ST. DOMINGO.

The Basz Government Gaining Strength and Favor-Resources of the Republic. The St. Domingo, July 20, correspondent of the New York Tribunc gives the following ver-sion of affairs from the Basz standpoint: the New York Tribune gives the following version of affairs from the Basz standpoint:—
The many reports to the contrary notwithmanding, from time to time transmitted to the New York press by way of Havana and other Spanish colonist ports, the Administration of President Basz is every day gaining solidity and strength. These reports are manufactured by the malcontents, whose trade is revolution, and who are stimulated to their misonievous work by Spanish officials. We hear of movements on the Haytien frontier by the Cabral party for the invasion of the Republic, and of contemplated risings in the northern part of the invasion for the noverthrow of the actual government; but the measures taken by President Basz for nipping insurrection in the bud and preserving the peace of the country have been so well advised, and have been characterized by so much foresight and energy that the plottings of his advergaries have hitherto proved utterly abortive, and public tranquility is, on the whole, well maintained. The voice of faction, it is true, has not yet been completely silenced, but it is every day becoming weaker and weaker, and will soon subside into harmiess mutterings. It every day becoming weaker and weaker, and will soon subside into harmiess mutterings. It was feared at one time that Bazz had fallen completely into the hands of designing men, who completely into the hands of designing men, who would use him to serve their own selfish pur-poses; but his refusal of the dictatorship—which seems to have been a perfectly sincere act on his part—and the policy he has subsequent', pursued, have had the effect of removing from the public mind all apprehensions as ', his sub-serviency, and creating confidence in his Gov-

President Baez is signatizing his administration by a most liberal and progressive policy-ma might have been expected from his autecedents. There is no doubt that he has the warm support of every man of intelligence and enter-prise in the country, and under his auspices many works of internal improvement are already under way. The great salt enterprise, in which some of the leading citizens of New York are interested, will soon be carried to a York are interested, will soon be carried to a successful issue. The agent of the company, Mr. Davis Hatch, has had an interview with President Baez, and has received from him the most satisfactory assurances of Government aid and protection. The copper and petroleum interest is also receiving attention.

The great mineral resources of Santo Domingo are well known to those conversant.

mingo are well known to those conversant with the history of the country, Not to speak of the gold, which is believed to exist here in considerable quantities—notwithstanding the rich harvests of the precious metal gathered by the early Spanish adventurers—there is a copthe early Spanish adventurers—there is a cop-per region on the river Haina, about thirty miles from this city, which is said to be quite as promising as the celebrated copper district on the south side of Cuba, and immeuse beds of coal have been discovered in the bay of S2-maba. Silver ore has been found in the penin-sula of Samana; in the District of Clabo there are indications of zinc, autimony, lead, and other minerals; and nickel and native iron have been found near Bayaguana and at Sa-mana.

The Government has decided on a complete geological survey of the several provinces of the republic, and the well-known New York house of Adelberg & Raymond have been appointed Strte geologists. This announcement is a suffi-cient guarantee that the work contemplated ill be done in a thorough and exact manner, is believed that the result of their report will be to initiate a new era in the industrial history of this rich and beautiful Island. The shortsighted and jealous policy which has hitherto locked up the mineral resources of Santo Do-mingo will now be abandoned, and they will be thrown open to the use of the civilized

LUNATIC ASYLUMS.

A Defense of the Institution-The Recent

Kidnapping Case in New Jersey.

Ridaspping Case in New Jersey.

Dr. H. A. Buttolph, Superintendent of the New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum, has published a letter vindicating the institution's officers in the case of Mrs. Merritt, recently a patient there. After remarking that many reports—including that which was printed in the Atlantic Monthly—are erroneous, if not exaggerated, Dr. Buttolph says:

"Mrs. Merritt was admitted to the institution on the 18th day of July, on the application of the Hon. Edward L. Price, member of the Legislature from Newark, in this State, and brother of the patient, who furnished an affidavit from a physician of her insanity, and who executed a bond for her support, signed also by ex Governor Rodman M. Price, another also by ex Governor Rodman M. Price, another brother, and by Mrs. Price, her mother. These are the usual preliminary forms to the admisare the usual preliminary forms to the admission of private patients required by the rules of the institution and statue laws of the State. To these papers reference is made in the answer of the Superintesdent to the writ of habeas corpus, as his ground of justification in admitting Mrs. Merritt to the institution, and not for retaining her afterward, as stated in your quotation from the Times article; for the latter, additional reason to her admission papers will soon appears—at least for a large portion of the time she remained. On the 22d of July, four days after Mrs. Merritt's admission, I was served with a writ of habeas corpus, i-sued by Judge Bedie, of the Supreme Court, on application of Colonei Merritt, husband of the patient. By this writ I was directed to present Mrs. Merritt in court, in Hudson city, in this state, on the 24th, two was directed to present Mrs. Merritt in court, in Hudson city, in this state, on the 24th, two days after, to show cause why she was retrained, etc. By agreement of the parties, and consent of the Judge, however, her presence in court was dispensed with, and the answer given that she was admitted to the Asylum, and had been detained thus far for the short period of four days by virtue of a compliance, on the part of friends, with the required preliminaries before described. As required preliminaries before described. As required preliminaries before described. As the parties were not both prepared to proceed with the inquiry, on application for delay, the Judge postponed the further hearing until the 4th of August, tweive days after, and ordered that Mrs. Merritt should remain under observation in the Asylum during the interval. At the hearing on the 4th of August, Judge Bedie allowed me to make an amended return to the writ, which was to the effect that after observance Mrs. Merritt's aymptoms and condition ing Mrs. Merritt's symptoms and condition from the time of her admission to that date, viz, from the lith of July to the 3d of August, I had formed the opinion that she was not in-sane. On this return the Judge ordered her discharge from the institution, and that she be allowed to go where and with whom she pleased. She left the same evening with her husband. Though no other justification is needed for the institution and its officers for the act of admitting Mrs. Merritt as a pa-tient than that above described, yet it may be stated incidentally that the propriety of rebe stated incidentally that the propriety of re-straining her in the institution was confirmed by the social and political standing of the appli-cants, and by the knowledge of the fact that she had on the day previous, the 17th of July, been declared to be lusane by a jury of inquest convened by order of the Chancellor, to make inquiry into her mentals a c. In such circumstances it would have been rashness on the part of the superintendent to decide in less time than the whole period of sixteen days, that Mrs. Merritt was under care, that she was not insane. But it will be observed that he was restrained by the writ from all action in reference to her discharge from the 221 to the 24th of July and by order of the Judge from the 24th of July until the 3d of August, the day she was released by order of the court."

LYNCH LAW.

Hanging of Three Camblers for Chesting

at Cards. From the Omaha Republican, August 2, Some of the police of our city are said to be in possession of intelligence that three men were bung by a mee at Sloux City, on Friday. were tanng by a mob at Sloux City, on Friday,
The parties hung had gone up from Omaha but
a few days before and opened a gambling inatiuntion in Sloux City. Their house was liberally patronized; but at length they were caught
cheating in the game in such a manner as is not
tolerated by the code of the sporting fraternity. This so exasperated their patrons
that the parties were immediately secured by
their victims, and taken to an out of the-way
place, before the authorities or citizens knew
anything about it, and there hanged to a tree.
The first public knowledge of the horring deed
was the discovery of the lifeieus bodies suspended from the tree a few hours after; and it
has created intense excitement in that usually
quiet city. The names of the murdered men
were Robert Ferguson, formerly of Fora's restaurant; Johnny Green, of the Bon Ton; and
"Doc" Snaw, who formerly kept the Bon Ton
saloon, on Harney street. All these three were
well known in this city.

HINE STATIONERY, CASD ENGRAVING and Card Plate Printing in every variety, DREKA,

1083 CHESNUT Street.

CITY INTELLIGENCE. [FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SHE INSIDE PAGES.] THE SWEENEY HOMICIDE.

The Investigation by Coroner Daniels
Whis Morning-The Testimony in Full
-Thomas Dition Discharged by the
Verdict.

This morning at ten o'clock, Coroner Daniels held an inquest into the cause of the death of William Sweeney, who, it will be remembered, was shot and mastantly killed while attempting, in company with two accomplices, to enter the tavern of Christopher Dillon, at Twenty-fourth and Kent streets, on Thursday night.
District Attorney Mann conjucted the investi-

gation on the part of the Commonwealth. Thomas Dillon, the young man who committed the bomicide, was present, within the bar.

The evidence elicited at the investigation was Christopt er Dillon sworn-Testified that an attempt

Christoph er Dillonsworn—Testified the, en attemet was made on Wednesday night at a let hour to rob his dwelling; he was not at home when the effort was made, but when he returned he saw the marks on the windws by the burgiars! he made no inquiries as to whether any one in the house had made the attempt; the cellar-dor, had been broken by an axis, at the total his son to keep a sharp lookout, fearing that the burging would return on the ensuing night, he fold his an at look any firearm about the house, and first he her.

John Harvey testified that they were watching on the hight in question, from a rear window, the move-

Lotu Harvey testified that they were watching on the hight in question, from a rear window, the movements of the three burglars; the house was on Kent street; Sweeney, Magee, and Johnson were first sitting on the steps of an adjoining dweiling eating crackers; having fluished these they arose, moved near the fenre in the rear of D iloa's house, and got into the yard; Sweeney in the yard was near the hydrant; while there Mr. Dillon called to him 3 times to knew, 'Who was there?' No one answered, and he put the gun out of the window and fired; witness was behind Dillon when he fired; he thought that Dillon did not see sweeney who he ired; witness stayed with Dillon by the request of the latter, for the purpose of watching these burglars; he saw the before.

cellar door where it had been broken the night before.

Officer James McIntyre, of the Fifth District, testified that at 12 o'clock on Wednesday night his partner and himself were travelling near Twenty-second and spruce streets; noticed the light in the store of Mcs. Holt, at Twenty-lourth and Spruce streets; going up to the store, they discovered the burgiary that had been committed, the money-drawer had been wreached from its place, and its contents had been appropriated; having just concluded their operations, they heard a share, ringing report of a gan in the vicinity of Twenty-fourth and Kent streets; they ran down there, and found a large crowd of recopie gathered about the house of Christocher Dillon; going into the yard, the witness found the body of Sweeney; he asserted at once that death had been almost instantaneous.

Officer bamuel Marshall testified that he as on the same beat on the night in question; he saw the light in Mrs. Holt's store, and knowing it to be unsual for her to have a light burning at that hour, he tee examined the store; he found that the side-shutter had been wreuched open; from the meney-drawer were taken a warrant for \$45.31, some pennies, and an old breastpin. In "se articles were found on the person of the deceased, and the conclusion at once was that be had been one of the party of burglars. [Witness' testim eny about the shooting was simply correborative of that of the previous witness.]

Officer White stated that he was called by a whistle to his brother officers, who were at the house where the body of the dead burglar lay. O'wellt went in to the premises, and searched all the rooms. He found Harvey in the garret, and young Bullon in the second story, where also he found the gun. He placed the young men under arrest.

Mrs. Paobe Fisher testified that she was at the time in question staying with a lady friend in Mr. Dillon's house; at the hear of middlers, and one or two citizers.

Mrs. Dillon who had preceded witness, down stairs, and found there a couple of officers, w Officer James McIntyre, of the Fifth District, testi-

Mrs Dillon, who had preceded witness down stairs, said that she found a large chiest, with which the attempt was made to break hoto the house.

Witness saw Sweeney lying on his back on the precedent; he expired soon after witness came down stairs. Patrick O'Neill testified that when he saw the de-

Patrick O'Nelli testified that when he saw the de-cessed, he was half recilining on the walk and groan-ing. Soon after he gave a jurch forward, with his face talling near the hydran, and expired. Other witnesses testified that Mages, one of the burglars, was seen in the crowd in the yard shortly after the shooting. Mages said nothing, and after jooking at the budy harriedly left, and was not seen again until arrested. again until arrested.

Mrs. Eliza Dirlon testified that at the occurrence of Mrs. Eliza Dillon testified that at the occurrence of the shooting she was lyieg in her room; the report aroused her, and this king at once of burglars being usurally suspicious from the operations of the preceding night, she burgled down stairs, and saw the crowd; she found a piece of iron shaped for the purpose of prying; there were marked at the down as a plainity showed how the instrument had been used; she had loss some appared the night previous, by the depredations of burglars; she knew of her husband's isjunction to her son Thomas (the prisoner) to shoot any burglars the might make attempts upon the house; there was an old musket in the house, and that was the only firearm, which had been in the dwelling ever since the Mexican War.

Detective Henderson corroborated this testimony, and meationed, in addition, his arrest of the other

mentioned, in addition, his arrest of the other and mentioned, in addition, his arrest of the other burglars.

The details of the searching of the body and the persons of the prisoners. Magee and Johnson, were given in yesterday's issue of This Evaning Telle-exaph, in full.

given in yesterday's issue of Thir Evanting TelleGraph, in full.
The fact of Johnson's come licity in the burgiary of Mrs. Holt's dwelling was substantiated by the presence of a battered half penny, which he had in his pooket when found. This half benny Mrs. Holt has owned for some years, and had kept it in the moneydrawer, from which with a lot of old coin it was stolen by the trip of burgiars.

Sergeant Jordan of the Fitth District, testified to examining the gun with which the homicide had been committed; when found it was warm and presented every appearance of having been just fired.

From the evidence ofofficer A. B. Ourrie, it appears that he repuralion of Sweney, Magee and Johnson was not good. Magee and Johnson and been known to be accessories to other burgiaries.

Dr. Phableigh testified that he made a post mortem examination on a body recognized to be that of William Sweney aged twenty-two years; he was quite a slight man. The doctor discovered upon the back, beneath the left shoulder blade, three gun abot wounds; two of them seed to have been made by a single onliet, but a third, as if several bullets had passed in, the wound being over an inch in diameter; the bullets shattered four of the lower ribs, passed through a portion of the lung, threath the spleen, left lobe of the liver, and through the stomach and intestines; these organs were completely ridded; two of the bullets passed out of the body, just in front, intestines; these organs were completely riddled; two of the bullets passes out of the body, just in front,

above the hip bone The course of the bullets, therefore, was downward and forward; the stomach was engaged with food such as crackers and bread; death must have ensued within fifteen minutes af or the wounds were re-ceived; the decessed came to his death from hemor-

ceived; the decessed came to his death from hemorrhise and the shock.

The Jury rendered the following vardict—
"That the said William Sweeney came to his death from a gun shot wound ini eted by Thomas D. flou on the morning of August 7. 1853, between 12 and 1 o'clock A. M. That the said becomes at the time of the infliction of axid wound was engaged in company with John Magee and Frank Johnson is attempting to commit a burglary by br-axing into the dwelling house of Christopher Dillon, the father of the sail Themas Dillon and that the said shooting was done in order to prevent the perpetration of a burglary."

In accordance with the verdict, Coroner Daniels then discharged the accused from custofy,

PROTECTION TO BATHERS AT ATLANTIC CITY .-The recent drowning accidents at Atlant'c City have had the effect of arousing every body to the necessity of providing means for rescuing those who in any manner are placed in peril of their lives. In addition to the life boat procured some time since, the proprietor of the Surf House has obtained one of Fried's patent hie-saving apparatus, which is turnished with six loops, by each of which one person can be supported in the water. The apparatus can be thrown out on the breakers or pushed out by a swimmer, and drawn into the shore by a long rore which is attached to it. It is to be hoped that, with the experience of the past in view, but little use for the marline will be found.

FALL OF A SCAPFOLD .- The scaffolding erected at the new building at Eighteenth and Chri-ilan streets, gave way this morning at 8 o'clock, and two of the workmen were precipitated to the ground, sustaining severe injuries. Joseph Bennerson, aged thirty eight years, a bricklayer, had an arm and leg broken, and Henry Holmes (colored), a hod-carrier, received bodily injuries They were both conveyed to the Pernsylvania Hospital.

RAILBOAD CASUALTY .- William Wetzell, a lad aged eleven years, vesterday jumped from a loce motive on the North Pennsylvania Baliroad, at Berks street, while in motion, and, losing his balance, turned a somersualt, his head striking the ground with force sufficient to fracture his skull. He resided at American street and Columbia avenue, and was taken to the Episcopal Hospital.

THE DOG-CATCHERS .- Of the two hundred and twenty-four canines which were captured by the dog catchers during the past week but twenty were redeemed.

DISORBERLY CHARACTERS .- The police of the Fifth District, during Thursday and Friday nights, arrested twenty female disorderly char-acters, all of whom were held by Alderman Swift to keep the peace.

FIRE BADGES .- Twenty-two hundred of the new fire badges have thus for been issued by Chief Engineer McCusker. CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A Dishonest Transac-A Fast Driver-Fast Driver - Sentelle Balls-tion-A Larceny of - Senter-Youthful Thioves - A Wise-Waived a Hearing-Stole & Pecker book.

—On Thursday afternoon James Hagerty drove a double team of horses up Tenth street at a furious rate, and on reaching Chesnut street he was requested to hall by Reserve Sergeant Crout and Reserve Officer Hill. Failing to comply a warrant was issued, and yesterday he was arrested by Reserve Officer Hill, who took him perofe Alderman Beltler. He was held in \$1000 ball for reckless driving.

—A lady named Brown, residing in Allen

street, near Shackamaxon, entrusted one Abra ham Chester with two dollars and a wheelbarrow for the purpose of bringing her coke coal. Abraham forgot to return the wheelbarrow, coke or money, and he was taken into custody. Alderman Eggleton held him to answer.

-The same magistrate has bound over Willism Fetters for stealing a number of bagatelle balls from a saloon on Fifth street, above Poplar.

-A number of lads have recently been engaged in stealing articles from various stores in Seventeenth Ward. The police learning that the rendezvous of these desperadoes was in the woods, at Second street and the Reading Railroad, made a descent last night on that locality, and succeeded in capturing four of the number. They were sent below for a further hearing by Alderman Eggleton,

-Another name has been added to the already long list of wife-beaters. It is that of John Kinsig, residing at Fifth and Prune streets. Ha was engaged in assaulting his wife, when she cried "murder." Policeman Bleecker, of the Seventeenth District, broke into the house, and for his pains was beaten by the woman-beater. Alderman Beitler committed the accused.

-Jeremiah Stanton, the husband of the woman who was held by Alderman Beitler, some time since, for obtaining a large amount of goods from several fruit firms along the wherves under false pretenses, was last evening charged with a similar offense. He waived bearing, and was bound over in \$2000 bail to

-Alderman Bonsall yesterday sent Joseph Smith to prison for stealing a pocket-book containing \$8 from a gentleman, and, on being requested to return the same, assaulting its owner in a terrible manner.

CHARITABLE BEQUESTS .- Recently Miss Agnes Tenant, of Frankford, made a number of chari-table bequests, and among them the following: To Frankford Presbyterian Church, \$300. Holmesburg Presbyterian Church, \$1000. Scots' Thistle Society, \$1500.

United Presbyterian Congregation of Frank-Nor hern Home for Friendless Children, \$300. Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, \$500. Presbyterian Home Missionary Society, \$500. Presbyterian Board of Education, \$500. Presbyterian Tract Society, \$100. Presbyterian Bible Society, \$100. And the residue of her estate to the Old Men's

Home of Philadelphia.

SLIGHT FIRE.—At twenty minutes past 6 o'clock, this morning, a fire broke out in the fertilizing manufactory of John R. Matlack, No. 105 Canal street. It was extinguished with but trifling damage to the factory or contents.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS .- Judge Brew ter.—This morning the habeas corpus itst was called as is usual on Saturdays, but no case of interest upon ter.—This morning the habeas corpus list was called as is usual on Saturdays, but no case of interest upon it was heard.

One case was called, that of the Commonwealth ex rel, E. Haskel, which was for the release of the relistor from Dr. Kirkbride's losane asylum.

Counsel representing Dr. Kirkbride merely read a re urn to the writ, which set forth that the relator was really demented, and was really demented, and was really demented, and was that the would be dangerous to himself and the community, and for this reason he was held. It was also set fouth that he was once before conduct in the hospital. Counsel asked for a continuance of a couple of weeks, which was granted.

The list having been disposed of in a short time, jury trials were taken up.

Louis Johnson, a simil colored boy, was charged with the larceny of \$15 from a market woman. The principal witnesses for the Commonwealth were absent, and those who were in attendance only saw the boy take certain boxes; but whether they contained meney could no be said. Counsellor O'Neil, volonteering for the prisoner, objected to a continuance, the trial having feen commenced, and consequently the prosecuting attoriesy submitted the bill to the jury without testimony, and the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. The Judge, however, held him in order that a charge of stealing boxes might be preferred against him.

William C Jones, colored, was convicted of a charge of picking the p. cket of George H. Dirnes, colored. The latter just arrived from B-litmore, went to a Lombard street dance house, carrying his purse in the most conspicuous pocket of his coat, and was soon teld by a woman that he had lost it. Looking about he found it in the pocket of the prisoner, who was assuming behind him. Sentenced to one year in County Prison.

James B Spearing pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing nicety-nine grows of pone. He to he was

County Prison.

James B Spearing pleaded gullty to a charge of stealing nitety-nine gross of peas. He took them from an effice during the gentleman's absence, and went about selling them at different places. The officers found the pens at these places and traced them to the prisoner. Sentenced to one year in the County Prison. County Prison. Sentenced to the year in the County Prison. Michael McGlenary pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery, and was ordered to pay a fine of \$10 and costs.

Thomas Quinn was convicted of a charge of malicious mischief, and was sentenced to the County December 1997.

Prison for ten days.

Patrick Dougherty was convicted of a charge of assault and battery, and was sentenced to the County Prison for two weeks

John Pifer, who pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary dorlag the week, was sentenced to the County Prison for one year.

ROYALTY ON ITS TRAVELS.

The New York Tribune of this morning says:— A Prince of Wurtemburg, in Southern Ger-many, and a General in the Austrian army, has arrived in this city upon a visit of instruction and pleasure, and is accompanied by his nephew and pleasure, and is accompanied by his nephew. He intends to remain in this country about two months, during which time he will make a tour that he may become thoroughly acquaisted with American institutions. He is here merely as a traveller, and during his sojourn will avoid public display as much as possible. The General desires to occupy his time in acquiring a proper knowledge of the country. His title which he now travels under was bestowed for services in the Schleswig-Hoistein war. He increased his military reputation conwar. He increased his military reputation con-siderably in the Austro-Prussian war. On Tuesday the Prince was introduced to General Tuesday the Prince was introduced to General McDowell, the Command er of the Department of the East, by Mr. Loosey, Austrian Consul, and was very cordially received. An invitation was extended to him by Gen. McDowell to make an inspection of the for ifications and places of interest in New York Harbor and vicinity, and yesterday morning the distinguished guest embarked on board a Government vessel, accompanied by a number of officers, military and civil, and sailed down the bay to Governor's Island, where they landed, and were received by General Walden, commandant of the post. The party witnessed a drill by the troops, and examined the various places of interest with evident gratification, subsequently they visited the Brooklya Navy Yard, and were hospitably entertained, and at Yard, and were hospitably entertained, and at a late hour returned to the city.

The Accident on the New Haven Railroad. A despatch to the New York Evening Tele-gram, from Norwalk, Conn., dated yesierday,

The eleven o'clock up freight train on the New York and New Hampshire Rullroad last night ran off the bridge a short distance beyond the Westport, Conn., station. It appears that through some carelessness on the part of some one the draw was left open, and the engineer of the train sitting root noticing that the neer of the train, either not noticing that the signal was down or for some other reason, ran his engine off the end of the bridge. The engine, tender, and nine cars were precipitated into the river, piled together in an inextricable mass. The engineer and fireman jumped off, the latter being injured by a splinter in the abdomen, but not dangerously. A brakesman was carried down by one of the cars, but managed to free himself and swam ashore. The scene is one of disaster covine cars freight. scene is one of disaster—engine, cars, freight, and merchandise crushed into one mass of ruins. The amount of loss in the way of freight is not certainly known, but supposed to be about \$5000. A gang of wreekmen are at work clearing the bridge and surroundings from the wreek, and it will soon be in a state of repair.

Some \$53,445 so far contributed to the Baltimore sufferers.

THIRD EDITION

NEW YORK.

The Funeral of the Late Gen Charles G. Halpine.

An Earthquake Shock in Port

Rte., Mte., Mte., Mte., Mte.

Chester.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Funeral of Gen. Charles G. Halpine. Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, Aug. 8.-The funeral of General Charles G. Halpine took place here this moraing. It was expected to have been a very imposing procession, but owing to the heavy raishowers that have been prevailing here all

day many were unable to attend. The services were performed at the residence of the family, in West Forty-se enth street, after which the procession formed and marched down Fifth avenue. . The 69th Regiment, and Battery C, of the 1st Artillery, escorted the remains, Horace Greeley, James Gordon Bennett, Jr., and Mayor Hoffman were among the pall bearers.

Besides the military both branches of the Common Council and Board of Supervisors, the representatives of all the city departments, employes of the Register's office, Irish brigade officers, club of the Knights of St. Patrick, and many political clubs were present. The legal profession and the press, were also largely represented. The remains were interred at Cypress Hill cemetery.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Afternoon's Quotations. LONDON, August 8-P. M.-Consols, 98% for

money, and 94 for account; United States 5-29s, 71%; Illinois Central, 921/4; Erie, 375/4. FRANKFORT, Aug. 8-P. M.-United States

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 8-P. M .- Cotton buoyant and slightly advanced. The sales reached 18,000 bales. Middling Uplands, 9%d.; Middling Orleans, 10d. The total shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 4th inst., since last report, were 36,000 bales.

Pork quiet and steady: Lard quiet, Cheese firm. Other articles unchanged. LONDON, August 8-P. M .- Sugar quiet and steady.

ANTWERP, Aug. 8-P. M .- Petroleum, 531/2f An Earthquake Shock at Port Chester.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, Aug. 8-A shock of an earthquake was felt at Port Chester, about 2 o'clock his morning.

It was noticed by three families living in remote sections of the village. It first appeared like a very heavy body falling upon the floor overhead, and a shaking of the whole house. Almost at the same moment a loud report somewhat resembling the discharge of a large annon at a distance, was heard, followed by a rumbling noise and tramulous motion of the earth, which appeared to pass from the Northwest to Southeast. A very singular occurrence was noticed in East Chester a few weeks since.

From Massachusetts.

WORCESTER, Aug. 8.—Michael Newman, aged forty years, while attempting to get on a freight train at Webster, yesterday afternoon, fell under the wheels, crushing one of his legs, which had to be amputated. The mandled during the night.

Shi pment of Specie. NEW YORK, Aug. 8 -The City of London takes out \$1,000,000 on account of the Alaska pur-

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Angust s.—Cotton dull at 29c, Flour dull, and declined s@10c; sales of 7500 boss. State, 47 60@18-40; Ohio, \$9 20@13-55; Western, \$7 60@11; Southern, \$9 45@18; California, \$16-65@17.5. Weneat dull, and declined ic. Cora dull; sales of \$2,000 bushels at \$1'10@1'19. Oats dull at \$23@853@0, Beef quiet. Pork dull. Lard and Whisky dull.

BALTIMORE, Atg. 8.—Osttoa quiet and steady at 29c. Flour active at full prices. Wheat firm; red, \$256. Corn heavy; white, \$1'30@1'32. Oats steady at \$56. Doc. Provisions firm and uschanged.

DISASTER.

The Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday says:—About 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a gentleman residing a few yards above Capt. Leather-bury's ship-yard, discovered that the steamer Delaware, laid up opposite his residence, on account of dull times, was on fire near the stern, on the larboard side. He immediately gave the alarm, but before assistance could be rendered, and almost before the watchman on the boat could escape to shore, the whole locat was enveloped in fiames, and her total destruction unavoidable.

unavoidable.

The wind being from the west, within three unavoidable.

The wind being from the west, within three minutes the steamer Ezra Porter, lying next above the Delaware, was also burning furiously as well as the barge Sunshine, fastened to the stern of the Ezra Porter, and lying outside the Delaware. The fire then communicated to the steamer Potomac, lying above the Ezra Porter. The Potomac was cut loose, swung round, and floated down stream a short distance, still burning. When just below the Delaware, she communicated the fire to the steamer Pine Grove, swung round again, and lodged against a logway below Leatherbury's yard.

All the above steamers were so nearly destroyed that not a good timber remained in either of them when we visited the scene of conflagration a few heurs afterwards. The barge Sunshine became loose from her fastening and floated past the City Wharf and to a point near Sedamsville, where it sank. In its course it rubbed against and came near setting fire to several steamers at the City Wharf, of which most were partially loaded with freight. The tow-boat Wild Duck was cut loose and floated out of danger. Mr. John McMeen, second cierk of the Fine Grove, seeing the danger of that boat, seized an axe, jumped ashore, and attempted to cut the line of the boat, but in the excitement of the moment cut that of the steamer Bostona instead, when she floated out, and was towed to a place of safety by a Newport fairy-boat. Captain Kyle's new steamer Cheyenne was pulled a short distance farther

on, and was towed to a piace of safety by a New port fairy-boat. Captain Kyle's new steamer theyenne was pulled a short distance further no stream for safety. The side of the Wild Duck was scorched somewhat, but no serious damage done. The carpenter of the Pine Grove, Mr. George G. Fields, lived in a little boat called the Young America, lying near the Pine Grove. the Young America, lying near the Pine Grove. His boat caught fire, and all its contents were destroyed, including the tools with which he worked. All he possessed in the world was thus swept away, and that while he was directing his energies toward saving the steamer on which he was employed.

The Delaware was a sternwheel boat, built at

The Delaware was a sternwheel boat, built at Pittsburg about five years ago; was insured for \$7000 in Pittsburg offices; had a carrying capacity of about 250 tons.

The Fzra Porter was a side-wheel boat, about two years old: built at Pittaburg in October, 1866; had a carrying capacity of 550 tons; was owned by Captain J. H. and M. Porter and others. It of Pittaburg; was offered for sale last week for \$25,000,

The Potoman was a stem when the proton of the Potoman was a stem of the potoman w

offices for \$25,000.

The Potomac was a stern-wheel boat, finely furnished; was owned by Captain Muhleman, Mr. Chris. Young (the clerk), George Pepper (mate). Theo. Fink, Esq., Booth, Batelle & Co., and others; she was built in February, 1885, at a cost of \$35,000, and had a carrying capacity of \$00 tons. The Pine Grove was also a stern-wheel boat. She was built at Cincinnati in September, 1864,

at a cost of \$23 000, and was purchased by James S. Wise and others hast for the use of the Naskville Packet Company, and has proved a profitable invesiment since. Her carrying canality was about 400 tons. Her hast valuation by the agent of the underwriters was \$16,000, and she was insured in Cincinnation of the state of the underwriters was \$16,000, and she was insured in Cincinnation of the state of \$2000, and she was insured in Cincinnation of the state of \$2000; Crescent, \$2000; Magnolia, \$1500; Enterprise, \$2000. Of the \$2000 of the Crescent's risk, \$1000 was reinsured in the Eureka.

The model barge, Sunshine, was owned by Captain William A. Gregg, of the steamer Chaptain was valued at \$1800, and insured in the Queen City office in this city for \$1500.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

The New York Trioune of this morning thus speaks of yesterday's Money Market!—
"Gold opened weak, selling, at 183%, 147%, 148%, 147% 148%, closing at 147%. "The decline was caused by sales to realize by small holders, and by the vigorous hammering of the or ars, and the room was the scene of intense excite ment. The clique who hold the bulk of the gold are netsellers, and there is great dauger in beings? art as they control nearly an the acid in the size 4. The Treasury holds together nearly sixty postal and the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the years. For customs for the last six months of the year was no neceptorally but the same transport of the year was not exceptionally bed except years as no neceptor of the last six months amount to eventy millions. The requirements of the Government for interest. Including the January payment, will be about sixty-seven multions, and will leave the Treasury with about seventy millions in cold providing he does not sell any. With this answering whitever may be the needs of the commercial public the Government will have enough gold, to pay its maturing interest, and have six months interest on hand on the first of January. "Government bonds opened lower on 5-20s of '62 and '65 in sympathy with the decline in gold. The new havestment bends opened lower on 5-20s of '62 and '65 in sympathy with the decline in gold. The new havestment bends opened lower on 5-20s of '62 and conceasion of '5 per cent, but were in good request by investors who consider them cheap aven if they should be paid off in currency at maturity, which no one believes will be the case in the '62s. The bonda will run for five y At the price (109) with over a month's interest ac-

pay six per cent, interest, and relimburse his premium.

At the price (108) with over a month's interest accreed makes the price now equal to issle for the principal, they would pay elepter own, and relimburse the principal, they would pay elepter own, and relimburse the principal they would pay elepter own, and relimburse the principal they will run at six per cent, gold laterest for a much longer period. United hates carreacy se, issued to the racific Railroad, of which the principal and interest are payable in currency, are selling at .03 and interest. The five twenty bonds of 1888 in the next five years, with gold at 140, will pay 12 per cent, more interest, which would make them 115 and interest, to be equal to the currency 68, which are frequently bought and deemed not high at the above figures.

The New York Herald of this morning says:—"The shipment of specie to-morrow will, it is estimated, aggregate more than a miblion and a quarter. The sub-Treasury discursed \$50,000 during the day in payment of interest on the public cebt. The latest price for gold on the street was \$147\frac{3}{2}\$. The volume of transactions was very heavy and the attendance in the room was large, particularly during the forenoor. The borrowing demand for coin was active and loans were made without interest to eliher borrower or lender, and at rates varying from one to lour per cent. for carrying. The gooss clearings amunited to \$11.800,000, he gold balances to \$1.858,413, and the currency balances (e. \$2.377.947, "The August debt statement shows that the amount of debt, lees the cash in the Treasury has decreased \$13.283,194 since the lat of June. The debt bearing coin interest has increased about sixty-six millions, while that bearing currecy interest has neen reduced nearly a hundred and interest has neen reduced nearly a hundred and interest has neen reduced nearly a hundred and interest has neen reduced hearing and material of the Pacific railways have increased as millions. The bonds issued to sid the Pacific railways have i

laterals in amounts to suit. The banks have a large unemployed surpins on hand and the demand for more is confined almost entirely to Wall street. Commercial paper is in very limited supply, and the best grade is quoted at 5026% per cent, according to names and the length of time it has to run. The railway share market was dull and variable and the course of Erie unse tied, i's general tendency being downward and its fluctuations from 58% to 58%. In the present demoralized condition of this stock the public abould be careful neither to buy nor sell it, and the same remark applies more or less to all the speculative railway and miscellaneous shares. The disappearance of a member of the Stock Exchange, leaving a deficit of \$56,900 in his bank account has been the subject of street talk dering the day."

New York Stock Quotations-2 P.M.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT

FOR THE SALE OF

United States Revenue Stamps,

MO. 304 CHESNUT STREET.

CENTRAL DEPOT.

20. 103 SOUTH FIFTH STREET

(One door below Chesnut street).

ESTABLISHED 1862

Our stock comprises all the denominations printed by the Government, ALL ORDERS FILLED AND FORWARDED BY AIL OR EXPRESS IMMEDIATELY UPON RE

The commission is payable in stan ps. All orders, etc., should be addressed to

STAMP AGENCY; MO. 204 CHESNUT STREET,

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Orders received for Stamped Checks, Drafts, Receipts, Bill Heads, etc., and the best rates of commission allowed.

We have constantly on hand

UNITED STATES POSTAGE STAMPS OF ALL

KINDS, AND STAMPED ENVELOPES.

FOURTH EDITION WASHINGTON.

Gen. Rosecranz Preparing to Go to Mexico-Mr. Evarts Expected to Sustain Mr. Rollins,

LATER NEWS ET THE CABLES.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. General Bosecranz.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8. - Gen. W. S. Rosecranz, the new Minister to Mexico, arrived here to-day for the purpose of receiving his instructions from the State Department, prior to his departure. This morning be had an interview with the President, and afterwards visited the State Department.

Chief Justice Chase and family are absent from the city, and their mansion has been left in charge of a colored servant. Yesterday he decoyed a young colored girl into the house, and after treating her to Judge Chase's wine, violated her person. He

was arrested and held for a hearing. Attorney-General Evarts is bustly engaged in preparing a formal opinion in the Rollins' case. He expects to have it ready to lay before the President at the next Cabinet meeting on Tuesday. There is good reason to believe that he will decide that Mr. Rollins' letter does not amount to a resignation.

FROM CHINA.

Frenchmen Murdered by the Rebels. By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 8 .- Late telegrams received from Shanghae, bring the following intelligence: -A French trading station near the frontier line of Cochin China, was attacked on June 16, last, by a band of Anan Rebels. The post contained twenty-five men all told, who made a gallant resistance, but after a desperate fight were overpowdered and murdered. A strong French force was subsequently sent against the band on June 21, and after a sharp fight the French succeeded in capturing the position, and dispersing the Rebels.

THE HAVANA MARKETS.

To-Day's Quotations.

By Cuba Cable. HAVANA. August 8-The following are the quotations of merchandise for the week ending to-day:-Sugar weak at 7@8 reals for Nos. 10

to 12, and 8%@10 for Nos. 15 to 20; Muscovadoes inoperative. Molasses, 5@51/4 for clayed, and 6 for common. Lard, 19@191/4c. Hams, 17c. for saited, and 21 for sugar-cured. Lumber, 2114@22 for white pine; 26 for pitch pine; shooks, \$6@ 6-50 per box, hoops, 50c. per thousand for longshaved, and 30c, for short,

Exchange on London, 10%@11%; on United States, currency, 32@321/4. Gold, long sight, par @36; short sight, 1@156 per cent. premium.

The Weather in New York. New York, Aug. 8. - 2 P. M. - A sharp thunder

storm from the east has lust occurred here The wind shifted to the west and drove the shower back. The lightning has been very sharp and the rain fell in torrents.

Ship News.

FATHER POINT, Aug. 8 .- The steamers Thomas and St. George, from Liverpool for Quebec, arrived to-day.

Boston, Aug. 8.-The ship Expounder, ashore at Wellfleet, will probably be saved, with her

Shipment of Specie. NEW YORK, August 8 .- The total specie ship-

ment to-day was \$1,523.460. New York Stock Quotations, 3 P. M.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- Thomas Jones, Edward Cassiday, and Mary Jones were charged with larceny, before Alderman Beitler, this afternoon, at the Central Station. Detective Stevens testified that this morning he met the accused on Second street, and arrested them; on them be found several pawn tickets, and in the satchel of the woman a wool-

lev shirt, which was identified by Chas. Campbell, clothier, No. 331 S. Second street, as having been stolen by the prisoners in the morning; she also had on a petticoat on the inside of which was an ummense pocket. Culef Lamon testified that on the arrest of the people he took a key from the woman and went to the residence of the people, in Filbert street, below Eighth, and found a trunk filled with pieces of cloth, dry goods, bundles of stockings,

ready-made clothing and shoes. The prisoners were committed for a further hearing on Wednesday next. Chadwick Davis, colored, was charged with stealing two pieces of cloth from the store of Mr. A. E. Crawford, on the corner of Eighth and Spruce streets The prisoner admitted having stolen the property. Committed for

MORTALITY OF THE CITY.-The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to day was 41?, being an increase of 82 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these 152 were adults; 273 were minors; males, 224; fewere adults; 273 were minors; maies, 224; females, 201; boys, 151; girls, 122. Of the number
337 were born in the United States, 79 were
foreign, 9 were unknown, 20 were people of
color, and 13 from the-country. Congestion of
the brain is credited with 9, ct olera infantum
112, consumption of the lungs 41, convulsions
23, diarrhes 15, dysentery 9, inflammation of
the brain 11, marasmus 19.

the brain 11, marasmus 19.

The deaths in the various Wards were as follows:—First, 25; Second, 24; Third, 9; Fourth, 14; Fifth, 10; Sixth, 13; Seventh, 32; Eighth, 13; Ninth, 7; Tenth, 12; Eleventh, 12; Twelfth, 17; Thirteenth, 9; Fourteenth, 14; Fitteenth, 24; Sixteenth, 10; Seventeenth, 10; Eighteeuth, 13; Nineteenth, 24; Twentieth, 26; Twenty-first, 7; Twenty-second, 14; Twenty-third, 10; Twenty-fourth, 8; Twenty-fifth, 10; Twenty-sixth, 24; Twenty seventh, 16; Twenty-eighth, 5. the brain 11, marasmus 19, Twenty seventh, 16; Twenty-eighth, 6.

-A political count of the Boston Corn Exchange has been made with the following re-sult:—Of 247 members, 193 favor the election of Grant, 33 Seymour, 15 are doubtful, three would not vote, and four were not in town. Now we shall hear the Democrats talk about the "Puritanical fanaticism of Massachusetts." -Dickens may have had Horatio Seymour in

his eye when he wrote Dombey and Son. is sly, sir; devilish sly,"