NORTH CAROLINA.

The Appeal of Chief Justice Pearson to the Conservatives-Voting for Grant the Only Read to Peace.

The following is the letter of Chief Justice B. M. Pearson, of North Carolina, himself a Conservative, to the Conservatives of that state. which has been siluded to in our despatches:-

To the Conservative party:I am alarmed at the condition of the country and lear we are drifting into another civil war, In my opinion the "war clouds" are darkening

promised "peaceable secession;" we are now to have "peaceable nullification." Under these oircumstances I feel it to be a duty to make known the reasoning by which I have arrived at the completion, that every man, who has an at the conclusion that every man who has an interest at stake and who wishes to have peace and avoid bloodshed, should vote for Grant and Being a member of the conservative and having been elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court on the nomination of both parties, by a unanimous vote of the people, it is fair to presume that I have their conndence, and that what I say will be considered calmiy, as the advice of a friend who has no motive save the public good. I trust to be held justified, by the emergency, for expressing my upinion, and to be allowed to do so, without being drawn into the vortex of politics; with my views stience would be criminal. God Almighty! forbid a war of races! Violent politicians avow their purpose to agitate, turn things upside down, nullify and bring on another war, rather than submit to let the negroes vote and hold office. Bat is it not the part of wisdom and patriotism to accept "the situation," and try to make the most of a bad bargain, rather than make bad worse? I cannot, as others seem to be able to do, exclude from my mind the fact that the South attempted a revolu-tion and was subjugated, and our condition is one of the bitter fruits of rebellion! "Let us have peace." This is the point on which my

opinion rests.

The New York Convention declares our State Government a mere creation of usurpation, and of course not entitled to the allegiance of the people; and it proclaims the Reconstruction acts of Congress "unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void"-omitting the word null, lest it might call up unpleasant recollections of the days of nullification, when the strong will of Jackson prevented war. If the Reconstruction acts are void so are the reconstruction measures of President Johnson, and the negroes are still slaves. This leads to war. But it is said "slavery and secession" are dead issues. Why or how? Admit, however, that the only object is to deprive the freedmen of political rights. How can that be effected? Some say "it is to be done by the ballot and not by the bayonet." How? That's the question. The freedmen are now in possession of the right to vote: of course, if in possession of the right to vote; of course, if they vote, the Constitution cannot be amended, so the only mode is to carry out practically the doctrine that the Reconstruction acts are void, and our Constitution is of no effect. This is nullification, and disguise it as they may, it must result in war. History furnishes no in-stances of four millions of people, backed as they are, in our State, by a clear majority of 20,000 votes, being deprived of political rights which they have enjoyed for years. It cannot be done without a civil war. It is against the order of nature.

My countrymen! it is time to pause and refuse

longer to follow the lead of violent politicians. We should discard prejudice and passion, and act on our own judgment as to what should be done under the circumstauces by which we find ourselves surrounded.

The most violent members of any party, provided that they can get members enough at the start to make a respectable showing, always carry their point, for reason is put aside, vitu-peration and abuse are hurled at all who hesi-iate—"he is not a friend of the South, he is a traitor to his race and color, etc. etc." The women and children (creatures of feeling) join in the clamor, and so it goes. You and I were opposed to secession, the bulk of the people oppose it, yet we were hurried into it. After the ordinance, like true men, we adhered to our State, and rendered faithful allegiance to the Confederacy up to the surrender What did we gain by it. I should rather ask, Who can estimate what we lost by it?

Let me ask, why did General Lee surrender? Because he could not helo it! For the same reason, we must submit to the political, not the social (for that is a thing under our own con-trol) equality of the freedmen. This is "the situation"-the question is, shall we go on and again make bad worse, or shall we try to make

What is the reason that the negro vote, instead of being scattered, is concentrated with the full force of a solid column? It is carried by the violent opposition made to the will of the General Government in regard to reconstruction.

The freedmen have still an undefined impression that there is still a wish to reduce them to They certainly have a well-founded belief that there is a determination to deprive

them of political equality.

This makes them "pull together;" remove the pressure and their vote will be neutralized, and unless I mistake the power and effect of the superiority of the white man, aided as he is by education and the possession of the wealth of the country, in a lew years they will vote as before 1835.

My conclusion is, we must concede to the

freedmen political equality, if we can only satisfy them we do so in good faith by voting for Grant and Colfax. Then there will be an end of the strife. The contemplation of war and bloodshed will be put far from us. The freedmen will become satisfied that it is for their good interval to allow us to have the contemplation. good interest to allow us to have the guidance of public affairs, and the innate power and vigor of the white man will convince the world that we are able to carry a weight of tour millions imposed on us by the unaccountable decrees of Providence, and still work out our destiny as the graudest republic that has ever been known among the nations.

It is inevitable that the conservatives must

split into two parties. The peace conservatives and the war conservatives, or, to avoid incon-sistency, the nutilitiers. The difference is so wital that they cannot act together as one party. The nullifiers act with the Democrats. There can be no reason why the conservatives, with out identifying themselves with the Republicans, but keeping up their organization as a party, and leaving the nullifiers to go to themselves, may not act with the Republican party, and vote for Grant as the man for the occasion who, like Jackson, will put a stop to nullifica tion in the new shape in which it now raises its hydra bead.

Whe the storm is over, the conservative party, representing as it does, the property and intelli-gence of the State, will take the guidance of affairs, and all will be well, R. M. P. Richmond Hill, N. C., July 20, 1868.

RAILROADS.

-An important announcement is made by the authorities of the Virginia Central Railroad. It seems that the postponement of the vote on the proposed subscription by Augusta county telayed the consol dation of the Company into the Chesapeake and Ohio Company, but I is believed that this delay will not long con tinus. In the meantime the Contral Bailroad Company propose to complete the road from to White Sulphur Springs without delay, and now advertise for proposals to do the grading, under authority already granted

The railroad meeting at Montrose, Pa., on Friday, was enthusiastic. Mr. Stevenson, engineer, reported that he had examined the route from Montrose to Hopouttom, a distance of thir-teen miles, and found it very feasible, with no difficult or expensive ob-tacles to overcome; that the highest grade would not exceed one hundred and twenty-five feet to the mile: and that the road could be built and equipped for \$250,000. A committee was appointed to cor-respond with the Eric, D. L. and W. and Le-high Valley Rauroad Companies as to terms of

-The Birdsboro and Wilmington (Pa.) Bailroad is going ahead rapidly, owing to the energy of the engineers and officers in charge. The grading is pretty far advanced all along the line. The piers and abutments of the bridge over the Schuylkill at Birdsboro are nearly finished. This new road, when opened, will

bring to Reading a large trade in all branches of

business.

—The Luzerne (Pa.) Union says:—"For several weeks past an engineer corps has been engaged in running different lines through the Mahoning Valley, with a view to intersect the Lebish Valley Bailroad at Lehighton." The object evidently is to run the Little Schuyikill Railroad through the Valley and turn the extensive tonnage of that coal region into the Lehigh Valley channel.

-The land along the track of the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Radinan belanging company, which cost in 1837 but \$19 per

acre, it is stated now commands \$1600, making the assets of the road over \$40,000,000. The annual report of the Receiver of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway for the year ending March 31, 1868, states that the net profits

of the last current year were \$1.200,000, or six per cent, on a capital of \$20,000,000. The section of the European and North American Railway from Milicrd to Passadun-keag. Maine, will be completed so that the regular trains will be run by November next. Five hundred laborers are employed on the

track all the time. -Ninety locomotives are now in use on the Union Pacific Railroad, and 107 others have

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

At his Old Tricks-A Series of Charges-Suspected of Larcony - A Dishonest Boarder-Stealing Most-A Row and a Policeman Assaulted-A Tool Thief-House-Breakers - Alleged Extortion-Obstructing the Highway.

-A day or two since THE TELEGRAPH recorded the arrest of one Ulysses Blaker, for stealing lead pipe from the new buildings at Twentieth and Diamond streets, for which he was held to answer. He was again arrested yesterday at the old place for precisely the same offence.
Alderman Hood has committed him to prison for a further hearing.

-The various charges of drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and maticious mischief have been preferred against Nelson Hall. It seems that the accused, while in an intoxicated state, entered a tavern at Seventh street and Germantown avenue, yesterday, and not only behaved very disorderly, but threw the furniture around as though it belonged to him and cost nothing. He was taken into custody, and after a hearing

was sent to prison to a wait trial.

-Two men went into a furnishing store at Seventh and Shippen streets, yesterday, under the pretense of buying shirts, but while there managed to slow away four coats, which one of them, named Joseph Peters, offered to pawn at a losn office in the victory. The proprietor suspecting that the articles had been stolen detained Peters until the arrival of a policeman. The second party escaped. The accused was bound over for a further hearing by Alderman Bonsall. Bonsall.

On Water street, above Wa'nut, is a boarding house kept by one Thomas Woods. A few days ago Thomas Hyde engaged quarters, and last night, it is alleged entered the room of a woman and stole a shawl. Alderman Carpenter sent him below to answer.

—Isaac Wagner and Frederick Erb are em-

ployed at a slaughter house at Charlotte and Poplar streets, the proprietor of which has for some time been missing meat. It is said a trap being laid, the accused were caught. Magistrate Toland committed them to prison.

Last night a fight ensued between a party of drunken men at Willow street wharf. Harbor Policeman Myers interiered and arrested Au-drew Dougherty, one of the participants. Dougherty showed fight, tripped the officer, knocked him down, and beat him. Myers, now-ever, held on to his prisoner, and finally got him to the lockup. He was committed by

Alderman Toland.

—A house at Forty-first and Poplar streets was entered yesterday afternoon by thieves, who, on ascending the stairs, were surprised by the appearance of the lady of the house. She caught one named William Riley, and then screamed for help. An officer responded to her cries, and succeeded in capturing two others. Before the Magistrate they gave the names of Wm. Riley, John Benner, and Charles Bowers, and were bound over for trial.

-Alderman Beitler has imposed the usual fine on Thomas McNutt, a hackman, who insisted upon charging a lady \$2 for what 75 cents was considered an adequate recompense for the labor he had performed.

-Patrick Baoner has been held in \$1500 bail by Alderman Dallas, for obstructing the high-The allegation is that on Tuesday last Patrick was driving a cart along Twenty-first street, and arriving at Washington avenue was warned by the railroad watchman of an ap-proaching train. Instead of heeding the warning, he drove on, the consequence being that the train struck his horse, killing him instantly, and overturning two of the freight cars, which were damaged to the extent of about two thousand dollars.

AN EMBEZZLER CAUGHT .- A few days since information was received by Officer Frank Wil son, of the Fourth District Police, which led him to suppose that William Wallace, in the employ of Wayne & Derr, No. 204 N. Delaware avenue, was violating the confidence reposed in him by the firm. Officer Wilson at once commenced to work up the case, and on Friday last was so far satisfied of Wallace's guilt that he arrested him, and took him before Recorder Given. Wallace had been in the employ of this firm for twelve years, and enjoyed their entire confidence. So highly was he regarded by them that when confined to his house by sickness members of the firm themselves would frequently take his week's wages to him. He received twelve dollars per week, had a family even children to support, but yet managed to build a house, and buy stock in railroads. employers were slow to believe that he was dis-honest, but when Officer Wilson got upon his track he soon proved to them that Wallace had been robbing them daily. Wallace opened the store in the morning at about 6 o'clock, and when he would sell goods he would make no return. It is estimated that he has in this way offered the firm of from \$25 to \$50 per week Held in \$1000 bail for a further hearing.

A SUNDAY-SCHOOL TRIP. - Yesterday the teachers and friends of the Bridesburg Presbyterian Sabbath School, Colonel Barton H. Jenks Superintendent, made an excursion to Fort Delaware, on the Pilot Boy. The excursionists were accompanied by the National Cornet Band of Frankford, who discoursed sweet music at intervals during the day, and in their new uni-forms attracted considerable attention. The Commandant and officers of the fort took great pains to render the visit interesting and seemed pleased to answer the numberless questions in regard to everything in the fort. After visiting Delaware City for about an hour the excursionists returned on board the boat and partook of an elegant repast prepared by Messrs. Dubois & Young, of Philadelphia. Stopping at Penns-grove to enjoy for awhile the breezes of the Delaware, the excursionists started for Chester, making a tour of the town, and then homeward bound arrived in good season at Bridesburg, well pleased with the trip, the officers of the boat and the harmonious manner in which everything had been conducted.

THE OLD DODGE .- Many of our citizens yesterday and to day received a circular headed "Special and Last Award of Premiums to the Subscribers in aid of the Orphans' Institute," notifying them they had a present varying from \$10 to \$500 awarded them, which on receipt of five cents of the amount they would get by return mail. This is sugged Read & Co. It is hardly necessary to say that this is the same firm who had charge of what was alleged to be second drawing of the Washington Library

A CHURCH ROBSED,-Christ Church, situated at Tulpehocken and Adams streets, Germantown, was entered on Tuesday night by the thieves cutting cut the window with a diamond, and robbed of nineteen books of gold leaf, the prop-erty of the artist who was engaged in frescoing the walls, and the pulpit prayer-book.

A MESS OF FRAGMENTS .- Several of the railway lines are lifting old rails and old stones, and putting new ones in their places.

—A singular fact—some of Philadelphia's young bloods have a soft feminine voice in the

evening, a deep massuline one in the morning. It may be accounted for by their sleeping out all night. Hard worked, city railway drivers and conductors. They hold a meeting on Sunday to devise plans for the reduction of the number of

hours of labor, -All the world now believes in No. 1. On the coming of the promised millenium it is expected that inc other numerals will have somewhat of a chance.

-Red, white and blue-The dresses of a number of ladies in the beliry of Independence Hall, Yesterday. Appropriate.

—The Northern Liberties Gas Works have also

increased the price of gas. We are now all in -The bathing season wanes, and many of the sea-siders are returning, tanned, freckled, mos-

quito bitten.

-Don't need it—the support which our lampposts nightly receive from kind-hearted indi--The bearing of the doomed man, Alexander,

at the County Prison, is quiet and resigned.

—A temperance order feasted on watermelons, etc., at Concert Hall last night.

—The "Berry Rail-Splitters," a Republican club, hold a meeting to-night.

 Eve is said to have been quicker at dressing than any of her daughters.
 The Twenty-fourth Ward "Boys in Blue" hold a meeting to-night. -Whisky again-another selzure of the "illicit" has been made, -Light-the bread at some of our bake-shops.

No reference to scales. -The weather to-day is beautifully fair-the atmosphere bracing.

The Pennsylvania Hospital did a thriving business yesterday.

-Crowded-Moyamensing prison-the "down below." —A safe robbery is not so for the owner.
—Flat—very flat—local news.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- A lad of seven years, named Robert Hare, residing at No. 10 St. Stephens' Place, while endeavoring last evening, with a couple of other boys, to jump upon a train of three ireight cars which were being pulled on Market street, between Eighth and Ninth, fell and was run over. The car passed over his leg and injured it so badly that amputation was rendered necessary. It seems that the boys attempted to get upon the platform of the middle car of the three-two of them lesping up at the same instant. Neither succeededone falling back into the street, while Hare in some way got his foot entangled in the step and dropped thence under the wheels.

The driver of the team, Albert W. Moore, was arrested and taken before Alderman Beitler; but

it appearing that no blame attached to him, he was discharged. FROM Mr. A. Winch, of No. 505 Chesnut street, we have received the latest numbers of the London Punch. Fun, Reynolds' Miscellany,

the Cornhil Magazine, London Society, the St. James' Magazine, and Temple Bar. Mr. Winch's collection of periodical liberature is large and varied, embracing all the publications of America and Europe of any value. LARCENY OF TOOLS .- A man named Robert Albott, a carpenter in the employ of William E. Carr, at Germantown, had a hearing before

Alderman Beitler, on the charge of the larceny of a number of tools, the property of his em-ployer. The tools were recovered, and Alcott committed. A FATAL CASUALTY .- J. H. Taylor, the brakesman on the Reading Railroad, who was caught between two cars while coupling at Phomixville, died last night at the Penn-sylvania Hospital. Coroner Daniels will hold

an inquest. ENDORSED .- At a meeting last night the Good Intent Engine and Humane Hose Companies endorsed the nomination of Chief Engineer McCusker. The former voted against Mr. McCusker on his last election.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

The New York Tribune of this morning thus refers to the money market of yesterday:

"Goversment bones opened steady, with very moderate transactions at the closing quotations of yesterday. After the call there was quite an active demand for 5-20s of 1885; with this exception, the market was dull.

"The railway share market opened steady on New York Central, Erie was pressed for sate, and declined to 57%. Michigan Southern sold at 55%. The Morthwestern shares, Rock Island and Fort Wayne, were steady, At the Board the transactions were nominal and prices unchanged. The Western shares were well sustained, but New York Central and Erie were freely offered.

"The Boston, Hartford, and Erie Railway, when completed to Fishkill, will be one of the most cestly works in the country at the par value of stocks and bonds; the bonds amounting to \$20,0,0,00 and the stock to the same sum, making a total of forty millions of dollars for shout 300 miles of road, or at the rate of \$120,000 per mile. Even at \$25 per shars for the stock, the road will cost over \$8,000 per mile for a single track. The Boston and Albany road—its competitor—with more than half the line double-tracked, builty equipped, and with immeasely snaperior advantages in the way of depot grounds and buildings stands at a cost of \$17,000,000 against the \$49,000,000 if the Hartford and Erie. A very large amount of the stock was sold and hypothecated at from \$10 to \$15 per share, and the capital has thus been swelled to proportions far beyond the value of the property."

—The N. Y. Heradd of this morning says:—

"There was a more active borrowing demand for coin, and loans were made without interest to either borrower or lender, and at one to three per cent. For carrying. The gross clearings amounted to \$2.6 v.000, the gold baiances to \$1.281.431 and the currency balances to \$2.180.531. The steamer Hermann, for Bremen, took out \$11.281.431 and the currency balances to \$2.180.531. The steamer Hermann, for Bremen, took out \$11.437 in specie, and the Havana steamer Eagle \$.55.000. The foreign bankers and other strong parties continus to be among the largest buyers of gold, but the demand is well distributed, and the indications are that the premium will gradually rise to about 150. There is a large speculative about 150 at the premium of the street in the same time the reduced rates of foreign exchange operate against any large shipments of specie for the time being, but there is no knowing how soon the surplus bills on the street may be abscroed and the rates advanced above the specie shipping point again.

Money continues abundant at three and four per -The N. Y. Herald of this morning says:-

Money continues abundant at three and four per cent, for call loans on Government and other satisfactory collaterals, and the transactions at five are exceptional, even where small amounts are borrowed

cent. for call loans on Government and other satisfactory collatersis, and the transactions at five are exceptional, even where small amounts are borrowen on miscellaseous security. First class houses have large sums offered to them by the banks at three per cent. without reference to the class of securities pledged. There is no perceptible increase in the supply of commercial paper, and the best grade is scarce and in request at 55:66 per cent.

"The market for speculative stocks continues very is muid and prices badly supported. It is to the interest of the various convolling cliques, however, that they should not decline, and with the abundant resources they are supposed to have at their command they would probably make it their outless to advance quotations in the event of the bears having the temecity to sell them "snort" to any considerable extent. If, on the other hand, the affect or the outside public would obligingly buy enough to make it ;an inducement to let the market down it would belowered accordingly. Hence there is no saicty in going sither long or stort and the only wise plan for outsiders to pursue is to leave the specularity attocks to the cliques. A rumor has been current for more than a week past to the effect that the Brie R divay Company has leased the Northern Rallway of New Jersey, but as no official announcement of this kind has been made we merely give it for what it is worth.

"The market for Government securities has been very quiet all day, the transactions being more than usua ly limited, both at the Board and the counters of the principal dealers. There is no liquiry at present for he exportable bonds, and all the issues seem to sympathize with the stagnation in these it will be observed that the five-twenties of lists are quoted a feaction higher than those of 1857, and this preference is attributable to the fact that they have one year longer to run than the latter."

—The Boston Forf of Wedneaday says:

"Mest of the banks report a sunfacent number of applications for accommend

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THE OBSEQUIES.

Thaddeus Stevens_The Fune ral Services at Washington-Bearing the Remains to Lancaster.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Bearing the Remains of Thaddeus Stevens to Lancaster.

Special Despatch to The Brening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 .- At an early hour this morning crowds of people wended their way towards the Capitol for the purpose of looking for the last time upon the familiar face of the late Thaddeus Stevens, and of witnessing the funeral ceremonies prior to the departure of the remains for Lancaster. At half-past seven o'clock the rotunds was filled to overflowing,

Among the prominent personages present were Attorney-General Evarts, Surgeon-General Barnes, Senators Sumner and McDonald, Ron. Dennis Barnes, General Joseph A. Ekin, Mayor Bowen, and a large number of prominent citizens of Washlogton; also, several of the Sisters of Charity from Providence Hospital. The services commenced at 8 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Emery, of this city, reading the Scriptures. He was followed by the Rev. Dr. Gray, Chaplain of the Senate, who delivered a somewhat lengthy discourse upon the life and character of Mr. Stevens. At the conclusion of the sermon, Rev. Dr. Hamilton offered a prayer and pronounced a benediction.

After the household and immediate friends of the lamented dead had taken a last look of him the coffin was closed, and the pall-bearers carried it down to the east portico steps, to the hearse in waiting to convey it to the depot. A procession was formed in the following order:-Sergeants-at-arms of the Senate, Brown and James Ekin; Mozart (colored) Brass Band; detachment of Butler Zouaves (colored), with arms reversed and flag draped in mourning; detachment of the Capital Police; Attorney-General Evarts; Senator Sumner; Surgeon-General Barnes; Dr. Noble; young Mr. Stevens; family physician; Mayor Bowen; hearse, drawn by four horses; guard of honor, consisting of a squad of Butler Zouaves; family, in carriages; followed by citizens on foot.

The procession passed up North A street to First street, down First street to C street, and along that to the depot. The cortege arrived at the depot about a quarter of 10 o'clock, and the coffin was immediately borne to the curs, those who are to accompany the remains to Lancaster following. The train, which consisted of four cars, immediately started. The remains were placed in the front car in charge of the pallbearers. In the second car is the Committee of

City Councils of Washington.

The guard of honor, consisting of officers of Butler Zouaves, occupied the third car; the family and household of Mr. Stevens in the car. There were no stoppages between Washington and Baltimore, and no incidents of special note along the route. The train reached Baltimore a little after 11 o'clock, and was immediately drawn through the city to the depot of the Northern Central Railway.

The Funeral of Thaddens Stevens. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 .- The funeral of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens took place this morning at 9 o'clock. The ceremonies were conducted in the Rotunda at the Capitol, and the remains left for Lancaster at 10 o'clock. The Rotunda was open all night, and a guard of honor, composed of twenty-five members of the Butler Zouavesremained with the corpse. The crowd of visit ors, both black and white, kept streaming into the Capitol last night until about 11 o'clock, when the numbers grew less, and at midnight quiet reigned in the Capitol. By 7 o'clock this morning the crowd began to assemble near the Capitol. The visitors, upon entering the Rotunda, passed around the coffin to have a last look at the departed statesman, a sentinel being posted at each corner of the catafalque, to direct persons and prevent a crowd from assembling about the coffin.

George S. Brown, Esq., Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, who had charge of the funeral arrangements, and General James A. Eakin, who conducted the arrangements on the part of the family of the deceased, and General Michler, Commissioner of Public Buildings, were on hand at an early hour perfecting all arrangements for the services. The body bearers eight gentlemen from Lancaster county, who accompanied the remains, were Messrs. J.
M. Parke, Samuel Houston. S. S. Strachom,
R. Junkin Jacobs, Joseph Cook, E. S. Brosius,
W. F. Martin, and J. O. Easton. They will act
as pull-bearers until the body reaches Lancaster. At five minutes past 8 o'clock they were arranged upon either side of the coffin; and immediately in the rear of them a guard of the Butler Zouaves with side arms; while at the nead of the coffin chairs were arranged for the family of the deceased. Senators Trumbull and Sumner, and the Committee from the Washington Ciry Councils were present and joined in the procession, and shortly after the ministers attending physicians, family, and servants of the deceased entered, when the services were commenced by a reading from the 98th Psalm, and other selections from the Bible, after which Rev. Dr. Gray arose and delivered a sermon of about a half hour's length, After which followed prayer and a benediction the Rev. Dr. Hamilton, pastor of Ryland Chapel, of this city. Eleven Sisters of Charity from Providence Hospital, were present during the services, at the conclusion of which the pro-cession of friends and mourners moved to the Baltimore depot. The hearse containing the remains was drawn by four white horses. The route of the procession was lined with spectators. On the arrival at the depot, the remains were deposited in the car arranged for the purpose, when all intending to accompany them secured seats in the train. The features of the deceased have changed considerably since yesterday; the eyes and temples are very much sunken, and he face is of an almost saffron hue. A very large crowd was assembled at the depot, and at 10 o'clock, as the train moved off, dispersed in different directions.

Railroad Election at Nashville. Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 14 .- The election of Presi dent of the Nashville and Chattanoosa Railros was held yesterday, and after an excited and a somewhat bitter contest, E. W. Cole was chosen, beating his opponent, Judge Henry Cooper, by a large majority.

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THE LATEST NEWS.

The Escort to Mr. Stevens' Remains-The New York Fire.

Ete., Ete., Ete., Ete., Etc., Etc.,

Thef uneral Escort.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 .- One hundred and twenty-five members of the Printers' Grant and Colfax Club escorted the remains from the

FROM NEW YORK.

proceeded with the corpse to Lancaster.

Destruction by Fire of Appleton's Pub-liabing House.-Loss \$200,000. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph,

Capitol to the depot, and a Committee of Three

NEW YORK, Aug. 14 .- At 3 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the premises of D. Appleton & Co., the book publishers, corner of Grand and Green streets. The flames were first seen in the five-story brick building on Green street,

adjoining the publishing house.
In less than five minutes a volume of fire rushed out from the windows, lighting up the whole neighborhood, and in fifteen minutes the whole of the five-story structure was in flames. The firemen were compelled to direct their streams to the buildings on the opposite side of the street, as the intense heat was setting them

At about half past 3 o'clock the outer wall, No. 52 Green street, fell into the street with a tremendous crash. Fortunately warning was given, and the firemen had time to get out of the way. The fire was completely subdued at 6 o'clock this morning; the building, however, was totally consumed, and presents a miscellaneous mass of charred walls and ruins. The loss is estimated \$200,000.

New York, Aug. 14 .- A fire occurred at the corner of Eleventh and West streets last night, in the building occupied by G. B. Lawton & Co. as a feed and grain store. The loss amounts to \$24,000, and is fully covered by insurance. The fire was no doubt the work of an incendiary, and a negro, named Smith, has been arrested on

FROM CHICAGO.

Another Strike-The Western Democracy-The Cattle Plague Subsides. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14. - Another strike took place among the laborers on Bock Island, on the 12th instant. One hundred quit work. The strikers are some of the men, who nine days ago struck on account of the ruling of General Schofield but afterwards went to work. It seems that at the time of the first strike a committee from the strikers waited on Huram Price, Representative in Congress from the District, and asked his comion in regard to the intention of Congress in passing the Eight-hour law; whether ten

hours' pay was to be allowed or not under it.

Mr. Price told them the question of wages was
to be considered when the law was passed, and that he was not prepared to give an opinion. He advised the men to go to work, labor eight hours a day, and accept eight hour wages, and when Congress meets, present their claims for the amount withheld under the Schodeld de-cision. The men adopted this advice, and went to work, but after working a few days they again struck.

The Democrats had a large meeting here last night. Speeches were made by Senator Doolittle and Mr. O'Brien, candidate for Congress at large from Illinois. Mr. Doolittle is to fill a week's appointment in Indiana, commencing at South Bend, on the 17th.

There have been no more cattle disease at Union Stock Yards in this city, for two days, and the panic is gradually disappearing. The sales were larger yesteroay than for a week past.

FROM CANADA.

The Adams' Express Robbers.

TORONTO, Aug. 14.—The police of this city and detectives from the United States visited the Turf Club Hotel and the Bronton Club House last night and arrested the proprietors and several others for complicity in the Adams Express robberies in the United States. The arrests number ten or twelve and the parties are well known gamblers and sporting men.
The residence of John Bell, on Adelaide street, and three adjacent houses were destroyed

by fire last night. A Prohibition.

OTTAWA, Aug. 14.—An order in council, has been passed prohibiting the importation of horned cattle from the United States i to the provinces of Quebec and Ontorio.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

General Whomas' Western Tour-Failure of an Ariesian Well,

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. St. Louis, Aug. 4 .- Adjutant-General Thomas is in the city, and will leave to-morrow evening for Leavenworth, on a tour through the West.

The Artesian well at the county farm has now reached a depth of nearly three-lourths of mile, and the boring has been ordered to cease It has taken three years to obtain this depth and it is now ascertained that tresh water can not be obtained by deeper boring.

A Hurricane in New Hampshire.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, Aug. 14 .- A heavy hurricane, disastrous in its results, passed over Portsmouth, N. H., yesterday atternoon. Captain John Fisher, a veteran seaman seventy years of age, was capsized in a boat and drowned. A large tent at Frost's Point, in which the Portsmouth Philharmonic Society were holding a pic-nic, was litted bodily, poles, stakes, and all, and scattered over the members and musicians. Four persons were injured, none seriously. At the plains a large crowd had assembled to witness the second game of base-ball between picked nines from Pine Beach and Portsmouth. The gust frightened the horses and dispersed the crowd home, of whom some were slightly injured, and all badly frightened.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

Raw ; York, August 14.—Stocks weak. Chicago and Rock Island, 111½; Reading, 91½; Canton Company, 46½; Eric Railroad, 57½; Cleveland and Toledo. 160½; Cleveland and Pittsburg. 85½; Pittsburg. and Fort Wayne. 165½; Michigan Central. 55. New York Central. 127½; Illinois Central. 147; Cumberland preferred, 180; Virginia 68, 46½; Missouri 68, 92½; Hudson River, 186½; U. S. 5-202, 1862, 114½; do. 1864, 110; do. 1865, 112½; do. new, 108½; 10 40e, 109. Gold, 147½. Sterling, 109%. Money unchanged.

New York, Aug. 14.—Cotton qu'et at 20½c. Flour sterdy: sales of 1600 barrels State at \$7.46@10-25; Ohio. \$96018.50; Western. \$7.40@10-26; Southern. \$0.200615; California, \$10.500(212.50. Wheat quiet: sales of 7500 bushels spring at \$2.15. Cora active and advanced ic; sales of 100.600 bushels at \$1.14@1/21. Osts dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet. Pork dull: sales of 24,000 bushels at \$25½c. Beef quiet.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, AUG. 14

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LATER FROM EUROPE.

and the section is consider.

The London Journals on the Death of Thaddeus

By Atlantic Cable.

London, Aug. 14,-Telegrams promptly re_ ceived from New York, announcing the death of Thaddeus Stevens, created a most profound sensation, and nearly all the morning journals have elaborate obituary notices.

stevens.

The Times, after recounting Mr. Stevens' pro' minent connection with the recent imperchment project, and his views relative to the payment of United States five-twenties, concludes its article as follows: -"The death of Thaddeus Stevens is not now a public loss. His impeachment policy was of incalculable injury to his political party, and the floancial dishonesty which he encouraged dies with him. He was a fanatical, bitter and self-willed man, but not mean or deceltful. He is the last of the leading Americans who had the courage to rise above political partisanship."

The Morning Telegraph says:- "Mr. Stevens was neither good, wise, nor generous, but in his time did signal service, and, with all his faults, merits the famous phrase-'That was a man.'"

The Daily News says:-"The death of Mr. S'evens leaves au important place unfilled, both in the lead of his party and in the annals of the nation."

The other journals have articles expressing similar views.

This Evneing's Market Quotattons. London, Aug. 14—Evening. — Consols. 945 for money, and 945a944 for account. United States Five-twenties, 715. Illinois Central, 924; Eric, 36: Atlantic and Great Western. 384. Frankfort, Aug. 14—Evening.—United States Five-twenties.

Five-twenties, 754. Liverpool, Aug. 14—Evening.—Cotton firmer and active, but not quotably higher. Sales to-day, 15,000 bales. Corn easier. No. 2 red West-ern Wheat scarce at 4s. 2d. Pess advanced to 47s. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon advanced to 50s. All other quotations unchanged. Glasgow, Aug. 14—Arrived, steamship Columbia, from New York August 8.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Another Express Robbery. Sr. Louis, Aug. 14. - The Adams Express

Company has been robbed of about \$7000 in an adroit manuer. Two men rented an office on the second floor of No. 14 Second street yesterday, and put out a sign B. F. Goodrich & Co. By last night's train the Express Company received a package from Odin, Ill., addressed as above, purporting to contain \$147,000.70. This morning the package was delivered by a messenger, who, while waiting for a receipt, was seized by the throat by a man in the office, and another applied chloroform to him.

The messenger struggled valiantly, and not yielding readily to the influence of the chloro. form, was struc, three heavy blows on the head with a bar of iron and knocked senseless. The rotbers then rifled the messenger's pouch of its contents and escaped. The package was no doubt a bogus one, and the whole affair a "putup" job. No clue to the robbers has been obtained. The messenger, Isaiah Cross, is badly hurt, having three ugly wounds on his head and

being severely injured in one hand. New York Stock Quotations-4 P. W. Received by telegraph from cliendinning a Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:

N.Y.Cent, R. 127
N.Y. and E. R. 5334
Ph. and Rea, R. 901
Cle. and Pitt, R. 863
Chi. and N. W. com. 82
Chi. and N. W. om. 82
Chi. and R. I. R. 1111
Pitts, F. W. and Chi.
R. R. 108

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- At the o'clock hearings at the Central Station William Burns, a lad sixteen years of age, was charged with the larceny of an umbrella from the store of Mrs. Fyans, No. 24 S. Eighth street. Having admitted the fact, he was bound over in

\$1000 bail for trial. LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Judge Brewster.—William H. Ruddims..., Prosecuting Attorney.—
Prison cases were tried this morning.

Be ore the business of the day was begun a member of the bar stated to the Lourt that in a petty assault and battery case between two respectable business men of Market street the defendant had been in attendance yesterday up to 2 o'clock, and, his case not having been reached, then went home. A few moments afterwards counsel fer the prosecution had his name called caused his ball to be forfeited, sued out a bench warrant, and placed it in the hands of a policeman instead of an officer of the Court, as the rules require. The policeman arressed him and threw him into a cell, where he was kept all night. The gentleman then went on to say that such petty, malicious persecutions as this should not be tolerated by the Court, and if it was to be the practice to give bench warrants to policemen, he thought the whole bar should know ft. Coursel on the other side explained that the bench warrant had been openly applied for and granted, and the defendant had been placed in canody according to the rules of Court.

His Honor distinctly said that such was not to be His Honor distinctly said that such was not to be the practice; that the process of the Court should be executed by the officers of the Court, unless the per-mission of the Judge be given to any other arrange-

mission of the Judge be given to any other arrangement.

Peter McGowen was tried for malicious mischief. He was in the employ of August Reimer as carriage driver, having charge of the finest vehicle in the stable, and it was slieged that on account of misconduct he was discharged. Shortly afterwards he was found there at noon, and made to go away, and then it was discovered that this elegant carriage was badly defaced by large cuts and gashes that had been made by a knile, injuring it to the extent of some two or three hundred dollars. Subsequently he was asked why he had done this, and he answered that it was no one's business. From these circumstances it was argued that especially as the prisoner had been discharged, and was most likely to wish an lejury to his former employer, he was guilly of the charge.

Jeremiah John Stanton was charged with obtaining goods under false pretences. It was alieged that on the 28th of July he went to deorge W. Boyer, fruit merchant, in South belaware avenue, from whom he had previously bought goods, and to whom he then owed a bill, and, stating that he had just purchased of S. S. Scattergood & Co. eight hogsneads of figs, songht a large quantity of bacauss on credit, saying that he woold pay both bills on the 4th of July, which were given him on the faith of this statement. When next sees he was making preparations for leaving the Judge said that the fact of his having repre-

were given him on the faith of this statement. When next is on he was making preparations for leaving the country.

The Judge said that the fact of his having represented that he head purchased the figs did not amount to a legal talse pretense, for he may have purchased them on credit, and not have been the owner of them; and there was no evidence that this was not the fact. Being instructed that there was no case within the meaning of the law, the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

The same defendant and his wife were tried upon another bill, charging the same offense, which met with a like result.

Alexander Rea was tried upon a charge of crusity to a herse, and was acquitted. The police officer who instituted the prosecution appeared before the Judge, and asked that some restraint should be put upon him before his discharge. Rea made some admissions, and the officer was allowed to give his version of the circumstances under which he made the arrest, which together, presented the following state of facts. This man perchased for \$10 a lame, shortwinded horse, and hitched him to a heavily-laden cart, and finding him unable to draw it, he began to lash him most cruelly.

His Honor observed that if there had been no other evidence before him, the admission of Rea alone satisfied him that he had been guilty of an act of most unmitigated cruelty, which called for attention; an act which is frequently seen in our public streats, shocking our commess sense and every feeling of homaelty; a feed which, if committed in the streets of Constantinopies, would have canced the perpetrator to have been taken before a magistrate and basinadoed. But he would be more merciful than Rea had been, and would only require him to enter his own recognizance of \$600 to be of good beneviour for six months.