patches, and all eruptions of the skin.

IN THE SPRING MONTHS, the system

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!

OF THE INJURIOUS EFFECTS of face pow-

ders and washes. All such remedies close up

the pores of the skin and in a short time de-

stroy the complexion. If you would have a

fresh, healthy, and youthful appearance, use

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that

affect mankind arise from corruption of the

blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSA-

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the

vigor of health into the system, and purges

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is

small. Those who desire a large quantity and

THOSE WHO Desire Brilliancy of Com-

plexion must purify and enrich the blood,

Which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EX-

TRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does.

Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED HXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EX.

TRACT SARSAPARILLA

of the Throat, Nose, Eyes, Eyelids,

Scalp and Skin,

Two table-spoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsa-

to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the

An interesting letter is published in the

Medico-Chirurgical Review," on the subject

of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affec-

sj stem so sunken, and yet so irritable as ren-

ders other substances of the tonic class un-

HELMBOLD'S

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist,

No. 594 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Established upwards of 18 years.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Price -1.25 per bottle, or or \$6.50.

dren with perfect safety.

decoction as is usually made.

available or injurious.

Prepared by

out the humors that make disease.

large doses of medicine KRR.

PARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BRAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELM-

BOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BAR-It removes black spots, pimples, meth

Mte., Mto., Ste., Ste., Ste.,

From our own Correspondent.

naturally undergoes a change, and HKLM-LANCASTER, PA. Aug. 14 .- At 6.15 this evening BOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF the remains of Hoo. Thaddeus Stevens arrived SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest in this city, which for so long a time had been the home of the great statesman. A committee of prominent citizens received the remains at the depot, and escorted them to the residence of the deceased, where they were placed in state in the parlor. A guard of the colored Zouaves surrounds it.

There was a large meeting of people this evening, at which resolutions of condolence and eulogistic of the honored dead were passed. There were many addresses made by old friends of the deceased, who paid many tributes of respect to their late friend.

A. H. Hood, Esq., in his remarks, said: -Mr. Stevens as a lawyer, as a man, as a friend of the human race, was so elevated, so high, that no man, unless his own sporoaches that grandeur, can be able to portray it. He considered him one of the greatest men this age has produced. His life has been a grand trumph, but all he has accomplished has been through his own exertion. Throughout his life he had warm friends and just as warm enemies. If ever a man had to walk over a flery pathway it was he; but he triumpted in the end. The speaker dwelt in an eloquent strain upon the virtues and beauties of the private and social character of the deceased, his kindness to the joung men of the bar, his geniality to every person in the shape of a man, saying that his generosity was never appealed to by any man, worthy or unworthy, in vain. He paid no regard to the accumulation of wealth, preferring at all times every other human being to himself; in this respect he was the most perfect man that he had

W. W. Brown, Esq., remarked:—We have been accustomed to see him move about this bar, with the weight of the heaviest causes resting upon his shoulders, with as much ease as "Allas standing still bears up the world." His mind was well disciplised, and from its own redundant vitality imparted life and energy to others. He had been an industrious student, and in general and legal knowledge had few superiors among his contemporaries. He possessed a commanding intellect, and in addressing the court or jury he pre-ented his subject in a simple and concise and straightforward manner. He clearly einci-dated its e-sential parts and intrinsic materials. His thoughts were eloquent, and clothed in words which always brought his ideas transparently to the view of his auditors. When he used embellishment it was only done to illustrate his meaning more clearly, and was always natural and appro-priate. His conceptions were bold and original. His manner was earnest and energetic. His arguments always strong, sometimes rose to irresistible energy and power, and the scintillations of his gentus occasionally flashed with a brilliancy not unworthy a comparison with the brightest gems of the great masters of eloquence. In his protessional relations he was a high toned gentleman. His word could always be implicitly relied upon, and his conduct and deportment in the trial of a cause, whether towards the Court, his adversaries, or his colleagues, were a model well worthy the imitation of

-Last evening the City Councils passed the

following:

Resolved, That the Councils of the city of Lancaster learn with regret the demise of the Hon. Thaddens stevens, Representative in Congress from this distance. trict trict. That in the death of our distinguished Ecolved. That in the death of our distinguished Resolved. That in the death of our distinguished fellow-citizen, Lancaster city has lost one of its most distinguished and worthy citizens; that his eminent services in the cause of education and liberry, his lotty position as a statesman his integrity in his public and private character reflect alike honor upon his memory and the neople he served so well.

Resolved. That we recommend to the citizens the closing of their places of business from 1 o'clock for the balance of the day.

Resolved. That the Councils will attend the funeral in a body, and invite the Mayor and other officers of the city government to unite with them.

The tuneral obsecuties of the late Hon. Bradicates Eruptive and Ulcerative Diseases

-The juneral obsequies of the late Hon. Thaddeus Sievens will take place on Monday, the 17th inst, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from his late

Which so disfigure the appearance, purging sidence on South Queen street. The Governor, Heads of Departments, Chief the evil effects of mercury, and removing all Justice and Judges of the Supreme Court, and School Department of the Common wealth, taints, the remnants of diseases, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by adults and chil-County Superintendent, Directors and Teachers of the City and County of Lancaster, Alumni and Pupils of the High School of Lancaster city, the Trustees, Faculty, and Students of Franklin and Marshall College and of the Milparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to ersville Normal School, and all other organizathe Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal ions and citizens are invited to attend.

The following are the only relatives of Mr. Stevens now living: Dr. Thaddeus M. Stevens, and Margaret S. Coffman (wife of Jacob Coffman) of Indiana; olis, Indiana; and Thaddeus Stevens of Graffensburg, Adams county, Pa.

DISASTER.

Destructive Conflagration in New York -Fotal Loss, \$143,000.

t'ons, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., etc. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising Shortly before three o'clock yesterday mornfrom the excess of mercury, he states that no ng a fire was discovered in the first floor of the five-story brick building, Nos. 42 and 44 Green street, acjoining D. Appleton & Co.'s publish-ing house, on the corner of Grand street, and remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any partly occupied by them. The flames spread with great rapidity, bursting out of every win-dow and through the roof in great volumes, other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this invaluable mickly wrapping the entire structure in their attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the

Nos. 42 and 44 Green street were both destroyed. They were twenty-five feet front by about a venty-five feet deep, and five stories. The loss on them will amount to \$40,000. They are insured for \$30,000, as follows:—\$5000 in the Niagara, \$6000 in the Lordiard; \$5000 in the Lo-ternational; \$3000 in the Knickerbocker; \$2500 in the Star; \$5000 in the Importers' and Traders' \$500 in the Pacific, and \$5000 in the Atlantic.

The buildings were built recently by H. J.
Howard, by whom they were leased to D. Apple

ton & Co., the book publishers, for forty years. This firm occupied at the time of the fire the first floor for printing purposes. Their loss on stock of type, presses, plates, paper, and machinery is estimated at \$55,000, on which they are insured as follows on stock, etc.;—Hamilton, are insured as follows on stock, etc.;—Hamilton, Trades men's \$2500; Ken-CON JENTRATED EXTRACTSARSAPARILLA 87500; Excessor, \$2500; Tradesmen's, \$2500; Kensington, of Philadelphia, \$2500; North American, of Hartford, \$2500; Standard, \$1509; Aloan City, \$1000. Total, \$15,000. On machinery:—Amsterdam, \$1000; Merchants', of Chicago, \$1000; Lorillard, \$800; Atlantic, of Bruoklyn, \$400, Total, \$200.

The basement was occupied by the Metallic Keg Company. Their loss is about \$2000 by water; insured for \$4500 in the Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company,
The second, third, and fifth floors were occupied by Liebenroth & Von Aner, blank book

manufacturers. Their stock was also destroyed manufacturers. Their stock was also destroyed, but they are unable to estimate at present with any degree of accuracy the extent of their loss, but it is at least \$22,000. They are insured for \$51,333, as follows:—Queen, \$6333 33; Liverpool, London, and Giobe, \$5000; Girard, \$2500; Ster-London, and Globe, \$5000; Girard, \$2500; Sterling, \$2500; Germania, \$2500; Ezchange, \$2000; Arctic, \$1500; North American, of Hartford, \$1500; Associated Farmers, of Baltimore, \$2500; Union, of Baltimore, \$2500; National, of Baltimore, \$2500; Maryland, of Baltimore, \$2500; Maryland, of Baltimore, \$2500; Maryland, of Baltimore, \$2500; Hattle, of New York, \$2500; Alna, of Hartford, \$2500; Firemen's, \$2500; Relief, \$2500; Humboldt, \$2500; Metropolitan, \$1600; Western, of Buffalo, \$1500.

The fourth floor was occupied by Mader Todd

FIRST EDITION

**Co., manufacturers of gold pens and pencils, Their loss is estimated at \$25,000; insured for \$2.5 (00. \$600 on a safe, \$62.0 on all goods and \$1000 manufactured or in process of manufacture in such safe, and \$5200 on tools and fixing in such safe, and \$5200 on tools and fixing in such safe, and \$5200 on tools and fixing in such safes and Traders', \$3750; addiatic, \$3750; williamsturg city, \$3750; addiatic, \$3750, and Mechasics' and Traders', \$3750.

The fire, very luckily, was confined to these two buildings, except a small damage of about \$500 to the buildings, except a small damage of about \$500 to the buildings No. 46 Green street. Some damage was also done to the buildings No.8. All said 43, on the opposite side of the street; but \$250 will cover the loss.

The publishing house of D. Appleton & Co. sustained slight damage, say about \$150. Therebells a strong separate wail dividing it from the burning building, saved it from further injury.

Terrible Hurricane in New Hampshire. The Coos Republican, of Lancaster, N. H., in its bene of Thursday last, gives the following account of the burricane that passed that sec-

tion of the country:

As the storm neared, Fred. Aldrich and Charles Roby, with horse and carriage, were seeking shelter near the above named nouse. Charles Roby, with horse and carriage, were seeking shelter near the above named nouse. On a sudden they perceived themselves raised entirely from the ground, and Roby, whirling like a top high in the air, feet downward, together with his team, was carried over a high board fence, while Aldrich (large timbers, brick, atones, and detris of every description flying in all directions) was taken six or eight rods in an opposite course. Nor would it let him have rest or peace even there, but kept whirling him and tumbiling him until he gained shelter be neath a luiting rock, too strong for even Titanic force. A miraculous escape they had, for neither was seriously injured. It next passed to Mr. thase's, whose dwelling-house barely escaped, but his other buildings are completely demolished. A small child was lost among the ruips, but fortunately was recovered, being protected by the large timbers. Now it attacks the large Fletcher barn. This frame, composed of hard wood, doubly braced throughout with birch, thoroughly built in every respect, was considered a strong work of the kind in the county if not in the State. The whole structure was actually moved some incues from its base ere it yielded; but the work of man could not withstand the force of such an agency, so the braces, like pipe-stems, break, the roof is carried off, and tine bers twenty-five feet in length are iound eighty rods away.

A Mr. Chappel, fleeing from his own house,

found eighty rods away.

A Mr. Chappel, fleeing from his own house, was struck by a timber and one of his legs badly crushed. Leaving these scenes of devasbadly crushed. Leaving these scenes of devas-tation it crossed the Connecticut river, tearing away in its wild flight a part of a sawmith thereon, then over the fields and into the forest again it plunges, laying low a swarth of twenty rods in width as far as the eye can reach. The most wonderful circumstance of all was that most wonderful circumstance of all was that this whiring, rending giant passed twice around the house of Air. Addrich, and left entire the shed part, where were convened als family.

The damage to very many of the farmers is keenly feit. About thirty head of cattle belonging to Mrs. Tabor have not yet been found—probably crushed beneath the falling trees.

Collision of Ocean Vessels. The Portland (Me.) Press of Wednesday says:—
Steamer Franconia, Captain Sherwood, from
New York Monday afternoon for Portland, was
run into at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, about
forty miles off Cape Cod, by schooner Juniata
Patton, from Augusta for New York with lum
ber. It was very foggy at the time, and the
schooner, with tull sail on, loomed up instantly
like a phantom ship, and before the course of
the steamer could be changed, the schooner was
on toard of her, striking the Franconia on the
starboard quarter, carrying away about tweive
feet of her bulwarks. The vessels quickly
separated, the crew of the schooner crying out
that they were in a sinking condition. A
boat was lowered by Captain Sherwood, and
the schooner was taken in tow and brought
to Portland, where she arrived Wednesday
forenoon, several hours behind the steamer's
time. The Juniata Patton lost her fore staysall
and jib and all her head-gear, but her hull is
tight. Two barrels of blood, intended for one of
our sugar refineries, was on the steamer's deck, The Portland (Me.) Press of Wednesday says:our sugar refineries, was on the steamer's deck, and were stove in the collision, and the blood and were stove in the channel, and the blood ran all over the deck, creating alarm among some of the schooner's crew when they were taken on board, who feared that the accident was disastrous to life and limb. The steamer had on board thirty-five passengers, one-third of whom were ladies. The officers of the steamer say last night was very foggy, and the whistle was sounded continually. The captain of the schooner says that he kept his log-horn going, and used every precaution against collision.

HAYTI.

Reaction in Favor of Salnave-Desparate Situation of the Revolutionists—The

The Tribune's correspondent, writing from Port-au-Prince, under date of July 27, says:—
The star of Sainave is once more in the ascendant. A strong reactionary feeling in his favor has been developing itself within the last two or three weeks, even in those places where the insurgent cause was strongest, and the dis-comfiture of the Rebels is only now a question of comfiture of the Receis is only now a question of time. As to the long threatened attack upon Port-au-Prince, it has not yet been made, nor is

it likely that it will ever take place. The reaction commenced at Jacmel, and has spread with great rapidity throughout the whole of the South, with the exception of some of the large towns, where the revolutionists have found their principal support; but these pirces, there is every reason to believe, will scon yield to the powerful tide which has set in in favor of the Government, thus leaving Sainave complete master of the field in that direction. In the North the signs are equally favorable for the Government, and a number of despatches of the Rebel chiefs which have into the hands of one of Salnave's gene rals show that in that quarter, as well as in the desperate straits, owing to numerous defections from their ranks, and to the want of arms, ammunition, and provisions. In fact it is plain from this intercepted the insurgents are in the most correspondence that the Cacos are convinced their cause is lost, and that they still hold out only because they have not yet found any pretense for throwing down their arms. Sainave has issued a very remarkable manifesto, ad dressed to the people and the army of Hayti, re-viewing the circumstances under which his election to the Presidency of the Republic took piace, and vindicating the course he has pur ned since his accession to power.

This address, taken in connection with other

facts of his recent history, show Sainave to be deeply imbued with Republican principles, and the fact that he is so, will sufficiently ex-plain the sympathy that is felt for him by Americans here, as well as the very cordial re-lations that exist at present between the Hay-tien Government and the American Minister at this place. Foreigners, who are jealous of Mr. Hollister's influence with the President of Hayti, have caused several gross misrepresentations of the Minister's conduct during the present crisis to be published in the Jamaica newspapers, charging him, among other things, with having heartlessly refused the shelter of United States Consulate at this place the United States Consulate at this place to political refugees. But this is not true. At first shelter was given to those seeking it at the Consulate, and it would still be afforded in any case where it was plainly a duty to grant it, but it would never answer to convert the Consulate into a refuge for traitors plotting against a Gov-ernment with which the Government of the United States is on terms of cordial friendship. Tre policy pursued by Mr. Hollister strikes us as a very prudent one, presenting quite a conas a very prudent one, presenting quite a con-irast to that which has been followed by the English Consul; and the good results of it, in promoting the cause of peace, order, and consti-tutional freedom in this republic, and in strengthening American influence in the Antilles, will certainly show themselves before long. As to Sainave, whatever may be thought of certain passages of his history, this is certain, that the stand he has taken and so firmly maintained during the present troubles will have the effect of preventing in the future the repeti tion of those revolutionary outbreaks, whose frequent occurrence has so seriously retarded the progress of this country in civilization and material prosperity, and done so much injury to the cause of negro freedom.

Another Insane Asylum Case.

The case of Mrs. Merritt is commented upon by the New York Observer this week, and the by the New York Observer this week, and the following account of another case is given:—
"But a few days since, as we were traveiling on one of our great railroad thorough fares, and the train stopped at a station, a delicate lady was violently dragged into the car by two strong men and with needless force thrust into a seat, the near the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, the near the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men and with needless force thrust into a seat, and the men one of the men taking his seat by her side. The lady immediately rose, and without any undue

excliement, or anything that indicated instinity, appealed to the passengers, saving that these persons—one of whom, the one sitting by her side, she said was a coachman—were taking her, without any just cause, to an insane asylum. With perfect composure she gave the name and address of one of her friends in Brooklyn, requesting some passenger to communicate to him the fact of her foreible removal to an asylum. See showed her arm, black with bruises which are said she had received from violent treatment. showed her arm, black with bruises which sue said she had received from violent treatment, and there were marks of violence visible up in her face. A gentleman near her took down her name and that of her friend, and assuring her that he lived in the city to which she was about to be taken, and would see that she was not un justly confined, she became quiet. Not a word was offered in explanation by her attendants. Whether she was insane or not, she was the victim of gross violence in the manner in which was treated by those was bad her in charge. she was treated by those who had her in charge, Her treatment was also a gross outrage up in the feelings of the passengers, and especially of severs! ladies who were in the car, and who could not fall deeply to sympa hize with one of their own sex in such circumstances."

PARAGUAY.

The Situation-Lopez Retreats from the River-The Affair of Mr. Washbarn

and the Wasp. The Herald's South American correspondent, writing from Buenos Ayres, June 28, says:—
The moral effect of the loss of Humaita must be felt severely on Lopez's forces. But be retired further inland. Now he leaves all the river towns, and is building fortifications in the interior, where he must be followed, without from clads, and be met on his own terms, or be allowed to keep all the interior. His people allowed to keep all the interior. His people still cling to him, and there is no indication yet that they intend to surrender. One article in the Tripie Alliance Treaty is that no terms small ever be made with Lopez. This has rather united the people to Lopez than otherwise. They and he seem resolved to succeed or perish. together. An expedition under command of General Mena Barretta, that under took a reconnoissance in force to see where Lepez might be, has returned. They met a strong force of Paraguayans at a small stream called Yacara, and before they were half crossed were attacked, and they retreated with crossed were attacked, and they retended with considerable loss. The recent second discin the Paragnay river has revived the prospect of running a steamer laden with coals past Humana under shelter of the fee side of an ironciad. As coals are worth \$200, gold, above the fort, it will prove a fine specu atton, if successful. The rise in the river seriously endangered the Allies, 6000 strong, on the peninsula in front of the fort. For safety they were hudden up under a raking fire that they could not escape nor return. The loss was considerable, but they held out in spite of fire and water mader one and only just above to able, but they held out in spite of fire and water, under one and only just above the other. The Aliles are believed to have 49,000 men in the field, and the Paraguayans are supposed to be reduced to 12,000. Besides these, Lopez has immense and from the women of Paraguay, who do all the work of men outside of actual military duty. Each one is at least equal to a man in any respectable fight, and if Paraguay succeeds in this contest it will be a triumph of "woman's rights." The United States gunboat Wasp has just returned from Paraguay, where it was expected that United States Minister Washburne would be found ready to leave that exhausted country. But ne did not come, Why, no one knows. The Wasp was not allowed to pass the allled first. It was useless to urge that in our war foreign vessels

was not allowed to pass the allied first. It was useless to urge that in our war foreign vessels were allowed to enter blocksded ports to carry away consuls or to convey despatches, as at Charleston; the Brazilians were too wide awake to allow any such civilities.

The election of Colonel Sarmiento to the Presidency of this Republic is now made quite certain. He will take office October 12 prox. Tais is one of the marks of progress of this country, that one who is absent, without expending money, and without a single stump speech, should be elected President. Enough electoral vetes are now reported to make his election certain, and Governor Adolfo Alsina is, by a similar vote, made Vice-President. The financial crisis at Montevideo continues. The Finance Minister, Bustamente, has resigned. Nearly all the many banks of that over-banked city are closed, and many millions of irredeemcity are closed, and many millions of irredeem able paper are affoat. Gold is at an enormous premium, and money 2.3 per cent. a month.

RUFFIANISM.

A Colored Man Pushed into the Mississippt by Rowdies and Drowned. The Dubuque (Iowa) Times of Monday last

Yesterday morning a man by the name of Ward, while engaged in pulling lumber out of the water below the steamboat landing, found the body of a solored man floating in the river. He at last secured the body and fastening it to a raft notified the Coroner, who proceeded to hold an inquest, when the following facts were

The colored man named Berry Williams had been employed as a deck hand on the steamer Milwaukee. On the last up river trio of the boat he was taken sick and stopped off at tuls boat he was taken sick and stopped off at this point. Last Tuesday morning, about 2 o'clock, expecting the boat down, he wishing to resume work again, set out for the leves, but was met near the landing by a couple of roughs who, without any ceremony, knocked him down and proceeded to relieve him of all his valuables. Getting away from them, the negro went to the Northern Line wharf boat, when the assaulting party, described as a large man and a small one, approached him again. Their victum told them his occupation, said he was waiting for the steamer, which was momentarily expected, and invited them to go away and let him alone. Some farther parily enued. and let him alone. Some farther parley ensued, when the large man attempted to strike the negro with a large stone which he had secreted under his coar, but was prevented by his com-panion. A gentleman by the name of T. H. Rhodes, who was down on the wharf-boat waitand says that the negro, who had been string down, then got up and walked towards the door, when the larger man again assaulted him, and kicked, or pushed him into the river. The victim cried for assistance. The gentleman we have named and another man attempted to get out, but the brute who had committed the act turned upon his heel and walked towards
the city, saying "let him drown, he's only a
— nigger." The negro was drifted by the force
of the current under the wharf-boat, and was
seen no more until found in the manner we

BANK ROBBERY.

How Money was Stolen from a Rhode Island Bank.

The Providence Journal has the following additional particulars relative to the theft and recovery of the bonds lost by the Aquidneck Bank of Newport, R. I.:—"The clerk's name was Cave. He had previously borne an excellent reputation, and was unsuspected. He secreted the neckage of bonds at his name. A brother Caye. He had previously borne an excellent reputation, and was unsuspected. He secreted the package of bonds at his home. A brother, living at Elizabeth, N. J., called on him, and in the absence of himself and wife found the \$30,000 in a bureau drawer, and possessing, also, a thieving propensity, he took a part of the bonds, and returned the package to its place. The original thief, on returning, rolled the plunder in a cloth and secreted it in a closet, not knowing that part had been abstracted. A few months afterward he took three one hundred dollar notes and bunglingly erased from them the cashier's name and date. He then sent a younger brother, about 14 years of age, to sell the notes to Jay Cooke & Co., of New York. A clerk of the banking company took the lad's name. On the receipt of the notes at the Treasury Department the officer pronounced them to be sume of those stolen from the Aquidneck Bank. Post-office special agents were detailed to work the case up. All of the stolen property except three one hundred dollar notes, and all the coupons on the notes excepting 2515 are now in the vault of the Aquidneck Bank. Within a very brief time it is anticipated that these small amours now missing will be recovered. Upon very brief time it is anticipated that these small amoun a now missing will be recovered. Upon the examination the two other brothers strenu ously protested their is nocence, but the evidence soon became so strong that they were overwhelmed and convinced that further denial would be of no avail."

—Vallandigham has put in an excuse for Wade Hampton. He declared that the flag which Hampton eulogized was not the Rebei flag, but the Palmetto flag of his own State, which she has always had. But what is the difference? When South Carolina led off in the Rebellion, and fired upon Fort Sumter, she ran

SECOND EDITION FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Revenue Commissionership-The French Legation in Washington.

Arrival of Minister Johnson in England.

Financial and Commercial

Ete., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Aug. 15. The Revenue Commissionership.

A number of office seekers and politicians waited on the President to-day, and urged the appointment of a Commissioner of Internal devenue at once, thereby requesting that Mr. Rollins might be suspended. Mr. Johnson did not seem inclined to acquiesce in this wish.

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE

Arrival Out of Reverdy Johnson, QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 15. - The steamer Australaslap, from New York Aug. 5, arrived here yesterday at a late hour.

Southampton, Aug. 15. - The steamer Baltimore, from Baltimore, arrived here to-day at 2.30 this morning. The Hon. Reverdy Johnson, United States Minister to England, is a pas-

The French Legation in Washington. Panis, Ang 15 -Count R de Moreau Faverney, it present second Secretary to the Duc de Grammont, Ambassador of France to the court of Vienna, has been appointed First Secretary to M. Berthemy, Minister Plenipotentiary from France in the United States, in place of the Viscount de Saint Ferriol, resigned.

The Bank of France.

Panis, Aug. 15 .- By the regular weekly statement of the Bank of France, published yesterday over the signature of its officers, it is shown that the flow of specie to the bank still continues. The amount of bullion in vault is fully \$34,000,000 frames greater than at the corresponding period last week.

The European Markets—This Morning's Quotations.

London, August 15—A. M.—Consols 94; for money, and 94;@94; for account. U. S. Fivetwenties, 71; 111:Lois Cet trail 92. FRANKFORT, August 15—A. M. -United States Five-tweenies, 744@744. Paris, Aug. 15.—The Bourse is firmer; Rentes,

ot. 57c. Liverpool, August 15-A. M.-Cotton opened active and higher. Upland middlings, 10 d.; Orleans middlings, 10 dd. The sales of to-day are estimated at 15.000 bales.

This Aftersoon's Que LONDON, August 15 -P. M.-Consols, 941@941 for morey, and 944@94] for account; Five-twenties, 714; Illinois Central, 92. FRANKFORT, August 15 .- Five-twenties, 742

I IVERPOOL, August 15-P. M .- Cotton closed buovant and higher. The sales to-day foot up 20,000 bales. Uplands, 104d.; Orleans, 104d. Breadstuffs closed quiet and unchanged. Lard firmer, and advanced to 66s, 3d. Cheese advanced to 60s, 6d. Spirits of Petroleum adanced to 11d. All other articles unchanged. London, Aug. 15.—Sperm Oil declined to £89, Antwerp, August 15.—P. M.—Petroleum, 52f.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Murders and Outrages by the Indians in Kassas.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. St. Louis, Aug. 15 .- A special to the Democrat from Solomon City, Kansas, says:-Captain Moody, just arrived here, represents that on Wednesday a large band of Sioux, Cheyennes, and Arrapahoe Indians attacked a settlement on Solomon river, fifty miles north, killing David Beauregardis and B. B. Be'l, and mortally wounding Mrs. Bell. The Indians also ravished two women on Pium creek and carried off two little girls belonging to A. A. Bell, living on Mulberry creek, killed a German, and wounded a boy on Brown creek-There are also a number of persons missing from the vicinity of Brown creek. All the stock has been run off and the country stripped of provisions. It is reported that fighting is now going on at Salt creek.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Withdrawal of the Conservative Ele-ment from the Democracy, Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, August 15 .- The recent action of the conservatives here, in with trawing from the Democracy, has caused much excitement among the Seymour and Blair party. The Democrats held a meeting at their headquarters last night. and after an excited contest passed resolutions striking the name of Conservative from the Democracy, and hereafter they are to be known only as Democrats. The cloven foot is shown at last. Ex-Governor Bradford is preparing an address to the conservatives of the whole

FROM MONTANA.

The Territorial Election-Discovery of New Mines.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. HELENA, Montana, Aug. 15 .- The Democratic majority in the Territory is 2400.

Reports from Gallatin Valley say that heavy frosts occurred last week, injuring the wheat

New placer diggings have been discovered in the western portion of the Territory.

The Indians drove away a latge number of hor es and cattle, near Diamond City, on the

FROM CINCINNATI.

The Consulship of Wartumberg. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15 .- Captain Adea, of the firm of C. F. Adea, of this city, has been appointed Consul by his Majesty the King of Wurtumburg, to succeed his uncle, C. F. Adea, who filled that office for many years. The President of the United States recognized the appointment on the 7th inst.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH? Saturday, August 16, 1868. The Money Market continues very quiet. Call

loans rule at 436 per ceu. First class commer-cial paper is scarce, and ranges from 6a8 per cent, per annum. The stock market opened very dull this morning, and prices were weak and unsettled. Government securities were 4af per cent. lower, 114; was bid for 6s of 1881; 114; for 1862 5-20=: 1094 for 1864 5 20s: 1112 for 1865 5 20s: 1084 for Jule, 1865 5 20s: 108 for 1867 5 20s: 1072 for 1868 5-20s; and 1684 for 10 40s. City loans were lower. The new issue sold at 103, a de

were lower. The new issue sold at 103, a decline of \$\frac{t}{2}\$. Raiirord shares were inactive. Pennsylvania sold at 53\$\frac{t}{2}\$, a slight advance; Camden and Amboy at 128, no change; Little Schuylkill at 44\$\frac{t}{2}\$, no change; Catawissa preferred at 33\$\frac{t}{2}\$33\$\frac{t}{3}\$, a decline of \$\frac{t}{2}\$, and Lebigh Valley at 54\$, no change, 45\$\frac{t}{2}\$ was bid for Reading; 55\$\frac{t}{2}\$ for Minchill; 33 for North Pennsylvania; 31 for Eimira common; 42 Eimira preferred; and 26 for Philadelphia for and Erie.

and Erie.
In City Passenger Railroad shares there was nothing doing. 52 was bid for Second and Third; 15 for Thurteenth and Fifteenth; 48 for Chesnut and Walnut; 642 for West Philadel-

for Chesnut and Walnut; 64% for West Philadel-phia; and 42 for Union.

Bank shares were tirmly hild at full prices, but we hear of no sales. 240 was bid for North America; 162 for Philadelphia; 128 for Farmers and Mechanics'; 60 for Compercial; 314 for Me-chanics'; 58 for Penu Township; 60 for Girard; 87 for Western; 314 for Manufacturers'; 73 for Chanics'; 444 for Compiliation; 62 for Common-City: 444 for Consolidation: 62 for Common-

wealth; and 120 for Cen rat National.
Canal shares were dull. Morris Canal preferred sold at 70, no change; and Wyoming Val-ley Canal at 32, no change; 21; was bid for I chigh Navigation; and 14 for Su-quehanna

De Haven & Bro. report the gross earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad for the six months ending July 1, 1868, 2011, \$307,634 20; operating expenses, gold, \$217,983 63; net earlings, gold, \$389.650 66; receipts in July, gold, \$260,000 00. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

- The following are this morning's gold and foreign quotations, reported by Whelen Brothers, Gold, Stock, and Exchange Brokers, No.

105 S. Third street:-146# 11 67 ". 146# 11 30 ". 146# 12 00 ".

-Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, etc., as follows:-U. 8. 6s. of 1881, 114 @115; old 5-20s, 114 @114; taw 5-20s, 1864, 169 @109; do., 1865, 111 @112; 5-20s, July, 108 @108; do., 1867, 103 @108; do., 1868, 107; @108; 10-40s, 108; 2108; Gold, 146;

@1084; 10-408, 1084 21084. Gold, 1464.
—Messra. William Pauter & Co., Bankers, No. 36 S. Turd street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'cloek:—United States 6s. 1881, 1134 21144; U. 8. 5-20s, 1862 1134 21134; do., 1864, 1094 21094; do., 1865, 1114 21114; do., Juiv., 1865, 1074 21084; do., July, 1867 1074 21084; los 21084; 5s., 10-40s, 1084 21084; someound interest Notes, past due, 119-40; September, 1865, 1184 21184; October, 1865, 118 21184. Gold, 1464 21464.

Philadelphia Trade Reports

SATURDAY, Aug. 15 - The Flour Market remains in the same dull and unsatisfactory state noted yesterday, and only a few hundred barrels were taken in lots at \$7 50@8 25 for super-fine; \$8 25@9 25 for extra; \$9@11 25 for North Pennsylvania extra family; \$10@12 50 for spring wheat do. do; and \$13@14 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is selling at \$9.50 per barrel. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

There is a firm feeling in the Wheat Market, but not much activity. Sales of 1500 bushels Indians and D. laware red at \$2.42@2.50; and 1600 bushels Pennsylvania do. at \$2.42.0 Eye is standy. bushels Pennsylvania do, at \$2 40. Rye is steady, bushels Pennsylvania at \$1 65. Corn is bushess Fennsylvania do. at \$2.40. Rye is steady, with sales of Pennsylvania at \$4.65. Corn is quiet but firm; sales of Western and Pennsylvania yellow at \$1.28@1:30; and Western mixed at \$1.25@1.27. Oats are weak; sales of 1000 bushels old Pennsylvania at 85c; and new at 70@80c. Nothing doing in Barley or Malt. Bark is in steady demand, with sales of No. 1 Querettron at \$66 per ton.
Seeds.—Cloverseed is selling at \$8@9 per 64 lbs.
Timathy may be quoted at \$275@3 25. Flaxseed is taken by the crushers at \$250@255.
Whisky is unchanged.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA AUGUST 18. STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELE-OLKARED THIS MORNING. Steamship Hunter, Rogers, Providence, D. S. Stetson

& Co.

Steamship Brunette, Howe, New York, John F. Ohl.
Barque Volunteer, Biake,
Schr E. G. Williard, Parson, Salem, R. H. Powell,
Schr Heading R. No. 50 Oorson, New Haven, Caldwell, Gordon & Co.
Schr Vraie, Mason, Boston, Scott Walter & Co.
Schr Vraie, Mason, Boston, Scott Walter & Co.
Schr W. W. Marcy, Champion, Cape Ann, Biakiston Graeff & Co.
Schr A. S. Piercy, Poulson, Richmond via Wilmington, Lenner & Burgess
Schr Mery J. Russell Smith, Lyan, Sinnickson & Co.
Schr Mery J. Russell Smith, Lyan, Sinnickson & Co.
Schr M. Wisson, Bacon, Salem, do,
Schr E. Sinnickson, Wiusmere, Boston, do,

Schr E. Sinnickson, Wiusmore, Boston,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Br. ship Cordeita. King. 53 days from Liverp
with mose, to John R. Penrose.
Steamsnip Brunette. Howe, 24 hours from New
York with mose, to John F. Onl.
Barque Nereid, Bearse, si days from Liverpool, with
mose, to Peter Wright & Sons.
Barkentine Ephratim Williams, Hoff, 8 days from
Charleston, with humber to W. A. Levering.
Br brig Maggie, Croweit, 45 days from Bremerhaven, with mose to E. A. Sonder & C.,
Schr George Henry, Solitony, trom Rappahannock,
with number to Collins & Co.

Br brig Maggie, Crowett. 45 days from Bremerhaven with mose to E A Souder & C.,
Sonr George Henry Solitoay, trom Esppahannock,
with lumber to Collins & Co.
Schr Zestous, Wittlands, from Mary's River, Md.,
with imber to capiala.
Schr Hannan Lutte, Godfrey, from Newport,
Schr Hattle Paike Hatey, from Boston,
Schr Vrale, Mason, from Boston,
Schr Vrale, Mason, from Boston,
Schr W H Rowe, Whittsmore, from Boston,
Schr A. Bartlett, Bartlett, from Boston,
Schr E. Sinnickson, Winsmore from Boston,
Schr E. Sinnickson, Winsmore from Boston,
Schr E. Sinnickson, Winsmore from Boston,
Schr Hamburg Lairo, from New Haven,
Schr I. H. Wainwright Brower, from Previdence,
Steamer H. L. Gaw, ther 13 hours from Battimore,
with mose, to A Groves Jr.
Steaming America, Virden, from Delaware Breakwater. Brought up ship Cordelia and barque Nered;
in the bay, passed barque Orchius, from Trindad;
barque laden with logwood; brigs Harry Stewart, from
Legnorn, and Emelia Celestino, from Palermo.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange. Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchan

Lewes, Del., Aug. 14-5 A. M.— Sarque Rainbow, for Cork, and sohr J. at. Figuagan, for Providence, both from Philadelphia, went to see yesterday morning; the brik Superb also left for New York. An Italian brig, with fruit, passed in the Capes to day.

JOSEPH LAFETRA.

MEMORANDA.
Steamship Juniata. Hoxie, hence via Havana for New Orleans at Southwest Pass 10th inst.
Steamship Pionerr. Catharine. for Philadelphia, cleared at Wilmington. N. O. yeaterday.
Bearnship Fanita, Freeman, hence, at New York Steamship Fanita, Freeman, hence, at New York yeaterday, sichr Jeannette, from St. Martin's for Philadelphia, was spoken lith inst. lat. 35.59. long. 22.40.

Body Cora Etta, Siecoer, hence, at Barbados 25th olf. Body M. R. Samson Samson, from Boston for Philadelphia, sailed from Holomes' itole 12th inst.

Body Lizzie Raymond, Lerd, for Palladelphia, sailed from Pawtucket 13th inst.

Body Edwin, Clark and Sonshine, Murphy, from Bridgeport for Philadelphia, at New York yesterday

DOME-TIO PORTS.

New York, Aug. 14.—Arrived, steamship Atalanta,
Diago. from London.

Ship Kenilwerth, Brown, from Newport, Eng.
Barque F. Pirandello, Toda.o, from Liverpool.
Brig Mathilde, Jacobsen. from Houg Kong.
Brig Mary Ann. McKay, from Leghorn.
Brig Isola, Leach, from St. Louis W. C. A.
Brig Oryar Odd, Aga, from Rio Janeiro.