THE BALTIMORE FLOOD.

The Great Inundation—Scenes and Inci-dents—The Loss of Life and Property. From the Baltimore American of this morning. Accompanying the rain was a strong wind from the southeast, and persons owning pro-perty of any kind in the vicinity of Jones' Falls

were instantly apprised upon arising yesterday morning that their old enemies, a heavy rain and a south wind, were again at work, and that they must meve quickly if they would save their goods and chattels from danger or de-struction.

struction.

At 12 o'clock the cellars of perhaps two thousand houses were filled, and the water was steadily rising on their first floors, but as the storm had commenced to abate, hopes were entertained that the flood was at its height. About half-past 12 o'clock, however, the flood commenced to rise more rapidly than ever, and in a half hour reached ceilings where it had previously only invaded floors, and the greatest consterns ion prevailed. So rapid was this previously only invaded floors, and the greatest consterns ion prevailed. So rapid was this rise, and so wild and furlous the rushing torrent, that the lives of many persons were jeopardized, and we regret to add that several lives were jost. Had it occurred at night, as in the case of the great flood of 1837, the loss of life could not but have been immense.

Standing at the corper of Frederick and Baltimore street, about 1½ o'clock, the scene was truly distressing. The flood had now swolled into an angry torrent that rushed down the beds of Harrison and Frederick streets in vol.

truly distressing. The flood had now swolled into an angry torrent that rushed down the beds of Harrison and Frederick streets in volume and swiftness resembling the rapids of Niagara. At the corner of Harrison street, in front of Laroque's drug store, the water was within one foot of the top of the street lamp. Ever and anon masses of himber and wood, boxes, barrels, ratiroad ties, articles of household furniture, fencing, trees, wagons, out nouses, and in short, all manner of debris from the wreck and ruin alon the line of the Falls, came sweeping down manner of debris from the wreck and ruin alon the line of the Falls, came sweeping down the fearful current, and piting up in tront of the Maryland Institute, where, in this way, a sort of breakwater was formed, protecting that building against the besting of the builows, for in truth nothing less than billows they were that swept down both Harrison and Frederick streets. The water, soon after this, was seen to dish over the bed of Baltimore 8 reet Bridge, diving the people assembled there in wild confusion towards High street. About this time word came that Gay Street About this time word came that Gay Street Bridge was seriously threatened, and in attesta-tion of this report there was soon a flood of water pouring down Gay street, and shortly thereafter the back water came in large volumes down Holliday street also. Language is almost hadequate to describe the scene that was now witnessed. The surface of the angry flood was fairly covered with every description of material, telling sadiy and painfully of the immense loss, destruction, and distress that this disaster was occasionals. Now distress that this disaster was occasioning. Now distress that this disaster was occasioning. Now
the porch of a house, now the contents of some
store, now the timbers of bridges and warehouses, would come dashing along with fearful
rapidity, driving up against buildings, crashing window glass in the first floor and bursting
in doorways. At one time we noticed a child's
crib floating down Harrison street, and several
bodies of animals, cows and horses were also
seen, whilst not a few of the spectators were of
the opinion that more than one or two of the
dead bodies of human beings were to be seen. dead bodies of human beings were to be seen.

How this may have been it is impossible at
this moment to say, but serious and seemingly
well-grounded apprehensions are entervained
that serious loss of life has been occasioned.

Whilst the flood was at its height, the spectators of the fearful scene on the lower portion of

Whilst the flood was at its height, the spectators of the fearful scene on the lower portion of the Falls were horrified at beholding a man in the middle of the mad watercourse struggling bravely for his life. Whilst evidently fully aware of his awful peril, he was yet showing great presence of mind, and a cautiousness that seemed to warrant the hope that he must surely be saved. On he sped, striking out bravely with his hands, diving, and now and then avoiding obstructions and to clear the timbers of the bridges as he neared them. He passed in this way Lombard street bridge, Pratt street bridge, and the gridges south of that, seemingly in safety until the current suddenly dashed the poor fellow headforemost against a dashed the poor fellow headforemost against a small tog boat, when he sunk and was lost. small tng boat, when he sunk and was lost.

The scine at Gav's reet bridge after the water subsided was of the most appilling character, and showed the cause of such an immense flood having forced its way into Harrison and Frederick streets. When the flood was at its beignt, the debris from the five bridges that were washed away above Gay street massed itsel against the north side of the Gay street bridge, and is piled up to the height of fifteen feet above the floor of the bridge, and massed back to the extent of fifty or sixty feet. The bridge itself is raised from the abutments on the north side and the railings on both sides the north side, and the railings on both sides carried away. The water when at its height was nearly a foot over the railings, and it is singular that the structure retained its position. The flood reached its height between 12 and 2 clock, the dinner hour of many of our citizens. Those doing business or employed on the west side of Jones' Falls and residing on the east side, and slutated vice versa, were of course anxious to obtain their dinners, and

hear from their families, particularly those whose homes were situated upon the line of, or likely to be affected by, the torrent, Thousands of anxious men were congregated on the principal streets crossing the Falls, anxious to cross from one side to the other, but afraid to risk their lives in doing so, as almost certain death would have been the result, the torrent being irresistible. Thousands availed themselves, by travelling a great distance out of their way, of e crossing afforded by the Eager street

The Flood at Ellicett's Mills—Only 12 Lives Lost.

From the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, between Ilchester and Eilicott City, fragmentary reports are received, which, meagre as they are, sufficiently indicate an immense destruction to life and property. About mid-day the covered turnpike bridge at Edicott City gave way with a thurdering crash, and the huge mass went whirling down the stream. Two miles further down it struck the new iron railroad bridge of the Baltimore and Onio Railroad Company. It was thought at first that the structure would stand the pressure, but, as the mass of logs piled higher and higher against it, it, too, gave way and is entirely ruined.

That portion of Ellipott City lying at the foot

It, too, gave way and is entirely ruined.

That portion of Ellicott City lying at the foot of the hills on either side of the river was thoroughly flooded. Everything was washed away, and a number of lives lost. Dr. Owings' house was uprooted from its foundations, and his wife and five children drowned. Mr. Morrison and family and Mr. Reese and family were also drowned. What number of persons were com-prised in these households cannot be ascer-tained.

The foundations of the granite cotton mills Were so far weakened by the rush of waters that one wall of the building settled down into the stream, and the structure was greatly damaged, The loss of life by this casualty is believed by parties from Ellicott City to be not so great as sixty, as the telegraph report stated, but will reach ten or twelve.

Scenes on the Patapsco-A Man Rides Seven Miles on a Log. While the flood in the Patapsco was rising very rapidly, three men, James Byden, George Byden and another named Hawk, employes at one of Winans' farms, about a mile this side of the R-lay House, went out in a row boat to an island in the river opposite the farm, for the purpose of securing a small steamboat belonging to Mr. Winans, and lying at anchor at the island. While on the island the water gained on themso rapidly that they were obliged to seek refuge in the limbs of a sycamore tree. The water still continued rising, and after the men had remained in the tree half an hour, endea-voring to save themselves from the mass of timber that was rushing down the stream, the tree was uprooted, and they were thrown into the current. George Byden has not been seen since, and is supposed to have been drowned. Hawk was thrown higher up on the island, and is supposed to have been killed by the force of the snock. A tug will be sent after him as soon as the water property. as the water subsides sufficiently to allow of its use, but it is hardly possible toat, in his exhausted condition he bassurvived the dangers he hausted condition he massurvived the dangers he encountered. James Byden managed to get astride of an immense log, and wasned down through the boiling and seething current, until he reached the Long Bridge at the foot of Light street, where he clutched some of the timbers, and saved hims if by getting upon the bridge. During his perilouspassage of seven miles, ne was severely bruised and cut by the debris which was floating down the river, pieces of which were continually striking him. He barely escaped with his life, and his adventure may be regarded as one of the most remarkable be regarded as one of the most remarkable

Lynching a Negro in Maryland.

of this remarkable episade.

The Baitimore Sun gives an account of an outrage committed in Harford county, Md. It seems that Miss Odfield, a daughter of a nighly respected citizen, while on her way to the town of Blair, was met by two negroes, who, after robbing her of ber money, attempted an assault on her person. Her screams brought assistance before the villains could accomplish their pur-pose. The affair created great excitement, so much so that work was suspended in the town,

and the people turned out in a body to search for the two men. Isaac Moore, the perpetrator of the deed, was found, and lodged in jail by the Sheriff. A mob then congregated around the prison, and whea he was brought out for examination, they secured the Sheriff and his depotition with a more around the person. mination, they secured the Sheriff and his de-puties, put a rope around the negro's neck, and after carrying him to the place where the rob-bery was committed, the mob hung him naked to a limb until he was dead. The negro, in the mesntime, confessed, and told where the money (\$24) was hidden, and also the name of his part-ner, which was Ben Preston. Preston was at once arrested, and the Sheriff with difficulty prevented the mob from lynching him also.

AQUATIOS.

The Great Regatta on Lake Quinsiga-mond Yesterday.

The New York Tribune of this morning thus describes the great contest yesterday on Lake Quinsigamond between the boating crews of Harvard University and Yale College:-

Harvard University and Yale College:—
Soon after noon a heavy mist began to falle and a fog somewhat obscured the northern portion of the lake during the entire afternoon. The spectators began to assemble on the banks by one o'clock, and from then till the commencement of the races, the trains and innumerable vehicles of every description took upwards of 20,000 people to the spot. The grand stand, situated a few hundred yards up the lake from the starting point, was filled with the lady friends of the two colleges, and the point of land jutting into the lake in front of it, was covered with enthusiastic students, who bet and cheered with unwavering pertinacity.

After the expiration or a quarter of an hour, the Yale boat was seen to shoot out of the bridge

the Yale boat was seen to shoot out of the bridge which connects the two basins of the lake, and soon their walte shirts and blue haudkercalefs soon their white shirts and blue handkercolefs might be seen swaying to and Iro, as they rowed along the causeway to the side of the Judges' boat. Word was given them that they had drawn the outside position for the first time in three or four years, and after rowing leisurely a short distance up the Lake, they turned and took their position over the starting line, far to the left, in expectation of the signal to go The Harvards made their appearance a few seconds later, and amid the cheers of their comrades, who thronged the sward of Regarda Point, at once placed themselves in line. They comrades, who througed the sward of Regatta Point, at once placed themselves in line. They were no shirts, as usuat, and their namiker-chiefs were of the college color—crimson. At 520 the starting gun was fired, but each boat started a second before it; the Harvards a naif a stroke before the Yales. The boats kept abreast of each other till they reached Regatta Point. Here, atimulated by the desicaing "rahs" of their friends, the Harvards put on a tremendous spurt, and, rowing at the rate of 48 "rabs" of their friends, the Harvards put on a tremendous spurt, and, rowing at the rate of 48 strokes a minute, drew a length and a half ahead of the Yale men before they had fairly cleared the peniusals. This advantage fairly turned their friends wild. "Go it, Harvard," "Harvard," "Harvard," "Give it to them!" were shouted by a thousand voices, while the wearers of the blue did not encourage their crew by a single oneer. The Harvards continued to gaio, steadily pulling 47 strokes a minute to 41 by the Yale men, till the end of the first mile when they were about four lengths ahead. On reaching the upper stake, the Harvards were about ten lengths ahead, and were laughing and talking in high glee. They were laughing and talking in high give. They made the mile and a half in 8 25, pulling the last half at the ra'e of 46 strokes per minute, the Yales being well up in this regard. The Yale crew made the mile and a half in 8 55. The Harvards rounded too near the stake-boat, and this made Holdredge rather flurried, and a poor this made Holdredge rather flurried, and a poor turn was witnessed. They recovered rapidly, however, and at once caught the spirit of their judge, who yelled, "Put in the licks, boys," and they did so with a will. Yale came up in gallant style, the men working like Frojans, and made a neat, quick turn and a palpable gain on their opponents. They were encouraged by their upper-stake representative, who shouted, "Hit her up! You can make capital out of Harvard's bad turn!" It was here remarked that Loring was hitting behind the rest of the Harvard crew, though it was scarcely perceptible, and he seemed to rewas scarcely perceptible, and he seemed to re-cover as the boats went down the course. At the end of the second mile the blue handker chiefs were nearly fifteen lengths behind. A few yards further, and the boats became visible to the cowd at the grand stand, and a visible to the crowd at the grand stand, and a perfect furore ensued among the partisans of the red caps, who cheered and waved their handkerchiefs frantically. The short, crisp, and ringing cheers of the University students were heard along the shore. There was a perfect tempest of enthusiasm. The Yale men, though falling further and further behind, rowed on with a dogged determination, as though resolved not to abate an lota of their best, even with certain defeat staring them in the face.

solved not to abate an lota of their best, even with certain defeat staring them in the face. The Harvards lessened the number of strokes per misute to 45 during the latter part of the race, until, putting on a spurt at the very last, they crossed the line in 17 minutes 48½ seconds—the best time ever made by Harvard, and only interior to that made by the Wards, on Wednesday, by eight seconds. The time of the Yae crew was 18 minutes 38½ seconds, also the best ever made by Yale; its shortest time hitherto being 18 42½. The announcement of the time was greeted with loud cheering. The Yale men bore their defeat with great fortitude, and hope to be able to do better next year.

was greeted with ford theering. The rate ment bore their defeat with great fortitude, and hope to be able to do better next year.

H. A. Cleveland for Yale, and Charles Dunning for Harvard, were judges at the upper stake, and George Aldee, of New York. Frank Brown, of Newburgh, for Yale, and E. N. Fanno and William Blaikie for Harvard, at the starting point, and these gentlemen, the Harvard crew (in their boat), and numerous spectators, proceeded to the grand stand, where, in behalf of the city of Worcester, Mr. Chamberlain presented six gold medals to the victors, complimenting them highly, and mentioning the fact that they had beat themselves twice, on Wednesday and to-day, by exceeding the best time they had hitherto made. The inter-collegiate colors, which were gotten up in an elegant manner, were then presented to the crew by Mr. William Blaikie, who has done more than any other man to advance the interests of boating in the University. The crew was loudly and the Valey were not forgotten wanter. boating in the University. The crew was loudly cheered, and the Yales were not forgotten when the enthusiasm was at its height. The Harvard the enthusiasm was at its height. The harvard men, who, with their friends, were in high spirits, having added another star to the six already glistening in their University crown of rejoicing, retired from the scene, and were subsequently congratulated by their numerous friends. The spectators dispersed, as is usual on these occasions, in a pelting rain, and endored the miseries of draggled skirts and drenched clothing with a nonchalance that, experience alone can produce.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

perience alone can produce.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH. Baturday, July 25, 1868. There is no material change to notice in the Money Market. Call loans are quoted at 4@6 per cent.; first-class mercantile paper ranges

from 6@7 per cent, per annum.

The Stock Market was very dull this morn. ing, but prices were rather firmer. Government securities were a fraction higher. 115? securities were a fraction higher. 1152 was bid for 6s of 1881; 1084 for 10 40s; 1082 for July 7:30s; 1114 for '64 5-20s; 1124 for '65 5-20s; 1094 for July '65 5-20s; 1094 for '67 5-20s; and 1094 for '68 5-20s City loans were unchanged. The new issue sold at 1024@1021.

Bailroad shares were inactive. Peopsylvants Railroad sold at 52] @ 521. no change; Norristown at 68, no change; Lebigh Valley at 541, no change; and Catawissa preferred at 321@321; an advance of §: 125s was bid for Camden and Amboy; 44 for Little Schuylkiil; 33 for North Pennsylvania; 42 for Elmira preferred: 26) for Philadelphia and Erie; and 49) for Northern

City Passenger Railroad shares were un-charged. 50 was bid for Second and Taird, 101 or Hestonville, 314 for Green and Coates, and

48 for Union. Bank shares were firmly held at full prices. North American sold at 242, and Kensington at 111. 161 was bid for Philadelphia, 107 for Northern Liberties, 31 for Mechanics', 105 for Southwark, 60 for Girard, 31 for Manufacturers', and

tor Common wealth. In Capal shares there was very little movement. Lehigh Navigation sold at 21f. no change: 11 was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common: 21 for preferred do.; 15 for Sasquehanna Canat; and 49 for Delaware Division. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

-Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 3 P. M.:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 115; 21154; do. 1862, 1144@1144; do. 1864, 1114@11154; do., 1865, 1124@1124; do. 1865, new. 1094@1094; do., 1865, 1124@1124; do. 1865, new. 1094@1094; do., 5s, 10-40s, 108 201084; do., 730s, 2019; do., 5s, 10-40s, 108 201084; do. 730s, 3109, 1086@1084; Due Compound Interest Notes, 1194; August, 1865, 1184@1184, do. September 1865, 1174@1184; do. October, 1865, 1174@1174. Gold, 743@1434. Silver, 136@138.

-Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, etc., as follows:—U. S. 6s, of 1881, 1164@1154; old 5-20s, 1144@1144; new 5 26s 1864, 1114@1114; do., 1865, 1124@1124; 5-20s, July, 1094@1094; do., 1863, 1094@1094; do., 1863, 1094@1094; 10-40s, 1084@1084; 730s, July, 1084@109. Gold, 1434.

-The following are this morning's gold and

- The following are this morning's gold and foreign quotations, reported by Whelen Bro-thers, Gold, Stock, and Exchange Brokers, No. 105 S. Third street:-143± 11:50 A. M. 143± 12:00 ... 143± 12:15 P. M. 143± 12:39 ... 10 00 A. M. . 10.10 ...

Foreign Exchange on London:-60 days, 110 @1102; 3 days, 1102@1102. On Paris:-60 days, 5t. 164@5t. 132; 3 days, 5t. 152@5t. 10.

FINANCIAL ITEMS.

From the N. Y. Herald of to-day.

"Money continues extremely easy at three and four per cent on mixed collaterals and three on Government securities, and the banks fad it impossible to employ a large pertion of their surplus funds in loans. Owing to the duliness of trade and the cash bals on which business is to a great extent transacted, the amount of commercial paper offering is very limited and the best grade is in request at 550 per cent, while good but not prime name ware rated at 567 per cent. While good but not prime name ware rated at 567 per cent. The statement of the national banks of the United States for the quarter ending on the first Monday in July, when compared with that for the correspons for quarter lass year, shows an increase of fifty-six multipus in loans and twenty-loan millions in deposits, and as an erroneous interance may be down from the extension of the loans it is well to remind the public that all the securities owned by the banks are counted as loans, and that no part of this increase is propably due to either loans or discounts, but o purchasers of Government accurities for the employment of capital. The statement is satis actory, and shows as far as figures can show, that the banking interests of the country are prosperous and sound. The banks hold only \$19.49,850 of compound interest notes and these will be note than covered on maturity by the twenty-five millions of new three per cent, certificates authorized to be issued by a recent act of Congress."

From the N. Y. Tribune of to day, From the N. Y. Tribune of to day,

From the N. Y. Tribuns of to day,

"Money remains unchanged in ra'es at 265 per centbut few transactions are made at the higher rates, and
the amounts offered leading houses at 3 per cent, are
in excess of their wants.

"Sterling Exchange continues duli and steady at
quotations:—London, 60 da a, 116/4; London, sight,
110%: Paris, long 5-133/65-124; Paris, short, 5-16/4;
Aniwerp, 5-16/465-15; -wiss, 5-16/465-15; Hamburg,
36/4686/4; Amsierdam, 41/46-41/2; Prankfort, 416/41/4;
Bremen, 79/460; Berlin, 71/46-17;

"We give below the earn page of five of the leading
railweys showing the earnings of the first six quosths
of 1868. The sums set dewn as ea ned by the New
York Central and Eric are estimated, those roads not
having published the figures:—

having published the figures:-	and I during Has
	Av. per Mile.
New York Central	\$3,784
Erle	8,284
Fort Wayne \$1766.590	8,058
Michigan (entral\$2,085 898	7,317
Chicago and Alton\$1 8/2.462	6,538
-The Roston Advertises unblishes	theonmal

nternal Revenue tax returns of the following New England States:— Aunual lists of Leternal Revenue taxes in Massa-chasetts for the years ending December 1856 and

Mar. 1, 1868. Mar. 1, 1867.

Seventh Annual, Electh Annual.
\$3 480 98 \$5 \$4,052 625-86.

\$44,827-60 \$7,24+16.

2-7, 468-97 21, 571-34.

147,221-32 569 247-31.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, July 25 .- There is no improvement to notice in the Flour Market, except for good brands of Pennsylvania winter Wheat family, which are held with increased firmness. Sales of 500 barrels at \$7:50@8:25 for superfine: 88 25@9 25 for extras; \$9 50@11 50 for spring Wheat extra family; \$10@12 50 for Pennsylvania and Onio do. do., the latter rate for choice new Wheat Pennsylvania: and \$12@14 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour commands \$9.25@9 50 per barrel. Nothing doing in Corn Meal.

The Wheat Market is quiet, but we continue former quotations. Sales of 1200 bushels red at \$2 20@2 3; and 500 bushels old Ohto at \$2 33. Rye is in better demand. Sales of 1500 bushels Pennis in better demand. Sales of 1500 bushels Pennsylvania at \$1.65. Corn is steady at former prices. Sales of 8000 bushels Western mixed at \$1.17@1.18. Oats are unchanged. Sales of 2000 bushels Pennsylvania at 86@88c. Nothing doing in Barley or Malt.

Seeds—Cloverseed is in good demand, with sales at \$8@9 per 64 pounds. Timothy may be quoted at \$2.75, and Flaxseed at \$2.50.

Bark is heid firmly at \$66 per ton for No. 1 Querettron.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. PORT OF PHILADELPHIAJULY 25.

CLEARED THIS MORNING.
Sansparlel, McAlpine, Antwerp, Workman & Co,
aship Hunter, Rogers, Providence, D. S. Stetson Ship Sanapariei, McAlpine, Antwerp, Workman & Co. Steamship Hunter, Rogers, Providence, D. S. Steason & Co.
Steamship Fanita, Howes, New York, John F. Ohl,
Barque Sarah A. Dudman, Rogers, Montgvideo via
Satilia River. Workman & Co.
Brig H. C. Brooks, Davis, Providence, Castner, Stickney & Weilington.
Brig Eagle, Parker, Digby, N. S., E. A. Sonder & Co.
Schr hea Breeze, Coombs, Salem, L. Andenried & Co.
Schr hea Breeze, Coombs, Salem, L. Andenried & Co.
Schr hea Breeze, Coombs, Salem, L. Andenried & Co.
Schr hea Breeze, Coombs, Salem, L. Andenried & Co.
Schr Ann Rambo, Eskridge, Richmond, R. Jones Repplier. Schr Ann Rambo, Eskridge, Richmond, R. Jones, Schr M. R. Carlisie, Potter, Providence, J. R. White, Schr Addie Murchie, Gardner, Portland, Lengor & Schr Clars, Adams, Wilmington D. S Stetson & Co. Schr Widow's Son. Smith. Quantico, Captain.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Fanita, Howe, 2t hours from New York, with mose, to Jehn F. Ohl.

Br. barque Jessie, Grant, 17 days from Zaza with sugar and honey to S. & W. Weish.

Brig Wenona Davis, from Portland, with plaster to Wairen & Gregg. Brig H. C. Brooks, Davis, from Newport, R. I., in Warren & Grege

Brig H. C. Brooks, Davis, from Newport, R. I., in ballast to captain

Brig M. E. Thompson, Warren. 21 days from Trinidad, with molasses to Geo. C. Carson & Co.,

Brig J. & H. Crowley. Crowley. 20 days from Trinidad with molasses to S. & W. Weish.

Schr Archer & Reeves, Ireland. 5 days from Wilmington, N. C. with innber, etc., to D. S. Stetson&Co.,

Schr Ann Rambo. Eskridge, from Nanticoke river, with lumber to J. W. Bason.

Schr Ann Rambo. Eskridge, from Nanticoke river, with lumber to J. W. Bason.

Schr New Zealand, Forham, from Calais,

Schr New Zealand, Forham, from Boston,

Schr R. Baird, Irelan, from Boston,

Schr F. R. Baird, Irelan, from Boston,

Schr Reading RB. No. 22 Rodan, from New Haven.

Schr E. G. Irwin, Atkins, from Fait River,

Schr C. W. Locke Huntley, from Dorchester,

Schr Ben Sheppard, Williams, from Laurel,

Schr Widow's Son, Smith, from Quantico,

Barque Urda, Bjerkass, hence, at Falmouth 12th Barque Urda, Bjerkass, hence, at Falmouth 12th instant.

Barque Sitka, Thompson, for Philadelphia, cleared at Liverpool 11 h inst.

Brig Gazelle Cole, hence, at Stattin 8th inst.

Brig Ocean Belle, hence for I schorn, was spoken 22d inst, Absocom bearing W.NW 55 ories,

Brig Tangent Norton, for Philadelphia, salled from Providence 2sd inst.

Schra A. Poaro, Shourds, and S. B. Strong. Tutbill, for Philadelphia, salled from Providence 2sd inst.

Schra A. Poaro, Shourds, and S. B. Strong. Tutbill, for Philadelphia, salled from Providence for Philadelphia, at New York yesterday.

Schra E. & L. Cordery, Grace, hence for Boston and Everslade Leland, from Caiais for Philadelphia, at Holnes' Hote 2sd inst.

Schra Ruth Shaw, Shaw, hence at Portland 22d inst.

Steamer Chester, Jones, for Philadelphia, cleared at New York yesterday.

New York yesterday.

New York July 25.—Arrived, steamship City of Paris, frem Liverpool.

(By Atlantic Cable)

QUEENSTOWN. July 25.—The steamship China, from New York, arrived here yesterday, and salied ag-in for Liverpool.

G. Assow, July 25. A. M.—The steamship Hibernia arrived here late last evening from New York.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK July 24 - Arrived, steamship Weser, Werke, from Bremen.

Stramship Crescent City. Holmes, from N. Orleans. Ship Wm. Frathingham, Qualey, from Havre. Barque Nopparell, Film, from Marseilles.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PASSE.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Larceny-A Disorderly House-Am Impostor-Receiving Stolen Goods. -Mary Fitzgerald has been held by Alderman Jones in \$500 bail to answer the offense of stealing clothing, the property of Johanna

Donnel.

—Elizabeth Dean, her two daughters, Martha and Caroline, aged fifteen and eighteen, and a negro named Jacob Senden, were arrested yesterday for maintaining a nulsance in the shape of a bawdy house at No. 2704 Irvine street, West Philadelphia. Alderman Maule committed them for trial. The mother has just concluded a term of imprisonment for a similar offense.

—John Daniels is the name of an individual a term of imprisonment for a similar offense.

—John Daniels is the name of an individual who yesterday was seeking aims in the neighborhood of Twenty-second and Cailownill streets. His representation was that he was deaf and dumb. A patroiman arrested him, and on the way to the Station House he became refractory. The officer finding it necessary to bring him to terms, struck him. The deaf and dumb, at this point, gave vent to an expression which not only proved that he could hear, but also talk. Alderman Hutchinson sent him below under the Vagrant act.

—A few days since a tin-store on Ridge avenue, above Oxford, was robbed of some wares,

nue, above Oxford, was robbed of some wares, which since have been traced to the house of Mary Connell, on Wright street, below Twenty second. Mary has been arrested and committed to answer by Alderman Hood. Buselaries.—Considering the large number of dwellings that are now lying tenantiess, owing to the occupants visiting the various summer resorts, the small number of burglaries is surprising; and in almost every lostance where attempts have been made to enter build-ings, the burglars have been captured. The regulations of Chief Ruggles with reference to the protection of the houses and effects of those

regulations of Chief Ruggles with reference to the protection of the houses and effects of those absenting themselves for a time from the city, are as perfect as any man can make them, and our absent citizens can feel perfectly secure during their temporary sojourn from Philadelphia.

Yesterday afternoon Policeman Bockius, of the Sixth District, who is one of the detail for this special purpose, saw two boys leaving the premises of R. H. Farley, on Arch street, above Sixteenth, with a bag. He followed them, and on discovering that he was after them they took to their heels, but, after a long chase, he succeeded in overhauling them. The bag contained a large silver water pitcher, three large and three small silver spoons, a goblet, an hourglass, and numerous other articles of jewelry. An examination of the house showed that an entrance had been effected through the rear windows. The lads gave the names of Elward McCully, aged fifteen, and George Martin, aged thirteen. Alderman Jones held them for a further hearing.

At 2 o'clock this morning two burglars attempted to force the shutters of the residence of

L. C. Cassidy, Esq., now absent on a tour through Europe, but finding they would not yield, the scamps went to the rear of the premises, and while busily engaged in their nefarious work, were surprised by Policeman Steele of the third district who took them into ensually.

district, who took them into custody. They are named Gustavus Raymond and Frank Albert sop. On these persons was found a "jimmy." and as numerous attempts have been made of and as numerous attempts have been made of late to enter the houses in that vicinity, it was applied to the marks in the doors and shutters in the above instances. It was found to fit the cracks in the houses of Mr. Cassidy, George H. Harding, Esq., and Mr. Horton, at Fourth and Spruce streets. The burglars were then held by Alderman Carpenter in \$2500 for a further hearing.

Charles Eggleton yesterday afternoon went to the house of John McGuire, at Hestonville, and commenced battering away at the rear window-shutters with a hatchet. He was discovered in the act by Policeman Denton and a citizen, who chased him to the woods, when he halted and was arrested. Alderman Maule committed him to answer. Samuel F. Welty was taken into consider at the same time and

committed him to answer. Samuel F. Weity was taken into custody at the same time, and held as an accomplice.

The gate attached to the residence, No 315 Locust street, was found open at an early hour this morning by a patrolman, who, receiving a light, went into the dwelling and discovered that it had been represented from ton to better that it had been ransacked from top to bottom

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS .- The following newly elected officers were duly installed by Post No. 18 Grand Army of the Republic las evening, to serve the ensuing six months:—Post Commander, Comrade George E. Johnson; San. Vice Commander. Comrade Matthew Morris; Junior Vice-Commander, Comrade Taylor In-gram; Post Adjutant, Comrade Charles C. Au-gustine; Post Junior Master, Comrade Sam'i R. Jamison: Post Surgeon, Com. D. G. Hetzell: Sergeant Major, Com. Samuel Smith; Jr. Major Sergeant, Com. William R. Courtney. This Post of the G. A. R. is in a very flourishing condition, and now numbers on its rolls upwards of two hundred members.

THE WEATHER .- The weather of the past week has been decidedly cooler than the pre-ceding one. The following is a statement of the thermometer for the past week and the cor-responding period of 1867.

		1808.			1867.		
	6 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	EA. M.	12 M.	SP M	
July	19	90	94	64	71	75	
**	2079	87	87	65	72	74	
**	2175	83	77	70	82	78	
44	2276	85	88	70	84	85 87 89	
11	2376	85	88	70	85	87	
**	2474	79	79	71	87	89	
**	2572	83	***	75	90	93	
TO:	on Comme	Tes +1.	o Com	at at C	mant.	on Gon	

THE COURTS.—In the Court of Quarter Sessions this morning a habeas corpus was heard be fore Judge Pierce, in a case in which Lugenheim Riser & Co., were charged with acting as auc tioneers without designating their place of busi-ness, as required by the act of Assembly. They were located in Frankford, and it was alleged that they failed to file with the Recorder the Statement designated by the law. The defense statement designated by the law. The decisiase alleged that the proper paper was signed and flied. The prosecution answered this by calling attention to the fact that only a portion of the firm signed the document. The Judge refused to discharge the defendants.

Fire.-A few mornings since, three large "black" houses, standing parallel to each other, connected with the lamp-black establishment of John Woodruff & Sons, on Broad street, near League Island, were totally destroyed with their contents. The buildings consisted of sneet iron layers fastened on a wooden frame. The fire was accidental. The loss is about \$7000, on which there is an insurance of \$3000 in Eastern Companies.

THE ATHLETICS .- Radeliff, the great catcher of the Athletics, arrived in the city to-day and signifies his intention of playing with the Ath letics the remainder of the season. Raddiff is justly estimated at home, and we are glad to chronicle his determination.

SLIGHT FIRE .- About midnight an alarm of fire was caused by the destruction of a quantity of clothing which had been hung around

THE DOG-CATCHERS .- For the week ending this morning, the dog-catchers captured 24 canines, of which 225 were slaughtered.

gew York Stock Quotations, S P. M.

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For sale at 411 th ***Stores in the city. * 16 1m

CITY INTELLIGENCE. THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

FROM THE CAPITAL.

The Proceedings of Congress To-day.

European Market Reports.

Ete., Ete., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM WASHINGTON TO-DAY. Suicide at the Capital.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Captain Z. C. Queen was early this morning found in the grounds of the Executive Mansion, near the music stand. with his throat deeply cut, but still alive. He subsequently sought to convey the belief that two white and one black man had robbed and then made an attempt to kill him. The razor with which the deed was committed was found near his side. His friends, however, disbelieve his story, and say he had attempted to take his

FORTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

Bemate.

Continued from Becond Edition. Washington J. ly 25—Mr. Howard asked leave to call up the bill relative to the Union branch of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Mr. Concess called for the special order, the bill relative to the rights of American citizens abroad.

Mr. Howard moved to lay aside the special order, for the purpose of taking ap the bill indicated by alm. Mr. Conness called for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Conking indimated that he and others desired to speak in upposition to the railroad bill, and therefore opposed taking it up on the last day of the session.

session.

Mr. Howard said he would fulfil his duty in calling up the bill. The Senator could kill it by taking against time if he chose.

Mr. Fessenden epposed taking up a railroad bill that will lead to debate.

House of Representatives. Senate bill to vacate and sell the Unatella Reserva-ion, Oregon. Referred to the Committee on Indian Benaie bill for the extension of the patent of John E. Maisher, for improvement in daguerreotype cases. Passed.

Senste bill for the relief of the securities of Israel
T. Canby, late Receiver of Public Moneys, at Orawfordville, Indiana, Reserved to the Commistee on

claims:
benate bill for the relief of Elizabath Casson. Referred to the Committee on Claims.
Senate bill, an addition to the act to regulate the time and manner on he ding elections for Senators in Congress. Referred to the J dictary Committee.

Mr. Schenek (Ohlo), ir. m. the Committee of Ways and Means, reperted a bill for the increase of duties on imported copper and copper ore, as fellows:—On ores. 3 cents per lb. of pure copper, contained therein; on regulate of copper, on old copper, it only for re-manufacture, 4 cents per lb., on copper in plate, bars, and ingots, not manufactured, nor enumerated in the bill. 5 cents per lb., on copper in plate, bars, and ingots, not manufactured, nor enumerated in the bill. 5 cents per lb.

Mr. Kerr made the soint of order that the bill being a bill to impose taxes, must first be considered in Committee of the Whole.

The Speaker sustained the point of order and the till was reterred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

The Senate bill for the extension of the Portage and Lake Superior Ship Cassal Company to Krywanaw Ban. Michigan, was taken from the Speakers table, d'scussed and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Logan (Ill.), expressing the bettef that no agreement would be reached on the Funding bill, asked leave to report from the Committee of Ways and Means, a bill containing the section added on his motion to the Funding bill. No objection being made. Mr. Logan resported a bill prohibiting the all-wance of commissions, etc., for negotiations or exchange of bonds, coin or builden on account of the United States, providing that all authority under the existing laws to issue bonds or interest-bearing treasury notes shall cease immediately, no' to interfere with 'he conversion of securities into five-twenty bonds nor the issue of three per cent. certificates temporary loan, nor the exchange of registered bonds for coupon bonds, and requiring menthly reports from the Secretary of the benate bill for the relief of Elizabeth Casson. Re-

the lawne of subsidy bonds to railroad companies, and requiring menthly reports from the Secretary of the Treasury.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Fearful Ravages of the Small Pox-Movements of Steamers.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. SAN FRANCISCO, July 25 .- There is considerable excitement here in regard to the small pox. Since June 1st 146 cases have been reported by the health officer, of which 98 have occurred since July 17th.

The steamer Otter arrived at Victoria on the 23d inst. from the North, with a portion of the stores from the wreck of the Lawrence. The mining news from Cariboo is encouraging.

The United States sloop-of-war Jamestown has just gone out of commission and is laid up at Mare Island. Her officers are ordered to the East, and the men have been paid off. Flour steady at \$6.25@7.50. Wheat \$1.85@1.90

for good shipping. Legal tenders 70%. The steamer Golden Gate has arrived from

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Later Quotations. By Atlantic Oable. LIVERPOOL, July 25-P. M .- Cotton quiet; middling Uplands, 1014. Corn, 35s. on the spot, and \$5e, 3d, to arrive. California Wheat, 12s, 6d.;

red Western, 10s. 6d. LONDON, July 25-P. M .- Turpentine declined to 26s. 6d. Spirits Petroleum declined to 11d. Linseed Oil on the spot £80 15s.; afloat, £31. Linseed Cakes, £12, ANTWERP, July 25-P. M.-Petroleum quiet at 51 francs.

Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, July 25.—Stocks strong. Chicago and Rock Island. 16732; Reading, 85; Cauton Company, 4734; Eric 6374; Cleveland and Teleds 16234; Cleveland and Pittoborg. 85; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne. 11034; Michigan Central. 118; Michigan Southern. 92; New York Central. 1834; Illinois Central. 150; Cumperland preferred. 183. Virginia 66, 53. Missauri 88, 3134; Hudson River. 138; U. 8 5-208, 1852 11434; do. 1854. 11134; do. 1855, 11234; new Issue. 10934; 10 408, 10834. Gold. 14334; Money unchanged. Exobange, 11034. New York, July 25.—Cotton quiet at 31c. Flour firm and advanced & 6010c; old quiet. Saics of 7000 bb s State, 26 40609 ac; Ohlo. 25 3060 12 60; Western 36 40 6010 25; Fouthern. 83 3560 17 70; California. 35 756012 25. Wheat firmer. New Georgia, \$2 25; Tennessee. \$2 40 Corn firm and 1c. higher. Saics of 31006 bushels at \$3366 34c. Beer quiet. Pork firm at \$25 25.28 22 30. Lard duil, Whisky active; sales of 12 000 bushels at \$3366 34c. Beer quiet. Pork firm at \$25 25 25 25.

Failure of a Savings Bank. From the Hartford Times, July 28.

Messrs. L. L. Holmes and J. G. Woodward, the Special Committee appointed by the Legislature to investigate the accounts of the sus-pended Collinsville Savings Bank, have made their report. The trustees voted last year to charge each depositor twenty-four per cent. of charge each depositor twenty-four per cent. of the balance of his account in order to cover the losses sustained by the operations of the Treasurer, the late Seth P. Norton, and to enable the bank to resume business. Making such charge the Investigating Committee figure out the bank's assets at \$108,191 i7, and its liabilities to depositors at \$101,946 27, showing a nominal surplus of \$624.99. Depositors, the Committee think, may expect to get about eighty per cent.—though this eighty per cent, may be reduced by claims not yet presented or by failure to collect some of the assets deemed good; or, if the society's claim on Norton's estate is ruled valid, a larger percentage may be expected. Norton's estate inventories not quite \$15,000, and valid claims amounting to \$4000 have been presented against it. Toe not quite \$15,000, and valid claims amounting to \$4000 have been presented against it. The bank has filed its cisim for the whole amount of the deficiency; but it is unlikely to realize much. The report shows a very slipshod state of things in the management of the bank's accounts. Norton having had full swing; and what with his defalcation and the losses by bad debts, expenses, taxes, interest uncollected, etc. (these latter amounting to \$15,000), the bank's affairs make a sorry show.

PATENTED.—PANTS SCOURED AND STRETCHED from 1 to 5 tuches, at Mottet, French Steam Dyeing and Scouring, No. 209 N. NINTH Street and No. 736 RACE Street, 7 202 5p

WASHINGTON.

Closing Business of Congress. A Frightful Tragedy on the

High Seas. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FORTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

Continued from our Third Milition,

Continued from our Third Edition.

Washington, July 28.—Mr. Frelinghuysen reminded the benate that a bid is pending to extend the time within which insolvents can take the benefit of the benkript bill, which persons have taken advantage of in the North but not at the South, from want of the necessary means at the South from the necessary expenses, therefore it was really a bill for the reliet of the South, and he hoped the time would be found to consider it.

Mr. Howard a motion was rejected, and the special orders were taken up.

The question was on the section as amended, providing that the Presides, in the case of a person wrongfolly imprisoned under authority of a toreign Government, and in case of a refusal for his release, to use any means son amounting to acts of war to effect bis release, the facts to be communicated to Congress as soon as practicable. Agreed to Yeas, 82, nays, 13, as follows:—
Yest-Messrs. Cameron, Cole, Conness. Corbett, Oragin, Drake, Harlas, Henderson, Heudricks, Howe, Kellogs, McCreary, McDouald, Morgan, Nye, Pa terson (Tona), Hamsey, Rica, Ross, Sherman, Sprague, Stawart, Tanyer, Van Winkle, Weish, Whyte, Williams, Wilson, and Yates

Nays-Messrs. Authony, Conkilog, Ferry, Fessen-den, Freilughuysen, Howard, Patterson (N. H.), Pomeroy, Sawyer, Summer, Trumbull, Wade, and Willey, Ferry moved to strike out the first section de-

Willip.
Mr. Ferry moved to strike out the first section declarins any denial of the rights of expatriation by any officer of the Government inconsistent with the fundamental principles of the Government.
Mr. Conness hoped it would not be done. It was a prohibition of any expression of opinion on the subject.

ct. Mr. Ferry's amendment was rejected by a vote of 9 to 29

Mr. Howard spoke against passing the bill in its present shape, as tending to aid Fenian organization through the one-man power.

Mr. Ferry also opposed it.

The bill then passed—reas, 20; nays, 5.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Desperado Kills Three Sailors, and Throws their Bodies Overboard. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 25 -A private letter from Pernambuco, dated July 1, just received by a gentleman in this city, contains the following: A Dutch vessel arrived here the other day, on which a tragic scene occurred on the way from Montevideo. An English sailor on board killed the first mate, cook, and one other man, and threw them overboard, secured the captain and second mate in the cabin, and with an American boy to help him, took charge of the vessel. After being up for three days and nights he told the American boy to take the wheel while he lay down beside him to rest. The Englishman had a hatchet, knife, and pistol in his belt, and as soon as he was ssleep the American seized the former article, and, with a blow on the head. killed him and threw him overboard, and then released the captain and second mate, who brought the vessel called the Fennichians here to her destination. The captain says he owes his life to the American, whose act was evidently a case of justifiable homicide."

Ship News.

FORTERES MONROE, July 25.—Arrived, schooner Island Home, from Balize, for orders. The pilot boat Maryland reports passed upbarque J Godfrey, from Gloucester, Massachusetts; brigs Mic Mac. Ponce, and Georgia, from Matsnzas; Mery Piummer, from Fazardo; Wardal, for Matanzas; schooner Eva Adele, fom St. Jebn's for Baltimore. Passed out— Carrel. for Liverpool; brigs George Gilchrist and Delmonde Locke, for Boston; Romance, from Nevassa; schooner Virginia Price, from New York; Zeb.a, from Newfoundland.

New York Stock Quotations-3 P. M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street.

MORTALITY OF THE CITY.-The number of Mortality of the City.—The number of deaths during the week ending at noon to-day is 543, being an increase of 182 on the corresponding period of the past year. Of these 202 were adults, 341 minors; 284 miles, 259 females, 172 boys, 169 girls; 433 were born in the United States, 98 were foreign, 12 unknown, 16 from the Almshouse, 28 reople of color, and 21 were from the country. Of the causes, congestion of the brain was credited with 36, coup de sollel 40, cholera infantum 134, consumption of the lungs 37, diarrheea 12 debility 15, dysentery 10, typhold fever 13, inflammation of the brain 10, and marasmus 14.

rasmus 14.

The number of deaths in each ward were:—
Fi st, 35; Second, 37; Third, 10; [Fourth, 22; Fifth, 2; Sixth, 11; Seventh, 35; Eighth, 13; Ninth, 16; Tenth, 14; Eleventh, 19; Twelfth, 3; Thirteenth, 10; Fourteenth, 17; Fifteenth, 37; Sixteenth, 14; Seventeenth, 20; Eighteenth, 13; Nineteenth, 30; Twentieth, 40; Twenty-first, 11; Twenty-second, 15; Twenty-third, 14; Twenty-fourth, 15; Twenty-fifth, 14; Twenty-sixth, 12; Twenty-seventh, 5; Twenty-eighth, 1. seventh, 5; Twenty-eighth, 1.

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