Evening Telegraph

(SUNDAYS MECRETED), AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,

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NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1868.

The Canvass in Pennsylvania.

THE Democrats of this State have ceased to appeal to the reason or conscience of their fellow-citizens for support. The intelligent and patriotic men who have heretofore acted with their organization, deeply conscious of the fatal blunder perpetrated in the nomination of the shilly-shally Seymour and the bold, bad, blundering Blair, give up the contest, acknowledging that the Democratic party does not deserve success, and that its triumph would be a national misfortune. In this strait the desperate politicians who direct its movements are imitating the infamous policy adopted by Jefferson Davis when he discovered that the triumphant march of the Union armies could not be resisted by the arts of honorable warfare. He called to his counsels incendiaries, pirates, assassins, and scoundrels like Wirz. who were capable of starving thousands of Union prisoners. The Democratic plan of the Presidential campaign is equally discreditable, and, in some particulars, not more humane than the infamous tactics of the flendish chieftain of the Confederacy. In Pennsylvania the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee is insatiable in his demands for money, money, money !

The rich Democrats of New York have been

badgered for contributions as they were never badgered before, and unmerciful assessments have been levied upon Philadelphia contributors to the Democratic treasury. In reply to the remonstrances of the victims of these extortions there is but one explanation-that the means used to carry Pennsylvania in 1867 by fraud, must be again employed in 1868and that the old coffee-pot naturalization system must be reorganized on a gigantic scale. This is being done at this moment not only in Philadelphia but at all favorable points throughout the State. Nobody will accuse ihe witless Wallace, who leads the Democratic van, of any special capacity for conducting a political campaign successfully on honorable principles; but as an agent in inciting and arranging frauds upon the ballot-box he cannot be excelled. He can convert no voters, but looking lovingly at his famous coffee-pot, he can triumphantly exclaim, "No witch's 'caldron ever exercised so potent an influ. ence over the affairs of mankind as this humble utensil in my master hand!" The Republicans must expect frauds to the right of them, frauds to the left of them, frauds in every county, and frauds in every precinct where it is possible to perpetrate them. The money wrung from reluctant contributors is being expended with a lavish hand in securing naturalization papers, by fair means or foul, and in preparations to contest the majestic demonstration of the sentiment of the State which honest and patriotic citizens will give on the second Tuesday of October, by a shameful display of the most infamous form of partisan chicanery.

In 1867 these frauds were naturally accompanied by the worst of crimes. They were based on false oaths, and the criminals most deeply implicated did not hesitate to attempt to conceal their guilt by perpetrating one of the most atrocious murders ever committed within the boundaries of this Commonwealth. It is surprising that any of the Courts, which are supposed to be the conservators of justice. can be induced, either by acts of commission or omission, to connive at the schemes to fasten upon the State and nation odious and obnoxious candidates. But we trust that the popular indignation aroused by the base acts of our political adversaries will render all their schemes fruitless. Good citizens of every shade of politics should combine to rebuke the unprincipled tricksters who tamper with the very foundations of government, and to demand that the nation shall be ruled in the mode desired by a majority of legal voters, and that the gravest questions which affect the destiny of the human race shall not be decided by crimes and frauds that no honest man can countenance.

THE real meaning of the Camilla massacre is stated by a correspondent, writing from that scene of murderous action, to be that the Democratic Rebels of two or three Georgia counties have resolved that no Republican meetings shall be field within their boundaries! This resolution is in strict accordance with the cowardly and tyrannical nature of the South. ern Democracy. Above all things they fear the truth. Their whole partisan superstructure is built on fraud, force, and ignorance, and they know full well that it will tumble into ruins if it is exposed. Descending to the mean expedient of seeking the votes of the freedmen whom they intend to disfranchise at the first opportunity, they desire to prevent a single word of explanation; and their aristocratic leaders also know that as soon as the poor Southern white men understand how much they were oppressed by the slave oligarchy they will become devoted adherents of the Republican party. It is nunecessary to comment upon the cruel and tyrannical spirit displayed in this systematic effort to prevent by murderous means the dissemination of political intelligence. Great as is the crime, it is but a natural offshoot of the inherent wickedness of the men who desire to revive a new rebellion on a gigantic scale, under the friendly auspices of Seymour and Blair.

The Detection of Frands. In accordance with the rule allowed by the Supreme Court yesterday, THE EVERING TELE-GRAPH despatched its reporters to the office of the Prothonotary, and we are enabled to lay before our readers this afternoon the first instalment of names of our naturalized citizens. It is with peculiar pleasure that we make this announcement. The Democracy appreciated immediately the great value which such a list would be as a preventive of fraud, and consequently attempted to prevent its securance. But the law of the subject is well established, and common sense united with it, caused Judge Sharswood to grant the application. We would now make a few practical suggestions as to the use to which these names should be put. We would suggest that the City Executive Committee of the Republican party should direct the various ward and precinct committees to secure a copy of these lists as published, and place it in each of their precinct books. By this means each precinct will be able to know who claim to be aliens in their midst. From the evidence so far received, and a number of cases exposing the manuer in which the frauds are being committed, a sample of which were published this morning, it will be seen that a good work has been done already. A number of scoundrels who here perjured themselves and attempted to defraud the free citizens of America of their rights, are at present receiving their deserts in the station-houses; and we are gratified to be able to say that, from now until the day of election, every one of them will be arrested, prosecuted, and punished. From the sight of the lists already produced a great number of those who have been naturalized have been vouched for by the same men. All such cases will receive their richly-merited punishment. By proper exertions we think that, to a great extent, this wholesale crime can be detected and prevented, and we feel sure that, from this time forward, the matter will be thoroughly attended to.

The Supreme Court.

By the correspondence given elsewhere it will be seen that Governor Geary has acted promptly in supplying the vacancy upon the bench of the Supreme Court, created by the resignation of Judge Strong. The letter of the latter, which is now made public, is a fitting close to his honorable career as a jurist, and cannot but increase the high estimation in which he is held by the community at large. Judge Williams having received his endorsement, in addition to the unanimous demand of the party which supported him last year at the polls, his appointment will give universal satisfaction. The Hon. Henry W. Williams, LL. D., the

new Justice, is a native of Connecticut, and is now in the very prime of life, being about forty-five years of age. He received a thorough education at Yale College, which subsequently conferred upon him the honorary degree of "Doctor of Laws," and having removed to Pittsburg, he became a student at law in the office of the late Chief Justice Lowrie. In 1843 he was admitted to the bar, becoming the law partner of his former tutor. Judge Lowrie was afterwards appointed by the Governor a Judge of the District Court of Allegheny county, and in 1851 was elected Chief Justice of the State. At the same time his former pupil was elected to fill the position formerly occupied by him. In 1861 Judge Williams was reelected an Associate Law Judge of the District Court of Allegheny county, without any organized opposition. Previous to going upon the bench he achieved an excellent reputation as a practitioner; and since his elevation to a judicial position he has more than maintained it. As a lawyer he is methodical and accurate; as a judge fearless and upright, possessing the happy faculty of discerning at once the justice of a cause, notwithstanding the difficulties and quibbles by which it may be obscured. Although his disposition is modest and retiring, he is extremely sociable in his relations with the members of the bar, and enjoys a rare popularity, where he is known, with people of all classes and of all political professions. At the Republican State Convention, held in Williamsport in June of last year, he received the nomination of the party for the position formerly held by Chief Justice Woodward and it was only through the instrumentality of the unblushing frauds perpetrated by the Democracy in Luzerne county that he was defeated by a small majority. His present term will expire with December, 1869, but at the election of next year we doubt not that he will be triumphantly elected by the people of the State to serve upon the Supreme bench for the full period of fifteen years.

The Troubles of Warrant Holders.

THE present arrangement for paying the warrants on the City Treasury is an excellent example of how not to do it. On the 18th of January, 1868, an ordinance of Councils to enforce the prompt payment of city warrants was approved; and with the most benevolent intentions in the world towards the creditors of the city, our law-makers succeeded in tying the hands of the Treasurer so that he is now unable to cash warrants when they are presented, although he may have the funds on hand. The ordinance in question provides that the warrants shall be paid in the order of their presentation, and "in event of the inability of the City Treasurer to pay the same on their first presentation, he shall cause such unpaid warrants to be stamped with the date of presentation and numbers; and he shall then announce to the holders the earliest possible time within which he shall be able to pay the same, and thereafter no new or unstamped warrants shall be cashed until all those stamped have been first paid, and those stamped shall be entitled to be first paid in the order of their numbers." If the Treasurer has sufficient money on hand to pay all the warrants, he is authorized to cash them own words thus bring home to the Democratic

whenever presented, without regard to their | parly as a party, and to Mr. Seymour as one of numbers; but practically this provision of the law is inoperative, as there never is enough money in the treasury to cover all the warrants. It was the custom with Mr. Bumm, and all former Treasurers, to put aside a certain sum to cash the warrants of schoolteachers and others who are dependent on their salaries for support, but Mr. Piersol is not allowed to exercise this discretion, and he is further bound by the ordinance in question, so that he cannot cash warrants even when he has the money unless they are presented to him seriatim, secording to their numbers. Thus, there may be sufficient funds to pay say one thousand warrants. The holders of a portion of them have them stamped, and then, for some reason or other, do not present them at the proper time, as is often the case, and the consequence is that the unfortunate holder of warrant one thousand and one is obliged to wait for his money, although the Treasurer may have the money by him at the time waiting for a claimant. Unless the Treasurer, too, has the full amount necessary to cover warrant number one thousand and one he cannot pay it or any portion of it.

A supplement to the above-mentioned ordinance, which was approved Feb. 7, 1868, interprets the section of the said ordinance which relates to the stamping of warrants to refer only to the warrants issued on and after the 1st day of January, 1868.

The effect of this interpretation is that the warrants issued before the 1st of January, 1868, cannot be stamped or paid at all unless there is a surplus in the treasury over and above what is required for the payment of all the stamped warrants, and as such a condition of financial prosperity is not likely to occur very soon, the unfortunate holders of last year's warrants will have to whistle for their money.

The present arrangement has been a source of constant annoyance and trouble to the City Treasurer as well as the warrant holders, and it has entirely failed to correct the difficulty at which it was aimed. Councils will meet this afternoon, and we hope that they will take up this matter at once, and do something practicable in the way of relieving the creditors of the city from the disabilities under which they now labor. There is a large amount of money now in the treasury which cannot be used for the payment of any but stamped warrants, while there are many teachers and others who are either obliged to wait for their money, or else sell their warrants at a heavy discount. Either the ordinance in question ought to be repealed altogether, and the Treasurer allowed to pay the warrants in the order of presentation, as was formerly the custom, or a limit ought to be set to the time in which stamped warrant holders are entitled to the benefits of the existing arrangement.

Welcome to the Boys in Blue. PHILADELPHIA extends a hearty welcome to the gallant soldiers and sailors who become her guests to-day. The men who saved the Union were no mere machines, who knew nothing, thought of nothing, or cared for nothing but the word of command given by their superior officers: they went down to the battle-field with an intelligent understanding of what they were fighting for, and they made better soldiers because they thought for themselves and comprehended perfectly the meaning of the great conflict in which they were engaged. The Boys in Blue are as true to the cause of the Union to-day as they were when treason inaugurated the reign of bloodshed and aroused the loyal men of the nation to arms in the spring of 1861. The issues of to-day are not less pregnant with meaning, and not less important in their bearing on the tuture welfare of the Republic, than those which we were called upon to meet when the felon hands of Jeff. Davis and his co-conspirators were raised against the life of the nation. The soldiers and sailors are on the right side now, as they were then, and having conquered treason on the battle-field, their voices, votes, and influence will be given to crushing it finally by an overwhelmning defeat at the ballot-box next November. The demonstration which begins to-day will be one of the most imposing that has taken place in this city since the generalship of Grant reduced the Rebels to submission, and it cannot but have an immense influence all over the country in strengthening the hands of the Republican leaders in their efforts to make the successful General of the Union armies the next Chief Magistrate of an undivided and reconstructed Union. We extend to the Boys in Blue, therefore, a hearty welcome, and we know that our greeting will be seconded by the loyal citizens of loyal Philadelphia.

SEYMOUR'S RESPONSIBILITY.-Judge Kelley, in the course of his recent speech at Spring Garden Hall, in this city, said:-"On the 31st of January, 1861, a Democratic State Convention assembled in Tweddie Hall, at Albany, to consider the impending perils of the Union. No man in that Convention was more prominent than you, Mr. Seymour; no man addressed it with more potential voice. Did you demand the maintenance of the Union at whatever cost, and warn the Rebeis that they were involving the country in war and themselves in rain? Did you denounce the imbecility of Buchananthe treasonable craft of Black, the bloody recklessness of the Southern leaders? Oh, no! your denunciations were not for these, your political friends; they were hurled at the liberty-loving and law-abiding people of the North, You de nonnced the resistance of the North to the unconstitutional, unholy, and insatiable demands of the slavery extensionists as 'senseless, unreasoning fanaticism;' and exonerating the Rebels from all blame, you added the assurance of your conviction that we could not conquer them, and advised your friends that to attempt it would be as revolutionary as secession itself. Your words were:-

"It would be an act of folly and 'madness in enter-ing upon this context to underrate our opsonents, and thus subject ourselves to the disgrace of defeat in an inglerious warfare. Let us also see if successful coercion by the North is less revolutionary than suc-cessful secession by the South." "Do not, my fellow-citizens, history and his

its leaders, the responsibility not only for the debt with which we are burdened, for the taxeso annoying, but also for the anguish we have endured, and for the still fresh and green graves on once bloody fields, covering the bones of brave patriots in whose valor we giory while mourning their loss?"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CLEOPATRA, ON THE CYDNUS. with spley gums ourning on the ivery deck of ter pleasure-barge, was not enveloped in such an almosphere of volusions fragrance as that which surrounds the modern belie who uses PHALON'S "FI.OR DE MAYO." the new perfume for the hand-kerchief. Bold by all druggists.

FOR THE SUMMER.-TO PREVENT Sunburn, Freckies, and keep the skin white and beautiful use WRIGHT'S ALCONATED GLY-CARINE TABLET OF SOLIDIFIED GLYCERINE. It is deliciously fragrant, transparent, and superb as a tolet soap. Sold by all Duggists. B. & G. A. WRIGHT No. 674 CHESNUT Street. 24

NOTICE.—DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL COMPANY.
TARNTON, Sept. 29 18%.
On and after October 5, the through toil on anthracite ceal will be as follows:—
On that passing through from the outlet at New
Hope to New Branswick, forty-three (43) cents per ton.
On that passing through from Bordentown to New Brunswick, including steam towage;—
From Fairmount to New York, seventy-two (72)

cents per ton. From Richmond to New York, sixty-seven (67) eents per ton.
Without steam towage:
By barges and boats towed by steam, sixty (50) cents per ton.
By salling vessels, forty (40) cents per ton.

PHILADELPHIA AND BEADING RAILBOAD COMPANY, Office No. 227 S. FOURTH Street. PHILADELPHIA, May 27, 1868. NOTICE-To the holders of bonds of the PHILA-DELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COM PANY due April 1, 1870.

The Company offer to exchange any of these bonds, \$1000 each, at any time before the (1st) first day of October next, at par for a new mortgage bond of equal amount bearing seven per cent. Interest, clear of United States and State taxes, having twenty-five years to run.

The bonds not surrendered on or before the lat of October next will be paid at maturity, in accordance with their tenor.

B. BRADFORD.

Treasurer.

LECTURE.—REV. A. A. WILLITS
will Lecture in Hall northeast corner BROAD
and SPRING GARDEN Streets, on THURSDAY
EVENING, October 1, at 8 o'clock. Subject—Mental
Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia.
Tickets 50 cents, for sale at Trumpler's, No. 926 Ches-nut street, and at No. 1018 Arch street. 926 5t

OFFICE MCLINTOCKVILLE PETRO The Annual Meeting or the Successories will be held at their Office on TUE:DAY, October 6, at 12 o'clock. Noen. ALBERT L KERN, Secretary.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON.-THE LARGEST FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN NEW ENGLAND - Vertical Railways; Apartments with Bathing and Water conveniences connecting, Billiard Halls, Telegraph Office, and Cafe, 79th the 3m LEWIS RICE & SON. Proprietors,

OUR GRAND FALL OPENING.

Ring out the intelligence! Open the docr;
The people are coming
As never belove;
The public are rushing,
With repturous burst
Of lovy to our opening.

Of joy to our opening. OCIOBER THE FIRST. Great piles of Chlochillas,
And Cheviot Sacks,
And Overcoat Beavers,
For ole er folks' backs;
And, while he's about it,
Each father enjoys
Getting coats, vests, and trowsers
For all of his boys,

to low are the prices
As simost to shock
The crowds of folks pressing
To look at he stock.—
So great the inducements,
That good people—all,
Are rushing for cirching.
The profits of the price of the pr To our GREAT BROWN HALL.

RESPECTFULLY PAY THEIR REGARDS TO THE PUBLIC.

Inviting the Soldiers, the Saliors, and everybody else to come and buy just as much FALL CLOTHING as they want.

GREAT BROWN CLOTHING HALL, Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA.

CLOAKS.

CLOAK OPENING.

THURSDAY, October 1, 1868.

CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER

Respectfully announce their display of

PROMENADE AND OPERA CLOAKS,

SACQUES, CIRCULARS, AND SUITS AS ABOVE.

By the employment of acknowledged taste, and with increased facilities in this Department, combined with the advantages of a cheap location fo conducting our business, we are prepared to offer decided advantages to buyers.

CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER. NOS. 450, 452, AND 454 N. SECOND STREET.

ABOVE WILLOW.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. SSUED THIS DAY MRS. DAVIS' NEW NOVEL.

DALLAS GALBRAITH.

BY MRS, R HARDING DAVIS. Author of "Margaret Howch," "Waiting for the Ver svo. Fine Cloth. Price, \$2 0),

"One of the best novels ever written for an American magazine."—Palladeiphia Morning Post, "The story is most happily written in all respects."

—The North American.

"As a specimen of her wonderful intensity and passionate sympashies, this sustained and wholty noble romance is equal or superior to any previous achievement."—Philamelphia Evening Bullotin. For sale by all Bookseilers, or will be sent by mail J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Published by

Nos. 745 and 717 MARKET Street, 10 1 ths25 PHILADELPHIA

AMUSEMENTS.

[For additional Amusement: see Third Page.] M USICAL FUND HALL.

CARL SENTZ'S

GRAND OROHESTRA MATINEES,

EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNJON, FROM Oct. 11.

Subscription Tickete, admitting to thirty Concerns, 5.

Package of four Tickets.

Single Admit it n.

Can be had at Booer's store, No. 1182 Chesnut's rest, where engagements may be made for Concerns, Commencements, Private Partier, etc.

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DUGUET & SONS' STANDARD CICARS

Retailed by leading grocers and dealers, \$5 to \$8 per hundred; each box trade-marked. Under "MARIANA RITA" brand, pineteen varieies-genuine 'ALL HAVANA" CIGARS, the leaf

our importation. Under "PRA DIAVOLO" brand, five varieties; all olgh grade "HAVANA-FILLER" CIGARS. We continue our importations of HAVANA

CIGARS by each direct Havana steamer. S. FUGUET & SONS, No 21 B. FRONT Street, POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN

UNION LEAGUE MEETINGS, BROAD STREET,

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1868,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK P. M.

CRAND DEMONSTRATION

Soldiers, Sailors, and Citizens,

ADDRESSES BY OUR

DISTINGUISHED COMMANDERS

WAR GOVERNORS. 10 1 21

1105 CHESNUT STREET-NATIONAL 1105 CHESNUT STREET—MATIONAL CLUB ROOMS.

A meeting of the different committees for feeding "Boys in Blue" at National Hall, 1st and 2d October, reported progress.

The pairiotic ladies of the Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloon are at work at National Hall, and will be ready to feed the "Boys in Blue" to mark 1 w morolog commencing with breakfast. The different commanders will precure tickets for the men of their command of General Charles H. T. Coilis, Room No. 3, reception room, Continental Hotel.

HENRY D. MOORE, Chairman.

The Committee on Supplies report receiving further contributions to feed the "Boys in Blue:"—

W. B. Thomas, flour; James Steel, flour; Miss H. D. Moore, ham: George Fox, ham; a lady friend to solciers, cheese and crackers; shillere of Mrs. Mattison, I bag beaus; Darrab & Elewell, hams.

The Committee on Supplies for the "Boys in Bine" acknowledge the following contributions per J. C. Darrah, to be spent in provisions:—

H. Whoso, \$10: S. & J. M. Flanagin, \$25; A. D. Spear, \$5; Darrah & Elewell, \$25; Githens & Rexsneimer, \$15, Kcons, Schwartz & Co., \$15; John T. Lee & Co., \$10; D. S. Stevens & Co., \$10; Lewis & Bro., \$20; G. W. Bernsdou & Bro., \$10; cash \$1; M. Riley, \$175; Emile Folsom, \$2; J. Carsiairs bams,

JAMES B. RONEY, Chairman,
T. RRYNOLDS, Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES.

I. The Club will assemble FRIDAY, October 2, 1868, at 5-20 P. M., SHARP, to participate in the Grand Torchlight Procession in honor of the Boys in Blue. II. This being the great demonstration of the GRANT AND COLFAX CAMPAIGN, every member will be expected to be in line. IVI. The order to RETURN OUR TORCHES TO HEADQUARTERS must be compiled with in time for this parade.

By order of BENJAMIN L. TAYLOR, Chief Marshs HERRY TODD, Assistant Marshals.

NOTICE .- "BOYS IN BLUE," TENTE WARD,
At a stated meeting of the line oncers of the 'Beys to Sive,' Tenth Ward, held last evening, the following Field Officers were elected:—
Colonei-ROB: RT L ORR, late Colonei 6'st P. V. Lieutenant-Colonei, JOHN W. WEARING, late Color Bergeans, 2d P.ov. P. V.
M: Jor-MATTHEW MOORE, late Captain 283d Adjutant-F HAVILAND, late First Sergeant Co.

COMPANIES A AND B, EIGHTH
AND NINTH PRECINCTS, will form at the
Precinct House. TWENTY-SECOND and VI ve
strees at 7 o'clock A. M., sharp, 2d inst., and proceed
to Regimenta Headquariers EdOAD and RACE sta.,
where the remaining coo. Dan es will form. By order
of ROBY L. ORR, Colonel Commanding.
F. HAVILAND, Adjutant.

CURTAINS.

CURTAIN ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscribers are now receiving their

FALL IMPORTATIONS

RICH CURTAIN FABRICS

PARLOR, CHAMBER, AND LIBRARY.

WINDOW CURTAINS

FURNITURE COVERINGS.

COMPRISING FRENCH SATING AND BROCATELLES.

ROYAL TAPESTRIES. SILK TERRY AND COTELINES, WCOL TERRY, REPS, DAMASES, ETC.

ALSO.

Just Opened, direct from the Manufacturer,

Embroidered Lace Curtains.

NEW DESIGNS.

From the lowest to the highest quality—some of them the RICHEST MADE NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS. EMBROIDERED MUSLIN CURTAINS. JACQUARD AND MUSLIN DRAPERIFS VESTIBULE CURTAINS, in great variety. CARVED, PLAIN, GILT, AND WALNUT COR-

WHITE AND COLORED SHADES.

Experienced and reliable workmen superintend our Uphoistery Department, and every effort is employed to give satisfaction and secure prompiness in fulfilling the orders entrusted to us

SHEPPARD. VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON

9 24 thtm10trp

No. 1008 CHESNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA.

NEW CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS. DUFFIELD ASHMEAD.

No. 7.4 CHESNUT STREET, Has just received a choice selection of new CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS, which are offered at

FRAMES, in gold and walnut, of every pattern. 16 184 No. 724 CHESNUT Street. N. B. BOOK, STATIONERY, and PICTURE STORE

CODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET RAIVES Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR SCISSORS of the finest quality.

Hazors, Kulves, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Foliahed, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 116 S. TENTH attreet, below Chesnut. pareet, below Chesnut,

FIFTH EDITIO

EUROPE.

Spain under the Rule of a Pro sional Junta-Waiting for Prim and Serrano.

The Paraguayan Wa

Etc., Etc.; Etc.,

By Atlantic Cable

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Madrid is reported qui A Provisional Junta has been organized, wi Madoz as President. No measures have be taken looking to the future of the count beyond denouncing the plan for a repub nor will there be any until the arrival of Ge

rals Prim and Serrano at the capital. The battle between Pavia and Serra occurred at Alcola, near Cordova, and very short, with but few losses on either side. Panis, Oct. 1 .- Advices from Rio Janes

received by the steamer which arrived at Nazaire yesterday, announce that the new installed President of the Argentine Republ Don Domingo F. Sarmiento, has proposed neg tiations for peace between Brazil and Paragus HAMBURS, Oct. 1 .- The brig Germania, of North Pole expedition, has arrived at Berge

Norway, on her way back. No results of t

voyage have yet been announced.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Wells vs. Delmar.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- Commussioner Well who it is said was to prepare an answer to De mar's imaginative article about the enormo deficiencies of the Treasury, is in Connection and has addressed letters to parties here r questing information upon financial affairs; an if the people are to wait till the schedules as made out here and sent to Mr. Wells, and the compiled by him, they will not be completed ti after the Presidential election. Delmar's Little Discrepancies.

A discrepancy of only forty millions was de tected in one of Delmar's tabular statements to day by a prominent Treasury official, and the further he analyzed Delmar's assertions, mor blunders were discovered.

Honor to the Dead. Flowers to decorate Dr. Gurley's coffin wer furnished from the White House conservator to-day by, permission of the President.

FROM NEW YORK.

Destructive Fire in New York-Th Brooklyn Fire-Receptions for Genera McClellan and Nominations for George Francis Train.

Special Desputch to the Evening Telegraph. New YORK, Oct. 1 .- About haif past three o'clock this morning a fire broke out at No. 3 Cortlandt street. The flames were confined t the lower part of the building. The fire origin

ated on the first floor, occupied by O'ney & Co. dealers in glassware and gas fixtures. The estimate their loss at \$10,000, which is full Messrs. Raunsh & Co., dealers in boots and shoes, who occupy the second floor, estimate

that their stock has been damaged to the extent of \$5000 by smoke and water. They are insured The building, which was owned by Mr. Roberts. was damaged about \$5000, but is fully insured. The Committee of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen and of the McClellan Legion proceeded to New York this morning, for the purpose of formally inviting General George B McClellan to visit that city and receive the congratulations of the citizens.

The triends of George Francis Train have called a meeting at No. 68 East Broadway, or Friday evening, to nominate him for Congress. Among the goods destroyed at the burning of the Empire Stores in Brooklyn, last night, were 300 hogsheads of molasses, 2000 bags of coffee, 800 bags of ginger, 350 bales of wool, 2500 bales of ganny-cloth, 30, hogsheads of sugar, besides palm oil, log wood, etc., in large

Ship News.

New York, Oct. 1 .- Arrived, steamship Siberia, f:om Liverpool.

quantities.

New York Stock Quotations-4 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS. STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER.

CESTRAL DRY GOODS STORE, Corner HIGHTH and MARKET,

HAVE NOW OPEN FOR EXAMINATION RARR BARGAINS IN

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

1 case Elegant Plain Silks, new shades,

Good Black Silks at \$2 and \$2.15. Very Rich Black Silks at \$3 and \$3.50. 1 case Empress Cloth Poplins, 50 cents. 1 case Empress Cloth Poplins, 75 cents. 1 case Very Rich Epinglines, \$1.50. 1 case Silk Chain Epinglines, \$1.75. Rich Chameleen Poplins, 50 and 75 cts. Rich Silk Serges, 50 cents. Very Elegant New Wool Plaids, 75 cents.

1 lot American Delaines, 16 cents, We are determined to keep our stock of

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So large and attractive, and the price of every article so low as to make it the interest of every lady to make our establishment her headquarters for shopping.