#### PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

First Mortgage Thirty-Year

COLD OBLICATIONS

Central Pacific Railroad Co.

Secured by an Absolute First Lien Upon the most Desirable Portion of the

Great National Pacific R.R. Line.

DEAR SIE:-This great enterprise is approaching completion with a rapidity that astonishes the world. Less than 400 miles remain to be built to connect the Central Pacific Railroad with the Atlantic lines. The greater part of the interval is now graded, and it is reasonably expected that the THROUGH CONNECTION BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK WILL BE COMPLETED BY JULY

The western portion of the Line, known as the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD, besides having the largest settlement, the richest mines, the most valuable lands along its route is also built and completed as a first-class Railroad in all respects, being constructed directly by the Company themselves, without the intervention of contractors, and in such a manner as to insure future stability, economy of opera, tien, and the permanent value of the property.

The report of the Special Commission of Experts, recently appointed by the President to examine the railroad and telegraph lines of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, telegraphed to the Secretary of the Interior, Dec. 3, is full and specific, and concludes as follows:-

"Heavy trains of rails, ties, and fuel are running safely to the extreme end of the road, four hundred and forty-five (445) miles from Sacramento. The road is being constructed in good faith, in a substantial manner, without stint of labor, material, or equipment, and is worthy of its character as a great national work."

By the aid of the General Government, and valuable grants from California sources, the Company have already met the bulk of their expenditures, and have sufficient cash resources to enable them to finish their work with the utmost vigor. The iron, and a liberal equipment for the five hundred miles now about completed, as well as the material needful for two hundred and fifty mile; additional, are all bought, paid for, and at hand for use. The speedy completion of their entire line, and its success as a grand business enterprise, are no longer matters of hopeful promise, but are placed beyond all ordinary contingencies.

The business of the road, although in its infancy only, is without precedent. THE GROSS EARNINGS FROM JULY 1 TO DEC. 1 WERE UPWARD OF \$1,400,000 IN GOLD, of WHICH ABOUT ONE MILLION WAS NET PROFIT. This result was from local commercial business only, at a time when the Company felt compelled to employ their available equipment, to a large extent, in transporting the vast amount of supplies required to subsist twelve thousand men along a line of more than five hundred miles, and the material required for extending the track THREE HUNDRED MILES during the period, to the temporary neglect of the enormous freighting business seeking transit over the Road.

At a late date there were no less than seventy. nine locomotives running on the road, eighty more on the way, and over twelve hundred cars, to which the Company are constantly making large additions, se that by the time the immense tide of THROUGH TRAVEL AND FREIGHT ACROSS THE AMERICAN CON-TINENT shall be ADDED TO THE NATURAL AND EXPANDING LOCAL BUSINESS, and the energies of the Company, with their im. mense facilities, can be devoted to the regular trame, THEIR EARNINGS WILL BE ON AN UNEXAMPLED SCALE, and their Securities be ranked AMONG THE MOST POPULAR IN THE WORLD.

The current Interest Liabilities upon the Bonded Debt, upon an average of three hundred miles in operation during the above period were less than \$350,800.

The issue of the Company's FIRST MORT-GAGE BONDS is limited by act of Congress. and will not equal one-third the cost and value of the property upon which they constitute the first lien. The greater part of this loan is already marketed, and is held as a permanent invest ment by the capitalists of this country and Europe. We are authorized to offer a portion of the remainder at 103 AND ACCRUED INTE-REST IN CURRENCY.

The Bonds are of \$1000 each, bear six per cent. interest per annum, payable in the City of New York, IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

As the accrued interest from July 1 is charged to the purchaser in currency, and the semiannual coupons maturing January 1 next will be paid in full, in gold, there is an advantage in purchasing during the present month equal to the premium on the back interest.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price at any time, but all orders actually in dramaffu at the time of any such advance will be filled at present price. At this time they pay mone than eight per cent, upon the investment, and have, from national and State laws, guarantees superior to any other corporate securities now offered.

We receive all classes of Government bonds at thefr full market rates, in exchange for the Central Pacific Railroad Bonds, thus enabling the holders to realize from 5 to 10 PER CENT. PROFIT, and keep the principal of their invest-

ments equally secure. Orders and inquiries will receive prompt attention. Information, Descriptive Pamphlets, etc., giving a full account of the organization, Progress, Business, and Prospects of the Enterprise, furnished on application. Bonds sent by return express at our cost.

FISK & HATCH.

Bankers and Financial Agents of the Central Pacific Railroad,

MO. S MASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold, Etc.,

No. 40 South THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA.

EUROPE.

Mail Dates to Dec. S.

Peabody's Latest Gift to the London Poor-A Disastrous Gale -The Eastern Question.

By the arrival at New York yesterday of the steamship America, we have European advices by mail to the 8th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN. Mr. Peabody's Last Donation.

The following is a copy of the letter which ccompanied Mr. Prabody's munificent gift: London, Dec. 5.—My Lord and Gentlemen: beg to acquaint you, who have so kindly undertaken the management of the fund set apart under my second deed of gitt of the 19th of April, 1866, for the the benefit of the poor of London and its vicinity, that in pursuance of an intention which I have entertained since the creation of that fund, I am desirous now of

adding to it a further sum of £100,000.
In contemplation of this I purchased, about three years ago, a tract of freehold building land of about fifteen acres in extent, at Brixton, near the City of London School, easily accessible, and within a few minutes' walk of frequent trains to and from London. This land has increased in value, and can now be let on building leases of eighty years at rents producing about eight per cent. per annum on the cost, which is £16,285 17s. 3d. This land I propose to convey to you with the terms proved as a foregreed by the with the same powers as are conterred by the deed over the other property of this trust, and with discretion to you either to deal with it as a source of income by letting it, or any portion of it, on lease; or, should you deem it expedient, to retain it in your own hands, as sites

or dwellings to be erected by the trust. Pursuant to my letter of the 29th of January, 1866, I transferred to you, subject to a contingency therein explained, 5000 shares in the Hudson's Bay Company, which accordingly stand in your names, together with 642 additional shares purchased by the reinvestment of the accruing income of the previous 5000. These 5642 shares I have since redeemed coaf rmsbly to the deed of the 19-h of April, 1866, by the payment of £100,000 on the 1st of February last. I have now to acquaint you that it is my intution, so soon as the necessary deeds can be prepared, to hand the shares over to you, to be retained or dealt with according to voor best judgment and discretion. The price of these shares shall be fixed on the 17th inst. by the Stock Exchange sales on that day, when I will hand to you a check for the balance to make the gift a cash value of £100,000.

This amount will increase my former donation of the second trust to £200,000, and, including my gift under the trust fund of March, 1862, of £150,000, a total of £350,000.

I trust you will see manifested in this further donation an expression of my entire satisfaction with the manuer in which you have conducted the affairs of the trusts. I am, with great respect, your humble servant,

GEORGE PEABODY. To the Right Hon. Lord Stanley, M. P. (chairman); his Excellency Reverdy Johnson, United States Minister; Sir Cartis M. Lampson, Bart.; Sir James Emerson Tennent, Bart.; J. S. Mor-

## A Disastrous Gale.

From the London Globe, Dec. 7. Yesterday a heavy southwest gale raged in the British Channel and caused several serious shipping casualties on the coast. In and around ndon on Saturday, at various periods during the day, the wind was accompanied with heavy showers of rain, and its force was very great throughout the night. Yesterday the wind was again very strong, and there was heavy rain At night the wind raged with great fury, and it is to be feared that lamentable accounts of wrecks and disasters will be

The steamship Hibernia has gone down off the Irish coast. The cap ain has landed at Wick, with three boats containing eighty-one passen gers. A missing boat, with thirty-three persons on board, was seen to go down.

The barque North Briton, from Quebec, was

wrecked yesterday afternoon in Mount's Bay, near Penzauce; and it is said by the Liverpool Courier that seven of her crew were drowned The life-boat was launched immediately, and succeeded in rescuing the rest of the people board. On the other hand Mr. N. B. Downing the bonorable secretary of the Penzance branch of the National Lifeboat Institution, reports that the seas were so tremendous on the first attempt that the noble boat was capsized. Happily, no lives were lost; but a second cre w of thirteen men instantly jumped into the life-boat and saved the nine poor fellows from an apparently certain death."

Quakers in the New British Parliament The Friend of this month, in a letter signe! 'Observer," gives the following list of members and ex-members of the Society of Friends in the new House of Commons: -Messrs. John Bright, Birmingham; Jacob Bright, Manchester Edmund Backhouse, Darrington; W. E. Forster, Bradford; William Fowler, Cambridge; R. N. Fowler, Penryn; Charles Gilpin, Northampton; E. A. Leatham, Huddersfield; Jonathau Pim, Dublin; Joseph W. Pease, South Durham; John Whitwell, Kendall. The name of Mr. J. Fletcher, Cockermouth, might be added, as he is a member of the Sec ety of Friends. All will support Mr. Gladstone except Mr. Fowler, who is a Conservative.

FRANCE. The Eastern Difficulties and the Paris

Bourse. That terrible spectre, the "Eastern question," cast a shade over the Bourse on saturday, the 5th instant, and produced an effect which all the ghosts in the MontmartrelCemetery, disturbed by the police legions on December 3, had failed to do. The telegrams stating that the Porte was about to break off diplomatic relations with Greece and that a ship of war, with troops on board, had left the Dardauelles for on unknown destination, brought down the rentes from 71.80, the closing price of yes terday, to 71.35. An impression afterwards prevailed that diplomacy would find means to explain the news away: and, indeed, if it were serious at all it would produce something far worse than a fall of less than one half per cent, Bentes recovered for the close to 71:45, being a fall of 25c.; Italian fell 1t, and Turkish 1.35.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS. —A subscription list has been opened at Orleans for the erection of a statue to the memory of M. Berryer in his native city, Mar-

-The Pal: Mail Gazet'e points out that during the nine months from February to October, fu-clusive, of the present year, there were 1gn for at the different race meetings in the United Kingdom no less a sum than £312.526 15s.

-At the opening of both toe Legislative Councils in Switzerland on the 7th instant the Presidents expressed the thanks of the Swiss people for the sympathy shown them by foreign countries during the inundations.

-it is stated that the complete accounts of the Russian budget of 1867 show that the revenue

FIRST EDITION

| ferred to a committee, which reported on Monday, the 7th inst., that they regarded those measures as legal, and that journalists must siways be incarcerated from the time of their arrest until their trial.

#### CALIFORNIA.

The Great Republican Reaction. From the Sacramento Union, Dec. 5.

The total average vote of the State on Presidential Electors 1: 108,636; for Congressmen the total is 108,421. This probably indicates a population of somewhere near 600,000, which is an average of 5'4 per voter, according to the last estimate of population in San Francisco. In a estimate of population in San Francisco. In a political wiew, the result must be discouraging to the Democracy, despite their quo warranto and other weak devices to escape the consciousness of overwhelming defeat. They have increased their last year's vote far less than the Republicans, and the large Democratic majority of least the consciousness of the consciousness of the large democratic majority of the large democra of last year has been completely wiped out. Thus, counting the Gorham and Fay votes together, the comparison is as follows:-

For Governor in 1867... ..42,447 Republican net gain ....

Out of a total increase of 16,284 votes, the Republicans get three-fourths. Should the great eaction we were told about go on at that rate Democratic majorities in the future will be bard to find even by figuring in advance. Our Democratic friends try to draw consolation and hope from consideration of the Congressional which they claim is in their favor. But here too, the actual count shows a reaction against them since last year. There are Republican gains in every Congressional district, as follows:-

First Dist. Second Dist. Third Dist. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. 13,889 18,793 16,053 14,786 14 391 14,767 Increase ..... 6,092 4,839 2,211 338 1,134 1,025 Rep. gain... 1,253 1,879

Thus it appears that the Republican candi dates get, after a full. fair, and unembarrassed debate of political issues. a larger increase of rotes than the Democrats. This does not look like a Democratic victory on the Congressional issue, nor has it the most distant resemblance to the supposed reaction against reconstruction. The following figures show the result as a whole throughout the State:-

Congressional Vote. Rep. .58,873 .41,436 54 548 48,346 92,782 6,202 15,639 Net Republican gain. 8,235.

Under such circumstances, for Democrats to sue out a writ of inquiry about fraud is nearly as sublime in its impudence as the charge brought against Republicans by the professional ballot-stuffers of the Sixth ward in New York city. We heartily wish there were some micro scopic grains of honesty about this pretended desire to investigate fraud. It would be well to rake all that rottenness clean out of both parties; but this work cannot be expected of men who are more diligent and evince mor zeal in trying to perpetrate new frauds than to unearth old ones. On the whole, we think the State has gone for Grant in spite of all—posi-tively all—our Democratic friends could do to

#### WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

No Dearth of Paymasters.

There are over forty applicants for paymaster in the army to fill a vacancy cau'ed by the Senate's rejection of Paymaster Gould at the July session. The President has again nominated him, and the nomination is now before the Military Committee of the Senate. The Lynching Business.

The lynching of the Reno brothers in Indian recently is supposed by some to be under consideration by the State Department, with a view to the punishment of the lynchers, in vindica-tion of a supposed pledge of our Government to the authorities of Canada that the Renos should be protected from the violence of citizens of Indiana. It does not appear that any such

pledge was given, but steps were taken by our

Government to prevent the prisoners from moestation en route from Canada to Indiana. Tobacco Seizures.

A report has been seat from this city to cer tain journals that C. E. Creecy, Esq., the newly appointed Supervisor for Louisiana, is not entified to half the proceeds of the tobacco recently seized at his instance at New Orleans, account of frauds on the revenue, because of Mr. Creecy's position as Internal Revenue Supervisor. There is no truth in the statement. Commissioner has made no such decision, the effect of which would be to induce super visors to consuit the interests of the tobacco and whisky rings rather than the interest of the Government. Mr. Creecy's reward for the New Orleans seizures will, it is expected, amount to

General Harney on the Sioux Indians. The St. Louis Republican says: - "General W. S. Harney, commandant of the Sloux Indian t on the Upper Missouri, has ar-The General, we understand, will visit Washington before returning to the Sioux country, with a view of obtaining from Congress a diffication of the Sioux treaty made at Fort Rice last July, and to await the adoption of such legislation as will enable them to carry out the work so auspiciously begun. An additional appropriation is needed. The General has the utmost confidence in the success of the gian on the Sioux reservation. He says the greatest lear that fills the mind of an Indian is starvation. Feed him and he will be contented. He says he agrees with Wade in the assertion that it is our best policy to feed the Indian—stall feed them—feed them at the Fifth Avenue Holel—it is

cheaper than fighting them. "In regard to the present condition of the reservations under charge of the General, we have in a casual conversation obtained some interesting information, much of it new, and for which we are indebted to the General's Secre tary, Colonel O'Conner. General Harney had his headquarters fifteen miles below Fort Sully at a place called Peoria Bottom, named from the Belle Peoria, which was wrecked in vicinity. It is located on the east side of the river, and opposite the reservation lands. ocation was selected in order to be shielded from the annoyance of too much Indian company, as they incessantly want to smoke and have talks. Although it was late in the season when of crations on the reservation commenced vet a great deal has been accomplished in gath ering in the Indians and settling them down."

List of Americans registered at the office of Messis, James W. Tucker & Co., Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Parls, for the week ending Dec. 3, 1868, furnished by Smith, Randolph & Co.;—Mrs. Mary W. Phœnix, New York; S. Whitney Phœnix; C. F. Spang and family, Pittsburg; Dr. J. S. Purdy, Hyde Park, New York; Francis G. Young, New York; H. C. Hall, wife, and son, New York; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Cranston and daughter, New York; H. A. Wright and family, Michigan; James S. Dennis, Newark, N. J.; Jas. Gibson Johnson, Newburyport, Mass.; Charles F. Dunbar, Boston; Mrs. W. H. Harocek, New York; Miss Harbeck; Dr. and Mrs. C. D. Smith, F. Dunbar, Boston; Mrs. W. H. Harbeck, New York; Mrs. Harbeck; Dr. and Mrs. C. D. Smith, New York; Mrs. Andrew Lawton, Washington; Frank Morison, Boston; Mrs. A. H. Fiske, Bos-ton; Andrew Fiske; Mrs. Joseph Willard, Bos-ton; Mrs. Sidney Willard; Asa W. Parker, New York; Raiph G. Packard, New York; the Misses Deviction, Harry, Harrissa, New York; —It is stated that the complete accounts of the Russian budget of 1867 show that the revenue was 15,000,000 roubles more and the expenditure 15,000,000 less than had been estimated. It added that the Government has at its disposal with foreign bankers a running account of 68,000,000 roubles in specie.

—Eighty-six journalists have presented a petition to the Chamber of Representatives complaining of the arrests, domiciliary visits and seizures to which they were subjected during the Iccent press trial. The petition was Ic-

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Mob Violence in Tennessee-Two More Lynchings-Brutal Murder Near Boston-A De-\* structive Gale in Chicago.

#### FROM TENNESSEE

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Attempted Lynching of a Negro-He Shows Fight and is Riddled with Bullets.

PULASKI, Tenn., Dec. 22.-Last night a party of disguised men broke open the jul, and taking out a negro named Aleck Mason, riddled his body with bullets. They first tried to lynch him, but Mason being a powerful man and offer. ing resistance, they used their pistols and in a moment he was a corpse. The prisoner had been placed in jail for robbing a negro business firm in Pulaski on Thursday night last of over a thousand dollars. He bore the reputation of a desperate character, and hal been repeatedly imprisoned for Ligh-handed depredations. His sudden taking off, however, is severely censured as in itself a piece of outlawry.

Another Negro is Lynched and Shot. A few days ago, near Edgeville, Haywood county, a negro outraged the person of a lady approaching the period of confinement. She recognized him, and he was shortly afterwards arrested. While being taken to jail, in the custody of an officer, he was seized by a party of masked mee, and in an hour afterwards his body was fould hanging to a tree pierced with

## FROM BOSTON.

A Cold-Blooded Murder at Malden.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, Dec. 22.-One of the most cold. blooded and detestable murders we have been called on to chronicle for a long time was committed about a quarter before 3 o'c'ock this morning, the victim being Mr. David Faulkner, a night policeman of Malden, and a much respected citizen.

So far as the facts appear at present, it seems that two strangers, suspicious-looking men, were observed to be lurking around the depot of the Boston and Maine Railroad after the last train, which leaves Malden at half-past nine had departed, but nothing was thought of the fact the time, as it was supposed they would soon go away. The depot was closed, as usual, and all remained quiet until half past two o'clock this morning, when Officer Fauikper, in the course of his patrol, passed up Plcasant street towards the depot, when he saw two men, supposed to be the two seen the previous night, near the shed opposite the depot building on the other side of the track. He at once accosted them, asking them what they wanted there. Instead of replying one of them immediately drew a pistol, and, firing, shot Mr. Faulkner through the heart, killing him mstantly, when the two turned and ran off in the direction of Medford.

## Maryland Affairs.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Baltimore, Dec. 22.-Jacob G. Nicholson, an old and respected citizen of Bultimore, died ses-

terday. Daniel Deckert, proprietor of the Hagerstown Mau, now has a suit in the Washington County Court to recover fourteen thousand dollardamages from the corporation for the destruc' tion of his office, types, etc., by incendiaries, because of his alleged disjoyalty during the war. The case excites great interest and will establish a precedent for other and similar actions.

The Baltimore colored Republicans had a meeting last night, and expelled one of their members for falling to act in harmony with them, by joining the Democrats.

## Conflict of Judicial Authority.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. DES MOINES, Iows, Dec. 22.-The Supreme Court of this State has rendered a decision in the vexed railroad bond question, pronouncing them null and void, thus coming in direct conflict with the United States court, which has declared them valid.

## Destructive Gale in Chicago.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. CHICAGO, Dec. 22 .- During the gale yesterday three buildings were blown down. They were on Rhodes avenue. The loss was from twenty thousand to thirty thousand dollars. Considerable other damage was done.

## FROM EUROPE

By Atlantic Cable. This Morning's Quotations

Lonion, Dec. 22-A. M.—Consols 924 for both money and account. U. S. Five-twenties dull at American stocks steady. Erie Railroad, 254: Illinois Central, 954. Paris, Dec. 22-A. M.—The Bourse opens firmer and Rentes are somewhat higher.
Liverpool, Dec. 22-A. M.-Cotton market quiet; sales of to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. Other articles are unchanged.

I ondon. Dec. 22-A. M. -sugar firm, both on the spot and to arrive.

This Afternoon's Quotations, London, Dec. 22-P. M .- Cousols for money, 924; for account, 925; United States five twenties quiet at 744; Eric Bailroad, 254; Illinois Central, 954: Atlantic and Great Western, 41. LIVERPOOL, Dec. 22-P. M.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 10; Orleans, 10; Lard casier at 67s, 6d. Pork drm at 87s. Bacon, 54s. Common rosiu, 5s. 9d. Tallow, 48s. 6d. HAVRE, Dec. 22-P. M.—Cotton opens quiet, both on the spot and afloat; sales at 122f. adoat.

Markets by Telegraph.

New Fork, Dec. 22.—Stocks excited, Chicago and Rock Inland, 112½; Reading, 88½; Canton Co., 49; Erie, 83; Cleveland and Toledo, 97½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 83½; Pittsburg and Fors Wayne, 111½; Michigan Central, 127; Michigan Southern, 89½; New York Central, 53; Lilnois Central, 46½; Cumberlend preferred, 37; Virginia 68, 57; Missouri 68, 50; Hudson Eliver, 34½; 5-20s, 1862, 110½; do. 1804, 166½; Money, 7 per cent, Exchange, 108½. Gold, 125½

-Wilson would like a few more nice places on the Supreme Court bench for Grant to fill. -Howard Paul has offered Offenbach \$5000 to write the music to a sequel to the Grand Duchess.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE HILL MURDER.

The Trial of George S. Twitchell, Jr.
For Conclusion of Yesterday's Proceedings See
Third Page. FIFTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

This morning, at the usual hour, the Court met, and already every available seat was occupied. The crowd about the door-way was not so large as on the preceding days of the trial, no doubt the result of the exertions of the officers stationed there. The prisoner, as heretoiore, appeared confident and easy in mind, and talked willingly and easily with his friends. After an hour's unaccountable delay the Commonwealth proceeded with the examithe Commonwealth proceeded with the exami

the Commonwealth proceeded with the exami-nation of their witnesses.
George Sommers sworn—Am an architect, and have been in the profession about fifteen years; at the request of Mr. Sheppard I went to the premises at the northeast corner of Tenth and Pine street, and took some measurements on the 27th of November; Mr. O'Byrne, the pri-soner's counsel, and a detective were with me; Mr. O'Byrne let us enter; I took various mea-surements, and from them drew this plan. surements, and from them drew this plan

(A large plan was here exhibited to the jury and explained by the witness) From the pavement to the window sill is 12 rect: the distance from the head of the sofa to the wall is ten feet; (a number of large-stand photographs of the house were here shown to the jury); there is a tree in the yard beside; the nest gate; I do not recollect seeing any ash barrels near the tree; the staircase is about three feet six inches wide; the dining-room door and the others in the main building are

door and the others in the main building are thick and heavy.

Daniel Dester sworn—frecollect this murder, at the corner of Tenth and Pine streets; I was coming down Tenth street about 930 o'clock that evening, and when I had got about two doors below Clinton I met a man who made a remark, calling my attention to Mrs. Hill's honse; I went to the place, and found a woman standing on the steps; I entered the house, and a friend, who was with me, went for a doctor: I found the hall dark, but the kitchen lighted; the body of Mrs. Hill was lying on the sofa, and Mr. Twitchell, the prisoner, at the head, bathing it; no one else, except myself, were there; he said nothing to me, but I observed to him, "Tols is an awful thing; how did it happen?" He said, "We found her in the yard;" the bell rang, and he said, "For God's sake open that back gate and let the doctor in," but instead of going to the gate, I went to the front door, and just as my hand was on the knob the gas in the entry was lighted by a woman, who ran up stairs, exclaiming "O my God!" The prisoner was bathing the wounds with what seemed to me to be a white hand-barched saying remeatedly. "O my God!" with what seemed to me to be a white hand-kerchief, saying repeatedly, 'O, my God! my poor mother!" he continued to do this until he kerchief, saying repeatedly. 'O, my God! my poor mother!' he continued to do this until he was arrested; at the proposition of some one, I went out into the yard with Officer Howard, who had come in at the door; my friend also came into the house with Officer Howard; after I went to the front door to let these gentlemen in I remained in the kitchen ten or fifteen minutes, and then we went into the yard; my friend, Mr. Leidy, Officer Howard, young Mr. Morrell, and myself went into the yard; the prisoner did not go; I found out there a pool of blood, when we came into the house I saw that Officer Howard had the poker in his hand; I saw blood on the poker, but did not notice whether it was coagulated; some one then proposed to go up stairs; I went up stairs with Officer Howard, Mr. Leidy, and one or two others whose names I do not recolled; the prisoner did not go up; but while we were in the kitchen, before going up, some one remarked—"This is the thing that did the deed," speaking of the poker; this was loud enough for every one there to have heard !!; I recollect no reply to it; no questions were asked by the prisoner one there to have heard it: I recollect no reply to it; no questions were asked by the prisoner when we came in from the yard; he was still standing at Mrs. Hill's head: the proposal to go up stairs was sufficiently loud to have been heard by all in the room; we went up the hall stairway, leaving the prisoner in the kilchen; we entered the dining room; I can't say who led the party up stairs; it seemed to me that the gas was turned right low in the dining room; this was a drop light from a chandelier; some one also had a caudle; those shead of me went out of the dining-room into the little room back, and found the windows open, and the blood we tracked blood from the window in the back room to the open, and the blood we tracked blood from the window in the back room to the sofa in the diring-room; there was a cushion on the end of the sofa which had blood upon ii; there was blood upon the floor beneath the same end that had the cushion on i; I saw blood on the Pine street wall; thedrops of blood on that wall seemed to extend two or three feet above the sofa; I did not make a minute ex-amination of this, nor did I take any notice of the Tenth street wall or the chairs; we then went down the front stairs into the kitchen, where the prisoner still was, and the officer arrested him; he was standing at her head bathing it; I heard him make no inquiry as to what we had found up stairs; I heard him say nothing at all; the officer arrested him and they went upstairs together; I remained in the kitchen three or four minutes until they came down; he took at overcoat from the hall, and down; he took an overcoat from the hall, and myself and Mr. Leidy went with him to the Station House; Mr. Leidy and I came back with Officer Howard, and several other officers remained a few minules and then went home; the prisoner that night had on a dark sack coat, buttoned up to the breast; he had no collar on; his shirt looked to me like a white undersuirt; I observed no plaits or stads in it; I did not notice whether he had on boots; his pants looked to me of dark color; this bathing of the head consisted in putting the handkerchief into the water, on the wound, and into the basin again, backwards and forwards; the only doctor I saw there was a Dr. Zantzinger; I do not recollect backwards and norwards; he only doctor I saw there was a Dr. Zantzinger; I do not recollect that he said in the presence of the prisoner that the body was dead; he said something, but I did not see the prisoner change his conduct. Cross-examined—I can't say who was the woman who lighted the gas in the entry; it was

lighted while I had my hand on the door-knob Channing Leids sworn—I was in the neighborhood of Tenth and Pine streets at 9½ o'clock on the night of this murder; I was with Mr. Desten; my attention was first drawa to this Desten; my attention was first drawa to this house by a gentleman coming up Tenth street, who said that something was the matter there, as they were calling for a physician, and asked me if I was acquainted in the neighborhood; I answered that I was, and hastened on to the house, where we saw a lady standing on the steps; my friend entered the house, and I went for Dr. Weaver at Tenth and Lombard; I then started for Dr. Vandyke, when I was halled by Mr. Doster, and went into this house; I paused through the hall into the kitchen, and discovered the body of Mrs. Hill with a wound in the right temple, lying upon a setter; Mr. Twitchell was at her head, bathing her temple; I think no one else was there at that time except Mr. was at her head, bathing her temple; I think no one else was there at that time except Mr. Doster and Officer Howard; when I entered the room the prisoner asked me if I was the physician, and I replied I was not; I put my finger upon her pulse, and felt none; the rag was removed from the temple, which led me to the word my those word. put my finger upon the wound, and it sank: I think I extended my finger in the second joint; I turned about and said, "Why, it's no use bathing that woman's head, she is dead, and bathing that woman's head, she is dead, and I think she has been dead some time;" the body was cold; I stepped back from the body, and a proposition was then made by some one to go into the yard; some four or five went into the yard; there was a candle in the pantry; the prisoner did not go; there was a clot of blood there, and we found pieces of comb in the blood.

#### (Continued in Third Edition.) FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Tursday, Dec 22 1868.

Money is active, but the rates are without any ma'erist change. Call loans are quoted at 6@7 per cent; first-class business paper ranges from 8 ± 10 per cent, per annum. The Stock market was very dull this morning, but prices were rather firmer. Government securities were a traction higher. 1054 was bid for 10-40s; 114; for 6s of 1881; 1104 for '62 5-20s; 1063 for '64 5-20s; 1073 for '65 5-20s; 1094 for July '65 5-20s; and 110 for '67 5-20s. City ions were without change; the new issue sold at 1003.

Railroad shares were the most active on the list. Minebill sold at 57, no change; Lehigh Valley at 55½, no change; Catawissa preferred at 30½, an advance of ½; Camden and Amboy at 129½, a decline of ½; Reading at 49½ 11 advance of ½; Pennsylvania Railroad at 54, as light ad-Oity Passenger Railway shares were dull. 47

The ships Ida. Isgowan and Sampo. Huoventake bid for Second and Thire; 162 for Thire, yesterday.

teenth and Fifteenth; 24 for Spruce and Pine; 46 for Chesnut and Wainut; and 104 for Heston-

Bank shares were firmly held at full prices.
Northern Libertles sold at 1124; 57 was bld for
Commercial; 31 for Mechanics'; 58 for Penn
Township; 70 for City; 65 for Commonwealth,
and 125 for Central National.

In Caual shares there was very little move-ment, Lehigh Navigation sold at 28,60298, a slight advance. 10 was bid for Schuylkill Navi-gation common; 26 for Morris Caual; and 122

PHILADRIPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

FIRST BOARD. 

-This morning's gold quotations, reported by Narr & Ladner, No. 30 South Third Street:-10-00 A. M. 1351 11-24 A. M. 1361 10-27 1351 11-5 1354 1354

10·27 " 11-14 " 135/ 11 5 rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:—
United States 6s, 1881, 1144@1144; U. S. 5-20s, 1862, 110@1104; do., 1864, 1064@1064; do., 1865, 1074@1074; do. July, 1865, 1094@110; do. July, 1867, 1094@1104; 1868, 110@1104; 10-40s, 1064@1064; Compound Interest Notes, past due, 119-25.
Gold, 135@1364.

Gold, 135@1354. New York Money Market.

The N. Y. Envalue Fost of yesterday thus dilates on the great "buil" movement in New York Central slock;—
"The Stock Exchange has this morning been the scene of the wildest excitement, the cause of which was the announcement by the treasurer of the New York Central Railroad Company, in a card oearing this date, that at a meeting of the directors of the read on the 19th instant, a sorrje dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared also a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared as a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared as a cash dividend of 50 per cent, was declared to the company; to declares that the owner is e-stilled to eighty (30) per cent, of the amount of stock held by him; that the same dividends shall hereafter be paid thereon as are declared on the old capital stock; and that the certificate may be, at the option of the company, converted into stock whenever the company shall be authorized to increase its capital to an amount sufficient for such conversion. This dividend was an astounding surprises not only to themslorily of stock operators at the Exchange but to many who were supposed to share the confidence of the controlling owner in the road. Some of the Directors deny that at the consecution of the directors was held late on saturday hight, at the house of one of their number; that the cose of business on Saturday they knew that the dividend was to be declared; and it is reported—the truth of the report we cannot vouch far—that the number; that everything had been prepared for an immediate consuma aton of the scheme and that the outside himself of the directors was held late on Saturday hight, at the house of one of their number; that everything had been prepared for an immediate consumary of the dire -The N. Y. Evening Fost of yesterday thus dilate a on the great "buil" movement in New York Central

Clev. & Pittsb'g R., 81% Gold ..... Market steady.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

TUESDAY, Dec. 22,-The Flour market is re markably quiet, and in the absence of any demand for shipmnet the volume of business is quite light, the inquiry being confined to the wants of the home consumers. Sales of 503 barrels at \$5:25@5:75 for superfine; \$6:25@6 75 for extras: \$7-25@8 for Iowa and Wisconsin extra family; \$8@8 25 for Minnesota do. do.. \$9@10 75 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do.; and \$11@18 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour selis at \$7-50@8 per barrel. No change to

notice in Corn Meal. The Wheat market presents no new feature. The Wheat market presents no new feature. There is no inquiry except for good and prime lots, which are in smell supply. Sales of red at \$1.90@2.05 and amber at \$2.10@2.12. Rye ranges from \$1.60 to \$1.62 for Western and Pennsylvania, Corn is less active. Sales of 2000 bushels new yellow at 90@57c., according to dryness, and some new white at 90@93c, Oats move slowly at former rates. Fales of 3000 bushels Western at 76.28c. Nothing doing in Barley of Western at 76@78c. Nothing doing in Barley or Mait. Whisky-Sales at \$1.03@1.05 per gallon, tax

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages,

NEW YORK, Dec. 22 - Arrived, steamship The

New York. Dec. 22 — Arrived, steamship The Queen, from Liverpool.

Nonvolk Dec. 22 — The steamship Isaac P. Smith, from Savannah for New York, put in for coal. Reports two vessels ashore south of Hatteras.

(By Atlantic Cable.)

QUEENSTOWN. Dec. 22 — steamship City of Antwerp arrived from New York yesterday.

Brest. Dec 22.— The steamship Pereire, from New York, arrived yesterday.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA ...... DECEMBER 18. 

OLEARED THIS MORNING,
Steamship Fauita, Preeman, New York, John F. Ohi,
Brig S. P. Smith, Knowlton, Matanzas, J. Masona Co.
Schr Abble Bursley, Parker, Boston, Day, Huddell &

Co. Schr Elvie Davis, Johnson, Saiem, Bords, Keijer & Nutting.
Schr United Brothers, Kizey, Norfolk, Lathbury,
Wickersham & Co.
Schr J. L. Lesch, Stafford, Charleston, S. C., E. A. Souder & Co. Schr Tuos, Borden, Wrightington, Fall River, Westmoreland coal Co. Schr J. J. Spencer Smith. Mobile, D. S. Stetson & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Cooper. Boar Abbie Bursley, Parker, from Boston, with muse,

to captain.
Schr Eivie Davis, Johnston, from Providence.
Schr Thoa Borden, Wrightington, from Fall hiver.
Steamer Henry L. aw. Her. 18 hours from Baitimore, with mose, to A. Groves, Jr. Steamship Saxon. Boggs. arrived last night from Boston reports a ship as nore 2 miles 8W, of Absection, and apparently in bas position, with her head on the beach; outside Cape Henlopen, saw a barque standing in: below Bombay Hook (4 P. M.), saw barque Roanoke, from Porto Cabello.

Steamship Fanita, not Volunteer, as reported in the morning papers, arrived yesterday from New York.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, Del., Dec. 20.—Brig Geffrede, from Philadelphia for Gibraltar, went to sea yesterday. Schra Wave, from Virginia for New York and Albert, from Gioucester for Virginia, are at the Breakwater—the latter was towed in by the U.S revenue outer Miami, having lost her mainsail. JOSEPH LAFETRA.