THADDEUS STEVENS.

Continued from the First Page. was delivered in the House on the 18th of March, in support of the following bill, which he offered as a substitute for the one presented by Mr. Broemall, in July, 1867, guaranteeing to every State in the Union a Republican form of government:-

Be it enacted, etc., That every male citizen of the United btates above to age of twenty-one years, who was born or materialized in the United states, or who has declared his intention to become naturalized, shall be entitled to vote upon all national questions that may arise in any the or the United days; and no glall have resided for the time of thirty days; and no distinction shall be made between any auch citizens on any account except for treason, felony, or other infamicus crime not below the grade of felony at common law.

Mr. Stevens himself read a portion of his speech on this occasion, his voice being clearer and stronger than at any time previous during the session. Rising at the Clerk's desk, he

the session. Rising at the Clerk's desk, he said:—

"This Mr. Speaker is a grave question of argument. It is not a question for demangages; the world is going on in the progress of human government, and is every day advancing in the great science which is to make mean happy or make alm bilerable. We are clither to relate that one man can own another is to be re-established, or we are to establish the doctrines where every man governs mineri and has rights that are inaltenable, and among these inaltenables where every man governs mineri and has rights in the right of not leverals suffrage which we man shall dare, after this igenerat on shall have passed away, to obspute. We are not now material plantics, the errors, the follies which were teaped on other times by necessity. From the dark ages are, manking has been ground dawn by despots, who could not control the people and were marked on other times by necessity. From the dark ages are, manking has been ground dawn by despots, who could not control the people and were marked form to evernments such as ought to control them. Europe, Asia, and every other country the world, until the last crutur, were bound in chains which they could not break, in chains an witness which they could not break, in chains an witness which they could not break, in chains an witness which they could not some. But people and were which they could not some, to break those chains and sive which they could not some to to break those chains and sive which they could not some to to break those chains and sive which they could not some to to break those chains and sive which they could not some to to break those chains and sive which they could not some to to break those chains and sive which they could not some the country in the power of the revolution came to reduce the country in the power of the revolution came to the knowledge, and inside the power of the revolution came to the knowledge, and inside the power of the revolution of the revolution of the revolution of the revolution of th His Opposition to Andrew Johnson,

as soon as the "policy" of that treacherous functionary was developed, became decided and was pursued with all his untiring energy. On the 22d of February, 1866, the President made a characteristic speech in which he denounced Mr. Stevens as an enemy of the Union, and Mr. Etevens retorted by his references to "the man at the other end of the avenue," which are still tresh in the minds of our readers. As will be remembered, he was one of the leading managers of the impeachment movement, and it was upon the article prepared by him that all the hopes of success depended. Incapac tated by physical infirmities from bearing any of the burdens of the prosecution, he was present in the Senate Chamber almost every day of the trial, and the argument which he delivered in support of the charges against the President was perhaps the clearest and strongest of all that were read.

A consummate master of the art of ridicule, Mr. Stevens never refrained from the exercise of this effective weapon when it answered his purpose. Andrew Johnson, time and time again, encountered the full torce of his sarcasm, but never more effectively than when Mr. Stevens delivered an ironical speech in the House, defending the President against aspersions upon his character as a man and a patriot. He gravely pronounced the dribbling speech of the 4th of March a "hoax," and in most admirable style detailed the circumstances of the plot in which the President had become involved by his foes. Having concluded this mockery, he added ten fold to its rebuking strength by declaring that he had delivered the speech on the same principle as the late President had sent in a veto message to a bill which he had already signed-because he had written the veto and thought it well done.

His Character.

The character of Thaddeus Stevens belongs to history. He was pre-eminently a public man, Unmarried, and consequently without a refuge at the domestic hearthside, he lived and breathed and had his whole being in the strife of public life. For success in this field he pos, sessed almost all the requisite qualifications, and while the bitterness of the opposition which he excited and courted has rarely been equalled, he nevertheless commanded the respect and admiration of almost every man who was arrayed against him. His most commanding qualities were the flery zeal and unquestionable honesty of purpose by which he was actuated, and these are qualities which never fall to win the admiration and respect of opponents. Nor could any man question the generosity of his heart, or his sincere devotion to the interests of his fellow-men, His great success in the councils of the nation was the result of this happy combination of these qualities. He was born a leader of men, and although surrounded by persons of ability and devotion to the country, many of them his acknowledged superiors in eloquence and statesmanship, his commanding presence was instinctively feit and acknowledged, and the foremost place in their ranks freely accorded him. While he had many peers as a man and a statesman, while he was at times domineering to an offensive degree, while he was often mistaken in volicy and rash in execution, his zeal in the ca use of justice to all men, and his devotion to the land of his birth have made such indelible impr. 'ssions upon the history of the times in which he lived, that the name of Thaddens Stevens will go down to posterity as a symbol of patrict ism and greatness. His death is a loss to the a ation-an treparable loss to Penn'

-Six synago, ues flourish in Chicago.

sylvaria, the State of his adoption.

FINE STATIONERY, CARD ENGRAVING and Card Plate Printing in every variety,

1033 CHESNUT Birect.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR. A Will Tapper-A Fugitive from Justice

-Youthful Whieves-An Owner Wanted -Attempt to Pick a Pocket, -Joseph McCovern, a lad twelve years of age, was arrested yesterday at Fortieth and Market streets, on the charge of stealing the contents of a drawer of a store in that vicinity. Another isd who was with the accused escaped. McCovern was afterwards taken before Alderman

Maule and held to answer. -Son, time since Patrick Dougherty was sent to prison by Alderman Maule for committing an assault and battery on a citizen with intent He subsequently was admitted to ball when he fled from justice. Yest croay he was rearrested, and on being taken before Judge Brewster was consigned to his former quarters,

—Policemen Beascon and McKee last night, on the arrival of the New York train at the West Philadelphia depot, took into custody Alfred Selkirk and Barney O'Neill, two boys, aged fourteen and thirteen, who were displaying a little bit too much money. One of the lads stated that they had stolen nearly \$50 on Monday last and had gone to New York, where they had disposed of about \$20. Alderman Maule sent them below for a further hearing.

—An owner is wanted for a lot of lead water

Harbor Police on Delaware avenue, below Willow street. -Yesterday afternoon Carrie Lee, Belle White, Mary Russell, and Hugh Sweeney were committed for a turcher hearing for attempting to steal a port-monnate from the pocket of a gen-

tleman at Smith's Island.

ipe, which was picked up this morning, by the

REPORTORIAL ODDS AND ENDS .- Disappearing. the di-cordant boxes-termed hand organs. You seldom encounter them or their darkbrowed owners.

-An amusing sight was presented yesterday afternoon during the prevalence of a sudden shower-by the number of umbrellaless ladies who sought a hasty shelter under the awulngs. Bright dresses bespattered, and bright faces -A good idea-the getting up of a "life-boat

guard" at Atlantic City-by a series of musical entertainments in this city. It is on foot. Pay your dollar to hear an opera sung, or get drcwned-and hear the mermaids sing.

A nuisance-the carting of huge blocks of stone to the stoppage of travel for squares along narrow and crowded thoroughtare-and that too-when wider streets are immediately adja

-The deluge of rain which flooded Chesnut street shortly after 5 o'clock vesterdayafternoon. had but one or two picket drops out in the neighborhood of Girard avenue.

-The sun made his appearance this morning in smiles and gladness—the heavens are cerulean the earth fresh and fragrant.

—Collectors Dichland Abel give notice that

income taxes are due and payable at their -The Quarter Sessions is the only Court

open. Judges and attorneys are having an easy -The champion Athletics play the Brandy-

wines, of West Chester, this alternoon. -A raid has been made upon the wharf thieves—and two of them are in 11mbb.

—The o'd wheel houses at the Fairmount Water Works are fast disappearing.

—A vill-inous compound—Fairmount water

after yesterday's heavy showers. -The "Invincibles" are preparing for the campaign in good earnest. - Bather aggravating -trade quotations when no trade is doing.

EMIGRANT TRAVEL OVER THE PENESYLVANIA BAILE AD. -The number of emigrants that have passed over this road during seven months past is largely in advance of the number carried during the corresponding period of 1867. large portion of the emigrant travel which formerly passed over what is known as the Penn-ylvanta Central Road, has been diverted to the Philadelphia and Erie Branch, and the aggregate number of emigrants carried upon the two lines since the 1st of January, 1868, exhibits an increase of about one-third upon the number carried during the first seven months of last

The following comparison shows the number for each month since January 1 of the current year, and makes plain the increase over last venr alluded to:

Total minne	444	Titation de	X	
January. February, March, April, May, June, July,	Penna, 1044 1234 17894 2768 3433 4305 2535	Phtlad. a Eric 373½ 254 582½ 1377 2472 2247½ 2242	nd Total, 147½ 1488 2372 4140 5905 6556½ 4777	1867 1198 942 1937 3109 3751 4529 4501
	-	-	-	_

Total, 17,1034 9,5524 26,656 CORNER-STONE LAYING. - To-morrow afternoon the corner-stone of the new Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Thomas, to be erected at Whitemarsh, on the North Penusylvania Railroad, will be laid with appropriate services. The Bishop and several prominent clergymen will be present and take part in the exercises. Whitemarsh is within one mile of Fort Wash ington, for which place trains leave Berks street at 1.45, 2.35, and 3.15 P. M., and return at 6.14 and 7.52 P. M. Conveyances will meet the 2.35 train at Fort Washington. The congregation is one of the oldest in the State, and dates from 1712, when "a goodly stone building was erected at Whitemarsh for the decent performance of divine worship." In 1817 the stone church, venerable, but "beyond repair," gave gave place to a large but less substantial building. The latter has just been removed The Caurch asks for the encouragement and assistance of Christian gentlemen in the good work, that it may be well dore.

A Boy Shor .- About half-past 3 yesterday afternoon, Cornelius McFillan and Thomas two boys, were playing in street, near Sixteenth, during which they got into an altercation. It is siteged that Prentice drew a pistol, and aiming it at McFillan, pulled the trigger. The ball entered the head, in ficting a severe and dangerous wound. Prentice was taken into custody, and held by Alderman Dallas to await the result of the injuries.

DECEASE OF A MERCHANT .- At a meeting of the Corn Exchange Association, held this morning, the decease of Philip Bushong was aunounced in appropriate terms. A preamble and resolutions of regret were submitted by a committee consisting of John P. Bankson, Zebulon Locke, Alexander Young, John L. Buzoy, and C. koss Smith, which were unanimously agreed

FOUND DROWNED .- Last night the body of an unknown white boy was found drowned in the canal at Manayunk. Coroner Daniels took charge of the body.

RECORDER'S CASE .- A man named David Bork had a hearing before Recorder Given upon a charge of a sault and battery on one Charles Byan. Held in \$600 bail.

THE RENO BROTHERS.

Their Re-Arrest at Windsor, Canada. The Detroit Advertiser and Tribune of August

On Seturday evening Frank Reno, who was recently arrested by Constable Sam. Port, of Windsor, and Detective Sillivan, of Detroit, and subsequently discharged by Police Justice Carson, of the former place, because no testi-mony was produced upon which to hold him, is again in custody. Charles Anderson, a contederate of Reno, was arrested at the same time, and both men are now in prison to await any charges that may be preferred against them. These prisoners are charged with robbery and Hawkins, a measenger in the employ of Adams' Express Company, was thrown from bis car near Marshfield, Scott from his car near Marshfield, Scott county, Indiana on the Jeffersonville, Madion, and Indiana Railroad and very severely hurl, so much so that his injuries will in aft probability cripple him for life. At the same

time the sa'e in the car was broken open and robbed of \$97,000. We understand that the most positive testimony can be produced to show that Frank Reno and Charles Anderson show that Frank Reno and Charles Anderson were connected with the robbery and attempted murder; if so, their extradition is a matter of time only. Reno and Anderson have been living in Windsor several months, and both have been regarded as suspicious characters. Of the two, Anderson is the sharpest, and, we are informed, is regarded by the detectives as one of the shrewdest and most proficient burglars and robbers of the age. Since his arrival in Windsor he has frequently been in Detroit, and might have been arrested at any time; but of course it would be uscless to do that until of course it would be useless to do that until the case could be properly "worked up," and sufficient testimony obtained to insure his conviotion.

HAYTI.

Affairs in Port-au-Prince-Probable Suc-

The Berad's correspondent, writing from The Hera d's correspondent, writing from Port-an-Prince on July 28, says:—

The state of affairs here is still critical, but General Normil (revolutionist) has left the Light House with his whole army, constituting one-third of the revolutionary forces. The Government here is very consident. The President charges the British Charge d'Affaires as the author of the repellion, and considers British intervention as the cause of the present British intervention as the cause of the present condition of the country. The American Minister has observed the strictest rule of non-intervention, giving, with Admiral Hoff, Commodore Boggs, and Captain Fastman, such moral support as is usual in such cases. Jacmel is sur-rounded by the Government troops and will soon be retaken. Tue common people are loyal to the President if left to themselves.

The story reported in the Kingston papers that the refugees had all been turned out of the Ametean Consulate is a wicked falsehood, which the author has been obliged to apologize for. The American flag has covered for many weeks two hundred per-ons, and they have all been fed by the Americans. Neither of the other powers have furnished any food to returee. It was a political talsehood got up for filibustering purposes.

The United States ship De Soto, Commodore Boggs, arrived at this port on the morning of the 22d inst. from Key West, and left on the morning of the 25th for Aspinwall. The Prestdent requested Commodore Boggs and officers, in company with the American Mioister, to visit him at the Palace. They were very hospitably entertained. She was visited by the President the next day. He was received with a sainte of twenty-one guns on his arrival, and twenty one guns on his departure, and the yards were manned. He was very much pleased with his visit to the Soto. This ship carried the President during a former revolution from Cape Haytien to Turk's Island, when he had been shelled out of the principal fort at the Cape by the British man-of-war Bulldoz, When the Commodore pointed out to him his ormer apartments in the ship his eyes filled with tears, and he said there was no occasion for showing them to him as he should remember them to the last hour of his life. The Comnodore presented him with a han frome Remington pistol, with his own named marked upon it.

General Chevallier holds possession of Go-naives with a large force. He is a very gallant and hand-ome old gentleman of sixty-tive. He was educated in the best schools of Paris, was there concerned in the revolution of 1830. Aside from his qualifications as a scholar he possesses great powers of eloquence, and is devoted to the President and the American

republic.
The Galatea disclosure is the theme of the Three persons have robbed the Govern ment of 91,700 Spanish dollars put into their bands for the repair of the ship. They have the money, and the ship is supposed to be in New York. One of them, General La Roche, is in prison and in irons. The President says he shall make him pay the whole defaication or shoot him. He regards La Roche as the respon-sible enderser of a bill of exchange, and says that he must pursue the other parties at his leisure. As the General is worth a million of gold dollars it is thought he will accept the proposition.

The general impression of well informed peoalnave wi He is a man of the most determined character, and says he never will give it up, but will fight as long as there is life in him.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Wednesday, August 12, 1888.

The Money Market has undergone very little change, the supply of money on the street being largely in the excess of the demand, and there is no difficulty in negotiating call loaus at from 4 to 6 per cent., according to the character of the collaterals offered, and the reputation of the burrowers. The demand is mostly from the stock operators, the merchants in the present stagnant condition of trade not requiring an large amount of funds. With a return of cool weather and the absentees from the wa eringplaces, there will, undoubedly be more spirit in all departments of business; in fact a number o western merchants have already commenced looking through the market, preparatory to purchasing their fall supplies. They report that the crops throughout the West were never

The wheat harvest in the United States may be said to have closed, so far as cutting the grain is concerned; and, from a general survey of the whole field, taking into consideration the increased acreage and the peculiarly tavor able season for the growth and ripening of this great cereal, in all sections, except some portions of the South, there can hardly be a doubt that the crop is the most munificent, both as regards quantity and quality, that we have had in many years—certainly since 1864 though the process of threshing may possibly lead to a curtailment of the more extravagan estimates. The reports touching rye, oats, and barley are scarcely less promising, while Indian corn has made wonderful amends for the drawbacks in the early part of the season. In the great corn belt of the West, and also in the Southern sud Eastern States, the latest reports are uniformly favorable, and encourage the hope of a heavy crop.

There was more activity at the Stock Board this morning, and in the speculative shares a marked reaction in price.

Government loans closed quiet at the following quotations: — Registered, 1881, 1154a1154; coupon do., 1154a1154; Five-twenties, registered, 1862, 1094a110; Five-twenties, coupons, 1862, 114 al14; Five-twenties, coupons, 1864, 110; a 111; Five-twenties, coupons, 1865, 112 al12; Five-twenties, coupons, 1865, January and July. 109a1094; Five-twenties, conpons, 1867, 109a 1094; Five-twenties, do., 1868, 109a1094; Tenregistered, 1954a1054; Ten-lorties, cou-

pons. 1094s1094. Reading Rastroad opened at 451, and closed at 45%, an advance of a from the lowest point Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 53; Minchie Ranroad at 56; Lehigh Valley Railroad at 547@ i, the latter a decline of 1; Camden and mboy Rattroad was steady at 1274; Little Schuylkili at 44; Norristown at 69; Catawissa preferred at 32; and Philadelphia and Erie

In Canal shares the only sale was a lot of Lehigh Navigation at 214.

Back and Pas-enger Railway shares were inactive and without quotable change. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street BEFORE BOARDS. 50 sh Minehill. \$1000 City 6s, New 1034 20 sh Minehili 56 2000 doN 2 cut 1034 1 sh Leh V R 55 1340 do New 1034 20 sh Minehili 56 2000 do New 1034 20 do 55 54% 2200 do New 1034 100 do 55 54% 2200 do New 1035 100 do 55 54% 25 100 Leh 5t poidd 1 58 55 7 do 55 55 100 Leh 5t poidd 1 58 55 7 do 55 100 do 55

-Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. quote diovernment securities, etc., as follows:-U. S. 6s. of 1881, 115; @115; @145; old 5-20s, 114; @114;; naw \$ 20s. 1864 116; @111; do., 1865, 112;@112‡; 5-20c July 109@109}; do., 1867, 109@109}; do., 1868, 10: @109{; 10-40s, 109}@109{. Gold, 146}. -Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 S. Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:-

United States 6s, 1881, 115#@115#; U. S. 5-20s, 1862, 1144@114#; do., 1864, 110#@111; do., 1865, 1124@112#; do. July, 1865, 109@109#; do. July, 1867 109@100#; 1868, 109#@100#; is, 10-40s, 109#@109#. Compound Interest Retes, past due, 119-40; September, 1865, 1184@118#; October, 1865, 118@118#, U. S. Pacific Railroad Currency Bonds, 102#@102#. Gold, 146#@146#.

- The following are this morning's gold and foreign quotations, reported by Whelen Brothers, Gold, Stock, and Exchange Brokers, No. thers, Gold, Stock, at 105 S. Third street:-1461 11-12 A. M. 1461 11-15 ". 1461 11-22 ". 1461 11-22 ". 1462 11-48 ". 1461 12-10 P. M. 1461 12-13 ". 146 146 146 146

146 146: 12 13 ". 146 1461 Foreign Exchange on London:-60 days, 1091

@1094; 3 days, 1094@1094. On Paris:—60 days, 5f. 174@5f. 15; 3 days, 5f. 15@5f. 124.

Philadelphia Trade Report. WEDNESDAY, August 12.-The Flour Market presents no new feature, there being no demand except from the home consumers, who operate sparingly. About 400 barrels sold in lots at \$7-50@8-25 for superfine; \$8 25@9-25 for extras; \$9@11-25 for spring wheat extra family; \$10@12-50 for old and new wheat; Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do.; and \$15@14 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour is steady at \$9.50 per barrel. In Pennsylvania Corn Meal nothing doing; 1300 barrels Brandywine sold on secret

terms.

The demand for Wheat is quite moderate and confined to good and prime lots, which are scarce. Sales of 1000 bushels red at \$2 42@2-45; 3000 bushels mixed at \$2 25; and 2500 bushels No. 3000 bushels mixed at \$2.25; and 2500 bushels No. 1 spring at \$2.15@2.25. Rye has declined; sales of 8000 bushels Pennsylvania at \$1.65, Corn is quiet at former rates; sales of Western and Pennsylvania yellow at \$1.27@1.80; and Western mixed at \$1.25@1.26, Oats are depressed; sales of 500 bushels Pennsylvania at 85c.; old do. at \$26.93c; and 1500 bushels Onio at 90c. Nothing table; in Barley or Malt. doing in Barley or Malt.

Bark is scarce and in inoderate request; sales

of No. 1 Quercitron at \$66 per ton, Whisky is in good demand.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Brewster.—Prison cases were tried this morning. JUSTICE.

Sarah and Rosanna Hackett, mother and daughter, were tried upon the charge of assault and battery upon Bridget Leary. This was a miserable, trivial case, which originated from a disgraceful quarrel at a milk wagon, in which no blows were struck. The jury made a proper disposition of the matter by acquitting the defendants and also tay the costs upon the original and the or fenciants and placing the costs upon the prose

DISHONEST CARRIER. Valentine Dearing was charged with larceny, as bailee, of copper, to the value of \$80 the property of Mullecker and Feather. It was alleged that the prisoner was employed by the prosecutors to take in his wagon this copper. from Fifth and Market streets to Sixth and therry, and at his own sugestion he and an employe waiked to the piace, while his son drove off down the street. The two waited a long time, but the wagon never made its appear-ance, and, consequently, the copper was never delivered or accounted for. Before the Alder-man the boy who drove the wagon stated that his fither sold the copper to a man in South street.

Upon this ground the Commonwealth urged that it was prearranged between the prisoner and the boy that they should get the copper into their possession, and then appropriate it to their own use; and that though he did not himself drive the wagon, he aided and assisted in the transaction, and was therefore guilty.

The decense contended that there was no proof of the non-delivery of the copper, and till that was s' own the prisoner could not be convicted. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty. The ary rendered a verdict of guilty.

OFF UNSCATHED. George Thomas was charged with having robbed Michael McCoole of \$263. It was testified that on the 2d day of July the prisoner and a confederate were seen by a colored man to attack McCoole in Bedford street, scuffle with him, and then run away, and as he rusned by him he was fully able to distinguish Subsequently an features. icund him treating his friends to champagne and new clothes, when, prior to this time, they were dilapidated and hungry. When arrested, he said that if he had given the colored man \$15 he would not have told on him, which was argued as an admission of guilt.

The defense off-red no testimony, which omission was supplied by the argument of counsel. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. BAD BEGINNING.

George Carrode, a young man of decent appearance, was tried for burglary. The evidence against him was that the house No. 844 N. Nineteenth street, was entered one night recently, while the family were away from the city, and was robbed of goods valued at \$1000. On the same night, at a late hour, the prisoner was seen in the neighborhood; and several days afterwards he pawned at Ridge avenue and Melon streets a lot of the stolen articles. Through the pawnbrokers he was arrested.

The jury finding no positive proof of his The jury, finding no positive proof of his participation in the breaking of the house, rendered a verdict of guitty of larceny only upon his possession of the goods.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. PORT OF PHILADELPHIAAUGUST 19.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamship Whiriwind, Geer, Providence, D. S. Stetson & Co. Steamship Prometheus, Gray, Charleston, E. A. Souder & Co.
Brig B, Strout, Strout, Jacksonville, J, E. Basley&Co.
Schr Nalad Queen, Chase, Quincy Poldt, Wacren &
Gregg.
Schr Gettysburg, Corson, Gloucester, Scott, Walter &
Co. CO.
Scor D. E. Wolfe, Dale, Oregon Mills, N. C., Captain.
Schr J. B. Alien, Case, Nantucket, Castner, Stickney & Wellington.
Schr C. S. Watson, Adams, Nantucket, do.
Schr Lucy Holines, Ellis, Eingston, Mass., Caldwell,
Gerdon & Co.
Schr John B. Austin, Davis, Charles'own, do.
Schr L. S. Watson, Wills, Salem, Weld, Nagle & Co.
Schr M. Sewell, Frisbie, Boston, George S., Reputter,
Schr E. Tanny Keating, Daniels, Quincy Point, Sinnickson & Co.

son & Co.

Schr John H. Perry, Kelly, New Bedford, do.
Schr Chara Davidson Jeffries, Medford, do.
St'r E. C. Biddle, McCue, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tog Thon Jeffrieson, Allen, for Baltimore, with a tow
of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.
Barque Helirspont, Bridges, 7 days from Boston, Inbaliast to Merchant & Co.
Brig George E. Prescott. Mills, 4 days from Vinalhaven with stone to capitale.
Brig Grace Darling, Martin, 20 days from Cienfuegos, with sugar and molasses to Madeira & Cabada, schr Naind Queen, Chasse, from Fail River.
Schr M. Van Dusen. Corson, from Saugus.
Schr E. Haight, Avery, from Bangor.
Schr Lucy Holmes, Eilla from Boston.
Schr Lucy Holmes, Eilla from Boston.
Schr I. E. Wattson, Willis, from Newport, Schr G. E. Wattson, Adams, from Nantucket.
Sch. J. S. Jelen, Case, from Nantucket.
Sch. J. S. Jelen, Case, from Nantucket.
Sta. J. Phelps. Brown. 21 hours from New York, who mdes, to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Alleu, from Baltimore, with a

Tug Thos. Jefferson, Alleu, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Brig Frontier, from St. John. N. B.

Ship Henry Perkins, Seymour, hence, at Lisbon steamship Bronette, Howe, hence, at New York yesterday. Berque Industrie, Bischoff, hence, at Gibraltar 25th achr Lizzie A. Bennett, bence, at New Haven 8th Schr E. L. Herrick, Ba'dwin, from Boston for Pal-lade'phia at New Haven 5th inst. Schr Z. L. Adams, Nickerson, hence, at New Bolford 8th inst.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
NEW YORK, Aug. 12—Arrived, steamship Column NEW YORK AUG. II—Arrivet seamsing Commbis, from Havans.

FORTRESS MONSOS, Aug. 12.—The pilot boat Coquette reports passed in:— chr Willie, from Matanzas for Ballimore. Passed out—Ship Herman, for Bremen; barques Hansewedl, for Gibraitar; Almond. for Marsellies; Dultenberg, for Bremen; brigs Village Belle for Nova Scotta Aurora, for Wilmington; schrs Comet, for Haifax; Silver Star, for Curacoa; Valeria, for Cardenas; and Petrel, for San Blas.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Arrived, steamship P. Cook, from Liverpool.
Bhip Gaspes, Everson, from Manila.
Bhip Fmerald Inic. Giliespic, from Liverpool.
Bhip Carls, Ragrusin, from Antwerp.

SECOND EDITION THIRD EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Appointment Power-Affairs in Tennessee-The European Markets.

Etc., Etc., Etc., [Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Opinion of Attorney-General Evarts Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, August 12 .- Yesterday after noon, at a late hour, the Attorney General submitted to the President his opinion on the question relative to the power of the Executive to accept the resignation of Commissioner Rollins and to fill the vacancy. It is a long and able document, adverse to the President's jurisdiction in this instance. Mr. Evarts maintains that the position of Commissioner Rollins was a qualified one and could not be accepted until the conditions named therein were fulfilled.

The condition in the resignation in question was the nomination of his successor to the Senate and his confirmation by that body, thereby making a new appointment complete so far as both executive branches of the Government were concerned, before the terms of said resignation could be faithfully complied with, The Attorney-tieneral supports this opinion from many legal authorities, and cites a decision made by Associate Justice McLean in the Supreme Court of the United States, in the matter of a mandamus to compel an ex-ecutive officer to deliver a commission which he withheld. Another decision adverse to the President's position, is found in a case decided by Justice McLean, in the United States Circuit Court of Onio. Mr. Roilins, therefore, remains Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and his resignation amounts to nothing until his successor is confirmed by the Senate, which is a fact, however, not even con ditional on this or any other resignation, for the President need not wait for one before nominaring to the Senate at any time, when it is in session, an appointment for this or any other

office. Efforts at a compromise between the President and Rollins will be made. The latter is anxious to give up the duties of his office, but will assume the right to diciate who shad be his Should such a nomination be ac successor. ceptable to the Executive, an appointment will soon be made.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS

By Atlantic Cable.

This Morning's Quotations. London, August 12-A. M.-Consols 937 for money, and 94 for account. United States Fivetwenties, 72; Illinois Central, 924; Erie, 362-Atlantic and Great Western, 381.

FRANKFORT, August 12-A. M .- United States Five-twenties, 751@76.

LIVERPOOL, August 12-A. M .- Cotton opens firm and quite active, but prices are unchanged. The sales are estimated at 13,000 bales. Corn declined to 35s. White Can orms Wheat advanced to 12s. 7d. Sugar dull at 36s.

This Afternoon's Quotations. London, August 12-P. M .- Consols 931 for money, and 534 for account. Erie, 364; Illinois

ture has not made much progress in the military business for the last few days. This is owing to the fact that the Joint Committee has not fully matured its bill, although it is expected that it will not differ materially from the House bit already passed. One thing is certain, that the bill which is to become a law, will give Gover nor Brownlow nearly ab-olate power as to the number of troops to be called out, their disposition, etc.

A petition praying for the extension of the franchise and against calling out the militia, signed by nearly all the population of Wilson county, was presented to the House to-day, and accompanying it was a declaration of principles, which, among other things, disapproved and censured the Ku-Klux Kian, and all other secret political societies. Supposing the latter was simed at the Loyal League, the petition was severely denounced, and by a very emphatic vote, the House refused to refer the petition to a commit ee.

The document was courteous and deferential in the extreme, but such was its reception by the Tennessee Legislature. The Democratic can-Tennessee Legislature. vass still goes on, and the mooted question here now is, whether it is not better to withdraw from the field. The radical State Convention meets here to morrow to nominate electors and also a Congressman from the State at large.

The radical congressional conventions meets in the Senate chamber also to-morrow to nomi nate a Congressman. A lively squabble is auti cipated in the la'ter gathering, as there are two candidates and very bitter feeling between the factions. One wing of the party had a torchlight procession to-night, which was largely attended.

FROM BALTIMORE.

A Wribute-Another Rain Storm. Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, August 12 - Preparations are on foot here by political and personal friends of the late Thaddens Stevens, to pay appropriate respect to his remains as they pass through Baltimore, en route for interment.

Another terrific storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over Baltimore etween 12 and 1 o'clock, this morning. Jone-Falls is again somewhat swollen, but no damage was done except carrying off some timber for the temporary repairing of bridges.

Destructive Storm at Omaha-Damage to the Crops.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph OMAHA, Aug. 12.-A heavy storm from the west has badly damaged the railroad bridge across Wood river and levelled the telegraph

The grasshoppers suddenly reappeared here on Monday. They did considerable damage while passing over Platte valley. The Missouri river is unusually low.

New York Stock Quotations-2 P.M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:—N.Y. Cent, R. 1294 Pacific M. S. Co. 1038, N.Y. and E. R. 584 Western U. Tel. 337, Ph. and Rea, R. 917, C. Wabash R. 51, Mich, S. and N. I. R. 854 Mil. and St. P. com 754, Cle. and Pitt. R. 874 Adams Express Co. 52

Secretary Seward's Return to Washington - The Pro. gress of the Cattle Plague.

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FROM BUFFALO.

No Fears of the Cattle Plages.

BUFFALO, Aug. 12.-Experts in this city say there is no occasion for alarm about the cattle disease; that the animals affected are such as have been overheated by hard driving during the late warm weather, and confined in close reight cars; and that rest and fresh air will

eradicate the disease. A delegation of the Tonswards, Cattaraugus, and Syracuse Indians are parading the streets to-day in full costume, with music. The annual green corn dance, and other festivities, will be celebrated at the race track in this city. The festivities are to last all the week,

FROM CHICAGO.

Movements of General Grant-The Crops, Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12,-General Grant will remain in Galena for over a week longer. In Minuesota it is estimated that over 15,000, 000 bushels of wheat will be raised this year of

the best quality.

Reports rom Wisconstn are not so favorable. The wheat is of a poorer quality, being con-siderably sbrunken, but it is thought that there will be nearty an average crop.

Caulkers' Strike-Sentence of a Pick-

pocket. Boston, Aug. 12—The caulkers' strike for e'ght hours, and four dollars a day, still con-tinues. The ship carpenters' strike is at an end. James Mellen was sentenced yesterday to five years in the State Prison for pocket picking.

Fatal Railroad Accident. Workester, Aug. 12 -Peter Mullins, Section Master on the Workester and Nashua Railroad, was thrown from a gravel car at Groton Junction this morning, by the sudden stopping of the car, and killed. Michael Githens was thrown

from the same train and seriously injured Secretary Seward. AUBURN, Aug. 12 -Secretary Seward left for Washington this morning. His health is entirely restored.

Ship News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 12.—A.rived, barque T. A. Strong, from Buenos Ayres, for orders. Passed for Ballimore, barque Aqueduct, thirty-one days from Rio; brigs Clara Brown, from Clenfuegos, and Clara. from West Indies. Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, August 12.—Stocks steady. Chicago and Rock Island, 112%; Reading, 91%; Canton Company, 47; Eric Raliroad, 88%; Cleveland and Toledo, 1011%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 87%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne 105%; Michlegan Cestral, 121; Michlegan Southern, 88%; New York Central, 128%; Illinois Central, 147; Com seriand preferred, 126; Virginia 88, 54 Missouri 68, 93; Hudson River, 126; U. S. 5-208, 1862; 114%; do, 1884; 116%; do, 1865, 112%; do, new, 109%; 10 40e, 104%; Gold, 146%. Money unchanged. Exchange 106%.

New York, Aug. 12.—Cotton quiet at 29%. Flour steady; sales of 8600 blsh, at yesterdays prices. Wheat steady sales of 8600 bush, amber Ohio at \$2.40; Canada white sat \$2.50. Cern firm and advanced, and sales of 100 000 bush at \$112@188 yellow Western at \$1.22. Oats duli at \$28.25. Lard duli, Whiteky quiet.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 12.—Cetton quiet and steady at 29@29%c. Flour quiet but firm. Wheat firm: prime red \$2.70@27%. Corn duly white \$1.19. Oats duli at 85. See hye firm at \$1.50. Provisions firm and unchanged.

Central, 925.

Liverpool, August 12—P. M.—Cotton firmer. but not quotably higher. Breadstuff, quiet and unchanged. Pork quiet. Lard firm. Ro-m. 5s. 6d. for common, and 13s. 6d. for fine. Sugar to arrive, heavy.

Anywer, August 12—P. M.—Petroleum quiet and unchanged.

FROM TENNESSEE.

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FROM TENNESSEE.

The Militia Bill mot jet Reported—Petitions Against it—The Pointical Canvass.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Nashville, Aug. 11.—The Tennessee Legislature has not made much progress in the military

Central, 925.

Americans Abroad.

List of Americans Abroad.

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Nos. 3 and 3 Rue Scribe Paris, for the week ending 20th July, 1868, received through Smith, Randolph & 20th July, 1868, received through Smith,

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

-The New York Tribune of this morning thus speaks of yesterday's money market;

"Governments were dult at the opening, both for expertendinvestments bonds, prices were rully maintained, but there was less disposition to buy. State bonds were lim. Tennessee ex-coupons, 65%; new bonds, 87%; A. rib Carolina new 68, 72%; Virginia 6 per cents. ex-coupon, 45; Missouri 6 per cents, 93. Railway bonds were steady. The sales for Pacific 6 per cents (of Missouri), continue satisfactory; the sale for two days was \$775,000, mostly in small lots. Pacific Mail was lower, but in demand at 1036/10314. Exples shares were dull. Wells-Fargo was in demand under the prospect that the company will have the con ract for the everiand route again. Railway shares were weak and unsettled. New York Castral was pressed for sale and dec. med 2 per cent, selling at 126;; it was afterward railed to 121%, closing at 128; it was afterward railed to 121%, closing at 128; The decline in this stick, following the recent break in Erie has a degressing effect on the market, Reading was dull at 91. Boston, Hartford and Erie solo at 22%. Michigan Southern, 55%. Cleveland and Pittsburg. 16%. The Northwessern stocks—Rock Island and Schellen of Fering; first-class houses are fully supplied at the lowest rate. For commercial paper, however, the rates are hardening, and 6 to 7 per cent is the rate for the best names. Grain operators are in the market with a good demand for discounts from the banks preparatory for business next month; the money represented by these discounts will not probably be drawn against them for two or three weeks, and in the baterval cali losses may be expected to rule at present rates. The experience of previous years rates fully educated the commercial public as to the

at present rates. The experience of previous years has fully educated the commercial public as to the necessity of being prepared for a squeeze from October to January, which will continue to be ineviable until the national Bank act is amended in some form so that elasticity is given to the correct sufficient to move the crops without this annual unsettling of prices at the Stock Exchange." -TLE N. Y. Herald says:-

prices a the Stock Exchange."

"Although the advance in gold to 150 was entirely too rapid to be sustained, the sectine has been equally so and hence a corresponding reaction is inevitable. The natural tender cy of the premium is upward, owing to purely financial and commercial causes, and the political excitement preceding and attending the Presidential election will doubtless aggravate this tendency. The isage preponderance of imports over exports requires to be baianced by heavy shipments of bonds or specie, or ooth, and since the latt of January we have shipped to foreign ports more than eixty-five millions of specie and bullion from this port alone. The violent speculative fluctuations of the last few days are opposed to the public interests, because they unset le values and create distrust, and the fold Room speculators are alone benefited by them. What is most to be desired in the standard of values is stability.

"Money remains in abundant supply at three and four per cention all, while owing to the dulines of speculation on the Stock Exchange, the wemand from that source is limited. Commercial paper is scarce, and the best grace passes as six per cent, and in exceptional cases at five. This monetary easiells to sam unate speculation in a core, and the railway share narket wears an nowet led aspect. To day the fluctuations in the New York Central were wider than usual—namely, from 125%. In other stocks there were no market of canges and operators both for a fise and a fall move with great caution.

"In the market for Government securities there was an active demand for new five-twenties of issist at led at the opening this moving, but with the decline in gold the demand slacketed, and the exportable bonds weakoned, white this remainder of the list sympathized with these At the 2 o'clock call, however, there was a better de and for bonds and the off rings were small. The outside public is buy-ing considerably more than it is selling and the prospect is involved in the off rings were small. The outside pu

THE CALEDONIAN CLUB intend having a gala time at Oakdale Park on Monday next. It is to be their sunual celebration, at which all participants will receive a modicum characterizes these gatherings of the Scots, There will be the national games, which will open to all competition, comprising feats of atrength, agitity, swittness, etc. There will be excellent accommodations for dancing, and to make the fele more enjoyable, McClurg's Liberty Cornet Band will be present, as will the pipers of the club. The admission fee to the Park on this day is placed at a moderate figure.