FREDERICK DOUGLASS.

His Comments on Seymour's Letter of Acceptance.

Whether eandid and maniy, or disguised and cowardly; whether honest and truthful, intentionally describing things exactly as they are, or sinuous, disguised, hollow, deceptive, and craftily designed to pervert the trath for a purpose, and to describe things as they are not, the utterances of a candidate for the Presidency, supported by a party whose immense power with the country it is dangerous as well as foolish to underestimate, can hardly be too closely scrutinized or too fully discussed.

What such a man muy say or may not say, and the manner of his saying or not saying, can very well be made to assist us in rightly com-prehending the character of the man and his purposes, and the probable inducate he will exert upon the country if elected to the Presidency. Hence, next to General Grant, no man has better claims to our attention than Horatio Seymour. His latest utterance is every way characteristic; smooth as oil and as fair seeming as hypocrisy itself, containing every disposition to deceive, but without the ability. When one or two important words are understood, the most canningly written letter in cloher is made plain. So we have only to read Mr. Seymour's letter of acceptance, consisting of vacue generalities, side by side with the history of the country during the late civil war and since, to understand its most occult and difficult parts. In the first reading it slips through the mind like a fresh caught cel through the hand: you must grapple with him again, if you would not lose your noek and line. The contrast be-tween his letter and that of General Grant is in every respect striking. In consulting them, it is plain to see which is the honest patriot, relying upon the simple truth, and which the dema-gogue, relying upon dexterity and cunning. The one is just as evident as the other. Grant has few words, and a simple and obvious meaning. Seymour has many words, and so arranged as to cover a most malign purpose under an attractive dress. He tails; but only because no skill can conceal the political monstrosities which underlie the organization of which he is the candidate. He is the candidate of the pid alayery party-a party of which it was the giory or the shame to have done its worst, during all the late war, to cripple the Government and encourage the Rebels; which never wearied in its efforts to bring about such a conclusion or the war as would leave slavery, the cause of the war, intact. In order to understand the vague generalities of this letter, it need not be remembered that its author virtually, while Governor of our State, was the recognized friend of men engaged in one of the bloodiest riots on record. It need not be remembered that that riot was created to assist the Rebels in their efforts to divide the Union and overthrow the Government in all the Southern States. It need not be remembered that Mr. Seymour omitted no opportunity to resist the visorous prosecution of the war for the Union, when he could do so under some technicality or pretext, and escape the consequences of open treason. It need not be remembered that, while sword and pestionce were thinning the loyal ranks, and the country was calling for men. Mr. Seymour, while resist-ing the draft by bloody riots, was equally opposing the voluntary enlistment of colored men. We need not remember any of this. The etter-notwithstanding its smoothness, vague ness, and duplicity—is quite intelligiole as to what manner of man he is who now asks us to make him the Chief Magistrate of the nation.

I have denounced this letter as cunning and

cowardly. The writer, when endeavoring to deal the most deadly blows, hi les himself behind others. He does not honestly tell us upon his own authority what he thinks and feels; but craftily speaks in the name of third parties tells us what "they" think and say. He shields himself behind "intelligent men," "thoughtful men," "the best men," "every thinking man," "many Republicaus," "the ablest leaders"—tells us what they feel, think, and say. One would think these able men, tonking men, these leaders of the Republicat party, might be allowed to do their own speaking and writing. When the country desires to know the views of these eminent persons, it knows how to get them. The occasion did not call for a statement of their views, but those of Horatio Seymour; but this is Horatio's "sty e." and characteristic of the man, and a part of the President of the United States, when we make him such. Has the country not had enough of this sort? Does Andrew Johnson in the Presidential chair for

the next four years? Complaint is adroitly made in this letter that "Congress has allied itself to military power," as it it were a crime. When was any government not allied to such power-especially when, as in the case of our own, its authority is re-sisted by large communities of men recently in open rebellion? Why should not the lawmaking power of the nation be allied to military What would any government be worth nnallied to sufficient military power to make its laws respected? What better would a Demo-cratic Congress do? Would such a Congress refuse to employ military power to protect persons and property from murier and destruction! Or would it yield to all the demands of the defeated rebels? What would it do? Suppose the freedmen of the South were banded in associations for the purpose of resisting the laws of a Democratic Congress, and by a system of terror, of secret assassination, were keeping whole States in a condition of anarchy-would such a Congress refuse to avail itself of military power to secure order and tranquillity? Of course, it would not; and Horatio Seymour would be among the first to recommend such alliance of mulitary power with the law-making power, and its vigorous employment to suppress violence. But it happens that not the freedmen nor the loyal white men of the South are engaged in lawless violence; but the former slavemasters, the ancient clave-power, the Southern aris-tocracy, the Southern democracy, are obstructing the laws and intercering with the freedom of the ballot-box, destroying the peace and good order of society-and this makes all the difference. They are a privileged class. They have always been a law unto themselves, and have been accustomed to larup the negroes to their hearts' content. Tale is why Mr. Seymoor's righteous soul is grieved to see the military power of the country called in to support law and order. If Mr. Seymour simply meant to make a fling at General Grant, in this reference to military power, he is not less unfortunate; for to this same letter he proudly and boastfully proclaims his own alliance "with the largest meeting of soldiers, ever assembled

There are evidently conflicting opinions and theories among leading men as to the powers of a President of the United States, and also as to the manner in which he may properly exercise those powers. One class of men amongst us have practically committed themselves to a theory or the office which virtually makes the President a despo. He cannot, to be sure, dictate what shall be the law; but he can decide what shall be enforced and obsied, and what law shall not. Congress may para laws; and he may veto them. pa-s ti em over the seto; and he may then reuse to enforce or obey them, with impunity. He is the only man in the coun ry who may do as he pleases. All other men must obey law. alone has the sovereign right to despise law. This theory was tested in the recent trial to impeach the President. In terms this theory would have but few advocates anywhere; but in substance it has been practically endorsed by the refusal of the Senate to convict Andrew Johnson. On this subject Mr. Seymour, in the Seymour way, esponses the cluse of Andrew Johnson, and most be held to endorse the most extravagant Presidential pretensions. He ngs to that class who would make a President in large measure a law unto houselt, and be yond the reach of impeachment. Much of his denunciation of the villence of Congress is based upon the attempt of that body to exer-cise its constitutional right of impeachment. Now every man woo believes in making the President of the United States an executive rather than a legislative officer-one who is to enforce the laws rather than one to make aubreak them-should know just what to do with Horatio Seymour.-N. Y Independent.

 Out of six hundred and seventy inmates of the Auburn State Hotel, six hundred and thirty six are Democrats and thirty-lour Le-

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE OUTSIDE PASSES.]

THEFT OF CLOTHING .- Yesterday morning, at 3 o'clock, a man, named Valentine Kyle, was arrested at Woodbury upon the charge of having stoles a quantity of clothing from a number of tailoring establishments in this city. t appears that on Thursday morning Detective Benjamin Franklin heard that a man was endeavoring to seil pantaleon stuff at South street whar!, at a price much below its value. Shortly after Goldsmith & Bro. lodged complaint at the Central Station that they had given out eighteen pairs of pantaloous for the purpose of making-up, but that they had not been returned.

Detective Franklin then concluded to arrest the man, of whom he had heard at South street whar'. On going there, however, he heard that the fellow had taken the boat for Gloucester. He followed him acress the river, but the fellow had already procured a stage, and was gone. Mr. Franklin bired a team and put after him, traced him to Westville, and discovered that he had taken back tracks. He came back

through Goldsboro to Woodbury.

At the latter place Kyle went to sleep in a barn near a lager beer saloon, and was there arrested and brought back to the city. Yester-day afterneon he had a hearing before Alderman Beitler at the Central Station. In order to give the officers time to bunt up the goods he held in \$1000 bail for a further hearing on Tuesday next.

Suyder, Harris & Co. have also lost three coats. Arnold & Louenbein, twelve pairs of pant; Cohen & Co., eighteen pairs of pants; and other firms have suffered.

Another Stabbing Affray. - George South, a colored man, residing on Bedford street, above Sixth, was stabbed last evening in the breast and neck, it is alleged, by another colored man named Adam Carter. From the statement of South, it appears that on Thursday night Carter had been beating his wife, who had been confined to the bed by sickness for some days, and that South expostulated with him in reference to his conduct. Ill feelings were thus engendered, and last night Carter, it was alleged, inflicted the wounds alluded to. Carter then jumped into a wagon and drove off, and up to a late hour had not been arrested. The wounds inflicted on South were not considered of a dangerous character. He was conveyed to the hospital.

THE CATHEDRAL ORGAN.-Workmen are very busily engaged at the Cathedral placing in position the magnificent organ ordered some months ago. The case is 30 feet wide, and about 45 feet high, and the architecture of the face is made to correspond with that of the interior of the Cathedral. The organ will be one of the largest in the city, containing four banks of keys, four mounds, ranging from C C. to A. It will have 145 pipes in the pedal organ, 1159 pipes in the great organ, and 812 pipes in the swell organ. When mushed, as expected by Easter rext, it will be an addition to the building of great beauty.

CASUALTIES.—The following persons were admitted to the Hospital yesterday:—Michael Carlin, leg broken, during a disturbance. Henry Dieunase, a laborer at the Northern Liberty Gas Works, several ribs broken by his

leaping on him. Patrick Stanley, 22 years of age, injured on the head and neck by a parrel falling on him, on the wharf, above Arch street.

Joel Oakes, hand injured by falking down

INSPECTION OF FLOUR AND MEAL for the week ending August 20, 1868:-Barrels of superfine, 6119; do. rye, 13; do. corn meal, 298; do. condemned, 28. Total, 6458.

POLITICAL.

-A Kentucky Unionist writes to the Cincinnati Commercial as follows:- 'Young men of the North, Conservative and War Democrats, may believe that the threats of revolution and rebellion in the South are idle. You are mistaken. All over Kentucky, nearly, bands of Confederates are organizing, holding secret night sessions, and praying that the election of Seymour may give them the opportunity of overturning the Southern State Governments and driving the Union men from the country. The Rebel spirit is rile in the land. You have the deciding value. the deciding votes. If you elect Seymour such a torrent of wild Rebellion will be set in motion as will startle you. If you elect Seymour hundreds of Union men who nave stood by the old flag in the hour of danger, and have hazarded their lives for the Government, will be driven by persecutions, by cruelty, by Rebel malignity from Kentucky, to and a home elsewhere. We pray God that you may stand by us now. It is our only help. If Grant is elected we can prosper in peace, and live as we wish to live, for these men will not dare to produce discord with

his hand at the helm. Do not desert us. -The Atlanta (Ga.) Era says:-"The contem-plated victory of the Georgia Democracy will end in empty air, as in the case of General Gordon, who was going to defeat Bullock al-most without a struggle. We expect to consign the poor fellows to an early grave, but to save them, if possible, from that old-fashioned camnation which knows no mercy."

-General Logan says of the union of Northern Democrats and Southern Rebels, that "we should have had this charming meeting before, had it not been for a few 'boys in blue,' whose from the Atlantic to the Mississippi kept these Northern and Southern Democrats apart. but the moment that line was withdrawn, the same old Democratic family comes together. - A near relative of Mr. Seymour told a friend

a few days since that his acceptance of the nomi pation was causing great uneasiness among his family and friends, as they were convinced that he could not bear up under the excitement of Presidential life if elected. We think his friends need not be at all alarmed. -The Cuicago Post has the following: "Sev-

mour's friends don't like it because Grant mokes. They are alraid their candidate wil get 'smoked out' in this world instead of the It is natural that they should want the thing deferred, so that they may all be there to

-Mr. Seymour has recently been trying to tickle the soldiers, but they recollect that in 1863 he vetoed a bill allowing them to vote in the field, and that all his frieadship for them has run in that line, and they cannot be persunged to like him.

-The following gentlemen bave been engaged to speak in Michigan for Grant and Colfax dur-ing the present campaign: Hon. E. M. Stanton; eneral John A. Logan, of Ininois; Senator B. F. Wade, of Chio; S-nator Cres-well, of Mary-land; and Senator Harlan, of Iowa.

-An exchange, speaking of Seymour's letter of acceptance, save: - "It has the clammy coldness of Urish Heep, the audacious assumption of Chevy Slyme, and the hollow hypocrisy of Pecksniff."

-A Copperhead, coming down the Ohio river last Friday, on the steamer Lucy Bertram, heard of the death of Thad. Stevens. He publicly rejoiced at the fact, and ordered the bar-keeper to treat everybody on the boat at his expense. -The St. John's (Michigan) kepub ican offers to send copies regularly to as many responsible

Democrats as will take them, and will require payment only on condition that Grant and Colax are elected. -A pan whict copy of the proceedings of the

Tammany Hall Convention, printed for circula-tion in the South, bears on its cover, in large type, "Stand by your friends who have stood by Just so! 7.0U." -Governor Oglesby neatly says, that the Democrats took the Southern States out of

the Union, and the Republicans brought them -The Copperhead fight in the Ninth Ohio

Congressional District, says the Cleveland Hera d, is in the best possible shape for Repub--The Copperheads hadn't pluck enough to fight for the rebels, but they have brass enough

to vote for them.

- A Minneapolis letter says: - "The people of M'nuesota are good for ten thousand majority ter Grant and Coltax." -The great question with the Copperheads, just now, is how to keep the liquor out of Biair,

and his speeches in him. -The new Georgia Senator is named Homer Virgil Milton Miller,

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page. ALMANAO FOR PHILADELPHIA-THIS DAY. SUN RISES 5-17 MOON SETS 0 40 SUN SETS 5-21

CLEARED YESTERDAY,
Steamship Wyoming, Teal, Savannan, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Brig D. B. Doane, Vessie Bordeaux, J.E. Bazley & Co.
Brig S. V. Merrick, Norden, Zsza, S. & W. Welsh, Scot Lucy, Hoimes, Kingston, Mass., Caidwell, Gordon & Co.
Str Beverly, Pierce, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Str H. L. Gaw, Her, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Tug Thes. Jefferson, Allen, for Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Schr Seal, Podgett, 2 days from Bridgeton, N. J., with hay to Moore, Wheatiey & Cottingham.
Schr H. G. Ely, McAlister, from James river, Va., with railroad ties to captain.
Schr John Whitby, Henderson, 1 day from Delawars City, with grain to James Barratt.
Schr Ocean Travelier, Adams, from Weymouth.
Schr Thos Clyde, Scull from Boston.
Steamer Bristol Wallace, 24 hours from New York, with mose, to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer Vulcan, Morrison, 24 hours from New York, with mose, to W. M. Baird & Co.
Tug Thos, Jefferson, Allen, from Baitimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

MEMORANDA.

Barque John Boulton, Lindsey, at St. Thomas 30th Barque John Bonlion, Lindsey, at St. Thomas 30th ult., from Hamburg.

Barque Scud, Crosby, hence, at Leghorn 3d inst., was bound to Malaga to load for the United States.

Brig Clyde, Thompson, salled from Mayagoez 221 ult. for Gusyanilla and Philadelphia, and was seen 19 miles to leeward of Gusyanila—no date.

Brig J. D. Lincoln, Merryman, for Philadelphia, cleared at St. John, N. B., 13th inst.

Brig Annie Batchelder, Steshman, for Philadelphia salled from Charteston vesterday.

Schr Geiden Dream, Bogart, hence, at St. John, N. B., 13th last.

Schr F. R. Baird, Ireland, hence, at Georgetown, S. Schr Watauga, Munroe, hence, at Jacksonville 14th

instant.
Schr Estelle. Ward hence, at Boston 20th Inst.
Schr Estelle. Ward hence, at Boston 20th Inst.
Schr Estelle. Ward hence, at Boston 20th Inst.
Schr Schr Bruen. Adams. for Philadelphis, cleared at Wilmington. N. C. 19th Inst. with 225 900 sungies.
Schr Wm. Allen, Matthews, hence, at Jacksonville 14th Inst.
Schr Wm. H. Byrne. Robinson, sailed from Richmend 20th Inst. for the Arsenal, to load for Philadelphia. Schr E. A. Stevens, Higgins, hence for Boston, and R S. Dean, Cook, hence for Taunton, at New York

R S. Dean, Cook, hence for Taunton, at New York 20th Inst.
Schrs Louie F. Smith, Cruise, from Vinalhaven; F. Grenville Russell (new) Clark, from Portland; Dick Williams, Corson, from Hunter's Puint; and Rebecca Florence, Lynch, from New Haven, all for Philadelphia, at New York 20th Inst.
Schr L. S. Watson, Willis, hence, at Salem 18th Inst.
Schrs J. B. Alien, from Naniucket for Philadelphia, and E. J. Heraty, hence for Boston, at Hoimes' Hole 18th Inst. Schr Rachel S. Miller, from Boston for Philadelphia, and D. M. French, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole

Schr Martha, Smith, hence, at Salem 19th inst.
Schr Martha, Smith, hence, at Salem 19th inst.
The New York Submarine Company's steamer Rescue. Capt. Wolcott, left Philadelphia for New York, having in tow the ablp Betty. The Rescue will then proceed to Doboy island, Ga., for the barque Franszen, to tow her to New York.

NOTICE TO MARINERS
All vessels arriving at St Thomas from Havana are subject to 20 days' quarantine.

Information has been received of the establishment of a screw pile. Lighthouse at Smith's Point, at the ments of the Potomac river; lights to be shown on the 9th of September next.

The Lighthouse Board has just issued a notice to mariners announcing that a fixed white light will be exhibited from the lantern surmounting the keeper's dwelling at Buil's Bay Light Station, South Carolina, The light will be shown from sunset to sunrise, commencieg August 31.

The light station is on the north end of Bull's Island and about 25 miles NE. of Charleston.

STEAMBOAT LINES.

BRISTOL LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND BOSTON, VIA BRISTOL

For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW BEDFORD CAPE COD, and all points of railway communication, East and North.

The new and spiendid steamers BEISTOL and PROVIDENCE, leave Pier No. 40 NORTH RIVER, foot of Canal street, adjoining Debrasses Street Ferry, New York, at 5 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted, connecting with steamboat train at Bristol at 4 30 A. M., arriving in Boston at 8 A. M., in time to connect with all the morning trains from that city. The most desirable and pleasant route to the White Mountains, Traveliers for that point can make direct congestions by way of Providence and Worcester, or Boston, State-rooms and Tickets secured at office on Pier is New York.

E. O. B. C. A. P. E. M. A. T.

On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and DATURDAYS,
The spicedid new steamer LADY OF THE LAKE,
Captain INGRAM, leaving Pier 19. shove Vine
street, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 915
A. M., and returning from Cape May on Monday,

Office-No. 88 N. DELAWARE Avenue. [6 304]

PHILADELPHIA AND TREN-ton Steamboat Line, -The steamboat Trenton, stopping at Tacony, Torresdale, Severiv, Barlington, Bristol, Florence, Rubbins' Wharf, and White Hill. White Hill.
Leaves Arch Street Wharf
Leaves South Trenton.
Saturday, Aug. 22, 2% P. M. Saturday, Aug. 22, 6% A.M.
Sunday, August 23, to Burington, Bristol, and intermediate landings, leaves Arch street wharf at 8 A.M.
and 2 P. M.; leaves Bristodat 10% A. M. and 4% P. M.
Monday, Aug. 24, 5% A.M. Monday, Aug. 24, 9 A.M.
Monday, Aug. 24, 5% A.M. Monday, Aug. 24, 9 A.M.
Thesaay, "25, 6 A.M. Tuesday, "26, 10% A.M.
Wedday, "26, 5% A.M. Wedday, "26, 10% A.M.
Thursday, "27, 8 A.M. Finishay, "28, 1 P.M.
Frie ay, "28, 9 A.M. Friday, "28, 1 P.M.
Fare to Trenton, 40 cents each way; intermediate
places, 25 cents. places, 25 cents.

FOR CHESTER, HOOK, AND WILMINGTON—At 8 30 and 9 50 A. M.
The steamer S. M. FELTON and ARIEL leave CHESTER through the steamer S. M. FELTON and ARIEL leave CHEST Street wharf (Sundays excepted) at 8 30 and 9 50 A. M., and 3 50 P. M., returning leave Wilmington at 6 50 A. M., 12 50, and 3 50 P. M. St. pping at Chester and Hook each way.

Fare, 10 cents between all points.

Excursion tickets, 15 cents, good to return by either boat.

OPPOSITION TO THE COM-Steamer JOHN SYLVESTER will make daily excursions to Wilmington (Sundays excepted), fouching at thester and Marcus Hook, leaving ARCH Street what at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., returning, leave Wilmingtor at 7 A. M. and 1 P. M. L W, BURNS, Captain 4 28 tf

DAILY EXCURSIONS.—THE splendid steamboat JOHN A. WAR. Splendid steamboat JOHN A. WAR. O'clock and 6 o'clock P. M., for Burlington and Bristol, touching at Riverton. Torresdaie, Andaiusia and Beverly. Returning, leaves Bristol at 7 o'clock A. M., and 4 P. M.

Fare, 25 cents each way: Excursion 40 cts. Sitt SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—THE spiendid new Steamship TWILIGHT war reave Chesnut Street wharf, Philadelphia, at 2 o'clock A. M., and 2); P. M., for Burlington and Bristol, touching at Megargee's wharf, Tacony, Riverton, Andalusia, and Beverly, Returning leaves Bristol at 11); A. M., and 5 P. M., Fare, 25 cents each way.

FURNISHING GOODS, SHIRTS, &C H. S. K. C.

Captain H. CRAWFORD.

Excursion, 40 cents.

Harris' Seamless Kid Gloves. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR GENTS' GLOVES.

J. W. SCOTT & CO., NO. 814 CHESNUT STREET. PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM

SHIRT MANUFACTORY. AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORK. PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice. All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GCOES in fall variety.

WINCHESTER & CO.,
112 No. 706 CHESNUT Street.

WILLIAM S. GRANT,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 88, DELAWARE Avenue, Philadelphia,
AGENT FOR
Duncay's Gunpowder, Refined Nitre, Charcoal, Etc. W. Egker & Co.'s Chocolate C cor. and Prome. Crocker, Bros. et Co.'s Yellow Metal Sheatning. Bolts and Nalls.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Liverpoo L and LondoN and Glob E InsurancE Compan Y. ASSETS

SEVENTEEN MILLIONS. Short Term, Perpetual, Floating, and Rent Policies issued on favorable terms. Office, No. 6 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE. ATWOOD SMITH,

GENERAL AGENT. DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSUR-ture of Pennsylvania, 1835.

Office, Southeast corner THIRD and WALNUT
Streets, Philadelphia.
MARINE INSURANCES
On Vensels, Cargo, and Freight, to all parts of the
INLAND INSURANCES
On Goods, by river, canal, take, and land carriages to
all parts of the Union.
FIRE INSURANCES
On merchandles generally.

On merchandise generally.
On Stores, Dwelling Houses, etc. ASSETS OF THE COMPANY 20.000 State of New Jersey Six Per Cent.
Loan
Loan
20.000 Pennsylvania Railroad First
Mortgage Six Per Cent, Bonds,
25,000, Pennsylvania Railroad, Second
Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds,
25,000 Western Pennsylvania Railroad
Six Per Cent. Aonds (Pennsylvania Railroad)
Six Per Cent. Honds (Pennsylvania Railroad)
State of Tennessee Five Per
Cent. Loans
Tood State of Tennessee Six Per Cent.
Loan 19,800'00 20,000 8 18,000 00 5,600,300 shares stock of Germantown

5,000,300 shares stock of Germantown
Gas Company (principal and
interest guaranteed by the
city of Philadelphia).
7,500 160 Shares Stock of Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
5,000 160 Shares Stock of North Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
20,000 80 Shares Stock Philadelphia
and Southern Mail Steamship 15,000 00 7,800.00 3,000.00 201,900 Loans on Bonds and Mortgage, first liens on City Property 15,000.00 201,900 00

Market value, \$1,102,802'50 Cost, \$1089,679 20, \$1,101,400 par. 86,000'0 219,135 07 43,334'36 8,0,7:00 Cash in Bank...... Cash in Drawer... ...\$103 017'10

183,315-62 Thomas C. Hand,
John C. Davis,
Eomund A. Sonder,
Joseph H. Seal,
Theophilus Paulding,
Hugh Craig
Edward Darlington
John R. Penrose,
H. Jones Brooke,
Henry Sloan,
George G. Leiper,
William G. Boniton,
Edward Lafourcade,
Jacob Riegel,
THOMAS C. HAND, President,
HENRY LYLBIRN. Secretary,
HENRY BALL. Assistant Secretary,
12 50 \$1 507,605 15 Thomas C. Hand,
John C. Davis,
Edmund A. Souder,
Joseph H. Seal,
Theophilus Paulding,
Hugh Craig
Edward Darlington
John R. Penrose,
H. Jones Brooke,
Henry Sloan,
George G. Leiper,
William G. Boutton,
Edward Lafourcade,
Jacob Riegel,

1829--CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Franklin Fire Insurance Co. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE: FOR CAPE MAY. Nos. 435 and 437 CHESNUT STREET. ASSETS ON JANUARY 1, 1868, \$2,603,740.09.

> PREMIUMS..... INCOME FOR 1888 UNSETTLED CLAIMS. \$350,000.00. 833,693.23

LOSSES PAID SINCE 1829 OVER \$5 500,000.

Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms DIRECTORS. George Fales, Alfred Fitter, Francis W. Lewis, M. D., Thomas Sparks, William S. Grant, Charles N. Bancker, Tobjas Wagner, Samuel Grant, George W. Richards CHARLES N. BANCKER, President, GEORGE FALES, Vice-President, JAS. W. MCALLISTER, Secretary protein,

INSURE AT HOME IN THE

Except at Lexington, Kentucky, this Company no Agencies West of Philaburg.

Penn Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY,

No. 921 CHESNUT St., Philadelphia. ASSETS, \$2,000,000.

CHARTERED BY OUR OWN STATE. MANAGED BY OUR OWN CITIZENS. LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

POLICIES ISSUED ON VARIOUS PLANS. Applications may be made at the Home Office, and at the Agencies throughout the State, [2 18] SANUEL E. STOKES.......VICE PRESIDENT

JNO. W. BORNOH A. V. P. and ACTUARY HORATIO S. STEPMENSSECRETARY

PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA.
No. 111 S. FOURTH Street.
INCORPORATED 3D MONTH, 22, 1865.
CAPITAL, \$180,000 PAID IN.
Insurance on Lives, by Yearly Premiums; or on 8, 18, or 22 year 1 remiums, Non-forieiture.
As unities granted on favorable terms.
Term Policies, Children's Endowments.
This Company white giving the insured the security of a paid-up Capital, will divite the entire profits of the Life business among the policy holders.
Moneys received at interest and paid on demand.
Authorised by the charter to execute Truss, and to act as Executor or Administrator, Assignee, or Guardian, and in other fiduciary capacities, under appointment of any Court of this Commonwealth, or any person or persons, or bodies politic or corporate, SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY, HENRY HAINES.

SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY, HENRY HAINES, JOSHUA H. MORRIS, RICHARD WOOD, RICHARD CADBERY, WILLIAM HACKER, OHARLES F. COFFIN.

SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY, HENRY HAINES, W. L. LONGSTRETH, WILLIAM HACKER, CHARLES F. COFFIN.

WILLIAM C. LONGSTRETH, Vice-Pacialeat, THOMAS WISTAR, M. D., J. B. TOWNSEND, 727 Medical Examiner, Legal Adviser.

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1804—CHARTER PERPETUAL.
No. 224 WALNUT Street, opposite the Exchange,
This Company insures from loss or damage by
FIRE,
on liberal terms on buildings, merchandise, furniture etc.. for limited periods, and permanently on buildings by deposit of premiums.
The Company has been in active operation for more than SIXTY YE. RS, during which all losses have been promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
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Benjamin Etting,
Thomas H. Powers,
A. R. McHenry,
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AMU L WILCOM Secretary,

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

TILLINCHAST & HILT'S



No. 409 WALNUT St.

AGENTS AND ATTORNEYS FOR Home Fire Insurance Company, NEW HAVEN, CONN. Springfield Fire and Marine Ins. Co., SPRINGFIELD, MASS. Yonkers and New York Insurance Co., Peoples' Fire Insurance Company, WORCESTER, MASS. Atlantic Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I. Guardian Fire Insurance Company, NEW YORK Lumberman's Fire Insurance Co., CHICAGO, ILL Insurance effected at LOWEST RATES, All losses premptly and liberally adjusted at their Office, No. 409 WALNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA.

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GUARDIAN FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 426 WALNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA. CHARTERED CAPITAL, . . \$500,000 PAID IN CAPITAL, . . . \$100,000

NO LOSSES OR DEBTS. Insure against loss or damage by Fire on Buildings Merchandise, Housenold Furniture, and all other Insurable property, and also take Marine, Canal and Inland Navigation Risks at the lowest rates our sistent with security.

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NORTH AMERICA, No. 232 WALNUT STREET, PHILADA.

INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL Marine, Inland, and Fire Insurance. ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1868, . \$2,001,266-72. \$20,000,000 Losses Paid in Cash Since its

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Ambrose White,
William Welsh,
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S. Morris Waln,
John Mason,
ARTHUK G. COFFIN, President,
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125]

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IMP ERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1803.

Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds, 88,000,000 IN GOLD. E. M. ARCHIBALD, H. B. M. Consul, Chairman, A. A. LOW, of A. A. Low & Bros.
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PREVOST & HEBRING, Agents,
No. 107 8. THIRD Street, Philada.

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY,—THE PENNSYL-YANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY-Incorp_rated 1825—Charter Perpetusi—No. 619 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square. This Company, favorably known to the community for ever forty years, continues to insure against loss or damage by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Forniture, Stocks of Goods, and Merchandise generally, on liberat terms.

Their Capital, together with a large Sarplus Fund, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to offer to the insured an undoubted seen rity in the case of loss.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,
Alexander Benson, Thomas Smith, Henry Lewis, J. Gillingham Fell, Daniel Haddock, Jr.,
Daniel Haddock, Jr., Daniel Haddock, Jr., Daniel Haddock, Jr., President, Secretary.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS No. 304 CHESNUT STREET.

CENTRAL DEPOT, No. 103 S. FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA (One door below Chesnut street),

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1862. Our stock comprises all the denomination printed by the Government.

ALL ORDERS FILLED AND FORWARDED BY MAIL OR EXPRESS, IMMEDIATELY UPON RE-CEIPT, a matter of great importance. Drafts on Philadelphia Post Office, Greenbacks, and National Bank Notes received in payment. The following rates of commission

are allowed:-On \$20 ... From \$20 to \$100 Four PER CENT. From \$100 upwards. FOUR AND A HALF PERCENT The commission is payable in stamps,

All orders, etc., should be addressed to

BTAMP AGENCY,

No. 304 CHESNUTSTREET, PHILADELPHIA. Orders received for Stamped Checks, Drafts, Receipts, Bill Heads, etc , and the best rates of commission allowed. We have constantly on hand

UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS OF ALL KINDS,

AND STAMPED ENVELOPES.

AMUSEMENTS. NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE,-

TRIS (Seturday) NIGHT,

greatest Speciacular Extravaganza ever prisented to
the American public eatitied
THE WHITE FAWN,
THE WHITE FAWN,
THE WHITE FAWN,
IP Which will appear

THE WHITE FAWN,

IF Which will appear

JARRETT & PALMER'S COMBINED PARISIAN

AND VIENNESE BALLET TROUPES

MADLLES BONPANTI, SOHLKE, ARDRION,

INVERNIZZI, CEREBELLE, OBERTI,

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BUPPORTED BY 40 CORVPHEES,

SUPPORTED BY 40 CORVPHEES,

EUPPORTED BY 40 CORVPHEES,

AND BOS CORVPHEES,

THE SCENERY IS THE MOST BEAUTIPUL AND

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Ever presented at any theatre in the world,

THE COSTUMES

are the most brilliant ever seen in America.

Dress Circle and Parquet

Orchestra Seats

Family Circle

25 cents WALNUT STREET THEATRE, N. E. COR-

WALNUT STREET THEATRE, N. E. COBner Ninth and Waldut Streets. Begins at 8.

LAST NIGHT OF

J. E. MCDONOUGH'S BLACK CROOK.

THE GREATEST COMBINATION OF ARTISTS

M'LLES MORARANT, DIANI, LEAH, WENDEL,
ALEXANDRENA, BARRETTA, AND PANZRIA.

THE OBIGINAL FRENCH CAN-CAN.

THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock,
LAST BLACK CROOK MATINEE.

MONDAY-First night of the great burlesque actor,
LEFFING WELL.

Who will appear in two of his celebrated characters,
BEPFO AND JAFFIER JENKINS.

HOX'S AMERICAN VARIETY THEATER.—
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY
AFTERNOON.
GREAT COMBINATION TROUPE,
in Grand Ballets, Ethiopian Burlesques, Songs,
Dances, Pantomimes, Gymnast Acts, etc.

PROPOSALS.

DROPOSALS FOR DELAWARE BREAK.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE. PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST, Sealed Proposals, in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this Office until the 10th day of September, 1868, for the Stone necessary for the completion of the Delawace Break water.

It is to be distinctly understood that the quantity of stone of each class, specified herein, may be increased or diminished, by the United States, if necessary. Increased or diminished, by the United States, if necessary.

CLASS 1. Some 12,000 tows, of 2149 pounds each are required. Of this amount, about jour-fitths, to be in books of not less than two tons each, nor over five and one-half toss; the remainder, in blocks of upwards of one-lourin of a tos.

All stones of this class to be delivered at such points of the works as may be designated by the United States agents.

CLASS 2. Some 16 00 tons of stone, in pleces of less than one-fourth ten is weight, are required, to be thrown everboard, in accordance with the instructions of the United States agents, near the extremities of the works, in water not less than twenty feet in depth. in depth.

All stones sent to be of the hardest and most dura-All stones sent to be of the hardest and most durable quality, free from seams, etc.; to be subject to rigid inspection, and will be received or not, as the Engine r or United States age; to shall find them to accord or not, as to quality and size, with the above description. None can be sent from quarries condemned heretofore.

The rate or delivery of each class of stone to be regulated by the Engineer in charge. The delivery of either class, or of both, if desired, to commence upon approval of contract, and to be completed by October 13, 1839.

The proposals will state the rate per top of 1st.

October 1s, 1889

The proposals will state the rate par ton of 1st Class of stenes cellvered at the works, as above; also, separately, the rate both per ton, and per perch of twenty-five cubic feet, of stones of the 2d Class delive ed. in stace, overboard.

In general stones should not be sent in vessels diaming over ten feet.

A reservation of twenty per centum, on psyments, will be made during the delivery of stone contracted for.

Esch proposal must be guaranteed by two responses. tracted for.

Rich proposal must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures are to be appended to the guarantee, and who should be certified to, as being good and sufficient security, by the United States District Judge, Astorney, Collector, or other public efficer. public efficer.

For blank forms of proposals and other information apply at this office.

Envelopes to be encorsed "Proposals for Stone for Delaware Breakwater."

Bids will be opened at 12 s'clock M., on THURS-DAY, September 10, 1868. Bidders are invited to be present.

C. SEAFORTH STEWAR",

C. SEAFORTH STEWART, Lt.-Col. of Engineers. 8 17 76 PROPOSALS FOR CORN MEAL.

OFFICE CRIEF COMMISSARY SUBSISTENCE, OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY SUBJISTENCE,
FIRST BILLTARY DISTRICT,
RICHMOND, Va. August 15, 1885.
Scaled Proposals, in duplicate, will be received at
this office until TUESDAY, August 25, 1888, at 12
o'clock M., for supplying the United States Subsistence Department with all the Corn Meal that may be
required from the 1st proximo to the 31st of December, 1888, (four months.)
The Meal to be delivered in good sound flour parrels at the United States Subsistence Depot at such rels, at the United States Subsistence Depot at such times and in such quantities as may be required, after ive days' notice.

No san plet are required with the bids, as only fresh ground, boiled, white Corn Meal of the very best quality will be received.

Bids must state the price per pound, or per 100 pounds set; and no allowance will be made for barrels, nor for any loss in celivery.

Payment will be made at the end of each month for Corn Meal accepted during the minh.

The successial bloder will be required to give a mple security for the faithful miniment of this contract.

security for the faithful full ment of this contract.

Proposals should be plainty ecoraed "Proposals for Corn Meal," and addresses to the undersigned.

W. A. ELLBERKIN,

Byt. Maj. and Chief Com. of Eubsistence.

First Military District,

Office No, 1215 Cary street, Commercial B.ock, Nichmone, Va.

51866

GOVERNMENT SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF SUBSISTENCE OFFICE A. C. S., FORT MONROW, Va.,

Will be sold at Public Auction, at Fort Monroe, Va., September 1, 1868, at loclock P. M.—
14 boxes French uncooked mixed Vegetables, 2800 pounds, more or less.
264 boxes American uncooked mixed Vegetables, 2804 boxes American cooked mixed Vegetables, 284 boxes American cooked mixed Vegetables, 218 boxes American cooked mixed Vegetables, 20,400 pounds more or less.
The French Vegetables are in the cases of 55 pounds each, the American in cases of 70 pounds each. They were selected for m a large lot in excess at this depot, and have been recently repacked in new strong boxes, two cases in each box, and are in excellent ahipping erder. shipping erder.

Siores delivered on Government wharf free of expense. Terms cash in Government funds. By order of Commissary-General of Subsistence U.S. A.

JAMES CURRY,

8 21 81 Second Lieutepant 5th Art. A. C. S.

OFFICE OF LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR,
FOURTH DISTRICT.
Will be sold at public aution, on MONDAY, the
24th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the yard of
Meters. E. & C. Moore, toot of FOURTH Street Wilmington, Dela-are, a quantity of old YELLOW
METAL, about 28ed pounds (more or less.)
Termis—Cash, and articles to be removed immediately after the saie.

diately after the sale. By order of the Light-House Board. W. H. Ga * DNER, U.S. N., S 17 St Light-House Inspector.

LEGAL NOTICES. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED

States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania,
IN BANKRUPICY.

At Philacelphia, June 24, 1868.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Samuel R. Adams of Philacelphia, in the county of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania within said district, who has been adjudged a mankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

LEWIS WALN SMITH, Assignee,
No 629 WALNUT Street.

To the creditors of said bankrupt. S 22 24 31 35

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Letale of AGNES H. WILLIA MSJN alias Pettinas, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the first account of JOSEPH J. DORAN, administrator of the estate of said deceased and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountast, will meet the parties interacted, for the purpose of his appointment, on TUES, AY. August 28.1868 at 2 "clock P. M., at his office. No. 1188. BINTH Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

THOMAS R. ELOOCK, Auditor.

SIS thatost

One of the same of the property being are for his use, and the period of the same of the