\$5:25

# CITY INTELLIGENCE. COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

Forty-eighth Annual Commencement-The Graduating Class - Valedictory

Address, Etc.

This morning, at 11 o'clock, the Academy of Music was well filled with an intelligent and fashionable audience, the occasion being the Forty-eighth Annual Commencement of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. The exercises were both interesting and instructive. After the rendition of some excellent music by the Germania Orchestra, Charles Ellis, Esq., President of the College, conferred the degree of Graduate in Pharmacy on the followingnamed gentlemen, composing the graduating class:— Address, Etc.

of Graduate in Flammon and gentiemen, composing the graduating class:

Louis A. Bates, Ala.
Jas. S. Beli, Canada.
H. K. Bowman, Putla.
J. J. Cummings, Putla.
J. James Craven, Phila.
James Craven, Phila.
John G. DeHuff, Pa.
Christ, Ed. Eyster, Pa.
James G. Fritchey, Pa.
Carl Fruh, Poils.
Charles Hand, N. J.
Chas. E. Holstein, Pa.
T. S. Husband, Jr. Putla.
H. Hutchinson, Phila.
G. W. Isard, Phila.
D. Aug. Jones, N. J.
Clement, Kelty, N. J.
Geo. W. Kennedy, Pa.
C. H. Kolp, Pa.
Wm. E. Krewson, Pa.
E. Lamparter, Germany
Chas, H. Merklein, Pa.
Tris pleasing duty at an end, the Garmania orchestra rendered some choice selections of music, affor which Professor John M. Malsch delivered the valedictory address. He said:

My Friends:—The Philadelphia C diege of Pharmacy, through one of its presiding officers, has just conferred upon you the highest.

My Friends:—The Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, through one of its presiding officers, has just conferred upon you he highest honor which, in conformity with the laws of our Commonwealth, it is capable to bestow; and, having received the title of Graduates in Pharmacy, you formally enter this day the ranks of an ancient and nonorable profession, and are recognized as mamphast thereof. However, and are recognized as members thereof. Hence forth the standing of the vocation of your choice, be it in regard to its position in civil choice, be it in regard to its position in civil life or in its strictly scientific relations, will in a great measure be reflected personally upon each of you; individually you will feel more or less the weal in which your profession may rejoics, or the wea under which it may suffer. You have been trained by a protracted apprenticeship to master the mechanical duties of your business; you have acquired proficiency in compounding the medicines needed by the size; you ing the medicines needed by the sick; you have learned to regard the National Pharmaco-pout as the law book by which all pharma-ceutical preparations must be made; theoretically and practically you have been instructed in your profession and in the sciences upon which it has been built up; your experience

the wants of the public; your intercourse with customers and with physicians has taught you the necessity of reliability and of unceasing match curves. and by all this combined you watchfulnese; and by all this combined you have acquired a knowledge of the importance of pharmacy, and of its office correlative to that of the medical profession in compating The speaker, after referring at length to the The speaker, after referring at length to the history of pharmacy, continued:—
There are no laws regulating the practice of pharmacy now in force in the United States; indeed, there are none on the entire North American continent. A few sporadic attempts have been made, but from various causes the laws have been inefficient or have become obsolete. The absence of all effective legislation on this subject renders it possible for totally ignorant persons, who perhaps have never devoted an hour's time of their previous life to the study of medicine or pharmacy, to assume the study of medicine or pharmacy, to assume the responsible position of physician, to open stores for the sale of medicines and the compounding of prescriptions, to confer upon suf

fering humanity the intense gratification of paying their money as an equivalent for mar-

and your studies have made you familiar with

paying their money as an equivalent for mar-vellor specifies or cure-alls, usually misnamed pater medicines; even the sale of the most poten tpoisons has not been legally surrounded by such safeguards which the public might ex-pect from the State, nor has the adulteration of drugs, or even of dietetic articles in daily use, received that attention which it demands. The first and most important step to secure a reform of these crying evils is undoubtedly a proper education—a scientific and practical training in all that pertains to pharmacy. We and the entire public owe a lasting debt of gratitude to those men who, almost half a century , lounded this College—the first of its kind in the United States. We are similarly, in-debted to those teachers who preceded us, and who labored so faithfully in conquering indifference, in raising the status of pharmacy in the United States in general and of this insti-

the chied states in general and of this insultation in particular.

The fear has been expressed, and bints have The fear has been expressed, and bints have been thrown out, that the educated pharmacist is infinitely more dangerous than the one possessing a less thorough knowledge and fewer accomplishments in all that pertains to his vocation. It is true the pharmacist of higher attainments could practice sophistications, he could make substitutions, he could doctor up inferior and inert drugs, and Galenical preparations made from the same, in such a manner that the detection of these misdoings might puzzle even the scrutiny of experienced practical men; yet would he do it simply because he puzzle even the scrutiny of experienced practi-cal men; yet would he do it simply because he can do it?

History tells us that since the existence of the

can do it?

History tells us that since the existence of the human race the intellectual struggle of humanity has been for eradicating errors, for ascertaining truth, and for securing and increasing accurate knowledge, not to the scientific investigators alone, but to the largest possible number—to all mankind. In this contest for the right and the true and the good, pharmacy has ever taken an active part, and has always advocated that prohibitions and measures of prevention can never be effectual unless they are securely based upon thorough education.

In conclusion. Profession Maisch addressed his remarks to the graduates, saying:—The large assemblage which greets you here on your day of honor is a conclusive testimonial of the interest of the public in our profession, and of the high regard in which the educated pharmacist is held. Your pharmacial education is not completed, but your probationary term behind the counter, in the laboratory, and in the lecture-room, has been attended with such succes, that in the opinion of your teachers and of this College you may be safely entrusted with all the duties of the pharmaeist without being subjected to that unabating supervision which was requisite during your apprenticeship. Exercise uneasing care and practise unwearied accuracy in the performance of your duties; let the quality of your apprenticeship. Exercise uneasing care and practise unwearied accuracy in the performance of your duties; let the quality of your apprenticeship. Exercise uneasing care and practise unwearied accuracy in the performance quackery in all its forms, be it in the wilful departure from the pharmacopeta, be it in the unwarrantable attempt to treat cases of sickness, or be it in the still more reprehensible undertaking of lavishing upon the unwary socalled patent medicines. Remember that your profession has claims upon you, that your professional life must be of scrupulous integrity and reliability. In your intercourse with the physician, respect in him the representative of dessional life must be of scrupulous integrity and reliability. In your intercourse with the physician, respect in him the representative of that noble profession which devotes all energies to the healing of the sick and to the prevention of the loss of health. We claim the same regard for our profession.

The valedictory was attentively listened to throughout, and highly appreciated by the large audience present.

Then followed the presentation, on behalf of the class, of a portrait of the late Dr. Griffith, formerly Professor in the College. The presentation speech was made by H. B. Weymer, Esq., and the gift was received on behalf of the College by Dr. R. Bridges, in a neat and appro-

College by Dr. R. Bridges, in a neat and appropriate address.

Music by the orchestra concluded the proceedings of the Forty-eighth Annual Commencement of the Philadelphia College of

Rosseries.—On Sunday night the stable of Mr. John Hudson, at Davis street wharf, on the Schuylkill, was entered and robbed of a lot of harness.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the residence of Mr. Samuel Duff, No. 550 Bankson street, Fourteenth ward, was entered by thieves with false keys, and robbed of \$00, which sum was taken from one of the bureau-drawers. The family was absent at the time.

Some time yesterday afternoon the residence of Mr. Earle, No. 857 North Fifth street, was entered and robbed of silver-ware to the value of \$50.

SLIGHT FIRE. - About half-past 8 o'clock last evening, a slight fire occurred in the bedstead manufactory of A. Warner, No. 632 Richmond

### THE ARABIAN NIGHTS.

The Management of the Arabian Nights' Entertainment Sued by an Employe Yesterday afternoon Recorder Givin issued a warrant for the arrest of David M. Gazley, the alleged manager of the Arabian Nights' Entertainment, which was given for two weeks at Concert Hall, a short time since, on the cash of Matthew O'Reardon, an employe, charging him with false pretense.

Mr. Gazley was arrested, and on being taken before the magistrate was held in \$1000 built. for False Pretense.

Mr. Gazley was arrested, and on being laked before the magistrate was held in \$1000 ball for a hearing this morning. Publicity having been given to the transaction, the Recorder's office was well filled with the employes of the establishment, who seemed to manifest constabilishment, who seemed to manifest considerable anxiety with reference to the suit, as other prosecutions evidently depended upon the result of it.

Mr. O'Reardon took the stand, and testified

that he was performing at the fammany, New York, and received a letter with the name of the defendant attached, in which he was solicited to make an agreement to perform

with the entertainment.

Having answered affirmatively, a contract was forwarded him, signed by Gazley, to which be affixed his signature. At the time it was represented that the show would exhibit in the States, Canada, Central and South America.

States, Canada, Central and South America.
The agreement, however, was drawn up for an engagement of eight weeks at a salary of \$75 per week and hotel and other expenses. The paper was signed by both parties in the presence of S. W. Fort and William Carleton.

In pursuance of the contract O'Reardon came to this city, and commenced fulfilling his engagement, shortly after his arrival, he represented to Gazley that he wanted some clothing, and an arrangement was made between them by which O'Reardon was to order what them by which O'Reardon was to order what he wanted from a tailor on Arch street, and that he was to pay Gazley at the rate of \$15 per week, which was to be deducted from his salary. The apparel was never obtained, but O'Reardon alleged that for the first week's per-formance he received \$40, minus the \$15.

Together with Mr. Carleton, the witness went to a photographic gallery, and nad a number of pictures taken, which Gazley agreed to pay for. On receiving the pictures, he handed the photographer a check for \$17 on the First National Bank, which had been given them, as witness alleges, by Gaziey. The check, it seems, was presented to the bank, but was not paid, the allegation being that there was no money in the listitution at the time to the credit of the names appended. There being no other witnesses present the case was postponed until Saturday next at 10 o'clock.

## CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Fast Driving-Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapons-A Prize fight Broken up -A Youthful Offender-Assault and Battery Case-Celebrating his Freedom -A Young Sneak-thief-Capture of a Fugitive from Justice.

-John Keen was arrested at Thirty-eighth and Market streets, yesterday afternoon, for fast driving.

--George Hawkins was taken into custedy at

-George Hawkins was taken into custedy at three o'clock this morning for carrying concealed deadly weapons. He was captured at Sixth and Spring Garden streets, where he was amusing nimself by firing off a revolver. Aiderman Massey held George in 5500 ball to answer.

-On Sunday afternoon the adherents of two rival fire companies in the upper section of the city repaired to Howard street, above York, where two of their number engaged in a prize fight. A police officer, in citizen's dress, happening to pass that way, endeavored to put an end to the puglistic encounter, but was set upon and badi) beaten. Word was communicated to the Eleventh District Station House, and Lieutenant Pritchard and a squad of men and Lieutenant Pritchard and a squad of men proceeded to the scene and captured the "fighters." They had a hearing before Alder-man Neill, and were held to answer.

-George Parrish is a lail of fourteen years. He was arrested last night at the Kensington depot by Officer Eyels, for the larceny of \$50 from a person residing in Newark, N.J. The little fellow had in his possession a ticket for St. Louis, which he had purchased with the stolen money. He was sent back to Newark to stand trial.

to stand trial.

—John Connelly, Charles Nugent, and Michael Loan have ocen held in \$800 bail by Alderman Hay to answer the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill Mr Patrick McCallum. Connelly keeps a saloon at No. 918 Callowhill street, and McCallum, the other evening, received of him in change a counterfeit \$2 bill. Last night he repaired to the place to have the note redeemed, and was assaulted by the proprietor, assisted by Nugent and Loan, boarders in the house.

—About three years ago a man named Wil-

About three years ago a man named Wil-liam Wilson was sent to the Eastern Penitertlary for the theft of horses. esterday he gained his liberty, and celebrated the occasion by getting drunk. As a result he was locked up in the Sixteenth District Station House, with another prisoner. During the night Wilson robbed his companion of a hat and pair of shoes and sewed them up in his coat. This morning the charge of larceny was preferred against him, and he was sent below to answer by Alder-man Mayle.

man Maule.

—John Taylor is a youth. He was arrested in Manayunk yesterday for the larceny of \$38 from the till of Mr. John McVey's dry goods store, at Main and Cresson streets. Taylor is an old offender. Only a few weeks since he sneaked into the store of Mrs. Nelli, in that piace, and stole \$5 from the money-drawer. The prisoner will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon. man Maule.

afternoon.

-Last night Detectives Taggart and Smith -Last hight Detectives Taggart and Santal arrested a colored man named William Plowden, at Seventh and Bedford streets, upon the charge of attempting the murder, in New York City, of a colored woman named Catharine Carter, a paramour of his. It seems that the two had been residing in Lawrence street, in the above-named city, as man and wife, and in consequence of a jealous felling towards Catha-rine, Plowden committed the crime of which

consequence of a jealous felling towards Catharine, Plowden committed the crime of which he is charged.

It is alleged that he objected to her going to a ball, but she paid no attention to his objection, and attended the same. On her return home she locked herself in a room, fearing that Plowden might do her harm. When sound asieep the colored man broke into her apartment with an axe and death her blow on the head and other paris of the body with the weapon. The woman is now lying in one of the New York hospitals at the point of death, and this morning the accused was sent to New York in the custody of an officer.

A COUNTING HOSSE DEMOLISHED AND A GEN-TLEMAN BADLY HURT,-About 10 o'clock this morning, a freight car ran on the switch lead ing into the yard of A. Convery & Co., Broad and Cherry streets, and in its course struck the counting-house, overturning and demoishing it. Mr. Convery was sitting in the office at the time, and he was thrown violently from his seat and covered with the ruins. After considerable labor he was extricated, and was found to have been severely cut and bruised about the head and body. He was removed to his residence in the vicinity.

AN ALARM FOUND .- Last night some evil-AN ALARM FOUND.—Last night some evil-disposed person placed a signal alarm which is used on steam railroads to denote danger on the track of the Spruce and Pine Streets Pas-senger Railway. The car passing over it caused an explosion, and the passengers in the vehicle were very much frightened. A police officer hearing the report followed the car, believing that some one in it had discharged a revolver, but afterwards succeeded in ascer-taining the cause, and recovered the slarm as taining the cause, and recovered the alarm as

A FEMALE SWINDLER, -Our citizens are cau-A FEMALE SWISDLER,—Our citizens are cau-tioned against being victimized by a woman named Grahem, who is going around town representing that she has lost her pocket-book, containing \$25, and that she is desirous of making up the amount for a certain benevolent purpose. She represents herself as being con-nected with the Penn Widows' Asylum, which statement is false. This same swindler was heard of some time since playing a similar game to obtain money. game to obtain money.

THE GRAND CONCERT at the West Arch Street Church this evening will close the suc-cessful series of entertainments given in that place, and it is gratifying to know that the liquidating fund has been increased through them. The public has been benefited by intellectual and musical festivities, and received the full value of their money. At the close of the concert this evening, the audience will be admitted to the splendid fair in the Sunday School room, without any extra cost.

AN ADDITIONAL TRAIN ON THE GERMANTOWN As Applitional Train on the Gremantows there will be an additional train of passenger cars run on the Germantown Steam Railway. It leaves Philadelphia at 6 o'clock P. M., and leaves Germantown at 5 o'clock P. M. The g'lo P. M. train that now leaves Philadelphia will be changed to 6:30 P. M.

SALE OF STOCKS AND REAL ESTATS.—At noon to day the following stocks and real estate were sold by Messrs. M. Thomas & Sons, at the Merchanis' Exchange:—

shares Chesapeake and Delawars Canal Company
Shares Franklin Fire Insurance Company
Shares Franklin Fire Insurance Company
Shares Farmers' and Mechanics' National
Bank
Shares Farmers' and Mechanics' National
Bank
Shares Third National Bank
Shares National Bank of North America.
Oshares National Bank of North America.
Oshares Manufacturers' and Mechanics'
National Bank
Shares First National Bank of Camden,
N, J.

N. J.
share Philadelphia and Southern Mail
Steamship Company.
shares American Life insurance and Trust 

THIRD Street (Aorth), No. 613-Brick 

THE WOMEN'S NATIONAL ART ASSOCIATION will hold their third annual exhibition at Haseltine's Gallery, commencing April I. This exhibition is designed to show what our women artists have been doing, and to encourage those seeking for suitable and profitable employment. The exhibition will contain a number of works in various branches of art, and a prize will be awarded for the best original ploture. We com-mend this exhibition to all who are interested in the subject of women's work, as well as those who have the advancement of art at heart. We have a number of talented women artists in our midst, and we anticipate a highly creditable exhibition.

You could not all be invited to positions in the new Cabinet, but you all can be present at the grand spring opening at Oak Hall, Thursday next, and that's the next best thing. The house will be open from 7 A. M. till 9 P. M. You will not be expected to make any purchases, and only are invited to look over the glorious stock of new goods, made up and in the piece, with which Wanamaker & Brown propose to clothe Philadelphia this season.

ACCIDENT .- This morning Mary Ann Baunon met with an accident at her residence, Fitth and Pierce streets. While removing a revolver from under a pillow the weapon was accident-ally discharged, and the contents lodged in her thigh. The sufferer was removed to the Hos-

FOUND DROWNED .- This morning an unknown white man was found drowned in the Schuyikili near the Falis.

## The New York Meney Market.

From the Herald. "The feeling on the street at the beginning of business this morning was an uneasy one, operators and brokers being more than usually disposed to consult the signs of the future. The condition of the banks to meet the crisis in money which is expected with the advent of the 31st instant continued the subject of much speculation, and the feeling was not much altered by the bank statement of Saturday that the 'bears' were less sanguine of a crash, while the more conservative, or rather the independent operators, who fight on either side of the line, as suits their fancy, were hopeful that 'quarter day' would come and go without any great stringency. In considering the influences likely to affect the money market for the next two weeks it should not be forgotten that many eagsgements have been made for periods bridging over the expected time of activity. The bank statement on Saturday showed a gain in legalthe 31st instant continued the subject of much over the expected time of activity. The bank statement on Saturday showed a gain in legal-tenders to the extent of over \$1,000,000—a condition altogether unlooked for with the present direction of the currents for greenbacks. It will be remembered that the Sub Treasury received during the week about \$4,000,000 from Washington and country depositories. depositaries. It is suggested that the banks have exchanged national notes for legal tenders with Mr. Van Dyck, to whom the former are just as useful in the daily disburse-ments of his office; hence the strong position which they have been enabled to assume in the exhibit. In connection with the question of the money market, it is known that General Grant and Secretary Boutwell are determined to stand between the mercantile portion of the community and the Shylocks who wish to paralyze trade and extort excessive rates of interest. In the previous regime the President was the tool of the revenue swindlers, while his financial Secretary was openly charged with personal interest in numerous speculations in the control of the revenue swindlers. the tool of the revenue swindlers, while his financial Secretary was openly charged with personal interest in numerous speculations in gold and bonds. The new administration has changed all that. The individual integrity of President Grant is the guarantee that neither he nor his Treasury officer will use their position or opportunities to gamble at the expense of the business men of the country. Secretary Boutwell is earnestly thinking over plans to carry out the Presidential idea of national good faith and the popular idea of a lower premium on gold. There is a balance of over \$100,000,000 of gold now in the Government vaults, which he would like to apply in part to the redemption of some of our bonds. But a dilemma meets him at the outset. The bonds could be purchased more cheaply with currency than with gold, perhaps as much as one per cent. But the sale of the gold would withdraw currency enough to produce a panic in the money market, which would be disastrous to many of our merchants. The desire of Mr. Boutwell is a very commendable one, but he should not hasten to gratify it before the influx of currency which sets into the city after the first week in April. Meantime, if he chooses, he may put in operation the city after the first week in April. Mean-time, if he chooses, he may put in operation another of his plans, the anticipation of the payment of the Government coupons—a step which would doubtless tend to realize the

which would doubtless tend to realize the popular wish for a lower premium on gold.

"Governments opened weak, through an apprehension of active money and a lack of support from foreign houses, the reported decline of one-eighth in five twentiles at London this morning not being calculated to induce further investment. The market remained steady and dull. 62's sold at 118½ at the first board, but were only 118½ bid at the second board, the 1 o'clock telegram from London announcing a further yielding to 83½. The market was firm at the last board for the 62's, but 'off' for the old 65's and 67's. Subsequently street quotations improved, in response to a recovery both at London and Frankfort."

From the Tribune.

From the Tribune.

"Gold opened at 13114, sold at 13134, 131, closing 131@1314. Cash gold has been in good supply, loaning at from 1@7 per cent., with the average transactions at 4@5 per cent. The clearings at the Gold Exchange Bank were \$73,\$54,000, and the balance \$1,800,025.65. The imports of specie for the week were \$175,390; previously reported. \$2,238.367; total since January 1, 1860. \$2.411.767; same time 1868, \$1,119,828; same time, 1867, \$993,154.

"Government bonds opened dull and firm at 10.614 per cent. lower; there was some pressure to sell for cash at the opening, but after the Board there was a steadier feeling, and prices were stronger. The foreign demand is checked from the inability of parties who have bought bonds, to sell their exchange at satisfactory rates. The market was dull and steady throughout the day, and at the close was firm at an advance of 1/2 per cent. In prices.

"Money has been in good demand at 7 per cent, in currency, but there has been less demand from brokers, and the market has been less stringent than at the close of last week. At the close balances were offered at 7 per cent." From the Tribune.

Latest Markets by Telegraph. NEW YORK, March 23 — Cotton steady: 250 bales sold at 28%. Flour dult and market favors buyers; sales of 5500 bbls. Wheat quiet and market favors buyers; sales of 21,000 bushels No. 2 amber and white California at 31°32. Corn steady; sales of 28,000 bushels at 560,850. Date quiet; sales of 13,000 bushels at 31°32. Seef quiet; sales of 18,000 bushels at 31°32. Seef quiet; sales of 18,000 bushels at 31°32. Seef quiet; pors lower. New Mess, 531. Lard dull: steam, \$.8%@1876. Whisky dull and quotations are nominal.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner, and Engraver, LOUIS DREE A, Stationer and Engraver, But the Research But the Rese

# FROM THE CAPITAL.

Mississippi to Have a Provisional Government-Purposes of the Reconstruction Committee-Naval Reorganization.

Proceedings at Harrisburg.

# FROM WASHINGTON.

A Provisional Government for Mississippi. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Washington, March 23 .- The Reconstruction Committee agreed this morning to report Butler's bill to provide for the organization of a Provisional Government for Mississippi. It authorizes a constitutional convention of that State to assemble forthwith, on the call of its President. The convention is to have power to appoint a provisional governor, who is to have power to remove and appoint the necessary officers to carry on the election; and the convention is to submit a constitution which, when framed, shall be presented to the people for ratification. The session of the convention is restricted to sixty days. The military commander, upon a requisition of the provisional governor, is to furnish all necessary aid to enforce the acts of the convention. The provisional governor is to have power to appoint all State officers, and to remove them from office for

## Interest on United States Bonds.

Senator Sherman, at the instance of Secretary Boutwell, introduced a bill, which passed, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to anticipate the interest on the United States bonds at a period not exceeding one year, deducting the interest at the rate of six per cent, Navy Reorganization Postponed.

The House Navai Committee to-day, for want of time to consider the Senate bill reorganizing the Navy, voted to postpone it until the next session.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Nominations by the President.

Washington, March 23.—The President to-day nominated to the Senate:J. C. Bancroft Davis, Assistant Secretary of Liewellen Powers, Collector of Customs,

Aroostook, Me. John D. Hopkins, Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue, Fifth District Missouri. Charles B. Barrett, Assistant Assessor Inter-nal Revenue, Ninth District Pennsylvania.

# FORT Y-FIRST CONGRESS-First Session.

## Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- On motion of Mr. WASHINGTON, MAICH 23.—On motion of Mr. Summer, Senator Anthony was unanimously elected President protem. in the absence of Mr. Colfax, and the Secretary was directed to inform President Grent and the House of Representatives of the election.

Mr. Anthony took the chair and thanked the

Mr. Anthony took the chair and thanked the Senate for the honor conferred upon him.

Mr. Sprague presented a petition in favor of woman suffrage, and remarked that as, in his deliberate judgment, the voters of this country have less to do with the management of the governmental affairs than any other people, there could be no great harm in granting the prayer of the petitioners. prayer of the petitioners. Mr. Morrell reported from the Committee on Finance a bill to smend the National Cur-

rency act by affixing certain penalties to its violation, which was passed. The bill is the same that passed at the last

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to authorize the prepayment of the interest on the public debt, and saked its immediate consideration. debt, and asked its immediate consideration. He had read by the Secretary a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating that the financial condition of the country was such that it might be wise to anticipate the payment of interest on the public debt for a period not exceeding six months, and that he was doubtful whether he had authority to do so under the existing law.

The bill was passed.

The bill was passed.

Mr. Edmunds moved to recommit the bill repealing the Tenure-of-Office act to the Judiciary Committee. Agreed to.

Mr. Wilson offered a joint resolution to continue the pay of enlisted men in the army at the present rate of \$16 a month until the 30th of June, 1871. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

tary Affairs.

Mr. Williams offered a resolution, which was offices and Post Roads to inquire into the expediency of providing for the regular conveyance of the mails between Portland, Oregon,

Mr. Harlan presented the memorial of Louis Downing, chief of the Cherokee Indians, re monstrating against the Government giving any portion of the Cherokee reservations to other tribes without compensating the Chero-

other tribes without compensating the Cherokees.

At the expiration of the morning hour the
unfinished business of yesterday, the bill to
reorganize the judicial system of the United
States, was taken up.

Mr. Drake resumed his argument against the bill
reported by the Committee, and in favor of his
amendment offered yesterday.

He hoped if the Senate did not adopt his amendment, it would reject the mischievous bill reported
by the committee or at least postpons action upon it
until the next session.

Mr. Trumbul briefly defended the bill reported by
the Judiciary Committee, and moved to postpone
action on the pending bill, until the next session.

Mr. Sawyer said that postponement until the last
days of the session, when the reasons urged now tor
delay would probably be urged again for further
delay.

Mr. Siewart said there was a special necessity in
many parts of the country for the early passage of
the bill and he hoped it would pass the Senate

Mr. Scewart said there was a special necessity in many parts of the country for the early passage of the bill, and he hoped it would pass the Senate w thout delay.

# House of Representatives.

Mr. Ward presented the memorial and resolution of prominent citizens of Kentucky in public meeting against removing political disabilities in that State, and asking for a law to enforce article fourteenth of the Constitution.

Mr. Brooks presented the memorial of the National Union of Bricklayers for a charter in-National Union of the corporating them as a National Union.

Mr. Moore (N. Y.), presented a petition of the Camden and Atlantic Railroad for the protection of the lighthouse at Atlantic City.

Mr. Poland introduced a bill providing that
Judges of the Suareme Court shall nor sit on

Judges of the Suareme Court shall nor sit on the hearing of appeals and writs of error from their decisions as Circuit Judges. Referred to the Committee on the Revision of Laws.

Mr. Julian asked leave to offer a resolution instructing the Committee on Reconstruction to inquire into the expediency of serving and enforcing the collection of the direct tax in the States lately in Rebellion.

Mr. Brooks objected, unless the resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee or to the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Julian declined to have it so referred and withdraw the resolution.

The Speaker proceeded to call the committees for reports.

for reports.

Mr. Bingham, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to provide for the publication of the opinions of the Attorney General. Ordered

the opinions of the Attorney General. Ordered to be wrinted and recommitted.

Mr. Poland, from the Committee on the Revision of the Laws, reported a bill extending for three years the time for revising and modifying the statutes of the United States.

Mr. Butler said he did not believe the country got the worth of its money in this matter, and therefore he was decidedly opposed to the rehabilitation of the committee.

Mr. Cullom inquired about the progress of the work, saying that he understood that the commission had only worked out two or three chapters.

chapters.

Mr. Hutler said he had seen four chapters or parts of chapters revised, and at the same rate of revision the work could not be done for

portions of the work, and that it was well done. It was a work of great necessity, and would be of incalculable value to the legal

profession.

Mr. Poland said that when some three years ago the President had nominated Mr. Caleb Cushing as head of the commission, that gentleman went before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate and save his personal piedge that Heman went before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate and gave his personal pledge that if he were confirmed he would make that his business. He (Poland) thought that that gentleman was open to some of the criticism of the gentleman from Massachusetts (Butler), as he understood that he had never put pen to paper on the revision. Judge Johnson, another of the commissioners, was in feeble health, and was about to resign.

about to resign.

As to Judge James, the third Commissioner, he was a pains taking and diligent man, who had informed himself thoroughly on the subject, and he had done his portion of the work

exceedingly well.

The discussion was further participated in by Messrs. Bingham, Garfield, Hoar, Blair, Woodward, Jenckes, Poland, and Butler (Mass. Mr. Butler said that Mr. Caleb Cushing had carly seen that it was fulle to attempt to go through with the work, and had cessed work and censed taking his pay at an early period Not formally resigning, but ceasing to take his pay. He was certain of that.

Mr. Berjamin moved an amendment, requirlvg the commissioners to give their entire time and attention to the work.

The previous question was moved.

The amendment offered by Mr. Benjamin was agreed to and the bill was passed.

The House then proceeded to consider the business on the Speaker's table.

## THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

BARRISHURG, March 21,-The following bills HARRIEBURG, March 23.—The following bills on the private calendar were passed finally:—
Senate bill incorporating the Potisville Iron and Coal Company; Senate bill to repeal the first section of the act approved March 14, 1867, for the better regulation of places of amusement, so far as relating to Carpeross & Dixey's; Horse bill incorporating the Oystermen's Association of Philadelphia; Senate bill authorizing the sale of the property of St. James' Church, and the purchase of another lot; Senate bill providing that is thirty days after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any person to occupy or maintain a stand in any any person to occupy or maintain a stand in any public street or footway, either by eart, wagon or otherwise, for the sale of meats, tish, farm or garden produce, north of Chesnut street or south of Girard avenue, under five dollars penalty for every offense, Mr. Nagle opposed the passage of the bill, but was finally passed by a vote of 16 year to 15 mays, as follows.

Yeas-Mesars Brown (of Mercer) Coleman, Errett. Yean-Mesars Brown (of Mercor) Coleman, Errett, Fisher, Graham, Henszay, Kerr, Lowry, Olmstead, Osterhout, Robinson, Etinson, Stutzman, Tay or, White, and Worthington.
Nays-Missrs. Beck, Billingfelt, Brown (of Nor hampton), Surnett, Davis, Deman, Jackson, Linderman, Mcintire, Miller, Nagle, Randail, Searight, Turner, and Wallace.
House bill declaring Willie an adopted son of W. E. and E. C. Carr, of Philadelphia.
House bill giving a bounty on fox scalps in Danphin county.

House bill exempting from taxation Pennsylvania Helia bill incorporating the Mount Zion Baptist Church of Philadelphis.

House Bill incorporating the Empire Mutual Life Insurance and Trust Company, and the Tamaqua Life Insurance and Trust Company.

Senatebili incorporating the Wood Pavement Company.

pany.
Senate bill incorporating the Humboltt Safe Deposit and Trust Company.
Senate bill supplementary to an act of April, 1833, incorporating the Western Insurance and Transportation Company.

## Railroad Affairs in the West,

CHICAGO, March 28.—Governor Palmer, of Illinois, has signed the bill giving authority to allroads of the State, by resolution of directors or executive committee, to divide the board of directors into three classes, numbered consecutively, the terms of the first class to expire on the day of the annual election of said company next ensuing, the second one year thereafter, and the third class two years thereafter. At each annual election after such classification, the stockholders of such com-pany shall elect for the term of three years a number of directors equal to the number in the class whose terms expire on the day of

A special from Omalia says the Union Pacific Railroad will commence carrying passengers and mails to Ogden, 1034 miles west of Omana,

## on Thursday. A Non-Resident Trader Held in Bail in

in Baltimore. BALTIMORE, March 23 .- William A. Dietrich, salesman of a barness establishment at Wellsville, Pa., who was arrested on the 18th instant, on a charge of violating the act of Assembly relating to non-resident traders, was arraigned yesterday, and held in \$800 bail for the action of the grand jury.

# Murder of a Woman by a Negro.

Thoy, N. Y., March 23 .- A white woman named Mabb was murdered by a negro who has been living with her near Saratoga. The murderer gave himself up and is now in jail.

The Hudson is still closed, and people are crossing on the ice as far down as Hyde Park, Dutchess county.

# From Boston.

Beston, March 23. - The Board of Aldermen, after granting a hearing to remonstrants against the erection of a building on the Common for the Peace Festival, voted, with two negatives. to adhere to the original order granting the right. The contributions in aid of the festival now amount to \$94,000.

Fire at Needham, Mass. Boston, March 23 .- The Waban Mills, for the

manufacture of sheathlug paper, in Needham, were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$20,000. Stock Quotations by Telegraph-2 P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their 

Market strong. THE WOMEN'S NATIONAL ART

THE WOMEN'S NATIONAL ART
ASSOCIATION with neid their Third Existoi.
tion in April, 1st to 18th, in HASKITINE'S NEW
GALLERY, No. 1125 CHIESNTT Street.
The object of this exhibition is to stimulate and
excourage women in the pursuit of art, to acquaint
the public with the efforts they are making, and to
enlarge the sphere of employment for them in the
various directions art affords. Contributions received for exhibition will consist of pictures, original
or copied, in oil painting, water colors, and pastel,
designs, studies, and drawings of all descriptions
included in art. Scuipture models in plaster. Wood
and steel engravings and lithographs.

All women throughout the country engaged in art
pursuits, or having works in their possession executed by women, are invited to contribute in any of
the above-named branches.

A prize offered for the heat original picture.

Pictures to be left at the Gallery before March 31st.

# MISCELLANEOUS.

PODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S PUCKET LENIVES, Pearl and iSing Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR SCHESCRS of the finest quality.

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# Mr. Culiom inquired what amount of pay the commission were receiving. Mr. Butler said they had a salary of \$5000 sach and incidental expenses. Mr. Maynard inquired whether, in the opinion of the gentleman from Massachusetts, the work should be carried on to completion? Mr. Eutler—Not in the way it has been done—clearly not. Mr. Lawrence said he had examined some portions of the work, and that it was well Transfer with the Versions Levinger of the pay the commission of the work, and that it was well

Treaties with the Various Indian Tribes-Naval Orders Just Issued.

Death of the Mexican General Almonte.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Desputch to the Associated Press.

The Navy Department, Washington, March 23.—Commander Chas, H Baldwin is ordered to duty as navigation officer at the Marc Island Navy Yard, and Lieutenant Commander George M. Bache as equipment officer at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, Voluminous despatches were received to the March March Lieutenant Rowan, commanding

dsy from Rear-Admiral Rowan, commanding the Asiatic Squadron.

The Indian Tribes.

Lewis Downing, principal chief the Cherokee Nation, in a memorial to Congress, calls attention to the fact that since 1886, as he is reliably informed, treatics have been made with various tribes of Indians, with the view of settling them on the Cherokee domain, west of the ninty-sixth degree of west latitude. They were made in plain violation of the Cherokees, so far from having contracted with said Indian tribes for the sale of these lands, were not even consulted as to the price, and the price at which the United States has undertaken to dispose of them. He begs leave to express the earnest desire of the Cherokees to carry out the provisions of the treaties with the numost good faith, and that as their chief he will spare no faith, and that as their chief he will spare no pains nor lose no occasion to preserve and strengthen the happy relations now existing between the Cherokees and the United States

## FROM BALTIMORE.

Colored Republicans-Important Decision by the Court of Appeals-Death of an Old Citizen.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, March 23 .- The colored Republicans held a mass meeting at Douglas Institute last night, and passed resoutions recommending Judge Bond for Collector of the Port.

The Court of Appeals of Maryland has decided the attachment case of A. T. Stewart & Co., New York, laid against Kauffman Katz, garnishee of David Long, involving over \$4000. reversing the decision of the Superior Court of Baltimore, which quashed the attachment because one man could not make a proper affidavit in the name of a firm. This decision avers he can, and is important to merchants.

John J. Gross, one of Baltimore's oldest auctioneers, and once Julge of the Orphans' Court, an old Defender, and Coroner, died suddenly yesterday, in his seventy-second year. The Rebel General Magruder is lecturing

here on Maximilian and Carlotta, to full houses. Arrest of Virginia Notables for Thefti RICHMOND, Va., March 23.—Last night the police arrested Governor Wells, H. G. Bond, Register of Bankruptcy, and L. E. Dodley, Secretary of the Republican State Central Comsecretary of the Republican State Central Committee, on the charge of puriolning from the post office a letter written by W. H. Samuel, ex-Secretary of the Republican State Central Committee, to Edgar Allen, ex-member of the State Constitutional Convention. The parties were before United States Commissioner Cahoon to day, and were balled until to-morrow, to which time the case was continued. This is the same charge that was published at the Petersburg Convention.

# Death of General Almente.

By Atlantic Cabte. PARIS, March 23 .- The Mexican General Almonte died in this city last evening, aged 57

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