and derisive manner.)

Question-We have understood that there was some difficulty about obtaining witnesses: that there were some gentlemen of respectability where you formerly resided who would have testified as to your good character, and this might have had weight with the jury as the case stood. Answer-Yes, that is perhaps the case but it is of no use now; it is too late-too late.

Question-It is the desire of the press of this city to do you justice in the matter, and if you wish to make any statement of your side of the case, it would be cheerfully published. Answe -I have no statement to make-the statements have all been made. It don't make any difference about the matter now.

Question-It would be natural to suppose that person in the situation in which you are placed ould be anxious to have the public entertain as favorable an opinion as possible concerning your case? Answer—I don't care what the people think, it can make no difference with me, and I don't care what the papers say about me.

The party soon after withdrew, assuring the prisoner that they did not visit him out of curiosity, but shaply as a duty. He was evi-dently pleased to see them depart, and shook hands with them more cordially when they left than when they entered.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner. LOUIS DRAKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1045 Chesnut Street.

DIED.

(For additional Deaths see Afth pays.) LINCOLN. On the 28th instant, JENNIE, poungest daughter of Abner and Nancy Lincoln, aged 4 years and 2 months. Due notice will be given of the funeral.

Drowned.

PORT DOVER, Canada, April 29.-A young man named George Hayes, of Plymouth, Pa., was accidentally drowned at this place last night.

Reappointment.

AUGUSTA, Me., April 29.—Hon. Charles W. Walton was reappointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court to-day. He has already served seven years.

FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable. Riots in Londonderry.

LONDONDERRY, April 29 .- Serious riots occurred here yesterday between the Catholics and Orangemen. During collisions between the two factions, the police charged upon both. Firearms were freely used, and several of the rioters were wounded, and two killed. The riot at one time assumed fearful proportions, but the efforts of the police and the appearance of the military from the garrison finally succeeded in restoring quiet, and the city is now tranquil. The military will remain on duty for

a day or two. The Cotton Market.

HAVEE, April 29. -Cotton closed quict, both on

the spot and affoat. This Evening's Quotations. LONDON, April 29—Evening.—Consols, 95% for both money and account. U.S. five-twenties dull at 80%. Stocks steady. Erle, 21%; Illinois Central, 98%. PARIS, April 29.—The Boarse is firm. Rentes, 716, 52c. The bullion in the Bank of France has in-creased 3,500,000 francs. LIVERFOOL, April 29.—Evening.— Cotton, mid-dling Uplands, 11%d.; middling Orleans, 12%d. The sales have been 10,000 bales. Lard, 78, 6d. LONDON, April 29.—Evening.—The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £49,000. LONDON, April 29.—Evening.—Turpentine, 308, 6d. ANTWERP, April 20.—Petroleum, 52% I.

Market steady.

The New York Money Market. From the Herald.

From the Herald. "The stock market was again excited to-day for the shares which have been the prominent features dur-ing the past few weeks, and for one which is compa-ratively fresh in the speculative fever. At the first morning board 10,000 shares of Michigan Southern were sold by a well-known stock house, and the dealings of the day in this stock were hardly less than thirty thousand shares. The price under the first sales declined from 101 to 99%, but reacted later in the day to 10%, amil d considerable excitoment. It is said that the Michigan Southern Company, by an old resolution, were empowered to convert and self \$2,000,000 of their convertible bonds when the stock should touch par. This value was reached yesterday, and by some it is thought that the first sales were made as a 'short' speculation, but later the impression galaxiel a foothold that the stock-house referred to were merely the agents of the com-pany in placing the new stock on the market. Inas-mento as the total amount of habilities of the compo-ration is not changed by the conversion of the bonds, the reaction in price towards the close is more clearly understood. Indeed, as the bonds have ration is not changed by the conversion of the bonds, the reaction in price towards the close is more clearly understood. Indeed, as the bonds have borne a fixed annual rate of interest, and were a first lien upon the road, their conversion leaves the amount of two millions subject to receive such rate of interest as the earnings will allow. Hence the addition to the capital stock is apparent only, which again accounts for the upward turp in

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIG ENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. [BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORE, April 29.—Arrived, stoamships Germania, from Southanpton, and Fab Kee, from Havana. FonTHASS MONNOR, April 29.—Arrived, brig Torrent, from Rio, for orders. (By Atlantic Cable.) QUEENSTOWN, April 29.—Arrived, steamship England, from New York. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA APRIL 29.

 OFFICE, 7 A. M.
 OFFICE, CLEARED THIS MORNING.

 Steamship Fanita, Freeman, New York, John F. Ohl, Schr James S. Watson, Houck, Lynn, Sinnickson & Co.

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 Schr Sarah C. Park, Segara, Bridgeton,
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 Schr Susie R. Golt, Morris, Bridgeton,
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 Schr T. T. Tasker, Allen, Beston,
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 Schr S. F. M. Tasker, Allen, Beston,
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 Schr S. P. M. Tasker, Allen, Beston,
 do.

 Schr Y. F. Sackson, French, Marblehead,
 do.

 Schr S. H. More, Carroll, Boston,
 do.

 Schr Steile W. Batteman, Boston,
 do.

 Schr S. B. Schr, S. Mith, Canber, New Bedford,
 do.

 Schr R. H. Soniters, Carroll, Boston,< do. Nutting.

A Bro. Schr Lena Hunter, Perry, Beverly, Schr American Earle, Shaw, Providence, Schr Sarah, Cobb. New Bedford, Schr Lamartine, Butler, New Bedford,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamer Frank, Pierce, 24 hours from New York, with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co. Steamer R. Willing, Condiff, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse, to A. Groves, Jr. Schr Marietta Hand, Norton, 3 days from New York, with csment to Penna. Central RR Co. Schr Westmoreland, Rice, 5 days from Providence, in ballast to Westmoreland Coal Co. Schr J. D. Ingraham, Robinson, from Hartford. Schr J. D. Ingraham, Robinson, from New York, Schr S. L. Russell, Smith, from Lynn.

Capt. Russell, of schr Jas, L. Maloy, at this port from Boston, reports - At I A. M. 29th inst., while anchoring off Reed street wharf, Stephen H. Banks, seaman, of Bal-limore Hundred, fell overboard and was drowned; his body was not recovered; he was of short stature, dark com-plexion, and had lost forefinger of right hand.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

Development of the manufacture and delivery at the Schuykul Arsenal of Arsenal of

225 Knapsacks.

225 Knapseess. 225 Haversacks. 225 Canteens, with Corks and Straps. Samples of which can be seen at this Office, and to which the articles must conform in all respects. Diddees will state in their proposals how soon the

to which the articles must conform in all respects. Bidders will state in their proposals how soon the articles can be delivered, which must not be later than the 5th of June next. The Quartermaster's Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Any additional information desired by the parties wishing to bid, will be furnished upon application to this Office, where also blank forms of proposals can be obtained.

be obtained.

H. M. ENOS, Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M., U. S. A., Depot Quartermaster

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Stock Quotations by Telegraph-3 P. M.