CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A Potato Thief—Cruelty to Animals—Ingratitude—Larceny of a Watch—A Disorderly House—Receiving Stolen Goods

—This morning John Dougherty was engaged in rolling away a barrel of sweet potatoes from the Dock street market, when he was overhauled by a policeman, who conducted him to the Third District Station, where he had a hearing before Alderman Carpenter, who sent him below.

—Peter Ryan has been fined and held to answer the charge of cruelty to animals, by Alderman Jones. Peter was driving a horse yesterday at Fifteenth and Filbert streets, which, from sheer exhaustion, fell in the street, and was unable to again get up.

—Peter Riehl is a driver of one of the railroad teams on Market street. Yesterday he was taken in charge while beating one of the animals. Alderman Boswell imposed the usual fine, and bound the accused over for trial.

—John Shorten lives on Palethorpe street, above Jefferson. A day or so ago he admitted to his family, one John Hickey, who repaid this gratitude by stealing a watch, a pair of opera loons and a hat, the property of his host. He was taken into custody, and after a hearing before Alderman Eggleton was sent for trial.

—Henry Robinson, a colored lad, yesterday slipped into a house at Ninth and Lombard streets, the door having been left open by the lady, who had gone on an errand, and going up stairs picked up a watch, with which he decamped. He was, however, observed leaving the premises, and followed to a pawnbroker's where he was engaged in pledging the article when arrested. The watch was recovered and returned to its owner, and Henry was escorted to prison on a commitment made out by Alderman Morrow.

—Charles Horne is the keeper of a house of doubtful reputation at No. 8 Callowhill street. Yesterday a stranger visited the place, and shortly afterwards appeared before Alderman Toland, where he complained that he had been relieved of $25 by Ann Myers. A warrant being issued, Ann was brought before the magistrate and committed to answer. A warrant was then sued out against Horne for keeping a disorderly house. In the evening it was served by Sergeant Murray and a squad of men. Horne and six men and women were arrested. The first named was held in $1000 bail to answer, and the others to keep the peace.

—Mary Fitzgerald was before Alderman Carpenter yesterday, charged with receiving stolen goods. She keeps a small shop at No. 608 Penn street, and the allegation is that she buys marketing and other articles which have been stolen by boys. She was bound over in $800 bail for trial.

REPORTORIAL CROTCHETS.—An amusing Democratic accident occurred last evening. Exactly one hundred and fifty of the "great unread" of Locofoco persuasion were holding an open air pow-wow at Broad and Coates street. The speakers' stand, a platform some 15 feet square, was lighted by a row of dingy lanterns, and upon it were seated quite a squad of the officers of the gathering. Save those mentioned, nary torch, nary lantern, nary light had they. The night itself was dark, and everything wore such a sombre hue that the stand could hardly be seen at a few yards distant. It was possible to hear the sounds of the words, but whence they came puzzled you. We stood in the fringes of the crowd for a moment and listened. We were just beginning to distinguish the gesticulating arm of the speaker outlined against a bar-room window in his rear, when—hark! see!—a crash of falling timbers rushes on your ear, and the stand and its occupants sink suddenly from view. Down they go, as though the solid earth had opened. The one hundred and fifty hearers already mentioned sway backward from the imagined pit into which these orators had descended. Cries rise on the air. Curious girls upon the sidewalks get up a prolonged titter. Bad boys take advantage of the confusion cheer loudly for General Grant. In a second's time not a soul was within fifty feet of the demolished platform. The latter was really in a pitiful mess, torches, chairs, planks, men, tumblers, and manuscript speeches, all hashed up together. You heard groans too, from the ruins. Somebody buried beneath the debris was grumbling over a damage (with the *age* omitted) to his leg or head, we could not tell which. Another was counting his beads with eager rapidity, another removing the coal oil from his eyes, another with his head just above the fallen rail was bobbing it savagely at the dismayed people around. Nothing could have been more laughable than the whole scene. We heard one chap upon the far corner make the remark (said chap had been standing close by the stand at the time of its descent), "Wonder if they have gone all the way down?" He asked the question in a hushed tone, and significantly pointed, as he spoke, with his finger to the ground. The crowd couldn't be induced to bear a hand in getting the poor fellows from their predicament, and consequently they had to set to and extricate themselves. By and by they made their escape, when one of them—we presume the cove who had been so unceremoniously interrupted in his little talk—clambered to the very top of the heap and pluckily finished his "say." Three pieces of music—a whistle, a fiddle, and a drum—which were stationed on a balcony over the stand, began joyfully playing—when it was all over. "We went down, but we got up! Hurra! Hurra!"

—The difference between men is mainly in the head. Brains are about everything—body next to nothing. It is what is over the shoulders—not under—that determines *status*. All body, no head—booby; all head, not much body—philosopher.

—The man who found it "onpleasant" to make an hour before breakfast on an empty stomach, now walks with tolerable comfort on a cracker. Walks round the edge of it probably.

—Brown proposes to open a brick-yard up town—the stock to consist of material taken from hats of eccentric men about town.

—The Philadelphia "Fire Zouaves," Colonel D. W. C. Baxter, commanding, will make a street parade in full uniform, this afternoon.

—Two grand Republican mass meetings this evening—one in the Third Ward, another in the Twenty fourth. Turn out!

—"Sunset" Cox will deliver an address in Concert Hall this evening upon the "Business Condition of the Country."

—Everybody has a Fall to-day in the way of weather. Overcoats are in demand. People step nimbly.

—Meeting of the Journeymen Saddle and Harness Maker's Union this evening.

—The way to become a tumbler is to have too much to do with them.

—Our streets are like dirty kitchens—unswept.

—Where to look for breakers—Among brokers.

—Cereous business—the grain and corn.

A VERY WITTY REPLY.—It is well known that certain lottery speculators, not only in this city, but elsewhere, have been of late mailing circulars to various persons throughout the country, bearing the information that the parties to whom addressed had been lucky in "drawing" such and such an article or amount. Of course the whole thing is a transparent swindle, and none save the green are bitten. The letters received in reply to the circulars are frequently very amusing, and appended will be found one well worth the reading. It reached our hands—no matter how. As will be seen, it was written by an army officer stationed at the South, and sent to New York:—

Sir:—I am in receipt of your kind favor of the 29th ultimo, bearing with it the joyful intelligence that I have been so lucky as to draw a gold watch worth $250, for which handsome present I am only obliged to pay $12·50—a generous offer on your part, and which, I assure you, is duly appreciated by the undersigned.

I have always been considered a lucky man; in fact, my friends tell me that my good looks and my luck are worth a fortune to me. If I needed further proof of this last streak of fortune has proved it to my satisfaction. Here I am, away down in Georgia, not dreaming that my military reputation had extended to New York, when—along comes a letter from your kind self, whom I never heard of before, telling me that "The Committee" notify me that I have drawn a $250 watch. How devilish kind of "the Committee," what jolly old coons they must be, and how discreet and discerning, too, as to select from such an array of names as upon the Army Register my humble one. That their kindness and good taste is appreciated, I have only to say that it shall inspire and stimulate me to new deeds of valor, and that when I reach—as I certainly shall—that happy and long-wished-for goal of poor army Lieutenants, viz.:—a Major-General's commission I will come on to New York, hunt them up, and give them such a blow out at Delmonico's as never was seen before. As I need a watch badly, and especially a $250 one, I hasten to inclose $15 in good Confederate money, which, I understand, passes as well in New York as greenbacks; any way it is a safe investment provided Seymour and Blair are elected, and of course you vote for them, certainly all gentlemen in your line of business do. The balance, $2 50, you can donate to some ward committee for the brave Democratic sogers who are going to clean out the Rads. Hoping you will spare no delay, and that the time piece will lose no time in reaching me,

I am your grateful servant, ***

FIRES THIS MORNING.—At four o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the cellar of the extensive hosiery manufactory of H. Becker & Co., No. 425 Moyer street, in the Eighteenth Ward. The alarm was soon given, and notwithstanding that the firemen were quickly on the ground, the flames, owing to the combustible nature of the material, which was shoddy, spread rapidly and destroyed the entire contents of the apartment. The fire then ran up the way through which the belt runs to the upper part of the building, burning the woodwork on both the second and third floors. The machinery and material on the first floor were either burned up or ruined. The damage done the building is about $1500, which is fully covered by insurance in the Fire Association. The loss on the machinery and stock will not be less than $5000, on which there is an insurance in the Fire Association and New York companies. The fire, originating among the shoddy, is supposed to have resulted from spontaneous combustion.

The four-story building, No. 506 Minor street, occupied on the first floor by A. W. Collins, manufacturer of printers' cards, and on the second, third, and fourth floors, by Thomas W. Price, bookbinder and stationer, was considerably damaged by fire at half-past 6 o'clock this morning. It broke out in the third story, the contents of which, consisting of presses, etc., were entirely destroyed. The flames extended to the fourth floor, which was also materially damaged. The first and second stories were completely flooded with water, and the loss on the stock and machinery will be heavy.

The loss sustained by Mr. Price will reach about $800, which is fully covered by insurance in the Ætna Insurance Company. The building belonged to the Wagner estate, and the loss will be about $600, which is covered in the Girard and Green Tree Companies. Mr. Collins' loss is by water, and is fully insured.

The alarm at 11½ o'clock was caused by the partial destruction of the roof of building No. 116 Gothic street, occupied as a cooper shop by Samuel Lee. It is supposed to have originated from the chimney. The building was owned by Joseph K. Ayres, and is insured in the Fire Association. Mr. Lee is not insured, but his loss is trifling.

HEARING AT THE CENTRAL STATION.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon before Alderman Beitler at the Central Station, Charles Downey had a hearing on the charge of larceny.

Thomas J. Williams, living at No. 138 North Twelfth street, testified that a watch belonging to him valued at $80 was taken on the 5th inst., from a closet in the Neptune Hose House. (Watch exhibited and identified.)

Ed. S. Brown, living at No. 447 Magnolia street, testified that a watch and nine dollars in money belonging to him were stolen at the same time and place.

John Moran testified that the accused came to him, and offered the watch for sale; he (Moran) afterwards learned that it was stolen, and charged Downey with the theft. The accused has hitherto borne a good character.

Downey said, in his defense, that the watch had been given him by another party.

Held in $1000 bail to answer.

Pesarius Parker also had a hearing upon the charge of assault and battery on Melker Merz, the keeper of a lager beer saloon at No. 1012 North Third street. Mr. Merz testified that the accused raised a disturbance in the saloon; that he upset the lunch bowl and spilt its contents; that he beat the prosecutor and threw him upon the floor; that he then chopped the lock off the door. Held in $500 bail for his appearance.

Patrick Chapman had a hearing upon the charge of larceny.

Mr. Robert Adams, doing business at No. 634 Market street, testified that the accused had been in his employ; that for some time he had missed quantities of braid and coat binding.

Detective Webb testified to arresting the prisoner, and to his acknowledging the commission of the theft; some of the goods were also found in his house.

Held to answer in $1000 bail.

Mary Turner also had a hearing upon the charge of larceny.

John S. Klotz, living at No. 35 S. Second street, testified that the accused had been employed in his house for some week or so; that ever since her employment various articles had been missed; that a goblet was found secreted in a bundle containing some of her clothes.

Held in $500 bail.

BOLD ROBBERY.—At half-past 8 o'clock this morning, an express agent deposited two cases of hats on the pavement of Weyl & Rosenheim, No. 726 Chesnut street, and went into the store to obtain a receipt. Returning to his wagon he discovered that the cases had been removed and on searching could discover nothing of their whereabouts. The supposition is that they were carried off in a wheelbarrow.

FATAL RESULT.—The lad, William Morrison, who was run over by a freight train, at Eighth street and Washington Avenue, on Monday, died last evening at the hospital.

VERMONT.

The Full Returns.

The following table shows the complete vote cast in the Vermont State election on the 1st instant, with the exception of seven small towns, which gave 89 Republican majority last year, and are good for 100 this year. The Republican majority will be about 27,253:—

Counties.	1868. Page. Rep.	1868. Edwards. Dem.	1867. Page. Rep.	1867. Edwards. Dem.
Addison	3596	540	2553	252
Bennington	2677	1162	2773	1241
Caledonia	2982	1331	2266	1135
Chittenden	3393	1550	2777	985
Essex*	637	287	640	340
Franklin	3057	1315	2308	1058
Grand Isle†	341	187	367	168
Lamoille†	1757	548	1124	595
Orange	3257	1771	2728	1406
Orleans	2678	863	1917	659
Rutland	4883	1445	3265	903
Washington	3591	1678	2551	1241
Windham	4218	1153	2428	761
Windsor	5680	1436	3997	832
Total	42,527	15,274	31,694	11,510
Rep. major	27,253		20,184	

*Four towns missing. †One town missing.

SURRATT.

A Statement of the Forthcoming Trial.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Subpœnas were issued to-day (Sept. 14) for both the prosecution and the defense in the case against John H. Surratt. The defense issued ninety-six, embracing the names of all the witnesses hitherto examined, and none others, and including the Catholic priests in Canada, Mr. John T. Ford, of Baltimore, Mr. Gifford, and others. These subpœnas have been issued upon the indictment charging murder, the one upon which the accused was formerly tried. The subpœnas for the prosecution, numbering sixty-nine, include Weichman, St. Marie, Macmillan, and all formerly examined, and also three new names, viz.:—H. T. Bevans, of Redwing, Minn.; Uriah Jamison, of Mansfield, Ohio, and L. H. Terrell, of New Brunswick, N. J. It is thus manifest that there will be a conflict upon the first day as to which indictment shall be tried. The defense will insist upon the murder indictment, and the prosecution upon that charging engaging in rebellion. The prosecuting officers say that they will not consent to go to trial except upon the last named indictment, and they seem disposed to admit Surratt's discharge upon the first, and contend that the minutes of the Court show that to be the fact.

It appears by reference to the minutes of the Criminal Court that the second indictment, charging that the accused engaged in the Rebellion, was found on June 22, and upon the same day Surratt pleaded not guilty. The minutes of the same day bear the following record relative to the murder indictment:—"The Court orders that the defendant be discharged." The trial upon the second indictment was immediately thereafter fixed for Monday, June 29, and the accused was released upon $20,000 bail. On June 29, the case was again called, but no trial was had, and a special term of the Court was ordered to commence on Monday, September 21. On July 15, Mr. Merrick asked leave to withdraw the plea of not guilty to the murder indictment, and to file a motion to quash the same. This motion is still pending, and may possibly have to be disposed of before the question of a jury trial can be determined. The District Attorney says that it is clear to him that the special term was ordered for the trial of the special indictment, and had no reference to the murder indictment, and an attempt will be made to induce the Court to take that view of the case.

MEXICO.

Industry Paralyzed—A Crisis Anticipated.

The English steamer Mersey brings dates from the City of Mexico to the 30th ult., and from Vera Cruz to the 4th inst. *El Globo* of the 28th ult. says in its semi-monthly review, that there are indications of a social crisis, such as has never been experienced in the country; that the commerce and industry are completely paralyzed; that nearly all the cotton and other factories have been closed, and that a large number of the poorer class have been thus deprived of the means of earning a subsistence.

The Ministry, it adds, continues to be without a head. A short time ago rumors were in circulation to the effect that either Senor Romero, Minister of the Treasury, would take charge of the Department of State, or that that office would be intrusted to Senor Riva Palacio, of the Supreme Court. The probability is, however, that the state of disorganization will subsist until Congress meets. The first parliamentary transactions will probably determine the reorganization of the Ministry. Some of the present members will go out, and a combination will be effected novel in personal but not in political character.

With reference to the public peace, there is certainly importance in the proposed submission by the leaders of the revolutionary movement in the Sierra de Puebla. Nevertheless, it does not appear to us that this event settles the political questions now agitating that State. Although armed hostilities may be suspended, the antagonism will remain, as also a decided rancor between the people of the Sierra and those of the Plains.

Eruption of the Volcano Ixtaciihuatl.

The *Gefe Político* of Huejotzingo sent the following report on the 1st inst. to the Government of Puebla:—

The constitutional alcalde of the village of Nopopoalco in this municipality, informs me, under date of the 21st of July, that the day previous about 10 o'clock in the morning, a loud noise had been heard in the mountain called "Ixtaciihuatl;" that a few moments afterwards it was observed that the mountain vibrated and opened at its most elevated point, towards the east, with an inclination towards the South, at a place called El Caballette, above the Torrecilla: a strong wind immediately rushed forth from the opening, together with huge fragments of rock, which, rolling down the side of the mountain, uprooted large trees in their passage. The smallest of these rocks could not be moved by two hundred men. There also came out of the crater at the same time a huge stream of water having the odor of sulphur, of a dark color, and in such quantity that it carried away the dam, *presa* of the said village of Nopopoalco, destroying the aqueduct in an instant, and followed its course to the river Alcecceca. On the same day I ordered an examination of the localities, when it was discovered that the amount of water coming out of the opening was quite small, and on the 22d it had ceased running altogether.

Several persons engaged in cutting ice on the sides of the mountain, fled on hearing the noise, three among them not having time to save themselves were carried away by the current, and up to the present time I have not learned what has become of those unfortunates, who, I have been told, are natives of the village of San Mateo Ozoleo, municipality of Calpan, in the district of Cholula.

The Mummies of Arica and Arequipa.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Times:—

In your paper of to-day, September 16, is an almost incredible statement, verified by General Kilpatrick, of a singular and horrible sight that occurred on the south side of the ruined city of Arica. "As the earth opened and yawned there came up five hundred mummies, who stand in long lines facing the sea," etc. The further statement that "the spot where these mummies now stand was once an old cemetery," is fully affirmed by an English Gazeteer, which states, "about a mile from the town is an ancient cemetery, on the side of a hill, in which the bodies appear to have undergone a kind of natural process of preservation." Thus, this apparent mystery is stripped of its ghost-like appearance. Arequipa, the capital of a province of the same name, is situated fifty miles north of Arica, being elevated 7775 feet above the sea. It is represented as being a beautiful, healthy city, lying in the valley of the Quilca, about thirty-six miles from the ocean. It was founded by Pizzaro, in 1536. In order to avoid the consequences of the frequent earthquakes to which it is liable, the houses are low and strongly built. It was devastated by violent earthquakes in 1600 and in 1725. The Andes here rise in a volcanic cone 18,000 feet above the sea-level, overlooking the doomed city.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

—The New York *Tribune* of this morning says:—

"The dealings in Governments were devoid of special interest. Prices were firm, and a continued steady demand for investment is noticed. State bonds were steady; Virginia 6 per cents, ex-coupon, 54¾; North Carolina 6 per cents, new, 72¾; ex-coupon, 73¾; Tennessee ex-coupons, 70; new bonds, 68¾; Missouri 6 per cents sold at 82. Pacific Mail is being advanced upon the purely speculative basis of a demand for the stock at the approaching election. As yet there is no appearance of a contest for the management, and nothing has been done toward any settlement or compromise with the opposition. Express shares were higher, Adams sold at 51¾; United States, 47¾; American, 47; Wells Fargo was strong at 26¾@27; Merchants Union sold at 22¾. The railway share market was without excitement, and, with the exception of Erie, was strong. New York Central was firmly held at 125¾. Reading advanced to 91½, and the entire Western list was in good demand, with a general desire shown to buy. The heavy shorts do not appear to desire to press further sales, having already a full line out. Stocks continue very scarce for delivery, and are in active borrowing demand. Cleveland and Pittsburg was buoyant, selling at 89. The directors have declared the usual quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., payable October 16. Michigan Southern, the Northwestern shares, Rock Island, and Fort Wayne were all active, with a good demand. At the Second Board Tennessees advanced upon the announcement that all the past due interest was to be paid. New bonds sold at 69⅞; ex-coupon, 70½. Railway shares were strong. Reading sold at 92; Michigan Southern, 82; Northwestern preferred, 88¾; St. Paul, 97¾; the preferred, 96; Fort Wayne, 109½. At the close Erie advanced to 47¼. The balance of the list was firm, with all stocks in request at the quotations."

—The N. Y. *Herald* of this morning says:—

"There is no change to note in the Money Market, the supply of loanable funds being abundant at four per cent. on mixed collaterals, and three on Government securities. There is a moderate amount of four months' dry goods paper offering, and it is taken freely at six and a half and seven per cent. discount. In other departments of trade there is very little commercial paper being made, and prime names are taken in some instances at six and even five per cent. The remittances of currency to the West are almost entirely suspended, and some of the banks report receiving small amounts from that section. Hence confidence in continued monetary ease is increasing in Wall street, one result of which is the active bull movement now going forward in railway shares, notwithstanding that most of them are selling far above their real value, conspicuous instances of which are furnished by both the common and preferred Milwaukee and St. Paul and two or three other Western stocks. There is clearly no inducement for the public to relieve the cliques of these costly luxuries, and yet it is as dangerous to sell "short" as to buy. The dry goods auction sales held to-day were rather sparsely attended, and cotton fabrics still show a drooping tendency, owing to the heaviness of the raw material influenced in part by the prospect of a larger crop than was previously expected. The bidding, as a rule, was not spirited, and many of the lots on the catalogues were passed. Fine foreign fabrics went off at fair prices, but domestics showed a slight recession in some cases from previous quotations. Much caution is still shown in avoiding speculative ventures, and purchases are limited mainly to current requirements."

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON

Gathering of Congressmen at the Capital—Proposals for Internal Revenue Supplies—Another Prize Fight.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The September Session.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—So far, very few members of Congress have arrived. But numerous telegrams have been received by General Schenck from members and Senators, saying they will be on hand before Monday. No doubts are entertained by Schenck that a quorum will be here. It is thought Congress will get away by Tuesday or Wednesday at the farthest.

Another Prize Fight on the Tapis.

Sam Collyer arrived in this city on the Tuesday night train, and immediately proceeded to rooms where Billy Edwards was enjoying himself in company with Dooney Harris. A sum of money due by Edwards to Collyer was solicited, but Edwards did not have the amount. Sam then, in the presence of Dooney, challenged Edwards to fight him again for the sum of five hundred dollars or any larger amount. Edwards declined, and said that he would never enter the ring again; but if he did Collyer should have the first chance. Sam replied to Edwards that he could not then claim the light weight championship of the country, and that he alone held that honor. The meeting between the two was not of a very friendly nature. Collyer left for Baltimore yesterday, but prior to his departure, he stated that if Abe Hicken desired the light weight championship he would have to fight for it, and from present indications there will be a match made between the two.

Proposals for Stamps.

On Monday next bids will be opened by Commissioner Rollins for furnishing the Internal Revenue Bureau with stamps for tobacco, snuff, and segars, provided for under the new Internal Revenue law. There is considerable competition among bidders for the contract. S. M. Clarke, Chief of the Currency Bureau, of the Treasury Department, has been engaged for some time in getting up designs for stamps. He will bid for the contract. The main object of the Commission is to get such stamps as will defy counterfeiters and prevent dishonest parties from using them again after they have been once cancelled.

House Cleaning.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

The Senate Chamber and Hall of Representatives are nearly ready for occupancy, the winter furniture having been replaced. There are only a few members of Congress in the city, and an impression prevails at the Capital that there will not be a quorum of both Houses present on Monday.

FROM NORRISTOWN.

Republican Procession—Mass Meeting To-night.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NORRISTOWN, Sept. 17.—A grand Republican procession is now passing through the streets. The display is very fine. Nearly five thousand strangers are in town, and the enthusiasm is unbounded. A torchlight parade and speaking takes place to night. The Montgomery County Fair opens to-day.

FROM CANADA.

Hearing of the Express Robbers.

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—The express robbers were again before the police commissioners to-day. David Thompson was discharged; he then gave evidence for the defense, which went to show that the robbery was planned with the co-operation of the express messenger, Brown; that there was no violence used, and the offense was simply embezzlement, which is not extraditional.

From Halifax.

HALIFAX, Sept. 17.—In the House last night a petition was presented from the merchants of the city praying that a commissioner be sent to Washington to look after Nova Scotia interests in connection with reciprocity. A committee was appointed to prepare a resolution on the subject.

Ship News.

FARTHER POINT, Sept. 17.—Arrived, steamship St. Davis, from Glasgow.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Stocks firm. Chicago and Rock Island, 103¼; Reading, 92½; Canton, 46¼; Erie, 47; Cleveland and Toledo, 108; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 88¾; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 109¾; Michigan Central, 116; Michigan Southern, 84¾; New York Central, 125¾; Illinois Central, 143; Cumberland preferred, 37½; Virginia 6s, 54; Missouri 6s, 82; Hudson River, 140; 5-20s, 1862, 113½; do, 1864, 109½; do, 1865, 110⅞; do, new, 108¾@108⅞; 10-40s, 104⅝. Gold, 144⅝. Money, 3@5 per cent. Exchange, 9.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Cotton firmer at 26@26½c. Flour irregular; sales of 7500 barrels superfine at $6 80@7·40; extras, $7 90@8·65; choice, 7 70@9 75; fancy, $8·70@10·90. Wheat irregular; sales of 27,000 bushels, amber at $2 30@2·31; red Western, $2·18@2·19. Corn heavy, and declined 1c.; sales of 51,000 bushels mixed Western at $1·19@1·20 afloat, and $1 20 in store. Oats dull and lower; Western 71c. afloat, and 68@70c. in store. Beef quiet. Pork quiet at $28 90@29. Lard steady; steam 20c. Whisky quiet.

New York Stock Quotations, 2 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	126	Toledo & Wab.	62¼
N. Y. and E. R.	47⅞	Mil. & St. P. com.	96¼
Phil. and Rea. R.	92½	Adams Express Co	52¾
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	84⅞	Wells, Fargo & Co.	27⅜
Cle. and Pitt. R.	88¾	U. S. Express	50
Chi. and N. W. com.	89⅞	Tennessee 6s, new	69¼
Chi. and N. W. prf.	89⅞	Gold	144½
Chi. and R. I. R.	103¾	Market steady.	
Pitts. F. W. and Chi	109⅞		

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
9 15 No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

MERRICK & SONS
SOUTHWARK FOUNDRY,
No. 430 WASHINGTON AVENUE, Philadelphia.
WILLIAM WRIGHT'S PATENT VARIABLE CUT OFF STEAM-ENGINE,
Regulated by the Governor.
MERRICK'S SAFETY HOISTING MACHINE,
Patented June, 1868.
DAVID JOY'S
PATENT VALVELESS STEAM HAMMER.
D. M. WESTON'S
PATENT SELF-CENTERING, SELF-BALANCING CENTRIFUGAL SUGAR-DRAINING MACHINE
AND
HYDRO EXTRACTOR,
For Cotton or Woollen Manufacturers, 7 10m rp

FOURTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

Assignment of Army Engineers to Duty—A Shooting Affray at Boston.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Army Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The following engineer officers, upon the expiration of their graduating leave, are ordered to report to the commanding officer at Willett's Point, New York, for assignment to duty with the Engineer Battalion:—Second Lieutenant John G. Knight and Bvt. Second Lieut's E. A. Bass, J. B. Mackall, William S. Marshal, and Joseph H. Willard. Second Lieutenant Richard L. Hoxie, of the Engineer Corps, is ordered to Jefferson Barracks, Missouri. Captain J. F. Armstrong has been detached from command at the Pensacola Navy Yard, and placed on waiting orders. Commodore Theodore P. Greene assumes command of that post on the 15th of October. Captain E. G. Parrott is detached from the command of the receiving ship Ohio, and placed on waiting orders.

A Clergyman Shoots an Orchard Thief.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Last night, John Owen shot a young man named Michael Sheen, in the act of taking fruit from his garden. Sheen is dangerously wounded. Owen graduated at Bowdoin College, and studied divinity at Harvard, and subsequently officiated as a Unitarian clergyman. He was arrested and held to bail. Much excitement prevails among the Irish citizens in the neighborhood, who deem the shooting unjustifiable.

Specie Shipment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The steamship America takes out $26,400 in specie for Europe.

New York Stock Quotations—3 P. M.

Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—

N. Y. Cent. R.	126¾	Pitts. F. W. and Chi.	109¾
N. Y. and E. R.	47⅞	Tol. & Wabash R.	62¼
Ph. and Rea. R.	93	Mil. and St. P. com	96¼
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	85	Adams Express Co.	52¼
Cle. and Pitt. R.	88¾	Wells' Fargo	27⅜
Chi. and N. W. com.	89⅞	U. S. Express	50
Chi. and N. W. pref.	89¾	Tennessee 6s, new	69¼
Chi. and R. I. R.	103¾	Gold	144⅝
Pac. Mail Stea. Co.	109	Market firm.	

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, SEPT. 17

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 49 S. Third street

BETWEEN BOARDS.			
$2500 City 6s, New	103¼	100 sh Read R. s5&in	46¼
$1000 do. New	103¾	400 do. s5&in 1w	46¼
$1000 do. New	103¼	300 do. s5	46¼
$100 do. New	103¼	100 do. 2d	46¼
$600 Sch N 6s '72	86½	100 do. c.	46·31
1 sh Far & Mech B.	160½	200 do. is.	46·31
10 sh Cam & Am	128¾	100 sh Hestonville. b60	10
100 sh Cata Pf. s10	33¼	2 sh Phil & E.	24
88 sh Leh N. is.	21¼	100 do. b60	24½
26 sh 2d & 3d is.	81	100 do. s60	25½
SECOND BOARD.			
400 sh Leh Nav. is.	21½	200 do. b30	46¾
1 do.	21¼	100 do. 2d	46¾
30 sh Leh V R. is.	55¾	100 do. b30	46¾
210 sh Penna R. is.	55½	100 do. 2d	46¾
6 do.	55½	100 do. b30	46¾
10 do.	55¼	100 do. s8&int	46¾
100 sh Phil & E. c.	25½	100 do.	46¾
100 do. b60	25¼	300 do. s10	46¾
100 sh Hest'vle. b60	10¾	300 do. is.	46¾
100 do. b60	10¾	100 do. b30	46¾
100 sh Reading	46¾	100 do.	46¾
100 do.	46¾		

POLITICAL.

CAMPAIGN CLUB

OF

1860 and 1868.

GRANT AND COLFAX.

THE CLUB

WILL ASSEMBLE FOR PARADE

ON

SATURDAY EVENING,

19th inst., at 7½ o'clock,

AT CITY ARMORY,

BROAD AND RACE STREETS.

All Republicans are respectfully invited to join in the demonstration.

WM. B. MANN,
President and Chief Marshal.

R. W. BEATTY, Secretary.

JOHN PRICE WETHERILL,
9 17 3t TREASURER.

FIFTH EDITION

EUROPE.

An Apology from Brazil—Napoleon and the French Troops—Affairs in Asia.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

By Atlantic Cable.

EDINBURG, Sept. 7.—Lord Naplor has been presented with the freedom of this city.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Advices from Brazil state that that Government has apologized for the detention of the Wasp.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Yokohama telegrams to July 26 announce that active military preparations are on foot, but no details are given.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The Emperor reached the military camp at Lavemazan last night, and was enthusiastically received by the troops.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Shere Ali has been crowned Ameer of Cabul.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Army Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The following changes have been made in the stations and duties of officers in the Subsistence Department:—

Brevet Brigadier-General W. W. Burns, now awaiting orders, will proceed to New York city and relieve General Kilbourn as purchasing depot and issuing commissary of that city. Major John McClean Taylor is ordered to San Francisco as purchasing and depot commissary. Brevet Brigadier-General T. J. Haines is ordered to duty as Chief Commissary of the Department of the South, relieving Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S. Sullivan, who is ordered to San Francisco for assignment to duty in the Military Division of the Pacific. Brevet Major W. H. Bell has been ordered to duty as Chief Commissary for the Department of Alaska, and Depot and Post Commissary at the post occupied as the headquarters of that department.

From Albany.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—The great trot between Lady Thorne and Mountain Boy, for $2000, will come off here over the Island Park course, on Monday next.

The First Frost.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—There was a slight frost at Albany, Elmira, and other points in this State last night.

Reported Burning of Bennett's House.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A rumor prevails in this city that Mr. Bennett's mansion, at Mount Washington, was burned to-day.

Havana Markets.

By Cuba Cable.

HAVANA, Sept. 17.—Sugar firm at 8 reals for No. 12 D. S. Exchange on London, 14½ a 15½ premium.

New York Stock Quotations—3·45 P. M.

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N. Y. Cent. R.	126⅝	Toledo & Wabash	62¼
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Clev. & Pittsb'g R.	88¼	U. S. Express Co.	50
Chi. and N. W. com	89½	Tennessee 6s, new	69
Chi. and N. W. pref.	90	Gold	144⅝
Chi. and R. I. R.	103¾	Market strong.	
Pitts. F. W. & Chi.	110		

DRY GOODS QUOTATIONS.

PRINTS.

Merrimack, W.	15½	Amoskeag	12½
Merrimack, D.	14½	Lowell	11
Cocheco	14	Wamsutta	8½
Sprague	13½	Victor	10½
Pacific	13½	Wauregan	13
American	13	Arnold	11
Dunnells	13½	Hamilton	13½
Allens	13½	Richmond	13½
Manchester	13½	Gloucester	13½
Freemans	13	Mourning	12
Briggs	10½	Lancaster	13
Nassau	12½	Oriental	13

BROWN SHEETINGS.

Amoskeag, A	4-4 17	Pocasset	4-4 17
Lawrence, C	4-4 16½	" F	8-4 11½
" F	4-4 14	Pepperell, E	15
" G	7-8 13½	" B	14
" M	3-4 13½	" O	13
" H	5-8 12½	" N	12
Pacific, Extra	4-4 16½	"	7-4 32½
" H	4-4 16½	"	8-4 42½
" I	4-4 14	"	9-4 47½
Atlantic, A	4-4 17	"	10-4 52½
" H	4-4 16½	Boot, S	15½
" L	4-4 14	" O	13½
" V	3-4 14½	" H	12
" N	3-4 12½	Appleton, A	4-4 17
Superior, 1XL	4-4 15	Laconia, H	4-4 16½
Shawmut, C	4-4 16	" O	14½
Agawam, F	4-4 13½	" B	14½
Stark, A	16½