CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAU-

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, THE SYS-

VOUNG LADIES BEWARE! OF THE

injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All

a short time destroy the complexion. If you would

have a fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISOR-

blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

is a remedy of the utmost value.

bumors that make disease.

ers that affect mankind arise from corruption of the

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

VOL. IX.—N.O. 99.

FIRST EDITION

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Some Interesting Historical Facts Relating to the Order.

Since the grand semi-centennial anniversary of Odd Fellowship, which is to be celebrated in this city on Monday next, is the engrossing subject of conversation, we present the following facts concerning the Order, from a circular which will be issued on Monday by the well-known and enterprising clothing house of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street.

clothing house of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chesnut street.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of which in the United States will be celebrated on Monday, was founded in England during the latter part of the last century. On the 25th of April, 1819, Thomas Wildey, an Englishman then residing in Baltimore, who had been a member of the Order in the old country, organized in that city the first Lodge in the United States. It was fittingly styled "Washington Lodge, No. 1," and six members of foreign Lodges altogether were present at the time of its organization. From that time but little progress was made in the Order until the organization of "Pennsylvania Lodge, No. 1," in Philadelphia, on December 26, 1821, On June 27, 1823, the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania was organized, with Aaron Nichols as Grand Master, and held its first session February, 1824, at which time Pennsylvania Lodge, No. 1, was chartered.

The Grand Lodge of the United States was organized in Baltimore on the 15th of January, 1825, and It removes black spots, pimples moth patches, and m naturally undergoes a change, and HELM-

The Grand Lodge of the United States was organized in Baltimore on the 15th of January, 1825, and was composed of the only Grand Lodges then existing—in the States of Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts. Thomas Wildey was unanimously elected Most Worthy Grand Sire, although that title was not conferred until April 25, 1826, The first Encampment was created July 8, 1827, in Baltimore, the first Encampment in Pennsylvania dating from August 13, 1829, and being known as "Philadelphia Encampment, No. 1."

During the half century just about closing, 606,827 members were initiated into the Order in the United States, and the enormous sum of \$20,153 592 was expended by the Order in the relief of the sick, in assisting widows and orphans, in burying the dead, and in educating the orphan—an enormous sum, but nevertheless 'true. The number of members relieved from this fund was 684,189, in addition to 55,188 BOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF

lieved from this fund was 684,189, in addition to 55,188

widowed families.
On the 30th of June, 1868, there were 3195 Grand and Subordinate Lodges in the United States, and 245,036 members. Of this large number, Pennsylvania had 526 Lodges, and 66,235 members, or more than double the membership of any other State. The initiations for the year ending June 30th, 1868, were 40,080; brothers relieved, 21,344; and widowed families relieved, 3911. The total amount paid for relief during the same period was \$881,118-26; of which Pennsylvania contributed \$207,118-92, or nearly one-fourth of the whole sum. The number of Grand and Subordinate Encampments was 795, with 43,478 members. The total amount paid for relief was \$70,437-95, of which Pennsylvania contributed \$26,438-01; making the entire relief granted by the Lodges and Encampments of the United States, for the year ending June 30, 1868, \$951,586-21.

the year ending June 20, 1868, \$251,556-21.

The semi-centennial anniversary of the Order is to be celebrated in this city on Monday next by the direction of the Grand Lodge of the United States at its meeting in September, 1868. At this meeting a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the celebration, consisting of the following prominent members of the Order:—P. G. Sire Kennedy of New York, P. G. Sire Nicholson of Pennsylvania, P. G. Sire Veitch of Missouri, P. G. Sire Perkins of Pennsylvania, Grand Sire E. D. Farnsworth of Tennessee, and Representatives Ford of Massachusets, Garey of Maryland, Read of New Jersey, and Maris of Delaware.

The Order in Philadelphia. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPA-BILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the

The Order in Philadelphia.

lodges reaches 66,255, so that nearly one-half of the Order in this State reside in Philadelphia. With the immense home force of the Order, a monster demon-stration could be made, and when our own Odd

Fellows are reinforced, as they will be, by thousands

liver an address of welcome in behalf of the Grand

Lodge of Pennsylvania, which will be responded to by Grand Sire E. D. Farnsworth, of the Grand Lodge of the United States. Past Grand Master James L. Ridgely, the Grand Secretary, the personal friend of the late Thomas Wildey, the founder of the Order in the United States, will then deliver an oration on the history mission, and autropess of Orde Fellowship.

the United States, will then deliver an oration on the history, mission, and purposes of Odd Fellowship, and the exercises will be brought to a close by the singing by the entire audience of an ode written by P.G. E. P. Newell, editor of the American Odd Fellow, set to the tune of "Old Hundred."

The musical portion of the celebration will consist of forty instrumental and one hundred vocal per-

The Grand Procession

is intended to be the most prominent leature of the celebration, and the arrangements already made indicate that it will be a most imposing affair.

The line will be formed at 11 o'clock A. M., and the

mounted lieutenants will precede the head of the procession at the distance of about half a square, and mmediately at the head of the line will come a dientenant with about thirty patrolmen, all mounted.

The following is the route selected by the commit-ce having the matter in charge;— Countermarch on Broad street, down Broad to

the streets may present as imposing and attractive

The Evening Exercises

an appearance as possible.

under the direction of Professors Engelke

QUANTITY VS. QUALITY. HELM-BOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large doscs of medicine ERR.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRAC' OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EX-TRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Gread Blood ASSESSED BURNEY,

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

ERADICATES ERUPTIVE AND ULCERATED DIS-EASES OF THE THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP AND SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGINH the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review" on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of meroury, he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable, as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or

HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Extract Sarsa-

parilla, Established upwards of 18 years. PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,

No. 594 BROADWAY, New York.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, \$1 25 per

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

A FLAG PRESENTATION.—A few evenings ago, Southwark Lodge, No. 146, L. O. O. F., were the recipients of a beautiful white silk flag, upon which are inscribed the name of the Lodge and the emblems of the Order. P. G. Robert G. Pidgeon made the presentation speech, after which P. G. Joseph R. Lyndail received it in his usual happy manner. We understand that this Lodge is in a flourishing condition, and will parade one hundred and fifty members on Monday next, under the marshalship of William C. Zane.

Exercises of a very interesting character took place on Wednesday evening, at the meeting of Hencosis Adelphon Lodge, No. 28, the feature of the occasion being the presentation of a beautiful white silk flag by the lady friends of the Lodge. P. G. M. John W. Stokes, Esq., in a few appropriate remarks, presented the flag on behalf of the fair donors, which was received in a neat address by P. G. John Desslate. P. G. John S. Heiss presided. A number of patriotic and sentimental songs were sung by the Young Folks Glee Club. A large number of ladies were present, who seemed much interested in the proceedings, and when the company separated it was with the regret when the company separated it was with the regret that the time had passed so rapidly.

SUICIDE OF A PHYSICIAN.—This morning, about 5 o'clock, the inmates of dwelling No. 1111 Brown street, occupied by Dr. George W. Howell, were aroused by the report of a pistol, and on going into the back room the dead body of the doctor was found bying on the floor. The blood was still oozing from a wound in the right eye, which had been caused by wound in the right eye, which had been caused by a ball from a revolver, which was Ifing by the side of the body. It seems that the doctor has been suf-fering for some time from mental depression, caused by financial difficulties, and it is supposed that while laboring under an unusual attack he committed this rash act. He went to bed at about 12 o'clock last night and arose at 5 o'clock, and, obtaining the revolver, walked into the back room, and, placing the weapon to his head, pulled the trigger. He had evidently been standing before the looking glass as the weapon to his head, pulled the trigger. He had evidently been standing before the looking-glass, as his body was directly beneath it. The trigger had been pulled twice, for the cap next the exploded barrel bore marks of having been struck with the hammer. The deceased was fifty-five years of age, and leaves a wife and daughter. He enjoyed a large practice, and was well thought of by everybody. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

To Capitalists, Builders, and those Serking Investments.—We are informed that Messrs. Thomas & Sons have advertised for their sale 18th May the very valuable church property situate on the east side of Eighth street, north of Race. Lot 100 feet front, on which is a substantially built church and a three-story brick residence, which at a small expense coud be altered into a store and made to pay a very handsome percentage. It is located in a very improving and business neighborhood, and well worthy the attention of those seeking investments or in want of a large lot to build on.

A POLICEMAN ASSAULTED, ... John Connor was ar-A POLICEMAN ASSAULTED.—John Connor was arrested last night, at Nineteenth street and Washington avenue, by Policeman McKinney. The accused had been taken into custody by Policeman Williams in the morning for being engaged in a street row, when one John Burke interfered. Policeman Haubert came up just in time to be knocked down by Burke. Both the offenders succeeded in escaping, Conner this morning was before Alderman Dallas. who sent him below.

DOOR-MAT THIEVES .- Policemen Leithgow and Collony of the Ninth District, yesterday arrested Charles A. Peterson and Thomas Wallace at Nineteenth and Brown streets, with several door-mats under their arms. These articles were stolen from the residences in that vicinity. Alderman Pancoast

morning a locomotive, while going down Washington avenue, ran of on a switch leading into a coal yard below Second street, and came afoul of two coal cars, which in turn struck a milk wagon, all of which were demolished. The driver of the milk wagon made a narrow escape with his life.

The Order in Philadelphia.

Although the Order in the United States was first established in Baltimore, Philadelphia was appropriately selected as the place for celebrating the semi-centennial anniversary, by reason of the remarkable success which it has achieved in this city and State. As stated above, the first Lodge in this State was established in Philadelphia on December 26, 1821. Since that day the Order has steadily progressed in our midst until at the present time it numbers 119 Lodges, with a membership of about 26,000, and 27 Encampments, with a membership of about 4000—a total of 146 distinct organizations, with an aggregate membership of about 30,000. As stated above, the present membership of the Pennsylvania lodges reaches 66,235, so that nearly one-half of the ROBBERY.—Between 4 and 5 o'clock vesterday afternoon the residence of Mrs. Wessels, No. sis S. Third street, was entered through a back window by thieves, and ransacked from top to bottom. The thieves carried off a Mre insurance policy, a fire insurance policy, about fifteen dollars in money, and a considerable quantity of wearing apparel.

COLLECTOR'S APPOINTMENTS.—The following appointments have been made by Collector George C. Evans of the Third district:—Chief Deputy and Inslie Clerk, Amos Michener; Deputy and Distraining Officer, John Lamon; Abstract Clerk, Matthias Sed-dinger; Cashier, Frank H. Haworth; and Stamp Clerk, J. Osborn Athow. BEAT HIS FATHER .- Alderman Bonsall this morn-

from abroad, the grand celebration which is to transpire on Monday will certainly surpass in size and splendor anything of the kin I which has ever before been witnessed in the United States. ing committed Henry Wood to prison, to answer the odense of assault and battery. It seems that the accused, while under the effects of liquor, went into the house of his father, on Shippen street, a Eighth, at 4 o'clock this morning, and beat him. The Exercises at the Academy of Music in the Morning will commence at 9 o'clock, this early hour having been selected in order that they may be completed in A WORD OF ADVICE .- If those who buy and eat bananas and oranges on the street would take the precaution to throw the peclings into the street, many a sprained ankle and broken leg would be been selected in order that they may be completed in ample time to permit the high dignitaries of the Order and the audience to join in the procession.

After an opening piece of music by the orchestra, an ode composed by R. P. Shillaber, of Boston, better known as "Mrs. Partington," will be sung to the air of "America," by the entire audience, assisted by a chorus of professional singers.

Past Grand Master John W. Stokes will then deliver an address of welcome in behalf of the Grand

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, April 24.—Bark is quiet and the stocks are accumulating. We quote No. 1 Quercitron at \$52 Seeds, -Cloverseed is steady, with sales of 200 bushels at \$55069550, the latter rate from second hands. Timothy is fair at \$4.76. Flaxseed is scarce,

and wanted by the crushers at \$2.56.2.70.

The movements in the Flour market continue of an extremely limited character, but prices, particularly of good brands of spring wheat family, are well sustained. Sales of 800 barrels, including superfine, at \$4.65.50; extras at \$5.756.65.5; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$6-50@7-25; Penn sylvania do, do, at \$7@8, the latter rate for choice Ohio do, do, at \$8@9.25; and fancy brands at \$9.50@ 12, according to quality. Rey Flour sells at \$1@7.25

There is not much activity in the Wheat market There is not much activity in the wheat market, there being no demand except for prime lots, which are in small supply. Sales of red at \$1.93\&1.70; 500 bushels prime amber at \$1.82, and some white at \$1.90\&2.15. Rye is steady, with sales of Western at \$1.45. Corn is quiet at former rates. Sales of 2000 bushels yellow at 88c.; 1500 bushels Western mixed at 83\&84c.; and 1000 bushels high do. at 86c. Oats are selling at 74@76c. for Western and 60@90c. for Whisky is quoted at 95@98c, per gallon, tax paid.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages,

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

FORTHESS MONROE, April 24.—Arrived, barque Princess Alice, from Rio for orders. Passed in for Baltimore—Ship Hope and barque Almeira, from Valparatso. Passed out—Barque Liking, for Cork.

QUEENSTOWN, April 24.—Arrived, steamship Samaria, from New York.

LONDON, April 24.—Arrived, steamship William Penn, from New York.

The line will be formed at 11 o'clock A. M., and the procession will move punctually at 12 o'clock, and it is expected that at least thirty thousand men will participate in it. The orders of the Grand Marshal for the formation of the procession are printed in full on one of our inside pages. Strict orders have been issued by Mayor Fox for clearing the streets over which the procession will move of all manner of vehicles, and especially not to permit any nuisances in the shape of advertising wagons to mar the affair by preceding or following the procession. To insure the enforcement of these orders a large force of police, under the immediate supervision of Chief Mulholland, will be detailed. Twelve mounted lieutenants will precede the head of the PORT OF PHILADELPHIA APRIL 24.

> STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

Christian, down Christian to Third, up Third to Wal-nut, up Walnut to Fifth, up Fifth to Girard avenue, up Girard avenue to Tweifth, down Tweifth to Ches-nut, down Chesnut to Sixth, up Sixth to Franklin CLEARED THIS MORNING.
Steamship Fanita, Freeman, New York, John F. Ohl.
Steamship Hunter, Harding, Providence, D. S. Stet Square, and there dismiss.

It is requested by the committee that all members and friends of the Order will display their bunting along the line of march. It is to be hoped that this request will be generally compiled with, in order that

& Co. Schr Reading RR. No. 34, Carroll, Norwich, Schr R. F. Baker, Loring, Portland, The clearance of the barque Robert Porter restords we an error; she has just commenced loading for Sitka.

The Evening Exercises
will be divided between the Academy of Music, the
new Horticultural Hall, and the Mammoth Skating
Rink at Twenty-first and Race streets,
At the Academy of Music the programme will be ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Fanita, Freeman, 20 hours from New York, with indise, to John F. Ohl.

Br. barque Savunnab, Knowlton, 12 days from Liverpool, with indise, to John R. Penrose.

Br. barque Castries, Kemble, 48 days from London, with indise, to Henry Karsten.

Br. barque Neptune, Hays, from Kingston, Ja., via Key West and Nassau, Il days, with logwood, sugar, etc., to D. N. Wetzlar & Co.

Brig Catawha, Wobber, Assa from Matsara, with mo. At the Academy of Music the programme will be as follows:—
Introductory hymn, written by J. Martin McFarland; prayer by the Grand Chaplain; overinre by the orchestra; address; quartette and chorus, air, "Mignon's song;" address; quartette and chorus, awardigment's ode; address; crehestral symphony; address; closing ode; benediction.

At Horticultural Hall a festival of weicome will be extended by the members of the German Lodges of the city to the German visiting brethren.

The grand regalia and dress ball in connection with the celebration, which comes on in the evening at the Mammoth Skating Rink, Twenty-lirst and Race streets, will probably be the most magnificent affair of the kind that has ever occurred in this city. The idea was a happy one which prompted the selection of the Rink, since no other hall in the city can afford as ample dancing facilities—nor is as roomy, alry, and well ventilated. Beck's celebrated band furnishes the music, and the refreshment and supper department will be in charge of a competent caterer. The huge building is to be gorgeously decorated and brillianty illuminated, and everything will be done to render the occasion a complete success. Two efficient orchestras for dancing and promenading have been secured. The grand march will commence at 9 o'clock.

P. M. The grand promenade march by the Grand Lodge of the United States' the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and other Grand and subordinate lodges and encampments, will take place at 11-30 o'clock.

West and Nassau, II days, with logwood, sugar, etc., to D.
N. Wetzlar & Co.
Brig Catawha, Webber, S. days from Matanzas, with molasses to E. C. Knight & Co.
Br. brig Cipress, Cyle, 10 days from Cardenas, with sugar to John Mason & Co.
Schr M. J. Adams. Billings, 19 days from St. Martin's, with salt to Lewis Lambert.
Schr Pedro A. Grau, Lake, 5 days from Cardenas, with sugar to Geo. C. Carson & Co.
Schr Stephen Hotchkiss, Hodgdon, 4 days from Rockiand Lake, New York, with ice to Knickerhocker Ice Co.
Schr Compromise, Perry, 4 days from Savannah, with umber to Patterson & Lippincott.
Schr Potosi, Truax, 2 days from Leipsic, Del., with grain to Jos. E. Palmer.
Schr P. A. Sanders, Carroll, 2 days from Norfolk, with 4550 juniper rails to T. P. Galvin & Co.
Schr Sarah Warren. Terry, 1 day from Magnolia, Del., with grain to James Barratt.
Steamer S. F. Phelpe, Brown, 24 hours from New York, with mdee, to W. M. Baird & Co.

MEMORANDA. Schr James, Jones, hence, at Charleston yesterday.
Schr A. A. Andrews, Kelley, for Philadelphia, cleared at
Boston 22d inst.
Schrs Almira Wooley, King, and M. B. Mahoney, hence,
at Gloucester 19th inst.
Schrs North Pacific, Erricson, and E. T. Smith, Harvey,
hence, at Providence 22d inst.—the latter for Pawtucket.

NEW YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, April 24, 1969. I suspect that young ladies and gentlemen of fashion, ambitious of extending the most distinguished courtesies to the Cuban refugees in this city at present, are brushing up such knowledge of Spanish as they may have once acquired, or are gathering some smattering of it from one of those self-instructors entitled "Spanish in Six Easy Lessons," You meet Cubans everywhere. It is impossible to ride in a Broadway stage without finding yourself opposite some swarthy-akinned hidalgo, with ponderous gold watch-chain and diamonds as large (and as valuable) as Brazilian pebbles. His sons run across you at the theatre, and his darkbrowed wife and daughters are sure to be among the leading spirits of the Cuban Ladies' Junta, an association which is doing a good deal of hard work. From the office in which these remarks are being written four of those ladies have just departed. They were all intensely in earnest, and foremost among the leaders, and being so, commenced their explanations in Spanish, and would have prolonged them for an indefinite time in that tongue had not the lost and vacant stare upon the features of the Douglass they were bearding recalled them finally to a sense of the fitness of things. Mrs. Ward Beecher has lately ties so incurred and those of her position as editress of the Mothers' Monthly (or some such publication) has enough to do. Next Tuesday a grand fair, which is joined the ranks, and between the fresh responsibility expected to yield about \$30,000 in the Cubans' behalf, is to be opened at Apollo Hall. Mr. Beecher is to do the praying and Oakey Hall (of whom it seems as impossible to speak as Mayor as it would be to speak of Punch as Lord Chancellor) is to do the "powwowing." Among the things put up for sale are a \$1000 horse, a \$500 medallion carpet, and a \$1000 diamond set. It is so much easier to be charitable when one's selfishness is gratified thereby.

But at any rate there are no swindlers connected fitness of things. Mrs. Ward Beecher has lately

one's selfishness is gratified thereby.

But at any rate there are no swindlers connected
with this Cuban movement, and that is what can be
said of but a small proportion of those charitable
propositions which periodically appeal to the public.
So soon as one of these is knocked upon the head
another makes its appearance, "Ragged schools,"
"Juvenile Guardian Asylums," and "Howard Societies", "Merchanis, Clerky, Associations," tread unon ties," "Merchants' Clerks' Associations," tread upon one another's heels with marvellous rapidity, considering how many of these frauds have been exposed. The names of no managers are to be found in the directory; no street, no office, no locality is designated on the reports; but the untruth of the statement that "ingures cannot like" is glaringly illustrations. statement that "figures cannot lie" is glaringly illustrated by the enormity with which the reports, representing mythical amounts, do lie. Each of these swindles flourishes for awhile; each has its inevitable exposure when its brief span is run, and not a single case is on record in which the scoundrels who pocket the contributions are brought to justice.

the contributions are brought to justice.

There is a great deal that is bizarre in the imminent fashions. Light Lyons sliks, studded with flowers; checked sliks, interspersed with sliver leafage; gaudy Watteau sliks, looking as though washed in the rainbow; taffeta poplins and glace serge are displayed in all the principal stores which deal in ladies' dress materials. Chambery gauze and Perichole poplin have also caused the name of grenadine, as a summer fabric, to be almost forgotten. And yet some of the grenadines on hand are extremely beautiful—as though they were making a supreme effort. some of the grenadines on haid are extremely beau-tiful—as though they were making a supreme effort in their decadence, and were determined to die grace-fully when the moment came. Goats' hair, of the most attenuated kind, has likewise made its debut. It will probably be too heavy this season, as the heavier varieties have been found too heavy in the past, to wear during the hottest days, but will answer admirably for the cooler ones.

A family club-house has been established in

A family club-house has been established in Twenty-third street. One story is to be used as the office of the Revolution, another as a public parlor and reception-room, another as dining-room, another as bed-room. The regime will be sternly Amazonian, and not a man will be allowed on the premises excepting by express invitation. The bed-rooms are to be for the use of "lone" (and respectable) women visiting the "Metrop." and who can afford to come down with the stamps. Meals are to be had either in one's own room or at the general table, and everything is to be obtained from tea and toast to quali on toast; from bock bier during the season in May) up to champague. Female policemen season in May) up to champagne. Female policemen are to be especially detailed for night guards, but I cannot help thinking that in case of arson or burgiary the establishment will "On for a man," and think now handy it would be to have him in the house. That women cannot agree together is proposed. house. That women cannot agree together is proverbial. Every keeper of a boarding-house confesses to this; every letter of lodgings vows he would rather have his rooms taken by gentlemen who were uncertain in their pay, than by ladies who paid is advance. That is one of the little peculiarities of woman. If she don't quarrel with her husband she does with her neighbor. If she is without a household to supervise she bullies her landlord and makes

the chambermaid of her lodgings her deadliest I have never yet met an individual sufficently hardy to proclaim himself in a state of perfect comprehension of the Pacific Railroad war. The Schles wig-Holstein business was a mere bagatelle to it. Legal logomachy has been well nigh-exhausted by the efforts of counsel on either hand, and the acutest lawyers in the city have found the coffers of the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the Credit Mobilier of America to be magnetically attractive to Mobilier of America to be magnetically attractive to them. There is no rust on the lances which make their home-thrusts, and the honor of drawing the first blood is as keenly contested by them as by rivals in the prize-ring. Among the champions of the company's rights are numbered Clarence A. Seward, Clark Bell. Samuel J. Tilden, and Charles Tracy. Around Mr. Fisk rally Edwin M. Stoughton and the two Dudley Fields, senior and junior. The case is at present before Judges Nelson and Blatchford, and the result up to the present time is and

and Blatchford, and the result up to the present time is wil.

Olympic Theatre caught fire yesterday afternoon and was burned—a little. The classic statue of "Humpty-Dumpty" which graces the front of the edifice remains unsinged, however, and one of the choicest specimens of wooden-ware is thus preserved to be placed among the heirlooms of the stage. Miss Fiddes, the plump and comfortable-looking "Ariel" at Fisk's Opera House, has been recalled to London, and her part will be filled by Miss Blanche Grey, whose terms are something less than those of Mrs. Scott-siddons. Parepa is busy making preparations for the English opera she is to open the season with next Seplember at the French Theatre. An American (not an English) opera, called Meotla, is talked of at the Brooklyn Academy, and remains altogether a "moot"-ed question as yet, remains altogether a "moot"-ed question as The open air garden concerts of Alexander Thomas, so popular last year, will recommence about the middle of May. One of the new features at Central Park this summer is a handsome structure, just com-pleted at a cost of \$30,000, where all variety of mineral drinks will be dispensed to visitors to the park.

ALI BABA.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

District Court, No. 1-Judge Thayer. Johnson vs. Williams & Mooney. An action of re-plevin. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff, \$10.

Court of Common Pleas-Judge Ludlow. Charles B. Roberts vs. John A. Weldenbrener. An action to recover rent in arrear and the possession of premises. Before reported. Verdict for piaintiff. Marcus F. Givens, Esq., for plaintiff. Byron Woodward, Esq., for defendant. Court of Quarter Sessions.

Though Judge Brewster was on the bench in the new court-room, there was no business to engage his attention, and therefore he ordered an adjournment

until Monday.

In the old court-room Judge Peirce sat to dispose of the usual Saturday miscellany. The morning was taken up with the case of Black vs. Black, a dispute taken up with the case of Black vs. Black, a dispute between a young married couple concerning the cus-tody of their infant, but seven months old, they having separated.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

By Atlantic Cable,

This Morning's Quotations.

London, April 24—A. M.—Consols opened at 93% for money, and 98% for account. U. S. Five-twenties quiet at 80%. Railways quiet; Erie, 22%; Illinois Central, 95%.

Livenroot, April 24—A. M.—Cotton quiet at 12d. for uplands, and 12% d. for Orleans. The sales to-day will reach 8000 bales. Western Flour, 21s. 3d.

HAVE April 24—Cotton opens quiet and stoady HAVRE, April 24.—Cotton opens quiet and steady for both on the spot and affoat. Low middling affoat, 143f.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, April 24—P. M.—Closing prices—Consols 95½ for money, and 95½ for account. U. S. Five-twenties quiet at 80½. Stocks steady; Eric, 22½; Illinois Central, 95½; Atlantic; Great Western, 25½. Liverpool., April 24—P. M.—Closing prices—Cotton dull but unchanged; the sales of the day have been 8000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Beef, 90s. # barrel. Linseed Oil, £31 102.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

President Grant goes off for a Quiet Day-So does Secretary Boutwell-Disgust and Dismay of the Office-Hunters.

The Sprague-Abbott Imbroglio
—No Collision Yet.

Contemplated Resignation of Secretary Borie.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

The League Island Naval Station. WASHINGTON, April 24. - Lieutenant-Commander John W. Quackenbush is ordered to the Naval Station at League Island.

Secretary Borie and Attorney-General Hoar. There was a rumor last night of the resignation of several members of the Cabinet, among them Attorney-General Hoar and Secretary Borie. It is ascertained that the former has no intentton of resigning, but Borie has not contemplated remaining in the Cabinet from the first, and the unfavorable comments of the press upon him may lead to a surrender of his portfolio at an early day. If he resigns it is said the President will appoint George H. Stuart, of Philadelphia, in his place,

Off for a Quiet Day.

President Grant and Mrs. Grant left early this morning for Laurel, Md., to spend a day with Mrs. Sharpe, Mrs. Grant's sister. There was a large number of office-seekers and parties who failed of confirmation at the White House this morning, to see the President. They were greatly disappointed and enraged at finding him absent.

Boutwell Absent Too. Secretary Boutwell is also absent, which is another source of mortification to the office-seekers, especially those who want places under the Internal Re-

The Alabama Claims Treaty. Much interest is manifested in diplomatic circles here as to the effect upon the English Government of the rejection of the Alabama claims treaty. The British Minister has not yet received any despatches from his Government on the subject, though he is daily expecting some instructions.

The Bellicose Senators. The city is full of rumors again this morning relative to the Sprague-Abbot imbroglio. There are no new developments, however, and no collision has taken place. Sprague is still in his house waiting for a challenge from Abbott. The latter asserts that he does not intend to fight a duel, but he will put some insult upon Sprague in the street if he meets him. Sprague's friends assert that should Abbott attack him Sprague will shoot without hesitation.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Delegation of Odd Fellows for Philadelphia-Homage to General Lee. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, April 24 .- There is a large influx of Odd Fellows en route for Philadelphia. Two extensive extra trains of cars leave here to-morrow with dele-

gations for your city. The Virginia Railroad delegates, with General Lee, had a grand meeting with the Mayor and City Connils at the Eastern Female High School rooms yes terday afternoon. A large crowd was present. There was a perfect throng of ladies, who nearly shook General Lee's hands off. They had a grand entertainment at the Eutaw House. Most of the visitors left to-nay.

The St. George's Society celebrated its anniversary with a splendid dinner at Guy's last night. General Van Vliet is closing up the Quartermaster Department here, and he leaves to take charge of the department in Philadelphia.

FROM THE WEST.

Soldiers Pursuing the Indians—Increasing Traffic on the Pacific Railroad.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.
OMAIA, Neb., April 24.—A heavy snow storm is reported at Forts Laramie and Fetterman on Wednesday. The troops in pursuit of marauding bands of Indians were delayed by the snow, but should they succeed in overtaking the hostile bands severe fighting is anticipated ,as they are ordered to punish the Indians and recapture the stolen stock.

The snow at Salt Lake all melted vesterday John Duff, the Union Pacific Board Director, arrived vesterday; he goes west with General Dodge, Chief Engineer, to inspect the work on the west end. The travel overland is increasing rapidly. Trains from the East and South are arriving crowded with passengers. A heavy Canadian immigration is arriving for bettlement in Nebraska.

Distillery Seized. CINCINNATI, April 24.—Supervisor Young festerday ordered the seizure of John Seaman's distillery, at Seamansville. The Commissioner of Patents left for Washington last night. The testimony in the Eggleston-Strader contested election case closed to-

Fire at Amesbury, Mass.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., April 24.-Two carriage

shops, two barns, and a dwelling house, in Amesbury, owned and occupied by Jacob R. Huntington, were destroyed by fire last night. The loss is estimated at \$5000.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

There was quite an active Money market to-day, but the supply of loanable capital appeared in excess of the demand, both at the banks and on the street. The former are evidently gaining strength from day to day, and now that the much dreaded return has been made to the

Comptroller, they are beginning to relax their conservative policy and to lend and discount freely. The published statements of our banks clearly show that on the 17th inst. many had shipped their loanable capital to New York to relieve the pressure existing there. We complained of this at the time, and with reason. Our business men could obtain no favors from them, and were forced to present heir appeals on the streets, and submit to most usurious rates in order to save their credit. Why was this done if they were not tempted by the 50 per cent. there freely offered? We can-not sec. Meanwhile the business interests of our city were deserted and imperilled by the institutions which ought to have sustained them. This is a great evil, and some remedy ought to

Call loans were easy at 6 per cent. on Governments, and at 7 per cent. on other securities. Discounts range from 7 to 9 per cent. for prime

Commercial paper.

Government securities were firm at about yes-

Government securities were firm at about yesterday's quotations up to 12 M. Gold is firm; premium at 12 M., 138½.

The Stock market was more active, and prices were stronger. In State loans there were sales of the first series at 103%. City sixes were not so strong, and sold at 98 for the old, and 101½.

for the new issues.

Reading Railroad was quiet but firmer, and closed at 47%@47.69; Pennsylvania Railroad changed hands at 59%; and Catawissa Railroad

SECOND EDITION preferred at 35, with 28% bid for Philadelphia and Eric Railroad; 34% for North Pennsylvania Railroad; and 54 for Minehill Railroad.

Canal stocks attracted but little attention. 18 was offered for Schuylkill Navigation pre-ferred; 32½ for Lehigh Navigation, and 13 for Susquehanna Canal Coal stocks were in better request. Shamokin sold at 5%@5%; Corn Planter Oil was taken

Passenger Railway shares were in better re-

quest. Germantown sold at 30: Green and Coates at 38%; and Second and Thirk at 43%; 60 was bid for West Philadelphia: 70 for Tenth and Eleventh; and 18% for Hestonville. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street.

The New York Money Market. From the Herald.

"The Money market, which at the close yesterday, under the apprehension of gold sales by the Treasury had become active at the full legal rate of interest, underwent a rather sudden change this afternoon. During the earlier hours there was a continued inquiry under the renewal of this apprehension, and call leans were made at seven per cent. After two o'clock, however, it was found that the demand had been entirely satisfied, and large hal ances could not be placed at any rate of interest, and went over night unemployed. The reaction was also quite perceptible in commercial paper, which showed a concession in discounting rates, prime double names, at four months, selling as low as eight per cent. The banks, in discounting more freely for their customers, have withdrawn the competition of a gre t many drawers, so that with the decline of the rates on dail the demand is rather from buyers than from makers. The passage of statement day will also enable the country banks to resume their favorite operation of purchasing paper for the sake of the margin between its discount and the market rate of interest.

"The government market was quiet and dull, with a firm undertone, with very little fluctuation in prices throughout the day. The London price came 80%, which was maintained to the close of business, and exhibits a reactionary tendency in the foreign market. As this is Friday, the weekly meeting day of the Bank of England directors, it also shows that there has been no change in the rate of discount, and that all apprehension on the subject has passed.

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discount, and that all apprehension on the subject has passed.

"Dealings in gold were feverish in consequence of the uncertain conditions attaching to the proposed sales of gold by the Government. Under a rumor that the order had been countermanded the price advanced at one time to 1374; but the following notice from Mr. Van Dyck, the Assistant Treasurer, put an end to the story:

"By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the purchase of gold will be received at this office until noon of Thursday pext, 29th instant, when the same will be opened and the bids declared. Proposals will be received for sums not less than \$5000, and payment may be made either in lawful money or three per cent, certificates. Successful bidders will be required to deposit five per cent, of the amount of the purchase on the day of sale. Like proposals will be received on Thursday of each succeding week until otherwise ordered."

will be required to deposit five per cent of the amount of received on Thursday of each succeding week until otherwise ordered.

"It will be observed that Mr. Boutwell does not specify what amount he is willing to sell. One report in the Gold Room this afternoon stated that Mr. Boutwell had telegraphed, in answer to the inquiry of Mr. Van Dyck, that the Government received the right to sell any amount it saw fit, and would be guided by the character of the bids. The effect was a very foverish feeling in the gold market. The effect was a very foverish feeling in the gold market, and operators are sorely puzzled to know what to do. The original order was modified so as to substitute the word lawful money for 'greenbacks' in the equivalent for payment. This alteration so as to permit the use of certified checks was, doubtless, one secret of the sudden transition of the money market to its easier condition on Friday afternoon.

"Cash gold was in good demand up to Clearing House time, and rates for borrowing ranged from flat to 3-54 and 1-16. In the afternoon loans were generally made flat. The following is the report of the Gold Bank: Gold cleared, \$108,239,000; gold balances, \$1,144,874; currency balances, \$1,770,189."

From the World.

"The money market was active in the morning at 7 per cent. currency, but after the first demand the applications for loans were few, and money was offered freely at 6 per cent. The banks continue to receive currency daily from the interior cities. Prime husiness notes pass at 9 to 10 per cent.

"Secretary Boutwell's notice, sent yesterday, that Government will receive proposals for gold next and succeeding Thursdays, is criticized severely. If any important amount of gold were sold on the Secretary's terms for United States notes, or three per cent. certificates, it would ere at a pressure on the banks for greenbacks, which would tighten the money market and bring loss and embarrassments on the mercantile community. The only interest which could possibly be assisted in their operat what seems to be the gratutous action of seiling that gold which is pledged to the public creditors by the Sinking Fund act of 1822. If Mr. Boutwell desired to sell gold for the purpose of making it plentful for the use of me. chante, then March 128 instead of April 29 would have effected this object. As matters now stand the proposal to sel Government gold on the top of interest disbursaments of \$50,000,000 is one of those curious mysteries of which the Treasury Department has had a plentiful supply curing Mr. McCulloch's term of office, and which the public have ascertained by a somewhat costly and painful experience were invariably of benefit only to the Treasury Department ring of gold gamblers and stock jobbers. The present—Mr. Boutwell's maden action in this gold a airmay be an accident, and, if so, the public may still hope for some further changes. The Secretary specifies no amount in the gold to be sold, and does not reserve the right to reject bids. The whole affair seems to be crude, and probably gotten up hastily, without proper consideration or knowledge of its results on the business community. "The foreign exchange market was strong and advanced, owing to the limited amount of bills on the market. The supply depends chiefly on the shipments of bonds. Prime bankers' sixty-day stering bills are firm at 1632 to 165%, and sight 169% to 169%, with an upward tendency. Considerable amounts of bonds have been shipped against the coupons received.

"The stock market was strong throughout the day, with frequent fluctuations in the leading stocks, but closing with a marked improvement not only in the prices but the touc of the market. The news that Secretary Boutwell would receive lawful money in payment for the sales of Government gold caused considerable excitement among the leading bears, who had calculated upon the demand for greenbacks by the Secretary to make a squeeze in the money market, during which they hoped to engineer lower prices on the Stock Exchange to enable them to cover their short sales

Markets by Telegraph.

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New Yoar, April 24.—Cotton quiet: 150 bales so 28.5(2.28).c. Flour heavy: 5500 bbls. sold. State, \$6.28.5(2.6).c. Flour heavy: 5500 bbls. sold. State, \$6.28.5(2.6).c. Flour heavy: 550 bbls. sold. State, \$6.28.5(2.6).c. California, \$6.5000:10.25. Wheat dull: the market buyers. Corn firmer and the higher: stock scarce; \$5 bushels sold imixed Western, \$5.605c. Oats firmer as affoat, 18-5c. in store. Beef quiet. Pork quiet: new 18-51.35; prime, \$28.75(8.26.25). Lard dull: steam coade at 16-500.12... Whisky dull and unchanged.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Stocks steady. Gold, Exchange, 8.5.—5.20s. 1923, 1203; do. 1854, 116-4; do. 18-4; new, 116-4; 18-7, 116-5; 10-45s, 106-4. Virginia 6 Canton Co. 23. Cumberland preferred. 25. New Central, 128. Michigan Southern, 36.; Ellions Central, 128. Michigan Southern, 36.; Ellions Co. 143; Choveland and Pittsburg, 23-5; Oleveland and To Wayne, 183-6.