# Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERMOON (SUNDAYS MECRPYED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, MO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1868.

Acting With the Democratic Party. EVER since the publication of the letter written by General Dix on September 4, in which he so mercilessly exposed the incapacity and treachery of Horatio Seymour, the Democratic papers have been thrown into a towering passion by the mere mention of his name. The New York World, the political guardian of Mr. Seymour, and the keeper of his conscience. has been especially worried by that "rancorous letter," "laying bare a heart ulcerating ith spite and envy," and has attempted to

counteract its effect by the most unmitigated

abuse of its author.

I The St. Louis Republican, however, has taken a different course to effect the same object, and has unwittingly called attention to a very damaging fact. The Republican depreeatingly says that "General Dix has not acted with the Democratic party since the war began In 1861." A more truthful and perplexing confession was never made. The first act of General Dix, on the outbreak of the war, was to utter those words which have not yet lost their force, and which will grow brighter and stronger with the lapse of time:- "If any man attempts to haul down the American flag, shoot him on the spot !" This, by the record made by the Democratic party, during and since the war, was the point at which he broke off the political associations of a lifetime, and cut himself loose from a party the Southern branch of which wantonly assailed the life of the nation, while the Northern branch stood aloof with folded hands, or attempted to thwart the loyal army by getting up "a fire in the rear."

General Dix fought and acted on the side of the Union until the close of hostilities. He then entered into the Wigwam movement of 1866, and in reward for this was sent by Andrew Johnson as Minister to France. But he soon recognized the fact that the Wigwam movement was nothing more nor less than rebellion in disguise; and that the Demo-eratio party was striving to render the war a failure, as its platform of 1864 had already declared it to be; and, finally, when the crowning iniquity of the Tammany Convention, the nomination of Horatio Seymour, was perpetrated, his true and loyal spirit could no longer suffer his name to be associated with the party which thus attempted to wreck and ruin the hopes of liberty and justice forever.

So, as the St. Louis Republican appears anxious for the world to believe, "General Dix | tion to his hero, Lord Raglan, resembles some has not acted with the Democratic party since novelists for their heroes, insists that Marshal the war began in 1861," and his present course is not to be regarded as a defection from its ranks. How many of the brave and loyal men who followed the flag do the Democratic party expect to lose in the same way, and for similar

The Israelites and General Grant. A POWERFUL ATTEMPT is now being made to excite the hostility of Israelites against General Grant, in consequence of the order issued by him while in command at Vicksburg. That the order was published is certain. That General Grant regrets having issued such an order we do not doubt. We also regret that it was published. Is this the only instance in history of an error committed by a great man? General Jackson erred when he uttered great oaths. Is General Jackson, therefore, to be looked upon as an immoral man for having thus transgressed? Benjamin Franklin cenfesses to decidedly immoral conduct in the days of his early manhood. Is Benjamin Franklin looked upon as a personification of immorality, or does this blemish deprive him of all right to be looked upon as a patriot and a great man? Mr. Jeffersen disposed of some of his property by lottery. Has Mr. Jefferson since been looked upon as a gambler? John Wesley believed, it is said, in the strict Scriptural letter with reference to the punishment to be inflicted on witches. Will any one say that Mr. Wesley was wanting in humanity? Martin Luther advised his friends to sing and dance on Sundays. Is he generally regarded as a favorer of Sunday sports? Is the esteem In which the great Edmund Burke is held by all oultivated minds cancelled by the fact that he violently changed his opinions at the time of the French Revolution, and afterwards accepted a pension from the Crown?

But why multiply the catalogue? We could go on increasing the list into pages. The blemishes we have mentioned are part of the defects that belong to human nature; for has not one reputed to have been among the wisest of men told us there is no such thing as a perfect man? Is the welfare of our land of no account when reckoned against the transgression, if you please, of the candidate put forth by the party which, as we believe, represents the true conservative interests of the country? Let every man who thus believes ask himself this question. We believe the success of the Republican party at the present time essential for the good of the

country. We have confidence enough in human

nature to believe that if General Grant believes himself to have erred, like other great men, he has mauliness enough to admit his error. We have seen it stated that General Grant has written a letter to this effect, but objects to its publication at

We can believe this, because it would be in entire keeping with the character of the mau.

The man who did all in his power to save his country is not the one to risk its future happiness, should be attain the Presidency, by sowing the seeds of prejudice or persecution. Let the Israelites, therefore, like their brethren of old, who, having scruples about defending their country by figuting their enemies on the Sabbath day, cast away all such scruples about voting for General Grant, and imitate the noble example of one of Israel's most cherished sons, the noble Matthatias, who successfully recommended his brethren to cast away such scruples, and, like him and his fellow-compatriots, hesitate not to assist in saving the country from the perils that threaten it.

Kinglake's New Volumes.

AT WHAT hour did the Prussians make their appearance on the field of Waterloo? Was it the fifty-second regiment or the Guards that completed the rout of the French on that day ! Did the Duke of Wellington and Blucher meet at La Belle Alliance or where else? These questions have not yet been satisfactorily answered. About a campaign that is only lately over, there has sprung up an amoun, of discussion that bids fair to be as difficult to settle as the Waterloo disputes. We allude to the Crimean war. In all probability the complete history of that war, and also of our own war of the rebellion, will not be faithfully and correctly rendered until the present generation has passed away, and for the chief reason that governmental archives must be opened to the historian in order that the secret history may be explored. This will afford an approach to that completeness which history demands-Another reason is that we are too near the heat and smoke of those recent conflicts, too much imbued with prejudices, correct or not, to take that cool and impartial estimate of events so recent which the future historian will be exempt from. When the great historian, Hume, was referred to the governmental despatches, then not accessible as now, he honestly declared that his history must be rewritten. Every day shows more and more the correctness of Hume's judgment. At the first breaking out of our late war, we, in common with nearly everybody, censured General Patterson for not advancing from Winchester, and it was not until General Patterson's vindication appeared at the close of the war that all who read it were willing to admit that their judgment had been erroneous. This is only one incident. How many more siftings will reports and authorities have to undergo by future writers? Kinglake's volumes on the Crimean war

have already caused an immense amount of discussion by Englishmen, Frenchmen-Russians, and others. It seems to be admitted by the Russians that if the Allies had advanced by the north side of Sebastopol, and attempted a coup de main, they might possibly have succeeded in taking it at once. Why did they not do so? Kinglake, whose devo-St. Arnaud would not take the risk. As we cannot spare the space to give the different versions of this controversy, we think our readers would be better satisfied at the statement of the great Russian General, Todleben, who expressly atates that neither the exultation of the troops nor the resolve to fight to the last extremity could have saved Sebastopol, if the enemy had attacked immediately after his passage of the Tohernaya. So little did the Russians apprehend an attack on the south side that the famous Malakoff tower was a mere naked tower without a glacis, and the whole force of the Russians consisted of but 16,000, soldiers, sailors, and all, to oppose 60,000 of the Allies. It was then that the genius of Todleben began to show itself. He determined, says Kinglake, that the works should go on simultaneously along all the weak parts of the line, and each day's toil was to be so adjusted that it would not only effect a due approach towards the perfecting after a time, of the work which had to be executed, but would also bring the pending improvements to such a state every night that in the event of an attack the next morning they would still subserve the defense, so that if the enemy should grant a long respite, or if, on the other hand, he should assault in three days, or in two, or on the very morrow, the works, whether grown to full strength or assailed whilst yet weak and frail, might in each case do all the good which the limit of time would allow.

On comparing the English and French accounts it will be found that the French attribute the fatal delay of not attacking Sebastopol at once to the English; the English retort the blame upon the French.

To the famous cavalry charge at Balaklava Kinglake devotes no fewer than four hundred pages. If history generally was written in this manner, how would the brief life of man suffice for its reading? An important episode in the campaign it was, but there have been many more such interesting episodes in the wars which have occurred since the Sebastopol fight. We have not space now to give extracts about this unsatisfactory, and as the French officer called this cavalry affair, "magnificent," but it is not war. We are inclined to think that most persons will agree with us in considering General Todleben as the only real military genius evolved by that war. We hope to return to this subject again.

THE VITAL STATISTICS OF RUSSIA,-The Russian census for 1866 has just been published, and shows that the country contains, according to the most trustworthy estimates, about 8,078,054 English square miles, or nearly three times the extent of the United States. Of this vast territory, much the larger portion, or nearly six million square miles, lies in Asia, where the empire is constantly extending its boundaries. The following list of the great | empires of the world exhibits the comparapresent, as looking to the catching of votes. tive territorial importance of the em-

1 1re :-- 1. Russia, 8,078,051 square miles; 2. China 4,677,347 square miles; 3. British Ecupire, 4,420,134 square miles; 4. United States, 3 486,749 square miles; 5. Brazil, 3,231,621 square miles; 6. Turkey, 1,913,460 square miles. The population of Russia is nearly 80,000,000. In this respect it is the third State-the Chinese empire, with 450,600,060, and the British, with 200,000,000, preceding it. The increase of pepulation is slow. The birth rate is higher than any European coantry, but the mortality is much greater. The number of inhabitants to one birth in Russia is 20; in Prussia, 25; Austria, 27; Spain, 27; England, 31; France, 39. The number of inhabitants to one death in Russia is 26; Prussia, 38; Austria, 36; Spain, 36; England, 53; France, 43

THE DEBT AND TAXES .- In his recent Spring Garden Hall speech, Judge Kelley said: -"What, Mr. Seymour, are the relations of this debt to the population of the country, to its realized wealth, and to its future resources? To enlighten us on these questions we must ascertain the amount of the debt and its character. and, happily, the papers of the day bring us the last monthly statement of the Secretary of the Treasury. By reference to it you will find that the total debt, less money in the Treatury, is \$2,585,614,313 03; of this sum \$425,630,125 01 bears no interest, \$412,984,911 37 being greenbacks, fractional currency, or gold certificates of deposits, and the balance matured debt not presented for payment, and much of which never will be presented, the bonds and other obligations representing it having been lost or destroyed. I also invite your attention to another item of \$35,314,000, upon which the Government is not called to pay interest. allude to the six per cent, bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Company. the interest on which is, and the principal of which will be, paid by the company Thus you will perceive that there are \$460,364,125 of this amount upon which the people are not taxed for interest, and a considerable percentage of which they do not really owe. Taus, it appears from the last official statement that the total interest bearing debt amounts to \$2,075, 250,188 02. Of this sum more than \$65,000 000 is at three per cent, and \$221,588,480 at five per cent. So that it requires the collection of about \$120,000,0.0 annually to pay the interest. Let me allude to the \$400,000,000 of currency. Whether that portion of the debt be a burden or a blessing no man can decide, for upon that question the ablest and the purest men in the country differ. It is in your pocket and mine, and in that of every sober and industrious man and woman in the country and it will increase. woman in the country, and it will impercepti-bly disappear under the operation of natu-ral laws, whenever the neglected branches of our industry shall be adequately protected and the balance of trade be turned in favor of this

THE MERCANTILE MARINE OF CANADA -A return of the number of vessels owned in the Dominion of Cauada, on July 1, 1867, just published, shows:-The city of Toronto is set down as owning and having registered in all 35 ves" sels, consisting of 1 paddle steamer, 4 screw steamers, 1 barque, 1 brigantine, 28 schooners, and I sloop. The total tonnage is 3741, and the value \$127,200. The number of men employed is 249. The totals for the whole Province of Ontarlo are vessels, 481; tonuage, 66,959; value, S2,787,800; number of men employed, 3192. The total of shipping owned and registered in the whole Dominion—Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia, but not including the ports of Amherst, in Quebec, and Guysborough and Pugwash, in Nova Scotia, from whence no returns have been received, is rated as follows;—Vessels, 5822; tonnage, 776,343; value, \$23,283,052; and the number of hands employed, \$7,235.

## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

NORTH HEAD STREET PRES-BYTERIAN CHURCH, corner BROAD and GREWN Streets.—Preaching to morrow by the Pas-tor, Rev. Dr. STRYKER, at 10% A. M. and 3% P. M. Children's Church in the afternoon. Subject, "Isaac." the second of the series of sermons on the Children of the Bible. Monthly Concert of Prayer at 7% P. M. Strangers are welcome.

C. HANNA will preach on this subject Tomorrow (Sunday) Evening, at 7% o'clock in the MOUNT ZION BAPTINT CHURCH, FRANK-FORD Road and ARAMINGO Street.
By request of the Sermon Committee of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance.

ANDREW TOY, Chairman.

TERIAN CHURCH, Corner EIGHTEENTH—Preaching oy Pastor, Rev. A. A. WILLITS, at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M. Sabbath School at 2% P. M. Mission Sabbath School, Sixteenth and Pearl, at 2 P. M.

MEALING WATERS - REV. DR. MARCH will preach on this subject, in CLINTON STREET CHURCH, TENTH Street, below Spruce. To-morrow (Sunday) Evening, at 1% o'clock. All persons are cordially invited.

REV. JAMES NEILL WILL PREACH
in TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, EIGHTH
Street, above Race, to-morrow at 10% A. M. Commu
nion. 3% P M. Rev. R. W. HUMPHRISS, 7% P. M.
Strangers welcome.

REV. G. A. PELTZ WILL PREACH To-morrow Morning and Evening at the TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, CHESNUT Street, went of Eighteenth, Services at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M.

REV. HERRICK JOHNSON, D. D.,
PASSOT Of the FIRST PRESBY PRICA A
CHURCH. WASHINGTON Equars, will preach tomorrow at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M.

THIRD REFORMED CHURCH,
TENTH and FILBERT Strees.—Rev. JOHN
H. LEGGETT will present To-morrow. Service at 101;
o'clock, morning, and 71; o'clock, evening. GRACE CHURCH. TWELFTH AND CHERRY,—Service to morrow morning at 10% o'clock. Sermon by Bishop CLARKS IN. of Newschool.

CALVARY PRESHYTERIAN CHURCH, LOCUST Street, above Fitteenth.— Preaching To-morrow, morning and evening, by the Pastor, Rev. Z. M. HUMPHREY, D. D. UNION M. E. CHURCH. REV. R. J. CARSON, Pastor, will preach at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M. Come and welcome. Seats all free.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

WRIGHT'S ALCONATED GLYCERIN Tablet of Solidified Glycerin tends to preserve the skin from dryness and wrinkles, imparts a won-derful degree of softness and delicacy to the comderly degree of softness and delicacy to the com-plexion, and whiteness to the akin; is an excellent dentifrice, grateful to the taste and tonic to the mouth and gums; imparts sweetness to the breath, and renders the teeth beautifully white. For sale by all druggists, R. & G. A. WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street. 242 CRITTENDEN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 637 CHESNU! Street, corner of SEVENTH. Established 1814. Incorporated 1855.

PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION. The accumulated advantages which over TWENTY-FOUR YEARS have given us, and the improvements recently introduced, render the instruction at this institution unequalted.

BOOK-KEEPING in all its branches. PENMANSHIP, Plain and Orpamental, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC BUSINESS PRACTICE, ETC.

Separate instruction. Students received at any time and not limited to: et boars. Diplomas awarded on graduation.

DAY AND EVENING INSTRUCTION. Circulars may be obtained at the College. The Crittenden Commercial Arithmetic and Busi ness Manual for sale. Price, \$1:30. 10 2 fstu3t

NOTICE .- DELAWARE AND RABI TAN CANAL COMPANY.

TAN CANAL COMPANY.

On and after October 5, the through toll on anthracile ccal will be as follows:

On that passing through from the outlet at New Hope to New Brunswick, forty-three (43) cents per ton. Bops to New Brunswitz,
per ton,
On that passing through from Bordentown to New
Brunswick, including steam towage:
From Fairmount to New York, seventy-two (72) ents per ton. From Richmond to New York, sixty-seven (67)

ents per toe. Without steam fowage:— By barges and boats towed by steam, sixty (60) cents

per ton.

By sailing vessels, forty (40) cents per ton.

JOHN G. STEVENS,

930 54

Engineer and Superintendent.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

A NEW ECSTACY IN STORE FOR those who have never yet inheled the fra grarce of PHALON'S "FLOR DE MAYO" the new perfume for the handkerchief; it is as enduring as refreabling Inquire for "FLOR DE MAYO." Sold by all druggists.

REV. W. MORLEY PUNSHOV, M. A. the eloquent English orator, and representative from the British Weslevan Conference to the late General Conference of the M. E. Church, will deliver two lectures in the

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, FRIDAY EVENING, October 16, Subject-"Daniel in Babyton."

And on MONDAY EVENING, October 19. Subject-"Florence and her Memories," Reserved seats in Parquet and Parquet Circle \$1'50. Reserved seats in Balcony and Family Circle and Stage tickets, 41 each. The sate of tickets will commence on TUESDAY MORNING, October 6, at 9 o'clock, at the M. B. Book Room, No. 1018 ARCH Street.

PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY, NINTH and LOCUST Streets. Introductory Lecture, WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 7, at 7½ o'clock. Physicians, Students and the public are invited. The regular Fall and Winter Session commences on THURSDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock. A few perpetual Scholarship for sale very cheap. Apply at the UNIVERSITY, or at Professor PAINE'S Private Office, Nc. 933 ARCH Street, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M.

OFFICE MCLINTOCKVILLE PETRO-LEUM COMPANY, No. 427 WALNUT Street PHILADELFHIA, Sept. 15, 1988, The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be heid at their Office on TUE-DAY, October 6, at 12 o'c'ock Noen.

ALBERT L. KERN, Secretary.

PLUMER OIL COMPANY.—THE AN-NUAL Meeting of the Stockho dera will be held on TUESDAY lith instant. at 3 P. M., at the office, No, 1128, FOUS TH Street.

ROBERT M. FOUST, Secretary.

ELLIS' IRON BITTERS.—BY THE use of these Bitters you earlich the clood and give strength to the whole system. Tonic and palatable. No. 502 AROH Street and No. 41 S. EIGHTH Street

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON,—THE
LARGEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN NEW
ENGLAND—Vertical Railways: Aparaments with
Bathing and Water conveniences connecting, Bililiard Halls, Telegraph Office, and Cafe.
79tu the 3m LEWIS RICE & SON, Proprietors.

### SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' CONVENTION.

Come, Soldiers! Come, Saliors! Come, clever civillans! Come, brave men and true men, By thousands and millions For sallors and soldlers Declare their intention. These days of October,

Come on, and be happy, This time of RLUCTION: Come, see our fine gar ments, And make your selection. We've just what is wanted For sold ers or sallors; Try ROCK HILL & WILSON

THE PEOPLE'S GREAT TAILORS:

To make a long s'ory short, let us add, that we will be glad to see the soldier, the sallor, the merchant the preacher, the schoolmaster, the provision dealer the batcher, the baker the candlestick maker, and everybody else who needs good clothing to wear in this present autumnal election time. CHEAP GOOD!! ELEGANT!!!

### ROCKHILL & WILSON GREAT BROWN-STONE HALL,

Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET. PHILADELPHIA. 4 11 4p

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC.

CLOTH HOUSE. W. T. SNODCRASS & CO.

No. 34 South SECOND Street.

ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF THEIR FALL IMPORTATIONS OF ASTRACHANS, VELVET CLOTHS,

FUR BEAVERS, CHINCHILLAS, VELVETEENS, E'C. For Ladies' Cloaks and Walking Suits.

ECOTCH CHEVIOTS. CASTOR BEAVERS. ESKIMO BEAVERS,

FANCY and MIXED COATINGS For Gentlemen's Suits and Overcoat.

A large assortment of PLAIN, PANCY and MIXED CASSIMERES for boys' wear, at low prices, 924 large REAVERS, CHINCHILLAS, ETC. ETC

### JAMES& LEE. NO. II NORTH SECOND STREET.

Sign of the Golden Lamb

Are now receiving a large assortment of Beavers, Chinchilla, and other Overcoat-

ings. Also, a full line of 3-4 and 6-4 Black Doeskins, all of the best makes. The attention of Merchant Tailors and Clothiers are

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

## POINT BREEZE PARK RACES.

POINT BREEZ E PARK.—
Fail Meeting, MONDAY, Oct.
15. Mue Heats, 3 in 5 to harnews. Good day and track.
M. Goodin enters g. h. General Thomas.
J. Russell enters a.g. Frank.
Owner enters b. g. Liuis Pet.
R. P. Steison enters g. m. Lady Davis.
B. D. Steison enters a.m. Lady Lightfoot.
The privilege of a member introducing a male
friend without pay is suspended.

Admission, \$1.

THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141

SALE OF A PRIVATE LIBRARY. On Tuesday Afternoon.
October 6, at 4 o clock, comprising works on Agriculture, History, and General Literature. 10 3 26

VALUABLE PRIVATE LIBRARY. October 7, at 4 o'clock, Miscellaneous and Dramatic Works, English and American editions, really bound, and elegantly illustrated, including a number of Pickering and Moxon imprints.

A M E R I C A N A L O E,

MESCAL TONIC AND DIUREFIC.

An eminent writer says of it:—'And really
a patient owes some thanks to a doctor wife
restores him with Nectar, seconds and fragrant, instead of rasping his throat and flaying his who e interior with the bitters sucked by sour-tempered roots
from vixenish soils."

\$1:50 a bottle: six for \$7.56.
Homosopathic Pharmacy for sale. Open evenings.

BROWN & KOLLOCK.

10.22 No. 1201 RIDG & Avenue.

RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S PUCKET RAIVES. Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZOES, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOES CESORS of the finest quality.

RAZOES, Kulves, Scissors, and Table Cotlery Ground and Polished, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH street, below Chesnut.

DATENTED .- PANTS SCOURED AND STRETCHED from 1 to 5 inches, at Mottel French Steam Dyeing and Scouring, No. 208 N. NINTH Street and No. 726 BACE Street 7 209 50

\$50,000 to loan on mortgage in LEWIS H. REDNER No. 781 WALNUT S rest.

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DRESS GOODS AND SILKS,

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CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

SHAWLS, BLANKETS, ETC.

## STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER'S

CENTRAL DRY GOODS STORE.

CORNER EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS

## POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL. GENERAL JOHN F. HARTRANFT. SURVEYOR GENERAL. GENFRAL JACOB M. CAMPBELL CITY TICKET. GENERAL RECTOR TYNDALE

BECHIVER OF TAXES. CITY CONTROLLER.

MAJOR ALEXANDER MOCUEN. PROTHONOTARY OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. CAPTAIN RICHARD DONAGAN.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY. CHARLES GIBBONS. THOMAS J. WORRELL. PRESIDENT JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT.
J. L. CLARK HARE. ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT.
M. RUSSELL THAYER.

First District—BENJAMIN L. BERRY. Second District—CHARLES O'NEILL. Third District—LEONARD MYERS. Fourth District—WILLIAM D. RELLEY, Fitth District—CALEB N. TAYLOS.

STATE SENATORS. Second District—A. WILSON HENSZEY Fourth District—GEORGE CONNELL.

REPRESENTATIVES.

First District—DAVID FOY,
Second District—ROBERT C. TITTERMARY,
Third District—WILLIAM P. HAMM.
Fourth District—WILLIAM P. HAMM.
Fourth District—JOSEPH T. THOMAS,
Sixth District—COL, CHARLES K LECKNER,
Seventh District—JAMES SUBERS.
Righth District—JAMES V. STOKES,
Ninth District—CALPIA, FRANK LOGO.
Tenth District—COL, ELISHA W. DAVIS.
Eleventh District—COL, ELISHA W. DAVIS.
Eleventh District—ALEXANDER ADAIRF.
Thirteenth District—FNOS C. RENNER.
Foorteenth District—JOHN CLOUD.

Filteenth District—JOHN CLOUD.

Sixteenth District—COL, MARSHALL C. HONG.
Seventeenth District—COL, TOWN CLARK
Eighteenth District—COV. TOWN CLARK
Eighteenth District—COV. ROBERT HERVEY. REPRESENTATIVES.

GRANT, COLFAX, MYERS, AND KELLEY.

Republican Mass Meeting, Third Congressional District.

The citizens of the Third Congressional District will assemble in Mass Meeting on SATURDAY EVEN-ING, October 8, at 8 o'clock, at FRANKFORD ROAD ADS GIRABD AVENUE.

The meeting will be addressed by HON. LEONARD MYERS,
HON. R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS, and others

Fourth Congressional District. The citizens of the Fourth Congressional District WIII assemble in Mass Meeting on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 8, at BROAD and PARRISH Sts.

The meeting will be addressed by HON. WM. D. KELLEY, COL JOHN W FORNEY, HON, JAMES H. CAMPBELL, CHRISTIAN KNEASS, Rsq.,
A. WILSON HENSZEY, Rsq.
The various Political Organizations are invited to

participate. By order of the Committee, JOHN G. BUFLER, Chairman Committee on Meetings.

TT ION LEAGUE MEETINGS

## CONCERT HALL.

HON. WILLIAM D. KELLEY,

WILL ADDRESS OUR FELLOW-CITIZENS

ON MONDAY EVENING, 5th Instant,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

THE LADIES ARE ESPECIALLY INVITED.

JOHN HICKMAN

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 17. AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

At the special request of a large number of promi-

nent Republicans of our city, this earnest and DIS-TINGUISHED STATESMAN will deliver an adfrees on the questions involved in the present political contest, at the time and place named,

NONE SHOULD FAIL TO ATTEND.

Tickets free; to be had cally at the Academy, between the hours of 10 and 12; also at the office of the Press, Seventh street, below Chesnut; office of the Morning Post, Seventh street, above Chesnut; Callender's, corner of Third and Walnut; Needles', corner of Twelfin and Race; National Union Club, No. 1103 Chesnut street, and at the Union League, 10 5 450.

### NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SSUED THIS DAY. MRS. DAVIS' NEW NOVEL

DALLAS GALBRAITH.

BY MRS. R HARDING DAVIS. Author of "Margaret Howth," "Walting for the Ver-8vo. Fine Cloth, Price, \$2 05.

"One of the best novels ever written for an American magazine."—Pulladelphia Morning Post, "The story is mest happily written in all respects,"

—The North American.

"As a specimen of her wonderful intensity and passionate sympathies, this sustained and wholly noble romance is equal or superfor to any previous achievement."—Philadelphia Evening Builetin.

For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mall, free, on receipt of a rice. Published by J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Nos. 715 and 717 MARKET Street,

PHILADELPHIA. N EW P U B L I C A T I O N S.—
BEN BOLAND'S GARDEN. 18mo., cloth, 90
cents, A story that will be found deeply interesting
to the more intelligent classes of juvenile and other
readers. The writer has shown how the rich and
poor may meet together with delight and profit to
both, when influenced by the power of Christian
love.

ove.

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