CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR. Charged with Larceny - Robbery in a Disorderly House-Corner-Lounging-Stole a Cont-Bent His Wife-Owner

-Last evening, a German named Louis Stein-Last evening, a German named Louis Stein-hauser offered for sale at Bergner's beer saloon, in Library street, a set of billiard bails for \$8. The bartender thisking that he came by them unlawfully, sent for an officer, and Reserve DeHaven responded. Louis was taken into consody, and DeHaven subsequently ascer-tained that the property, valued at \$28, had been stoien from the billiard saloon of J. W. Zuebner, Nos. 1228 and 1225 Ridge avenue. The prisoner had a hearing before Alderman Kerr this morn-ing, and was sent to prison in default of \$1000 bail.

Ball.

—Rose Dally and Margaret Renner have been arrested and held to ball, on suspicion of the larceny of \$110 from an individual who had found his way into their presence. The their was committed in house No. 443 New Market street and the proprietress of the same. Elizawas committed in nouse No. 445 New Market street, and the proprietress of the same, Elizabeth Lesher, was also taken into custody upon the charge of keeping a disorderly house.

—A lad named William Parks, for corner-lounging at Thirteenth and Carpenter streets, was argusted yesterday, and held to keep the peace.

peace.

—Lest evening two colored men went into the store of Henry Parker, Ridge avenue, below Spring Garden street, and asked for some trimmings. While the proprietor was in the rear of the store, one of the men seized a twenty-two dollar overcoat and made off with it. The other, John Howard, remained, and when Mr. Parker attempted to arrest him he used a knife on him, inflicting several deepents on his hand. Howard was detained, however, until the arrival of an officer, and then he ever, until the arrival of an officer, and then be was escorted to the lock-up. Alderman Massey

ommitted him.

—About 3 o'clock this morning a cry of murder was heard emanating from nouse No. 1503
Callowhil street. The police, on repairing to
the domicite, found the occupant, Frank Temple, in the act of beating his wife. Frank was

ple, in the act of beating his wife. Frank was arrested, and this morating Alderman Pancoast held him in \$1000 bail.

—Last evening a drayman, with a barrel of molasses on his vehicle, drove up to a grocery store on Thirteenth atreet, below Shippen, and offered the syrup for sale. The proprietor of the store operationed him as to where he obtained ore questioned him as to where ne obtained the property, and informed him that he would send for an officer. Hearing this, the drayman rolled the barrel on to the pavement and then drove off at a very rapid rate. An owner for the syrup is wanted.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE ON CRESNUT STREET .-About ten minutes before twelve o'clock last night a fire was discovered in the third floor of the nee story brick building at the northwest corner of Chesnut street and Franklin piace. Painter, Read & Eldredge, clothiers, occupied the first floor; Rudolph Stein, printer and lithographer, the second, third, and fourth strifes; and Haley & Baker, bookbinders, the fifth floor. The fismes when first discovered were confined to the southeast corner of the third floor, and had it not been for the condition of the plug in front of the First National Bank the are would have been extinguished with but a trifling loss.
Chiof Engineer Downey was promptly on

hand, and assisted in endervoring to make a connection with the ping, but falled, owing to the flag pavement interfering with the nozzle of the ping. The fire in this way was allowed to spread, and it was some fifteen minutes before water could be obtained. Then the third floor was in a perfect biaze, and the fire had burned through the rafters of the taird story and was about being communicated to the fourth floor, when the firemen fairly got to

work and its progress was checked.

The third floor was used by Mr. Stein as a composing room, and contained a number of printer's cases. The back part of the story was used for printing purposes and contained two Gordon presses, three hand-presses, and one Campbell press. The fourth floor was used for lithographic

The fire was confined to the third floor, but the entire building was deluged with water. Mr. Stein had on hand a large quantity of paper, prepared work, etc. His loss is esti-mated at \$15,000, upon which there is an in-

Girard... Lycoming...... Delaware Mutual..... Boring Garden..... Imperial, of Loudon The large stock of clothing of Painter, Read

& E dredge was greatly damaged by water, but owing to a strict guard kept by the police, this store was not broken into and nothing was either removed or stolen. This firm suffered a loss of about \$10,000; insured for \$15,000, as follows. low:-Franklin, \$5000; Reyal, \$5000; and Fire Association, \$5000. The building No. 323 Chesnut street, occupied

by Lee, Brothers & Co., importers of white goods, embroideries, laces, etc., and on the lower floor by Edward Gratz, Jr. & Co., fortunately escaped without serious injury, either by fire or water.

At one time it was thought, from the rapid of the flower of the flowers and the length of time

At one time it was thought, from the rapid progress of the flames, and the length of time that elaped before water was thrown on the fire, that the cutire building would fall a prey to tre devouring element. The origin of the conflagation is not known.

A HANDSOME MONUMENT .- Henry S. Tarr & Son, in their Ornamental Marbie Works, in Green street, above Seventh, have just com-pleted a handsome tomb, to be placed over the remains of Captain Samuel F. McKee, at Catasauqua, Lehigh Valley. It is of Italian marble, mounted on a granite base. The names of the battles in which Captain McKee fought are incribed upon it, over the die, in raised letters, in commemoration of his services in the field.
On the front of the die, on the corners, are carved a laurel and oak leaves, and the inscription, "Captain Samuel F. McKee, 147th Regiment P. V. Infantry." It also bears the appropriate motioes, "Honor to the brave," and "He who is embalmed in honor never alors." "Our brother—we love thes, and we move the start of the st "Our brother-we love thee, and we mourn for thee," appears in raised letters on the back front, together with a representation of joy, and a rose and hily. The cap is surmounted with a hat, sword, sash and belt, representing those worn by the deceased while in the field. Captain McKee was born in Pittsburg, June 18, He was in several battles of the war pre 1829. He was in several battles of the war pre-vious to an engagement near Marietta, on the 21st of June, 1864, during which he rell. The temb is erected by his friends as a tribute to the memory of a brave officer and esteemed

PRILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMOEB HAILEOAD.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore R-ilroad, held in the city of Wilmington, all the old board of directors were re elected, with the exception of John A. Dan-can (deceased), in whose place Samuel Harian was elected. The board subsequently met and was elected. The board subsequently met and elected the old officers, making the officers and directors for the ensuing year as follows:—President—Isaac Huckley; Vice-President—Encoh Prati; Directors—Samuel M. Felton, Wm. Littleton Savage, William Sellers, Iesse Lane, Joseph Bringhurst, Samuel Harian, Frederick A. Curis, J. I. Cohen, Jr., Thomas Kelso, Columbus O'Donnell, Thomas Donaldson, Jacob Tome Nathaniel Thayer; Secretary and Treasurer—Alfred Horner.

CARPENTER SHOP DESTROYED -About a quarter before three o'clock this moining the car-penter shop occupied by William Matthews, in the rear of No 217 South Eleventh street, was desiroyed by fire, together with its contents.

The loss of Mr. Matthews is not heavy, as he had but a very small stock of material on hand.

The property belonged to Mrs. Thompson.

DEATH OF A CONSTABLE.-Mr. John J. Carville, constable of the Seventeenth ward, died this morning, after a short lliness. Deceased was well known in the upper section of our city, and was highly respected both as a citizen and an officer of the law. His death is regretted by a large circle of friends.

DISTRIBUTION OF BREAD. - Mr. Fox, proprictor of the New American Theatre, distri-buted to the poor, this morning, two thou-and leaves of bread. The needy were on hand in

RESCUED .- About seven o'clock last night Michael Aldoffer walked into the Delaware at Noble street wharf Officer Morris rescued him. Michael was taken to the Seventh Dis rict sation house, where he was numerly cared for.

DROWNED MAN .- This morning a drowned man was found floating in the Delaware at almond street. The Coroner took charge of the

list of Bank elections published in yesterday's TELEGRAPH, the following with the exhibited results-took place to-day:-

results—took place to-day:

Mechanics' National Bank,—Directors, Joseph G.
Mitchell, Benjamin W, Tirgley, John C. Davis, Wat.
A. Drown, G. D. Hosengarien, Joseph G. Bakar, Junis Woodside, George H. Stuart, Gustav is Engine.

National Bank of the Northern Liberties.—Directors, Joseph Moors, Joseph B. Byers, Charles J. Butter Edwin H. Fitter, Joshus Lippincott, Joseph W. Miller, James N. Stone, Schuhel Baker, Larsal Peterson, William Overlagton, Alexander M. Fox, Jacob Blegel, Charles Young.

Commercial National Bank—Directors, James L. Regborn, Joseph Jones, P. Jenks Smith, Joseph William Baice, William Weightman, Daniel C. Wharlon, Daniel Haddock, Jr., Leon Berg, Famuel Huston, Charles B. Williams, Samuel Baugh, Albert G. Baker, Joshus Lippinco t.

The Manuacturer's National Bank—Directors, John Jordan, Jr., Heury Davis, Enos L. Reece, John Glibert, Corwen Stoddart, Henry Golger, W. D. Frishmuth, Michael M. yer, Emmor Weaver.

Girard National Bank—Directors, D. B. Cummins, S. B. Berrott, David Scall, Jr., Joseph S. Perot, William Struthers, Charles Rogan, William Gilliam Gilles Directors, David Scall, Jr., Joseph S. Perot, William Struthers, Charles Rogan, William Gilliam Gilliam

William Stituters, Charles Rogan, Antalas Die, Washington Butcher, William Hay, Thomas B. Waltson

City National Bank - Directors, William F. Hugber Josiab Rinterbook John Baird, Thomas Potter, S. D. Walton, A. Boyd Cummings, Charles E. Lex, Coffie Colket: Frederick Willcox, J. P. Wetherlit, C. Heary Garden, William J. Heistmann, L. V. Williamson,

Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, - Directors, Edwin M. Lewis, John Ashhurst, Anthony J. Antelo Benjamin A. Farbham, Francis Tets, Lindley Suytu, Richard C. Dale, Joshua B. Lipplincott, J. Edward Farnum, George W. Farr, Jr., William H. Woodward, Charles M. Hutchinson, Henry P. Sloan.

- The following Banks, held elections vester-

-The following Banks held elections yester-day, but the result was not known in time for

our issue of that day:-

our issue of that day:—

Second National Bank.—Directors—Nathan EllisGeorge W. Rhawa, Beojamin Rowland, Jr., Edward
Hayes, Lewis Spaltcross. Sepjamin H. Deacon, John
Cooper, Witti m Ervete, Wittam H. Rhaws.

Bighth National Bank.—Directors, Jscob Naylor,
Janes Irwin, Jscob G. Neslie Charles N. Chids.
Charles H. Craige, William King, I. S. Custer, Henry
S. Zlegler, James Long John F. Norcross, W. W.
Adans, Jac. & Grim. A. Lincoln.

National Bank of the Republic—Directors, William
H. Rhawn, Berjamin Rowland, Jr., Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Boyl, John Pearce Affred Day,
Howard Hinchman, William M. Seyfert, Charles
Richardson, J. Barlow Meorhead, William Hacker,
Charles L. Sharbless, William B. Bement

Kensington National Bank—Directors, Charles T.,
Yerkes, Isaac E. Landell, John Scanlin, Stophen
Robert M. Coleman, Edward Morray, C. H. R. Crebell, J. H. Walmwright Edward W. Gorgas, Benjajamin H. Brown, John Martin.

Licensed,—The Mayor this morning licensed

LICENSED .- The Mayor this morning licensed the hall of the Philharmonic Society.

The New York Money Market.

brom tue Tribune. "Rumors have been affoat in Wall street fo some days past that the Secretary of the Treasury was about to issue and sell an additional amount of gold bearing bonds, under the act of March 3, 1865, under which he still claims the right to issue bonds in lieu of 7.30 Treasury notes which have purchased and redeemed. On Monday this rumor assumed the form of a de-finite and positive a sertion that a certain Government banking-house, known as the medium through which the secret sales of the Secretary have recently been conducted, would receive from the Department between now and February 1, \$5,000 000 of the new 5-20s of 1865. These rumors and February 1, \$5,000 000 of the new 5.20s of 1865. These rumors and assertions exert more influence than they otherassertions exert more influence than they other wise would, from the fact that certain operators in Government bonds, who have generally been cridited with more knowledge of Treasary secrets than other people possessed, have been large sellers and active bears in the bond market, in the face of the immense investment demand, the growing ease in money, and other natural causes for a rising market, which have characterized the first ten or twelve days of the characterized the first ten or twelve days of the opening year. We do not believe that there is any foundation for the rumor of the expected sales beyond the explanation of Mr. Van D. ck that there are some remnants of the different issues under the act of March 3, 1865, ancunt ng to \$500,000 or \$600,000, which it may be deemed advisable to sell to fill ap consecu-tive numbers. There is no reason to suppose that Mr. McCulloch will do so toolish a thing as os-llany more six per cent, gold bonds in face of his own declaration in his annual report that he did not design to do so, while the great burden of our financial talk is the large amount burden of our financial talk is the large amount of gold interest to which our debt is subject, and while there does not exist the slightest excuse for setting anything in the present condition of the Treasury. The misfortune is that such rumors are rendered possible and credible at all by the existence of any authority on the part of the Secretary to sell gold bonds in any event. They are constantly being made use of to depress the Government credit, to alarm the money market, to help the Shylocks, and to bring recrosed upon the Treasury manage. bring reprosed upon the Treasury management. They would be effectually and permanently silenced by a prompt resolution of Congress decisring all existing gold loans positively closed, and all authority to issue gold bonds necessity for continuing any such authority for a day longer, as any temporary wants of the Treasury, shou'd any arise, could be promptly and abundantly supplied at any time by means of temporary currency loans, and there is not the slightest spology for the issue of another six per cent, gold bond. Mr. McCulloch himself could hardly object to such action on the part of Congress, as it would relieve him from all responsibility in the matter, and save him the mortification of having his name used and his administration of the Treasury periodically covered with odium, in the interest of unprin-cipled speculators and manipulators of the

From the Times. "The rates for money to the brokers, which terday to the equivalent of 10 per cent. (that is, 2 per cent. in gold), opened on the same terms this forenoon, but the demand being less rgent, there was considerable business done before the close of bank hours at simple our-rency interest. This was probably induced by rency interest. This was probably induced by the fact that money was abundant enough, if not overabundant, at the higher (on gold) rate early in the day. The brokers in the public funds were generally accommodated et 7 per cent. currency; the brokers in the railways as from 10 to 7 per cent., and the gold brokers at the equivalent of 728 per cent, currency. Altogether, the money market cannot be called a very comfortable one for borrowers, except at extra rates fortable one for borrowers, except at extra rates Why this is so admits of a variety of interest. of interest. Why this is so admits of a variety of explanation, such as the reduced greenback basis at bank, as compared with this time last year; the much higher prices for stocks, especially the ratiways; the wants of the Pacific Ratirosds for temporary accommodation in adratirogos for temporary accommodation in advance of the regular sales of their own mort-gages, and the local speculation, for New York and Southern account, in cotton. The singu-lar feature of the market is that while money commands extra rates of interest, nearly all departments of the Stock Exchange, the Gold Room, and the Produce Exchange (including cotton) are stribbornly sustained. Little or no impression was made upon the Gold Room to day. The public funds opened with some signs of weskness, but closed firm the railways were better than at the close of business on Monday; the Southern State of business on Monday, the Louis the Foreign bonds were well supported; and the Foreign bonds were disposed to firmness, though the Exchanges disposed to firmness, though the cash sales of bills on the street for cash were reported 1.214 per cent, below the nighest ask-ing rates at the counters of the leading binkers, T erange of first class sixty days' exchange on London was 109% at 1/9% per cent

Received too late for Classification. INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JANUARY 13, 1869,

The following gentlemen have been duly elected Directors of this Company for the year 1889.—

BIRECTORS FOR YEAR 1889.

CHAS. BAR S. LEWIS.

CHAS. R. LEWIS.

LOWARD C. KNIGHT.

JOHN B. AUSTIN.

CHRIS. J. HOFSMAN.

RICHARD D. BENSON.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, HENRY D. SHERRERD, Esq., was unanimously re-circled as President of the Company.

WILLIAM HARPER.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 221 S. DELAWARE AVENUE. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13, 1869. Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of this Company will be closed on the 15th inst, and so continue until February 1 Broximo. J. PARRER NORRIS.

SNYDER & CADWALLADER,

CHOICE WINES, WHISKIES, BRANDIES: IM-PORTED ALMS, CHAMPAGNE, CIGARS, Etc.,

IN LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES. No. 930 ARCH STREET. 12 15 1m 8p

Report of the Attorney-General

Operations of his Department

During the Year 1868.

PENNSYLVANIA

Rte., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Below will be found the full report of Hon. Benjamin Harris Brewster, Attorney-General of Pennsylvania. It is an excellent resume of all the law proceedings in which the Commonwealth is a party in her own interest, and contains proof of the great activity of that department. There has been collected, during the past year, on suits brought, the round sum of three hundred and eight thousand four hundred and seventy dollars. This amount has been directly realized, while through the successful conduct of numerous important cases the State is assured of a handsome annual income from the tax on net earnings of corporations. The total expenses of the department for the year closed amount, as the report of the Auditor General shows, to \$5939—less than two per cent on the collections. This certainly is proof of activity, and Attorney-General Brewster should receive well-merited praise for the record of the work he has accomplished during the year 1808. -ED. EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, Attorney-General's Report. HARRISBURS, Jan. 13.—The Attorney-General

last evening presented to the Legislature his Annual Report, as required by law, It was read to both houses. The following is a copy of it in full:-OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL, HAR-

RISHUNG, Jan. 12.—To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Representatives of the Commonweath of Pennsylvania — Gentlemen: — In accordance with the set approved 21st April, 1857, I respect-fully submit the following report of the official business transacted by me for the year just closed:— On the 14th of Japuary, 1868, as appears by

my annual report presented to the Legislature on that day, there remained in the office of Attorney-General uncollected claims due the Commonwealth amounting to one hundred and sixty-two thousand seven hundred and three dollars and twenty five cents (8162 703 25) Of these one hundred and forty thousand five hundred and eighty six dollars and fifty six cents (\$140585556), had been placed in the hands of the late Attorney General. A large propor-tion of this amount was for taxes due the State by insolvent oil companies, and will probably never be realized.

The balance, amounting to twenty-two thou-

The balance, amounting to twenty-two thousand one hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-nine cents (\$22.1600), had been certified to me during the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven. Of these uncollected claims I have collected during the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, fifty thousand four hundred and ninety-nine dollars and nine cents (\$50.499.09, on account of the principal, and four thousand four hundred and sixty dollars and forty-two cents (\$4460.42), for interest leaving

(\$50,499.09, on account of the principal, and four thousand four hundred and sixty dollars and forly two cents (\$4460.42), for interest, leaving uncollected of the principal of these claims one hundred and twelve thousand three hundred and four dollars and sixteen cents (\$112,304.16).

During the year just closed there have been placed in my hands new claims to the amount of one hundred and sixteen cents (\$112,304.16).

During the year just closed there have been placed in my hands new claims to the amount of one hundred and sixty-six thousand cight aundred and twenty-one dollars and sixty-six and a haif cents (\$165.821.663.4). Of the principal of this amount I have collected ninety-six thousand seven hundred and forty-six dollars and twenty-six cents (\$95.716.26), and of the interest four thousand lour hundred and sixty four dollars and eighty-nine cents (\$4161.89). Of these new claims seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-four dollars and eight cents (\$708.1-05) have been withdrawn by the Auditor-General for settlement. There remains therefor of the principal of these claims uncollected sixty-two thousand two hundred and one dollars and thirty-two and a half cents (\$62,201.32). for the greater part of which sum suits have been brought and are now pending. Of this balance forty-five thousand two hundred and eighty-two dollars and sixty-two cents (\$45,282.62) were placed in my hands within the last few weeks. two dollars and sixty-two cents (\$45,282.62) were placed in my hands within the last few weeks, and at to late a date that sufficient time has not elapsed for me to receive answers to the notifications which I sent to the defendants.

In addition to the collections from the sources above enumerated I have collected from appeal cases and suits of different character, the sum of one hundred and fity-two thousand the sum of one hundred and fifty-two thousand two hundred and ninety-nine dollars and seventy-two cents (\$152,299.72), making the total amount of my collections for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, three hundred and eight thousand four hundred and seventy dollars and fifty-eight cents (\$308,470.58) all of which was paid into the Treasury of the State immediately on its receipt. Of the collections and payments made during the year, detailed statements were made out quarterly and transmitted to the State Treasurer, as terly and transmitted to the State Treasurer required by law. An annual settlement of my accounts with the Auditor-General was also made, in accordance with statutory provisions. All of the uncollected balances in my hands are now in process of suit, with the exception of a few claims which I have not had time to

To enforce the claims of the Commonwealth

receive replies from the defendants.

have brought one hundred and two sulu (102), service has been had in sixty-four (61). In three (3) the Sheriff has returned "service accepted," in thirteen (13) "ninil," in one N. E. I, and in four (4) "Tardit venit." Nice summons have been "stayed or withdrawn," and ou eight (8) the Sheriff has not as yet made any return. Judgments were taken in seven teen cases (17), and seventeen (17) executions have been issued, Of these four (4) were returned "nulla bona;" ten (10) are not yet returned, two
"levied and extended," and one "levied and
condemned." In these same actions thirty-five
(35) have been marked "Plaintiff satisfied;" five
(5) "Discontinued," and nine "Discontinued (5) "Discontinued," and nine "Discontinued and plaintiff satisfied." Fifteen appeals have been taken from the settlements of the Auditor-General and State Treasurer. In nearly all of these cases the points involved are already pending in the Supreme Court of the State or in the Supreme Court of the United States, and by agreement between connsei the verdicts are allowed to remain open, subject to the decision have been issued two writs of quo warranto upon suggestions fied by me. The one against the Atlantic and Great Western Railway will be tiled at the present term of the Surreme Court

in Philadelphia. The quo warranto issued at my suggestion in The quo warranto issued at my suggestion in 1867 rgs inst the Gettysourg Orphans' Asylum led to the payment into court of the funds in the hands of the directors, amounting to \$8500. Interpleaders in regard toownership have been flied, and the point will doubless be heard argued before Judge Pearson during the present month. The Washington Library, against which a quo warranto was filed, charging it with lilegally setting up a lottery, as stated in my last annual report, ceased its operations and was disbanded previous to the day of hearing. At the term of the Supreme Court held last May, two decisions of importance to the Commonwealth were rendered. In Commonwealth vs. Produktion to the Commonwealth were rendered. In Commonwealth vs. Promix Iron Company, the Court held that "when the act of 30th April, 1804, subjected all companies to a tax on their earnings or income except those paying a tax on dividends, it was clearly not intended a tax on dividends, it was clearly not intended to exempt from the new tax these merely paying a tax os their eachial stock." In Commonwealth vs. Ocean Oil Cempany, in the court below, it was claimed by the defendants that they were not liable to pay a tax on net earnings or income until after they had realized enough from sales of oil to repay the original outlay, thus contending that theoli was their principal. Judge Pearson favored this view, and ordered a verdict for one-third of the amount claimed, The Supreme Court below, however, decreed that the oil sold could not be considered as principal, and reversed the decision of the Court below, and awarded a ventre de novo. There were immediatly dependent de novo. There were immediatly dependent on these questions claims amounting to nearly one hundred thousand dollars. The case of the Commonwealth vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, involving the question of the constitutionality of the tonnage tax, which was decided adversely to the Commonwealth in the court below, has been taken to the Supreme Court on a writ of error, and will be heard at its session in May next.

CORPORATION E. ROTIONS.—In addition to the st of Bank elections published in yesterday's BANK elections published in yesterday elections published that the tax is unconstitutional so far as it is imposed on that portion of their receipts which arise from goods intended for transportation reyond the limits of the State. The case of the Reading Reliroad has been made a test, and will be argued in the court below during the present January term. In the Commonwealth vs. Central Patroleum Company, the defendants have appealed from the adverse decision of the Supreme Court of the State to the Supreme Court of the States, and the issue will be decided by that tribunal. The claims against the company which abide that decision amount, principal at d interest included, to over forty-eight thou-

at d interest included, to over forty-eight thou-and dollars (\$48 000). An opinion is expected during the present term, By the sevenith section of the act approved 50th of May, 1864, it is made the duty of the Attorney-General to bring suit for dialms due the State on unpatented lands as shall appear on the "Lien Dockets," prepared by the Sur-veyor-General. The delay in bringing any such actions has been caused by the non-com-pletion of the "Lien Dockets," which, however, the Eurveyor-General reports will be fluished

in a few weeks.

The index of private acts of Assembly passed since the year 1812 (as provided for by the 74th section of the act approved 11th April, 1887), which is being prepared by George H. Morgan, bas been supervised as it progressed. The com-pitation has only reached the acts of 1818. Hits delay, Mr. Morgan informs me, is due to the defects of the indices of the annual laws, which have induced him to prepare his work directly from the body of the pumphiet laws. All of which is respectfully submitted by

BANJAMIN HARRIS BERWYER Attorney-General,

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate. HARRISBURG, January 13.—The Senate was called to order at il A. M., and after prayer by the Unaplain, the Speaker presented the annual report of the Attorney-General.

Bills in place coming up— Mr. Henszey read one authorizing the issue of sub; cenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, and the production of books, etc., before Committees of Councils. This is the bill requested by Councils.

Also one to uniform the officers of the police

force of Philadelphia; providing for the appoint-ment and election of Police Commissioners, and the appointment of a Superintendent of

and the appointment of a Superintendent of Police and other police officers.

The bill names five Police Commissioners. Edwin A. Merrick, George Truman, Jr. Henry Bumm, Charles Thompson Jones, Edwin H. Filler, and in case of a vacancy by death, resignation, or removal, it is to be filled by the board. The city is to be divided into five police districts as follows:—The first district to comprise the First, Sevenin, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, and Twenty-seventh wards; the second, the Second, Taird, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Eleventh; the third, the Tenth, Tweffth, Thirteenth, sixteenth, Sevenieenth, Eighteenth, and Twenty-thirt, the fifth, the Nineteenth, Iwenty first, Twenty second. Twenty-third, Twenty first, Twenty second. Twenty-third, Twentyty first, Twenty second. Twenty-third, Twenty

ith and Twenty-eighth.

At the next October election the people of each district will elect one preshient of said district, who shall possess all the qualifications of the members of the House of Representa-tives. The one elected in the First district to serve one year, in the Second two years, in the third three years, in the Fourth four years, and in the Fifth five years. These commissioners shall take their seats on too first Monday of December upon the expiration of their terms

respectively.
The persons elected shall be chosen for five years, and the board must meet within ten days after the passage of this act, and arrange and elect a president and sorretary; siso a superintendent of poince, who shall serve five years or during good behavior. The board shall appoint all the poince officers, the fire marshal, high constable and detective, and the committing marshale of the Central States. committing magistrate of the Central Station.
The members of the board are to receive to compensation, and Councils are to fix the salary of the superintendent of police and of the secretary of the board. The superintendent is to preserve the public peace at the polis, and the sheriff, mayor, or other parties are not to have power to appoint despite the power to appoint despite to preserve the public to the salary of the salary of the public peace at the polis, and the sheriff, mayor, or other parties are not to have power to appoint despite the property of the peace at the polis, and the sheriff, mayor, or other parties are not to have power to appoint deputies to be present

and act at the polis.

Mr. Wnite, one to allow writs of error in cases of rules upon attorney and counsellors-Mr. McCandless, one to incorporate the Ma-Source Publishing Company.

Mr. Coleman, one authorizing ratiroad and

canal companies to declare stock dividends out of any undivided profits.

The senate then proceeded to the House to vote for Treasurer, and on their return ad

House of Representatives.

The bill extending the charter of the Reading Savings Bank, for twenty years from 1870, was introduced by Jones (Berks), and passed. A bill authorizing the Williamsport Water Company to borrow money was introduced by Mr. Painter, Lycoming, and passed Mr. hea, of Erie, moved to print 2000 copies each of the Acjutant and Surveyor-General's

reports, agreed to.
Mr. Painter, of Lycoming, moved to print
3000 copies of the Auditor General's report on railroads. Agreed to. Mr. Cornman, of Cumberland, moved to print 3000 copies of the "Legislative Hand-Book."

Agreed to. Mr. Davis, of Philadelphia, offered a resolution granting the use of the half of the House on Tuesday evening, 19th instant, to the House George Connell, Senator, to deliver a lecture on the subject, "One Flag and One Govern-ment for the North American Continent."

The resolution was adopted.
The following bills were introduced and re-Figure 10 appropriate committees:—

By Mr. Adaire, of Philadelphia, an act to incorporate the Press Ciub of Pulladeiphia.

By Mr. Jones, of Berks, supplement to the charter of the Reading Railroad, providing for

a frontage tax.

By Mr. McMiller, of Montgomery, relating to the appointment of auditors in the course of gomers county.
Mr. Cloud, of Philadelphia, exempting By Mr. Cloud, of Philadelphia, exempting Wagner's Free Institute from taxation. Passed By Mr. Hong, providing for the appraisement of the plank roads in Poliadelphia, and their cellinquishment to the city. This is the bill of

Also, charging the name of the State Camp J. B. of America.

By Mr. Davis, of Philadelphia, a bill to pay Mrs. A. W. Benedict, widow of the late Clerk of the House, two Lundred dollars due her hus-

Mr. Rogers, of Philadelphia, incorporating the Wheatley Dramatic Association.

Also extending the limitation of claims to ground-rents in Philadelphia to paris of ground-rents apportioned expressly or; by loop leation. This is to remedy an evil complained of by lawyers and conveyancers in regard to old ground-rents, which have been collected out of out part of the land are generally subject, with

eny release of the remaining land.

Mr. Hill of Schuylkill, relative to collect tion of taxes in Newcasse township; also rela live to stationery to be supplied to the county

FROM BALTIMORE.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Baltimore, Jan. 13. The Governor's Inaugural.

Governor Bowie's formal possession of the Gubernatorial chair took place at noon to-day. He was sworn in a year ago, and pronounced his inaugural ther.

Governor Swann is still sick, and unable to be present. The great seal of the State and the archives were handed over by the Secretary of State. Mayor Banks and numerous personal friends of Governor Bowie visited Annapolis to congratulate him.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Jan. 13—Cotton firmer; sales of 2500 biles at 29½C. Frour dult and heavy at a decline of 5001cc; State \$5750710; Western \$5750916; Southern \$57501275; sales of 4800 barrels. Western \$10950; new white Southern \$81.08101, yellow Southern \$1: asles of 31: 600 brahels. Octa dult, and quotations are nominal. Berfquiet. Pork dult. Lard dult; steam rendered 19½C. Whisky quiet.

Baltimors, Jan 13.—Cotton very firm at 28½(320-Figuractive and market favors buyers. Wheat dult; sales of grod red \$2:100215. Own dult; white 800880, yellow 880980. Oats firm at 700780. Rye dult 31:15. Gross firm and in good demand. Pork \$50780 Bacon—Rib Sides 7817%e; Clear sides 17½c; Shhoulders 14½(616%c. Hams 19620c. Lard 200.

-A Southern paper wants "a stop put to the foolish practice of shooting one another, so prevalent in the South."

FOURTH EDITION | FIFTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

The President's Amnesty-Will Congress Declare it Null and Void-Banks' Bill for the Protection of the West Indies.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate had before them to-day the Virginia delegation, urging a modification of the Reconstruction taws so as to allow suffrage and shinesty to go together, and to change the Fourteenth amendment so as to allow parties participating in the late rebellion to hold office. The House

has been engaged all the morning in debating Banks' resolution extending the projection of our Government over Hayti and St. Domingo. Butler's substitute extending protection to all the West India Islands has aroused considerable opposition, such men as Shellabarger of Ohio speaking against it. If brought to a vote it will probably go through.

The President having issued an order discharging all persons, against whom indictments for treason have been found, Congress will, it is thought, taxe some it, and perhaps pass some measure declaring it null and void.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Mckieve Homicide.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER — Judges Allison and Ludiow.—Tuls morning the District Attorney began toe trial of John Dougherly and Henry Shnatz, the young men who were indicted, with others, for the murder of William McKleve, in West Philadelphia, on the afternoon of Sunday, November 15 isst. One of the defendants indicted, Joseph Hart, was tried last month and was conviced of was tried last month and was conviced of mansiaughter, the jury recommending him to the mercy of the Court.

The allegation of the Commonwealth is that,

on the Sunday afternoon named, the deceased on the Sunday afternoon hamed, the deceased, with three friends, was walking quietly along the street, when they passed four boys, who jestled sgainst toem. Some words passed, and the toys attacked them and were joined in the assault by a number of others. The deceased was knocked down, beaten and struck upon the head with a stone and thus received not the head with a stone, and thus received his death. The defendant on trial, it is urged, took active part in the outrage, and should inerefore be punished. Christian Kneass and E. W., Whitesides E-gqs, represent the prisoners, Supreme Court—C. J. Thompson, and Judges

Read Agnew, and Sharswood.—The Pailadei-phia list is being argued to-day.

NIST PRIUS—Judge Williams.—Jordan vs.
The Relief Fire Insurance Company. An action to recover on a policy. Before reported, On trial.

District Court No. 1—Judge Hare—The

DISTRICT COURT, No. 1-Judge Hare.—The National Reflaing and Storing Company vs. Lockbart, trew & Co. An action to recover for the slieged non-delivery of oil according to contract. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiffs, Chembers McKibben vs. Thomas J. Martin, and same vs. Charles D. Kiine. Feigned issues

some vs. Charles D. Kline. Feigned issues to try the cownership of personal property setzed under a ft fa. Jury out.

D. STRET COURT NO. 2—Judge Greenback.—
Emanuel Nunes vs. Joseph Landberg and Leo pold Krause. An action of decelt, plaintiff alleging that he was induced to sell on credit to differential property false representation by differential property. defendants upon a false representation by them that one of them owned a nouse in his own name and unincumbered, and they never paid for the goods. The defense denied that any faire statement was made, and alleged that the credit was solely upon the faith of long and bonest dealing among the parties. Verdict for the defendants.

Chambers, Barr & Co. vs. the Keystone Plate Chambers, Barr & Co. vs. the Keystone Plate Company. An action on a book account to recover for machinery furnished to the defendants. Verdict for the plaintiffs, \$739-45.

Jeremian Mahone vs. James Laird. An action on a book account. No defense. Verdict for plaintiff, \$130-21.

Ann Chailotte Brown, widow of Anthony Brown, deceased, vs. The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company. An action to recover damages for the death of

An action to recover damages for the death of the plaintiff's husband, who was killed through the alleged negligence of the defendants while he was crossing their road. On trial. John Melcher and Barbara, his wife, in the right of said Barbara, vs. Peter Bill. An action to recover damages for an alleged breach of

contract for the purchase of a house, by which plaintiffs were compelled to sell at a loss. Jury COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-Judge Petres .-T. L. Levering, Administrator, vs. Jacob Kon-ler. An action to recover for a sword and trap

pings sold and delivered. The defense alleged payment, Jury out.

James Bail vs. Thomas Costigan and William
Dixy. An action of replevin. Jury out.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Brewster.—Arabitant District Attorney Dechert prosecuting - the trial of prison cases was begun this morning, there being several van loads of prisoners in attendance awaiting justice. Henry Smith pleaded guilty to several dis-tinct charges of burglary, and was entenced to

the Essern Penitentiary for two years and

three months.

Charles Lincoln pleaded guilty to three charges of sarceny, and was scutenced to the County prison for two years.

Robert Rogers pleaded guilty to various charges of barglary and attempts to committant crime, and was sentenced to the County Prison for three years.

Prison for three years,
Deniel Sly pleaded guilty to a charge of bur-glary. He and a confederate entered the house No. 626 Barker street one night recently, and in groping about in the dark aroused the proprie for, who immediately started for them. They ran out of the room, one of them being aided by the foot of the gentleman, who followed them into his store room. Sly's companion struck the gentleman with a blackjack, but was punished by a blow upon the head from a two-pound weight, which knocked him into the cellar. The brave defender of his own castle sent another weight into a corner where he thought Sly was hiding, and brought him to the floor. Then he proceeded to chastise him severely, and continued the exercise until policemen arrived and took the burglar into custody. In the meantime the other had made

his escape.

John Cristman pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and baitery upon William P. Haffer It appeared that Haffer had sued Mr. Cristman It appeared that Haffer had sued Mr. Cristman, and during an altercation at the hearing the former called the latter a liar; he was warned that a repetition of the expression would get him hurt, and the parties steeped out on the sidewalk, and Haffer again called him a liar. Mr. Cristman slapped him in the face, and Haffer immediately sued out a warrant for his arrest. The judge imposed a fine of \$5 and the costs, and ordered the defendant to enter \$100 ball to keep the peace.

Complaint was made to his Honor by a police officer that James Haggerty, who figured of

officer that James Haggertv, who figured of late at the Central Station House, was becoming troublesome to policemen and was a fiventiect for restraint, and the Court ordered his ball to be for feited and an attachment to issue to bring him in. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, JAN. 13

| Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. T|
| BETWREN BOARDS. | \$700 City & New. | 100 \(\frac{1}{2} \) | \$10 ah Read R. | \$200 do | 100 \(\frac{1}{2} \) | \$200 do | 100 do | 120 d Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street do 4 % do 47% do 47% do 47% do 47 % do do... 845 wn. 47% do.35 wall 1.47 69b30_47 81 ### SECOND BOARD.

\$:800 City8a, New.is...100% | 100 sh Read R.1...300. 47% | 100 sh Read R.1...300. 47

THE LATEST NEWS.

Transatlantic Communication with England-The Turco-Grecian Question-Affairs in Prussia.

Defeat of the West India Protectorate-Another Indian Battle.

FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable, Bismark and Von Benst.

VIENNA, Jan. 13 .- The Evening Post, the official journal, said, in its issue of yesterday, that Count von Bismark, the Prussian Prime Minister, had told Count de Wimpffen, the Austrian Minister at Berlin, that the retention of Baron von Beust in office, would provoke serious action on the part of Prussia.

The English Transatlantic Mail. London, Jan. 13,-The London merchants are extensively petitioning the Government to restore the mail service between Southampton and New York by a contract with the Hamburg-American Steamship Company. The petitioners show that the average time made by the Hamburg-American steamers is better than that of several others, and equal to the best to which mail service is accorded.

The Eastern Question. Parts, Jan. 13 .- It is stated to day that Rizo Rancabe, the present Ambassador at Paris from Greece, has been recalled to replace Bulgaris as President of the Ministry.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Jan. 13. Defeat of the West India Protectorate.

The resolution extending protection to the West India Islands was laid on the table in the House by a large vote, after being discussed for three hours.

FROM THE WEST.

Another Indian Battle-More Starch Taken Out of Them by Sheridan.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 .- The following was received at the War Department this morning:-Sr. Louis, Jan. 13 .- The following telegram has just been received;-"FORT HAYS, Kansas, Jan. 12. - Major-General

W. A. Nichols, A. A. G. Major-General Sheri-can, commanding at Fort Dodge, reports that Lieu enant Martin, of the 3d Intantry, has just arrived from camp, and states that Colonel Evans has captured a Camanche village of sixty ledges. Three men of the 3d Cavalry were wounded. No Indians were killed. Colonel Evans had returned to his depot camp on the Canadian river.
"CHAUNGRY MCKERVER. A. A. G.]
"W. T. SHERMAN, Lieut. General."

FORTIETH CONGRESS - THIRD SESSION Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 .- The President presented a communication from the Secretary of the Interior transmitting certain papers re-

in the first transmitting certain papers rein ting to Indian affairs,

Mr. Summer (Mass.) presented the petition of
Mahion Loomis, M. D., of the District of Columbia, setting forth that he has discovered and
invented a new mode of telegraphing, dispensing with the use of wires, using the earth, as
now, to form one half of the circuit, and the
continuous electrical element for a power the continuous electrical element for above the surface of the earth for the other part of the circuit, and asking an appropriation of \$50,000 to enable him to complete the demonstration of the value of his invention. Mr. Summer said that in presenting the petition he merely per-formed a duty, but he thought this alleged invention was either a great case of moonshine or else it marked an epoch in the progress of invention. The petition was referred to the Committee on Patents.

House of Representatives.

Os motion of Mr. Washburne (Iil.), a resolu-tion was adopted calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish a statement of the expenses of conducting the mint at Carson City, Nevada.
Also, the expenses attending the operations

of the several mints and the income from the

He also offered a resolution, which was adopted calling upon the Secretary of State to urnish to the House a statement showing the total amount expended by the Nortuwest Boundary Commission, giving all the details.

Mr. Dawes (Mass.), from the Committee of Elections, presented the credentials of J. F. Elliott, of Arkansas, elected a member of the House to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Hinds. Mr. Dawes asked that the oath of office be now administered to that gentle-man. Mr. Elliott then advanced to the chair of the Speaker, who administered the oath, and Mr. Elliott look his seat.

The House resumed the consideration of the

resolution extending the protection of the United States to Hayti a. d San Domingo. Mr. Banks, in reply to a question by Mr. Cullom, said such protection has been asked by those who are authorized to speak for the Government of San Domingo.

Mr. Butler (Mass) offered a substitute, in effect that the President be authorized to extend protection over the other islands of the Antilles to such an extent as he may deem expedient, and not inconsistent with the law of

nations, whenever either of them or the people shall desire such protection.

Mr. Spalding offered an amendment to extend protection to any islands in the Atlantic or Pacific Ocean, or those which lie nearer to the coast of the United States than to any foreign Mr. Butler said he was opposed to buying islands.
Mr. Spalding spoke in support of his own

amendment.

Mr. Mullins favored the propositions.

Messrs. Judd and Shellsbarger opposed them.

Mr. Robinson (N. Y.) offered an amendment to include Ireland in the protection, affirming that the time had come when that country should be annexed to the United States.

Mr. Delyno, said the Committee as Exercise. Mr. Delano said the Committee on Foreign Affairs did not countenance the resolution re-ported by Mr. Banks.

Mr. Brooks replied to Mr. Butler, and said he would not vote for Mr. Butler's proposition unites I reland was inserted.

Mr. Bingham opposed Mr. Butler's proposition, contending that Congress had no authority to delegate the power to the Executive.

Ship News. New York, Jan. 13.—Arrived, steamship Den mark, from Liverpool.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-31/2 P. M.

THE FAME INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office, No. 406 UH &-N OT Street.

PHILADELPHIA Jan. 13, 1848.

At a meeting of the atecknoiders of the Company heid the 11th day of Jis. nary, 1869, the following genterm of the Property of the enwing year.

WM. H. RHAWN.

WM. H. RHAWN.

FRANCE CHEWIS,

JOHN KEPSLER JR.

OHARLES STOKES.

ROBERT PERRICE.

MORDEDIAL BUZBY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day CHARLES RICHARDSON was elected President, WILLIAM H. RBAWN Vice-President, and WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD.