(SUNDAYS RECEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING. MO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

Price, Three Cents per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents per Week, payable to the Carrier and Mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars per Annum. One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1868.

The City in Danger, and How to Save It. THERE is great danger that the Republicans will not carry the city of Philadelphia on Tuesday week. There is at present a strong possibility that we will be defeated. It may be asked, "What! do you mean to say that the atrocious doctrines of Seymour and Blair command the support of a majority of our people?" We answer without hesitation, Not If the real sentiment of the citizens could be obtained at the polls, Philadelphia would give ten thousand majority for Tyndale-But unless some measures of the most decisive kind are taken, it will matter little what may be the real sentiments of the people. There have been going on in Philadelphia frauds so unblushingly outrageous and oriminal, that we pause in astonishment at the daring of the attempts made. The wishes of the legal voters will not matter one jot or one tittle in deciding the result, unless measures of great magnitude be at once put into operation, and with a firmness and a vigilance without ceasing the forgers and perjurers be brought to justice. It seems that now every hour reveals some new scheme, and it would take as many heads as Hydra to detect, as many eyes as Argus to watch, and as many hands as Briareus to throttle these countless villanies. The audacity of the proceedings is without a parallel. The very fountain-head of official dignity and purity is assaulted, and the Supreme Court of the State is used as au engine to cover these breakers of the law. Not only has one man vouched for fifty, not only has it been proved that oaths have been taken which were perjury, but it has gone far, far beyond that point of degradation. Certificates of naturalization, bearing the seal of the Court and signed with the name of the Prothonotary, are on the street, with blanks left for filling in the names of such parties as should need them. The unlimited character of such a fraud as this will strike any observant man. If there be out twelve of these blanks, why not twelve hundred, or twelve thousand, for that matter? If Mr. Snowden will allow one blank such as those found to leave his hands, if he will seal and sign one paper before it is filled up and sworn to, he would with equal conscience issue a thousand; and what guarantee have the public that a thousand have not been issued? If twelve are found on one rough, is it not possible, yes probable, that there are many hundreds in their possession of this character? As long as the fraud was re strained to the issuing of papers to per jurers, and keeping a record of the number issued, then we could have some sort of data, feeble as they were on which to base calculations, but this new feature has no bounds, no checks, no possible means of calculation. Of the explanation which Mr. Snowden may attempt to give of the existence of such papers, we do not presume to speak. Any excuse would be futile. It may be that he has been deceived, but deception shows culpable negligence, and negligence in his position is a crime morally, if not legally. Or it may be that both the seal and signature are forgeries-In either case it is of vital importance that the case be investigated. From all points of the compass, it would seem, are coming false voters to our city. We know that several hundred have come from New York, and nearly three hundred in the troop from Baltimore. In view of the desperate attempts which the Democracy intend to make to carry the election, we may ask is there law in this land? Have we degenerated into a State like New York, where Republicans fear to move? At the time of election let the Republicans challenge fearlessly, and, we say it advisedly, if wrong is done them justice will be meted out to every man who dares to encroach upon their rights. It will be a sad day for those who interfere with the people's rights, when they come before the Courts to give an account of their misdeeds, and for every one of them they will have to give an account.

SUPREME COURT FRAUDS. - This morning, in the Supreme Court, at the suggestion of Judge Sharswood, a rule was asked for agains; Mr. Snowden. By this, after the evidence submitted, it is not intended to imply that Mr. Snowden has been himself criminal in the matter, but it is to see if his subordinates have been equally faithful. We expect confidently that Judge Sharswood, with a sincere desire to vindicate the honor of the Court, will grant the rule. It is only a preparatory motion, and will tend to the exposure of the fraud. If it is not granted, it would imply to the public that a full investigation was denied.

WHAT IS THE DEBT?-Judge Kelley thus elo quently answers the query:-It is the unpaid balance of the cost of maintaining the life and unity of your country. It is the comparatively small sum remaining due of the cost of preventing the establishment on the American continent of two great military republics, each of which would have drafted the first-born of every household for its standing army or navy It is the unpaid balance of the cost of securing to the American people perpetual peace in lieu of what the Democracy proposed-incessant war or armed neutrality, such as the States of Europe maintain. Mr. Seymour, you prove that you little know the American people by the expression to Mr. Ingersall of your belief that while remembering the great price they have already paid for the execution of this beneficent work, they will regard the debt and taxes to which they find themselves subjected as grievances to be deplored. Ah, sir, yonder tottering old man walks in poverty and adversity because

Evening Telegraph | your Southern Rebellion required him to send forth to die in battle or in pestilential prisons of the South the stalwart sons whose presence would have made the close of his life calm and would have made the close of his life calm and roscats. And yonder pale-faced woman, an American mother, whose husband sleeps in an unrecognized grave in the far South, and who while be lived, knew not toll—her struggle is now that the children of her hero husband studi have the advantages of our free institutions, and be prepared to die, if other Davises and Seymours arise, as their father died, in defence of country, Constitution, and the rights of man. These myriads of men with empty sleeves, or who lean on crutches—think you that they murmur at the taxes they pay? No! They glory in having performed their duty like men and rejoice that the privilege was given them of proving their readines; to die in so sacred a cause.

> THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, -If all that we are told is true, the history of the Italian Opera, both in Europe and the United States, is a long record of pecuniary disaster to the managers who have endeavored to cater to the taste of the public in this branch of art. The Grand Opera in Paris, although heavily subsidized by the Government, and largely patronized by the nobility and wealthy classes has ruined every manager who undertook to carry it on. The same story is told of London and other cities, and an impressario who will confess to having made money out of the Italian Opera is such a rarity that he deserves to have a monument erected to his memory when he leaves this mundane for another sphere, where publics are not capricious, and where divas do not demand higher salaries than the receipts will cover Doubtless many of the rumors on this point are exaggerated; but when the cry of the sufferers is so constant it can scarcely be otherwise than that they have good cause for complaint The Philadelphia Academy of Music is one of

> the finest opera houses in the world, and it is a satisfaction to know that it is an exception to the general rule as a pecuniary investment For a long time the stock of the Academy was far below par, but of late years it has increased in value and is now held at a premium. The Academy, it is true, is used for all kinds of exhibitions, and a comparison with those establishments which are solely devoted to operatio performances is scarcely fair. Good management in the financial department, how ever, could alone have prevented the institution from being a burden on the shoulders of the stockholders and directors. It was never contemplated by those who built the Academy that they would derive any pecuniary advantages from it themselves, but their idea was rather to furnish Philadelphia with a firstclass place of amusement, and to place her on a par with the other great sities of the world in this respect. Whatever profits have hitherto been derived from the receipts of the Academy have been devoted to paying off incumbrances, improving the property, and increasing the stock of scenic appliances. The public taste for the better class of amusements is increasing every year, and there is every reason to believe that the entertainments at the Academy will pay even better in the future than in times past. As far as the Italian Opera is concerned, we believe that it has been supported more liberally in Philadelphia than in almost any other city; and we doubt whether any manager who has put operas on the stage in good style at our Academy of Music, with competent singers, has ever lost money by the operation.

CRIME IN FRANCE.-Some interesting statistics of crime in France are given in a report published by the Marine and Colonial Depart ments. On December 31, 1867, the number of convicts in the "Bagne," of Toulon, was 1016 During the same year 1128 new convicts were sent in and 1706 came out. Out of these, 58 died in the hospital, 2 were drowned, 1 was mothered, 32 left, having 'done their time," 24 were pardoned, and 30 obtained commutation; 26 sexagenary convicts were transferred to a prison, according to the law; 426 were trans rred to Guiana and 1100 to New Caledonia: 5 escaped, and I was taken to a madhouse. Of the 1016 convicts at Toulon at the end of 1867. 885 had been sentenced to hard labor for a fixed period and 131 for life. The duration of punishment for the former was as follows:-One sentenced to less than 5 years; 569 sentenced from 5 to 10 years; 68 from 11 to 15; 220 from 16 to 20; 6 from 21 to 30; and 1 from 31 to 40 years. As to the different sorts o crimes, 465 individuals had been condemned for theft, 167 for murder, 112 for rape, 45 for aseassination, 45 for incendiarism, 11 for forgery 10 for uttering false coinage, 10 for poisoning, 1 for assaults, 3 for parrielde, 2 for fraudulent bankruptey, 1 for bigamy, 1 for military crime, and 138 for several of the above-named crimes. Now, as to the age, social condition, and degree of learning of the convicts, the report gives the following information:-50 were aged from 16 to 20; 340 from 21 to 30; 269 from 31 to 40; 221 from 41 to 50; and 136 from 51 to 59. There were 561 bachelors, 377 married men, and 70 widowers 528 convicts knew neither how to read nor write; 313 had an imperfect knowledge of reading and writing; 170 possessed a complete know-ledge of the same; and 5 had enjoyed a superior education. The professions of the various con-victs are thus detailed:—273 plough laborers or gardeners, 151 workmen, 38 servants, 37 shoe-makers, 23 cart or cab drivers, 19 shepherds, 16 bakers, 16 clerks or employers, 48 fishermen or sesmen, 24 tailors, etc. Algeria alone furnished 242 convicts out of the 1016 mentioned in the report: foreign countries gave birth to 84, and report; foreign countries gave birth to 84, and the department of the Seine furnished only 44

How KINGS ARE BURIED,-Some interestin particulars are given in the London Times of various royal interments. The body of Henry I was buried at Reading. Stephen was buried at Feversham Abbey; but at the Dissolution his body was taken up and thrown into the river. Henry II was interred in his royal habit and with his crown, in the Abbey of Fontevrault. Richard II was buried with his father, clad as represented in his effigy. In 1797 the tomb of King John, at Worcester, was opened. His head was covered with a monk's cowl as a passport through pargatory. The body of Henry III was laid in the coffin of the Confessor; Edward I was buried with his royal robes; Henry V, at Canterbury, without these insignia. At the end of the fourteenth century the custom of burying in royal costume was discontinued, and an effigy on the coffin exhibited instead. At dif. ferent times the tombs of Edward IV and Richard II have been opened, and in 1813 that of Charles I. The severed head justified the portraits of Vandyke, The coffin of Henry VIII has been violated, and only a mere skeleton remains. At different times the national love of purioining relies has led to the theft of a lock of hair, or the abstraction of some curiosity, but the remains of the kings have been generally carefully preserved, and in this respect the English have an advantage over their Gaillean neighbors, who played at football in the streets neighbors, who played at football in the streets of Paris with the skulls found in the ravished

Notre Dame,-Some one has amused himself by counting the average number of visitors to the church of Notre Dame. They amount to 1500 per day, 1000 of them being foreigners. Out of the 1500, 200 ascend the towers, and 500 visit the "Tresor," the religious and historical objects of interest that are shown in the vestry. According to the same statement, it has been ascertained that, out of the 200 who mount the towers, 150 are furnished with telescopes or opera glasses, 30 have maps of Paris, and 10 carry Victor Hugo's celebrated description of 'Paris a Vol d'Oiseau." English men and women form the majority of the visitors; next come Germans, French, and Spaniards.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EUROPE HAS NO FLOWER, AND. therefore, no first extract equal to fragrance to the "FLOR DE MAYO". Its living odor, as it is lifted in the air of the troptes, is readered percental in PHALON's new performs for the handkerchief bearing his name. Sold by all druggists.

CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

No. 637 CHESKUT Street, corner of SEVENTH. Established 1814. Inc rpora ed 1855. PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

The accumulated advantages which over TWENTY-FOUR YEARS have given us, and the improvements recently introduced, render the instruction at this institution unequalted.

BOOK-KEEPING in all its bracches. PENMANSHIP, Plate and Ornamental, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC.

BUSINESS PRACTICE, ETC. Separate instruction. Students received at any time and not limited to et hours. Diplomasaward d

DAY AND EVENING INSTRUCTION

Circulars may be obtained at the College,

The Crittenden Commercial Arithmetic and Bud-ness Manual for sale. Price, \$750 10 2 fatost CARD,-THE UNDERSIGNED FEEL called upon, on observing the false and out-rageous notice in the "Press" and "Bulletta" of yesterday, announcing Governor Swann's arrival in Philadelphia, to make the following statement. Governor Swann, in company with General Latrobe, lef Baltimore in the 2% train, to answer a pressing call from the people of Wilmington to address them on that evening, and intended to remain in that city until the following day. The Governor, on arriving Wi'mington, was met by Dr. Swann and John Hulme. Esq., of this city, who induced him, after he had spoken, to return with them to Philadelphia by the half-past 16 tra'n. The Governor entered the cars at the hour stated, and ; receeded with the gentlemen shove named to Philadelphia, where he was met by L. P. Ashmead, Esq., with a carriage, and drove direct to the residence of Dr. Swann. If any such party as that spoken of in the "Press" and "Bulletin" were in that train, it was entirely withou, the

L. P. ASHMEAD. JOHN HULME. W. C. SWANN.

to speak in the State of Pennsylvania.

knowledge of Governor Swann, who was passing

through Philadelphia to meet certain engagements

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' CONVENTION.

Come, Soldiers! Come, Sallors Come, clever civilians! Come, brave men and true men, By thousands and millions ! For sallors and soldiers

Declare their intention, These days of October, To meet in convention.

Come on, and be happy, This time of ELECTION: Come, see our fine gar ments, And make your selection. We've just what is wanted For soldiers or sailors; Try ROCK HILL & WILSON

GOOD!! ELEGANT!!!

To make a long s'ory short, let us add, that we will be glad to see the soldier, the salior, the merchant the preacher, the schoolmaster, the provision dealer the butcher, the baker the candlestick maker, and everyoody else who needs good clothing to wear in this present autumnal election time. CHEAP!

THE PROPLE'S GREAT TAILORS

ROCKHILL & WILSON

GREAT BROWN-STONE HALL,

Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Return Train for the Boys in Blue.

A Spec'al Train will leave

Berks Street Depot on Saturday, October 3,

At 7.45 A. M.,

To connect with the Lackawanna and Susquehanna Railroad for points North of Bethlehem, and with Lehigh Valley Railroad for Easton,

Train for FORT WASHINGTON leaves at 12 o'clock instead of 1120 P. M. TO NIGH C. October 2.

ELLIS CLARK, ASENT.

PHILADA. AND READING RAILROAD.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to witness the TORCHLIGHT PARADE,

AN EXTRA PASSENGER TRAIN WILL LEAVE DEPOT,

THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL Sts.,

FRIDAY, October 2,

AT 12 O'CLOCK MIDNIGHT,

FOR CONSHOHOCKEN,

MORRISTOWN,

PHŒSIXVILLE And all intermediate points.

ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN.

RESERVED SWATS ON PLATFORM FOR EACH DAY OF CRICKET WEEK can be secured at TRUMPLER'S.

No. 916 CHESNUT Street.

RESERVED SEATS FOR THE DAY will also be

sold at Ticket Office at Cricket Field. THE SEVENTH NATIONAL BANK,

N. W. corner FOURTH and MARKET Sts.

Solicits the accounts of Merchants, Manufac'urers. and trades in general. Prompt and careful attention given to the interests of our Depositors and Corres pondents.

E. S. HALL, CASHIER. 9 25 1m5p



COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE, 50 or 110 acres, Bristol Pike, above the shops and dwelling, to let. Apply on the pramiles, or to R WHITAKER, No 618 LOCUST St. 10 221* POLITICAL.

Grand Demonstration

IN HONOR OF THE

"BOYS IN BLUE."

ORDER NO. 1 .- All Ward Organizations, "Grant and Colfax Clubs," "Tanner Clubs," "German Campaign Clubs," "Republican Invincibles," Campaign Club of 1860 and 1868," and other organized bodies, will assemble at 7% o'clock on FRIDAY EVENING, Octo ber 2d, to participate in the Grand Demonstration in honor of the Soldiers and Sailors. The Chief Marshai therefore announces the following General Orders:

First-The procession will consist of five divisions. which, preparatory to the moving of the whole column, will rendezvous as follows: First-Republican Invincibles will form on Carpenter

street, right resting on Broad, facing east. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eleventh Wards will form on Broad street, right resting on Christian street, facing south.

The First, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Twenty-sixth Wards will form on Thirteenth street, right resting on Christian street, facing south. The Twelith, Thirteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth,

Eighteenth and Nineteenth Wards will form on Twelfth street, right resting on Christian street, facing south. The Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Wards will form on Eleventh street, right resting on Christian street, facing south.

The Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth Wards, and other Grant and Colfex Clubs, will form on Tenth street, right resting on Christian, facing south. The "Campaign Club of 1850 and 1668," under the Marshalship of Col. William B. Mann, will form on Ninth street, right resting on Christian, facing south. Second-The procession will move at 8% P. M., pre-

The following gentlemen have been appointed Mar shals of the various Districts: William H. Barnes and William H. Ruddiman will

have charge of the First District. Second District-Col. Wm. McMichael. Third District-Isaac A. Sheppard. Fourth District-George A. Smith. Fifth District-T. Elwood Johnson.

SPECIAL AIDS. The following gentlemen have been appointed Special

Henry W. Gray, Henry Bumm, William R. Leeds, Benj. B. Brown, Charles O'Neill, Robert C. Tittermary, Wm. M. Griener, H. B. Kern, Joseph W. Bullock, Thompson Reynolds.

The Marshals and Special Aids will report to the Chief Marshal, mounted, at BROAD and CHESTNUT Streets, at 71/2 o'clock, precisely. WM. H. KERN,

CHIEF MARSHAL.

GRANT, COLFAX, MYERS, AND KELLEY

Republican Mass Meeting, Third Congressional District.

The citizens of the Third Congressional District will atsemble in Mass Meeting on SATURDAY EVEN. ING, October 8, at 8 o'clock, at FRANKFORD ROAD and GIRARD AVENUE. The meeting will be addressed by

HON. LEONARD MYERS. HON. R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS, and others Fourth Congressional District.

The citizens of the Fourth Congressional District will assemble in Mass Meeting on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 8, at BROAD and PARRISH Sis. The meeting will be addressed by HON. WM. D. KELLEY,

COL. JOHN W. FORNEY, HON. JAMES H. CAMPBELL. CHRISTIAN KNEASS, Esq.

A. WILSON HENEZEY, Esq. The various Political Organizations are invited to

participate. By order of the Committee. JOHN G. BUILER,

Chairman Committee on Meetings.

"BOYS IN BLUE" ACKNOWLEDG-

ment -JOSEPH W. BULLOCK acknow ledges the following contributions for the entertain ment of the "Boys in Biue," on the occasion of their National Convention, received September 30, 1858:-...\$25'00 Eillett & Dunn. James Jewett 5'14 .. 5'00 J. Toussig ..

5.00

5 00

. 10 00

Caleb Milne ..

Thomas Tucker.

FRONT Street.

Brooks, Miller & Co 19:00 C. E. Cinghorn. 5 00 Seville Scoffeld ... 5.00 Dr. Lewis. 10.00 William M. Griener... T. W. & M. Brown & Co... J. W. Gaskill. 5.00 I. S. Moore.. . Biroo

J. Reynolds & Co. Frank Milne. 52 Received October 1, 1868:-Henry Carson ... B Hooley. . 25 00 F. Steele ... 10 00 Griswold & Co. 500 W. H. Larned. 5.00

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES.

ORDER No. 18. I. The Club will assemble FRIDAY, October 2, 1868, at 630 P. M., SHARP, to participate in the Grand Torchlight Procession in honor of the Boys in Bine. II. This being the great demonstration of the GRANT AND COLFAX CAMPAIGN, every member will be expected to be in line.

III. The order to RETURN OUR TORCHES TO HEADQUARTERS must be complied with in time for this parade.

By order of BENJAMIN L. TAYLOR, Chief Marshal. ERNA LUKENS, Assistant Marshals,

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN

UNION LEAGUE MEETINGS. BROAD STREET.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1868.

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK P. M.

CRAND DEMONSTRATION

Soldiers, Sailors, and Citizens,

ADDRESSES BY OUR

DISTINGUISHED COMMANDERS

WAR GOVERNORS. 10 1 21 DRY GOODS.

COTTON GOODS DEPARTMENT.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER, CENTRAL DRY GOODS STORE,

Corner EIGHTH and MARKET.

We shall continue to maintain and increase the reputs ion we have sustained of being the largest and chespest MUSLIN HOUSE in the cly. Receiving our supplies from first hands only, we shall hereafter sell all MUSLINS by the piece, at the regular wholesale prices.

THIRTY-FIVE CASES AND BALES

MUSLINS, Comprising all the leading brands and widths of PILLOW MUSLIN,

WIDE SHEETING PINESHIBTING, WAMSUTTA, WILLIAMSVILLE, NEW YORK MILLS, BAY MILLS, ABKWRIGHT,

PORESTDALE. HOUSEKEEPER. FRUIT OF THE LOOM. Our constant aim will be to make the lowest prices

TEN CASES OF CANTON FLANNELS.

The best makes, such as AMOSKEAG.

HAMILTON, AND To persons not fully acquainted with the best kinds above brands as the best got ds in the market.

We have Canton Fiannels ranging in price from
Twelve and a nail Cents to Fifty Cents per yard. [1:

1868.

JOSEPH H. THORNLEY Would respectfully present his claims for a share

of public patronage by offering the following induce-An Attractive Stock.

A Splendid Assortment. Prices Put Down to the Lowest Notch. SPECIAL ATTENTION INVITED TO

Paisley Shawls. Broche Shawls.

ELLEBION'S.

Silks and Dress Goods.

Blankets and Flannels. Cloths and Cassimeres.

LINENS, QUILTS, PIANO and TABLE COVERS, SKIRTS, CORSETS, ETC, ETC, JOSEPH H. THORNLEY, N. E. Cor. EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN,

PMILADELPHIA. 9 26 Sm 5p NEW DRESS COODS.

ATTRACTIVE STYLES in the most VARIED ALSORI MENT we have ever offered, ranging from 31 cents to \$1.75 per yard, FROM A RECENT FRENCH SALE,

OPLINS ALL-WOOL REPS,

From 50 cents to \$1.50 per yard.

BLACK DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARISTY.

COOPER & CONARD. S. E. Cor. NINTH and MARKET. 9 26 fitu3mrp

TO PROPRIETORS OF

HOTELS BOARDING-HOUSES,

SHIPPING. We have a special Wholesale Department for sup, plying LINEN AND COTTON SHEETING, TOW. ELS, NAPKINS, SINGLE BED AND BERTH

BLANKETS, and other goods particularly adapted

All the above kinds of GOODS made up at short notice if desired.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

CENTRAL DRY GOODS STORE,

COR. EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS.

DRY GOODS.

SHEPPARD,

VAN HARLINGEN &

Respectfully invite the attention of buye to their

FALL STOCK

NEW LINEN

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOOD

NOW OPENING.

Purchased for Cash at Greatly Reduce Prices. Comprising all the different varieties and widths Heavy Linen Sheetings,

Reavy Pillow Linens, Real Barnsley Table Damask, Table Napkins and Doylies, Table Cloths, with Napkins to Match.

Damask Towels and Towelings, Embroidered Piano and Table Covers, Striped and Plaid Table Coverings, Fine Marseilles Quilts, very elegant, Rich Cretonne and Furniture Chintzes.

ALSO. SUPERIOR QUALITY BLANKET All-Wool and Extra widths, for best family use.

MEDIUM BLANKETS, For Hotels, Public Institutions, etc. etc.

CAIB AND CRADLE BLANKETS, FLANNEL, MUSLINS, Etc.

No. 1008 CHESNUT Street PHILADELPHIA. 9 21 mwflotre

SILK CLOAK VELVETS BEST MAKES.

Velveteens,

Bright Plaid Cloths,

Velvet Cloths,

Blue, White, and Scarlet Cloths

Plush Astrachans

SILK PLUSHES.

latest styles. EDWIN HALL & CO..

With a great variety of CLOTHS of the

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

PHILADELPHIA. MILLIKEN'S LINEN STORE

No. 828 ARCH STREET.

NOW OPEN. OUR FALL IMPORTATIONS

Table Linens,

Extension Table Cloths,

Napkins and Doylies.

HOTELS SUPPLIED AT IMPORTERS 9 30 wfm PACKAGE RATES.

JOHN W. THOMAS,

Nos. 405 and 407 N. SECOND St., HAS NOW OPEN

BLACK SILKS, FROM MEDIUM TO SUPERFINE QUALITY.

CHANGEABLE SILKS, HEAVY CORDED SILKS. PLAIN AND FANCY BILKS.

Light Silks for Evening Dresses, .

SELECTED FROM THE LATEST IMPORTA-

PAPER. 50 TONS

Wrapping, Manilla, and Hardware Papers, OF DESIRABLE SIZES AND WEIGHTS. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED. C. S. GARRETT & BROTHER,

50 TONS

8 imrp] Parer Manufacturers and Dealers, Warehouse, Nos. 12 and 14 DECATUR Street.

A M E R I C A N A L O E,

ME-CAL TONIO AND DIURETIC.

An eminent writer says of it:— 'And really
a nation ower some thanks to a doctor who
restores him with Nector, smooth and fragrant, instead of rasping his throat and flaying his who'e interior with the bitters sucked by sour-tempered roots
from vixenish soils."

4150 a bottle; six for \$750.

Homoopathic Pharmacy for sale. Onen evenings.

BROWN & KOLLOCK.

No. 1201 RIDGE Avenue.