#### HEROISM.

# Burglars are Foiled by a Woman, and One is Snot.

The Davenport (Iowa) Gazette, of July 28, says

A brave German lady in this city gave a bur-—A brave German lady in this city gave a burglar, who was prowiing about her premises between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a laste of lead hot from a revolver, and injured him badly, if, indeed, she did not mortally wound him.

The lady alluded to is Mrs. H. Restoriff, who resides on Harrison street, between Seventh and Eighth. The circumstances were as follows:

Mr. Restoriff carries on a cooperage business.
On Saturday he received \$200 from parties who
were owing him, and in the evening he started
for Chicago, his wife accompanying him to the
depot. During her absence her children, two
boys and two girls, went to a neighbor's. On depot. During her absence her children, two boys and two girls, went to a neighbor's. On her return she lound plenty of evidence that somebody had been in her house, rummaging the drawers and displacing things generally. On Sunday she borrowed a revolver of a friend, determined to give the prowling gentry the benefits of its contents, should they disturb her again. There was no sleep for her Sunday night. After the clock had struck one, her wakefulness was rewarded by hearing the sounc of attempts to open a window again. With firm nerves and brave determination, she re solved upon shooting the burgiar, and laid a nice plan to carry her resolution into effect. She aroused one of her daughters, a wiss in her teens, and told her to go down to the front door teens, and told her to go down to the front door and fumble with the knob and key, as if she and fumble with the knob and key, as if she were trying to open it, the noise being designed to attract the burglar's attention. The child did so, with what feeling of dread no one can describe. The mother then went to a raised window, noiselessly rolled up the curtain, and with revolver in hand, looked out. There, right under the window, she saw the crouching form nof a man. He had a revolver is one hand, which seemed to be pointed towards the door where the child was. Mrs. R. took a deliberate aim at him and fired. The man rolled over like a log, and seemed motionless for a minute. The a log, and seemed motionless for a minute. The woman, overcome with the reaction that en-sued, almost swooned away. She went to the stairway and called her daughter back. Then she peered out of the window, but the burglar was gone. She closed the window, and did not dare to go near it or to leave her room again.

In the morning, after hours of darkness and

wretched anxiety, she went out to where the burglar was stooping, when she shot him. A couple of pieces of board were there, with large clots of blood upon them. The soil about the place for some distance was covered with loose sand, upon which no blood could be seen. The blood upon the board is all that can be found, but it is proof enough that the burglar was wounded in some part of his body, and man-aged to prevent the blood from betraying his line of retreat.

#### VALLANDIGHAM.

# What He Thinks of General Grant and

The Democrats of the city of Dayton, Onio, mustered in full force on the evening of the 28th ult., in Becket Hall, the occasion being the presence of the Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, who spoke upon the political issues of the day. In the course of his speech he said:—

I have no word of personal denunciation for the Republican candidates. I would not detract one jot or tittle from the fullest measure of military glory to which General Grant may be justly entitled. I have not a syllable to utter as to his personal habits. I care not what his name is or may have been by baptism or usage. I know Ulysses S. Grant only as the candidate of the revolutionary Republican party, and as the representative of its principles, its policies, and its purposes. We are not choosing the ring master of a circus, nor the magister of a feast, nor the keeper of the royal horses or heunds, nor even the Commanding-General of our armies to wage war; but the Chief Executive officer of a great Republic, to restore peace and prosperity through the arts of statesmansule; and I know Ulysses S. Grant only as the symbol of negro the Republican candidates. I would not de-Ulyssee S. Grant only as the symbol of negro supremacy, debt, hard times, high prices, low wager, gold without taxation for the bondwages, gold without taxation for the bondholder, rags and taxes for the people, and an
imperial military despotism, instead of the
simple but beneficent Federal Republic of our
fathers. Beyond these General Grant represents nothing except the cold lava of the burntout voicano of civil war. You hear from
every quarter, through the Republican press,
the alarm that it is the purpose of the the alarm that it is the purpose of the Democratic party to lunguisate revolution and civil war. Let no man be in the least concerned. Unquestionably, it is the fixed purpose of 3,000,000 of Democratic voters, with all the intensity which can fire the hearts of men to die slaves, il shall fairly, constitutionally and legally elect a President, to see that he is inaugurated at every bazard. It is our right and our duty, too; as also it is the duly and right of the Republican party, if they shall legally, constitutionally, and fairly elect General Grant. But no man meditates or only or covertly, anything beyond. No, gentlemen, it is the Republican leaders who are the revolutionists. It is they who resolved by all means and at every sacrifice of the rights of the States, the iberties of the people, and the peace of the country, to perpetuate their power would again plunge us into both civil and social war with all its horrors. But to the ballot and not to the builet, we now appeal. The people are wearied of the Republican party, and of its wrongs and its perfidies, of its debts and its tariffs and its taxations, of its negro governments and its military despotisms, of a concred Constitution and a broken Union which four years of war and three years of peace under its conduct and legislation have failed to restore; and they demand and will

# Vital Statistics of the British Navy.

The statistical report of the health of the British Navy just issued gives a very favorable view of the sanitary condition of the force affoat in 1865. The total force was 52,210 men; the cases on the sick list numbered 69.315, which is in the proportion of 1368 per 1000 of mean force, being slightly below the ratio of the previous year. The total number invalided was 1687, or 32 9 per 1000, a reduction as compared with the previous year of 25 per 1009, Of those invalided 181 were for wounds with the previous year of 25 per 1009.
Of those invalided 181 were for wounds and injuries. There were 580 deaths, si6 being the result of disease, and 16i of wounds, Injuries, and drowning. The total death rate was 11°3 per 1000 of mean fire, which is a reduction, as compared with the preceding year, of 27 per 1000. The mortality from disease alone was 8°1 per 1000. The lowest sick rate was on the Mediterranean station, 33°4, and the highest on the China station, 80°4. On the west coast of Africa yellow fever was epidemic, and coast of Africa yellow fever was epidemic, and in China small-pox prevailed in the squ dron at Japan. At the former station fever increased

the mortality to the extent of 284 per 1000. Cholera appeared in the Mediterranean, and occasioned great mortality among the civil and military population of Malta.

The loss annually sustained by the navy from smallpox has caused Dr. Mackay to suggest the propriety of considering whether it may not be advised by the reproductive and provided the considering whether the may not be advised by the reproductive and provided the considering whether the may not be advised by the reproductive and provided the considering whether the may not be advised by the considering and the considering advisable to introduce a system of periodical re-vaccination into the service. The death-rate on the home station from disease was 58 per 1000, and from violence 13; on the Mediterranean station, from disease 62, from violence 2; North America and the West Indies, from disease 77, from violence 38; Southeast coast of America. from violence 3 8; Southeast coast of America from disease 7.8, from violence 3.8; Pacific, from disease 3.8, from violence 3.8; West Coast of Africa, from disease 38.2, from violence 10; Cape of Good Hope and East Indies, from disease 94, from violence 55; China, from disease 177, from violence 55; Australia, from disease 44, from violence 62; and in the irregular force, from disease 25, from violence 44.

Rebel Rams Converted into Ice Drogers. A few days ago we noticed the arrival of the late Rebel ram Columbia, from the Kennebec, in tow of the steamer Jersey Blue, laden with ice. We have now to announce that the Jersey Blue, Captain Cummiskey, sailed hence iast evening for Fortress Monroe, to tow thence to evening for Fortress Monroe, to tow thence to the Kennebec another Rebei ram, the Texas, which will be there laden with ice, and towed to this port. The Texas, when captured at Richmond, was ready for piating with iron, and in this unfinished condition was sold by the Government. She is 236 feet long, 35 feet wide, 12 deep, and is very strong. These two vessels will be towed alternately between this port and the Kennebec, laden with ice, on account of Messrs, B. S. Wright & Co., of this city, who own them, and who are how actively angaged in developing the ice trade. They can bring ice much cheaper and in better condition on board of their vessels, than it could be transported by Tairoad. The late Rebei ram Columbia is also a new yessel. She was built at the expense of a new vessel. She was built at the expense of the ladies of South Carolina, who intended her as a present to the Rebel Government. What

s change! Here are two war like vessels which were originally designed to sink, burn, or de-stroy Yankees ships, now used by the Yankees as ice drogers, and some of the ice transported

as ice drogers, and some of the ice transported in them will probably be sent to cool the sto-machs of those who produced them. After this

peaceful exhibition we may take courage and hope that the good time predicted by Isaiah is not lar off—the time when people "shall beat their swords into plougbshares, and their spears into pruning hooks; nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more."—Boston Journal.

### SPAIN.

Espartere, the Duke of Vittoria, Again in Power.

The cable this morning announces that Espartero, the distinguished liberal statesman, has been summoned to form a new Cabinet, and has gene to Madrid for that purpose.

It is now eleven years since Jōaquin Baldomero Espartero, Duke of Vittoria, retired from public life, in consequence of one of those changes which have been so common in Spain during this century. All believed then that he had retired finally from the arena of politics, but as will be seen he has again been called on but as will be seen he has again been called on to preserve a tottering throne, which he more than any other has helped to erect, and has before now preserved by the firmness of his policy. Born early in 1702, his career has been that of a soldier of fortune—as adventurous and as varied as that of Napoleon In early life, of a delicate physique, unable blow the trade of his father, a carpenter in the village of Granatula, the future general and Regent of Spain was educated at Almagro for the church. In 1808, yielding to an inclination of patriotism and a desire for a life of adventure of patriotism and a desire for a life of adventure he enlisted as a private in one of the guerilla regiments raised to fight the French. Afterwards he had the advantage of education in a military school, from which at the age of twenty-three he received the commission of sub-lieutenant. Still fond of adventure he joined Morillo in his South American campaign. Having served with much success he was sent back to Spain in 1824 on a semi-diplomatic mission. Returning to South America he found Bolivar triumphant, and a prison awaiting him. Thence he escaped to Madrid, where, with a fortune of £8000 acquired by gambling, he found little difficulty in gaining the hand of an accomplished, peautiful, and hand of an accomplished, peautiful, and wealthy woman. The death of Ferdinand, in 1833, involving the question of succession to the throne, produced universal confusion. Don Carlos claimed the crown under the Salte law. Maria Christina muintained the right of her daughter Isabelia. To the latter party Espartero lent the powerful assistance of his sword and iron will. He strongly advocated the regency of the Queen mother. In the desperate struggle that ensued between the Carlists and Christinos he heid distinguished positions with varying success. Eventually having defeated the gal-lant Zumallacarregul and the ablest Carlist Heutenants, he restored Isabells to her throne in 1840. Don Carlos in the meantime retiring to France. Internecine war had ceased, but peace was not restored Political divisions still prevalled, and in subserving these to his purpose, Espartero showed the same indomitable courage and wonderful power which he exercised in the field. In October, 1840, the Queen mother resigning her regency, its duties were assumed by Espartero. Insurrections under O'Donnell

by Espartero. Insurrections under O'Donnell and other chiefs were temporarily suppressed, but in 1843 the majority of Isabelia having been declared by the Junta of Barcelona he was deposed. He fied to England, leaving an open field to his successful rival, Narvaez.

There he resided until created a Spanish Senator and recalled in 1847. Politically he was inert until 1854, when on the retirement of Christina and Narvaez from the country he again was placed in charge of the Supreme Council. To strengthen his government he called to a participation in its cares his old protege and subsequent rival Marshal O'Donnel, but was unsuccessful in preserving his power. After a short-lived and unsuccessful tenure, he retired into private life, resigning tenure, he retired into private life, resigning his Senatorship in 1857. Whether at the age of seventy-six the skill and strength which undoubtedly were his characteristics, still remain to carry him through the stormy career on which he has again entered, the coming six months will amply show.

#### The End of a Notorious Danseuse.

The tug-boat Valid left the Clay street wharf, outsville, Ky., on Wednesday night, with an excursion party, composed mainly of the inmates of up town bagnios. On the return of the Valid, she landed at the foot of Ciay street, as about 4 o'clock A. M., and the night's carousing wound up by the drowning of a young girl named Flora Read, late of the Academy of Music, where she was known on the programme as Millie Flora. Recently she took up her abode at the house of Jennie Laws, at which place she held forth up to the fatal occurrence.

From the evidence elicited before the Coroner's jury, it appears that Flora had been drinking to excess during the night, and was intoxicated. As the boat was nearing wharf, having a covered barge in tow dancing, she attempted to jump from it to the boat, and fell between the two, sinking to rise no more. She was following some man, abus-ing him, and she was launched into eternity with a dreadful oath escaping her lips. She was small in stature, and about eighteen years old. She had led a very dissipated life for several years past, and had fallen to the very lowest depths of depravity and vice. The river at the foot of Clay street was dragged, and the body was recovered. It is due to the keeper of body was recovered. It is due to the keeper of the house at which she was boarding—Jennie Laws—to state that the remains of the unfortunate were taken in charge by her and given decent sepulture. Coroner Moore held an inquest, and the jury rendered a verdict of "accidental drowning."

#### Prospects of an International Aquatic Match.

EDITOR OF BELL'S LIFE, LONDON, ENGLAND:— The Ward brothers, desirous of testing the relative merits of the caremanship of Great Britain and the United States, will make a match with any four men for \$5000 a side. Distance five or six miles straight away. The race to be rowed in either country, on waters to be mutually agreed upon. We will give \$1000 to any crew willing to visit the United States, for expenses, or will take that amount and row in England. Communications by steamer or telegraph addressed to care of editor New York Herald will receive immediate attention.

JOSH, WARD, HENRY WARD CHARLES WARD, GILBERT WARD,

New York, July 27, 1868.

# CITY INTELLIGENCE.

FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

Fires .- This morning at 2 o'clock a slight fire occurred at a stable in the rear of Stanley street, above Third. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

At 4 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was caused by the burning of a portion of Applegate's photographic building, No. 704 Arch street. The operating room, the skylight, and a portion of the roof were destroyed. The remainder of the structure suffered from water. The lower floor was occupied by John Bowman, a dealer in silver ware. His loss, which is light, is by water. At 8 o'clock the fire in the rums rekindled, but the firemen prevented any further destruction of property.

Mr. Applegate has an insurance of \$1500. which will hardly cover the loss. It is impossible to estimate the loss of Mr. Bowman, but his insurance, \$13,500, will be amply sufficient to cover it. The building is insured for \$10,000 in the Fire Association and the Franklin.

A stationery store, at No. 322 S. Third street occupied by Mrs. Ogden, was slightly damaged by fire at 10 o'clock this morning. Ecrecant Broomall put it out by a patent fire-extinguisher.

THE RESULT OF DRUNKENNESS. - Thomas Harvey, yesterday, while working at a beer brewery on the Schuylkill, imbibed pretty freely of lager, and became intoxicated. During this state of inebriation he appropriated a number of revenue stamps to his own use. He was subsequently arrested, and held for a further hearing by Aiderman Hood.

Assaulting an Officer .- Policeman Scranton, of the Fourth District, yesterday arrested John Fitzpatrick, at Second and Market streets, for being drunk and disorderly. On the way to the Station-House the accused assaulted the official. Recorder Given com-

mitted him in default of \$1000 bail. A HAUL OF YOURS .- The police of the Fifth District, last night, took into custody a number of lads while sleeping in the alleys in the vicinity of Ninth and Walnut streets. Alderman Swift

sent them all to prison. THE DOG-CATCHERS .- The dog-catchers during the week have captured 168 cauines, of which but 27 were redeemed, the remainder being slaughtered.

THE PROPERTY OF THE LATE JOSEPH ANDRADE. The tollowing inventory of the estate of the late Joseph Andrade will doubtless interest our

readers:-246 shares Camé en and Amboy B. R. Co.....
126 shares Muchill B. R. Co.....
200 shares Buffalo Water Works......
156 shares Oswege Gas Works......
27 shares Parnsylvania R. R. Co......
100 shares Germantown Gas Co...... \$10 000 bonds Pennsylvania Rallroad Co. (first \$10,600 bonds Chesapeake and Delawars Canal
Co.
\$15,000 bends Sehuyikili Navigation Co. (Second
mortgage).
\$10,000 bends Philadelphia and Shubury Railroad
Co. 7 per cent. (first mortgage).
\$10,000 bonds Sunbury and Eric Railroad Co.
(first mortgage).
\$60 a bonds Pennsylvania Sait Manufacturing
Co. payable May 1, 1880.
\$10,000 bonds Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad
Co. 7 per cent. All gheny Co.
\$10,000 bonds Chisaburg Fort Wayne. and Chicago Railroad Co. 7 per cent. (first mortgage),
\$2800 bonds city of St. Lou s.6 per cent.
\$2800 bonds city of Channani 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds city of Channani 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds city of Channani 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds city of Philadelphia, 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds City of Philadelphia, 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds City of Philadelphia, 6 per cent.
\$20,000 bonds Channani 6 per cent. 0,200 

\$70.000 Less five per cent ..... 5,001 John Tiert & Co., due September 19, 1868... 2,006 Davis, McKean & Co., due Sept. 25, 1868.... 5,862 MONIES ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST. | MONIES ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST. | P. McBride & Co. | \$12.008 |
John Gibson, Son & Co.	\$6.000		
Cambioss & Co.	\$6.000		
E. W. Clark & Co.	12.006		
John Mason & Co.	\$6.000		
E. C. Knight & Co.	12.000		
E. C. Knight & Co.	12.000		
E. C. Knight & Co.	12.000		
Co.	Co.	Co.	12.000
Co.	Co.	Co.	12.000
Co.	Co.	Co.	12.000
Co.			
Co.	Co Balance in Commercial National Bank... \$5,783		
Balance in Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank ... 2 094
Bank notes and currency found in drawers 120
\$1886 in gold sold for 2,792
\$31 in sliver sold for 39 Claim against United States for amount... Gold watch. Breas pin.... Turniture in chamber and office....

THE THERMOMETER .- The following table exhibits the state of the thermometer for the past month as compared with the corresponding period of last year:-

674

DATES.	6 A. M.	12 M.	8P. M.	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.
Louise	78	84	87	76	89	90
2	77	91	94	74	88	86
3	79	91	94	77	90	92
4	80	91	94	78	90	92
5	80	94	96	80	91	83
6	PM.(1)	88	89	71	84	89
7	76	87	91	76	87	89
8	76	87	89	75	76	81
9,	PRICE.	88	88	69	78	82
10	73	82	82	66	76	79
11	72	85	87	73	82	84
12	79	91	95	75	82	82
13	85	95	98	68	76	77
12		96	97	69	75	79
10mmm	O.	0.8	0.0	66	78	79
16	86	95	96	68	77	70
16	7.8	87	90	68	77	80
18	75	86	91	66	77	60
19	. 78	90	94	64	71	75
20	. 79	87	87	65	72	74
21	. 75	83	77	70	82	78
66,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. 40	85	88	70	84	85
23	76	85	88	70	85	87
63.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.73	79	79	71	87	89
25	. 72	83	86	75	90	93
26,		81	83	76	81	79
27	49 ET	77	72	78	88	89
28,	PV/S	82	84	27	89	92
29	#1	85	87	79	72	77
30	2010	86	88	68	75	78
31,,,,,,,	・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	86	85	- 70	81	80

BUILDING PERMITS .- The following table exhibits the number of building permits issued during the mouth of July just passed, as compared with the corresponding month in 1867:-

Dwellings:- 1868 1867 Sheds

TO AA CHATTAIRE			ETHORIS	- 3	- 0
Four-story	13	2	Shops		- 13
Three-story ?	282	191	School-houses	1	- 3
Two-story		85	Slaughter-	- 177	
	-		houses	1	- 13
Total Dwellings,	177	278	Stables	16	- 3
Bakehouse			Stores,	10	- 9
Barn	***		Spires	***	- 13
Churches and			Station-House		- 13
chapels.,	1	- 2	Tavern		- 6
Distilleries	***	- 8	Warehouses	3	- 23
Factories	1	10	100 M 100 - 100 - 100 O MILE		- 17
Founderles	2	2	Total	534	34
Greenhouse	1	***	Additions and		
Halls	2	***	alterations		14
	1	***			-
Laundry	1	***	Grand Totals	652	48
	4	8	3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	-	3.1
Hotel Laundry	1 1 4	***	Grand Totals	_	48

Police Statistics .- The police arrests during the month of July were as follows:-

7775-7011				1 84 4 4 4		A 19 W			
Dist.	11				Dist.				
1	*			162	14	0.0		*	54
2		*	*	214	15	*	4		4.6
3					16				166
4	*	×	*	170	17			*	292
5				232	18			*	186
6				99	Reserv	7 C		*	138
7				138	Day Se	rgt.	*		22
8				111	Park				46
9				176	Harbo	r	ž.,		43
10				192	Chesn	ut H	111		17
11		*		112	Begga	r	*		48
12	*			181					
3.75		-		55	Tota	I STIP	PRES	1.6	3419

A STRIKER IN TROUBLE .- Thomas Goldin is a brickmaker, and while working in a yard at Fisher's avenue and Market street, struck for higher wages. In the same place was a negro who being requested to join it, refused. Goldin it is alleged, then struck the negro with a shovel inflicting quite a serious wound. The accused was taken into custody, and having been given a hearing before Alderman Maule, was sent below to await trial.

Cononer's Inquest,-Coroner Daniels last evening held an inquest on the body of Samuel Webb, the fireman on the Pennsylvania Radroad who was killed by a bridge. It was ascertained that at the time of the accident the deceased was standing on the head-light, cleaning the smoke-stack, and being struck by the bridge was knocked into the funnel. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

RECORDER'S CASE .- Thomas Chew arraigned before Recorder Given, charged with an assault and battery on Daniel Redman, at Arch street wharf. They are both colored men, aged about sixty years. They had an altereation on the wharf, and Chew alteres Redman struck him, whereupon he proceeded to thrash him. He was held in \$500 bail to answer.

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN,-This morning Anthony Hongler, a well-known and wealthy citizen of the Eleventh Ward, was found dead in bed at his residence, No. 612 St. John street. The deceased has been engaged in the coppersmithing business for many years

ANOTHER ARREST,-Charles Harper alias "Slippery," has been arrested on the charge of being implicated in the robbery of the house of Farley, No. 1630 Arch street. Alderman Jones has held him for a further hearing.

DROWNED MAN .- The body of an unknown white man was found in the Delaware at Coates street wharf this morning. Coroner Daniels was notified to hold an inquest.

-Squatter rights again agitate San Fran-

# THIRD EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH,

Advices from Europe.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

# THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Afternoon's Quotatious. By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, August 1-P. M .- Consols closed at 948a941 for both money and account. American securities closed dull; 5-20's, 72; Illinois Central, 941; Erie, 438; Atlantic and Great Western, 421.

LIVERPOOL, August 1-P. M.-Cotton closed steady but unchanged. Breadstuffs unchanged. Lard firm at 65s. 3d. Cheese firm at 57s. 6d' Naval stores firm; common Rosin, 6s. 3d; fine Rosin, 13s. 6d.; Turpentine, 27s. Other arti-

cles unchanged. LONDON, August 1-P. M .- Sugar firm. Sperm Oil, 93s. on the spot, and 94s. to arrive.

Other articles unchanged. Southampton, August 1 .- The steamship Bornssia arrived at 10.30 this morning.

### Latest Markets by Telegraph.

New York, August 1.—Cotton firmer at 20@30\c. Flour advanced 5@10c; sales of 2000 boss State, \$7@10; Ohio, \$5.90@13; Western, \$7@13.26; Southern firmer; sales of \$550 bbls. at \$10.00 bushels Ro. 2 at \$1.90; No. 1 choice at \$2.82; White Michigan at \$2.70. Corn heavy; sales of 75,000 bushels at \$1.00@1.72. Oats declining; sales of 28.000 bushels at \$1.00@1.72. Oats declining; sales of 28.000 bushels at \$1.00@1.72. Oats declining; sales of \$1.00.00 bushels at \$1.00.00 bushels at

Whisev firm and scarce at ouc.

Baltimone. Ang. 1.—Cetton firm. Middlings, 30.
Flour very firm and active. There is very little or no stock, and if there was any in market it would erobably bring higher rajes. The Grain market is firm at yesterday's quotations. Mess Pork firm at \$33.
Bacon, rib sides, 17; clear sides 1734@1734c.; shoulders, 144@1434; Hams, 21 @22. Lard quiet at 18@1834c.

New York Stock Quotations-2 P.M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street:— Mich. S.and N. L. R. 8854 Cle. and Pitt, R. 8854 Chi. and N. W. com. 8254 Chi. and N. W. pref. 8254 Pitts. F. W. and Chi. R. R. M. 11054

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, AUG. 1 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street

\$500 Pa 6s, 1 series104 \$100 do16234		Leh Nav 22
\$500 City &, New10334		Leh V R. 55%, 55% Penns Rrec., 52%
\$5000 West Pa R bds 82	80	do
\$1500 Bel Del 2 m bs 88	50	doc.rec. 5814
50 sh Cent Nat Bk121	100	do 845 62%
100 sh Big Mt b60. 5%	100	do
100 sh Reading 47'44	25 52	dorec. 5214
200 dob5∫_47'44		do945 5254
200 sh Cata Pfbeu. 83%	20	doc.rec 52/2

# \$100,000 LIBEL SUIT.

Secretary Rodman vs. the Missouri Republicam.

The Democrat has had more than its share of are taking their turn. The Dispatch was sued the other day for stating that a man stole a quantity of pig lead, and yesterday. July 30, a petition was filed in the Circuit Court by Francis Rodman, Secretary of State, against the Republican. The following is an extract of

State of Missouri, county of St. Louis. Francis Rodman, plaintiff, vs. George Knapp, John Knapp, and Henry G. Paschail, defendants.

The plaintiff states that the defendants are and we e at the time hereinafter mentioned. engaged in the publication, and are and were then the managing directors of a daily news-paper printed and published in the city "of St. Louis, in the county aforesaid, styled the Daily Missouri Republican," that said newspaper has a large circulation throughout the State of Missouri and the adjoining States; that on the 19th day of July, 1868, the defendants and their agents and servants did falsely, wickedly, and maliciously compose and publish, and cause and procure to be composed and published in said "Daily Missouri Republican" of the date aforesaid, a certain false, scandalous, malicious defendants and albeits and albeit defamatory, and libelous article of and concerning the said plaintiff, as follows, to wit:—
"A short time since the Presbyterian congre-

Substitute since the Freedy Francis and congregation at Jefferson City held their Sacramental Substitution of the Lord's Suprer took place. Subsequently, as we are credibly informed, one Francis Rodman, [meaning the plaintiff] now Secretary of State, (and the radical nomines for re-election to that office,) and a caballot his followers in Lefferson City. and a cabal of his followers in Jefferson City, were on a big drunk in that city. During their orgies the party [meaning the plaintiff and others] went through the mock ceremony of partsking of the Holy Sacrament in a public saloon, this Rodman [meaning the plaintiff] performing the ministerial functions on that occasion, the emblems being lager beer and

Whereby the defendants, with the intent to in ure and defame the plaintiff, did falsely and maliciously accuse him of impious and sacrilegious conduct, which accusation is wholly false, malicious, and untrue, to the great damage of the plaintiff, to wit, in the sum of \$50,000, for which sum, with the costs, etc., he prays

indgment.

The second count in the complaint recites the same articles, and it is alleged that the plaintin is injured as a public officei and as a candidate for re-election, and prays judgment in the additional sum of \$50,000. Harding & Crane, and Decker & Krum are attorneys for plain-

# King Theodore's Prime Minister.

A Paris letter says:—"A piece of news, for which I do not make myself responsible, but which I extract from the Nord, is the arrival in Paris of the Prime Minister of Theodore, a French gentleman who visited Abyssinia for commercial purposes, and whose intelligence attracted the King's notice, who enlisted him in his service. His fate, however, resembled that of the chief baker in Pharsoh's household. No sooner had he found favor in the African monarch's household than the latter felt a strong in a climation to take off his head and ham him on a clination to take off his head and hang him on a tree. As a preparatory move, he cast him into a dungeon and loaded him with chains. A few days before the landing of the English expedition it struck the fancy of Theodore to send for his former favorite, reappoint him Premier, put on him a royal robe, and present him with several wives (I translate). Contrary to European precedent, this First Lord of the Treasury fought by the side of his sovereign, whom he declares to have been killed in action by English soldiers. Furthermore, this personage, who ought to be well up in the Theodorian dynasty, asserts that the King had an elder son, who is yet alive, and who, during the siege, fought at the head of a tribe against his father's adversa-ries. The *Nord* is usually well informed, and states the above as authentic, but does not give the name of the gentleman."

-Sacramento is amused by a "one-legged Hercules-probably the original of the remark, ex pede Herculem.

FINE STATIONERY, CABD ENGRAVING and Card Plate Printing in every variety, DREKA.

DEAFNESS.—EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT science and skill have invented to assist the bearing in every degree of deafness; also, Respirators; also, Crandall's Patent Crutches, superior to any others in use, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 118 S, TENTE Street, below Cheanut. \$8505

\$15,000, \$10,000, AND \$4000 TO IN-7 81 84\*

\$10,000, AND \$4000 TO IN-

### THE MARKETS.

The following are the latest quotations for the

ASHES-DUTY: 236 B ct. Sissal, gold Manilla, & b. 

Java, wir e, phg d. 22 | Jamaica | Java | Jamaica | Java | Jamaica | Java | Jav

mington..... 3 25 a3 50 Tar, 5 bbi NC 3 25 a3 50 Pitch........... 3 50 Resin-com. old 2 70 a 2 75 c. gold ....... 2'35 a 25 S. Lead, W. gd a 25 

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Almonds Sicily 19 of the Part \*\* North\*\* D 150 a 400

\*\* Southern 140 a 210

\*\* Western 100 a 300
OtterNo'tbpces 00 a 700

\*\* Western 300 a 500
Red Fox N'th-75 a 150
Raccoon Sth-10 a-48

\*\* North --50 a 100
Mink North 30 a 800
Mink North 30 a 800
Marten N'th 800 a300
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FOURTH EDITION

# FROM THE CAPITAL.

Extension of a Paper Patent.

Denial of a Malicious Report by Grant's Brother.

Ete., Ete., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

LATER FROM WASHINGTON.

The Extension of a Paper Patent.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- The patent of A. C. Mellier for making paper from wood and straw has been extended for seven years from August 7, 1868, by the Commissioner of Patents. This is the patent that has caused so much litigation among the various paper-makers throughout the country.

#### FROM CONNECTICUT.

# An Infamous Faisshood Natled.

HARTFORD, August 1 .- A few days ago the Hartford Times professed authority to announce that Orville L. Grant, brother of General Grant, had declared his intention to vote for Seymour and Blair. The Evening Post of this city publishes to-day extracts from a letter of O. L. Grant, pronouncing the statement false in every particular. Mr. Grant says he is strong in the Republican faith, always has been, and always intends to be.

#### Political.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- The Republican National Executive Committee, and Republican State Central Committee, are now in session. The Republican soldiers' and sailors' organization sits at the Astor House. The latter two organized yesterday, but nothing of consequence was done. They will all complete their work by the close of next week.

New York Stock Quotations-3 P. M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street. 

MORTALITY OF THE CITY.-The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to day were 405, being an increase of 49 over the corresponding period of last year. Of these, 126 were adults, 279 were minors; males, 205; temales, 200; boys, 146; girls, 133. Of the number, 323 were born in the United States, 69 were foreign, 13 were unknown, 22 were people of color, and 19 from the country. Congestion of the brain is credited with 12, cholera infantum 92, consumption of the lungs 26, convulsions 24, duarrhea 12, dysentery 11, inflammation of the brain 10, marasmus 23.

The deaths in the various wards were as fol-

lows: -1st, 13; 2d, 23; 3d, 11; 4th, 22; 5th, 11; 6th, 9; 7th, 25; 8th, 12; 9th, 11; 10th, 8; 11th, 7; 12th, 7; 13th, 9; 14th, 8; 15th, 18; 16th, 13; 17th, 21; 18th, 11; 19th, 23; 20th, 36; 21st, 9; 22d, 13; 23d, 24; 24th, 25; 25th, 26; 21st, 9; 22d, 13; 23d, 9; 24th, 11; 25th, 8; 26th, 12; 27th, 22;

HEARING AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- James Margaret Ackernite testified that the prisoner entered her house, No. 1340 Wood street, last evening, and went to her room, opened her bureau drawer, and took about \$500 out, and Held in \$1500 batt for a further hearing on Monday. William Payne, living at No. 1109 Rose street,

was charged with stealing from a house on fire. Chief McCusker testified that this morning, when he came down from the roof of the house that was burned on Arch street, above Seventh, he found the boy rifling a trunk. Held in \$600

-Dr. H. R. Linderman, Director of the Mint, furnishes the following statement of Deposits and Coinage at the Mint during the month of

Gold Deposits. Silver Deposits and Purchases.. 15,208.90 Total Deposits .. \$168,481.91 COINAGE EXECUTED. GOLD. Value. 8,594 96 Denomination. No. of Pleass. Fine Bars..... SILVER. Dollars 21,400 61,800 \$21,400.00 Haif Dollars..... Quarter Dollars. 30,900·00 25·00 4,310·00 5·00 8·00 805·66 100 43,190 100 100 Half Dimes Three Cent Pieces .... Fine Bars... 126,604 \$56,848-06 BICKEL. ....2 544,000 \$127,200-08 3,900-00 Five cent pieces. Three cent pleces .... \$2,674.000 Total. \$131,100.00 BRONZE. .....1,042,500 \$10,425.00 6,950.00 One cent pieces .... Two cent pieces ...... ... 847,500 Total .... ...1,390,000 17,375.00 RECAPITULATION. Gold coinage..... \$8,594.96 56,848.66

#### Total No. pieces ...... 4,190,616 \$213,918-62 PRINCIPAL

Silver comage ...

Nickel and Copper...

128,604

148,475.00

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