CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CITY ORIMINAL CALENDAR.

Malicious Mischief-Larceny of Carpet-Stealing Pocket Books-Street Fight-Suspicion of Larceny—Attempted Robbery-Disorderly Conduct-Held for a Further Henring-A Suspicious Char-

-Joseph Spade, it is alleged, is a frequent visitor to a disorderly house on South Third street known as the "Sky Parlor." Yesterday he smuged himself by breaking the furniture is the place. Reserve Officer Hill was notified of the fact, and when he was about entering the house he found Spade at the top of a flight of stairs, with half a dozen bottles in his possession. The offender threatened the officer if he attempted to arrest him. The officer waited his chance and finally succeeded in capturing chance and finally succeeded in capturing Spade, who had a hearing before Alderman Kerr, and was committed. —Mary Miller was arrested at Broad and

Herr, and was committed.

—Mary Miller was arrested at Broad and Lecust streets yesterday for the larceny of a roll of carpet, which she admitted stealing, but refused to say from whom she had obtained the property. The prisoner had a hearing before Alderman Morrow and was committed.

—Henry Stark is a newsboy. Of late he has been in the habit of visiting Mr. Rumpp's store, at Fourth street and Appletree alley, for the purpose of folding his papers. Yesterday he was noticed to secrete two bundles of pocketbooks under his cost, and when arrested it was ascertained that he had helped himself on former occasions, and had disposed of books for 25 cents, the market value of which were \$150. Stark pad a hearing belore Alderman Hurley, and was committed for trial.

—R. W. Parker, Charles Davis, John Johnson, and John Stani (all colored) engaged in a free fight at Sixth and Lombard streets. They were arrested for the offense and were committed by Alderman Carpenter.

—Young Pair was arrested yesterday on suspicion of the larceny of a roll of carpet. It appears that on Sunday Pair was in company with his brother at Twentieth street and Washington avenue, the former having in his possession the carpet. His brother, seeing Odicer O'Brien, exclaimed 'There is an officer; throw away the package." An attempt was then made to arrest the parties, but they escaped. Yesterday, as stated above, Pair was seen in the same neighborhood and arrested. The prisoner had a hearing before Alderman Dallas, and was held for a further hearing.

—Lawrence Donohue was arrested instead.

soner had a hearing before Alderman Dallas, and was held for a further hearing.

—Lawrence Donohue was arrested instevening on suspicion of breaking into the stable of Campbell & Pollock, Twentieth street and Washington avenue. He was held in \$800 bail by Alderman Dailas.

—George Spencer, for disorderly conduct at Christian and Montcalm streets, has been held to answer by Alderman Bonsall.

—Andrew Moore has been held for a further hearing by Alderman Bonsall, on suspicion of

—Andrew Moore has been held for a further hearing by Alderman Bonsall, on suspicion of the larceny of a shawl from Mrs Henry, residing at Seventh and Pedford streets.

—George Moore, Patrick McCabe, Michael Flynn, and Thomas Marshall were arrested by Officers McKnight and Flick, late last night, under suspicious circumstances. They were seen loitering about the streets, and one was heard to say "that if they had gone through that man they would have made a good haul." The prisoners were held to bell by Alderman Bonsall.

THE LATE DAVID PAUL BROWS, JR .- At noon to-day a numerously attended meeting of the members of the Bar was held in the District Court room, for the purpose of taking action upon the death of David Paul Brown, Jr.

His Honer Judge Stroud occupied the chair, and Messrs. Richard Ludlow and Samuel Wetherlil were elected Secretaries.

Mr. Gest made some remarks chiogistic of the deceased, after which he presented the following resolutions:—

Resolutions:—
Resoluted, That the Bar of Philadelphia have heard with profound sorrow of the decease of David Paul Brown Jr., an honored member of the profession.
Resolved, That our late brother, by his uniform couriesy of demession and kinduces of heart, his high social qualities, his street integrity of character and varied; learning, was endeaved to us while living, and now that he has gene his memory is enshrined in our hearts.

in our hearts.

Resolved. That while we reverently submit to the Meloticed, That while we reverently submit to the decree of Providence, which has removed a loved companion in the prime of his manhood, we tender to her who has so suddenly been bereaved our heartfell sympathy.

it sympathy. Resolved, That we will attend his funeral, and that Resolved. That we will altered his lineral, and that a committee of six be appointed by the Chairman to deliver a copy of these resolutions to his family and the venerable lather of the deceased.

In seconding the resolutions the following gentlemen likewise paid eloquent tributes to

the memory of the deceased:—Messrs. Dwight, Mc(all, Wister, Henry, Mitcheson, and his Honor Judge Petree. The resolutions were then carried, and the

as the committee:—Messrs Gest, Price, McCall, Henry, Mitcheson, and Wister.

FUNERAL OF MRS. ALDERMAN MOMULLIN .-The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth McMuilin, wife of Alderman McMuilin, of the Fourth ward, took place this morning from her late residence, No. 722 S. Eighth street, and was attended by an immense concourse of persons, including personal friends and Democratic politicians of distinction. The mortuary services were held in St. Paul's Catholic Church, Tenth and Christian streets, where solemn Requiem Mass was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. P. F. Sheridan; assisted by Father Suili-van as deacon and Father Blacken as subdeacon. The sermon was preached by Father Sheridan, and was substantially explanatory of the Catholic doctrine of purgatory, and calling on those present to pray for the soul of the deceased. The service was sung by a special choir, composed of prominent singers from the different churches, including Miss Caroline McCaffrey, Miss Josephine Schimpf, M'me Aledo, Miss Jennie Cassidy, Miss McCartney, Thomas E. Harkins, John J. Meany, John Welsh, James Cavanaugh, and others, and many parts of the Requiem, as well as the solos of Miss McCaffrey, Mrs. Schimpf, and Mr. Harkins, were effectively and forcibly given. The funeral was the largest occurring in the The funeral was the largest occurring in the lower section of the city for a long time, and the interment took place in the Cathedral Cemetery.

SOUTH STREET PRESENTERIAN CHURCH .- The Rev. B. B. Parsons, D. D., will be installed as pastor of this church, by the Third Presbytery of Philadelphia, on Sunday afternoon next. The Rev. N. A. Prentiss will preside and propose the constitutional questions; Rev. Dr. E. E. Adams will preach the sermon, Rev. Albert Barnes will deliver the charge to the pastor. sarnes will deliver the charge to the pastor and Rev. Richard A. Mallery the charge to the

FOUND DEAD .- About half-past 4 o'clock this morning an unknown man was found dead on the sidewalk in Brown street, below Fourth. He had a severe cut over his eye, and it was at first supposed that be had been foully dealt with. It is alleged that while intoxicated he fell and sustained the injuries which terminated in his death. He was on his way from a

Explosion .- Last evening a coal-oil lamp exploded in a residence at Broad and Jefferson streets, causing an alarm of fire.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements.

AT THE ARCH Twelfth Night will be perfermed this evening. Edmund Yates' comedy of Tame Oats is announced for Monday.

AT THE WALNUT Boucleault's drawns of After Dork will be performed this evening. To-morrow Mr. J. E. McDonough will have a farewell benefit.

On Monday Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams will commence an engagement.
At the Chesnut Miss Susan Galton will appear this evening as "Amina" in the opera of La Sonnambula. To-morrow A Marriage by Landerns and the comedicus of the Swiss Collage

ATTHE AMERICAN an attractive entertainment will be given this evening.

MR. MADISON OBERT will appear this evening at the Assembly Buildings in an attractive musical entertainment of a somewhat novel character.

The Bentz Hassler Orchestrawill perform at Musical Fund Hall on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Dr. Corddy will deliver the first lecture of three to be given in this city, at Concert Hall this evening. Subject—"Miss Jones' Wedding—No Cards." The second lecture will be delivered on Thursday, Feb. 11. Subject—"Mrs. Grundy;" and the third on Thursday, Feb. 18. Subject—"The Spratts at Saratoga." These lectures are something out of the usual line, and they have attracted large audiences in other cities. Mr. De Cordova is a refined wit and humorist, and understands the art of being smusing without descending to vulgarity. Tickets can be procured at Gould's, No. 923 Chesnus street, and at the door of the hall.

Mr. James E. Murdoch will read at the Academy of Music on Monday evening next, in aid The SENTE HASSLER ORCHESTRAWIII perform

of the building fund of the Mercantile Library. The directors of that institution are exceedingly anxious to complete their building on Tenth street, and thus give Philadelphia a first-class popular library; and we hope that all who are interested in the matter will attend Mr. Murdoch's reading, especially as they are assured of a first-class entertainment.

HON. GEORGE CONNELL will deliver a legiure on "One Government for the North Attarican Continent," at Concert Hail, on to-morrow evening. evening.

POLAND.

Melancholy Condition of the Country. The Warsaw correspondent of the London

We have a very melancholy Christmas here this year. All classes have been so impoverished by the endless contributions levied by the Government that the shops, usually so full at this season, have had scarcely any customers for any but their chespest goods, and there is hardly a family in the capital which is not mourning the loss of one or more of its member. hardly a family in the capital which is not mourning the loss of one or more of its members by exile or confiscation. The depreciation in the value of landed property, both here and in other parts of Poland is almost incredible. Estates are sold every day at a third of their real value. Last week one of the fibest houses in Warsaw, which cost 130,000 roubles a few years ago, was sold for 41,000 roubles. This depreciation, which is mainly due to the general preciation, which is mainly due to the general impoverishment of the country, is also in a certain degree to be accounted for by the arbitrary measures of the government in regard to resi Thus a ukase decreed some time ago that all landed proprietors in Lithuania who were "suspected" of having been concerned in the late insurrection should sell their estates and settle in the kingdom or Poland. The result of this decree was that a number of the pro-prietors in question bought estates in the adjoining districts of the kingdom. They had scarcely established themselves, however, in new homes when another regulation was published ordering them to reside in the western portion of the kingdom-viz., near the Prussian frontier-so that they are now compelled again o dispose of their estates and move still further to the south.

The Zamoyski Palace, which was sequestrated by the Government in 1863 because a bomb had been thrown out of it by some unknown person at Count Berg, has now been finally given over to the corps of engineers. But though the Government has taken possession of the property it refuses to pay off the mortgages upon it. One of these, amounting to 150,000 roubles (£20,000), was left by the late Countess Zamoyski to her children, being a portion of the property which was settled upon her at her marriage. The heirs have repeatedly urged their claim upon the Government, but the latter refuses to pay either principal or interest, on the plea that, as the palace was the property of Count Zamoyski and had been confiscated, the share of his children in the property must be confiscated also. The heirs then attempted to bring the matter into a court of law, but the dread of offending the Government here is such that they could not get a single lawyer to take up their

The system of Russideation is still being pursued in all parts of Peland with unabated vigor. General Potapoff, the Governor of Lithuania, and author of the famous decree forbidding Poles to speak Polish, has issued a circular changing the Polish names of the principal villages and towns in his district into Russian ones, and directing the officials to take no notice of any letters which are not addressed in conformity with the new scheme, which is to come into operation from the 1st of January. Another decree just issued orders the Russian calendar (old style) to be adopted in Poland instead of the Gregorian calendar or "new This, as might have been expected, has caused immense confusion in the commercial and manufacturing districts, as the 1st of January will this year be twelve days later in Poland

than before, Joseph Slemaszke, the head of the Russian clergy in Lithuania, whose persecution of the United Greek Church in that country in 1839, when upwards of sixty nuns were flogged in a single convent at Min'sk, several of them dying under the lash, has made him an object of universal horror and detestation among the Poles, has died at Wilna.

SINGULAR THEFT.

A Man Tied to a Ringbolt in his Office and Robbed. From the Boston Transcript, Feb. 2.

A queer robbery is reported to have been

committed upon Mr. David C. Sisson, treasurer of Post No. 15, G. A. R., yesterday. Mr. Sisson's story is substautially as follows:-He had just entered his office in the headquarters of the Post, in the third-ssory of building at the corner of Lucas and Washington streets, at Il o'clock A. M., when a woman, who had evidently followed him up the statrcase, accosted him, and in the manner usual with appli-cants for relief, asked for aid. After cants hearing her story Mr. Sisson concluded that her case did not come under his cognizance as treasurer of the Post, and inwent out he requested her to shut the door, which fastened with a dead-latch. Whether the woman shut the door or not Mr. Sisson says he was too busy to notice; but in less than five minutes he was seized from behind around the neck by the strong hands of a man who had entered unperceived, with the remark in a subdued tone, "I've got you." The treasurer says he resisted as he best could, but was so hoked that he could not utter a cry until dragged to a ringbolt in the floorfot the anteroom, where, placing a revolver at his head, the assailant told him that it he made a noise he would "put his light out." The man then produced a rope about the size of a small lothes line, and secured Mr. Sisson by the neck to the bolt. He then went to a small box wherein the treasurer was in the habit of keeping the Post's funds, and after examining the several envelopes in which different moneys were inclosed, obtained about \$400, which he pocketed. He then returned to his prisoner and took from the latter's pantaloon pockets a wallet containing his private funds and other valuables, amounting in the aggregate to about \$200, and deliberately left, with the remark, as il addressed to an accomplice in the entry Weil, Pete, shall we meet at the same place to Though the robber had once before du night? ring the operation spoke as though somebody was within hearing, Mr. Sisson says he heard no response nor footsteps and saw no other person. The victim was left in the position above described, with his head so near the floor and the rope so tight around his neck that he could make but very little noise. In this posttion he was compelled to stay for more than an hour, not having been able to make himself heard by people on the ground floor; and finally released himself by persistently gnawing at the rope, which at last parted. The affair has been placed in the hands of the detectives. State and city, who are engaged in "considering" it. Mr. Sisson thinks he should be able to fully identity his assailant.

A WESTERN TRAGEDY.

An Enraged Brother Shoots his Sister's Intended Husband.

From the Pulaski (Tenn.) Citizen, Jan. 29. We have learned the particulars of a tragic affair which occurred near Cornersville, in this county, a few days ago. A young man wooled and won the hand of a young lady whose bro-ther was violently opposed to the match, and who swore they never should marry. The heroic though perhaps misguilled young lady, yielding to the persua-live arguments of consented to an elopement. Accordingly, they clandestinely repaired to a neighboring house to consummate their ardent desire. But the resolute and desperate brother was upon their track, and just as the happy couple the floor, about to be made one, a ball from his pistol penetrated a vital part of the bridegroom's body, and he fell in the arms of the devoted girl, whe, true to him in death, assisted by friends, conveyed him to the bed, where, at her request, the ceremony was finished, she exclaim-ing that she "had rather mourn a dead husband than a dead lover." In a few minutes the newly-made husband expired. The destroyer of his sister's happiness has not been seen since he fired the fatal shot.

SPAIN.

Designs of the Provisional Government -The Cuban Troubles.

Correspondence from Madrid, Jan. 10, recites the following:-

the following:—

It is understood that the Government has been sounding the troops to ascertain their feelings in regard to a coup d'etat. Some of the infantry, officered by Prim's friends, are ripe for anything, but the engineer and artillery corps cannot be corrupted. The latter are the elite of the Spanish army. They declare—at least their prominent officers declare—that they will support the Government in all that is proper and right until the Cortes meets, and whatever that body decrees they will obey, but they will not permit any coup detat if they can help it. The position assumed by these corps has rather thrown cold water on the ambitious designs of the Government. Still it cannot be safely affirmed that they have been relinquished They will not be until the jast moment. although it is more impossible daily to carry them out. The elections take place on the loth, and the result will greatly affect the plans of the Government.

Marchal Serrano, President of the Provisional Government, addressed Mr. Hale, our Minister, a note on New Year's Day, with a copy of a telegram from General Pavia, commanding troops in Malaga, informing the Government that a boat of the Swatara, bearing the United States flag, had been fired into by the revolutionists while it was conveying some ladies to the ship. General Pavia had dispersed the revolutionists, and he did not know whether any one had been hurt in the boat. He had made explanations to the commander of the Swatara. General Serrano, on behalf of the Provisional Government, deplored the act of vandalism. The relations between the United States and Spain were always friendly, and he regre ted that anything should occur that might in any way change them. He promised to secure and punish the guilty parties for this gross assault on the flag of a friendly country. Of course the act was one that could not be prevented, and the Government is not to blame for it. General Serrano very promptly, on behalf of the Gov-ernment, conveyed to Mr. Hale the news and his regrets. That was all that could be done. Mr. Hale has, no doubt, expressed his entire satisfaction at General Serrano's disciaimer, and the affair will be dropped, unless something different is reported by Commander Blake or the Vice-Consul.

The news from Cuba is said to be gloomy. Every exertion is being put forth to hurry on reinforcements. Transportation is limited; the Cadiz and Malaga affairs have affected governmental plans, and above all the finances are in such a deplorable state that it is doubtful whether any considerable number of troops can be sent out before spring, when it may be too late. We do not know the precise nature of the intelligence that General Lersundi has sent by Atlantic cable, but we may infer that it is bad from the effect in the higher circles. Spaniards begin to freely admit that they con-sider the island of Cuba lost to them, and they say that it does not surprise them when such persons as General Duice took with him are sent out to govern the island. It is con-fessed on all sides that no such lot of needy and penuiless adventurers were ever sent out of spain before to be saddled on the poor Cubans. With very few exceptions, they are men of no talent, position, or respectability. They came to the surface during the revolution, and must be taken care of by the Government, will fill their pockets in Caba if the revo lution there does not choke them off, and come home rich. As illustrating their character, they relate a good saying of a wit, who stated that if those follows could raise money by mortgaging Cuba they would have pledged ball of the island and spent the proceeds before they sailed from Cadiz. It is a pity that Spain could not send belier men, What wonder that the island is dissatisfied to see its resources dissipated or bagged by these needy adventurers? To be sure, the officials here are but little better, and Cuba may not in justice claim that partiality has been shown her. The old government had negotiated a loan with the Rothschilds, of Paris, for 400,000,000 reals,

The Finance Minister is in a painful position. and bonds to that amount had been sent him. He sold in one way or another 100,000,000 in these bonds and remitted the Government 90,000,000, after having deducted 10,000,000 for his percentage, insurance, and I know not what Mr. Figuerola, the Finance Minister, relied on the sale of the balance, 300,000,000, to meet the interest of various bonds now due. But day be-fore yesterday he received from the Rothschilds all the bonds in his hands, with the information that he would not undertake to put them or the market-very sharp practice on the part of the Paris bankers, but exceedingly bad tor the Provisional Government. The Minister of Finance found himself, figuratively speaking, on his beam ends, and was compelled to borrow ten million reals from the Bank of Spain to meet imperative payments. No one knows what will be done now. The interest of the debt mu-t remain impaired, unless some method is discovered by which mouey can be raised. What that method shall be just now engages the thoughts of every financier, who can see no daylight anywhere. The situation is bad enough with the coffers well filled, but when perfectly empty it is really disheartening. Spanish funds are dropping lower and lower daily. The end must come very soon. How can the crash be prevented? Nous carrons,

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Continued from the First Page.

DISTRICT COURT, No. 1—Judge Strond.—Mc-Donald vs. The Bonded Warehouse Company, An action of replevin to try the ownership of whisky. Before reported. The plaintiff suffered nonsnit. Behrens vs. Rasch. An action of replevin to

a honsult.

Behrens vs. Rasch. An action of replevin to try the right to real property. On trial.

Distract Court, No. 2—Judge Greenbank.—
John L. Perkins and Wife vs. the City. An action to recover damages for injuries sustained by Mrs. Perkins in falling into an inlet at the corner of Broad and Carpenter streets. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiffs \$250.

Fenner vs. Clawson. An action to recover for a beer pump sold and delivered to the defendant, which the defense alleged didn't answer the purpose for which it was purchased. The plaintiff offered to take the machine back, but the defense refuse, unless the plaintiff would consent to remunerate him for an ice box he said he was compelled to buy because of the defect in the pump. Verdict for plaintiff, \$35-65.

William Kessler vs. Robert Adger. An action to recover damages for an alleged malicious prosecution for the larceny of two brass kettles. This suit was begun on Taesday of last week, as then continued until to-day because o a death in the samily of one of the counsel. The case has not been concluded.

OURT OF COMMON PLEAS.-Judge Peirce.-Wadding on vs. Leach. An action to recover for money loaned. Before reported. Verdict for money lossed. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff, \$79.

Grentlick vs. Rosenhauser. An action to recover for money had and received. The plaintiff alleged that the defendant sold him a party

wall that did not belong to him, and that when he, the plaintiff, proceeded to tear it down, the real owner obtained an injunction against him and also recovered damages. To a action was brought to recover the price already paid the defendant. Verdict for plaintiff, 3151-32. W. P. Brinton & Co. vs. H. P. Myers. An action to recover for ground sold and delivered

Obituary.

Daniel Dougherty, Esq., here announced in beautiful language the death of David Paul Brown, Jr., and moved the adjournment of the Court, in order that lawyers there engaged might attend the bar meeting to be held as a last tribute of respect to his memory. His Honor said that the intelligence of the decease of this much esteemed gentleman had caused a pang to his heart. Enumerating the nume-rous virtues of Mr. Brown, he adjourned the Court according to motion, and ordered a minute of these proceedings to be entered on the

record, Nusr Privs-Judge Read - Scott vs. The Spring Garden Insurance Company. An action on a policy to recover for loss by fire. Before reported. The defense alleged that a portion of the articles laid in plaintiff's declaration were not covered by the policy. On trial.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.

LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver.

Se. 10ss OH MANUT Street.

HARRISBURG

Preceedings in the Senate and House-Railroad Bills Introduced and Passed.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE,

Sennte.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4.—Mr. Connell presented the remonstrance of Henry Bumm, J. Macy, J. F. Grislack, and many other citizens of the Twentieth ward, Philadelphia, against the repeal of the act dividing said ward into two school sections. Bills in place were read as

By Mr. Burnett, one authorizing corporations possessing mining privileges to lease their corporation property to corporations having mining rights.

Also one authorizing the West Branch of the Susquehanna Canai Company to abandon for use as a canai that portion of their canai known as the Lewisburg Cross-cut, and sell the same to the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad

Company,
Also, one giving the Lehigh and Eastern Rall-

Also, one giving the Lehigh and Eastern Ratiway Company power to erect a telegraph line
along their road, and to connect it with other
lines; providing that seven directors may
transact business, and that the provisions of
the fourth section of the act of Maron 27, 1832,
relative to the Sunbury and Erie, and Pittsburg
and Susquehanna Ratiroad Companies, shall
apply to said Lehigh and Eastern Rathway
Company.

Mr. Jackson—One allowing the Wilkesbarra
and Pittsiown Railroad Company, now known
as the Danvillo, Hazieton, and Wilkesbarre, to
eract a telegraph along their road, which can
be used also by the public; and also allowing
them to connect their road at flazieton and
Janesville with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.
By Mr. Stinson, one suthorizing the Wilmington and Reading Railroad Company to
build lateral or branch roads three miles long,

build lateral or branch roads three miles long. and to borrow the money necessary; also one authorizing the Chester county prison inspectors to employ a moral and religious instructor, the expense not to exceed \$1500.

By Mr. Graham, one to enable railroad, canal, and slack water navigation companies

canal, and slack water navigation companies to straighten, widen, deepen, enlarge, and otherwise improve their lines and the bridges, squeducts, piers, and structures thereof.

By Mr. McIntyre, one relating to the competency of witnesses in actions relative to incorporated companies.

By Mr. Connell, one to incorporate the Little Cottonwood Sliver Mining Company.

By Mr. Wallace, one authorizing the Pailadelphia and Erie Railroad Company to extend and construct their branch now building in

and construct their branch now building in Cameron, Elk, Clearfield, and Jefferson, to the line between Pennsylvania and Ohio, and to connect the same with the Erie Road. Also, one to repeal the act authorizing the sale of the property of any incorporated company upon the bonds secured by mortgage given

by it, with like effect as if sold upon the mort-House of Representatives

The General Judiciary Committee reported regatively on an act relating to the selection of candidates for office by political parties in the Commonwealth. This is the bill which was prepared and forwarded by the Union League of Philadelphia, and was embodied in a prize essay for which that body gave a premium of five hundred dollars.

On motion of Mr. Duncan, of Venango, the bill was referred back to the committee.

bill was referred back to the committee.

The Ways and Means Committee reported an act to adjourn sine die on March 10.

No action was taken upon it. Many bills were introduced, among them the following, which were referred to appropriate Committees:—
By Mr. Hoeg, an act requiring the registry of lands in Philadelphia.
By Mr. Beans, authorizing William B. Severa

to sell and convey certain real estate.

By Mr. Nice, of Schuylkill, for the better ven-tilation of mines and the protection of the lives

miners.
By Mr. Webb, conferring the right upon the

Common Plens courts to grant divorces.

By Mr. Phillips, to settle and determine the southern boundary line of this State.

By Mr. Myers, authorizing city aldermen to justify the surcites on license bonds for their respective wards, subject to the approval of the Recorder, and that the act approved April, 1861, being a supplement to act approved 20th of April, 1859, being a supplement to the act approved 31st of March, 1856, be repeated.

By Mr. Hong, making it lawful for the Governor to remit any part of any sentence here-

after imposed by any court of quarter sessions or other court having criminal jurisdiction upon any person after conviction for any felony or eriminal offense, with power also to reduce any sentence of death to imprisonment for life, or for a term of years.

Serious Accident at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Canada, Feb. 4.-While a concert and ball at St. Patrick's Hall was in progress last night, 2000 persons being present, a cry was raised shortly before midnight that the roof was giving way, causing intense excitement. All immediately rushed towards the street, but while the last were getting out the roof fell with a tremendous crash. Several persons were injured, but it is hoped that none

The snow storm continues with great fary, and railroad travel will be stopped.

The Weather.

August4, Me., Feb. 4.-The snow-storm has not yet ceased, and the roads are badly blocked. There was a thunder-storm last night.

Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York. Feb. 4.—Stocks ateady. Chicago and Rock Island. 180; Reading. 985; Canton Co., 61; Cleveland and Totedo, 1853; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 98; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne. 1185; Michigan Jentral. 118; Michigan Southern. 915; New York Central. 1655; Hudson River, 1865; Cumberland preferred. 875; Virginia 68. 62; Missouri 68. 864; 5-288, 1882, 1183; do. 1864, 1095; do. 1868, 1885; 10-408, 1085; Gold. 1854. Sterling, 1095; do. 1868, 1885; 10-408, 1085; Gold. 1854. Feb. 4 -Octon firmer; sales of 2000 bales at 394. Flour cull and declining, but is without decided change; sales of 5000 barrels. Wheat duit and declining sales or 7500 bushels; mixed western at 766771; c., affoat and 745; c. in store. Beef quick Pork cull, new Mess 4-2 25; prime mess, \$66.2780. Lard heavy; steam. 20%, 60204; c. Whicky firm but quiet.

Baltimore, Feb. 4.—Octon firm; middling upland

im but quiet.

BALTIMORE. Feb. 4.—Cotton firm; middling upland teld at Rec. Flour duil and q let. Wheat duil; sales

held at Sec. Flour duli and q let. Wheat dull: sales of prime to choice red at \$12.023. Corn firm; prime white \$50.88c; prime yellow \$40.85c. Oats firm at 70.075c. Bye firm at \$150.063t. Bacon active: rib sides. 17%@18c.; clear do., 15%@18%c.; shoulders, 15%; bams, 20c. Laid firm at 21c.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-4 P. M.

FLOUR.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR. For the Trade or at Retail. EVERY BARREL WARRANTED.

REYSTONE FLOUR MILLS, NON. 19 AND 21 GIRARD AVENUE, East of Front Street.

HATS AND CAPS.

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,
NO.25 S, NINTH Street,
First door above Chesnut street.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTI lated, and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season, CHES NUT Street, next door to the Post Office. Il 19 jop

WASHINGTON.

Consuls Recognized by the President-Dr. Mudd-His Probable Pardon-The Proceedings of Congress.

Desputch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.

Consuls Recognized. The President has recognized Erust Bryer as Consul of the North German Union at Mobile, Ala.; J. H. Gossler as Consul of the North German Union at Boston; Emilio de Las Casas, Consul of Venezuela at New York; and Edward F. Davidson, Consul-General of the Argentine Republic for the United States.

Interest on the Union Pacific Railroad's Bonds. The interest paid by the United States on all bonds tesued to the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, including December 31, 1868, amounts to \$639,305. The 50 per cent, of the earnings from Government business returned to

the Treasury, as provided by law, amounts to Dr. Mudd's Case:

The President has directed the Attorney-General to make a report in the case of Dr. Mudd, as preliminary to a pardon. The friends of Mudd say they have no doubt he will be soon set at liberty. This belief is based on what the President told them.

The Committee on Reconstruction were to have decided definitely to-day as to the restoration of Mississippi to the Union, but postponed its action in consequence of information that another delegation from that State is now on the way to Washington. The committee have agreed to report a bill removing political disabilities from a number of persons in the South.

FORTIETH CONGRESS-THIRD SESSION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Mr. Pomeroy presented a joint resolution of the Legislature of Kansus relating to the mail service and post routes in Mr. Hendricks, from the Committee on Naval

Affairs, reported, with amendment, the House joint resolution directing the sale of thosteamer Atlanta, which was thereupon considered and passed.

Mr. Chandler presented a joint resolution of

the Michigan Legislature requesting Michigan Representatives and Senators to secure the passage of the River and Harbor Appropriation

bill.

The Chair presented the credentials of Thomas W. Tipton, Senator elect from Nebraska.

Er. Nye presented the credentials of William M. Stewart, Senator elect from Navada.

Mr. Edmunds introduced a bill to provide better security for the engraving and printing of the securities of the United States, and for other purposes. ther purposes.

Mr. Van Winkle introduced a bill to incorpo

rate the Junction Railroad Company of Washington. Referred to Committee on the District of Columbia. Mr Osborne introduced a bill to provide for an American line of steamships between certain Atlantic ports in the United States and one or

more European ports. R-ferred to the Com mittee on Commerce.
Mr. Cole introduced a bill to grant lands to
the Santa Barbara branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Warner presented a bill to reserve certain

grants of land to the State of Alabama.

Mr. Summer presented the resolutions of the Colored Convention of the Union League of Winchester, Va., protesting against the removal of the political disabilities of Judge Baker, Virginia. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, the petition of Cyrus Anson, of New York, seking that \$500,000 be retained out of the

price of the island of St. Thomas to reimburse him for certain losses growing out of a contract to make a ship canal across the 1sthmus of H ilstein to open communication between the North Sea and the Battic.

Mr. Pomeroy moved to take up the motion made by Mr. Conness, several days since, to re-consider the vote upon the bill relating to the Central branch of the Pacific Railroad, to allow

the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Williams) to offer an an endment. Lost On motion of Mr. Patterson (N. H.) the Senate

took up the bill to provide for the paving of Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, which was discussed till the expiration of the morning hour brought up the unfinished business of yesterday, the constitutional amendment. House of Representatives.

After the residing of the journal, the Sergeantat-Arms appeared at the bar of the House with Henry Johnson in his custody, the recusant witness committed yesterday to his keeping.

Mr. Lawrence, chairman of the committee on the New York election frauds, stated that the witness had appeared before the committee and testified, and that there seemed to have been a misunderstanding between the witness at d the officers who served the subpens as to the room at which the committee had been the room at which the committee had been sitting in New York. Under these circum-stances he offered a resolution that Henry John-

son be discharged from custody. Mr. Brooks asked why not say honorably dis charged?
Mr. Lawrence supposed that that was unne-

Mr. Brooks thought that it was unnecessary after easting contempt upon the man, and bringing him to Washington under arrest.
Mr. Woodward remarked that the only effect of the gentleman from Ohio (Lawrence) refus-ing to admit the statement of the witness yeslerday, as to his having obeyed the summons, had been t e disgraceful incarceration of a freeman for 24 hours.

Mr. Robinson made the point of order that

the word "disgraceful" used by Mr. Woodward was a more severe expression than he himself had been called to order for yesterday. The Speaker sustained the point of order. The witness had been incarcerated by order of the House, and it was not proper for a gentleman to denounce the action of the House as

Woodward remarked that the expression was strictly correct. The Speaker-The Chair, however, decided

otherwise.

Mr. Woodward—The House was led to the decision by the gentleman from Ohio refusing to accept the statement of the witness yesterday. Then the House, very properly. I think, committed him to the custody of the Sergeant—atarms, but the House was misled into the act by the gentleman from Onto.

The Speaker—As the Chair views this question from parliamentery, not a judicial stand point, the Chair cannot see how "a disgraceful coll on the property has been point, the Chair cannot see how "a disgraceful coll on these property" has been property.

act" can "very properly" be done.

Mr. Woodward-If I used that word I withdraw it. I say, however, that if the gentleman from Ohio secepted the statement made yester-day, the House would not have done the very "proper" act of recommitting this citizen. I think an apology i sdue to him by the gentle-man from Ohio.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, PER. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. to S. Third stree # 200 Leh & gold | ... 90 kg | 12 ah Leh Va' | ... 1a | 55 kg | 100 do | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 100 ah Read R | ... 50 kg | 1

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

Affairs in Washington-Proceedings of Congress.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.

Specie Payments. The Ways and Means Committee have agreed to report to the Senate a bill providing for the payment of the United States bonds in gold. unless other prohibited, and also legalizing gold

contracts. A Row in an Investigating Committee, There was quite a row in the Wells-Fargo

Investigating Committee to-day. It appears that newspaper correspondents appeared to testify before the committee, and got into a difficulty with the chairman, Mr. Broomall. The latter gave it as his opinion that all newspaper correspondents were corrupt, and could be bought for a consideration. A correspondent resented the remarks of Mr. Broomall, and a lively scene

A Bout with Butler,

During the debate on the Indian appropriation bill a lively scene took place between General Butler, who had charge of the bill, and Mr. Holbrook, the delegate from Idaho Territory. Mr. biolbrook charged that Batler had made statement relative to the appropriations for Idaho and other Territories which he knew to be unqualifiedly false when he made them. General Batler thereupon called him to order. Mr. Benjamin, of Missouri, asked that the objectionable words be taken down. Mr. Schenck offered a resolution ordering the Sergeant at Arms to bring Mr. Molbrook before the bar of the House, that he might be censured by the Speaker. Amid profound silence, the Sergeant-at-Arms proceeded to Mr. Holbrook's seat and conducted him to the bar of the House, where the Speaker censured him, in accordance with the order of the House.

The Committee of Ways and Means has agreed to report to the House the bill introduced by Mr. Schenck on January 20, to strengthen the public credit, and relating to contracts for the payment in coin, and pledging the faith of the United States to the payment of the bonds in coin.

FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable. Another Rumor From Greece. London, Feb. 4. -Still later despatches from

Athens announce the probable adherence of Greece to the protocol of the Paris Conference" The London Police. London, Feb. 4 .- Lieutenant Colonel Edmund

Henderson has been appointed Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, vice Sir R Mayne, de-News from South America. Panis, Feb. 4 -Later advices from South

America have been received. There is no war news. It is reported that a Brazilian force has gone to Asuncion to establish a provisional

government. House of Representatives. Continued from the Fourth Edition,

Mr. Lawrence said he had no apology to make, and after some further discussion the resolution was agreed to and Henry Johnson was discharged from custody.

The Sergeant-at-Arms next presented at the par the other recusant witness, Florence Scan-Mr. Lawrence offered a resolution for the discharge of Scannell from custody on payment of the costs of arrest.

Mr. Ross asked the Chairman of the Commit ness go without payment of costs, He under-stood that the reason why the witness had refused to answer was that his answer would criminate a leading Republican in New York, and he hoped the witness would be let off.

and he hoped the witness would be let off.

Mr. Lawrence said he had no doubt as to what
the House should do in the case. He had always
supposed that this was the usual and proper
course, and he thought it due to the dignity of
the House that at least the punishment proposed by the resolution should be visited on
this witness. Mr. Kerr thought the witness should be discharged without the payment of costs. He was a poor man, and would have to get home the best way he could, as he would not be paid for his attendance as a witness, and he would therefore be sufficiently punished without being compelled to pay the costs of his arrest. He moved to amend the resolution by striking out the words "on payment of costs of arrest."

the words "on payment of costs of arrest."

Mr. Wood inquired of the Speaker what
would be done with the witness if he were un-Mr. Wood inquired of the Speaker was would be done with the witness if he were unable to pay the costs of his arrest. Was he to

remain in custody?

The Speaker said he could not answer that question, as it was not a parliamentary ques-Mr. Farnsworth proposed that the member whose constituent the prisoner was should pay

Mr. Wood said he was not the witness' repre-sentative, but he wished to know what could be done if the witness could not pay. Mr. Schenck suggested that it would be in order to draw on some rich Democrat like the gentleman, Mr. Wood, Mr. Brooks desired to answer Mr. Farns-

worth's proposition, but objection was made, and the question was taken on Mr. Kerr's amendment, which was rejeced—yeas, 37; nays, 129. The resolution was then adopted—nays, 184; nays, 26—and the Sergeant at Arms retired with his prisoner. The cost of arrest is about \$70; about \$70; Mr. Woodward Introduced a joint resolution

changing the name of Wyoming Territory to that of "Umatilia." Referred to the Committee on Territories, Mr. Archer presented a memorial of the Butchers' Association of Baltimore, etc.. pray-ing a reduction of the tariff on salt.

Mr. Upson and others presented resolutions of the Michigan Legislature in favor of the passage of the River and Harbor Appropriation bill now before the Senate,
Mr. Nicholson offered a resolution calling on
the Secretaries of War and the Treasury for in-

the Secretaries of War and the Treasury for information as to surveys of the haroor at the Delaware Breakwater, with a view to the erection of a pier. Adopted.

Mr. Eilot, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill repealing the act of July 30, 1834, and the first and second sections of the act of July 13, 1832 concerning tonnage duties on Spanish vessels and their colonies; where no discriminating duties are levied on United States vessels they shall be exempt in United States ports from tonnage duties greater than those of vessels of the United States. The bill was passed.

Mr. Schenck said he was instructed by the Committee of Ways and Means to propose that there he no action to-night on the tax bill, as the whisky and tobacco amendments are not printed, and the Committee wanted to revise them but that an evaluar examinar. them, but that an evening session should be held for general debate. The proposition for an evening session for

The proposition for an ever general debate was agreed to. A Criminal Hung in Ohio. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 4.-Lewis Davis was

hanged at 12.45 to day, in Cuyahoga County Jail, for the murder of D. P. Skinner, of Independence, in September last.

A Heavy Sentence. NEW YORK, Feb. 4 —Recorder Hackett to-day sentenced Stephen Boyle, the butcher cart bur-

glar, to the State prison for forty years for attempting to shoot Policemen Maloney and