EUROPE.

English Opinion of Grant—The Press Prosecutions in France—The Irish Elections—Affairs in Spain.

ENGLAND.

English Opinion of Grant.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, speaking of General Grant, says:—

No sooner was it certain that General Grant would be elected President than it was observed the size of his mail bags enormously increased. Letter carriers were discharging piles of letters into his office from morning till night. The General himself was waylaid at every corner whenever he passed over the threshold of his door. All this, of course, signified the desire of many thousands of patriots to devote their energies to the service of the Government. But General Grant is one of the "toughest jobs" to which office seekers ever yet addressed themselves. He unmercifully snubs personal applicants, and all letters he turns over to his staff. These gentlemen open the envelopes, and directly they see the word "office" they have instructions to put the communication behind the fire. "The General does not want to see any of these applications," said a member of the staff to a visitor lately. "He thinks possibly there may be some good men among them, and he does not want to become prejudiced against them by being forced to consider their claims now." This is very characteristic of the man, but it does not hold out a very bright prospect to the hordes of whisky-drinking loiters who spend their lives in badgering public men for some post where the pay is substantial and the work nominal. It is believed that General Sherman witnessed Grant as Commander-in-Chief—an appointment Grant would be sure to make.

Jews in Parliament.

Since their emancipation the Jews have, at each general election, increased in their candidature for Parliamentary honors. At the present crisis no fewer than nine gentlemen of the above persuasion have been nominated, viz:—Baron Rothschild, for the city of London; Baron Meyer Rothschild, for Hythe; Mr. Nathaniel Rothschild, for Aylesbury; Mr. Alderman Salomons, for Greenwich; Sir Francis Goldsmid, for Reading; Mr. G. Jessel, Q. C., for Dover; Mr. Serjeant Salmon, for Dewsbury; Mr. Julian Goldsmid, for Mid Surrey; and Mr. H. Worms, for Sandwich. Seven out of the nine, all Liberals, have been returned, and two defeated—Baron Rothschild, for the city of London, and Mr. Worms, who stood on the Conservative side.

IRELAND.

How the Elections Were Carried On.

The London *Globe* of the 24 h ult. says:—Unquestionably the proceedings at some of the Irish elections will form the subject of investigation when Parliament meets. Nothing like freedom of election can be said to have prevailed in Ireland. The Dublin *Mail* remarks:—"It is quite impossible that the election for Drogheda can stand. Rioting rose to a higher pitch there than in any part of Ireland, England, or Scotland. Voters for Sir Leopold McClintock and Mr. Brodigan were driven back from the poll. Three hundred persons, of all ranks, it is stated, were injured during the day by stones or bludgeons. The mob is alleged to have been a hired one. The election was a mockery; and it will probably be the first, under the new law, which the judges will be asked to declare null and void." It seems that intimidation of an equally savage description was resorted at Sligo, though it proved less successful. This betrays the secret of the Liberal opposition to be voting by paper proposal of the Government when the Reform bill was under consideration, because that would, to a great extent, have prevented the increase of the priestly interference on their behalf.

FRANCE.

Defiant Tone of the Press.

Paris, Nov. 24, correspondence Pall Mall Gazette.

The present defiant tone of the French press excites remark everywhere, but the question is, do the opposition journals represent public opinion? The Government is trying to frighten the country into submission with a *spectre rouge*; it credits the opposition with the intention of throwing up barricades. The accusations made by the semi official organs show the alarm felt by the authorities. These few lines taken from the *Tribune* represent the feelings of the opposition:—"The inmates of the Empire know better than any one that we have no intention to resort to violence and force to reconquer what violence and force snatched from the people. They know that we labor not to throw the country into disorder, but to awaken it; not to oppress opinion, but to render it its sincerity; not to outrage the law, but to impose the respect of the law so long set aside; not to dispute the decisions of universal suffrage, but to render those decisions honest and independent. There is nothing in this which threatens disorder and anarchy. And the principal complaint made by the Government is that a serious movement has been commenced to re-establish order on a durable basis. The journals have just won a great victory at Clermont, where the editor of the *Independant du Centre*, accused of having published Baudin subscription lists, has been acquitted, to the satisfaction of most persons in court. The Minister of the Interior may perhaps order a new trial, and expose himself to another defeat. Should M. Pinard determine to go on with the prosecution of all the accused papers, the act of the 24 of December will be publicly discussed not alone here and in Clermont, but also at Albi, Angers, Lille, Lyons, Marseilles, Nantes, Narbonne, Nismes, and Toulouse."

SPAIN.

Monarchical and Republican Government.

M. Louis Blanc has addressed a letter from Brighton to Senor Garrido, congratulating him upon his adhesion to the republican movement in Spain. After referring at some length to the evils of monarchy, M. Blanc writes:—

The example of England is perpetually cited as a proof of the excellence of constitutional monarchy. But it is forgotten that this regime has been the cause for centuries of the most hateful abuses and the most frightful disorders; it is forgotten that the tranquil and ordered liberty which the English enjoy is a conquest of very recent date—a blessing, the temporary possession of which they owe simply to the moderation, the virtues, the domestic tastes of their Queen, devoid at once of all ambition and of all genius. Let there come another Charles I, or another Charles II, or another George III, or another George IV, and it will be seen whether constitutional monarchy would be as much for the advantage of the English as it is to-day. A miserable *regime* must that be whose excellence depends upon the virtues of this man or that whom the chances of birth may place on the throne, and which may become execrable to morrow if the elected of chance happens to have a depraved will or an evil genius. And then is the experience complete? Constitutional monarchy in England has hitherto been the crowning of a system of privilege. How far is it reconcilable with the sovereignty of the people, as that has been recognized by the last Reform bill, if not in principle, at least in fact? That is what remains to be seen. In any case is England more happy than Switzerland? Is she more powerful than the United States? Perhaps you will be warned to take care that you do not, by the establishment of a republic, expose yourself to the anger of the Emperor of the French. One must despair of the future of Spain if she were capable of yielding to a consideration so pusillanimous, so offensive to her pride, so unworthy of her power. But, moreover, the menace is a vain one. Napoleon has before him Prussia, which bides her time; by his side Italy, which burns to avenge herself; behind him France, which desires to be free; beneath him the revolution grows; what could he do against Spain? The fear of ghosts should be left to children and old women. Under whatever aspect one looks at the republican solution, it is favorable. Let Spain pronounce for a republic, and her decision will be received with enthusiasm by all elevated intellects and brave souls in the two worlds. In England the cause of the republic, so far as Spain is concerned, is vigorously pleaded by some of the most earnest organs of public opinion. A few days ago it was pleaded by the *Spectator*; to-day by the *Pall Mall Gazette*. Courage, Spanish republicans! your voices will find echoes everywhere; of those abroad who sympathize with your efforts the name is legion.

—Dumas is in debt, but jolly.

—Brigham Young's latest notion is oyster culture

—Dr. Bellows now favors female suffrage.

—The *Pall Mall Gazette* rebukes "Arthur Ketchley."

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—The Board of Surveys met yesterday and authorized the construction of sewers on the following streets:—Eighth street, below Cross; Fourth street, above Girard avenue; Chestnut street, between Fifth and Sixth; Twelfth street, between Filbert and Arch; Amber street, between Sergeant and Adams; Seventh street, between Willow and Spring Garden; Corinthian avenue, between Coates and Parrish streets; Eighth street, between Thompson and Master; and Fourth street, between Oxford street and Columbia avenue. After the passage of a resolution suspending operations on the streets from Dec. 1, 1868, to March 1, 1869, the Board adjourned.

—The regular stated meeting of the Board of Guardians of the Poor was held yesterday afternoon. The House Agent reported the population of the Almshouse on Saturday last at 3140, an increase of 187 over the corresponding period last year. The Outdoor Agent reported having collected $1186·90 for support cases, and the Steward reported house receipts at $42. The monthly report of the Board of Visitors was submitted. It shows the expenditures to have been $6190·51; number receiving outdoor relief, 8225. The resignation of Dr. J. W. Lodge was received and accepted. Dr. John Britton was elected to fill the vacancy. The Steward's resignation was read and granted.

—At the annual meeting of the Fire Association, held last evening at Fifth and North streets, the following gentlemen were elected the Board of Trustees:—William H. Hamilton, Peter A. Keyser, John Cairow, George I. Young, Peter Williamson, Joseph R. Lyndall, Levi P. Coates, Samuel Sparhawk, Charles P. Power, Jesse Lightfoot, Robert Shoemaker, Peter Armbruster, and Mahlon H. Dickinson.

—At a meeting of the Finance Committee of Councils last evening, a communication was received from the Trustees of the Pennsylvania University, proposing to purchase some twenty acres of ground now belonging to the Almshouse. The matter was referred to a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Shoemaker, Fox, Gillingham, Francis, and Hodgdon.

—At the meeting of the tobacco trade last evening, a memorial was presented setting forth that the provision requiring the manufacturer's business card to be placed upon all packages was injurious to the business of the seller, disclosing as it does his source of supply; and the section requiring all the stock of snuff, smoking, and fine-cut chewing tobacco on hand at the time of the law going into effect to be put into packages and restamped being oppressive, should be repealed or the necessary stamps furnished free of cost.

—Policeman Howard gave in his testimony yesterday, in addition to that of the other witnesses published in THE TELEGRAPH, when Judge Ludlow said the Court desired to hear no further testimony, and remanded both the prisoners, George S. Twitchell, Jr., and wife, for trial.

Domestic Affairs.

—Gold closed yesterday at 136¾.

—O'Baldwin, the pugilist, was yesterday committed to jail, having been surrendered by his bondsmen.

—The commission of William M. Evarts as Attorney-General was read to the Supreme Court yesterday.

—A number of the leading citizens of New York will entertain Professor S. F. B. Morse at a banquet on the 30th inst.

—Nebraska has just been visited by the heaviest snow storm experienced for many years. The snow lies eight inches deep in level places.

—The following letter has been addressed by General Howard to the Secretary of War:—

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2, 1868.—To General J. M. Schofield, Secretary of War.—Sir:—I have the honor to request that this letter may be considered as supplementary to my annual report to Congress. The object of it is to request through you that Congress appoint a committee to make a thorough examination and report of the administration of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, from the 12th of May, 1865, to the 31st day of December, 1868, when the bureau proper is closed by limitation of law.

Such an examination will enable Congress and the country to ascertain the facts with regard to a work of great importance that has cost a large outlay of the public money, and anxiety and labor on the part of those officers who have endeavored conscientiously to execute the trusts committed to them, a work that claims to have been largely instrumental in carrying out the benevolent purposes of the General Government towards those who were to pass suddenly from the condition of slaves to that of freedmen endowed with the rights and privileges of citizenship. The propriety of asking for such an examination and report will, I believe, commend itself to your judgment as the best method of placing on record an impartial history of emancipation, its consequences, and its further demands in this country.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
O. O. HOWARD,
Major General Commanding.

Summary of Yesterday's Congressional Doings.

—In the Senate forty-eight members were present. The credentials of Senator Hill, of Georgia, were presented, and laid on the table. Mr. Sumner introduced bills establishing negro suffrage in all the States and providing for a resumption of specie payments; also a resolution directing the President to open negotiations with European governments for cheap ocean postage. Mr. Cragin, of New Hampshire, offered a universal-suffrage amendment to the Constitution. Messrs. Yates, Morrill, and Frelinghuysen introduced bills amendatory of the Naturalization laws. Mr. Drake introduced a bill relating to the grades of General and Lieutenant-General in the army.

—In the House, 164 members answered to roll call. Messrs. Dickey and Pettis, from Pennsylvania, and Stover, from Missouri, were sworn in. The credentials of Thomas J. Hamilton, elected as Representative at large from Tennessee, were referred, and his admission to a seat in the meantime refused. Bills amending the naturalization laws were introduced by Messrs. Broomall, of Pa., and McKee, of Ky. Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, offered a resolution directing the Law Committee to inquire into the expediency of certain amendments to the naturalization laws, which was adopted. Bills and constitutional amendments establishing universal suffrage were introduced by Messrs. Boutwell, Broomall, and Kelley. Bills regulating the currency, providing for redemption of greenbacks in gold and prohibiting sales of coin by the Treasury, were presented by Messrs. Lynch and Pike, of Me., and Ingersoll, of Ill. Mr. Morrill offered a joint resolution censuring the conduct of Reverdy Johnson, and asking his recall, which, on motion of Mr. Banks, was referred to the Foreign Committee, by a vote of 94 to 41. On motion of Mr. Boutwell, the Reconstruction Committee was directed to investigate affairs in Texas, and on motion of Mr. Scofield, in Georgia. Mr. Eliot, of Mass., introduced a bill continuing the Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia, Mississippi, and Texas. Mr. Mullins of Tenn., introduced a bill to suppress the "Ku-Klux." Mr. Bingham presented a bill providing for an election in Virginia next January. On motion of Mr. Lawrence, the Ways and Means Committee were directed to consider the expediency of sales of surplus Treasury gold to assist in liquidation of portions of the public debt; and, on motion of Mr. Spalding, the same committee were instructed to report on the expediency of providing for a resumption of specie payments. Mr. Cary, of Ohio, offered a resolution repealing the Tenure-of-office bill, which was tabled. The Cooper Tariff bill of last July came up in order, but was left for consideration by the Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Shanks, of Ohio, offered a resolution recognizing the Provisional Government of Crete. Mr. Robinson, of New York, offered a resolution calling upon the President for correspondence relating to imprisonment of American citizens in Ireland, etc. Mr. Banks moved its reference, whereupon Mr. Robinson withdrew it.

Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—The *Times* generally confirms the correctness of the *Observer's* list of the probable members of Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet, but asserts that Earl Russell will not accept office. It also thinks the appointment of Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and of Bruce Villiers and Coleridge to seats in the Cabinet, doubtful. The *Times* adds to the *Observer's* list the name of James Moncrief as Lord Advocate of Scotland.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—It is certain that Lord Kimberly will be Lord of the Privy Seal and Earl de Grey President of the Privy Council in the new Cabinet.

It is said that Sir Roundell Palmer will be appointed Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals; Earl of Huntingdon, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; Goschen, President of the Poor Law Board; and Bernal Osborne, Home Secretary, the latter taking Palmer's seat in Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—George Peabody the American philanthropist, has made another donation of £100,000 to the poor of London.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7.—Intelligence has reached here that the steamer Hibernia, from New York, bound for Glasgow, has foundered off the Irish coast. The captain and eighty-one passengers are reported saved. One of the steamer's boats, with thirteen passengers on board, was lost.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7—P. M.—Additional particulars have been received of the loss of the Hibernia. The steamship sailed from New York November 14. She sunk November 25, seven hundred miles to the west of the Irish coast. The passengers and crew all took to the boats, five in number, two of which have been picked up, and one is known to have been capsized and all on board lost.

The fate of the people on the remaining two boats is as yet unknown. It is now certain that fifty-two persons, including the captain of the Hibernia, are saved. The first mate was drowned. Intelligence of the missing boats is looked for with great anxiety.

The following is a list of the cabin passengers who left New York in the Hibernia:—Miss A. Rogerson, C. Boyle, P. Brewster, John C. Forbes, E. Morrell, Miss A. Webb, John N. Bethel, Mrs. Bethel, George Mason, A. Mason, Mrs. D. A. Morton, Bernard M. Feelyn, John Robinson, Rev. M. O'Connor, Nelson A. Olds, Miss M. Campbell.

MADRID, Dec. 7.—The Republicans paraded the streets of Cadiz yesterday with arms in their hands, and made other demonstrations threatening the public peace. The troops were called out and dispersed the procession, and prevented further proceedings. Similar demonstrations have been made by the Republicans at different points.

Rumors are in circulation that the Provisional Government intend to postpone the general elections to the 15 h of January, and the meeting of the Constituent Cortes until the 15 h of February. The Republicans at Tarragona yesterday attacked and dispersed a meeting of the advocates of monarchy.

HAVANA, Dec. 7.—A pitched battle has been fought between the troops and the rebels. The following is the official account of the affair:—Count Valmazada met the rebels at the foot of Mount Alta Gracia, between Puerto Principe and Nuevitas, when a general engagement ensued, in which the losses were equal, each side having about fifty killed. General Belancourt was taken prisoner.

The latest news from Alguin is favorable to the hopes of the loyalists. Thirty-seven soldiers who fortified themselves in the hospital still hold out against the insurgents. The reinforcements sent to them will arrive there to-day, when another struggle is anticipated for the possession of the place.

The *Diario* reports that at a place about eight leagues distant from Santa Espiritu some rebels entered private houses and committed outrages.

Rebel accounts of the battle at Moron represent that the spaniards lost one hundred, while the rebels had only twenty killed.

Rebel sympathizers also claim that Valmazada was defeated at Mount Alta Gracia. Private letters from the scene contradict the latter report, and particularly sustain the official despatches. It is very difficult to obtain correct and trustworthy information, as the city is flooded with conflicting reports.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 7.—Rio Grande files to December 1, received here, say that the Tamaulipas insurgents, under Vargas, Caballero, and others, are very active, but as yet have made no movements of much military importance. The small and isolated bodies of the State forces are unable to cope with them, but Escobedo is marching with the third division of the national army on Matamoras, where he will reorganize for a vigorous campaign.

Cortina has been ordered to Tamaulipas with his whole command. While encamped about sixty miles from San Luis Potosi the earth was shaken many times in quick succession, and the mountain near by commenced an eruption. Cortina resumed his march hastily.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Supreme Court met at noon to-day. All the Judges except Grier were present. The commission of William M. Evarts as Attorney-General was read, and the Court adjourned in order to pay the usual visit to the President of the United States. The docket will be called to-morrow.

The credentials of the

Senators from Georgia

were presented to-day, whereupon a discussion arose on a motion by Senator Drake to refer to the Judicial Committee. Drake made

A Bitter Speech

against the admission of the Senators. The discussion will consume most of the day.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—A South Pass City despatch says 300 Sioux attacked Washake and his band of Snoshones in Big Wind River Valley, Nov. 22. Two Indians were killed on each side, and the Shoshones retired to the white settlements. An Omaha despatch says the snow-storm, which has been raging for thirty hours, is the heaviest experienced in Nebraska for many years. The snow is eighteen inches deep on a level.

From Canada.

TORONTO, Dec. 7.—The New Dominion Parliament has been further prorogued until January 16. The revenue of Canada for November was $1,214,154, and the expenditures $877,488. C. E. Etwall, correspondent of the Stockholm *Daily News*, is here, with instructions from the Swedish Government to acquire a knowledge of the country, with a view to encourage emigration, and to develop commerce between the two countries.

From Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 7.—The Hon. J. C. Troop, one of the Nova Scotia delegates to England, publishes a letter condemning Mr. Howe's course and indorsing Annand.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

ESTATE OF JOHN DUBOIS, DECEASED.—Letters Testamentary upon the above Estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said Estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them to

ELIZA DUBOIS, Executrix,
12 1 6w* No. 605 TASKER Street.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	7 12	MOON RISES	1 07
SUN SETS	4 32	HIGH WATER	9 15

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE.

SAMUEL E. STORES, GEO. N. TATHAM, ANDREW WHESLER, } MONTHLY COMMITTEE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR AMERICA.

City of Cork	Liverpool	New York	Nov. 21
Palmyra	Liverpool	New York	Nov. 24
Pennsylvania	Liverpool	New York	Nov. 25
Peruvian	Liverpool	Portland	Nov. 26

FOR EUROPE.

Colorado	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 9
China	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 9
Tripoli	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 10
Pereire	New York	Havre	Dec. 12
France	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 12
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow	Dec. 12
Atlanta	New York	London	Dec. 12
City of Antwerp	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 12
City of Washington	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 15
City of Paris	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 19

COASTWISE, DOMESTIC, ETC.

Alaska	New York	Aspinwall	Dec. 8
Columbia	New York	Havana	Dec. 10
Wyoming	Philada	Savannah	Dec. 12
Pioneer	Philada	Wilmington	Dec. 15
Mississippi	New York	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 23
Juniata	Philada	New Orleans	Dec. 25
Stars and Stripes	Philada	Havana	Dec. 29

Mails are forwarded by every steamer in the regular lines. The steamers for or from Liverpool call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent call at Southampton

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Schr Enterprise, Barnes, St. John, N. B., C. C. Van Horn.
Brig Rollerson Scott, Boston, Lennox & Burgess.
Schr J. B. Knowles, Scott, Boston, do.
Schr A. E. Valentine Bayles, Providence, do.
Schr A. C. Stimers, Knox, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Str Diamond State, Webb, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, for Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Brig Rollerson Scott, from New York, in ballast to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr Blondin, Chapman, from Provincetown, with fish to A. Hughes.
Schr Everglade, Leland, 4 days from New York, in ballast to J. E. Bazley & Co.
Schr Venetia Eaton, 10 days from Bangor, with lumber to S. B. Bailey & Sons.
Schr J. B. Knowles, Scott, from Portland, in ballast to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr Louis F. Smith, Crie, from Boston, with mdse. to Cowell & Collins.
Schr Lamartine, Saulsbury, 4 days from New York, in ballast to J. E. Bazley & Co.
Steamer Bristol, Wallace, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer Chester, Jones, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

(COPY.)

"THE STAR OF THE UNION"—OFFICIAL REPORT OF HER LOSS.

MORILLO DE MAR MAR, NORTH COAST OF CUBA, Nov. 24, 1868.—William L. James, Esq., Philadelphia.—Sir:—We sailed from New Orleans on the 6th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M., with a general cargo and fourteen passengers. I passed the bar at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 11th, with a heavy gale from the north, so that we could not land the pilot, but had to carry him along with us. I run the ship S.E. by S. to ease her, until noon, and then hauled up S.E. ½ E. and steered that course until noon on Friday, the 13th, experiencing heavy gales all the time.

Unable during this time to get an observation, I hauled up E. ½ S., judging my position to be long 84 W., lat. 23 16 N. At 8 P. M. saw the land and hauled up E. by N. and E.N.E. Wind east. At 6 30 P. M. saw a light under our lee and put the helm hard starboard. Just then the ship struck. Immediately reversed the engine, the ship heading N. ½ W., and in turning steered the starboard broke. Made all sail and lowered a boat to run out a kedge anchor. The men were above out the boat and could not run the kedge ashore. The steam pipe breaking left us to the mercy of the sea. Pumps were worked and found all right.

On Saturday morning I was able to send a boat ashore to seek assistance but none could be had. I then commenced to land the passengers, sending the women and children first. These went safely. The next boat was capsized in the surf, and I am sorry to say two passengers, Mr. G. W. Clark, of San Francisco and Mr. George Johnson, merchant, of Havana, were drowned. Three boats were turned over and baggage, mails, charts and provisions wet, and some of the latter were lost.

I then sent Purser Townsend to Bahia Honda, but he had to return, being unable to cross the river intervening.

I then despatched the first officer, Mr. Dix, and a passenger, a native Cuban, with a boat's crew to reach a station whence a telegram could be sent to Havana.

In this they were successful and on Wednesday, 17th inst., the United States National Steamship Francisco de ASIS came along and took off passengers and crew to Havana. Leaving the wreck in charge of the first mate and purser, I went up to Havana and saw Mr. Pablo Nunez, acting agent of the underwriters, and on my return with the lighters, found all right.

We are now trying to get the cargo out of the ship, and are doing the best that can be done under the circumstances to save the property; but the vessel will be a total wreck.

I desire to call especial notice to the kindness and attention of the officers and crews above-mentioned. Having succeeded in extricating us from such unpleasant surroundings, they were untiring in their efforts to make us as comfortable as possible.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) THOMAS W. JONES, Captain.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Saranak, Turley, was up at Mobile 1st inst. for Liverpool.
Barque Amazon, Svinhuford, for Philadelphia, entered out at Liverpool 21st ult.
Barque John Bouiton, Lindsey, was in the Roads, Bremerhaven, 21st ult., bound out.
Barque New York, Gibbs, from Swan Island for Philadelphia, sailed from Fortress Monroe 5th inst.
Brig Nellie Mowe, Merryman, from Oporto for London, sailed from Plymouth 22d ult.
Brig Olive Foss, from Bangor for Philadelphia, at Portland 6th inst.
Brig S. D. Hart, Burgess, from New Bedford for Philadelphia, at New York 8th inst.
Brig Mary E. Dana, O'Neil, sailed from Cardenas 27th ult. for a port north of Hatteras.
Brig Sea Breeze, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole 4th inst.
Schr Joseph W. Webster, Hawkins, which cleared at Philadelphia Oct. 28 for Antwerp with 18,147½ gallons refined petroleum (valued at $34,293·77) was abandoned at sea 16th ult., in a sinking condition. The J. W. W. registered 412 tons, was built at New York in 1855 and hailed from New York.
Schr Waitsaka Lawrence, hence, at Georgetown, S. C., 5th inst., in 60 hours passage.
Sch s Mary A. Predmore, Hart; William F. Phelps, Cranmer; Success, Richards; S. L. Russell, Smith; Amelia, Beebe; and R. J. Mercer, King, all from Providence for Philadelphia, at New York 6th inst.

NOTICE TO MARINERS

The Cross Ledge Lightvessel will be removed from her station in the Delaware Bay (for the winter), on and after the 12th inst.

By order of the Lighthouse Board.
W. H. GARDNER, U. S. N.,
Lighthouse Inspector, Fourth District.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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LYONS PURE SILK VELVETS.
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AND

SHIPPING.

We have a special Wholesale Department for supplying LINENS AND COTTON SHEETING, TOWELS, NAPKINS, SINGLE BED AND BERTH BLANKETS, and other goods particularly adapted to your wants.

All the above kinds of GOODS made up at short notice if desired.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

CENTRAL DRY GOODS STORE,

COR. EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS

FOR THE LADIES.

MAGAZIN DES MODES,

No. 1014 WALNUT STREET.

For the better convenience of her Patrons,

MRS. PROCTOR

HAS REMOVED HER DRESSMAKING ROOMS

To No. 1014 WALNUT Street,

Where she will be happy to see her friends.

The GENERAL DRY GOODS BUSINESS will be continued as heretofore, at No. 920 CHESNUT St.

11 6 J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

PARIS

"LA BELLE" SKIRTS.

All Styles of this justly celebrated SKIRT.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

BALMORALS

OF THE BEST MANUFACTURE.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

No. 727 CHESNUT Street,

12 5 6trp PHILADELPHIA.

628. HOOP SKIRTS, NEW FALL STYLES. 628.

LA PANIER, and all other desirable styles and sizes of our

CELEBRATED CHAMPION SKIRTS,

for ladies, misses, and children, constantly on hand and made to order. Largest assortment in the city and specially adapted for first class trade.

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!

Retailing at very low prices. Our assortment is complete, embracing Thompson's Glove Fitting, in all grades, from $1 25 to $5·50; Becket's superior French Woven Corsets, from $1·10 to $5·50; superior Whalebone and made Corsets, from $1 00 to $3 50, in abdominal and circular gore; Madame Foy's Corset Skirt Supporters, at $1·50.

Also, Mrs. Moody's Patent Self-Adjusting Abdominal Corsets; which every lady should examine.

Corset Clasps, 8 cents a pair.

Wholesale and Retail Manufactory and Salesroom No. 628 ARCH Street.

9 23m WM. T. HOPKINS.

CITY ORDINANCES.

RESOLUTION

To Make a Certain Transfer in the Appropriation to the Board of Health for the year 1868.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That the City Controller be and he is hereby authorized to make the following transfer in the appropriation to the Board of Health for the year 1868, viz:—

From Item 22 (for board and washing for patients, nurses, and officers Municipal Hospital) to Item 5 (for fuel, furniture, cleansing, repairs, postage, and incidentals), four hundred dollars ($400.)

JOSEPH F. MARCER,
President of Common Council.

Attest—
BENJAMIN H. HAINES,
Clerk of Select Council.

WILLIAM S. STOKLEY,
President of Select Council.

Approved this fifth day of December, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight (A. D. 1868).

MORTON McMICHAEL,
12 8 1t Mayor of Philadelphia.

RESOLUTION

To Lay Water Pipe on Hoffman and other Streets.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That the Chief Engineer of the Water Department be and is hereby authorized to lay water pipe on the following streets:—

Hoffman street, from Ninth to Tenth street, First ward.

Warren street, from Thirty-third to Thirty-eighth street, Twenty-fourth ward.

Federal street, from Twenty-second to Twenty-third street, Twenty sixth ward.

JOSEPH F. MARCER,
President of Common Council.

Attest—
ROBERT BETHELL,
Assistant Clerk of Select Council.

WILLIAM S. STOKELEY,
President of Select Council.

Approved this fifth day of December, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-eight (A. D. 1868).

MORTON McMICHAEL,
12 8 1t Mayor of Philadelphia.

HATS AND CAPS.

JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,
No. 25 S. NINTH Street,
First door above Chesnut street. 4 9[

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED, and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the approved fashions of the season. CHESNUT street, next door to the Post Office. 11 19 1yp

PRIZES CASHED IN ROYAL HAVANA, KENTUCKY, and MISSOURI LOTTERIES. Circulars sent and information given.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 79 BROADWAY, New York.
Post Office Box, 4284. 11 13 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN AND GERMAN OPERA.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR.....MAX MARETZEK.
SATURDAY, AT 2 P.M., GRAND MATINEE.
POSITIVELY LAST FIVE NIGHTS.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING,
LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR.
GERMAN OPERA.
Flotow's Charming Comic Opera,
MARTHA.
Martha.....MADAME ROTTER
Nancy.....MADAME CELLINI
Lionel.....HERR RABOSANI
Plunkett.....HERR SCHMIDT
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK
TO-MORROW (Wednesday) Dec. 9,
LAST NIGHT BUT THREE.
Bellini's Favorite Opera,
NORMA
(BY REQUEST).
MADAME LA GRANGE in her world-renowned part of NORMA. MISS McCULLOCH as Adalgisa. SIG. BOSETTI as Pollio. SIG. ANTONUCCI as Oroveso.
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK.
THURSDAY, Dec. 10, GERMAN OPERA,
AND LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Family Circle, 50 cents. Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
Tickets and Seats can now be secured for any night at the Academy of Music and Charles Trumpler's Music Store, No. 926 Chesnut street.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING,
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
Introducing the
GREAT ROBINSON
and every member of the
ENTIRE CIRCUS TROUPE
ever in Philadelphia.
TO-MORROW,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON,
GRAND CIRCUS MATINEE,
GRAND CIRCUS MATINEE,
when the Entire Troupe will appear in a
PROGRAMME OF EXCELLENCE
AND DIVERSITY.
Admission to the Matinee, 50 cents. Children accompanied by Adults, 25 cents. Family Circle, 50 cents. Doors open at 1 o'clock; to commence at 2.
Evening prices, 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1.
SEATS RESERVED WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

WALNUT ST. THEATRE, BEGINS AT 7½.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Dec. 8,
the Pathetic Hebrew Drama of
LEAH THE FORSAKEN.
Leah.....MRS. D. P. BOWERS
Rudolph.....Mr. J. C. McCollom
To conclude with the Laughable Farce of
A PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.
WEDNESDAY—THE LADY OF LYONS.
THE ORANGE GIRL.
a Christmas Story, will be produced shortly.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET THEATRE. Begins at half-past 7.
MONDAY, Dec. 7, and EVERY EVENING, first nights of Colonel Fitzgerald's Play,
WOLVES AT BAY.
With every scene new
By Charles Hawthorne and Mr. Fetter.
Realistic Mechanical Effects,
By John Furze and Assistant.
New Music and Grand Cast,
By Mr. JOHN DREW and Company
Seats secured six days in advance.

THEATRE COMIQUE, SEVENTH STREET, below Arch. Commences at 7½.
J. C. GREGORY.....Sole Lessee and Manager
First week of
THE AUTOMATON.
First week of the
GRAND ORAL ASCENSION,
First week of JOCKO THE MONKEY.
An entire change every night.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

FOX'S AMERICAN VARIETY THEATRE.
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
GREAT COMBINATION TROUPE
in Grand Ballets, Equestrian