

From Dispensatory of the United States.

(Diosma Crenata.)

State of the second BUCHU LEAVES.

PROPERTIES.

Their odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatio, their taste bitterish and analogous to mint.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND USES.

Buchu Leaves are generally stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary organs.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25. and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement or Labor Pains.

In Affections Peouliar to Females, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Ulcerated or Schirrons state of the Uterns, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous Depositions and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflamma-

Attracts Attracts an Breedak

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU Has cured every case of DIABETES in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and

the Political Parties.

Forthcoming Nominations.

Bays the Washington correspondent of the

tions have been prepared at the White House, and will be send in on Mondsy, among the principal ones being General Daniel Butte-field, of New York, for Minister to Spain; Colonel Rable, of this city, Minister to Swiz r land; and General Paimer, of New York, Minist tet to Backholm. There is no end to the app i-rations for Foreign Missions and Consulates Over fifty are already on file for Consul General to Frankfort, thirty for Dresden, and other places in proportion. It is anticipated that the nomination of Gen.

It is anticipated that the nomination of Gen. Parker to be Commissioner of Indian Affairs, vice Taylor, to be removed, will be sent to the Senate on Monday. General Parker held the position of Aid-de Camp, with the rank of Colonel, on the staff of General Grant, and was one of his most trusted lieutenants. He is a more of enverter excention with the vary man of superior executive ability, and in every way qualified for the position. The Indian ring is demoralized at the prospect of his ap-

pointment. It is stated that General Quimby will be the

It is stated that General Quimby will be the successful applicant for the position of United States Marshal for the Northern District of New Yorz. Ex Marshal William M. Dart is the com-petitor of Quimby for the position. The appointments outside the Cabinet do not whit the politicians any better than the first Cabinet did, and mutterings are made on every hand, not only on the streets and in the hotels, but by members and Senators, and the cases are not exceptional. not exceptional.

Abuses in the Navy Department to be Remedied.

The Herald's correspondence from the capi-tal vesterday says:-Becretary Borle has turned his attention to a number of loose matters that have been run-ning on in that department for the especial

number of loose matters that have been run-ning on in that department for the especial benefit of certain select parties, and has about made up his mind to find a remedy for those "abuses." One of them, which it is said will come in for early attentiou, is the manner in which disbursements are made in Europe for our navy. For the last fifty years the banking house of Baring Brothers, in England, has been receiving de-posits from this Government intended for disbursement on account of our navy. An old isw requires the Baring Brothers to ac-knowledge the receipt of money deposited with them sixty days after it is placed to their credit. They receive the money now within a formight after it leaves this country, so that they have the use of the money five or six weeks before they become responsible for it. For all moneys deposited with them the Barings pay interests: the rate of four per cent, per annum, and for all moneys they pay over and above the amount on deposit trey charge interest at the rate of itse per cent, per annum. A statement made out in the Treasury for the fixeal year ending Jaue 30, 1808, shows that the United Biates Government paid the Baring Brothers \$115,00 for dispursing \$3.0,0000, and the amount paid them averages \$100,000 every year. It is probable that a financial agent will be appointed from this country.

General Longstreet and his Office,

The World's Washington writer says:-General Longstreet is reported to be prepar. ing for a step which will astonish the country. This step, it the statements of those who have been the best informed "friends and most

this winter, but the yield has been more than commonly satisfactory. I did not expect a crop of more than \$0,000 hogsheads-many though these figures exaggerated-but from all accounts the yield will exceed 100,000 hogsheads. Nover was the cane known yield so much. The culture to this year will be very much augmented, and preparations are being made to plant a large crop. All the planters that made sugar last year are increasing their culture, and places that had been abandoned since the war are now being worked. Should the weather prove favorable, I look for a'crop of 250,000 to 300,000 hogsheads; and at prices that are likely to rule next winter-in view of the revolution in Cuba-they will be worth double the number

to us. Thus we begin to see a realization of the prophecy that Louisiana, with free labor, would in a few, years be richer than she ever was under the slave system. Wait a lew years longer, until the small farm system shall prevail, and you will see the productions of the State reach sums that no one ever dreamed of. I insist that our lands are worth in gold fourfold to those who buy them now for paper. One fact which is not generally known is that we made last year the largest crop in value that was ever raised in this State, although it does not appear to be so on paper, because it was principally composed of edibles that were consumed on the spot.

I hope, as I believe, that a new era will dawn on our country from the fourth of March; ignorance, duplicity, and stubbornness will be superseded by merit, wisdom, and straightforwardness. We shall witness truly, I trust, a government of the people, and will see the inauguration of honesty, economy, and thriftiness in the administration of affairs. Prosperity will then go hand in hand with honesty and industry, and we shall then rise morally as high as we have reached politically and commercially.

SOUTHERN CUBAN EXPEDITIONS.

Mysterious Movements of Ex-Confederate Generals-Alleged Views of Gene-

ral Grant. From the Charleston News, March 10,

There are so many persons in Charleston who are now or who have been engaged in the Cuba trade that great interest has been shown in trade that great interest has been shown in regard to everything that relates to the pro-gress of the Cuban insurrection. We cannot say that the popular feeling basaltogether been on the side of the "rebels," for men have con-trasted the merciless manner in which the Southern "Rebels" were treated with the expressions of profuse sympathy which the North can find for "the rebels" in Cuba and Crete. Yet there has been a restlessness among the people which betosens the awakening of the old spirit of adventure and romance. This is particularly the case among the young men, and for weeks past it has been rumored that expeditions in aid of the Cuban insurrectionists were fitting out on the Georgia and Carolina const.

The senate is a series of the senate is the senate is the senate is the omitted to say how many States there are, it is probable that the Manchester people went away very doubtful, aiter all, whether seven might not be an actual majority of the whole number. And it by no means follows, added the cheery and artful old man, that if the committee should report unanimously against the convention. User report would receive the sanction of the Senate. If this is not hoping and "making believe very hard," what is? By all means let us give him credit for his pluck, though it is of the buildog kind. Later in the evening—and the time of the evening is an element in estimating the weight of Mr. Johnson's statement—he assured his hearers that he did not expect to return home "till all our differences are settled." It is to be inferred that Mr. Johnson has decided to remain in England a good while after his successor shall have been appointed. I hope he may, for he will have an oppor unity to see how much of the aduation bestowed on him has been due to the desire to fister an American Minister with English projections.

bow much of the adulation bestowed on him has been due to the desire to flatter an Ameri-can Minister with English prejudies. He is announced to preside at the dinner of the Newspaper Press Fund on the 15th of June, to which he was invited as Minister, but at which he must sit down, if at all, as a plain citizen of Maryland.

PREMATURE BURIAL.

Seven Hours in a Well.

Seven Hours in a Well. We heard, yesterday of one of those narrow escapes from death which border on the mira-culous, tax our credulity, and seem to set at defince the ordinary laws of nature. On Tuesday of last week John Tompkins, a colored well-digger, was employed by Mr. T. C. Parrish, who resides a few miles north of Danville, to clean out his well. Tompkins went down into the well, some thirty feet, for this purpose, but as soon as he had touched bottom the wall, which was of stone, caved in upon him, and covered him underneath the failing mass. There was a pile of rocks above the man some twenty feet high, and Mr. Par-rish, thinking he was certainly crushed to death, sent immediately for some of the neighbors to help remove the mass of rocks and get the body; but when they collected round the well they heard faint groans coming from the buried man, who was endeavoring to make himself heard, and thus made known that he was still alive.

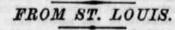
FROM WASHINGTON.

Government Pension Agents for Phila-delphia. Special Derpotch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, March 13.-William T. Forbes and Major Calboun have been appointed Pension Agents for Philadelphia. Their names have not yet been sent into the S-nate for confirmation.

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Applicants for Post Offices. Special Despotch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, March 13 -There is great activity here amongst politicians and office expectants. The Collectorship of the Port rests between John L. Thomas, Judge Bond, and Judge Goldsborough. It is believed, though, that several others are after it. General Dennison is universally conceded the Post Office. The Surveyorship, Naval Officer and Surveyor, and Marshal are uncertain. At least half a dozen men are after cach. It is believed the appointments will not be made for some weeks. The Johnson men in office here have nearly all disappeared.



The Gardner Real Estate Drawing.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Sr. Louis, Maich 13 .- The Gardner real estate lottery effected a drawing yesterday. Notice had been given that the drawing would come off last night, but as the old game of taking out the principal prizes was to be reenacted, the managers forestalled the time. No. 115,914 drew the only considerable prize, a house in the city valued at \$20 000, and worth probably one fifth of that sum. The other prizes to make up the total of \$70,000 worth of tickets sold were eighty four lots in Nintsville, a country village, and eighty acre farms, the location of which the managers could not tell. As few persons were present, no dissatisfaction was manifested.

FROM CHICAGO.

The Fenians Make Another Levy.

pecial Despaten to The Evening Tesegraph. CHICAGO, March 13 .- The Fenian Brotherhood in this city have appointed committees for each ward, for the purpose of collecting, previous to the 17th instant, one dollar from every Irishman and woman here, for the purpose of transforming the present arms of the organization luto breech loaders.

FROM KENTUCKY.

General Mende. Toring his sojourn at Atlanta, Georgia, as formmander of the department, General Made posses to have conclucied atlants in such a the spective of party. In leaving to the bus quarters at Philadelphila, the All solts Error and quarters at Philadelphila, the All solts Error provide of the loyal people of Georgie, and provide the solution of the descharge of the delitate the best with the people of A lants have been specially pleasant and agreeable; and in social the no its than in the discharge of the delitate and bis staff won the respect and confidence of his beers of his staff. The work we shall often rever to their solution in our midden as a special of a greeable as and pleasure." – N. Y. commercial Adventary.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TRIEGRAPH. BA UTDAY, March 18, 1868. Money continues in fair demand at about former rates. Call leans are quoted at 6009 per cent., the forger rate on Government bouds. First class commercial paper ranges from 6012 First class commercial paper ranges from 86012 per crut, for anoun. The Stock market was very duil this morning, but prices were steady. Government securities were in demand for it vestment a' a further advance. 1161 was bid for 6s of 1881: 1061 for 10 40s: 120 for '62 5-20s; 1163 for '64 5-20s; 1174 for '65 5-20s; 1131 for Jaly, '65, 5-20s; 1131 for '67 5-30s; and 113 for 38 5-20s. City loans were mechanical: the new issue add

PRILADELPHIA STOOL RICHANGE SALES TU-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 60 8. Third street FIRST B. ARD.

\$900 Pa 68 W L.co 1 100%	200 sh	Readingla.c. 45%
\$6000 N Jer exm's.1 _102561	28.4	doit. tak
\$2000 Leh V K n ba cp	100	do
Casb	160	do
\$2000 Cam & A 6a '70. 97	800	do
10000 Pa 08, 1 ser 104%	100	do
\$ 000 Leb 6n. gold 1 59%	1(0	do
13 ah Leh Vat	600	do
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Nors & Ladaus Oto	als Re-	maker and the second

No. 30 S. Taird street, report this morning

10.00 A	. M.	Const o	1311 11.50	A. M	191
11.40			131 11 55	NAL CONTRACTOR IN	131
11.15	"		131	127 15 150	4 6102 -

11.15 " 1314] -Mesars. William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third Street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clook:-United States 6a, 1881, 1164@1163; D. B. 5-20a, 1862, 1193@120; do. 1864, 1153@116, do., 1866, 1174@1174; do. July, 1865, 1134@1131; do. July, 1867, 1134@1131; do. 1868, 1134@1131; do. July, 1867, 1134@1151; do. 1868, 1134@1131; do. July, 1867, 1134@1151; do. 1868, 1134@1131; -Mesara, Jay Cooke & Co. quote Govern-ment securities, etc., as follows:-U. 5, 6s of 1891, 1164@1164; 5-208, of 1862, 120@1204; 5-208, 1864, 1154@1154; 5 208, Nov., 1866, 1174@ 1174; July, 1865, 1134@1133; do., 1867, 1134@ 1134; do. 1868 1134@1133; i0-40, 1054@11054; Goid, 1314; Union Pactic bonds, 1024@1054; Goid, 1314; Union Pactic bonds, 1024@1054; -Mesara, De Haven & Brouner, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:-U. S. 6s of 1891, 1164@ 1164; do., 1865, 1174@1173; do. 1864, 1154@ 1164; do., 1865, 1174@1173; do. 1866, new, 1134@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1132; do., 1866, 1154@ 1164; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1164; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1154; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1155; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1155; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1133; do., 1868, 1154@ 1155; do., 1867, new, 1134 © 1135; do., 1868, 1154@ 1155; do., 1867, ne 1134; do., 1867. new, 1134 2113; do., 1868, 1134 2134; do., 1867. new, 1134 2113; do., 1868, 1134 (2013); do., 58, 10-40*, 105; 2105;; do. 30-year 6 per cent. Cy., 101; 2105; do. 30-year 6 per cent. Cy., 101; 2105; Due Compound Interest Notes, 194; Gold, 131(21314; Silver, 125@1264.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick-dust Deposit, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms:-Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc. etc.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is Diaretic and BLOOD PURIFYING, and oures all diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudence in Life. Imparities of the Blood, etc.

A CASE OF INFLAMMATION OF KIDNEYS AND GRAVEL.

From Morgan, Feazel & Co.

From Morgan, Featel & Co. GLASGOW, Missouri Feb. 5, 1858.-Mr. H. T. Heimboid-Dear Sir:-About two years ago I was troubled with both inflatmmation of the hidneys and gravel, when I resorted 's several remedies without deriving any benefit what-ever, and seeing your Extract Buchu adver-tised, I procured a few bottless and used them. The result was a complete cure in a short time, I regard your Extract Buchu decidedly the best remedy extant for any and all diseases of the kloneys, and I am quite confident that it will do all you claim for it. You may publish this if you desire to do so. Yours respectfully, EDWIN M. FEAZEL, 1

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION Bee Journal of Pharmacy, Dispensatory United States, etc.; Prif. Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic; Remarks made by the Inte celebrated Dr. Poysick, Philadelphia; Re-marks made by Dr. Ephraim McDowell, a cele-brated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the transactions of the King and Queen's Journsi; Medico-Chiengiad Review, published by Benjamin Travers, Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons; and most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

SOLD AT HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

No. 104 S. TENTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA

And byDruggists everywhere.

Price, \$1.25 per bottle, or six for \$6.50.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.

Take no other. Beware of Counterfeits.

None are genuine unless done up in steel meraved wrappers, with fac-simile of my mical Warohouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

ardent admirers of the great Confederate be true, is none other than the peremptory decli-nation of the Surveyorship of Customs at New Orleans, to which he was nominated on Wed nesday. The reason for this action is stated to be the desire on the part of Gen. Longstreet to demonstrate, as he esteems only a declination cent blat his adhesion to radicalism has not been due to any expectation of recompense or reward. General Longsheet feels keenly that his very recent adoption of the creed of the Republican party slone among all his eminent comrades and among the people who used to recent his is the should be shown worship his tame and name, should be shown to arise from principle and not from interest. Moreover, he does not wish his constant interviews with radical politicians here for two months past, his frequent closet conferences with General Grant, or the accident of his being blood relation to the Deats, to be con a blood relation to the pents, to be con-struct into even a willingness to have his change of sentiment attributed to equivocal motives. Hence, it is understood, he will decline with thanks, and losist that, being in no need of the receipts of the office, his cir-cumstances being easy, that its duties can be

better and more appropriately given to some other gentleman, whose appointment would not compromise himself or reflect upon the too affectionate kindness of his illustrious kinsman and late antagonist, the President of the United States.

Changes in Office."

bureau officer a day or two since, which may serve to throw some light on the President's views in regard to changes in office. While speaking of the heads of bureaus and divisions and chief clerks of the Government dep ments here, the volunteer counsellor asked: What ought to be done, General, with those officers who have held their positions for "If they have discharged the duties of their

offices for elaht years," replied the President, they should be continued in office eight years obgel

The officious individual laughed pleasantly, looked at his watch, and said, "I see you are very busy, Mr. President, so I will not detain

you An Early Adjournment of Congress Proposed.

The action of the House in passing Bingham's resolution to acjourn on the last Friday of the present month is not regarded as a final settle-ment of that matter. Should the Senate fail to pass the concurrent resolution on Monday next it is probable that it will be reconside House and a more remote date fixed. nsidered in the

American Commerce

The Massachusetts Legislative Committee on Commercial Affairs, to whom was referred so much of the Governor's message as relates to the depression of commerce, has submitted a mejority and minority report. The majority report attributes to the late rebellion the decline in commerce, and, siter a brief discus-sion of the subject, recommends a speedy ret.ro to specie payments, are entry of Ameri-can vessels to American registry, the remission of duties on all articles used in building solos, the subsidizing of American steamship lines, and the withdrawal from bonded warehouses, tree of duty, of ship stores for vessels engaged in the foreign trade,

The minority report, prepared by Mr. Nask, of Boston, is quite lengthy, and discusses save-ral topics of interest to the mercantile public rat topics of interest to the mercantile public and, indeed, to all business men. It is argued that American commerce, which had been stimulated in its growth by the discovery of gold in California, had begun to decline two years before the Rebellion, but that its present depression is now owing to heavy taxation and a take system of currency. It recommends the resumption of specie payments, the refanding of the national debt at a lower rate of interest, with the funding of the segal-tender notes, and a revision of the tariff for the sole purpose of obtaining revenue, with a view of enabling the a revision of the turn for the sole purpose of obtaining revenue, with a view of enabling the products of American industry to compete on terms of greater equality with the products of loreign nations than is now possible.

-A Virginia paper calls Brownlow a Pluto-nian note at long date, paying an enormous

We have not been able to obtain such infor We have not been able to obtain such thiof-mation as would justify as in saying positively that any of these expeditions have actually reached their destination. Indeed, a too great publicity would awaken the vigilance of the Spanish spice and make a successful landing difficult to any but such men as those who ran the block ade of Charleston so often during the the blockade of Charleston so often during the late unpleasantness. We may, however, with-out compromising any one, say that Captain Frank Bonneau, one of our most skillful mariners and bravest men, has safely arrived in Cuba. Of him no more must be said at this moment.

A few days ago some surprise was excited by the arrival in Charleston of General Jordan, formetly chief of staff of General Beauregard. This officer moved about very quietly, and no suspicions as to his real object were enter-tained until it was found that he had disap-

Bave no reason to doubt its correctness—that General Jordan has salied for Cuba. But this is not all. From what has leaked out since the departure of General Jordan it is understood that he is in full accord with Presi-dent Grant and is acting with his knowledge dent Grant, and is acting with his knowledge and consent. The new President has already said that Spain is entitled to no consideration at the hands of the United States, and he is known to be strongly in favor of the acquisi-tion of more territory. Cuba would be a d sinty morsel for the radicals. There would be naif a million negroes to vote and legislate and play Old Harry" with the prosperity of the island; and there would be as many white men to rule by martial law, to New Eogiandize, and, finally, to reconstruct. No wonder that Grant should be in favor of acquiring Cuba. It is true that there may be a lion in the path, but an excuse car be found for the suspension of diplomatic relations. This could not better be done than on the plea that Spain was insulting and in-juring American citizens. This may be the reason why General Jordan, it is said, has been assured by President Grant that if he falls into the hands of the Spaniards no hair of his head be injured, and that no America takes part in the losurrection shall be improperly treated by the lovalists.

This is the story as it comes to us, and we should not be surgrised if there were more startling developments in the course of the next weeks

NOVA SCOTIA.

She is Pressing for Annexation to the United States.

The N.Y. Heratic's Washington correspond-ence contains ibe following item of interes: --Prominent gentlemen who have arrived here from Nova Scotla represent the feeling in that province in favor of an exation to the United States as pervading sim at the entire commu-tive and reputiv increasing in intensity. Eng. nity, and rapidly increasing in intensity. England decilies to release the province from the Dominion of Canada, into which it was drawn igning the wishes and under the solemn protest of the people; and nine-tenths of the entire population openly declare for annexation to the United States in preference to con-federation with Canada. The people are intensely in earnest on the subject, and some of the leading papers have come, out strongly in favor of a separation from England and union with the American republic. It is stated that the members of the local legislastated that the members of the local legisla-ture, baving failed to obtain a repeal of the act of Confederation, are about to come together and apply for a release from England; and at the same time send a delegation to Washing-ton to ascertain what encouragement they can obtain in their efforts to become a State in the Union. Robert J, Walker and other promined a centlemen here have been consulted on the ubject, and it is understood that Mr. Walker is subject, and it is understood that Mr. Walker is preparing a pamphlet in sunport of the mea-sure, in which the great advantages to both countries to grow out of a union will be pre-sented. The people of New Brunswick, to the extent of one-half of the estire population, are also said to be in favor of annexation, and in both provinces very ably written pamphlets have recently been published and extensively circulated urging the messure. A railway from Maine has been extended into New Branswick, and is to be continued into the heart of Nova Scotia. Three lines of steamers ply between those colonies and the New England States, connecting the commerce of the two peoples; and a permanent political mnion is represented to be the general desire on both sides of the boundary lines. The movement meets with general favor smorp members of Congress and prominent efficies in Washington.

himself heard, and thus made known that he wa* still alive. They went to work and removed the stone out of the well, and found Tompkins confined by the surrounding rocks, pretty much in the position which he occupied as the wall fell, standing nearly upright, one arm being ex-tended upward to grasp the well rope, and his body being closely hedged about on all sides. He was very badly bruised, thongn not mor-tally injured. He was under this load of rock for seven hours, unable to move a limb, and said he could at first hear nothing that was going on above, and the dreadfall fear selzed going on above, and the dreadful fear seized upon him at one time that he was given up for

dead. One can hardly imagine how the man escaped with his life unless the rocks were of large size, and in the fall were so caught and adjusted about the body as not to press with fatal injury upon any vital parts.—Danville (Va.) Register.

Foreign Embassies.

Says the Washington writer of the N. Y.

Says the Washington writer of the N. Y. Herald of Thursday.— Curtin's name would have gone in to-day for the Russian mission, also Motley's for the Eag-lish mission, and Rubby's, editor of the Madi-son (Wis.) Journal, for the Swiss mission, but for a little bitch. Some little aifficulty occurred and Grant determined to postpone action until to-morrow. It is believed he will send in all three of these nominations to morrow, and that they will be confirmed. Cameron, though opposed bitterly to Cartin, will vote for his confirmation in order to get him out of the country. By this exile of McClure's principal, Cameron hopes to have Pennsylvania patron-age all to himself. Horace Greeley is also mentioned to night for the English or Austrian mission. mission.

Among the batch sent in to-day was Kinsley, Among the batch sent in to day was kinkey, vice Perry, secretary of legation to Madrid. This is in accordance with the recommendation of Minister Hale, who has had a hard time with the present secretary, Mr. Perry, Tae lat-ter was kept in the position by Seward, con-trary to the protests of Mr. Hale, and there were concess assigned for the action of the late trary to the process of Mr. Hale, and there were causes assigned for the action of the late Secretary of State not at all creditable to his reputation. Perry's removal rejoices the New Hampshire delegation. Colonef F. E. Moore, who is to go ont with Washburne to France, will officiate as assistant secretary of legation. He is a clever, intelligent gentleman, and very worner a mone all classes here. prpular among all classes here.

PRESIDENT GRANT.

His Relation to Political Parties. Says the Richmond Waig:-The New York World has neither the expectation nor the wish that General Grant will join the Democratic that General Grant will join toe Democratic party. Our expectations and desires are not jar variant from those of the World-but per-haps for different reasons. The World seeks party success by party means, and with little regard to the interests of the country. We an-ticipate but little public good—certainly none to our section—from mere party triumphs. We believe that General Grant can maintain the independent and elevated position which

the independent and elevated position which he has assumed, without doing any violence to the relations he bears to the party which elected him in that position he can effect more for the country and more for his own fame than by becoming the tool of a faction. Violent and malignant partisans may be dis-pleased, but all the patriots of his own and

pleased, but all the particle of his output and other parties will raily to his support. He professed, in becoming a candidate, an earnest desire for peace. Like a man of sense, he knows this object is not to be attained by stirring up oid quarrels and rubbing oid sores. He turns his back up n the unpleasant past, and directs his face towards a cheering fature the directs his face towards a cheering fature He does not lard his discourses with the un-tuons epithets of rebel and traitor; but his words are mild, and his invocations are for

words are mild, and his invocations are for moderation and mutual forbearance, and the restoration of kindly feelings. It is certain he means what he says. He is for peace, real peace, and by the gentle and conciliatory means most likely to produce it. If he thereby offends radical politicians, either He publican or Democratic, and they wage war upon him, on their heads be the consequences. For our part, we care not whether he is called Republican or Democrat while he achieves the ends he aims at; but we think his success will be easier and more certain by preserving intact his relations with the party that elected him.

-The standard for recruits for British in fantry regiments has been raised.

-Seventeen thousand men and sixty dredging machines do the work on the Suez

Tragic Affray in Nashville. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NASHVILLE, March 13 .- George Reddick was shot and mortally wounded by Policeman Barr yesterday morning, while making an arrest at a disreputable house. Barr shot three times. one shot taking effect. The ball entered Reddick's left side just below the heart, coming out on the opposite side. Reddick attempted to shoot, but his pistol snapped.

Maine Legislature-Adjournment.

AUGUSTA, March 13 .- The Legislature of this State adjourned to-day sine die, after a session of sixty-nine days.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

By Atlantic Cable.

This Morning's Quotations. LONDON, March 13 - A. M. - Consols for money, 921, and for account, 93. United States 5 20s firm at 834. American Stocks steady. Frie, 252; Illinois Central, 974; Great Western,

124. LIVERPOOL, March 13-A. M.-Cotton firmer, but not nigher; middling uplands, 12d. : middling Orleans, 124(@12]d. The sales to-day are estimated at 12.000 bales. Other articles unchanged.

LONDON, March 13-4. M --Conmon Rosin, s. 3d; Linseed Oil, £31 9s. HAVEE, March 13.-12 P. M.-Cotton closed nulet and steady last night.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, March 13-P. M. - Closing prices, Consols for motey, 921; for account, 93; United States 5 20s quiet at 83. Stock - quiet: Er.e 253; Illinois Central, 97; Great Western, 32.

LIVERFOOL, March 13-P. M .- Closing prices Cotton armer; middling uplands, 12@12jd.; middling Orleans, 12;@12jd, The sales have been 12,000 bales. California Wheat, 9s. 9d.; red Western, 8s.

d. Peas, 41s. 9d. Lard, 75s. HAVE, March 13.-Cotton opens firm.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Peirce, -Jury trials were resumed this morning. In the case of W. S. Perkins, charged with obbery, before reported, the jury rendered a

stephen Boardy and Stephen J. Thomas Supper Boardy and Stephen J. Thomas, colored, pleaded guilty to a coarge of roobery. A little boy was on his way out Locust street to deliver some cutlery from a Market street boune, and when he was at Fifteenth street the prisoners attacked him and took the articles mtd mor

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Ludlow

-The usual Saturday habeas corpus list was considered to day. William Evans, Joseph L. Garrett, Enos Wil-lismson, Marshall Strode, John B. Adams, Phineas Paist, and David Paist were heard upon Phineas Paist, and David Paist were heard upon nabeas cory us, on a charge of consolracy to in-jure Daniel H. Lewis. It was complained that the relators, as directors of the Farmers' Mar-ket, turned the prosecutor out of his stall, and which be was about taking steps to have a vote of the stockholders upon the matter, they cir-culated, in the shape of resolutions, certain false and malicious libels against him, whereby he was greatly injured, By on as examination the relators set forth that the prosecutor had violated therules of the

that the prosecutor had violated the rules of the market by carrying on the business of farmer and butcher in the same stall, having only suthority to do business as a farmer, and thus had for feited his stall. When they so declared be endeavored to have them turned out of the socilion of directors, and than they is and the the endeavored to have them turned out of the socilion of directors, and then they issued these circulars in order to show upon what ground they had proce ded. Having succeeded in this the Court granted their discharge. Charles Eyre acd William M. Bull, Eys, for the Com-monwealth; William B. Mann and Owen McVey, Esgs., for the relators.

-North Carolina has yielded nearly \$10,000,000 gold.

-Worcester is to spend \$150,000 on new gas works.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-1 P.M;

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, March 13 .- The Flour market is without quotable change; about 600 barrels sold for home consumption at \$5-25:05 50 for superfine; \$6@6 50 for extras; \$6 75@7 25 for Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family; \$7 50@9 50 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do; and \$975 @12 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at \$7 25@7.50. Nothing doing in forn Meal.

There is nothing doing in the Wheat There is nothing doing in the Wheat market and prices favor buvers; sales of red at \$1,000 1 65, and white at \$190022. Rye ranges from \$1.55 to \$1.57 for Western. Corn is quist at yes-terday's quotations; sales of 2.00 busnels yellow at 900910, and some Western mixed at 800900. Oats attract but little attentiou; sales of West-ern at 740752, and Penusylvania at 620700. Nothing doing in Barley or Mait. Bark-In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Ouercitron at 556 % ton.

Quereitron at \$56 % ion. Beeds-Cloverseed is firm, with sales of old and new at \$9 75@10. Timothy commands \$3 25 63 350. Flaxeed is taken by the ernshers at

Whisky is dull and cannot be quoted over 850 98c. "sgallon, tax paid.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

(By Atlantic Cable.) SOUTHAMPTON, Maiou 18. - Artived, steamship Han mobia, from New York.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA MABOH 13.

OLEARED THIS WORNING. Steamship Brunette, How e. New York, John F. Ohl.

Steamship Brunette, Howe, New Tork Tork ARRIVED THIS MORNING, Steamship Brunette, Howe, 24 hours from New York, with mose, to John F. Oni, Bohr Z Steelman, Adams 15 days from Matanuas, with surar and moissees to Thas Wallson & Son, Schr Caroline Hoimes, Lizon, 6 days from Norfolk, with railroad ties to can also Birguner Dismond State, Webb, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mose to A Groves, Jr.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange. LEWER, Det., March 11-e P. M. -Ship admiral left the Break water this morning for Baltimore. Nearly all the vessels reported in nydast also left this morn-ing for their respective ports of destination. Two brigs are now beating in. Wind NW. JOSEPH LAFETRA.

Steamahip Baxon Sears, achee, at Boston at 10 A.M.

Streamship Saxon Seara, nence, at Boston at 10 A.M. to day Biesmship Volucteer, Jones, hence, at New York yesterday. Barque Neptune. Hayes, from Kingston. Ja., for Philaceiphia with a cargo of dyswoods, sogar, etc., pot into Nassan 11to uit, in a teaky condition, hav-ing experienced heavy westinge off Cabe Hatteras. Boe had out into Key West for recairs (as proviously reported) and was again proceeding on her voyage when the commenced teating arresh and hore up for Nassau. Her cargo will be ducharged for the par-pone of blacks ber on the dock. Brig J. Bakwor Fbelan, bence at Cardenas 3d inst. Brig B. P. Smith. Knowlion, aence, at Maiannas 2d Instant.

instant. Bohr A. M. Flanagan. Collins, for Philadelphia, sailed from Trinidad 2d inst. Schr M. J. Holiway. Thompson. sailed from Trini-dad Sth ult., for a port north of Hatteras. Schr Huster. Crane, for Philado'phia, cleared at Kew York yesierday.