THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. X .-- No. 99.

PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1868.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

WEST INDIES.

Insurrectionary Movements Cuba-A Presidential Contest in Hayti,

in

By an arrival yesterday we have advices to the 17th instant from the West Indies:-

CUBA.

What is Thought of Annexation. The New York Tribune's correspondent writes

The New York Fridar's correspondent writes from Havana as follows:— There has been, since the expeditions of I op a, and his execution, October 1, 1851, a great misorderstanding in the United States with respect to the feeling of the Unbass towards our Government. Thousands of people to-day in the States think that these people would rejoice to join the American Union. This is a mistake, There is no people in the world more jealous of foreigners than the native Cubans. The Mexi-

caps are not more so. The uban population of this island would be glad of "inder endence, some would supplement it by annexation;" out, it should be added, "a very few." There is a great dislike to Spanish rule and this is quite natural. Our fathers raised a revolution because they were taxed by England without the privilege of representa-tion for the privilege of representa-tion. tion. Precisely the same thing here, with this difference, viz :- our fathers did have a few offices and emoluments Noteo with the Cubans. The produce and commerce of Cuba support an army of 20,000 men, and a considerable navy beside, in which there are very few or no Cubans to be counted. The Custom House, the lottery— in short, every office in the island is in the bands of the Scattering. in short, every office in the island is in the bands of the Spaniards.

Insurrection Among the Peasants.

Insurrection Among the Peasants. "According to telegrams received in Yara, jurisdiction of Manzanilis, a party of peasants (or country people) raised an insurrection on the loin instant, but the heads of the party are not as yet known." The statement is then made that a small fight had taken place between a column of Government troops and these bandits, and that the latter were soon put to flight, leaving one dead and a few arms scat-tered here and incise. This order was published on the 14th. On the same day another order was inserted in the Gaceta, referring to the state of matters in Porto kico. Captain General Pavia thinks that quiet will soon be entirely restored there. He states that one Rojas (so Venezueian) and his bothers are the principal agitators, and doubts their ability to escape. Venezueian) and his brothers are the principal agitators, and doubts their ability to escape. The same official journal contains another order, published yesterday, stating that a battle had taken place between the insurrectionary party and the Government troops near Tunis, Cuba: that the latter had triumphed, taking a constitute of prisoners. Perhaps this relating model Cuba: that the latter had triumohed, taking a quantity of prisoners. Perhaps this rising would have assumed much larger dimensions had not General Lersundi recoguized officially the Pro-visional Junts, which he did on last Monday morning, the litb. The Gaceta and Diario de la Marina each issued a boletin extraordintre in the morning, and an extra in the evening, appris-ing the public of what had happened in the Peninsula, and what government was really existing. Should things remain tranquil in Spain, there need be apprehended no trouble on this island; but should a civil war break out over there, there would be bloodshed here.

HAYTI.

Dissensions Among the People. Dissensions Among the People. The New York Times' correspondent says:-Intelligence from Port au-Prince to the 5th Inst. tepresents that on the 22d of September General Dominguez was proclaimed President at Miragoane, and that towards the same time Nissege Sagel was so honored at St. Mare, and one Rebecca at Jacmel. So there are now four claimants in the field. But Salnave having nine points of the law on his side, has decidedly the advantage over all others, and appears disposed to make the most of it. On the 1st instant he was at Petit Goave, where he was received and entertained with all the honors-salutes, Te Deum, etc.

FIRST EDITION | stances. A few minutes before 9 o'clock his rescuers accomplianed their task, and one of stances. A low minutes before 9 o'clock his rescuers accomplianed their task, and one of their number, William O'Neil, brought him on his shoulders to the surface, to the unbounded joy of thousands of citizens who were attracted to the spot. Toe sufferer was perfectly helo-its, his extremities being numb and lifetess. His limbs were rubbed with alcohol, and a cir-culation was possible restored. He appeared culation was speedily restored. He ap to be very much prostrated. At a late h Thursday evening he was very comfortable, and he expects to be out again in a few days.

THE ELECTIONS.

The Result in West Virginia.

The following despatch indicates the magni-tude of the Republican triumph in West Vir

Roth Parties Still Claim the Election. WHEELING, Oct. 26,-The Intelligencer (Re-publican) this morning, says;- 'Our whole State

profican) this morning, says.— Our whole State licket is elected by ansjority which will not fall below 3500, and may reach 4500. We shall have almost, if not quite, our usual majority in the Legislature, and have elected beyond per-adventure our Congressmen in the First and Second districts, and returns from the Third district remove the doubts of General Witcher's election." election."

election." The *Register* (Democrat) says: — "Tolerably complete reports from eighteen counties out of the fifty three composing the State show net Democratic gains of 2500, and the same ratio of gsin through the state, which ratio certainly exists, will give us West Virginia by a hand-some majority."

The "World" Sees Great Democratic Gains.

The following is the special to the New York

The following is the special to the New York World:--WHIEELING, West Virginia, October 25.--Re-turns from the State election come in slowly, but all show large Democratic gains. Thirteen counties fully heard from show Democratic gains as follows:--Brooke, 57; Hampshire, 200; Harrison, 208; Kanawha, 300; Lewis, 250; Ma-rion, 250; Marshall, 150; Mineral, 100; Pleasants, 100; Tayior, 250; Weizel, 150; Wirt, 70; Wood, 400. The radicals caim 50 gain in Braxton and 50 in Putham. Net Democratic in fifteen counties, 237. The same proportion of gains throughout the remaining thirty-eight counties will make the State Demo-cratic by 2000. Democrat c authorities claim that the gain in the remainder of the State will be much heavier, as the bulk of the new registration, which is heavy and largely Democratic, was made in districts from which there has been no return as yet. They expect 2000 majority in the Greenbrier Valley alone, and are confident of 3000 majority in the State. In five Senatorial districts heard from the Democratic carry three-a gain of two. The State Executive Committee are confident of large gains in the lower house, a majority on joint ballot, and a Democratic successor to Mr. Van Winkle in the United States Senate. The registration books were opened yesterday. registration books were opened yesterday. Large additions were made and four-fifths of the new enrolment are Democratic. You may reckon this State sure for Seymour and Blair. Republicans are depressed. Democrats are active, aggressive, and determined to repeat their victory.

their victory. Republicans profess to have heard from counties easing three fourths of the vote of the State in 1866, and claim a majority of 3000. Their estimate doss not include the counties in which the new registration was heaviest and where the Democrats will have probably 6000 majority.

The Result of the Ohio State Election.

From the Cincinnati Commercial, Oct. 24. Three counties remain to be heard from in Ohio-Hocking, Licking, and Sandusky. A revision of the figures and the addition of officia

guns of the enemy. By passing below and taking Port Hudson it would give nign land ill the way up to operate on, and give, in addit on, co-operation from Banks' forces, Hoping n 344 from this Department will be lavorable to our cause, Iremain, truly yours, U.S. GRANT. U.S. GRANT.

THE BINCKLEY AFFAIR.

A Complicated Muddle-Binckley, Mrs. Stephens, and Fitch.

The sl'eged revenue trauds, which are being conducted with so much ability by Mr. Binck-l+y, are causing some rich developments, and bringing all manner of people within their in-vestigation. The following correspondence, in the New York morning papers, will explain iiself:--**Financial and Commercial**

the New York morning papers, will explain itself:--To the Editor of the Triftuse:-Sli: I regret exceed-ingly to be competied to refer to Mrs Stephens sgain in connection with the Biochley invest gation, which has terminated so unfortunately for myself. Mrs. Stephens certainly channot nave for otten the convertation which occurred at the Executive Man-sice, in Washington, on the lifth uit, in which there were teveral participants, and a mang them Green Cay Smith, Benator Fowler, Mr. Yeaton, Capitalin Lewis, and, perhap-one or two others, at which time these charges against Mr. Quartney were propared by my-self, and which abe and others very point with and emphatically urged me to present to the President, as constituting word and sufficient grounds for Mr. (mutaes's removal from office, I up on the base to this subject at treesent, or refer to the shame-ful mapper in which I have been betrayed and an-coned. I shall soon publish a statement of all the tasts this subject at treesent, or refer to the state or the which I have been betrayed and an-coned. I shall soon publish a statement of all the tasts this subject at treesent, or refer to the state or the shaft, and then let the responsibility fail where it properly belongs. Respondently, etc. New York, Oct 21, 189. To the, Editor of the Triftune.-Sin-We read in proper to day, under the head of "Stateralization Frances, 'th ejeolity green the postponed to stater-dermae, and the examination is postponed to stater-dermae to Mr.

defense, and the examination is posphere and the dependence of the state of the courting to say that in no respect has been added with the defense, but has done all snat should be done by an upright and coergetic officer in the investigation and prosecution of a charge of a great crime. He opposed the adj mrament, and only consented to a postponement until to-day-not next saturdsy-upon our suggestion, for reasons satisfactory to ousrelyes. Yours respectively. JAMES T. BRADY, JOHN SEDGWICK.

New York, Oct. 24, 1868.

FORREST THE BUTCHER.

The Fort Pillow Massacre – Forrest's Despatches. The Ku-Klux Democracy, says the Akron (Onio) Beacon, on the 22d Instant, nave 1sbored desperately to show that the Fort Pillow messacre was not so bad as represented, and if it was, that it was not perpetrated by or through the orders of General Forrest. This matter is pretty effectually settled by the following docu-ment, which our friend and subscriber, Henry Steward, of Economy, Macon county, Missouri, a member of Konkie's 4th Ohio Battery-one of the veteran soldiers of the war-captured among other relics, at Greensboro, N.C., as a of the veteral soluters of the war-captured among other relics, at Greensboro, N C., as a part of the Rebel archives that were being re-moved from Richmond at the collapse of the Rebellion. That it is a genuine document no one who looks at it can doubt, and we will take great pleasure in exhibiting it to any who may have the curiosity to see it. It is as follows:--

great pleasure in exhibiting it to any who may have the curiosity to see it. It is as follows:--Received at Elchmond, Va., April 19, 1864. By tele-graph from Demopolis, Ala., April 19, 1864. By tele-graph from Demopolis, Ala., April 19, To General S. Coper, A. and I. General:-The fol-lowing despatch just received from General Forrest, dated Jackson, Tenn., April 18:-I. Polk, Lieutenant General:-I attacked Fort Pil-low on the morning of the 17th inst. who a part of Bell's and McCulioch's bigades, numbring 1500 under Reignoice-General J. R. Chalowers, after a short fight. drove the enemy, 700 strong into the fort, u der cover of their gun-boats. Demanded asurren-der, which was declined by M. jor L. W Booth. com-manding the United States forces. I atormet the fort, and, aiter a contest of thirty minu-es, captured the entire garrison. killing 500, and taking 0: horses and a large amount of quartermaster's shores. The offi-cers of the fort were all killed, including Msjor Booth, I sustained a loss of twenty-five killed and akity wound-d; among the wounded, the gallant Libeux-nant-Colonel William M. Ried, while leading the 5th Miss scippi Over one hundred citizens, whe had fied to the fort from consclution. rau into the river and were fort. (Signed) I. POLK, Lieutenaut-General. (Signed) I. POLK, Lieutenaut-General. Official coordination for the order the fort. (Signed) John W. RIELY, A. A. G. The foregoing document is induced a follows:-'2 s9. General L. Polk, Demopolis, April 19, 1864. Filea."

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH. Johnson on the War Path-The

"Intelligencer" on a New Tack.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.

The Campaign Document from the White House, Johnson's letter to Tom Ewing, Jr., excites considerable attention, Johnson is now fully on the "war path," and it is said some of his friends advise him to take the stump this week for Seymour. It need excite no surprise if he should make himself perfectly ridiculous in his frantic efforts to serve Seymour. Only a week ago he was just as frantic to take Seymour's place on the Democratic ticket. Rumor has it that he has taken to drinking hard of late, or drinks deeper than formerly.

The "Intelligencer"

continues its assaults on Seymour. It says today that Seymour is the creature of the Tam. many Hall ring, and was nominated in July that Hoffman might be elected in November. It sarcastically refers to the trickery by which Seymour was nominated, and says it was so skilfully done that he was betrayed into the conviction that it was an act of profound homage to his well-established reputation. when it was no such thing: ,it was only the base of the Hoffman edifice. The Intelligencer extravagantly lauds Johnson's letter to Tom Ewing.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Treaty with Madagascar.

Treaty with Madagascar. The President has promulga ed a treaty be-tween the United States and Madagascar, the object of which is to eater into more close com-mercial relation and friendship between them; hence it is solemnly declared that peace and friendship shall exist forever without war. It is provided that the dominions of each contract-ing party, as well as the right of domicil of their inhabitants, is sacred, and no forcible posses-sion of territory shall ever take place in either of them by the other party, nor any domicilary yisits or forcible entries made to the houses of of them by the other party, nor any dominary visits or forcible entries made to the houses of either party against the will of the occupants. Citizens of the United States shall, while in Madagascar, enjoy the privileges of a free and unmolested exercise of Christian religion and its customs. New places of worship, however, shall not be built by them without permission of the Government. Commark a shall be pershall not be built by them without, permission of the Government. Commerce shall be per-fectly free, with all the privileges under which the most favored nations are now or may here-after be trading. Citizens of America shall however pay a duty not exceeding 10 per cent. on both exports and imports in Madagasscar, to be regulated by a tariff mutually acreed upon, with the following exceptions:-Munitions of war to be imported by the Queen of Madagascar into her dominions, or by her order, prohibited from export by the laws of Madagascar. No other duties, such as tonnage, pilotage, quarantine, or lighthouse dues, shall be im-posed in the ports of either country on vessels of the most favored nations shall not equally be liable.

The ports of Madagascar where there is no

military station under the control of a Gover-nor must not be entered by United States In case of the shipwreck of an American ves-sel on the coast of Madagascar, or if any such

vessel should be attacked or plundered in the waters of Madagascar adjacent to any military station, her Majesty engages to order the Governor to grant every assistance in his power to secure the property and restore it to the owner, or to the United States Consul, if these be not

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

<section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

The New York Money Market.

From the N. Y. Herald,

The New York Money Market. From the N. Y. Herald. The stringency in the money market was very great during the weak and seven per cent in zold was ireely old for loans by the majority of borrowers on stock collaterals, and 11 many instances an eighth of one per cent, commission was paid in ad-dition to the legal rate. This condition of affairs was large'y due to artificial causes, but without natural influences oper ulog in the same direction the former would have exerced little effect of a de-turbing character. The loanable resources of the banks had previously been greatly reduced by the drain of currency to the West and for the last ten days the Sub-Treasury has been absorbing nearly \$40,06 in greenbacks per diem in exchange for the out it has sold. The money market was therefore unusually sensitive to the withdrawal of a faw mil-lons or greenbacks from the banks, and a combina-iton, composed of unscruptions apsculators, was not wanting to take advantage of the opportunity, and report save the laster are aided by a number of equally unacropulous bank officers. The induca ions are that the worst of this stringency has not yet been report save the laster are aided by a number of equally unacropulous bank officers. The induca ions are that the worst of the stringency has not yet been it is understood, been withdrawn from the banks Sturday. Bank officers are indisposed to enerosch upon their reserves, as they fear it would create distruit of their own safety, and so lead to a roup'n their deposits, a contingency which, at the danger to the interests not only of Wall stress, but the country at large. They also give as a reason of mot deviating from the established rule that the develop markets are very stringer, and that the demands of the pork crop will soon create a fresh the demands of the pork crop will soon create a fresh the demands of the pork crop will soon create a fresh the demands of the pork crop will soon create a fresh the demands of the pork crop will soo

From the N. Y. Tribune.

From the N. Y. Tribune. "Money was in ull supply to dealars in Govern-ments at 7 per cent, with more offered than they could use. Stock houses were generally supplied at the same rate, and much less in may was loaned at usuric us rates than for reveral days past; although houses who required large amounts offered gold inte-rest early in the day, and in some cases paid a com-mission of 1-16th on corrency loans. The bank statement does not reflect the stringent state of the market. The combination have on deposit in the concentrate banks from six to ten millions of the same rate is to be drawn at any moment, the payment as reserve these fiving and a frey thing statement of their real condition. So far there had been a foll supply of money at high rates, out the bears pombe to lock up enough more to make an about escarcity of loanable funds." NEW YORK CITY BANK REPORT.

New York Stock Quotations-1 P. M.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD is now being pushed forward with upprecedented energy, 250 miles having been added during the present year, and a large portion of the re-mainder is graded. The way business exceeds the present facilities of the Company, and the earnings already average more than a quarter of a million in cold per month.

a million in gold per month. A limited amount of the Company's six PER CENT. (GCLD) FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS (principal and interest in cold) will b. disposed of at 103 and accrued interest, in currency. Coupons payable in July and January. For sale by

DE HAVEN & BROTHER, Dealers in Government Secudides, Gold, etc., No. 40 South Third street.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

MONDAY, Oct. 25 -There is no spirit in the Flour Market, and prices have a downward tendency. The demand is confined to the wants of the home consumers, and only a few hundred barrels were taken, in lots, at \$6 25@7 for superfine; \$7 25@8 for extras; \$8@8 75 for spring wheat extra family; \$9@11 for white wheat do. and \$11 50@18 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour commands \$5@8 50. No improvement to notice in Corn Meal.

improvement to notice in Corn Meal. The Wheat Market is characterized by ex-treme depression, and prices are unsettled and drooping. Sales of common and good red at \$190(2210, and 1400 bushels Indiana amber at \$215@218. Rye is selling at \$165 per bushel for Pennsylvanis. There is less inquiry for Corn: sales of 1000 bushels Western mixed at \$123; yellow is held at this figure. Oats are steady at former rates: sales of Western at 74@75c., and Southern at 60@65c. There is very little Cloverseed coming for-ward, and it may be quoted at \$7@775 per 64 pounds. Timothy ranges from \$3 to \$3^16, and Fiaxseed from \$2 60 to \$265. Bark-No. 1 Quercitron is in good demand at the recent decline; sales of 50 hnds. at \$45. Provisions are duil, and holders are ready sellers at current quotations. We quote Mess Pork at \$30@30 25, and city packed family Mess Beet at \$23@24.

Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph. NEW YORE, Oct. 28.-Stocks weak. Chicago and Rock Taland, 1855; Reading, 985; Canton Co, 49; Erle, 384; Cleveland and Toledo, 102; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 865; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 1125; Michigan Central, 1185; Michigan Southern, 845; New York Central, 1185; Michigan Southern, 845; New York Central, 1185; Hithous Central, 143; Oku-berland preferred, 345; Virginia 68, 55; Missouri 66, 2054; Hudson River, 1355; Issue 1862 1135; do. 1864, 1115; do. 1865, 1115; do. new, 1105; 10-498, 105%; Gold, 1345; Money, 7 per cent. Exchange, 95;

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

MONDAY, Oct. 26.—Beef cattle market. MonDAY, Oct. 26.—Beef cattle were duli this week, and prices were unsettled and lower. About 2500 head arrived, and sold at 8@0. for extra Pennsylvania and Western steers; 7@7½c. for fair to good do.; and 4@6c. per pound, gross, for common, as to quality. The following are the particulars of the sales:—

the particulars of the sales:--Head. 57, Owen Smith, Ohio and Virginia, 64,684, gr. 165, A. Christy & Bro., Virginia, 769, gr. 65, Dengler & McCleese, Chester co., 66714, gr. 80, P. McFillen, Western Penna, 7684, gr. 105, Jas. S. Kirk, Chester county, 64,6854, gross. 92, James McFillen, Chester county, 64,6854, gross. 92, James McFillen, Chester county, 7684, gr. 177, Ulman & Bachman, Ohio, 899, gr. 156, Martin Fuller & Co., Western, 6834, gr. 156, Martin Fuller & Co., Viester, 6834, gr. 157, Thos. Mooney & Bro., Virginia, 56714, gr. 60, H. Chain, Western Pennsylvania, 56674, gr. 175, John Smith, Ohio, 7694, gr.

impossible.

be liable.

On the 28th the revolutionists made an attack upon Gonalyes, which was defended by the "invincible" Victoria Chevaller with so much determination that the assailants were re-pulsed with considerable loss. Salnave is making use of his navai force with great advantage.

FOREST FIRES.

Great Conflagration in Washington Territory.

The Oregonian of recent date gives the follow-ing account of fires in that State:-"A correspondent at Martin's Bluff, W. T., sends us the following information concerning the destructive fires in the woods on the north side of the Columbia river. The fire is more destructive and extends over a larger area than has ever before been known. On the morning of the 14th, as the family of our correspondent were sliting down to breakfast, a neighbor rushed in and informed them that the fire was their breakfast untouched, they ran for a place of safety, and were barely in time to escape being cut off from retreat by the fire. They reached the residence of Mr. Martin, on the being cut on non reference of Mr. Martin, on the bluff. The woods for miles around the resi-dence of Mr. Martin were a mass of flames. Men, women, and children all went to work with a will to save the buildings. The mill and other buildings belonging to Mr. Martin took fire a great many time; encof the buildings had a large hole burned in the roof, and it was only by the most strennous efforts that any-thing was saved. The fire ran through the thing was saved. The fire ran turough the orchard and burned nearly all of the fences on the place. Mr. Justice, whose place is half a mile from that of Mr. Martin, lost everything mile from that of Mr. Martin, lost everything comhis house, fence, crops, and everything com-

"The telegraph line is burned down for miles "The telegraph line is burned down for miles, and in some places the wires have been meited for several feet by the heat. The wind created by the fire tore up fruit trees by the roots. Mr. Burk lost some fences, and had the hardest kind of work to save his buildings. I learn that G. Love had to sit up all night and watch his houses, etc. Mr. Lewis Miller's place in the timber is all burnt up-rails, fences, houses, etc. John Bogarths had a hard time to save his place. The fire travelled at the rate of at least five miles an hour for a time in the dry timber. The fire is still raging, and there is no telling the amount of damage it will do. The roads are filled with fallen limber. The wind carried large pleces of bark fully one mile; leaves, etc., were carried for at least three miles."

FORTUNATE.

A Narrow Escape from a Terrible Death,

The citizens of Troy, N. Y., were startled on Thursday evening last by a rumor that Mr. John Magill, ex-City Commissioner, a worthy citizen and an extensive builder, had been burgled in the sawar ware builder, had been citizen and an extensive builder, had been buried in the sewer now being constructed by bim, under contract with the city, in the alley between Second and Third streets' Abouthaif-past five o'clock Mr. Maglil went down into the sewer, both sides of which had been braced carefully with strong solles, to inspect the work. The opening was full fifteen feet deep, and the bottom was reached by a ladder. The opening across was not more than four feet. The soil was of a soft, gravelly mature, and the heavy rains of the last few days unioubtedly swelled it to an upusual degree.

it to an upusual degree. As Mr. Magili reached the bottom, and while standing upright, the earth on both sides caved As Mr, Megili reached the bottom, and while standing upright, the carth on both sides caved in, burying him up to his shoulder pits. His head was crect, and he was able to breathe. The earth above him was properly secured, and no more fell. His cries attracted the attention of his employes. Lights were quickly pro-oured, and, on being lowered. Mr. Magili's head was seen just above the surface. But who was willing to go down to assist him? was the pert question. The opening reminded one of the appearance of a grave. The banks were liable to cave is at any moment, and it re-quired a man of nerve and cool courage to derend to Mr. Magili's assistance. But men Mr. Magili owes his life. The work of shoveling the earth away was necessaily slow, owing to the narrow space at the bottom. The work was carried on cau-tiously, to guard against the eaving in of the exposed sizes. Mr. Magili conversed freely with his friends on *lerce jima*, and was remark-ably cool and collected under the circum-

For Hubbard, Democrat. 249.036 Total vote, as far as reported...... 500,143

ceived since our tables were published. In the former, John Beatty's (Republican) majority is 948; in the latter, Ambler (Republican) is elected ty the handsome majority of 3396.

RELIGIOUS.

Consecration of a Bishop of the P. E. Church.

Church. At Grace Church, New York, yesterday, the ceremony of consecrating a Bishop according to the imposing ritual of the Episcopal Church was witnessed by a large congregation. The divine who received the Episcopal robes was Rev. Dr. Charles Franklin Robertson, S. T. D. who was elected Bishop of the Diocess of Mis souri last September. The services commenced at 10:50 o'clock, and were prolonged nearly three hours. Several of the extreme ritualistic forms hours. Several of the extreme ritualistic forms were dispensed with, such as the processional and the antiphonal. The venerable Bishop were dispensed with, such as the processional and the antiphonal. The venerable Bishop Smith, of Kenucky, was the presiding Bishop. Among the prelates assisting in the consecra-tion were Bishops McCoskrey, of Michigan; Johns, of Virginis; Lee, of Iowa; Potter, of New York; and Lay, of Arkansas, besides several of the reverend clergy, who appeared in full vest-ments. Morning prayers were first repeated by Rev. Messrs. Middleton, of Connecticut; Cor-bett, of Illinois; and Tustin, of Wisconsin; aiter which followed the ante-communion ser-vice. This was conducted by Bishops Mo-Coskrey, Lay, Johns, and Lee. Next came the presentation of testimonials, showing that Rev. Dr. Robertson had been duly and properly elected Bishop of Missouri, which were read by Rev. Mr. Perry, of Con-necticut, Secretary of the House of Depu-ties, and Rev. Henry C. Potter, also Secretary and Rector of Grace Church. Subsequently a sermon was preached by Bishop Lay, whose text was taken from the First Episile of St. Peter, ist chapter, 5th verse:—"And when the Chief Shepherd shall appear, ye shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away." The Bishop elect was admonished to follow the example of Christ in his sacred teachings; to example of Christ in his sacred teachings; to consult and inspire his cierical brethren; to devoutly look after the spiritual welfare of his devoutly look after the spiritual welfare of his parishioners; doisg these precions duties, he would receive a crowing and eternal reward. At the conclusion of the sermon Rev. Dr. Robertson was invested with his rochet, and was then presented by Bishops Pot-ter and Johns to the presiding Bishop for consecration. After the administering of the for consecration. After the administering of the prescribed oath, followed by the reading of the litany and other services, the Bishop elect was invested with his Episcopal habit by Rev. Dra Berkeley and Corbyn, of Missonri. Tais was followed by the imposition of hands by all six Bishops. The service included the Communion and terminated with the Benediction. Appro priate hymns were sung during the ceremony The newly ordsined Bishop is a graduate of the Theological Seminary of New York and has heretofore been connected with the Church of New York, being located at Malone.

GRANT.

Another of the General's Letters.

The Detroit Post publishes the following letter written by General Grant in February, 1863, to General W. F. Reynolds, of Datrolt, Superin-tendent of the Lake Survey. The letter, by its early date and confident tone, shows that Vicksburg was not taken by accident, or by a hanow stroke of luck-

Vicksburg was not taken by accident, or by a happy stroke of luck:--BEFORE VICKSBURG, Feb. 23, 1863.-Dear Ray-nolds-A large mail, the first in a week, has just arrived, and in it yours. I hasten to an-swer, but will necessarily be short, having a number of letters to write to go out by the 12 M. mail. I am much obliged to you for your kind expression of confidence. The reduction of Vicksburg is a heavy contract, but I feel very confident of success. Since arriving here, how-ever, the amount of rain that has failen has been a great drawback to our progress. It is ever, the amount of rain that has raten has been a great drawback to our progress. It is now impossible to effect a landing on the east bank of the river at any point from which Vicksburg can be reached, except under the

Fliea.

DISASTER.

Configgration and Loss of Life at Hun-ter's Point.

The New York Herald of this morning reports as follows the dissster at Hunter's Point:-One of the most destructive fires that occurred in the neighborhood of Hunter's Point, L a number of years, broke out last night, be-tween the hours of ten and eleven o'clock tween the hours of ten and eleven o'clock The c u e of the configgration was owing to an • xplosion of napiha on board a Sweedish brig which was lying at the foot of Ferry street. The vessel was laden with the combustible material, and a moment after the ex-plosion was heard she was wrapped in one sheet of flames. The news of the disaster rapidly spread, and the configgration, which lit up the heavens, attracted crowds of persons to the riverside. For a length of time the fire was confined to the vessel, but even of persons to the riverside. For a length of time the fire was confined to the vessel, but even-tually the flames communicated with the ex-tensive oil works of Rockfellows, Andrews & Co., and Warren's oil works, in the sueds of which werestored some nine or ten thousand barrels of oil. The ignitable quality of the material stored there soon consigned them and the buildings adjoining to destruction. As soon as was practicable the vessel was hanled out into the stream in order to prevent further destruction, and there, after burning to the water's edge, sank. Much interest was manifested as to the crew, as the rapidity with which the vessel was de-

Much interest was manifested as to the crew, as the rapidity with which the vessel was de-stroyed after the explosion took place rendered escape almost impossible if they were on board at the time. One of the men was pleked up on the dock, but so dreadfaily injured from the effects of the explosion that he was unable to give any information that might help in ascer-taining the fate of the remainder of the crew, three in number.

three in number. The firmament was brilliantly illuminated by the burning materials, and the flames at times rose so high that they could be witnessed at a long distance.

long distance. The scene among the shipping and along the shore as the burning vessel was borne on with the tide was quite exciting. It was feared at one time that many of the vessels might take fire from the flying sparks and thus cause much more disaster than had occurred ableady. al eady.

The fire raged until long after midnight, and even at an early hour this morning the sky re-flected the fire, which was fast subsiding.

During the prevalence of the excitement at-terdant on the conflagration a man named Thomas Kane was shot by an unknown rowdy, who was prowling around probably for some ili

It was impossible to obtain any correst estin ate of the smount of damage done, owing to t) e late hour at which the fire broke out, but t) e losses, it is thought, will not fall short of 100,000.

BLAIR.

Itis Registration in St. Louis.

The St. Louis Democrat (Oct. 21) says:-The Dispatch and other Democratic papers are try-ing to make a martyr of Blair without the slightest ground. General Blair has not been rejected, but, on the contrary, has been placed on the list of qualified voters. The facts are these:-When the General offered his vote, but few questions were asked bim, Capiain Greaser knowing of bim sufficiently, and he took the oath but then remarked in a very boisterous knowing of him sufficiently, and he took the oath, but then remarked, in a very bolsterous manner, that "he did not consider the oath binding upon him or anybody else, that anybody could take that oath, it was void and of no effect," and other like sayings, the Board not troubling themselves to reply. After he had left the room, one of the Board, Mr. Zipf, asked whether General Biair had been put on the rejected list, and was told that he had not. He then said he objected; he thought the General's own language in regard that he had not. He then said he objected; he thought the General's own language in regard to the oath enough to disquaitly him. The Board, as they are obliged to do, noted the ob-jection for future action, and consulted counsel upon the subject. Yesterday morning, having taken advice, they decided that the objection was not good, and that the remarks of the General, howver foolish and unbecoming, ad-dressed from a caudidate for high office to men who were simply doing their duty, did not give ground for his exclusion, and his name there-fore stood upon the list of accepted voters.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS.

Stolen Bonds Recovered. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 26 .- Some time since a package containing fifty, one thousand dollar greenbacks, was stolen from the counter of the Canal Bank, New Orleans, and the numbers of the bills were at once advertised and sent to the police officers throughout the country Last Friday a gentleman, a stranger, offered a one thousand dellar bill at the City National Bank in this city, for smaller bills, and the teller discovered it to be one of the stolen ones. The man was arrested, and was found to have three one thousand dollar bills in his possession, which were from the stolen package. He gave his name as L. R. Sargent, of Brattleboro, Vt., and he said he received bills at the Bank of Redemption, in Boston, in exchange for New Hampshire State bonds. He was detained, and taken by the City Marshal, Drennan, to Boston, to investigate the case. His story was found to be correct, but the bank officers were unable to tell where they received

the bills. A search in other banks revealed six more of the stolen bills, which had been received in the ordinary course of business. Mr. Sargent was released, and demanded the restotion, which the Bank refused to do, and Mr. Sargent has commenced a suit for their recovery.

Telegraphic Enterprise.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, Oct. 26 .- The Franklin Telegraph Company, in connection with the Pacific and Atlantic lines opened communication with Memphis. Tenn., on Friday last, and expect to open to New Orleans in a few days. The first move of this new company was to reduce the rate nearly one-third below that charged by the old lines. This is the only oppo-tion line in the Southwest.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Morning's Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable. LONDON, Oct. 28-A. M .-- Consols, 9416 for both LONDON, Oct. 26-A. M.-Consols, 94% for both money and account. United States 5-20s, 73%. Hitinols Central, 97%. Erie flat at 28%. FRANKFORT, Oct. 26-A. M.-United States 5-20s excited, large business doing, and prices higher at 75% 978%. LiverPool., Oct. 26-A. M.-Cotton buoyant and higher; middling uplands, 11% 918% d.; the sales will probably reach 20 000 bales. London, Oct. 26-A. M.-Tatiow 523, 31.

This Alternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, Oct. 26-P. M.-United States Five-twenties quiet; Erie, 2814. Livenpool, Oct. 26-P. M.-Cotton firm; mid-dling uplands, 11d.; middling Orleans, 1154d. Corp. 38s. Refined petroleum, 1s. 514d. Tal-

ow, 52s. HAVRE, Oct. 26-P. M.-Cotton, 140f. for tres ordinaire on the spot, and 1271, for low middlings, afloat.

Burning of a Barque.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 25 -A barque, hence for Liverpool, with two thousand barrels of petro-leum, was burned just outside this port last night. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. The crew were saved.

-When the elergyman makes man and woman one, the dispute generally arises as to which is the one. The question is sometimes difficult to settle.

Specie	\$9 553,583 56 711,434	Inc \$353,968 Dec 1 915,423
Total reserve \$67,814,477	\$66,255 017	\$1,513,460
Depcalts	\$184 055 547 34,193 988	Dec\$2 817 739 Dec 19,950
Total Habilit's., \$223 694,504 25 per cent, res 55.778 626	\$210 249 785 \$5,062 446	Dec\$2;807.759

Excess over legal

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Monday, Oct. 25, 1868.

There was very Httle disposition to operate in stocks this morning, and prices generally were unsettled. Government securities were firmly unsettled. Government securities were many held. 1154 was bid for 6s of 1881; 1054 for 10-40e; 1134 for '62 5-20s; 1114 for '64 5-20s; 1114 for '65 524s; 110 for July, '65, 5-20s; and 1104 for '67 5-20s. City loans were un-changed; the new issue sold at 1034, and old at

Railroad shares were inactive. Reading sold at 481,0493, closing at the former rate, a decline of 4; Pennsylvania Ballroad at 564, a slight de-cline, and Catawissa preferred at 334, a decline of 4. 128 was bid for Camden and Amboy; 66 for Norristown; 55 for Lehigh Valley; 40 for Elmira preferred; and 264 for Philadelphia and Erie

In City Passenger Rallway shares there was nothing doing. 50 was bid for Second and Third; 72 for Tenth and Eleventh; 15 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 46% for Caesnut and Wal-nut; 65 for West Philadelphia; 22 for Girard College; and 29 for Germantown.

College; and 29 for Germantown. Bank shares were in good demand for invest-ment at full prices. 164 was bid for Philadel-phia; 130 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 334 for Manu'acturers'; 59 for Penn Township; and 124 for Central National.

Canal shares were in fair demand. Lehigh Navigation fold at 201@201, no change: and Schuylkill Navigation preserved at 211@213, a shight advance. 103 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation [common: 72 for Morris Canal preferred; and 15 for Susquehanna Canal.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street FIRST BOARD. V & MIA

\$50 Pa 68, 1507	100 sh NY & Midam th Dy
\$: 800 City 63, Old 18 101%	2 0 an Leh Nav
\$500 Len 68.gold 1 94	1:0 dob30 29%
\$500 do	100 do 23%
\$3000 do	1.0 sh Read 48%
\$4300 do	20 do
10000 Leh V R bds n 91	100 do
# (6 Len 09, 34	2 0 do 18.C. 48%
2000 B Eag e V 1 m 6s 8)	100 do
a1000 Sung bs	2-0 GO
6 sh Penna H 1614	1:0 do
2r0 do	2.0 CO
100 sh Sch N PL b5. 2 %	4:0 00
100 sh Cata Plane man 33.4	
-The following are	this morning's gold
juotations, reported by	Narr & Ladner, No. 30
outh Third Street :	

1335 11·20 A. M. 1335 11·53 ... 134 11·53 ... 134 12:00 M. 10.00 A. M. . 134/ 134 10.21 10.20 11-12 ** 1344 12.04 P. M. 134

-Twenty-five periodicals are now issued from American colleges, of which one-half are newspapers, weekly or fortnightly.

-The Freshman Class at Amherst College contains an unusually small proportion of Massachusetts students-only 37 per cent.

Frank & Schomberg, Westeru, 6@81/2. gr. 93, Frank & Schomberg, Westeru, 6@8½, gr.
85, Hope & Co., Chester co., 6@8%, gr.
50, M. Drytoos & Co., Virgitala 6@7/4, gr.
40, Blum & Co., West Penna., 5@6½ gr.
58, Emhon & Co., Western, 5@6½ gr.
70, B. Baldwin, Chester co., 6½ 37/4, gr.
42, J. Clemson, Western, 6½ 38%, gr.
18, D. Branson, Chester county, 6@714, gr.
60, James Auil, Western, 3½@6½, ar
30, John Y. Latts, Chester county, 4@7, gr.
Hogs were dull and lower-47/0 nead sold at the different yards at \$11 50@1250 per 100 lbs. 93, 85, 50, 40, 58,

hett. Sheep were bigher—8000 head arrived and sold at 4@6c, per lb. gross, as to condition. Cows were unchanged—200 head sold at \$50@75 for cow and caif and \$40@65 per head for springers.

-Miss Jennie Collins, of Boston, has made her debut on the stamp.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. PORT OF PHILADELPHIAOCTOBER SC.

Co. Sohr Sarah Purves, Jones, Providence, Westmore-land Coal Co. Sohr J. B. Cumingham, Roath, New London, John Rommel, Jr. Schr J. W. Fish, Willey, Boston, Captain.

ABRIVED THIS MORNING. ABRIVED THIS MORNING. Barque Tanlivy. Pinckney, 6 days from Boston, in ballast to Workman & Co. Br. barque M. A. Nelson, Nelson, 14 days from Windsor, N. S. with plaster to C. C Van Horn. Brig Stella Lodge, Allen, 11 days from Windsor, N. S., with plaster to C. C. Van Horn. Brig Stella Lodge, Allen, 11 days from Windsor, N. S., with plaster to C. C. Van Horn. Brig Berald, Wood, 13 days from Sagus. with sugar to S. & W. Weish-vessel to G. W. Bernadog & Bro. Had very heavy weather, with wind from N. to NE. the onlife passage. Passengers-Mirs. Dioxson and child. Brig Julia E. Arey. Babblase

the entire passage. Passengers Min. Hold N. 50 NE. be entire passage. Passengers Min. Jokason and child. Brig Jolia E. Arey. Babbidge, s days from Bangor, with lumber to Patierson & Lippincott. Brig Haze, Hall, trom Providence, in ballast. Schr Aurora, Arits. 1 day from Prederica, Dal., with grain to Jas. L. Bewiey & Co. Bohr West Lennis, Croweil. 6 days from Boston, with linseed to Barciay & Barciay. Schr Ruth H. Baker, Loring. 8 days from Portland, with mose to Warren & Greaz. Schr Laura Bridgeman, Boath, 3 days from New London, with oil to Shober & Co. Behr Laura Bridgeman, Jones, from Boston, in bal-lat to Warren & Gregg. Schr A J. Fablins, Beargs. 5 days from Newburyport, with möse to Geo. B. Rertoot & Co. Behr Charm Starr, from Alexandria. Behr Thos. Borden, Wrightington, from Fall Biver. Echr Sarah Purves, Jones, from Fall Biver. Behr Wick, With Mase, to W, M. Baird & Co. MEMORANDA.

MEMORANDA. Steamship Wyoming, Tea, for Philadelphia, cleared at Savannah 24in inst. Steamship Prometheus. Gray, for Philadelphia, cleared at Charleston 24in inst. Btcamship Brunctle, Howes, hence, at New York vesterday.

yeslerday, Barque E, Sobultz, Russell, at Pensacola 17th inst.,

Barque E. Schultz, Russell, at Pensacola 17ah inst., from Aspinwall. Barque R. G. W. Dodge, Munroe, for Philadelphia, oteared at Charleston 2ist inst., with 19.958 fest timber and 180.2589 fest lumber. Barque Volunteer, Blake, hence, cleared at Gibral-tar ist inst. for Misrsellies. Barque Normania, Poer, c'eared at New York 24th inst for Oork for orders, via Politadelphia, sailed from Havaca 10th Inst. Brig Clara Brown, Minott, for Philadelphia, sailed from Havaca 10th Inst. Brig Elirchard & Turrey. Frihadelphia, sailed genericay off Baroegat, by a New York pilot boat. Brig Birchard & Turrey. Frihadelphia, sailed for Philadelphie, at New York 234 inst. Bits Faupy, Turner, for Philadelphia, sailed from Sayannah 2ist inst.

Brig Fanny, Torner, for Philadelphia, cleared Savannah 21st i.est. Brig Mystic, Hoepman, for Philadelphia, cleared at Boeton 23d inst. Brig Wenomab, Davis, for Philadelphia, cleared at Bath 22d inst. Schr Lucia B. Ives, Brandou, hence, at New Bed-ford 22d inst. Bobr H. G. Ely, McAllister, hence, at Richmond 22d Bobr H. G. Ely, McAllister, hence, at Richmond 22d Bobr H. G. instant. Schr Martha Louiss, from Portland for Philadel-phis, at New London 22d inst.

INTW YORK, Oct. 20. - Arrived, steamship Hansa Also arrived, steamship Oity of Cork, from Liver-

pool. (By Atlantic Oable) BOUTHAMPTON, Oot. 26. - The steamship Bremen arrived this morning.