Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVIST AFTERBOOK (BUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING WO. 108 a THIRD STREET PHILA DELPHIA

The Price is three cents per copy (douces sheet) er eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrie by tehom served. The subscription price by mail I Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Pifty cents for two months, invariably in advance

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1869.

Connecticut and Georgia, To pay the State and Congressional elections take place in Connectiont, and as a determined contest has been waged by both parties, the result is looked forward to with considerable interest. A distinct issue has been joined on the question of the ratifloation of the proposed fifteenth amendment to the Constitution, which will come before the Legislature to be elected to-day also. "Down with the nigger !" has been made the rallying ory of the Democracy in the campaign, and on this question, perhaps more than any other, does the contest hinge. Mr. English has made an excellent Governor, so that the issue before the people of Connecticut has been somewhat simplified. English's course in Congress was so straightforward that he will doubtless secure the votes of many so called Republicans, who are not yet prepared to accord full justice to all men. In 1865 an amendment to the State Constitution providing for universal manhood suffrage was submitted to the people, and defeated by a vote of only 27,217 in favor, to 33,489 against it-an adverse majority of 6272, although the Republican State ticket was elected the same year by a majority of 11,035. The figures given below, however, show that only 2150 Republicans joined the Democratic ranks to secure this result, while over 15,000 Republicans kept themselves away from the polis, in absolute indifference. The full vote of both parties will doubtless be drawn out on Monday, and if such should be the case the result cannot well be other than a decisive Repub-

years: -38,454 40,926 30,634 38,395 31,162 42,285 31,339 33,489 43,433 47,58 2,406R 11,035R -Equal Suffrage 27,217 Here is a Republican increase of 1864, offset

by a Democratic decrease of 2941-a very small "orumb of comfort," indeed, for the Democracy. If this total Republican increase of 4805 within seven months does not augur a complete triumph of Republicanism, universal suffrage amendment and all the other adjuncts, it is difficult to draw any reliable conclusions from election statistics, except by adopting the system pursued by the New York World.

The tickets of the two parties to be voted for to-day are the following, the Republican candidates for the State offices being the same as were defeated last year, and the Congressienal candidates marked thus (*) re-

Republicans

Republicans

Governor......Marshsii Jeweil,
Lt. Governor.Francis Waviand,
Lt. Governor.Francis Waviand,
E. H. Hyde,
L. E. Pease,
E. S. Mosely,
Lease On y Sec. State......Hiram Appleton, L. E. Pease, Treasurer......David P. Ntenols, E.S. Mosely Gontroller......Jas. W. Manning, Jesse Oln y.

Congress.

Dist I...Julius L Strong. James Dixon;
II...8 W Kellogz. Jas. F. Bubcock,
III...H. H. Starkweather, Abiel Couverse,
IV...S. B. Beardsiey, W. H. Barnum. The Republican candidates for Congress in the First, Third, and Fourth districts are certain of election: but the Second district is hopelessly Democratic, as will be seen from the following, which gives the vote in each district at the election for President in No.

vember:-11,740 15,073 7,633 13,154

The only Republican member in the Fortieth Congress was Mr. Starkweather, from the Third district, so that, in any event, a Democratic gain is out of the question.

-The Georgia Legislature last summer passed a bill providing for an election for members of Congress in November last, but the Governor took no action upon it. Consequently, this State is not yet represented in the Forty-first Congress. An election for members of Congress has been ordered for to-day, and It is understood that the candidates will be the same as were nominated last fall. Their names are as follows, those marked thus (*) having been members of the Fortieth Congress, and the figures indicating the majorities of last year:-

Republican.
John W. Clift.*
William P. Pierce,
John H. Caldwell. B. B. DeGraffenreid, Charles H. Prince,* John A. Wimpy,

Democratic, Maj. 1368 A. H. Hansel .. 3839 R. Nelson Tift.*... 1940 D 2. Neison 111. ... 1939 3. H. Buchanan... 1225R 4. T. G. Lawson... 161R 5. W. H. Mallon... – R 6. Wier Boyd..... 413D 7. P. M. B. Young. *3100 D

In the Fifth district there was no regular opposition to the Republican candidate. These figures, however, are comparatively valueless, in view of the manner in which reconstruction has been nullified in Georgia. The State is practically as far out of the Union as it was when the Confederacy was at the height of its

Sympathy for the Scientific,

THE confession made by George S. Twitchell, Jr., whether it be true or false, places the learned counsel who sought to secure his acquittal in an attitude anything but pleasing. It will be remembered that the defense desired to acquit the criminal by proving that the murder was committed by some parties Who came into the house, killed the old

woman with some weapon which they carried tway with them, and then left by the front door. All can remember the elequence of the senior counsel when he exhibited a alungshot of murderous appearance, and maintained that it was with such a weapon as that that the murder was committed, and that the fabulous man with a long coat carried it off with him after doing the deed. To corroborate it, a person named Altgelt was produced, who swore to the tall man coming out of the front door of the house at a certain hour. But alas! all the beautiful fabric of the counsel has been overthrown. There was no tall man at all. He was a myth. Hereafter he will rank only among the class of which the Man with the Iron Mask and the assaulter of William Patterson can be considered as types. The elaborate slung-shot which the "learned brother" had on exhibition was not the instrument, but the much abused poker, the harmless instrument, whose "centre of percussion" was so learnedly demonstrated by the representative of the "Philadelphia U.i. versity," was, after all, the guilty tool. What must be the sensations of the Solons who swore that the skull could not be shattered by such a weapon! Come forth, Dr. Paine, and explain kow it was that the fron did not crumble to pieces when it struck the human skull; and we think that Dr. Maury must also be asked to state how what could not be, was. We will not dwell on the feelings of Dr. Paine, but would greet him with silence and tears. When he flourished the poker over the head of the jurymap, and told him that it would break the poker and not the head if he were to strike a blow, his feelings may have been the conviction of ignorance; but now, when it appears that the very poker in question did break the old woman's head, we cannot find words of sufficient condolence. We can only suggest the story of the alderman in "Pickwick," who, when the lawyer told him he could not commit a man for such an action. looked up in amazement and replied, "But, sir, I have committed him." Se, if the poker could speak, it would solve all doubt as to its capacity by merely declaring that, despite the laws of science and the opinions of scientific men, it did kill Mrs. Hill. To two other of the mourners we must commend consolation. lican victory, in view of the above fact and of The chief of these is Mr. Altgelt, that excellen; the following figures, which show the vote of German who happened quite providentially the State at each election during the past ten to be passing the house at the exact moment, and who may be considered as the father of the man with the long coat. He cannot but feel sad to think that the long coat was a mythical garment, and that he probably saw a ghost. It was awkward for the jury to convict after his overwhelming testimony. But to have the prisoner himself repudiate the whole story, confess that the murder was done in the house, and that not only the tall man but even the long coat was the effect of imagination-we put the case mildly-is too much for

> "Also, as to the height of the mahogany chair-back, over which the line o' blood drip ring from the head, between the sofa and the rear window, extends, showing that a tail, strong man (-uch as Altgelt describes) lifted that body with the head over that chair-back clear, and without permitting the dress to sweep on the blood-drops on the floor-(Mrs. Twitchell's trial). Also, the great height of the rear arc of blood on the west wall, showing a rear arc of blood on the west wall, showing a tall man to have swept that curve horizontally, from a high centre of motion of the pendant portion of the instrument. Also, the volume of the arcs of the blood-spiashes forward on the Pir estreet wall, showing a diameter of instru-ment larger than the poker."

> even German equanimity. But the worst of

all in the terribly demoralized crowd is Wil-

liam Wheeler Wind-around Hubbell. In his

little pamphlet on George's innocence, which

was to convince the Governor, only it did not,

he declares that the deed must have been

done by a very tall man; in fact, by the very

tall man whom Altgelt created. Hear his

words:-

Alas! Now where is the theory? It was beautiful on paper. So clear ! So convincing ! Yet now we find that some stubborn facts will not agree, and that the whole edifice was built on a shaky foundation.

From the confession we learn one thing clearly:-The theories started by legal advisers on the subject of a man's innocence can be neatly built and strongly fortified without having a particle of foundation, and, as in the case of Dr. Parkman, murdered by Dr. Webster years ago, a man can always be produced to swear he saw the murdered man alive and well hours after life had been crushed from his body.

The Cattle Bill.

On our sixth page will be found a powerfulargu. ment against the Cattle bill, made in the State House of Representatives, on Friday, by Gen-Harry White, of Indiana county. As our readers are well aware, this infamous measure has received the sanction of the Senate, and to-morrow it will come up for action in the House of Representatives. The Cattle bill has received the nearly unanimous denunciation of the entire press of Philadelphia, Democratic as well as Republican. It is not a partisan matter, but one in which every man, woman and child in this city is directly interested. Men like Senator Connell may make speeches about the necessity for improved drove yards and proper inspection of cattle, and he may sneer at newspapers who opposed gas, passenger railways, team fire engines, and the building of the Continental Hotel-THE EVENING TELEGRAPH was certainly not the journal alluded to in this connection-but he can deceive nobody as to the real character of the infamous measure which he advocated and voted for. No person in this city will object to an improvement on the present drove yard system, or to such inspection of cattle by properly appointed officers as will protect our citizens from the introduction of diseased meat into the markets. We do object, however, that the weighing and inspection of cattle should be given into the hands of an unscrupulous private corpo ration. That such a proposition should even have been received in the Legislature is an insult to the people of this city, and the vote

a the House of Representatives will clearly | sympathy, the substantial encourageadicate which of its members consider they have characters yet to lose, and which have no qualms of conscience or respect for public opinion in classing themselves among thieves and robbers.

The members of the Legislature are doubtless anxious to make their sojourn in Harrisburg as profitable as possible, but there is such a thing as killing the goose that lays the golden egg. The people of this city, irrespective of party, are fully aroused on the subject of legislative infamy, and there is a settled determination to have a general clearing out of the present gang at the next election. Some of the members would, doubtless, like to have another chance; and those who entertain any hopes or expectations of reelection would do well to "assume a virtue if they have it not," and to pay a certain amount of respect to the wishes of their constituents during the balance of the session.

THE citizens of Philadelphia woke up to a new ensation this morning. A robbery was com mitted yesterday in broad daylight, which, both for the amount secured by the burglars and the impunity with which they carried on their operations, exceeds anything of the kind that has taken place in this city for years. About four o'clock yesterday afternoon it was discovered that the building of the Beneficial Savings Fund at the corner of Twelfth and Chesnut streets, had been entered and completely ransacked of money and valuables amounting to about one million of dollars. Most of this money was the property of poor working people, who had deposited it in the institution for safe keeping, and its loss will be a heavy blow to those who are leas, able to bear such a disaster. The Beneficia Savings Fund has always borne a high character, and the confidence of the de positors in the institution was shown by the very large amount which the burglars found in the vaults. The directors of the savings fund are certainly in a high degree censurable for the insecurity of their establishment. In the first place, the watchman, whose duty it was to guard the premises, was absent from his post, and the burglars were undoubtedly aware of his habit of leaving the place unguarded for the purpose of attending church. The building, too, is a mere shell, and the safe in which more than a million dollars' worth of valuables were deposited was so slightly built as to offer no serious impediment to the thieves. A building used for a purpose of this kind ought to be of the most solid and substantial description, and the vault or safe ought to b. constructed in such a manner that it would be impossible to open it without days of hard labor. In New York the officers of the law have been engaged in breaking open the safe of the Pacific Railroad Company. Their operations are conducted in open daylight, in the presence of the officers of the company, and yet a hard day's labor by several men armed with the heaviest implements, and working without obstruction, did not suffice to remove even one layer of plates. The new building of the Fidelity Safe Deposit Company, on Chesnut street, between Third and Fourth, is a model or strength and fitness, and its construction is worthy of the study of the officers of all such institutions; and no such concern as the Beneficial Savings Fund should ever carry on its operations or secure its valuables in any other than such a building.

"Perverted Sympathy" with Crime ELSEWHERE to-day we publish the charge delivered to the Grand Jury by Judge Brewster this morning. In many respects it is a remarkable document, and coming, as it does, from such an impartial and dispassionate administrator of the law as Judge Brewster, should command not only a universal reading but a careful consideration at the hands of the entire community. If we did not, unhappily, have abundant proof of its entire truthfulness, such a statement as the following, coming even from Judge Brewster, would be put down under the head of sensationalism:-

'It has come to pass that men are shot down. or stoned to death, upon our highways, and that the law seems as powerless for their vindica-tion as it was for their protection."

In a previous portion of his charge Judge Brewster also says:-

"There are certain men in Philadelphia who cannot be brought to justice! They can beat down, almost murder, our policemen, secure bail, and abscond until opportunity permits their return. Others take life almost with im-

He then proceeds to show that there was an increase of forty per cent. in the number of homicides committed in Philadelphia in 1868, as compared with 1867, while the statistics of infanticide for the two years show an increase of fifty per cent., adding this startling statement:-"The total of murders in one year is four times the convictions for homicides in thirty

Such is a plain statement of the condition of society in this city, and we cannot but repeat the comparison which Judge Brewster draws between it and London, where there are localities so desperate that the Queen's writ does not run. But the cause of this lamentable state of affairs is to be found in a single sentence in Judge Brewster's charge. It "is all due to the perverted sympathy which exalts the assassin inte the position of a persecuted victim of the law." Petty offenders, for the most part, are dealt with vigorously and rigorously. The picking of a pocket or the stealing of a loaf of bread is comparatively a dangerous experiment for the offender. It is only the red-handed criminal who arouses the tender sentiments of the community, secures the most adroit pettifoggers, swindles the jury into the belief of his innocence, or, failing in that, brings to bear upon the approaches to the executive all the appliances of personal favoritism, political influence, er money. And from the first announcement of the deed of blood to the very last moment which brings either death or an open prison door, the "persecuted victim of the law" enjoys the lively

ment, of a large portion the community. Such is the position of George S. Twitchell, Jr., and of Gerald Eaton. Although their cases have received the most careful consideration by the courts. have passed through every possible or conceivable stage of review, no man can say that either of them will be hung on Thursday next. The artful dodge to which Twitchell resorted on Saturday has been exposed, almost unanimously, by the press of this city; but we cannot safely say that the lying confession to which he has subscribed will not yet be crammed down the throat of somebody more potential, as far as life and death are concerned, than the conductors of the Philadelphia newspapers. But if such an outrage be perpetrated, the entire community will in time reap the full fruit of all the mawkish symmathy which has been aroused in the perjured murderer's behalf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BOT" PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PENNA., April 2, 1869. TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYL

VANIA RAILROAD COMPANY. All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for 25 Per Cent. of their respective

interests in New Stock at Par, as follows:-First, Fifty per cent, at the time of subscription between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day

of June, 1869. Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 21st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid shall be entitled to a pro rata of

the Dividend that may be declared on full shares, Third. That every Stockholder holding less than our shares shall be entitled to subscribe for one pare; and those holding more than a multiple of our shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share,

to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the 25 Per Cent. at par, as though they were paid in full. THOMAS T. PIRTH.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet

AMERICAN

FREE TRADE LEAGUE.

The public are lavit d to attend a free lecture, vol ARTHUR LATHAM PERRY,

'rotessor of Political Economy, Williams College, Massachus-tts, On TUEFDAY NEXT, April 6.

At CONCERT HALL, at 8 o'clock P. M. subject;-"FREE EXCHANGE A NATURAL RIGHT."

AN ELECTION FOR TWENTY FOUR A NAGERS of the PANNSYLVANIA
BIBLE FOLIETY will be held at the BIBLE
HOUSE, coiner Without and SEVENTH Streets,
Philadelphia on WEDNESDAY, way 5 1889, at 5
o clock P. M.

JOSEPH H DULLES,
Corresponding Secretary,
BICHAED NEWTON, Recording Secry,
10

EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART EXACUTED BY WOMEN,
AT HAZ. LTINES GALLERY, No. 1135
CHESNUT STREET.
Open during the day, and Monday evenings, April lat 10 15 th. admittance, 25 cents

MINNEWA TRIBE, No. 79, IMPROVED
O. of R. M.—A special meeting of the tribe
will be held TO-MORBOW (Tuesday) EVENING,
April 6, 1869, at the WIGWAM, to take act in on the
death of Brother Thomas P. Brandt.
By creer of the Tribe.
At est, [11] HARRY LANG, C. of R.

CAMBRIA IRON COMPANY .-

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cambria Iron Company will be held on WEDNES DAY, the 28th day of April, proximo, at 4 o clock P. M., at the Office of the Company, to take action upon the act of Assembly approved March 15, 1869, amending the Charter of said Company, and the exercise of the power therein granted. By order of the Board. 82714 28 JOHN T. KILLE, Secretary.

"A PENNY SAVED IS EQUAL TO

"A PENNY SAVED IS EQUAL TO two Earned."—The time to save money is when you earn it and the way to save it is by depositing a portion of it weekly in the old FRANKLIN SAVING FUND, No. 136 S. FOURTH Street, below Chenut Money in large or small amounts received, and five per cent interest allowed. Open daily from 9 to 3, and on Monday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

CYRUS CADWALLADER, 216

OLD OAKS CEMETERY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA. OFFICE, NO. 518 WALNUT STREET.

The Company is new prepared to dispose of lots on REASONABLE TERMS. The advantages offered by this Cemetery are well known to be equal if not apperior to those possessed by any other Cemetery We invite all who desire to purchase burial lote to call at the office, where plans can be seen and all particulars will be given. Deeds for lots sold are ready for delivery.

RICHARD VAUX, President. PETER A K EYBER, Vice-President. MARTIN LANDEN BERGER, Tressurer. MICHAEL NIBERT, Secretary. 111 cm

BABLOW'S INDIGO BLUE IS THE cheapest and best article in the market for IT DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY ACID.

IT WILL NOT INJURE THE FINEST PABRIC It is put up at WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE, No. 233 N. SECOND Street, Philadelphia, and for sale by most of the grocers and druggists.

The genuine has both BARLOW'S and WILT-BERGER'S names on the label: all others are COUNTERFEIT. BARLOW'S BLUE will color more water than four times the same weight of indigo.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,-THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Bye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the lit effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, black or brown, bold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 18 HOND Street, New York.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT Rings of selld is kerst line gold. QUALITY WARRANTED. A full assortment of size, always No. 324 CHENNUT Street, below Fourth.

NOTHING BUT ACTUAL TRIAL can give any just idea of the delicious, airy electic softness of a bed made of the Elastic Sponge. Its unriversal adoption seems a certainty. 33 m t w its universal adoption seems a certainty.

Attention, Ladies, if You Please!

Those boys of yours need Clothes. Dear little chaps! now nimbly they do climb over fences, and up trees and lamp-posts! How regardless they are of the best interests of the fabrics you put upon them! Bet them run and jump. Let them have a rousing!

boy who has no fun in him isn't worth two ROCKHILL & WILSON'S you buy BOYS

At ROCKHILL & WILSON'S you only house CLOTHING so cheap that you can let your young hopefuls wear out as much of it as they please. Complete suit for your 5 year old Boy. Complete suit for your 7 year old Boy. Complete suit for your 7 year old Boy. Complete suit for your 8 year old Boy. Complete suit for your 9 year old Boy. Complete suits for all your Boys of all ages, sizes,

CHEAP: CHEAPER! CHEAPEST! at

ROCKHILL & WILSON'S Great Brown Stone Hall,

NOS, 603 AND 605 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA. SPECIAL NOTICES.

COLD WEATHER DOES NOT CHAP or roughen the skin after using WRIGHT'S
ALCONATED GLYARIN TABLETO FOOLIDI FIED
the Technical and the skin delicately soft and beautiful, It is neightfully fragrant,
transparent, and incomparable as a Tolist Soan. For
sale by all Druggists,
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No. 624 CHERNUT Street.

pental Association. Persons wishing feeth extracted absolutely without pain by fresh from Oxide Gas. will find me at No. 1027 WALNUT Street. I 26 5m NOTICE -I AM NO LONGER EX-DR. P. R. THOMAS.

THE WAGNER FREE INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE corner of SEVENTEENTH and MONTGUMERY Streets - The Spring Course of Scientific Lectures will commence on MONDAY EVENING, April 12 at 7% o'clock. They will be deiversed in the following order.

Monday, 7% P. M. Chemistry Prof. Deale, M. D. 10eschy. Ge losy. Prof. Wagner.

Wednerday, Abstomy Prof. Maxson, M. D. Thursday, 7% P. M. Botary. Prof. Wagner.

Entertagy, Prof. Wagner.

Entertagy, Prof. Wagner.

Entertagy, Prof. Wagner.

Entertagy, Prof. Deale, M. D. Friday, Electron. Prof. Lawrence, ADMISSION FREE.

The best mode of approach is by the Fifteenth sire: Lears, and remain by the same route. 432t THE WAGNER FREE INSTITUTE

PAIN PAINT.

TRUTH NEEDS NO MASK.

A tank holding a hundred Barreis of Water can be changed into PAIN PAINT within three minutes. It is done by adding a Chemical Compound made by Dr. Compound made by Dr. Wolcorr, which changes the character of this liquid, so that it readily fills the Pores of the flesh, and the Absorbents under the Scarf Skin. Its contact with the warm blood produces evaporation, con sequently the part or place on the body or limbs where Pain Paint is freely and patiently applied will in a very snort time become to y cold. Pain Paint is often applied warm, and sometimes hot, yet the place will soon become colder than Ice or Saow could ever make it. if applied a long time (unless on the body or limbs where plied a long time (unles freezing actually commenced). No physical Pain can exist unless in flammation

exist unless inflammation
be present. PAIN PAINT
will evaporate even the
Natural Heat from any
part of the system when
PROFERLY and faithfully
applied. When Inflammation or Pain is present, the evaporation becomes more rapid still.
The oily nature of the flesh will resist the ingress of common water, while PAIN PAINT will
full the flesh full, like filling a sponze. The
evaporation arising from the millions of pores
exhausts all Heat, Inflammation, and Pain without harm or inconvenience to the most feeble
babe, or the most aged or infirm patient.
Water will not stain or smart, neither will

out harm or inconvenience to the most feeble babe, or the most aged or infirm patient.

Water will not stain or smart, neither will Pain Paint. Water is harmless for injection, so is Pain Paint. Water can be drank freely, so can Pain Paint. The only difference between Water and Pain Paint is the compound added, so that the Water will enter the pores and fill the absorbents, and thus induce evaporation. It not soented, few would taste the difference or know any change except from its milky color. Pus or matter will never form unless caused by High Inflammation. Tous, by the proper use of Pain Paint, Cancers are heated as permanently as a simple cut. Old fever sores, including Uicers of every name, or of the foulest description, are slike cured by simply keeping them under the cooling influence of Pain Paint. Diarrhous and Dysentery are checked within ten minutes of faithful application across the Bowels of the of faithful application across the Boweis of the Patient. A Pint of Pain Paint, applied properly to the Head at the moment the pulse reaches the highest point, will positively cure Typhoid, Yellow or any other known tever, including Fever and Ague, within one hour. By exceining the Brain properly, no fever can exist cooling the Brain properly, no fever can exist

cooling the Brain properly, no fever can exist in the body.

PAIN PAINT applied to a Burn, with several folds of cotton cloth, dripping wet. will positively prevent Blistering, if done immediately. PAIN PAINT prevents pain or swelling from Bee Stings, Mosquito Biles, or Poisonous Wounds, in every case where it has been instantly applied. It stops Headache and Neuralgia within a few minutes; Pain in the Liver, Heart, or Kidneys is relieved at first application; Stiffness in Joints and Muscles, including all kinds of Rheumatic Aliments, are benefited at one Rheumatic Atiments, are benefited at one trial, and are positively cured if treatment is continued according to directions for chronic or inflammatory complaints. The greatest digiculty to encounter is the obstinate disposition of simost all patients in using PAIN PAINT as DIRECTED. As soon as Pain stops they stop its

opplication.
This fact defeats the very object sought—viz.,
Permanent cures in millions of cases. This applies
with particular force in chronic compilates.
When Pain leaves only a small portion of the
inflammation is evaporated. To complete acure,
and thus prevent the return of Patn or to beal cers, directions must be assiduously carried ou to the lettle and spirit. Many—very many—are so heedless as not to read the directions at all; and are so thoughtless that they even ask only and are so thoughtiess that they even ask only for temporary relief; or are so injudicious as to purchase a small, half ounce bottle for a pain or eilment that has defied all their physician's skill in alleviating. A small bottle will cure one hundred people with Exache, and will answer for a bad case of sore Eyes, as the liquid is put directly into them, for the surface is very small. Therefore a larger surface will require more The refere, a larger surface will require more of the remedy. Deep Uccers require much more PAIN PAINT than a scratch of abrasion of the

Violent Pains, Spasms. Fits, or Chronic Au-ments require a proper amount of PAIN PAINT. Common sense ought to lead all to the proper treatment ofter they know that PAIN PAINT is beneficial when nothing else has been of any

Thousands will willingly pay five dollars, twenty, or hundreds to their physician, when they know be does not care or even relieve their sufferings. But when convinced that PAIN PAINT is the best remedy they can flud, will use it so sparingly that it is a matter of wonder that they get so much benefit as they do.

Large bottles are much the cheapest. Wollouts PAIN PAINT is put up in 25 cent, 50 cent, 50 cent; 81 bottles; half pints, 53; pints, 55; quarts, 58 per bottle. A quart holds sixteen \$1 bottles. It is necessary to add an equal amount of water to PAIN PAINT. In some cases, five or six parts.

PAIN PAINT. In some cases, five or six parts water before using it. A plut or quart or gation will be sent to any person free of express charges on receipt of the money. Medical advice free One gation will cost \$20. Small bottles are sold R. L. Wolcort, Inventor and Sole Proprietor,

No. isl Chatham Square, N. Y No charge for removing pain at the office. Private rooms for Six pints of Annihilator for Catarrh or colds

Bix pints of Annihilator for Catarrh or colds in the head, or one pint of Pain Paint, double strength, sent free of express charges, on receipt of \$5; or one gallon of Pain Paint (double strength) for \$20. Small bottles sold at all Drug Stores R. L. Wolcott, Inventor and Sole Proprietor, No. 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. Test them free of cost at No. 622 Arch Street. Private Rooms for Ladies,

PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND Fe f square and upright Planes, at BLASIUS BROB.' No. 1606 CHESNUT Street. 61 M BRADBURY'S AND OTHER PIANOS. TEY (Taylor & Farley Organs, only at WILLIAM G. FISCHERS, No. 1018 ARCH St. 361m Grand, Square and Upright PIANOS. No. 914 CHRENUT Street

ALBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT, MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES,
Full guarantee and moderate prices.
122 WAREBOOMS, No. 610 ARCH Street

"SCHOMACKER & CO.'S

GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANOS. WARKROOMS, No. 1103 CHESNUT STREET.

N. B.-New and Second-hand Pianos to rent. Tuning and Moring promptly attended to. ____

FULL SETS OF ARTIFICIAL TRETH
SIO Call and examine apecimens. Tests
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