CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAU-

TAUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELM-

BOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSA-

It removes black spots, pimples moth patches, and

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, THE SYS-

tem naturally undergoes a change, and HELM-

VOUNG LADIES BEWARE! OF THE

injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes, All

such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in

ters that affect mankind arise from corruption of the

TIELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPA-

RILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the

vigor of health into the system, and purges out the

QUANTITY VS. QUALITY. HELM-

BOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is

Which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT

OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EX-

TRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Gread Blood

HICHLY CONCENTRATED

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

FRADICATES ERUPTIVE AND ULCERATED DIS-

EASES OF THE THROAT, NOSE, RYES,

EYELIDS, SCALP AND SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGINH the

evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the

remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and

in taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the extract of Sar-

enparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the

Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon

of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the

Medico-Chirurgical Review" on the subject of the

Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Ben-

jamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those dis-

cases, and diseases arising from the excess of mer-

cary, he states that no remedy is equal to the Ex-

tract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary.

more so than any other drug I am acquainted with,

It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invalu-

able attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the

other substances of the tonic class unavailable or

HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Extract Sarsa-

parilla.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, \$1-25 per

bottle, or 8 for \$6 to.

ed upwards of 18 years. PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST.

No. 594 BROADWAY, New York.

RELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

is a remedy of the utmost value.

humors that make disease.

doses of medicine ERR.

HELMBOLD'S

usually made.

all erudtions of the skin.

## FIRST EDITION

## THE OBSEQUIES.

Twitchell's Funeral.

Intense Excitement Attending It-The Place of Burial-Further Developments of His Theory of the Murder.

The closing scene in the great Twitchell tragedy was enacted this morning, when the body of the suicide was placed in its final resting-place. On Thursday evening the remains of George S. Twitchell, Jr., were removed from the cell in which which he had sought rejuge from the scaffold by taking his own life; but, by an unaccountable mis-BOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF take, they were conveyed to the late residence of Gerald Eaton, near the prison, on Tenth street, be-SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest low Washington avenue. When the case in which they were enclosed was there opened, an exciting scene transpired on ascertaining that the blunder had

The remains of the wretched man were immediately removed to the residence of Mrs. Moore, No. 1030 South Fourth street, to be prepared for burial. The elder Twitchell had married a sister of this lady when his son was about two years old, and it is said that the unhappy man entertained for this step-aunt a kindlier feeling than for any of his other relatives. During his imprisonment she was constant in her attentions to him, visiting him very frequently in his cell, and having confided to her ear by him all his

attentions to him, visiting him very frequently in his cell, and having confided to her ear by him all his hopes and fears and thoughts.

The body was very elaborately prepared for the final rites. It was clothed in a pure white shroud and encased in an elegant coffin covered with black cloth and ornamented with silver mountings. Rich offerings of flowers had been made by his friends, and these were profusely strewed around and over the remains, imparting to them a look but little in keeping with the terrible scene of his death, on which no human eye had rested.

The funeral ceremonies were commenced at halfpast 9 o'clock this morning, the Rev. George Bringhurst, whose name is now familiar throughout the country as the spiritual adviser of the deceased, conducting the religious services, both at the house and at the burial-ground, according to the rites of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The only persons present were the father and brother of Twitchell, and a few of his near relatives. Mrs. Twitchell was not among the number.

The most studied arrangements had been made to a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISOR-

blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

among the number. most studied arrangements had been made to have the affair conducted with the strictest secrecy and privacy. But, in spite of this, the people in the neighborhood had learned of the contemplated fune-ral, and an immense crowd had gathered about the house. A large force of police were present, how-ever, and by their assistance the eager and curious

The remains were taken for interment to the Union Burial Ground, at Sixth street and Washington avenue. The authorities would not consent to have the coffin placed in the receiving vault, so that it was the coffin placed in the receiving vauit, so that it was necessary to inter the remains immediately after their arrival. All the way from the house to the place of burial a large throng of people lined the street and followed the remains to the burial ground, one or two squares from the house. Twitchell's faithful friend, McCully, did not reach the house until after the funeral cortege had started. Informed of this fact, he made all haste to catch up with it, but in vain.

Arriving at the burial ground, the procession entered, and the gates were at once guarded by the police, to keep out the intruding crowd. In a few minutes the whole affair was over, and the remains of George S. Twitchell, Jr., disappeared from the world. small. Those who desire a large quantity and large

Twitchell's Conversations with Mrs. Moore. THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY As stated above, Mrs. Moore was frequently in the cell of Twitchell during his imprisonment, and he

revious to the suicide the wretched man remarked io her:"It is hard that I have to die for this thing." Mrs. Moore then inquired of the prisoner:—
"How can you account for the blood that was found

In answer to this inquiry Twitchell related to her the circumstances of the murder, in keeping with his so-called confession. He told her how he was aroused by his wife calling to him, how he went down into the dining-room, and was there told by her that the had quareiled with her mother and murdered her. "My first impulse," continued Twitchell, "was to slarm the neighbors, but my second impulse was to

Twitchell then stated to Mrs. Moore the circum-stances attending the throwing of the body from the window, giving some facts which have not heretofore been made public, It appears that the window of the dining-room in

which the murder was committed is not far above the pavement in the side yard. Twitchell asserted to Mrs. Moore that he grasped the body of the murto Mrs. Moore that he grasped the body of the murdered woman by the head and shoulders, while his
wife took hold of her feet. They then bore
the body to the window and rested
it on the sill, in which position it was held by
Twitchell, while his wife ran down stairs and out into
the yard, immediately under the window. When
she reached this position, Twitchell quietly lowered
the body into the arms of his wife,
by whom it was laid at length upon the pavement.
In this way he accounted for the circumstance that
the body when found, was not thrown together as the body, when found, was not thrown together, as it might have been if hurled violently from the win-dow, but laid out in a straightened condition. Twitchell concluded his narration by saying that he supposed that the blood came upon his clothes by his having had hold of the murdered woman in the

manner described by him.

Mrs. Moore then inquired of him:—

"What became of Camilla's clothing? How was it that it was not bloody as yours?"

To this he responded:—
"That clothing was carried off." Mrs. Moore states that the last visit paid to Twitchell by his wife was on the evening of Friday, two weeks ago yesterday. On this occasion, the husband said to the wife: "Camilla, some light must be thrown upon this

She then expressed a dread of having any reporters present at the execution, and after that paid no fur-ther visits to the condemned man.

EATON'S FUNERAL.

Throngs of People Surround the House and Accompany the Funeral Cortege.

system so sunken, and yet so irritable, as renders The funeral of Gerald Eaton was attended with a The funeral of Gerald Eaton was attended with a little more pomp and ceremony. Dense crowds surrounded his former dwelling, the dwelling now of his wife, and the greatest excitement, though partially suppressed, prevalled.

Not only the immediate vicinity of the house was thronged, but Tenth street for a square southward from Washington avenue.

When the body was removed, at 9 o'clock last evening from Sweney's undertaking establishment in

ing from Sweeney's undertaking establishment in Fitzwater street, west of Eighteenth, to the late residence of Eaton, a perfect jam of people were at the latter place awaiting its arrival.

In mercy to the memory of Eaton, who was one of their associates, we refrain from delineating the characters of which the greater portion of the mass was composed. Suffice it, they were not the most

During the evening a regular old Irish Catholic "wake" was celebrated over the remains by the friends and relatives of Eaton. They who were not privileged to enter the house and participate, crowded around the door and listened cagerly to the noise within. Early this morning the same crowds were present, though probably not in as great strength.

About half-past 10 o'clock the hearse arrived, and shortly afterwards the coffin was removed from the honse and placeed upon it. The coffin was a neat and handsome one, covered with black cloth, and bearing upon the lid the name of the nerson whose

house and placeed upon it. The coffin was a neat and handsome one, covered with black cloth, and bearing upon the lid the name of the person whose dead body it enclosed, as well as a large sliver cross. Some affect carriages for the mourners moved up into line, and were speedily filled.

The cortege then moved off down Tenth street, towards the Church of the Annunciation, some three or four squares away. Large multitudes followed the body to the church, the sidewalks presenting the appearance of a moving flood of people.

The church reached, the body was carried in and placed in the aisie. The solemn mass of require a was then celebrated by the Rev. Father McAnany, and afterwards an absolution of the body was

The body was then again brought out, replaced in The body was then again brought out, replace! In the hearse, and conveyed for burial to the Cathe Iral Cemetery, and there deposited in a vault.

The majority of the crowd which had borne the remains company to the church did not continue their attendance on it as far as the cemetery.

Eaton's wife appears very much broken downsad and foriorn. His father-in-law likewise is very dejected, and unwilling to hold converse, in the excess of his grief.

dejected, and unwining of the control of the cess of his grief.

So great was the press of people that surrounded his late dwelling last night and this morning, that a number of policemen had to be present to preserve

#### THE TWITCHELL SUICIDE.

The Coroner's Investigation Interesting Tes-timony.

This morning Coroner Daniels continued the investigation in the matter of the death of George S. Twitchell, Jr., at his room on Fifth street, below Chesnut. The following witnesses were examined Chesnut. The following witnesses were examined:
William B. Mann, Esq. swern—I was not present in the
cell on Wednesday last; I saw this bottle when Dr. Shapleigh pulled it out of the boot at the foot of the bad; never
saw or heard of it before; did not converse with Twircheli
on the subject of his committing saicide; I am positive of
that; never spake to the prison keepers about his committing suicide; I am conscious that there have been conversations among people outside with reference to his being
the kind of man to commit saicide, but we believed it to
be the duty of the prison authorities to look out for such a
thing.

sations among people outside with reference to his being the kind of man to cominit suicide, but we believed it to be the duty of the prison authorities to look out for small a thing.

John O'Byrne sworn—I was present in the cell on Well nesdgy afternoon; there was in there Mr. Ransford, Mr. Richards, Mr. Bringhurst, General Collis, Keeper Fleming, Mr. Farr, and Mr. McAdams; I had no private conversation with him; I conversed with him in a low tone of voice; my impression is that the keeper heard all; he move stated to me that he intended to take his life; he said to me that he was so weak and so shattered that he feered he wouldn't go to the scaffold; I did not see, nor do I know of anything being passed to him; the conversation was gone rai; from necessity I sat beside him, for there was no other place for me to sit; he asked me to call again on the next morning to see him.

General C. H. T. Collis sworn—I went to the cell on Wednesday afternoon; we found the prisoner, Mr. Bringhurst, Mr. Ransford, Mr. Richards, and Mr. Fleming; the most of my conversation was addressed to Mr. Bringhurst; the material points of Mf. O'Byrne's conversation I heard; it was with reference to his affairs in Camden; Twitchell expressed a desire to see us the next morning; I did not see anything passed to him then; the prisoner shook hands with us.

P. T. Ransford sworn—I was prosent in the cell on Wednesday afternoon; I did not see anything passed to him then; the prisoner shook hands with us.

P. T. Ransford sworn—I was prosent in the cell on Wednesday afternoon; I did not see anything passed to him; if kept my eye on him all the time; I never inferred from any conversation with him that he contemplated suicide; he remarked he had no earthly hope at all, and expected to be executed the next day; he spoke highly of Mr. O'Byrne. Rev. Mr. Bringhurst recalled—I was in the cell when Mr. Fleming asked Twitchell to have his boots blackened; he abruptly said. "No, they are blackened enough," in an abrupt manner; Mr. McAddam, who was in th

soner committing suicide; no visitors are examined; I know of no such rule in the convicted department, but there is one for the untried department.

William F. McCully corroborated the testimony of the former witness.

George S. Twitchell, Sr., sworn—I was in the cell on Wednesday last, about 9½ in the morning; there were present my sister-in-law, her son, and Mr. Zeiss, and the keeper; never saw this bottle, nor do I know anything about it; before his trial, I think, he said he couldn't be hung, he would sooner tear his brains out; he never intimated to me that he would commit suicide; I was there twice that day; I did not see any parcel or package passed to my son that day; he said he did not want anybody to call on him on Thursday except Mr. Bringhurst; that was in reply to a question I asked him whether he wanted to see me the next day.

Walter Richards sworn—I was present in the cell on Wednesday; went there with Mr. Ransford; Mr. Bringhurst and two others were there; never saw the bottle before until at the first hearing of the Coroner's investigation; did not see anything passed to him; the keeper could see anything that could have been handed Twitchell.

John N. McCully sworn—I was once in the cell on Wednesday; I never saw that bottle before; I did not see anything passed to him; Rev. J. Wheaton Smith and two others were there at the time; there was no close conversation; Twitchell never stated to me that he intended to commit snicide; before he was tried he once said to the keeper, "You had better remove these shackles from the cell;" Mr. Samuel F. Simes was there; he is the son of the druggist; Mr. Simes had no private conversation with Twit chell; and the weight of the conversation with Twit chell; and the weight of the trial.

J. T. Pratt sworn—I was in the prison cell on Wednesday hope in the fail with the said he didn't desire out to be present, and that the only hope he had was in a Higher Power; he never intimated in my presence that he intended to commit suicide.

Samuel F. Simes sworn—I was Twitchell an intimate friend; do not recollect whether the defense had opened its case; when my conversation occurred with Twitchell; have no knowledge as to how the bottle came into his possession; cyanide of potassium is used by photographers and silver-smiths; the paper wrapped around the bottle is not the kind ordinarily used by by druggists.

Dr. Shapleigh recalled—The contents of the bottle are known as the dilute prussic acid; no druggist would sell it unless upon a prescription; it is very hard to obtain; no druggist would sell a bottle of it without a label on it; cyanide of potassium is easily obtained, as it is used in the arte.

nide of potassium is easily obtained, as it is used in the arts.

Dr. Butcher recalled—The contents of the bottle on examination proved to be pure hydrocyanic acid, or as it is commonly called, prussic acid; it was submitted to the following tests by Dr. J. J. Reese in my presence:

First. A few drops of the acid was placed in a small dish, and a drop of strong solution of nitrate of silver put in a watch crystal, laid over the acid, producing a film of cyanide of silver on the glass. This is the most delicate test. Second. To a drop of the acid put on a crystal was added a drop of solution of sniphide of ammenia, and a drop of solution of per sait of iron, which produced a blood-red color.

solution of per sait of iron, which produced a blood-red color,
Third. The frontest. To a few drops of the acid mixed with water was added liquor potassa, a solution proto and persait of iron and pure muriatic scid, which gave the precipitate of Prussian blue.

Fourth. A drop of the acid on litmus paper produced a red color.

The contents of the bottle are known as the Schelle acid; I was in Twitchell's cell on Tuesday evening; Twitchell wept bitterly and laid on the bed; I believe if he had the poison then, he would have taken it; I went there because the keeper had told me he was unwell; he said he did not think he would ever go to the scaffold; I told him he was not sick, but excited, and encouraged him to keep up his spirits; I believe the acid was given to him on Wednesday; it could easily have been given to him by a person sitting beside him; it could be slipped into his pocket or given to him behind the back of one who sat beside him; no person outside of a physician could get that acid; when I kept a store I wouldn't give it to anybody except a physician called himself; when he received the death sentence he went from the van to his cell and was searched; if he had been searched and taken from his cell to another after the communication had been made by Eaton to Cassidy, Twitchell could not have taken fhe bottle with him; we who heard the communication placed great stress upon it, and the order was given to search the cell.

Selven Twitchell testified that he knew flothing of the bottle, nor did he ever think of his brother committing suicide. Twitchell never intimated that he would not be hanged; witness was in the cell on Wodnesday.

The jury, on consultation, agreed to the following verdict:—The hary foul that Cassidy. Twitchell The contents of the bottle are known as the Schelle acid;

The jury, on consultation, agreed to the following verdict:—The jury find that George S. Twitchell, Jr., came to his death by the use of prussic ucld, administered by himself. The evidence did not disclose in what manual the second control of the in what manner the poison was obtained, nor by

whom it was furnished.

The jury are of the opinion that greater vigilance on the part of the prison authorities might, if not have prevented the poison being furnished, at least have led to its discovery before it was swallowed by the prisoner.

the prisoner.

They respectfully recommend to the Inspectors of the County Prison the adoption of such rnies and regulations as will prevent a similar occurrence in the future.

LARCENY OF PIG IRON.—George Smith was arrested at Dickerson street wharf this morning, upon suspiction of larceny. He had a boat with a lot of pig iron in it. Smith was committed by Alddrinan Tittermary, and the pig iron awaits an owner at the Second District Station House.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—William Gilbert will have a hearing at the Central Police Station this afternoon, upon the charge of attempted robbery. He was arrested by Officer Bartlemas last night, while helping a man over the fence of Banks, Dinsmore & Co.'s establishment, at Ninth and Melon streets.

# LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

President Grant Signs the Southern Reconstruction Bill-The Confirmations by the Senate-The House Calls for the Recognition of Cuba.

The Gold Hill Calamity England Buys Out the Hudson Bay Company.

#### The Indiana Legislature and the Constitutional Amendment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Econing Telegraph.

The President at Work.
WASHINGTON, April 10.—The President, accompanied by Secretaries Fish and Boutwell and Attorney-General Hoar, reached the Capitol this morning shortly after 10 o'clock, and proceeded to the President's room. The President immediately commenced an examination of the bills passed last night, which had not been presented to him. In this he was assisted by his Cabinet officers.

The House Calls for the Recognition of Cuba-The House, by a vote of 98 to 25, has passed Banks' resolution sympathizing with Cuba, and authorizing the President to recognize the independence of the people of that island.

The Work of the House. The House has made very little progress so far with its business, most of the time having been consumed in the call of the House, and in calling the yeas and nays on the Cuban resolutions. Very little remains to be done; only three bills are on the Speaker's table to be disposed of, and they are of no public importance.

Southern Reconstruction. The President has signed the Virginia, Mississippi, and Texas Reconstruction bill, and it is

#### FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Further Particulars of the Gold Mine Confla-gration.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9. The fire raged all day in the mines at Gold Hall. The opinion now prevails there that the mines are all seriously damaged. The heat is so great from the shaft of the Crown Point mine, that the buildings and hoisting works are in danger of being consumed. The shafts of the Yellow Jacket, Kentuck, and Crown Point mines are flooded, and, by means of pipes inserted, steam is forced down the pipes to smother the flames.

It is now thought that the fire is burning in the | the resolute stranger took the cars and returned eight hundred feet level of the Kentuck mine, a to New York. He is believed to be a New York passage to it having been forced by a heavy explosion. No more bodies have been recovered from the burning mines to-day.

The origin of the fire is doubtful. Some persons allege carelessness on the part of the men at work in the mines; others attribute the origin to an explosion of fire-damp.

Every flag in Virginia City and at Gold Hill was displayed at half-mast, and hundreds of persons followed the funeral processions to the churches and cemeteries.

#### THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY.

It Censes to Exist-England Buys Up its Claims, Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph

NEW YORK, April 10 .- From private sources ve have the terms recently accorded by the English Government to the Hudson Bay Company, alluded to in cable telegrams. The Crown pays the company £300,000, and

concedes 50,000 acres. In return, the Hudson Bay Company gives up its claim, which is 400 square miles larger than all Europe. The comany now virtually ceases to exist. Its profits are known of late years to have been

enormous, but have been concentrated by large nominal additions of stock. All claims of the company could have been taken away by Great Britain if the former had not accepted these propositions. The Canadian Government has been very active in bringing about this result, as the Bay Company have recently been infringing upon

#### FROM LOUISIANA.

An Auditor in Deep Distress Three Indictments Against Him. Special Despatch to The Evening Tolograph.

NEW ORLEANS, April 10.-The Grand Jury vesterday found three more indictments against Auditor Wickliffe, one for misdemeanor, one for fraudulently issuing warrants purporting to be a part of the payment of a claim for public printing, and two others for extorting a transfer of a portion of the warrants issued in payment for publishing the laws of the General Assembly in the Empire parish newspaper. The law under which these indictments were found provides for punishment upon conviction by a more than \$1000, or imprisonment for not more than five years, and removal from office.

#### FROM BALTIMORE. A Report Denied The War Against Immo-

Special Despatch to The Eccning Telegraph,
Baltimore, April 10.—The New York Herald

story about the steamer Cuba being intended to engage in the Cuban fillbustering expedition is all bosh. The Cuba is now at her wharf here, loading legitimately, preparing to sail on her regular Havana and New Orleans trip on Monday

Our Grand Jury has found bills of indictment against several demoralizing exhibitions, and held the proprietors in the surety of \$1000 each. thus closing the concerns, which were the quin-tessence of vulgarity.

# THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Conclusion of the Night Session of the House of Representatives.

Last evening the House of Representatives held a night session, during which the bill to facilitate the payment of bounties was passed. The bill to remove political disabilities was taken up and passed—yeas, 97; naps, 47.

The discussion on this messure lasted until 3 o'clock this morning, after which the business on the Speaker's table was taken up.

The bill to retire General Heintzelman was taken up.

Mr. Legan opposed it, and a heated discussion ensued on the bill, after which it passed.

The next bill taken up was for the relief of Roslin White, Pending the discussion on this the House at 3 o'clock an 1 25 minutes took a recess until 10 o'clock on Saturday.

#### FROM INDIANA.

A Railcond Sold for \$109,099 The Troubles in the Legislature The Fifteenth Constitu-tional Amendment.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 10. - The Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago Railroad was sold by the Sheriff of White county on the 5th instant, for the nominal sum of \$100,000. It was bid in for the bond-holders by their agent, William Schayler, who represented that all the holders of bonds would be admitted to the full benefit of the reorganization, whether their bonds were in the pool or not, and upon this assurance there was no competing bid.

The State debt sinking-fund commissioners held a meeting yesterday, and decided that there was sufficient money on hand to pay thirty-five per cent. on the outstanding five-per-cent. bonds, making a sum of \$875,000, which will be jaid on the first of July next. No arrangement has yet been perfected for the organization of the Legislature. A number of Republica Senators and Representatives have given their private assurances that if the Democrats will qualify and permit the organization of the Legislature, the amendment shall not be acted upon in the Legislature until the necessary legislation has been accomplished, and without one or two days' notice. This proposition is to be considered by the Democratic caucus to be held

By many the proposal is regarded as a mere trick to secure the organization of the Legislature, and then the Republicans will proceed to ratify the amendment even if the Democratic members should resign, and it is claimed that Congress will not go back to inquire into the legality of the ratification, if it has the approval of the majority of the members.

#### FROM GETTYSBURG.

The Katalysine Spring War. GETTYSBURG, April 10.—A stranger presented himself at the Katalysine Spring yesterday evening, after every person had left the grounds except the night watchman, who sleeps in one of the buildings, and expressed a desire to see the spring and taste the water at its source, before leaving in the morning train. As this is a common occurrence, no suspicion was excited, and he was admitted to the bottling establishment. through which he had to pass in reaching the spring at that hour. Seizing the opportunity, he thrust his attendant from the building, and, following him, turned the key in the door, and coolly informed him that he was an agent of the New York Gettysburg Spring Company, and that he had taken possession for his principals.

He occupied the premises during the night, and in the morning quite a crowd assembled, among whom was a large sprinking of invalids who had come to Getty-burg for water, in anticipation of the stoppage of supplies. Some excitement was evinced, but no disturbance, and peaceable possession was delivered to the resident agent and his employes.

The proprietor has notified the sompany of his purpose to dispute the right of way to and from the spring over his land by demolishing bridges and interposing obstructions. Having accomplished the surprise and recapture of the springs, detective.

[The above has been received by us from the Associated Press. It looks considerably like an advertisement, but as the waters have been conceded to be useless for medicinal purposes, we give parties interested the benefit of its publication. - Ed. Evening Telegraph.

### FROM PIRGINIA.

The Oystermen Succumb General Webb's De-termined Rule Offices Abalished The Coming

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

RICHMOND, April 10.-Reports received here say hat, since the determined course of General Webb n regard to the collection of the oyster-tax, the men engaged in that business in the waters of Virginia have either signified a readiness to pay or have ceased operations. The collector of the tax reports everything quiet.

General Webb will issue orders to-day on the recommendation of Colonel Stanton, acting Auditor, abelishing the offices of Clerk of the House of Delegates, Clerk of the Senate, Register of Laud, Adjutant-General, and the State Guard.

The heads of these departments were all removed by General Stoneman, and as there is no work for the clerks the commandant concluded to sholish the offices altogether. These positions were sinceures. Abolishing them saves over ten thousand dollars to the State. General Webb refuses to pay the incumbent's salary. The people appear well satisfied with the action of Congress in regard to the Reconstruction bill. All parties are confident of victory at the polls. The campaign will be extensive and exciting.

#### Emigrants.

CONCORD, N. H., April 10.—One hundred and forty Swedish emigrants passed through this city from the North, on last evening's train. Many of them are destined for Salt Lake City.

Markets by Telegraph.

San Francisco, April 9.—Flour dull at \$7.55-28.00. Wheat, \$1.40-61-60. Legal-tenders, 77%.

At the San Francisco Stock Board, this evening, Yellow Jacket shares closed at \$57-12; kentuck at \$35-1; and Grown Point at \$6. There was a general decline from vesterday's gontation.

rown Point at \$93. There was a general decline from resterday's quotations.

New York, April 10.—Cotton firmer; 800 hales sold at 2845c. Flour dull; 5000 barrels cold at \$555;65'90 for State, \$625c;7'40 for Ohio, \$5'45c;7' for Western, \$635.612 for Southern, and \$630c;10'20 for California. Wheat firmer; 1800 bushels sold—No. 2 spring, \$1'48; white California, \$1'55. Corn firmer; sales of 24,000 bushels at 76'4c. Beef quiet, Pork dull at \$30'27'4c;30'30. Lard dull at 18'4c;18'4c. Whisky dull.

dull at \$30.87),6.30. Land dull at 10.5(6)18.6. Whisky dull.

New York, April 10.—Stocks heavy. Gold. 132%; Exchange, 107%, 520°s 1862, 120%; do. 1864, 115; do. 1865, 117); new, 113; 1867, 114; 10.40°s, 105%. Virginia sixes, 59; Missouri sixes, 57%; Canton Company, 50%; Camberland preferred. 22; New York Central, 163%; Reading, 80%; Hudson River, 148; Michigan Central, 118%; Michigan Southern, 97; Illinois Central, 138; Cleveland and Pritzburg, 90%; Cleveland and Tolede, 97; Chicago and Rock Island, 130%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 131%.

Baltimore, April 10.—Cotton is a shade better, but not quotably higher. Flour fairly setive at yesterday's quotations. Wheat firm; receipts small, and prices slightly better. Corn firm; white, 826;58c, vellow, 58. Oata, 55%, 74c. Rye unchanged. Provisions quiet, and unchanged. Whisky dull at 916;53c.

—A new knapsack, in the form of a game-bag, has been introduced into the British army. -A matrimonial broker of Berlin says that there are five thou-and heiresses in that city.

-English papers speak of a girl still living in Wales who has not caten anything for sixteen -Russia has sent an entire "salt ring" to

Siberia, with a government official at the head -An Englishman has been fined £3 for annoying passengers by a political controversy in a

-It is said that card-playing has been nearly abandoned by the Paris clubs, and dominous have been substituted. -A whole train with the malls from France to

Italy was snowed up the latter part of February on Mont Cenis. -The present crop of wheat in Australia is estimated at 6,600,000 bushels, of which two-

thirds can be exported.

#### FINANCE AND COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TRLEGRAPH, Saturday, April 10, 1860.

In the Money market proper there was a bare supply of currency to-day. The bank deposits have fallen so low, pending the late pressure, that little latitude is left for the exercise of discretion, and caution in the transaction of loans

This condition of the market tends to keep up the rates at present high-water mark, and, as up the rates at present high-water mark, and, as the process of recovery is generally a slow one in such cases, the prospect is not very encouraging. The banks afteet inability to discount even a moiety of the best paper offered, which is therefore forced upon the open market and subjected to a severe shave. The tendency is to check enterprise and to reduce the aggregate volume of trade to the present low level.

volume of trade to the present low level. We have no change to note in the regular market rates for call loans, which may be quoted nominally at 7 per cent. on Government collaterals, and at 860 per cent, on miscellaneous secu-rities. The rates for prime mercant ve acceptances varied greatly with circumstances, ranging

between 9@12 per cent.
Government securities are comparatively quiet, and prices are unchanged. Gold opened weak at

13236, and advanced gracually to 18336. The Stock market was moderately active this morning, and prices generally were steady. State loans were quiet at former rates. City 6s were stronger, selling at 101% for the new issues. Government bonds were held with more con-

The demand for Reading Railroad has some what fallen off, and prices were weak at 46% 60 46%. Minehill Railroad sold at 54; Pennsy sania Railroad at 59%: Camden and Amboy Railroad at 134%; and Philadelphia and Eric Railroad, which was greatly depressed, at 2814, with large offerings at this figure.

Canal stocks attracted but little attention. 17½ was bid for Schuylkill Navigation preferred; 31¼ for Lehigh Navigation; and 12 for Susque-

Coal shares were without improvement. Bank stocks were very dull. Mechanics' was taken at 31.

Nothing was done in Passenger Railway shares. 48 was offered for Second and Third; 36 for Fifth and Sixth: 69 for Tenth and Eleventh; 27% for Germantown; and 12% for Hestonville. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street.

FIRST BOARD.

300 sh Phil & E. seo. 2814 12 sh Mech Bk..... 31

Messrs, Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, etc., as follows:—U.S. 6s, 81, 116ce116½; 5-20s
of 1862, 120½;6:120½; do., 1864, 115.6:115½; do., Nov.,
1865, 117ce117½; do., July, 1865, 113½;6:114; do.,
1867, 113½;6:114; do., 1868, 113½;6:114; 10-40s,
105½;6:105½; Gold, 133½. Pacifics, 103½;6:104.

Messrs, William Painter & Co., No. 36 S. Third
street, report the following quotations:—U.S. 6s of
1881, 116;6:116½; 5-20s of 1862, 120½;6:120½; do. 1964,
114½;6:115½; do. 1865, 116½;6:117½; do. July, 1865,
118½;6:114; do. July, 1867, 118½;6:114; do. July,
1868, 118½;6:113½; bs, 10-40, 105½;6:105½. Gold, 133;6:133;6:

1868, 118½ @118½; bs, 10-40, 105½ @105½. Gold, 184 @183½.

Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:

—U. S. 68 of 1881, 115½ @116½; do. 1865, 190@129½; do. 1864, 114½ @116½; do. 1865, 116½ @117½; do. 1865, new, 118½ @118½; do. 1865, new, 118½ @104; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 19¼. Gold, 132@133¼; Silver, 127@129.

NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning's Gold quotations as follows:—

10-00 A. M. 183½ 12-00 M. 132½ 11-00 " 132½ 11-100 " 132½ 12-10 P. M. 123½ 11-50 " 132½

Philadelphia Trade Report. SATURDAY, April 10.-The Flour market is without quotable change. The demand is limited to the immediate requirements of the home consumers, who purchased 800 barrels, including superfine at \$0 200 550; extras at \$666.50; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$6.50@7-25; Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do. at \$7@9-25; and fancy brands at \$9.75@12, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at \$7@7-50

The Wheat market is extremely quiet, but prices are unphanged. Sales of red at \$1.50@1.55, amount \$1.70@1.80; and white at \$1.95@2.10. Rye sells at \$1.45 % bushel for Western. Corn is quiet but firm; sales of 5000 bushels yellow at Sec.; 1000 bushels high Western mixed at at 90c.; and 300 bushels good do, at Sec. Oats are steady, and 3000 bushels Western sold at 73c 75c. Nothing doing in Bark—In the absence of sales, we quote No. 1 Quercitron at Sec. 95c.

Bark—In the absence of sales, we quote No. 1 Quer-citron at \$52 \text{ for.}

Seeds—Cloverseed is in fair request, with sales at \$94000 to, the latter rate from second hands. Timo-thy may be quoted at \$35003000. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$2500270. Whisky is selling at 95@\$1 @ gallon, tax past, for large and small lots.

-Gladstone's great speech occupied three hours and twenty minutes, and was delivered

The Marquis of Bute presented himself at the Vatican in his uniform as colonel of volunteer cavalry. -Mrs. Miriam Fletcher, aged 103, has died at

Westford, Mass. She saw the revolutionary battle at Concord. Jose Rodriguez y Rodriguez, who attempted the life of Queen Isabella of Spain in 1851, has

## Latest Shipping Intelligence.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

just been released.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.— Arrived, ship Cleopatra, from New York; ships Reunion, M. A. Snow, and S. H. Merrick, from Boston via Valparaiso. Cleared, ship Baleony, for Liverpool, with 16,000 sacks wheat; ship Albert William, for Montevideo, with 8000 bar-rels flour; and ship Ringleader, for Manilla. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA ......APRIL 10. STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

CLRARED THIS MORNING.
Steamship Fanita, Freeman, New York, John F. Ohl,
Schr A. M. Akiridge, Ross, Salem, Borda, Keller & Notting.
Schr J. M. Flansgan, Shaw, Cienfuegos, Madeira&Cabada,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Norman, Crowell, 46 hours from Boston, with moles, to H. Winsor & Co. Passed in the Bay, barque J. Cummings, from Rotterdam, and schr G. C. Morris, recently ashore on Brandywine Shoals, in tow of tug America, coming up; also, two barques and one brig, names unknown.

known.
Swed barque Maria Margaretha, Dalen, 46 days from
Liverpool, with indise, to Peter Wright & Sons.
Harque J. Cummings, Hookway, from Rotterdam wa
Falmouth, 47 days, with indise, to Workman & Co.
Brig J. W. Drisko, Faton, 9 days from Remedios, with Briggs, W. Drieko, Fatou, Fdays from Remedies, min molasses to order. Schr Agile, Smith, 9 days from Newbern, N. C., with shingles to Patterson & Lippincott. Steamer R. Willing, Cundiff, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse. to A. Groves, Jr.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange,

LEVES, Del., April S-6 P. M.—The following vessels from Philadelphia, went to sea to day: Brigs Eugenia, for Cardenas; Caroline Eddy, for do.; Harry Stewart, for Matangas; Nellie Clifford, for do.; Thomas Walter, for Nevis; Guiding Star, for Key West: Nigreta, for Barbados; selurs Inetta, for Matangas; and Lottie Beard, for New Bedford; also, a barquentine, name not ascertained.

Schr Cordella Newkirk has been ordered to Philadelphia, Wind W.

JOSEPH LAFFTRA.

MEMORANDA.
Ship Matilda Hillyard, Levett, for Philadelphia, entered out at Liverpool 27th uit.
Steamship Brunette, Howe, hence, at New York rester-

day.

Brig John Jeffrey, was loading at Demarara 22d ult., for a port north of Hatterns.

Schr Lizzie A. Watsen, Watsen, hence, at Prinidad 26th ultimo.
Schr Plandome, Smith, for Philadelphia, sailed from Ma-

Schr Plandome, Smith, for Philadelphia, sailed from Matanzas Sist ult.

Schr E. M. Branscom, Branscom, for Philadelphia, cleared at Calais Sist ult.

Schr Heien, Carrell, for Philadelphia, cleared at Calais inst.

Schr Bonny Boat, Kelley, from Boston for Philadelphia, was at anchor in Bass river 5th inst.

Schr Alabama, Vangilder, hence, at Danvers 7th inst.