# THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1869.

# CITY INTELLIGENCE. THE FIRE.

8

Continuation of the Coroner's Inquest opon the Bodies of the Men Found in the Bains.

This morning, at 10 o'clock, Ooroner Daniels resumed his investigation into the causes of the death of Po'k and Hagan, the two men whose bodies were found in the debris of the fire at Caldwell's store. A number of scientific men were present water testimony

whose bodies were found in the debris of the fire at Caldwell's store. A number of scientific focking towards an explanation of fire origin for the fire.
John C. Cresson affirmed—Have not made an examination of the buildings; have formed my opinions from the newspaper reports; as the reports in many cases are not very precise, i have been unable theory seems to me to be that sa and accumulated in some of the buildings to the westward of Caldwell's—in Mr. Orne's building, for instance; il gradually worked its way into Caldwell's store, and coming in contact with the gas lights there burning an explained to him contact with the gas lights there burning an explosion and firs ensued; this theory receives to me contrenance from the fact that the wind was from the west on the night of the fire, a contact with the gas lights there burning an explained to him certain of the prenomena of the fire which resented contradictions, and then modified it to the extent of the opposing direct store of states of the busines.
Mr. Cresson, however, after having anoning from the east.
Mr. Cresson, however, after having anoning from the set.
To f. James C. Booth sworn—A portion of blackened lathing taken from Orne's store explosion of this piece of lathing, and came to the conclusion that the blackened appearance.
To f. Charles M. Cresson affirmed—(The strips from Orne's store exhibited also to this with the their blackened appearance, the strips from Orne's store exhibited also to this with the there burning from a gas explosion; that the proper theory of the fire is gas explosion;

explosion. Professor Robert E. Rogers sworn-Have examined the premises where the fire took place; the theory that the fire might have been caused the theory that the fire might have been caused by electricity is absolutely untenable; the theory founded upon the attempts of burglars is confuted by the facts; the charred appearance of the lathing in Orne's building is due to the consumption of wool and cotton lint which had penetrated through the floor and settled on it by the throwing down bales of cotton upon the floor above; my theory of these accidental, unforeseen above; my theory of the configuration is that it sross from one of those accidental, unforeseen causes—such as the dropping of cigar ashes upon waste paper—which frequently occur; a fire once started in this accidental way, withfire once started in this accidental way, with-out at all rendering necessary the previous eccape of ordinary burning gas from the pipes, could easily have produced by its progress and its consumption of combustible materials an explosive gaseous mixture with the atmospheric air, resulting in the dull and heavy explosions which were heard; when this fire had, as might readily have been the case, burnt off one or two of the gas connec-tions, its progress would become very rapid; this theory will satisfy all the phenomona of the fire. the fire.

Isaac C. Cassin sworn-Incline to Professor

Isaac C. Cassin sworn-Incline to Professor Rogers' theory of the fite. Onaries Bullock sworn-Agree with Professor Rogers in his explanation of the cause of the charred appearance of the lathing which fell down in Orne's building; I know that not so much as one ounce of altroglycerine-like that used in mining-could be procured from all the druggists in the city of Philadelphia. (This statement was made by the winness in refuta-tion of the "burglar theory.") tion of the "burglar theory."

tion of the "burghar theory.") **Professor** Henry Morton sworn-Agree with Processor Rogers' theory accounting for the blackening of the lathing in Orne's building in some points, but not in all; thick also that a fire originating by some ordinary accident could not have spread so rapidly as this one all mithent the alding presence of some agent did without the alding presence of some agent auch as escaped gas.

# CITY CRIMINAL OALENDAR.

Would-be Burglar-A One-armed Thief-Chicken Thieves-Disturbers of the Peace-A Wife-Beater-Robbing a Schooner-Robbed His Sister-in-law-A Highway Robber.

-Policeman O Neill, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, saw an individual acting very suspi-ciously at the shoe store of James Keenan, at Fifteenth and South streets. He went up to him, and found that he had made an attempt to break into the place. He was arrested, and gave the name of Thomas Farley. He was ommitted by Alderman Swift for a further hearing. - On Saturday afternoon John Sayers, a one armed man, went into the shoe store of John Tipton, at Front and Noble streets, and when he entered the place the proprietor nobled that he had but one arm. He left after looking over the stock, and as he went out Mr. Tipton no there that the empty sieeve looked as though there was something in it. He followed him to Fourth and South streets, where he had him arrested, and a pair of boots were found on him. One of the boots was shoved into the sizeve, while the other was dangling under the coat. Alderman Moore sent him below -Henry Williams and Peter Cornelius, colored, were arrested yesterday morning, on Grey's Ferry road, with a bag of chickens, which they stated were stolen from Delaware county. Alderman Dallas sent them to that place for trial. -A party of roughs went into the lager beer saloon at Third and Poplar streets yesterday morning, and created a disturbance. A policemorning, and created a disturbance. A pelke-man was called in, and arrested George Mook, who was bound over by Alderman Eggleton in 56.0 bail to answer at Court. —John C. Nicholson, living at Twentieth and Elisworth streets, beat his wite on Saturday, and was held to answer by Alderman Dallas. —John Bullivan went on board the schooner Black Daamond, lying at Poplar street wharf, at an early hour yesterday morning, and stole 150 hundred weight of tron, 20 fathoms of 6-inch hawser, and 20 fathoms of nanling line, which he placed in a boat, and was rowing down the river when he was overhauled by the Harbor Police. He was taken before Alderman Toland and committed for trial. Police. He was taken before Alderman Toland and committed for trial. —Anna Maria Work entered complaint inte-last week at the Central Station against Frede-rick Work, her brother-in-law, of having rob-bed her of \$615. He went to New York, where Detective James Quinn arrested (in, and on searching him recovered \$568. The robbery was committed at a house on New Market street, where the parties lived together, he taking the money from a bed ticking. Alder-man Kerr, after a hearing, sent Frederick to man Kerr, after a hearing, sent Frederick to prison. —Charles Robinson (colored), living at No. 818 Bedford street, has been committed to prison by Alderman Jones. It is alleged that while Thomas Harback, a lad, was carrying a coat on his arm, which he had to deliver in the western prison. part of the city, the prisoner, at Eighteenth and Arch streets, knocked him down and stole emaker he was bound over for trial.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT GRAIN MERCHANT.-This morning a committee of the Commercial Exchange presented the following resolutions concerning the death of a prominent member of that body:---

o that bod; --Whereas, Death has removed from our midst amother member, in the person of Isase Smith, of the firm of isase smith & Co; therefore *Resolved*. That in the death of Mr. Isase Smith this association, and the grain and pro-duce trade, have lost one whose integrity of purpose, snavity of manners, and peculiar vir-ites endeared him to all with whom he was associated.

Resolution to his bereaved family and make association to his bereaved family and make

suitable airangements. The committee consisted of the following gentlemen:-Charles Cummings, James Oallers, Henry Bumm, Bamuel J. Christian, Conrad Grove.

THE SEWHES OF PHILADELPHIA .- During the year 1863 the sewers of the city of Pailadelphia cost as follows:-

Authorized in 1867-Assessment bills, \$12,061 68;

Authorized in 1867—Assessment only, Sta. (80, 55); cost to city, \$2253 71; paid by property owners, \$525:63; total cost, \$14,855 81; bills sent to High-way Department, \$12 16; total, \$14,870 87. Authorized in 1868—Assessment bills, \$49,871 35; cost to city, \$11,110 85; paid by property owners, \$1110 60; total cost, \$60,825 27; bills sent to High-way Department, \$209 53; total cost, \$61,092 39. \_ Total bulk in 1868—Assessment bills, \$49,332 08; cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to city \$284 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners, cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners; cost to cost \$285 56; paid by property owners cost to city, \$13,394 56; paid by property owners, \$1636 23; total cost, \$75,082 08; bills sent to High-way Department, \$281 69; grand total, \$75,963 77.

During the year the length of sewers, etc., hat were laid was \$2,664 feet and 6 inches, or about 63-16 miles.

THE POLICE .- This morning the Mayor's Office was again crowded by the seekars after policemen's honors, many of whom were ac-companied by the members of the Legislature and other Democratic officials. No appolat-ments were annouaced. Lieutsnant Torbert, this morning. He has occupied his resigna-this morning. He has occupied his resigna-this morning. He has always been a faith-ful and energetic officer. Lieutenant Connelly, who forwarded his resignation last week, has consented to remain in his position until a suitable successor can be found

THE MILITARY TAX .--- Some of the residents of the Tenth ward have been exercised to know why Colonel Randall, the military tax collec-tor, should commence his operations in that ward. The truth of the matter is simply this:-That the lists of the Teuth ward are completed That the lists of the Teath ward are completed, while such is the case in no other ward. Next week the lists in the other wards will be com-pleted, and then the collection of the tax will be commenced in them.

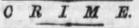
BOARD OF SURVEYS .- At a meeting of the Board of SURVETS.—At a meeting of the Board of Surveyors and Regulators, held at noon to day, the following business was trans-acted:—An application to revise the grade on Wayne street from Harvey to Tulpohocken streets was agreed to. The Board then pro-ceeded to the examination of plans of the Twelfin, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth sections of the Twenty-first ward. The plan of the Fourteenth section was finally approved, and the Board adjourned. the Board adjourned.

### NEW BEUNSWICK.

#### A Young Man Murders his Sister and Commits Suicide.

The telegraph has mentioned the recent tragedy at St. Stephens, N. B., where a young man nan ed Innis murdered his sister, uttempted to kill his nother and then committed suicide. The main facts connected with the affair are given as follows, in a letter from Calais, Me .:-'Innis had been absent from his home or birthplace aboat twelve years, most of the time atsea, until about three months ago he returned to make his mother, and brothers and sisters a visit. Several days alter his arrival, he invited his sister Addie, a lovely and highly estecmed young lady, to take a walk with him. She accepted his invitation, and they came on to the American side and down to the lower village, he desiring her to continue on with him down to Eastport, thirty miles. She mistrusted something wrong with him, and finally induced him to turn back, pretending she was very cold and must go bome to get some more clothing. Returning, they took the back street, and at a place where there were no houses near, stopped her and told her she must never speak to that young man who had been paying attention to her, nor to any other young man bat binself. He mude herget on her knees and swear she would obey him in this respect. They then went home and she made these facts known to her mother and other friends, whereapon Innis was arrested and sent to the Insanc Hospital in St. John, where he has been confined, until a lew days since he was released, upon the assumption that his mind had become entirely sound. He came from St. John to Eastport, and from there telegraphed his brother to send him some clothes, as he had made up his mind to go to sea again. This was probably a blind to put the family off their guard. On Monday alternoon, about three guard. o'clock, as Mrs. Innis and Addie were sliting sewing, the daughter heard a noise in the kitchen, and, getting up, told her mother she would see what it was. On opening the door she saw her brother, who, without speaking, hit her in the forehead with a batchet, cutting a gash some six inches long. She turned and ran towards her mother, when he struck her in the head, and then with one more blow out her back entirely open. He then made towards his mother, but she ran, and as she passed by the window she saw him killing himself, which he nearly aid with a sheath knife, severing himself nearly in twain. A deep gloom overcasts the community, as the young lady was a general favorite, and was to have been married this

orbear to enter upon the thrilling details of what forbear to enter upon the thrilling details of what I have seen and experienced during my imprison-ment, and will only add that I am in tolerably good health and in excellent spirits. The mail for the United States, of which I have but just received notice, closes in a few minutes, and I have no time to write more. Love to all my brothers, sister in-law, nephews, and nieces, and those all to wursely my more more super formers. and above all to yourselves, my ever dear parents. Yours affectionately, Ponrer C. BLISS.



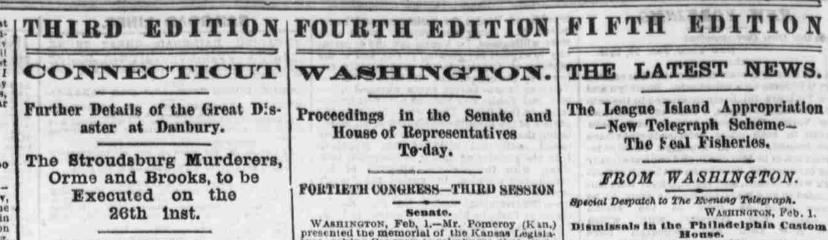
# A New York Gambler Robbed of \$10,000 in His Own Salcon.

The New York Tribune of this morning says: -About 7 o'clock last evening William Morey, one of the attaches of the gaming saloon on the second floor, No. 586 Brondway, was seated in the saloon alone, near one of the windows on the Prince street side. He was gently smoking, the gas not being lit in the apartment, although the street lamps partly re-lieved the gloom. While thus engaged some one phlocked the door leading into the apartment. This did not surprischim, as several of the persons connected with the place possess a key. Three men entered the room, of whom, walking over to where Mr. Morey sat, brandished a knife before his face and said:-"Don't move, or I'll stab you." The room was too dark to distinguish the faces of the men, one of whom stood near the door keeping guard, while a second stood ready to assist his comrade with the kolle. The glitter of the knife-blade could be seen, however, as the ruffian held it poised ready to strike at the least indication of a shout for help from his victim. Thinking that plunder was the object of his visit, Mr. Morey took from an inside breast-pocket a roll of bills, amounting to \$300, and handed it to the thiof, telling him to take it and begone with his companions. This old not satisfy them, however. Again telling Mr. Morey that if he made the slightest slarm he would meet with instant death, the robbers hrew him on the floor, and gagged and bound him securely. They then took from an inside breast-pocket a package containing \$7400 in Treasury notes, his gold watch and chain, and a valuable diamond pin, and with their blunder made good their escape. A short time after their departure, Mr. Morey succeeded in re-leasing his hands from their confinement and removed the gag. He had received no serious injury at the hands of his assailants, although they had used him rather roughly. Pro-ceeding to the Franklin Street Police Station, he related what had befailen him to Captain Jourday. They returned to the sloop, and on examination it was ascertained that no violence had been used in effecting an entrance. Either the thieves had been given one of the seven keys carried by the proprietor, Mr. Garvin, the employes, and a few of the frequenters of the place, or they had procured a false key. It is more than probable that some one who knew that Mr. Morey was in the habit of carrying a large sum of money about him had acquainted the thieves with the fact, and had, perhaps, loaned a key for the purpose of admitting them into the room. Captain Jourdan questioned theofficer on the

rost, and an old man who keeps au apple stand on the corner of Prince street and Broadway, with reference to the affair. Both stated that they had seen three men hanging around that vicinity in the early part of the evening, but had thought nothing of it, as it is the custom of many of those suspicious characters who inhabit the Eighth ward to frequent that neigh-borhood in the evening. This tobbery is one of the boldest that has taken place in this city for many years. Owing to the darkness of the room, Mr. Morey can give but a very imperfect description of the thieves, and the chances for their apprehension are very poor.

#### The New York Money Market, From the Times.

"The Money market is sufficiently easy at 7 per cent., with exceptions at 6 per cent., but the return of currency and country bank balances from the South and West is yet to be feit in the direction of increased loans and disfeit in the direction of increased loads and dis-counts. There is already, however, a good inquiry for prime merchant paper, and also some disposition to make loans on stock collateral on 15630 days' notice. Do mestic exchanges are generally in favor of New York, or if adverse, as at New Orleans, the difference is too slight to require the trans-mission of currency from New York. Trade shows for the week past. some improvement In the line of exports, and we learn that on Saturday freight ongagements to a fair extent were made for colton per steamer to Liverpool. That market begins to exhibit signs of responding to the recent speculation on this side. Our experts to Liverpool are now 94 257 bales less than to the same date last season, while the rethan to the same cate last season, while the re-ceipts of the crop, on the same cat, by the Groular of Mesars. Easton, are 94,506 bales more; or, including the ov.rland receipts, as made up by the Financial Chronicle, 228 560 bales more. Last week Great Britain only took 19,095 bales out of 85,905 bales received at all the ports. Less the profile of a crop nor parlower than 760,000 bales out of a arop now variously estimated at from 2,550 000 to 2,700,000 bales have yet gone forward to foreign markets; our own spinners have taken 350,000 bales, and the spinners have taken 350,000 bales, and the stocks on hand (a large portion of which is held on speculation) have in-creased 317,000 bales, all exclusive of the overland account by the Caronicle. These facts should tell favorably upon the foreign exchanges later in the season, and indirectly upon the price of gold, were the latter other-wise governed than by the capricious ups and downs of the gold-room. The business in foreign merchandise continues to show a de-cided improvement over last winter, and the smount upon which customs duties were paid in January is full 3314 per cent, in excess of the same month in 1868." From the Herald. "Money was in ample supply during the weck at seven per cent. The exceptional trans-actions at six per cent, were fluctuating in amount from day to day. The remittances from the West are still coming quite freely, and the banks report that our merchants are making their collections with greater facility. Money is not going so abundantly to the South. The planters have nearly all resilized and The planters have nearly all realized, and the cotton is now in the hands of brokers or dealers with New York connection or of New York origin. A Georgia paper says that many of the farmers of that State have now stored of the larmers of that state have how slored away in their money boxes all the way from \$1000 to \$5000 and \$10,000, the proceeds of last year's crops. This is more money than they have seen for a long, long time, and they begin to bol tob slored? "The gold premium was firm during the greater portion of the week under large pur-chases for shipment and on speculative ac-count. It transpired that considerable amounts of Government bonds and railway stocks nad been sent to Europe, and the week closed with a decline in the price. The reaction in the stock market was also, sympathetically, opera-tive in inducing sales."



## FROM CONNECTICUT.

Further Particulars of the Terrible Dis-aster at Daubury.

DANBURY, Conn., Feu. 1 .- The most terrible disaster that ever occurred in Dauburg happened last night, destroying a number of lives and much property. About 7 o'clock in the evening the upper Kohauza dam, which supplied the borough with water, gave way, letting down the water with such force as to carry away the lower dam also. The water of the two dams, thus let loose, formed an irresistible force, and carried away all before is. Flint's dam, which was carried away by the flood last summer, was again destrojed. Upper Main street bridge was carried away, also Saline fork avenue and White street bridges, while Patek street bridge, and the ones' at Lacy, Hoyt, and other streets were rendered almost impassable. Houses and small buildings were carried down stream and destroyed. Immense cakes of ice, with rocks, trees, etc., were carried a great distance. A house in the north of the town, occupied by The family of A. Clark, was carried away, and the inmates, a man, his wife, and a boy, were at drowned. The wife and child were found in the stream; near Myrtle avenue, and the husband was picked up near Peck's ditch. At the latter place the body of Miss Humphrey was found; and near at hand the bodies of Mrs. Husted and Mrs. Charles Audiews were recovered. Thus far five bodies have been found; but as a number of persons are missing, it is feared they have been drowned. It is supposed that twelve or fifteen lives were lost.

#### Death Warrants Issued.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 1.-The Governor this morting issued warrants for the execution, on the 26th of February, of William Brooks Friday. and Charles Otme, sentenced to be hung at Stroudsburg, Monroe county, for the murder of Theodore Brodhead.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-2 P. M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning, Davis & Co., Stock Brokers, 48 S. Third street;-N. Y. Cent. R. 159/2 West. Union Tel. 38/4 N. Y. and Eric B. 88/4 (Cleveland& Toledo. 104) Ph. and Res. R. 96 Mich. S. and N.I. R. 96 Mich. S. and N.I. R. 96 

### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Maguire Homicide.

Continued from the First Paule. COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER-Judges Al-lison and Peirce - The case of the Common-wealth vs. James Devereaux, charged with the weath vs. Jakes Devereaux, charged with the murder of Patiex F. Maguire, which was begun on Baturday afternoon, was resumed this morning. The defendant is a man about 25 years old, medium-sized, and apparently of the inboring class. This being a case less than murder in the first degree, ball was granted in the first instance and the defendant has been of large. We is represented by F. Amedoa at large. He is represented by F. Amedee Bregy and Christian Kneass, Esqs. The occurrence for which he is called upon to answer took place at Tultteenth and Callowhill streets, on the 13th of February last, under the following circumstances, as alleged by the Common-wealth:-The defendant and a companion, fol-lowed by a dog belonging to the former, were walking slong the street, when the deceased joined them and kicked the dog. This angored the defendant and caused him to remonstrate with the deceased, who retorted that he would as willingly kick the master as the dog. A fight between the two ensued, in which the defendant struck the deceased a heavy blow moon be jaw, fracturing the bone. ing circumstances, as alleged by the Commonupon his jaw, fracturing the bone. This shock aggravated the highly diseased condition of the decased and brought on death. The examination of the Commonwealth's

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.-Mr. Pomeroy (Kan.) presented the memorial of the Kansas Legisla-ture, asking Congress to relimburse that State the expenses incurred in repeiling the invasion of the rebels under General Price. Mr. Pomeroy also presented several petitions

Mr. Formeroy and presented several peritons for woman suffrage. Mr. Conkling (N. Y.) presented the petitions of it0 merebants and altizens of New York in behalf of the Commergial Navigation Com-pany, seting forth objections to the existing arrangements by which the mails of the United States are carried under contracts with foreign-ers.

Mr. Cole, from the Committee on Claims, re ported a resolution referring to the Court of Claims the claim of the University of Kentucky for damage to their building and apparatus while eccupled as a United States Hospital. Mr. Conking objected to the resolution, be-cause it proposed to anthorize the Court of Claims to investigate claims for damage done to real estate, contrary to an existing statute. Mr. Drake look the same view and moved to Mr. Drake took the same view, and moved to y the resolution on the table. Carried.

In the resolution on the table. Carried. Mr Summer presented a petition of negroes of Georgia, setting forth the "barbaric out-rages" committed upon their rights as citizens of the United States, and praying for the inter-ference of Congress in their behasif. Referred to

the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. Hencerson, from the Committee on In-dian Affairs, reported the bill to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department, and free commended its indefinite postponement. On motion of Mr. Fessenden, the joint resolu tion making an appropriation for the improve-ment and extension of the Interior. Depart-ment building, and authorizing the Secretary to rent an additional building. was taken up.

Mr. Morrill (V) joppesed the resolution as au-thorizing extravagance. Mr. Fessenden explained, and defended it as nessessary for the convenience and health of the employes. The second section authorizes the removal or distribution of the models which have been seventeen years on exhibition in the department, and in regard to this Mr. Fes-senden said that the committee had become satisfied that the preservation of old models was unnecessary, and must be stopped now or

before long. Mr. Willey (W. Va.) moved to amend that models should be kept 21 years instead of 17. Carried.

Mr. Conkling could not conquer his repugnance to giving to the present Administration authority to spend money or to do any higgrequiring good judgment and good falon, if the matter could possibly be postponed until after matter could poss the 4th of March.

Mr. Fessenden said he had never heard of the Secretary of the Interior having abased any power to expend money given him by Congress, and therefore was quite willing to entrust the matter to his honesty and dis-cretion.

Mr. Ferry said he had incautionaly ventured Mr. Ferry said he had incattionaly ventured into the atmosphere of certain rooms in the Interior Department under the present ar-rangement and had found it poisonous, and he thought it absolutely necessary that the Secre-tary should be authorized to make the pro-posed changes. Mr. Hendricks concurred in this view. Mr. Cregin was willing that the clerks in the Interior Department should breathe better air, but was opposed to authorizing any changes which might crowd and cripple the Patent

which might crowd and cripple the Patent Bureau of the department, because in that bureau the inventors of the country were deeply interested.

#### House of Representatives.

Mr. Beek presented the petition of merchants and dealers in distilled spirits, residing in the Fifth Congressional district of Kentucky, prav-ing for a modification of the Internal Revende law of July 2, 1868, and especially of sections 2 and 58 of that act. Referred to Committee of Ways and Means.

Ways and Means. Mr. Brooks presented the petition of the president, professors, and students at the Col-lege of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, for a reorganization of the navel medical corps. Referred to Naval Committee, Under the call of States and Territories, bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read twice, and referred as follows:-By Mr. Boulwell, relating to the sale of United States bonds and bullion. To Committee on-

Mr. Scofield, of Pennsylvania, offered the following this alternoon, which was agreed to: Whereas, it has come to the knowledge of the members of the Mouse that, acting upon an order issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury, he Collector of the Port of Philadel-phia dismissed twelve men employed in the Custom House of that cuty, and that the Secretary of the Treasury, acting "pon the suggestion of certa o official personances residing in Philadelph a, retused to contrin the dismissal of the men dismissed by the Collector of said port, and named twelve other men for di-missal, which action on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury is believed to be without precedent or warrant of law, and that it is in contemplation on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury to order payment to be made to the said men dismissed by the Collector of Port of Philadelphia, therefore,

B Resolved That the S-cretary of the Treasury be direc ed to furnish to the House of Representatives the correspondence upon this subject be ween the Tressury Department and the Colbector and the Surveyor of the Port of Philadel-phia, and that he be requested to suspend pay-ment to the officers dismissed by the Collector until further action of Congress.

#### The China Tolegrah.

The Senate Commerce Committee to-day reported the China Telegraph bill, connecting our telegraph system with the whole of Asia and Europe. The subsidy is stricken out. It authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to furnish a man-of-war to make a survey and aid in the work. The company is compelled to finish it in three years, and they are to have the exclusive control for fourteen years.

#### The Seal Fisherles.

The House Commerce Committee will report. Eliot's bill on the sea! fisheries of Alaska, which provides for giving the contract out to the highest bidder. Also for a tax of \$1.50 for each seal killed, besides a royalty to Government of three dollars.

#### The Reduction of Officers.

The Senate Military Committee have come to no conclusion with reference to Wilson's bill to reduce the number of officers in the army. They will confer with General Grant before any definite action is taken.

### Defeated.

Orth's bill about St. Domingo was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

The Constitutional Amendment

which passed the House on Saturday will be strongly opposed in the Senate, as the Judiciary Committee do not regard it with favor

Lengue Island Naval Station.

Mr. Myers, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill o-day, making an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars to construct a naval station at League Island. It was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

# FROM NEW YORK.

Verdict in the Rogers Murder Case. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.- The jury in the Rogers Surder case found a verdict to day that the de-

POLICE ARRESTS .- The number of arrests made by the police during the month of January was 2605, which were divided among January was 2605, which y

District.         District.           First.         105           Becond         228           Sixteenth         124           Third         215           Seventeenth         250           Fourth         191           Eighteenth         103           Fifth         214           Del. Harbor         31           Bixth         106           Schuvl. Harbor         8           Beyenth         106           Righth         107           Reggar         90           Ninth         122           Beggar         46
Becond         228         Sixteenth         124           Third         215         Seventeenth         250           Fourth         191         Eighteenth         103           Fifth         214         Del. Harbor         31           Bixth         106         Schuvl. Harbor         8           Beyenth         106         Day Sergeants         23           Fighth         107         Reserve         90           Winth         122         Beggar         46
Third
Fourth         191         Eighteenth         103           Fifth         214         Del.         Harbor         31           Bixth         100         Schuvl.         Harbor         3           Boventh         106         Day Sergeants         23           Fighth         107         Reserve         90           Winth         122         Beggar         46
Fifth
Bixth         100 Schuvl. Harbor
Ninth
Ninth
Ninth
Tenth 143 Chesnut Hill
Eleventh
Paralith 145
Thirteenth
Fourteenth

BUILDING STATISTICS .- During the month of January the Building Inspectors granted the following number of permits for new buildings and additions:-

Two-story Three story	83 34	Stores
Total Ooach-house Dye-house		Total
Factory	2	Total

SCALPED.—Andrew Dougherty, aged forty-six years, living at Fifteenth and Shippen streets, an employe at the buildings at Ninth and Chemnut streets, was struck on the head by a failing brick, which scalped him. He was taken to the University, where his wounds were dressed, after which he was taken to his home.

# WEST VIRGINIA.

week.

Republican.

#### The ew Senator.

The Republican vancus of the West Virginia Legislature have nominated ex-Governor Arthur I. Boreman for United States Senator; and as the Legislature has a Republican majo rity, his election may be regarded as certain. Governor Boreman has never been in Congress. nor has he held any position which has given him national celebrity; but he is the foremost man in the history of the new State of West Virginia, and, more than any other, commands the regard and respect of the Unionists of that Commonwealth. When, in 1863, the old State of Virginia was divided, and West Virginia constructed, Governor Boreman was chosen Governor unanimously, no vote being cast against him. In 1864 another gubernato rial election was held, and he was again unanimously elected, receiving 19,058 votes. In 1866 he was elected for the third time. A In 1866 he was decided for the unit time. A Democratic candidate was put up against him, but he received 23,802 votes to 17,158 for his opponent, a majority of 6644. In 1868 he de-clined re-election, and now goes to the United States Senate for six years, He succeeds Sena-tor P. G. Van Winkle, one of the seven Senators who voted against the conviction of President Johnson under the articles of impeachment. and of whom it is said that he prepared an opinion in favor of conviction and then voted against it. Governor Boreman is in the prime of lite, and is an active radical and thoughtful

PARAGUAY.

#### Letter from Porter C. Bliss-He is to be Tried for Conspiracy.

The following letter from Mr. Poster C. Biss has just been received by his parents in Catta-rangus county, New York:-

U. S. FLAGSHIP GUERRIERE, off Montevideo, Dec. 19, 1865. - Dear Parents: - Alter three months of imprisonment in Paragaay I have been rescued from the grasp of Lopez by the United States squadron under Admiral Davis, and along with my companion, Mr. Master-man, embarked on board the American gunboat Wasp on the 10th inst, and arrived here yesterday. Lonez demanded, as a condition of our surrender, that we should be sent to the United States as prisoners, to be tried there for the altered offense of conspiring against him, and Admiral Davis accepted the condition. I am under no restraint on board this magnifcent vessel, where I am treated with every attention by the officers. In a few days we shall attention by the onders. In a tew days we shall be sent to the United States, so that shorily after receiving this you may expect to hear of my arrival at Washington, where the Government will, doubtless, give the case a thorough inves-tigation, which is my most varuest desire. I

#### Ship News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Yeb. I. - Arrived, ship Ed-wards, from Baker's Island, for orders. Passed to, ebip Arguenot, from Braton: barques Isaita brig Mis-sissippi, from Derss rars; schooner Ses View, from Martin'que. Passed out, barques Acquidoog and wayfarer, for Rio: Delawars, for Demerars; Jaret, for Liverpool: Mary A. Marenall and brig Fides, for B-liast; brigs Nicola and Maria, for Montevilie? Or-tolal, for Bayeria; Viginia Dare, for Sawanab; Jenols Morion, for Assiawali; Eudorus, for Gaba; schooners Susan Filzgerald, for Liverpool, and Har-rist Baker for Guba. rist Baker for Ouba.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN LOUIS DREEA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1053 CHEENUT Street.

VISITING AND WEDDING CARDS
AND
PARTY INVITATIONS,
the latest and most fashionable styles.
NEW FRENCH PAPERS.
Just received, a new assortment of very de- sirable patterns.
Monograms and Initials stamped in colors
He HOSKINS & CO.,

No. 913 ARCH Sureet. 01mws8m A LL THE NOVELTIES OF PARTY AND WEDDING INVITATIONS.

Just received, a large assortment NEW STYLES OF FRENCH PAPER AND ENVELOPHS, STAMPED IN COLORS GRATIS.

J. LINERD. 10 BENWSIE No. 91 SPRING GARDEN Street. witnesses was in progress when our report closed.

closed. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-Judge Ludlow.-William Moriay vs. John Hertzler and John Daily. An action to recover rent and of re-plevin to recover goods in the hands of the plaintif, the defense alleging unlawful eviction from the premises. On trial. District COURT, No. 1-Judge Stroud -John Drumm; and Christiana, his wile, to use vs. David Titlow, executor. An action to recover on a bond. No defense. Verdict for plaintiff, \$3661.

\$3651. Wernway & Co. vs. James Eccles. An action to recover money advanced on goods. On trial. Distruct Count, No. 2-Judge Greenbank.-Graham vs. Mullicken. An action of ejectment te try the tille to property in Mount Vernon street, above Eighteenth. Verdict for plaintiff, \$\$12.62, means profits. George C. Slurain vs. the Walnut and Chesnut

George C. Slursin vs. the Waintrand Chestate streets Passenger Railway Company. An ac-tion to recover damages for injuries sustained in a collision with one of defendants' cars at Twelfth and Chesnut streets, last April, by which plaintiff's carriage was destroyed. The which plaintiff's carriage was destroyed. The defense denied negligence on their part. On trial

SUPREME COURT IN BANC .- Chief Justice Bornsson, and Judges Agnew, Sharswood, and Williams. Severa judgments in country cases were given this morning, and the argument of the city list was resumed. Nist PRIUS-Judge Read-The new parlod for jury trials was begun to-day, but no cases

were taken up.

### Philadelphia Cattle Market.

MONDAY, Feb. 1 .- Beef Cattle were in fair demand this week at full prices. 1600 head arrived and sold at \$140010c, for extra Pennsylvania and Western steers, 839c. for fair to good do., and 537c. % pound gross for common, as to quality. The following are the particulars of the sales --

the sales:Head,
36. Owen Smith, Western, 0/4@9/4, gr.
35. A. Christy & Bro., Western, 8@10, gr.
16. Dengier & McCleese, Chester co., 7@8%, gr.
100. P. McFillen, Lancaster co., 8@9/4, gr.
20. B. McFillen, Vestern, 8@9, gr.
20. B. McFillen, Western, 8@9, gr.
21. Ulman & Bachmann Lancaster co., 9@10, gr.
23. McFillen, Western, 7@0/4, gr.
24. Chain, Western, 6@7/4, gr.
25. J. & L. Frank, Virginia, 84/207/4, gr.
26. Hope & Co., Western, 8@9, gr.
27. M. Dryfoos, Western, 8@9, gr.
28. Bladwis, Chester co., 7@8/4, gr.
29. B. Branson, Chester co., 7@8/2, gr.
29. B. Branson, Chester co., 7@8/2, gr.
20. B. Branson, Chester co., 7@8/2, gr.
23. M. Duffy, Western, 5@7, gr.
24. Chandler & Alexander, Ohester co., 7@8/2, gr.
25. B. Baldwis, Chester co., 7@8/2, gr.
26. W. Duffy, Western, 5@7, gr.
27. D. Branson, Chester co., 7@8/2, gr.
28. Houn, Delaware co., 6@7/5, gr.
39. Houn, Delaware co., 6@7/5, gr.
30. Hondier & Alexander, Ohester co., 7@10, gr.
31. McArdie, Western, 6@9/4, gr. THE CREAT CARD DEPOT. 40. Kimble & Wallace, Chester co., 7610, gr.
18. S. Houn, Delaware co., 66734, gr.
33. J. McArdie, Western, 66934, gr.
16. Rosenberg, Pennsylvanis, 514266, gr.
5. Lerok, Pennsylvanis, 514266, gr.
25. J. Latia, Chester co., 51466, gr.
26. Gr. were unchanged; 150 head were sold at \$45665 for springers, and \$50665 % head for cow and calf.

and calf. Sheep ware firmly held at the late advance; 6000 head sold at 6850. % lb., gross. Hogs were in demand at an advance; 3000 head sold at the different yards at \$16@16.50 % 100 ibs.

Banking and Currency. By Mr. Eliot (Mass.), to prevent the collection of illegal imports under color of State autho-

rity, meaning the tax on railroad passengers, To Committee on Commerce. The bill declares it unlawful for officers of

railroad companies to collect or pay over to any State or municipal officer, or into a State or municipal treasury, any tax or impost levied upon persons transported to or from any State or district of the United States on lany State or district of the United States, or levied on the compensation paid by such persons for

transportation. By Mr. White, remitting the legacy tax on a

By Mr. White, remitting the legacy tax on a legacy to a female institution in Bath, New York. To Committee on Ways and Means. By Mr. Robinson, for the increase of the salary of the President of the United States to \$100,000 and for the payment of \$75,000 to the widow and children of Abraham Lincoln. To Committee on Appropriations. By Mr. Haight, supplementary to the act of Msy 23, 1865, calling out the mational forces. To Committee on Military Affairs. By Mr. Cobb, joint resolution of the Wiscon-sin Legislature, praying Congress to make ap-propriations to improve the navigation of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. To Committee on Commerce. Commerce. By Mr. Orth. a joint resolution of the Indiana

Legislature relative to the harbor of the Indiana Legislature relative to the harbor of Michigan City. To Committee on Commerces. By Mr. Shanks, directing the Secretary of the Navy to deliver possession and title, without cost to the Greek Government, through its accredited Minister to this Government, of the two monitors, the Miantonomah and Agawam, in their present condition, and where they now lie in harbor. To Committee on Naval Affirs By, Mr. Dickry, to refund certain taxes illegally collected in the Internal Revenue Department. To Committee on Ways and Means. By Mr. Kellogg, to revise a grant of land to Alabama for a railroad from Selma to Gadsden, and to conform the same to the Selma, Rome, and balton Railroad Company. To Committee on Public Lands. two monitors, the Miantonomah and Agawam

on Public Lands.

By Mr. Haughey, a joint resolution of the General Assembly of Alabama for the improvement of the Tennessee. To the Committee on

Best of the remeaser. To the committee on Commerce. By Mr. Spalding, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, in re-ference to the mode of choosing electors for President and Vice-President, and for Repreentatives in Congress. To the Committee on

the Judiciary. It proposes the creation of electoral districts by Congress in each State, each such dustrict to choose an elector for President and Vice-President.

By Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, relating to the Cherokee neutral lands. To Committee on Pab lie Lands.

By Mr. Wilson, of Ohio, to amend section 2 of the act of February 28, 1807, for the relief of certain drafted men. By Mr. Driggs, several bills in reference to

grants of public lands to the State of Michigan To Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. Wilson (Iows), to increase the num-ber of Judges of the Supreme Court of the Dis-trict of Columbia. To the Judiciary Committee. By Mr. Higby, granting aid the construction of the San Diego Railroad. To Pacific Railroad Committee.

Committee. Also, to relinquish the interest of the United States in jertain lands to the city and county of San Francisco. To Committee on Millitary Affairs.

#### Brigham Young.

VALENTIA, Ireland, Feb. 1 .- A storm has prostrated the telegraph lines connecting European cities with the Atlantic cable.

ceased came to his death from a stab wound in the abdomen at the band of some party or partics unknown. They further state it to be their belief that a considerable portion of the evidence was dehberate perjury. The prisoners were taken before the District Attorney, who refused to take any action in the matter of their

release for the present. Action of the New York Stock Board.

NEW YORE, Feb. L-In accordance with a resolution adopted some time ago by the New York Stock Board, reciting that no stock of any company a reguliry of whose stock is not kept in some responsible bank or some satisfactory agency, etc., would be called in either board after January 30, the following stocks were to-day omitted from the regular list:-Wells & Fargo, Adams' Express, United States Express, Erie Railway, and Erie preferred.

#### Fatal Boiler Explosion.

ZANESVILLE. Ohio, Feb. 1.-An engine attached to a freight train on the Central Ohio division of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad exploded near Barnesville to-day, killing the engineer and fireman, and severely injuring three train men.

#### United States Senate.

Continued from the Fourth Edition.

Mr. Cameron thought the resolution proposed to expend too much money.

to expend too much money. The Speaker thought it poor economy for Sensions to subject their innocent fellow citi-zens employed in the Interior Department to a health-destroying atmosphere for the sake of saving some money. Mr. Cameron believed that the Government employes in Washington were remarkably weit cared for, and feit quite confident that interior of them would survive until March 4, when there would come into power a new ad-ministration, which it would be saite to trust with the expenditure of money. Mr. Morrill (VL) regarded that portion of the resolution suthorizing the destruction of mode's as the entering wedge for the abolition of the Patent Office. Mr. Conking moved an amendment provid-ing that the resolution should not take effect until the 15th of April, 1869.

### Latest Markets by Telegraph.

New Yonk, Feb 1-Cotton firm; 900 bales sold at 15%. Flour cull and deciving; superiue \$7,7606 25, extras \$676637. choice \$7.0667 5., fancy \$7,2608, Oati-ti rail, \$6,3605 formid and \$57766075 for new. Wheat i ull at d d-civing. Corn dull and deciving; 25.000 bushes bold; mixed Western 91093c. Oath have; 25 000 bushes to Western as a at 7460785; affoat and in store. Bear quict. Pork active a id firm; new Mess \$1125; Prime \$25,2602025. Lard firm; new Mess \$1125; Prime \$25,260205. Whisky quict and quistations nominal.

## PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, FEB. 1 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 48 S. Third street BETWEEN BOARDS.

\$400         GO	100 an Bend R
Sconh Leh Nav	100 dola.b30 48

EMPIRE SLATE MANTEL WORKS.-J. B. KIMES, NO. 2105 CHESNUT Street. 1 15wind

GARTLAND, UNDERTAKER, M South THIRTHENTH Street. 19 29 447

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1,-Delegate Hooper has received a telegram from Salt Lake to day, denying the report that Brigham Young had been attacked by paralysis. He is quite well. Storm on the Northeastern Coast. By Atlantic Cable.