NATURALIZATION

Another Instalment of Newly-Constituted Citizens.

Twelve Professionals Vouched for One-fourth of the Whole Number.

On Saturday afternoon, when the attention of Judge Sharswood was called to the manner in which the Crier of the Supreme Court had obstructed the labors of our reporters, and to the fact that he claimed to act under the special and specific instructions of the Judge, the latter stated that his instructions had been misunderstood.

In the presence of Colonel Snowden, the Prothonotary, Judge Sharswood then gave certain instructions as to the manner in which the labor of examining the petitions for naturalization was to be conducted, with which we expressed our entire satisfaction, since they would enable us to publish from nine hundred to one thousand names per day, quite as many as we can crowd into our columns. At this rate, unless the business has been conducted in a brisker manner than we have had reason to suppose, we could complete the list by the close of the present week.

But when our reporters had been at work for about an hour and a half on Saturday afternoon, the clerk who was in charge of the papers declared that he had a positive engagement, and could remain no longer. For this reason the work was brought to a close, with only 432 additional names on our list. When the task of examining the names thus obtained, for the purpose of ferreting out the "professional" vouchers, was commenced, it was discovered that 331 of the 432 had already been given to the public in the columns of THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, leaving but 101 names which were new. In this way was disclosed the fact that some person, either through carelessness or an intention to delay our progress, had thrown the papers already examined by our reporters upon the original pile, causing the labors of almost an entire day to go for naught.

The Work of the Professional Vouchers, not yet complete, is steadily increasing, as will be seen by the following summary, which includes the list published to-day, a total of 1474:—

TIMOTHY DONOHUE.

Sept. 4	4	Sept. 22	8
" 15	2	" 23	3
" 16	5	" 24	5
" 17	3		—
" 18	2	Total	43
" 21	11		

EDWARD M'NULTY.

Sept. 14	4	Sept. 22	2
" 16	3	" 24	7
" 17	7	" 24	2
" 18	3		—
" 19	8	Total	41
" 21	5		

HIRAM JACOBS.

Sept. 16	3	Sept. 23	8
" 17	3	" 24	5
" 18	4		—
" 21	6	Total	38
" 22	9		

GEORGE PALMER.

Sept. 14	1	Sept. 23	7
" 17	3	" 24	15
" 18	2		—
" 21	5	Total	37
" 22	4		

BERNARD MULLIN.

Sept. 14	4	Sept. 21	2
" 15	1	" 22	2
" 16	5	" 23	7
" 17	2	" 24	8
" 18	5		—
" 19	1	Total	37

THEODORE SNYDER.

Sept. 14	2	Sept. 22	2
" 17	3	" 23	8
" 18	2	" 24	3
" 19	4		—
" 21	2	Total	33

JAMES A. WATSON.

Sept. 21	2	Sept. 24	17
" 22	3		—
" 23	8	Total	31

HUGH BROWN.

Sept. 14	6	Sept. 21	5
" 15	2	" 22	3
" 16	1	" 23	2
" 17	5		—
" 18	5	Total	30
" 19	1		

THOMAS EVANS.

Sept. 14	1	Sept. 21	1
" 15	1	" 22	3
" 16	1	" 23	3
" 18	4	" 24	5
" 19	3		—
		Total	22

WILLIAM GROSS.

Sept. 14	2	Sept. 18	3
" 15	5	" 19	2
" 16	2		—
" 17	5	Total	19

JOHN H. LITTLE.

Sept. 16	1	Sept. 24	7
" 22	5		—
" 23	5	Total	18

JOHN HARTMAN.

Sept. 19	1	Sept. 24	9
" 21	1		—
" 22	4	Total	17
" 23	2		

The total number of vouchings by these twelve apostles of Democracy reaches 366, or one-fourth of the entire number of naturalizations thus far published.

Among the other professional vouchers are the following, with the number of times which they have appeared:—

Ernest Gentner	16	P. F. McPherson	9
Henry Wisham	12	A. De Bruen	8
Henry Gentner	10	P. H. Delany	8
James Robb	10	S. Pinheiro	8

The following shows the total work of each day, as far as published:—

Sept. 14	143	Sept. 22	202
" 15	42	" 23	196
" 16	68	" 24	304
" 17	94	" 28	1
" 18	111		—
" 19	41	Total	1474
" 21	272		

OUR NEW VOTERS.

Naturalized Monday, September 14.

Names.	*Vouchers.*
Thomas Connor,	Alfred Enoch
John Maley,	Edward Mooney
Charles Rork,	Thomas Cochrane
Michael Harrison,	Hugh Brown,
John Hassenmayer,	Henry Wisham
Jacob Doerer,	Jacob Seekinger
Patrick J. Frioyles,	Hugh Brown
Conrad Conrad,	Thomas Snyder
John Stanley,	Henry Saumacher
John Roche,	Thomas O'Donnell
Jacob Schopp,	George Eissler
John Severs,	Martin King
Jacob H. Compelstin,	John Mayeveg
Daniel Corcron,	Thomas O'Donnell
Ernest Weiss,	Henry Gentner
Andrew Scheil,	Cornelius De Grut
Conrad Buckert,	John Gumey
Andrew Hoffman,	William Trout
George Weis,	William Schmitt
James Lamasey,	Hugh Brown
Thomas Kennedy,	John McCormick
Hugh Swift,	James Martin
Christopher Flacher,	William G. Casner
Patrick Mooney,	John F. Brant
Patrick Glynn,	Edward McNulty
Louis Spath,	John Shingle
John Ford,	John Murray
Jacob Kurner,	George Priester
Victor Herman,	Thomas O'Donnell
Francis Hudson,	George Palmer
Louis Laney,	Theo. Snyd[illegible]
Patrick Horen,	John W[illegible]
Jacob Seplesinger,	Jas[illegible]atson
James Murphy,	[illegible]ob Jackson
Patrick Brennan,	John McConnell
John Kline	Austin Kenney
Fran[illegible]	Charles Haggarty
[illegible] Hudson,	Francis Finnegan
John Smith,	John Goodwin
H. Starr,	S. Pinheiro
Charles Heimer,	Christian Desser
John Devinney,	Edward McNulty
Robert Frane,	Thomas Stinson
Charles McCrory,	Thomas Felony
Matthew Connell,	Michael Cunningham
Michael Hays,	Hugh Brown
Luke Welsh,	L. Forward
Patrick Kennedy,	Patrick Leckis
John Dorsey,	Mortimer O'Shea
Henry Schlecht,	Henry Schlecht
Henry Schlecht,	Jacob Schlect,
George Kolb,	Joseph Bayer
Patrick O'Neill.	Samuel Carson
Chris. Thierlacher,	Christian Laddey
John Murray,	William McDevitt
Fred. Eckersberg,	Felix Greenwald
Jacob Jackson,	John Lind
Lesley McClellan,	James Collins
Joseph Cohen,	Abram DeBruen
Daniel P. Credon,	Timothy Donohue
Patrick Budd,	Michael Harrison
Peter Rodgers,	Hugh Brown
Adam Specht,	Jacob Sekinger
Benj. J. Thalheimer,	M. Thalheimer
Peter F. Gallagher,	Francis Gallagher
Philip But,	S. Pinheiro
Lawrence Kane,	Henry McClain
Francis McKeever,	John Goodwin
Daniel Hand,	John Burns
Geo. Weissenberger,	Peter Glen
Patrick Hanlan,	John Murray
Mort. Baldwin,	Bernard Mullin
Jacob Febrle,	Henry Schlecht
William Laddey,	Christian Laddey
William Ryan,	Samuel Allaband
Henry Laddey,	Christian Laddey
John Houghey,	Bernard Mullin
Joseph Grambell,	do
Jacob Schert,	John Schert
Earnest Herle,	Charles Mueller
David Silver,	George Fissler
Jacob Miles,	H. Mickel
Thomas Sheehan,	Thomas Evans
Michael Corcoran,	Thomas O'Donnell

Total	81
Published previously	62
Grand total for September 14	143

Naturalized Thursday, September 17.

James Holden,	Joseph McFadden, Jr.
Robert Engles,	Theodore Snyder
George Pfeiffer,	do
Henry Elles,	John Ringe
Isaac Sandheimer,	Lewis H. Muscher
William Richmond,	Charles McShane
John Senner,	Joseph Connor
Jacob Aliber,	Edward Amin
H. J. Brooks,	L. W. Springs
Adam Clarke,	John Long
Pat. McCarthy,	Joseph Connor
Andrew Bossert,	Charles Schuhler
Abraham Heil,	Theodore Snyder
George Shivelkert,	Charles L. Miller
John Stoop,	Timothy Donohue
Michael Hally,	John Logan
James Lally,	John Ward
Louis Bosderex,	Edwin Bosderex
Jerome O'Donovan,	Bernard Mullin
William Kane,	Edward McNulty
Total	20
Previously published	74
Grand total for Sept. 17	94
Published Oct. 1	754
" " 2	556
" " 3	63
" " 5	101
Total published	1474

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Assault and Battery—A Case of Mayhem—Firemen's Row—Forcible Entry—House Robbery—Larceny of a Watch—Stole Pig Iron—Arrested at Last, Etc. Etc.

—William Roberts is a native of England, and has been in this country one week. Yesterday between twelve and one o'clock A. M. he assaulted a Mr. John Dreiss, from Woodbury, at Water and Walnut streets. He knocked him down and relieved him of his pocket-book, containing a considerable amount of money. Officer Camac, who has entirely recovered, arrested William, and Alderman Carpenter committed him.

—Yesterday afternoon Robert Speilman and Thomas Wallace engaged in a fight at Front and Spruce streets. During the melee Robert managed to get a finger of Thomas in his mouth and bit it, severely lacerating the flesh and injuring the bone. He was taken before Alderman Carpenter, who committed him.

—A number of the members of the Philadelphia Engine and Warren Hose Company congregated yesterday, about half-past 4 o'clock, in the neighborhood of Sixteenth and Market streets, and after imbibing pretty freely, engaged in a row. Lieutenant Connelly arrested one of the party, but he was rescued by the crowd. He then made a second arrest, securing a man named Davidson, and marched him to Alderman Jones' office, where he was placed under $600 bail for a further hearing.

—A man named Adam Hilt, believing this to be a free country to say and do as they please, yesterday demanded admittance to a lager beer saloon, on Third street, below Girard avenue, which being refused him, he procured a paving stone and smashed the panel out of the door, and forced his way in. He was forced out again, and Alderman Eggleton committed him.

—William Paul Alexander was held in $500 bail for stealing a watch valued valued at $25 from Samuel Parry, at Eighth and Spring Garden streets.

—Jacob Sidel was committed by Alderman Toland, for walking off with a bar of pig iron, from Noble street wharf, said iron being the property of another person.

—Some time in July last, the house of Mr. Hall, No. 2115 Green street, was entered and robbed of a coat, valued at $35. The parties were unknown. Officer Reider arrested John Frasely and John Bink, colored, for the theft. They had sold the coat for $3. They were both held to answer.

—The house of Martin Orth at Lyceum avenue and Manayunk avenue, in upper Manayunk, was entered on the 3d instant. The thieves entered the upper part of the house by climbing on the kitchen shed. They opened a folding card table and took from it $500. They then proceeded to rip open the beds and closets, and obtained a watch and chain, a revolver, a license for keeping a public house and one for a ten-pin alley, and made their escape.

—Peter Harley was held by Alderman Ramsdall in $500, for violating the Navigation law in running his boat into the Manayunk locks, thereby injuring the same.

—John Sweeney was held in the same amount for cutting the tow-line of a canal boat.

—It will be remembered that a few days since, during the Democratic procession in Frankford, Officers McClintock and Horricks were badly beaten, the former so seriously that his life is disputed of. Officer Jermyn, of the Eleventh District, arrested Edward Early, who had charge of the procession, as the party who cut Officer McClintock in the head with his sword. He was committed to await the result of the injuries done.

—John Butler, W. Ferris, Philip Pepper, Thos. Prosser, and Joseph Reese were all held, by Alderman Jones, in $800 bail for creating a disturbance at Eighth and Race streets yesterday.

—Hugh McConnaghey was arrested yesterday for disorderly behavior, and not liking the proceeding, attempted to beat the policemen. He was taken before Alderman Toland, who held him in $500 bail to answer.

RUN OVER.—Charles Bartol, a lad of sixteen years of age, while driving a load of coal at Fifth street and Girard avenue, on Saturday, fell from the cart and was run over, receiving severe injuries. He was removed to his home, No. 422 Moyd street.

WALKED OVERBOARD.—James Beatty, while under the influence of liquor yesterday, walked off of the dock at Vine street wharf. Officer Bernard, of the Harbor Police, fished him out and sent him to his home in Hamilton street.

DAMAGE.—The damage done to the shop of Charles Kumerle, at No 1113 Charlotte street, by fire yesterday amounted to $500.

THE CASE OF GENERAL COLLIS.—Mr. Dunkel, one of the editors of the *Sunday Republic*, is the author of the defense of General Charles H. T. Collis which we give below. He served with great credit under the latter during the war, and speaks as an eye-witness, fully informed of the truth of what he says:—

The best evidence of the overwhelming success of the demonstration of the Boys in Blue is, that the Democratic papers, through their advertising columns, have resorted to the mean expedient of slandering the gentleman who was the prime mover in the affair. We (a proprietor of this journal) had the proud satisfaction of serving *under the immediate command* of General Charles H. T. Collis from April, 1861, until April, 1865 (excepting a small portion of the time which we spent in Libby Prison, and in hospitals from wounds received in battle), and we do not hesitate to say that the reputation he (General Collis) bore among his command and his commanders for gallantry and ability was second to no man of his years in the army. For his gallantry on Banks' retreat he was made a colonel. For his gallantry at Fredericksburg, where he himself bore the colors of his regiment, he was recommended for promotion. For his distinguished services at Chancellorsville, the commanding officers of the six Pennsylvania regiments in the brigade urged his permanent assignment to their command; and the enlisted men of his regiment (who are the very first to discover the value of an intrepid commander), presented him with a sword inscribed "for his distinguished gallantry in the battle of Chancellorsville." For his gallantry at Auburn, where he was attacked by and repulsed Stuart's cavalry, General Birney gave him a general order of thanks, of which the following is a copy:—

"Headquarters Birney's Division, 3d Corps, October 17, 1863.—General Orders No. 93.—The Major-General commanding the division thanks the officers and men for their admirable conduct during the late movements. Especial credit is due the 1st brigade, Colonel Collis, for its gallantry in repulsing the enemy's attack on the head of the column at Auburn, and to Colonel Collis for his skill and promptitude in making the dispositions ordered.

"By command of Major-General Birney.

"F. BIRNEY, Major and A. A. G."

For his gallantry at Petersburg, where he headed a storming column which recaptured the line of works lost by a portion of another corps, he was breveted by General Grant.

We know these facts. We were there to see them.

It is true that General Collis had a personal difficulty with the late General Birney, growing out of an injudicious letter he wrote to that officer. General Birney placed him in arrest, and General Collis was tried by court-martial, upon his own personal and urgent request in writing.

The result of the court-martial was the most honorable exoneration of General Collis, excepting upon the charge of writing a disrespectful letter to his superior officer.

We were an eye-witness to the scenes of Chancellorsville until severely wounded and taken from the field. We saw General Collis, when his regiment broke, seize the colors and alone reform his regiment, and our comrades saw this same act repeated by him in another portion of the fight.

These anonymous attacks upon a gentleman who has rendered our citizens at least some service in the field are unjust, untrue, and should be denounced. We have, in common with our comrades of Collis' Zouaves, been surprised that they have remained unanswered by the gentleman himself, and we are unwilling longer to permit the public to be led astray upon a subject touching the honor of every man who left Philadelphia in the ranks of the 114th Pennsylvania Volunteers.

The zeal and great executive qualities General Collis has displayed in organizing the "Boys in Blue" of this Commonwealth have won for him many warm plaudits, and as public journalists, with a perfect and most vivid personal knowledge of all the facts of his military history, we say shame upon those who are attempting to tarnish his fair name, because his views upon the issues of the day do not coincide with their own.

THE INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH—The game of cricket between the English Eleven and the American Twenty-two of Philadelphia, on Saturday, in consequence of the rain, did not commence until nearly 2 o'clock, and continued with several interruptions until 6 o'clock, the hour fixed for drawing stumps. During this time thirteen players of the American side were disposed of for fifty-five runs, which is certainly a creditable display, when we take into consideration the result of the games already played by the Eleven on this side of the Atlantic. Of the outs, the batting of Cadwallader, Hargreaves, Graffen, Meade, Morgan and Radcliffe was particularly noticeable. Cadwallader's 15 consisted of four double figures and seven singles, which he earned by a pretty display of cricket. Morgan maintained his position for a short time, but while in kept the fielders busy in hunting the leather. Graffen and Meade were but short lived, but both secured goodly numbers in first class style. Radcliffe crowned the hits of the day by an immense one to long-leg for three.

The following is the score of the game as far as played:—

"PHILADELPHIA TWENTY-TWO"—FIRST INNING.

G. Newhall,		b. Freeman	0
Cadwallader,		c. Charewood, b. Tarrant	15
Hargreaves,		b. Freeman	7
Bussler,		b. Freeman	0
Markoe,		b. Shaw	1
Graffen,		b. Freeman	5
Meade,		c. Freeman, b. Shaw	6
D. Newhall,		b. Freeman	0
Johns,		b. Freeman	0
Morgan,		b. Freeman	0
L. Baird,	l. b. w.	b. Freeman	0
Onterbridge,		b. Freeman	0
C. Newhall,		b. Tarrant	2

THE BOARD OF SURVEYS.—The Board met at 10½ o'clock this morning, the President in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. A deed for the dedication of Clarion street was referred to Mr. Daly. A petition for a sewer on Thirty-fourth street, between Chestnut and Woodland streets, was referred to Messrs. Miller, Hibberd and Smedley, who recommended a three-feet sewer, which was agreed to

The following sewers and drains were passed:—

On Jefferson street, between Girard avenue and Thompson street, 12-inch pipe, and on Seventh street, between Arch and Cherry, 10-inch pipe at private expense, and on

Woodstock street, between Berks and Norris street, 2 feet sewer.

Chant street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, 2 feet sewer.

Arch street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, 2 feet sewer.

Reeves street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, 2 feet 6 inch sewer.

Moyer and Dauphin streets, between Norris and Belgrade streets, 2 feet 6-inch sewer.

Ridge avenue, between Callowhill and Vine streets, 2 feet sewer.

Coates street betweenth Ninth and Tenth streets, 2 feet 6 inch sewer.

Cuthbert street, between Thirteenth and Juniper streets, 10-inch pipe, private expense.

Spring Garden, between Marshall and Seventh streets, ten inch pipe, at private expense.

The committee to whom the application for a sewer on Ridge avenue, from Callowhill to Vine streets, was referred, recommended a three feet sewer. Agreed to.

The Committee on the Paper from the Board of Health asking for a sewer on Sergeant street, recommended a three-feet sewer. Agreed to.

The deed of dedication for a street in the Twenty-third ward was returned by Mr. Shallcross, who recommended Hicks as the name for the said street. Agreed to.

The next stated meeting was named as the day for the hearing of plans sixth, seventh, and eighth sections of Bristol township. A plan for the revision of grades on a part of the fifth section of the Third ward was presented by Mr. Shallcross; and, on motion it was agreed to be advertised for a hearing at the next stated meeting; after which the board adjourned.

ROBBERY.—Mr. Christian Hoffman's stable, on Fisher's lane, near the North Pennsylvania Railroad, was entered on Sunday night and robbed of blankets, shawls, clothing, etc. This is the fourth time this stable has been entered with felonious intent, and the neighbors in that locality have all suffered more or less from thieves.

POLITICAL.—The Republican mass meeting to be held at Broad and Parrish streets has been postponed until to-morrow (Tuesday) evening. Hon. Mahlon Chance, of Ohio, will speak at the Twenty-sixth Ward Republican meeting this evening, at Twenty-sixth and Federal streets.

ILLUMINATION.—The large eagle in front of Independence Hall will be lighted to-night, together with the Walnut street front and the main avenue of the yard, weather permitting. Should the weather prove unfavorable it will be lighted on the first clear night.

A DEAD INFANT was picked up in the street, yesterday, and is now at the Fifth District Station House.

—Britannia rules the waves! Could she not manage them to keep down the British swell? —*Tomahawk.*

THE INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.—The match game of cricket between the "All England Eleven" and twenty-two picked players of this city, was resumed this morning at half-past eleven o'clock, on the grounds of the Germantown Cricket Club. The rain of the past day had rendered the ground rather moist and soggy. About eleven o'clock, however, the sun made his appearance, and every indication promised fair for a clear day. The number of spectators exceeded those present on Saturday last, and they kept constantly arriving after the opening of the game.

Game was to be called at 11 o'clock, and a few minutes after that time the English players made their appearance upon the field. Spending a few moments in tossing the ball from one to the other, they took their stations, and play began.

As will be remarked, but thirteen of the Philadelphians were out on Saturday, and consequently the Englishmen yet have the field. Radcliffe and Barclay went to the bat. Scoring two runs on leg hits, the former was bowled out by Tarrant.

Magee took his place and soon succeeded in making one run; there his career on the field, however, terminated—for he received a crushing ball from Tarrant, which passed from his bat directly into the hands of Willshaw. Barclay was also put out for one run on a ball delivered by Freeman and caught by Tarrant. Clay and White were now at the wickets, and displayed some very fine batting. For a time they seemed to put the bowling of the Englishmen completely at fault. White quickly ran up a score of 13, making first one run, then two, two, two, four, one, one. His playing was loudly applauded. Finally, however, Lillywhite was placed by the English captain of the field in Tarrant's place, and he soon got a ball upon White's cricket. Clay, too, made a pretty score of 10 runs, consisting of a four, two, two, and two. He was then bowled out by Freeman.

Newhall then took his station at the bat, and remained there. He was the last man, not being out when the inning concluded. A run of two and another of one made up his score. The only other man who succeeded in getting a mark was C. Baird. He made one run, when he received a ball from Freeman, which he batted into the hands of Charlwood. Waterman and Hopkinson were whitewashed.

Here the inning of the Americans concluded. It occupied exactly one hour this morning and about two hours on Saturday—altogether about three hours.

An analysis of the game this morning is as follows:—

American Twenty-two.

FIRST INNING.

Radcliffe—b. Tarrant	2
Barclay—b. Truman, c. Tarrant	1
Magee—b. Tarrant, c. Willshaw	1
White—b. Lillywhite	13
Clay—b. Freeman	10
R. Newhall—not out	3
Waternan—b. Lillywhite, c. Griffith	0
C. Baird—b. Freeman, c. Charlwood	1
W. Hopkinson—b. Freeman	0

Runs at the Fall of each Wicket.—14th, 59; 15th, 59; 16th, 61; 17th, 83; 18th, 83; 19th, 84; 20th, 89; 21st, 88.

TOTAL INNING.

	Overs.	*Runs.*	*Total Balls.*	*Wickets.*
Freeman	15	82	167	14
Tarrant	59	10	88	4
Lillywhite	6	2	24	2
Shaw	20	4	52	1

The total score of the first innings of the Americans was 88. The ground between the wickets was rolled, when the fielders took their places, and Smith and Jupp, of the "All England Eleven," advanced to the wickets. Newhall and Meade were the bowlers, Newhall delivering the first ball.

Almost immediately he planted a ball directly upon Jupp's wicket, sending him from the field with a "round 0." Newhall's play was loudly applauded by the lookers-on. Jupp is considered one of the most stubborn batters on the All-England side, and the way in which he was thus disposed of was highly gratifying to the American players. Griffith took his place.

The Englishmen appeared rather crestfallen at the shabby show Jupp had made, and were evidently determined to do their prettiest to make amends. The way in which they did it was this: Griffith ran up a score of four runs—a three and a one—and then got a nasty ball from the indomitable Newhall and sent to Outerbridge. Outerbridge nailed it; held it; and the second man of the famed "Eleven" was out. Shaw took his place.

The Americans were right into the "Englanders," and the game became intensely interesting. Smith, in the meantime, had scored three runs, all in singles, when the great Newhall gave him a ball which he kindly sent back. Newhall just as kindly received it, and sent Mr. Smith off the field.

The Americans now became elated—players, scorers, and spectators joining in one wild shout of applause. The third wicket of the English Eleven was now down for only seven runs. Pooley came upon the field in Smith's place, but how soon did he make his exit!

The luck of the Philadelphians did not desert them. Meade, in a few minutes, sent a ball crashing through Pooley's wicket, and he was compelled to retire with a zero on his score. The enthusiasm now waxed higher. Meade was repeatedly cheered.

Charlwood advanced to the bat and quickly made two runs. Shaw, meanwhile had scored a single, a three, a single, and a four. Afterwards, Shaw had his "off" stump taken from the ground by a ball from Newhall, and retired with a score of 10.

Up to this time Charlwood had run a score of 11; the total score of his side being 35.

As we go to press the game still continues, with a fair prospect of the Americans proving much tougher than any "Twenty-two" the "Eleven" have encountered on this side the water.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION.—William J. Naulty was charged with the larceny of a horse and wagon.

William J. Ovens, No. 412 South Twentieth street, testified—I am a hotel-keeper; my horse and wagon were stolen from the street at Seventeenth street, between Pine and Lombard, on Wednesday; Thomas Naulty was seen in the wagon driving off.

Held in $2000 bail for a further hearing.

—Edward Keeland and William Rush were held in $1000 bail to answer the charge of carrying concealed deadly weapons.

TOBACCO RINGS.

Government Detectives Smashing Them Up—Seizure of Factories.

There is a great deal of consternation, says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, of the 2d inst., among the tobacco men of the city, over the presence of a Government detective in their midst. It is fresh in their minds that a year has not elapsed since, through the energy and pluck of this officer, five of the tobacco men of St. Louis were arrested for counterfeiting the brands of inspectors, tried, convicted, and sentenced to imprisonmen for a term of years. These men—George Dausman, Christopher A. Galbaugh, George F. Glazier, Frederick Luchow, and James Cole—neither wealth, nor social position, nor influential friends could save from the punishment which had been adjudged them; and there are also men in this city who remember that tobacco packages, fraudulently stamped, were found issuing from the factory of W. B. Mann, of Hannibal, Mo., and that this same agent secured the arrest of this person and his conviction, and that nothing saved him from punishment.

For some time the Government has suspected that enormous frauds were being perpetrated upon the revenue by some of the tobacco manufacturers of this city. One ground of that suspicion we are at liberty to mention. Captain Holbrook, of Louisville, a plug manufacturer, pays alone a monthly tax which is nearly or quite as great as that paid by all the plug men of this city put together, and readers must remember that in the First district alone there are nineteen of these manufacturers.

People will be astonished to learn the amount of these frauds. $100,000 every month is believed to be a low estimate of the amount out of which the Government is defeated. This counterfeiting, this counterfeiting, is done by men who occupy, many of them, high social positions, whose families are among our best, who are wealthy, and who find in their money their strength. The tobacco men of St. Louis, whose names we have already mentioned, had overawed not only their neighbors, but even the revenue officers themselves. At the time of the trial of W. B. MANN, petition after petition was sent to Washington, signed by Government officials, praying for his release; and that although they knew that frauds could be most clearly proved against him. And that we may do no intentional injustice to any person, we wish to state distinctly that the Government agent from whom we have obtained these facts told us that he believed the revenue officers of this city, collectors and assessors, to be "faithful, zealous men; gentlemen, sir, who are determined to do their duty." Subordinate officers, perhaps, may have been overawed here as they have been in other places, by the vast power of this secret organization—this moneyed ring. At any rate, will not it be difficult to explain away all these facts which we have stated, except by candidly admitting that some eyes have been less vigilant than they should have been? Already the presence of this special Government agent has been productive of some good. Wednesday the manufactory of Henry Burlew & Co., of Covington, was seized for an alleged defrauding of the Government by means of counterfeit brands.

It will be remembered, perhaps, by some of our readers, that false brands were also found in their factory in Cincinnati a few days since. Large quantities of tobacco, which, it is charged, have never paid any Government tax, have been shipped from their place, the brand of the Government Inspector being counterfeited to make it appear that the packages have passed under his eye. In this honorable business it is charged that Henry Burlew & Co. have been engaged. A man who should put the Government stamp on a piece of paper would be called a counterfeiter and punished by a cell in the penitentiary.

The same officer under whose direction this seizure has been made has also seized the factory of James A. May, of Indianapolis, for the same crime. It is charged that frauds have been committed by this establishment to the amount of $50,000 for twelve months.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

MONDAY, Oct. 5.—Beef cattle were dull this week, and prices were lower; 2500 head arrived and sold at the Avenue Drove Yard, at 8½@9½c. for extra Pennsylvania and Western steers; 7@8c. for fair to good do; and 4@6c. ⅌ lb, gross, for common, as to quality. The following are the particulars of the sales:—

Head.
106, Owen Smith, Virginia, 7@8¼, gr.
97, A. Christy & Bro., Ohio, 7@8½, gr.
36, James McCleese, Chester county, 7@8, gr.
101, P. McFillen, Western, 7@9, gr.
87, P. Hathaway, Chester co., 7½@8¾, gross.
110, Jas. S. Kirk, Chester county, 7½@8¾, gross.
56, B. F. McFillen, Chester co., 7@8¼, gross.
100, Jas. McFillen, Ohio, 7½@8¾, gross.
75, E. S. McFillen, Ohio and Chester co., 8@9, gr.
81, Ullman & Bachman, Western, 7@9, gr.
143, Martin Fuller & Co., O. and Chester co., 6@9.
120, Mooney & Smith, Penna. and O., 7@89, gr.
101, Thos. Mooney & Bro., Virginia, 4@9¼, gr.
75, H. Chain, Western Penna., 8½@7¼, gr.
150, John Smith & Bro., Ohio, 7@9¼ gr.
82, J. & L. Frank, Ohio, 7@9½ gr.
90, Frank & Schomberg, Ohio, 7½@8¾, gr.
116, Hope & Co., Chester co., 6½@8¾, gr.
78, M. Dryfoos, Virginia, 6@7 gr.
56, Blum & Co., Virginia, 6@7½, gr.
42, S. Frank, Ohio, 6@7½.
50, B. Baldwin, Chester co., 7@9¼.
27, J. G. Cunson, Chester co., 7½@8, gr.
54, James Aull, Ohio, 7¾@8½, gross.
82, Chandler & Alexander, Ones. co., 7@9, gr.
51, A. Kimble, Chester county, 7½@8¾, gross.
20, L. Horn, Delaware, 5@7½.
18, W. Duffy, Western, 5@6½, gr.
50, John Little, Chester co., 6@8¼, gr.
30, John McArdle, Ohio, 5@5¼, gross.
50, Seldonridge & Kelly, Ohio, 6½@9, gr.
50, C. Walker, Virginia, 5@7, gr.
61, J. Auranty, Western Penna., 6@9, gr
18, Jesse Miller, Chester co., 7@8½ gr.

Hogs were lower. About 3000 head sold at the different yards at $13@14 50 ⅌ 100 lbs. net.

Sheep were without change. 16,000 head arrived and sold at 4½@5½c. ⅌ lb. gross for fat sheep.

Cows were in fair demand. 170 head sold at $45@75 for springer's; and $50@90 ⅌ head for cow and calf.

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FOURTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

Our Relations with Spain—New Efforts to Purchase Cuba—Affairs in the Post Office Department.

Advices from Spain—Resignation of Madoz.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Transportation of the Pacific Mails.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Assistant Postmaster General McLellan says it is not true, as recently published, that transportation for mails between the termini of the Union and Central Pacific Railroads has been suspended. Carlton Spaides of Chicago, was the accepted bidder for the service; but before the contract was filed Congress repealed so much of the postal laws as provided that no newspapers shall be sent over land without prepayment of letter postage, thus very largely increasing the bulk of mail matter, owing to the failure of Spaides to carry the mails. Wells, Fargo & Co. are now doing so under temporary arrangement, until the matter can be otherwise adjusted. This firm has heretofore acted under a power of attorney from Benjamin Holliday, the original contractor.

A bonded warehouse for the storage of tobacco, snuff, and cigars only, was opened for the first time for business, in Richmond, today.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Our Relations to Spain.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Secretary Seward was engaged with the President a considerable time this morning, discussing the policy to be pursued by our Government in the matter of the revolution in Spain. The opinion gains ground that an effort