THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILA

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Evening Telegraph

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AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING. NO. 108 & THIRD STRRET.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1868.

Binckley Gets Bruised.

THERE is something so nearly approaching the sublime in the impudence of this man Binckley, his audacity is so unparalleled, his assumptions so unblushing, that, in common with the world at large, we must lament the sorry plights into which he was thrown yesterday. So long as Binckley held a position in the secondary Cabinet of Andrew Johnson, his achievements were of the highest order. Indeed, they savored of the heroic in a field wherein heroism is seldom displayed. It requires no small amount of personal courage to defy the judicial dogmas of the agea. Binckley did this thing, however, and great was his reward. The world heard of his achievements, and the world was amazed thereat. But Stanbery, in excess of zeal for his presidential client, resigned his portfolio, and, as we predicted at the time, did not succeed in regaining it. This was bad for Stanbery, but it was worse for Binckley. Like the disconsolate Moor, he found "his occupation gone." Then came Andrew Johnson to the resoue, and Binckley was thrust into a small niche which had hitherto been overlooked. Once more on his legs, Binckley began to expand, and soon his proportions became so portly that he journeyed to the metropolis, where he hoped to find abundant room for spreading himself-Binckley was not deceived. In that great whirlpool of energy and fraud he found fall scope for the healthy development of his two leading traits of character. He succeeded in again effecting an entrance into the newspapers by trumping up a scandalous complaint against Commissioner Rollins, and for a time he revelled in his great delight.

But behold his discomfiture! Yesterday he sent for Mr. Courtney, the United States District Attorney of that section. The fame of Binckley had reached the ears of that gentleman, and he obeyed the summons. He was desirous of looking upon Binckley in repose-Binckley in action is grand. In repose he must be gloomy and peculiar. Mr. Courtney found him all of this, and something more-He found the illustrious Solicitor of Internal Revenue a very amusing little creature. In truth, he found him so playfully disposed, that he was constrained to style him a "consummate fool," and to knock him down, and then to pummel him until the illustrious Solicitor begged that his worthless life might be spared. The course pursued by Mr. Courtney proves him to be a genius second only to Binckley in his inventive powers. No man heretofore ever thought of knocking Binckley down and pounding him within an inch of his life. If some one had entertained such a fancy a year ago, Binckley might have been suppressed at the outset of his career, and the country would have been spared the contemplation of the infirmities of mankind as displayed in the weakest and vainest man to whom it has ever given birth. Binckley, farewell !

tentive, and the vulgar-minded are generally stupid. The intelligent child of any rank is stimulated by the competition, and ambitious to avail himself of the advantages and honors so freely open to industry and merit.

Where parents are able to choose between the two systems, and where they are unable or unwilling to undertake the instruction of young children at home, perhaps the new schemes of tuition by "objects," and the varied methods borrowed from the German under the name Kindergarten, may be preferable. But even this exception we would trace, not to any fault inherent in the public system as much as to its being as yet too restricted in its operations. The teachers are too few in number, and the pupils are therefore necessarily ineffectually classified.

Many experienced teachers urge that one person is incapable of paying sufficient attention to the individual requirements and idio. syncracies of each member of a class exceed ing twelve or fifteen in number. If this be correct, or even if it approximates to the truth, what can be expected from the operations even of the most thorough system, when each teacher is compelled to superintend thirty, forty, and sometimes even sixty pupils ? In thus urging the advantages of the public school system, and striving to combat the preudice against it existing in the minds of many parents anxious to perform their duty, we would not be understood as opposing the private schools as they now exist. But we would like to see the question fairly tested. and the children of the community mar shalled into the ranks of the public institutions, under even a larger number of instructors than are now included under the systems. No matter how excellent the free schools may become, or how much money may be spent on them, there will be always ample room in a prosperous country like ours for the employment of all persons fitted to be instructors. Methods of tuition adapted to securing success in special avocations will always be required by a people so eminently practical. Polytechnic schools, commercial colleges, farm schools, and an infinite variety of institutions for direct instruction in the professions, sciences, arts, and mechanics will become more necessary and popular every year. But as a basis for all this, we should devote most serious attention to the completion and perfection of our present public school system, as the ground from which all higher and more special instruction must arise. The High Schools for both sexes in this city have already achieved a great success, and are fairly entitled to rank as colleges. They furnish an education amply sufficient to the requirements of any citizen not intending to pursue any special science or art to its ultimate issue of professional excellence, and even in that case provide a very complete preliminary course of instruction fitted for any later superstructure.

Subdivision of labor leads inevitably to increased excellence in every department of industry, and an additional number of instructors would have the further advantage of restricting each professor to a speciality. Both public and private schools suffer from the necessity that compels one individual to supervise a great diversity of studies. It cannot be presumed that the adept in mathematics is therefore fitted to teach elocution, or that a linguist must be a superior penman; yet as schools are now arranged teachers are often required to teach a variety of branches, often including those in which they are uninterested, or even naturally deficient. A teacher of even ordinary capacity, restricted to that branch for which he is best fitted, must achieve greater eminence than when his attention is distracted to a variety of subjects, and the increased number of instructors would ensure not only better and fuller attention to the peculiar requirements of each scholar, but improve the quality and method of instruction. "IF ANY MAN ATTEMPTS TO HAUL DOWN THE AMBRICAN FLAG, SHOOT HIM ON THE SPOT !"-When General John A. Dix gave utterance to these famous words, he struck the key-note of the struggle for the Union. When the war had been brought to a close, he arrayed himself on the side of the Johnsonists, and acted as temporary chairman of the Wigwam Convention which was held in this city in August, 1866. But now he speaks again, and his voice is as earnest and stirring as it was when, in 1861, he spoke the words which are destined to live in history. Yesterday we referred to a letter recently received from him in Washington, in which he unqualifiedly endorsed the ticket and platform of the Republican party. To-day we are enabled to substantiate this in a very satisfactory manner. The Parls correspondent of the New York Herald, whose letter we give in fall elsewhere, announces that General Dix is unreserved in the expression of his views on the political situation at home; that he regards "the election of Mr. Seymour at this juncture as a great calamity, and that the only hope for the peace and tranquillity of the country during the next four years is in the firmness, good sense, and patriotism of General Grant." The same correspondent also states that he has good reason to believe that Minister Reverdy Johnson holds the same opinion as General Dix. Where is McCracken ? He is wanted at both Paris and London. HORATIO SEYMOUR was sorely grieved to accept the Tammany nomination, because it debarred him from participating in the Presidential canvass. Indeed, his anxiety to address his "friends" on the pending issues is so great, that he cannot, even for the sake of common decency, abstain. In 1852, General Scott, whose head was completely turned by the prospects of Presidential honors, made two or three silly speeches to the public, and damaged his cause immensely. Stephen A Douglas was inflicted with the same infirmity in 1860. Having at last secured a nomination at the cost of the disruption of the Democratic

party, he perambulated the country, and discoursed on his favorite dogma of "squatter sovereignty" in almost every hamlet in the land. The result was anything but flattering. And now Horatio has ventured upon the same line of policy. He has expounded his views on several occasions already, and last evening, in response to a serenade at Albany, he made another little speech. Mr. Seymour assured his hearers that "he had received from all sections of the country the most earnest assurances of success in the present canvass." Does Mr. Seymour include Vermont in the country? He neglected to enlighten his hearers on that point. Indeed, as far as our reports show, he never once breathed the word Vermont. Mr. Seymour further stated the question before the people to be "whether a policy could not be adopted that would give peace and tranquility to the country." On that point he need not remain in ignorance. Such a policy is certainly possible. It only remains for the people to decide whether the revolutionary schemes of Frank Blair point to "peace and tranquility," or whether we are to respond in all earnestness to Grant's grandest utterance, "Let us have peace!"

Democratic Colonization.

FROM some special and well authenticated facts which have come to us, we cannot avoid the conviction that attempts are being made by the Democracy to colonize the city of Philadelphia on a scale which will throw all the coffee naturalization papers into the shade. In all the doubtful Wards decided and systematic steps are being taken. Attempts are made to rent houses for the declared purpose of locating boarders with the landlord, who is, of course, in the interest of these rogues. The impunity with which all such attempts, when detected, have heretofore gone unpunished makes them bold in their efforts to defeat the will of the people. There are two things requisite at the present time which will aid in defeating these frauds. The first is for the block committees of the Republican party (which should by this time have been in active existence in every precinct in our city) to carefully learn the names of all the bona fide residents, and note them down. Now is the time for this work. As the ten days for election approach the colonizers will begin to enter, so that it will be difficult to distinguish them from the real residents; but at thirty days before there need be no confusion. By this means every one who comes into the city between new and the election day can be watched, challenged, and detected in his unlawful attempts.

The second step is to let it be distinctly known that every rascal found attempting to thus cheat the law, will be most strictly dealt with. Because justice has been lax in times past, is no reason why she should be so in the future, and from the character of the gentlemen who will hold the power, we feel confident that the defeat of law will receive the severest punishment. If a few only be arrested, and sent below, the others will take flight, and not dare to run the risk. We hope the Excentive Committee will give the matter their most earnest attention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.	CLOTHING.	DRY GOODS.
WHEN BALLOONS CARBY THE mails, and drop-letters fall from the suies, when perpetual motion is discovered, the circle squared, and the ladies crease to have a poetic appre-	The Crack Boarding-School.	THE "BEE-HIVE"
disted, and the ladies coments have a neatle anore-	Situation just the thing	
fation of the chef-d'auvera of the tollet, then, but not ill then, will Phalon's "Flor De Mayo" less its restige as the most delicious of perfumes. Sold by ill druge stat.	For elegance and beauty;	DBV GOODA GENE
in Grogeiste, 16	Everything to please the boys,	DRY GOODS STORE,
FOR THE SUMMERTO PREVENT Sunburn, Freckles, and keep the akin white	And make them do their duty. Ten Professors in the house,	
Sunburn, Freckies, and keep the skin white and beautiful use WRIGHT'S ALCONATED GLY- RRINE TABLET OF SOLIDIFIED GLYCERINE.	Keeping things moving;	No. con constant
JERINE TA BLET OF SOLIDIFIED GLYCERINE. It is deliciously fragrant, transparent, and superb as tole's scap. Sold by all Druggists. R. & G. A. WRIGHT No. 674 CHESNUT Street. 24	E'en the stapidest of boys Can't help improving.	No. 920 CHESNUT Street
A. WRIGHT No. 674 CHESNUT Street. 24	Latin, German, Greek, and French,	
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR OF THE	Music mensuration-	
TTY CF PHILADELPHIA.	Everything a boy needs For thorough education.	
	Corned beef, and cabbage, too,	J. W. PROCTOR & CO.
Whereas, MARY MOHRMAN, a female child	Piled upon the table;	a the ration of a co.
ix years of age, has been murdered under cir-	Every lad to eat his fill, Fast as he is able.	
umstances of fiendish atrocity, by some per-	All the chaps that mean to be	WILL OPEN
on unknown; Now, therefore, I, MORTON	Number one scholars,	
CMICHAEL. Mayor of the City of Philadel-	Ask their fathers please to go And spend a few dollars	ON MONDAY
ohia, do offer a	For a suit of splendid clothes,	ON MONDAY, August 31,
REWARD OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS,	Just the thing for Autumn:	25
	Good clothes will make the boys Remember what's taught 'em !	THEIR FIDOR
or such information as will lead to the detec-		THEIR FIRST IMPORTATION
ion and conviction of the perpetrator of this	FATHERS! While you wisely cram wisdom into the	
witness my hand and the seal of the said	boy's inner man, remember that both boy and man	OF
Witness my hand, and the seal of the said	Must have the outer man well provided for. At our El EGANT BROWN STONE HALL, we	
sity, this ninth day of September, A. D. 1858.	At our El EGANT BROWN STONE HALL, we can completely rig, from leck to heels every male freshres the from tanks to heels every male	FATT DEDEC
993t MORTON MCMICHAEL, Mayor.	Can completely rig, from neck to heels, every male creature, from tender javenility to tottering old age. The signest satisfaction for the smallest num-	FALL DRESS GOODS
PHILADELPHIA AND BEADING	ber of donars possible :	
BAILBOAD COMPANY, OMCE NO. 227 8.		Comprising the most to
FOURTH Screet. PHILADELPHIA, May 27, 1868. NOTICE-To the holders of bonds of the PHILA-	Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.	Comprising the most desirable European
DELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COM-	and the second se	Novelties,
PANY due April 1, 1870.	411 4p PHILADELPHIA,	
The Company offer to exchange any of these bonds,	P DANK C DANEIIA	WRIGH
of \$1000 each, at any time before the (1st) first day of October next at par for a new mortgage bond of equal	TATLOR	WHICH THEY PROPOSE TO OFFER
amount bearing seven per cent, interest, clear of	TALLUA,	
United States and State taxes, having twenty-five		AT POPULAR PRICES
years to run. The bonds not surrendered on or before the lat of		
October next will be paid at maturity, in accordance		
with their tenor. 5. BBADFORD, \$28101 Treasurer.	HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE	
THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE IN-		
SURANCE COMPANY,	JOSEPH TACKEY, on Coats,	J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
SEPTEMBER, 7, 1888. The Directors have this day declared a dividend of		a contractor a co.,
SEVEN DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share on the stock of the Company for the last six months.	ERNEST L. MUELLER, on Pants and	
which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives. after the 17th Instant, 979t WILLIAM G. CROWELL, Secretary.	Vests,	THE BEE-HIVE,
AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTONTHE LARGEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN NEW		No. 920 CHESNUT Street
ENGLAND-Vertical Raliways: Apartments with	HOURS' NOTICE 618 am	
Bathing and Water conveniences connecting, Bil- liard Halis, Telegraph Office, and Cafe.		118 tuthsiap PHILADELPHIA;
liard Halis, Telegraph Office, and Cafe. 79tu the sm LEWIS RICE & SON, Proprietors,	LIFE INSURANCE.	
POINT BREEZE PARK RACES.		FINE DISPLAY OF
	THE UNITED SECURITY	
POINT BREEZE PARK FRIDAY, Sept. 11th. Premture,		NEW FALL DRY COODS
POINT BREEZE PARK FRI DAY, Sept. 11th. Premium, 1500 Mile Heats, 3 in 5 to har- ness, good day and track. \$1000 w Drst, 5500 to second Horse. Horses to start at 8 P. M precisely. Budd Doble ent. b. m. Goldsmith Maid.	LIFE INSURANCE	
" Drst, solu to second Horse. Horses to start at a P		
And a poore care of all of an article and and	AND	
And a poore care of all of an article and and	AND	EDWIN HALL & CO.,
Wm, Birst ent bwn, S. George Winkes. The privilege of a member introducing a male friend without pay is suspended. Omnibuses will start from Library street at 2:39	TRUST COMPANY,	
U UIUUA I, DL		NO. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET
The above horses now rank with the fastest in the country having recently made 2.24% time,	OF PENNSYLVANIA.	
Admission \$1. 9 10 2t		ANE NOW OPENING
POINT BREEZE PARK	Theoremony to a large state	
MONDAY NEX C. 14th inst. At 3 o clock P. M.	Incorporated by the State.	NEW STYLES FANCY SILKS,
Mile heats, 3 in 5, to harness,		SPLENDIB QUALITY PLAIN SILES
\$1500 to first horse. \$500 to secord horse. SAMUEL MCLAUGHLIN enters b. h. MOUNTAIN	CAPITAL, \$1,000,000	SUPERIOR QUALITY BLACK SILKS,
BOY.		BLACK AND COLORED SATING
DANIEL PIFER enters b m. LADY THORN. The above horses are now the fastest public trotting	OFFICE:	
The privilege of a .Lember in roducing a male friend without pay is suspended.	OFFICE:	Novelties in Dress Goods
Omnibuses will start for the Park from LIBRARY	S.E. Comer FILVILL I COMPANY	CHAMELEON SILK SERGES,
Omnibuses will start for the Park from LIBRARY Street at 2 30 o'clock P. M. Admission \$1. 9 10 3t	S. E. Corner FIFTH and CHESNUT,	CHAMELEON POPLTM
Admission \$1. 9 10 31		PIM BROS, IRIAH POPIINS,
FRIDAY, Sept. 11th. Match		WOOLLEN SERGES, SILK EPINGLIN.
snd track.	PHILADELPHIA DIRECTORS.	OTTOM A M STREAM
the Condition of the Alexandre Statement in the second	CHIMADEAL THA DIRECTIONS	

Public and Private Schools.

THE opening of the scholastic year brings as usual the numerous announcements of the various private institutions that abound in our city. Attention to education is one of the surest proofs of present prosperity and future progress, and we gladly welcome the multiplication of all species of schools, academies, etc., as a sign of national welfare.

There is a prejudice in the minds of many parents against the public schools, arising from a fear of the associations necessary to such a mixed assemblage. This, we think, is a mistake. The very equality among the students, paradoxical as it may seem, operates as a safeguard against enforced familiarity. The pupils instantly and inevitably lose all the distinctions of social rank and are merged into the mass of students. The very number and variety thus thrown together is a defense to the individual. There is none of that necessity for intercourse existing in the select school, where the fact that the parent is able to meet "the terms" assures the respectability of the pupil, and compels a social equality entirely independent of intellectual merit, while the teacher, anxiously dependent for subsistence upon the attendance of the child, is also unduly influenced to endure the vul. garity or overlook the stupidity which would speedily find its true level in the free school-Parents wisely considerate of the manners, as well as the minds of their children, fear that they will become rude and boisterous in the play-ground of the public school, forgetting that their daughter, who is taught deportment by the lady principal of the select "Academy," may be thrown into hourly intercourse with Miss Shoddy, who has inherited "slang" from her papa and vulgarity from her mamma.

In the public school association is limited to the hours spent within the walls of the building, and only a special and strong personal inclination is apt to single out a companion from the throng. The wholesome, busy, practical atmosphere that pervades every action is in itself an obstacle to the formation of those lackadaisical "bosom friendships" that are often as injurious as they are silly.

Intellectual equality is the only rule of association, and no better defense against contamination can be devised, at least in the more advanced classes. However it may be in "children of a larger growth," vicious boys and girls are usually mentally idle and inst-

ANOTHER GUN .- New Mexico held her territorial election on Tuesday, and did nobly. The response which she made to the voice of Vermont is of the most cheering and satisfactory tenor. Last year, Charles P. Clever was elected delegate to Congress over Chavez, the Republican candidate, by a majority of 97. In 1865, the Republicans had a majority of 2331, while in 1863 the Democrats carried the Territory by a majority of 1106. Now, New Mexico repudiates in toto her "reaction," and elects a territorial Legislature two-thirds of the members of which are out-and-out radicals. New Mexico being still in leading strings has no voice in the Presidential contest, but the result of her appeal to the people shows how thoroughly they are in accordance with the spirit of the great Republican party. By-and-by another worthy member will be added to the sisterhood of States. She will prove, in both houses of Congress and in the Electoral College, a fitting offset to rampant little Delaware.

WHAT IT MEANS TO FARMERS .- The Democratic party declares, in so many words, that it is in favor of "equal taxation on all species of property." This is comprehensive, and means exactly what it says. Then, among the various "species of property," we find not only bonds of the United States, stocks of rich corporations, and many other active forms of capital, but also land. The Democracy favor an equal taxation of land, of farms, of farm produce, with that on stocks and commissions. The result will be disastrous to all our country industries. To levy a tax of five per cent. on investments in farm lands, as it is on other "species of property," means injustice and ruin to the farmers. Let them think of this before they vote. It may be, and probably will be, to them a matter of pecuniary interest. The Republican party favor the laying of the burdens of taxation on the form of capital which is most active in producing. Are our farmers prepared to pay the same taxes as our banks in proportion to the value of their possessions ?

POLITICAL.

Commentation and the second seco	
FAX, MYE the Second Senator tricts, will assemb Balsing, P NINT THURSDA (EVE)	ENTH WARD-GRANT, COL- Re, and HENSZEYOttizens of rial and Third Congressional Dis- ble in Mass M. etilog and Flag H and SPRING GARDEN, on NING, September 10, at 8 o'clock, tinguished speakers will address 9 9 21* (Charles Gibbons, E=q., A. Wilson Henszay, Gen. J. T. Owen, Gen. Hector Tyndale.
UNION F TION COM kins', No. 415 LIBR 98 tr	EPUBLICAN NATURALIZA- MITTEE will meet daily at Hop- a RY Street. M. C. HONG, Chairman,
GLO	LIGHTFUL EXCURSIONS TO UCASFER POINT daily,) of SOUTH Street every few 125 im40*
	and the second sec

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M. Goodin names g. h. Geo. Thomas, to wagon. Owner pames g. m. Carrie, to harness. 910 lt

RACES AT POINT BREEZE PARK.-Pools be-tween Lady Thorn and Moun-tain Bay, for MONDAY next, will sell NATURDAY EVENING, at DONOHUE'S, S. W. corner NINTH and SANSOM Streets. 910 St

RACES AT POINT BREEZE PARK,-Pools be-tween Goldsmith Maid and George Wilkes, for FRIDAY bext, will sell on Thursday evening, DONOHUE'S, S. W. corner Ninth and Sassom streets. It

POINT BREEZE PARK. POINT BREEZE PARK.-ADMISSION will be charged for Ladies at the Races on FRI-DAY and MONDAY next, exccpt those accompanying members and subscribers No Ladies admitted unless accompanied by Gen

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE .- A RARE CHANCE. The Stock, Fixtures, and Lease of the old and successful biand of the undersigned, located in the most central part of CHESNUT Street, No. 1001 Established Twenty-seven Years (Ten of which in. the present location) for the sale of Silks, Ribbons, Millinery. Lace, and Fancy Goods. The Proprietor going out of business. Apply promptly to JOBN WARBURTON, No. 1004 CHESNUT Street,

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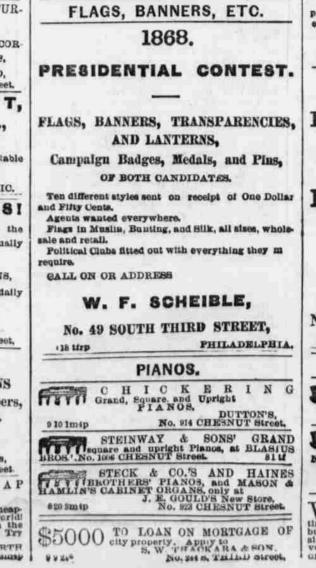
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