NEW YORK GOSSIP.

Murder of a Policeman-Bold Rebbery B'Eat Berith-Accident to a Steamer. New York, July 24, 1868.

Last night about half-past ten o'clock officer John Smedick, of the Twenty-first precinctwhile on his post in First avenue, near the corner of Thirty-second street, was shot and almost instantly killed by John Real. The cirsumstances attending this assassination are without a parallel in the records of city crime for diabolical purpose and coolness and determination in carrying it out. Smedick was mhot in two places-in the right breast and on the left side of the head, either wound being probably sufficient to have caused death-and appears not to have spoken after he was shot; at all events, no one was with him to have heard him if he did. Officer Mee, of the name precinct, being on post in East Thirtysecond street, about seventy-five feet distant from where the affray occurred, having heard the shots, was proceeding in that direction when he met Real running towards him, pistol in hand, who, perceiving Mee's intention to stop him, cried out, "Get out of the way, you or I'll shoot you," firing at the same time; then evading the pass Mce made to catch hold of him he dashed off up the street, the officer, who had not been struckafter him in close pursuit. Dashing into an entry-way on Thirty-second street he passed through to Thirty-third street, thence up Second avenue to Thirty-fourth street, where he was overtaken by the officer, at whom he again fired, but, being no doubt by this time exceedingly nervous, without effect. Mee then grappled with him, knocked him down, and atterwards conveyed him to the Station House-In the meantime the body of the murdered man had been brought in, life being entirely extinct before even the body was removed. All the indications are that Real lay in wait for his victim, and shot him with preconceived, deliberate intent. He had on two previous occasions shot at Smedick, the last one being July 1. when he fired at him three times. The cause assigned for this is revenge upon the officer for having arrested him two or three times on a charge of intoxication. He does not deny the present shooting and gives as his reason for so acting that upon the last occasion when Smedick had him to court he shoved him after he took him down stairs. At 10 o'clock A. M., yesterday, the Jewish

Convention reassembled at the Allemania Club House, on Sixteenth street, and went into Committee of the Whole, the President, Mr. Adolph Moses, in the chair. Amendments to the rale, were adopted, and at 1 o'clock the Convention adjourned, and the delegates prepared for their Thit the Jewish Temple, in course of erection on Fifth avenue. The delegates, about 160 in number, took carriages at Sixteenth street, and drove up Fifth avenue to the Temple, where all alighted, and examined the edifice, which was much extolled. The party then were driven through Central Park to the Jewish Orphan Asylum, on Tenth avenue. At the Asylum the pupils were assembled in the reception room. and were addressed by the President of the Grand Lodge. After expressions of welcome on the part of the authorities in charge of the Asylum, and congratulations by the delegates, the party, accompanied by a number of ladies, proceeded to Belvidere Park, where preparations were made for a grand concert and ball, both of which were enjoyed by all who participated.

Between Saturday night and Monday morning an adroit and finished robbery in the store of W. C. Palmer, Jr., No. 14 Bible House, was committed by some person or persons unknown. The store is usually closed about eight o'clock, the proprietor residing elsewhere in the city. On this occasion, however, he happened to be in Pennsylvania, but his book keeper discovered what had occurred when he came Monday morning to open the concern as usual. The padlock on the front door had been picked, the door Itself opened with a key, the safe opened in the same faculon, and the inside compartment where the money-box was stowed away, pried with perhaps nothing larger than a jack-knife. \$400 In money was taken, and deeds, mortgages and bank books worth in the aggregate \$30,000. Of the latter amount of course the robbers can never revlize a cent; but the papers, unless captured, will cost about \$500 to replace.

The steamer Thomas Powell, on her down river trip yesterday morning, met with a serious accident. About 4 o'clock, just as she was approaching the city, a heavy upon the river and enveloped her. The teg increased in density so that it became utterly impossible for the pilot to make out his course Shortly afterwards the steamer ran with great force on a sunken pier at the foot of Fiftyninth street, rising half her length on the pier. breaking her shaft and crushing in her wheelhouse. A large hole was also stove to her buil on the port side. About fifty passengers were on board at the time, but fortunately none were injured, although all were much frightened,

ATLANTIC CITY.

The Drowning Accident Yesterday - Funeral of Engineer Hutchinson. Brom our own Correspondent.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 24. The City by the Sea is rapidly filling up with strangers from all parts of the country, and from an estimate made last evening, by looking over the hotel registers, the number of arrivals this season exceed those of last season, at the same time, by twenty-five per cent. The pro-minent hotels, including the Surf, United States, Congress Hall, and many or the smaller ones, in which may be classed the Neptune, Tremont, and Sank, are not to say full, but so much so as to make it slightly uncomfortable for the guests. The usual quiet of the place was marred yesterday afternoon by a melancholy casualty which happened in the rear of the Central House. The families of Mesers, Michael Lawlor, the proprietor of the Central House, and John Larens, a guest, were on their way to the beach for bathing purposes. Just prior to reaching the bathing grounds, two little girls, the daughters of the above-named gentlemen strayed from the party, and repaired to a pond, which is filled by the surf when at high tide. The daughter of Mr. Lawlor started in the water, and had not proceeded far when getting beyond her commenced struggling

Miss Larens, small as she was, went to her assistance, and on reaching the drowning child was clasped in her arms, and both went under, The scene was witnessed by several gentlemen from a distance, but they arrived on the spot too late to save the lives of the children. A net was then produced, and on dragging through the water, both bodies were recovered. They were taken to the Central House and will be

The news of this and affair soon spread through the various hotels, and crowds rushed to the scene. It has cast a gloom over the city, and last evening both Mesers, Lawlor and La rens were waited upon by a number of the visitors, who expressed their condolence.

This morning the freight train conveys the remains of John Hutchinson, the engineer who was scalded to death on Tuesday last, in the accident on the Camden and Atlantic railroad. and a numerous cortege comprising many passengers on the wrecked train, and a host of friends, to Absecom City, where the interment takes place.

THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Who States Which Have Ratified and Rejected It.

In the following table is shown the astion of the different States on the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, the ratification of which has just been certified to by Secretary

Seward:-		
States	Buttded.	Rejected, December 7, 1868.*
Arkansas	Trylw 12 1968	December 7. 1864.*
California		
Indiana	Taxemer 20 186	T
Kentucky	****************	January 8, 1867. February 6, 1867.
Louisiana	July 9, 1867	February 6, 1867."
Maine	January 19. 186	7
Maryland		March 23, 1867.
Massachuseu	sMarch 20 1867.	
Michigan	February 15, 1	567January 29, 1865*
Minnesots	February 1, 18	97
Mississippi	**********************	January 28, 1886-
Missevri	January 25.	1867
CVEDTRUKE	SEED OF AB. AND.	
Nevada	January 22, 1	867
New Hampa	hireJuly 7, 1846	9929999
New Jersey	September 11,	1864
New Tork	January 10, 18	67
Morth Caron	BB JULY 4, 1888	December 15, 18 s
OB10	Jaouary II, I	847
Oregon	September 19	1866
Pennsylvani	a February 18, 1	80/ea
Ange Island	February 7, 1	867. December, 23, 1886
Tourn Caron	ns_July 8, 18 5	December, 19, 1949.
Tennessee	July 19, 186/	The same of the same of
Varnont	No. women by an 16	October 19, 1816
Virginia.	OV WILL # 14, 18	66
West Viscon	J RBUSTY 9, 186	Tanana
When Virgin	Wahanary 16,1	M17
TY INCOME IN	Peorusiv 13. 1	Mary and the second sec

"The dates marked thus are those at which Andrew Johnson's bogns Legislatures pretended to take part in framing the fundamental law of the land. On the 19th of January, 1868, the Democratic Legislature of Ohio went through the farce of withdrawing the assent of that State, and New Jersey did the same thing Pebruary 20, 1868.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[FOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.]

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

—Kate Rafferty, a girl seventeen years of age, in the employ of a lady residing in the neigh-borhood of Third street and Girard avenue, was held by Alderman Eggleton in \$800 bail to answer the charge of stealing the body of a dress, a pair of shoes, and several other articles

of apparel from her mistress,
—George Megargey stole a watch from the
house No. 828 Race street. He was arrested at
Third and Noble streets, and admitted the
theft. The watch was recovered, and Megargey committed by Alderman Toland.

-Mr. Hitchings keeps a grocery store at Fifteenth and Master streets. About 7 o'clock last evening he went in the house to get his supper, leaving a boy in the store. While enjoying his meal he heard the boy knocking for him in the tore, and on going in, found a man there who m the boy refused to wait on. The man left, and on making an examination, Mr. Hitchings found his pocket-book, containing two checks and some loose money, amounting in all to \$600, was

-Frederick and George Fickner were arrested at Manayunk for committing an assault and battery on two German lads who peddle eigars in that neighbothood. They were brought before Alderman Massey, who held them for a further hearing.

REPAIRED .- The break in the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, caused by the accident on Tuesday last, has been thoroughly repaired, and all trains are now passing over the new bridge. The 4.15 train yesterday afternoon was the first to cross the structure. The excursion from Atlantic City reached the city last evening on time. The lightning express from Atlantic City this morning came in without delay. Special provision has been made by the Company for to-morrow, as the number of passengers will undoubtedly largely exceed that of any previous Saturday. The train leaving at 2 o'clock P. M. makes the journey in two hours.

Supposed Drowning .- Yesterday afternoon Mr. S. H. Nicholson, in business at 239 Market treet, with a couple of friends took a row up the Schuvlkill. It is supposed that having cluded this, they went in to bathe, and Mr. Nickolson was drowned. His clothes were found upon the bark, and the fact of Mr. Nicholson's being seen since seems to indicate that he was drowned.

A FIGHT .- Michael Lamb, the proprietor of a cake and apple stand at Fourth and Walnut streets, and George W. Metz, who was accused of stealing an apple by Lamb, indulged in a row this morning, which was interrupted by a policeman arresting both. Recorder Given held them in \$500 each.

THE NEW AMERICAN .- The Devil's Auction. with the American Can-can, continues as attractive a card as ever, at this cool and refreshing place of amusement. In addition, there is the usual varied and interesting programme.

DEOWNED .- A. G. Curtin Dixon, aged seven years, son of Mr. Thomas Dixon, residing at Bridesburg, fell overboard yesterday and was drowned. His body was recovered.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Judge Brew-ster—Daniel H. Conner and Patrick Finnigan were indicted on cross bills for assault and bat on each other. Mr. Finnigan stated that Conner, with others, came to his place and took drinks. One of them asked for a for a friend to sleep in, and he gave him a place to sleep in. They went away, and returning soon after asked him whether any one had "been through" their friend, saying that he had had a twenty dollar bill, and that he had now only forly five cents.

Mr. Conner is sinuated that the money had

been robbed in Mr. Finnegan's place. He resented the insinuation and ordered him out and Mr. Conner said that if Mr. Finnegan came from behind the bar he would "put a face on He attempted to come from behind the bar, but before he came round he was attacked by three men, struck in the face, and severely

Other witnesses testified to the same state of facis.

Mr. Conner testified that he did not insinuate

that Mr. Finnegam had taken the money, but had said that he knew his friend had had the money, and did not have it then; that somedy in the house may have taken it; that Mr. Finnegan told him that he who knew there had been money was likely to know the most about it. He (Mr. Conner) replied that such a remark deserved to be resented, and that if he would come from behind the bar he would break his mouth; then the fight ensued.

Mr. Devin swore that Mr. Finnegau struck the first blow on Mr. Councer's provention.

the first blow on Mr. Conner's provocation, Jury found Conner guilty. Sentenced to pay \$5 and costs of prosecution. William Calhoun was charged with larceny as balice, of a \$5 note, the property of Mary Baker. Defendant keeps a stall on Moyamensing avenue. Prosecutor went to buy a beef-steak, and tendered him a \$5 note to take the money out. and he only gave her change from a dollar. Prosecutor told him of his error, but defendant refused to correct it. She told him she would sue him, and he said do so. Verdict

Robert Parker, charged with stealing three shirts from William A. Springfield, was convicted.

James Solomon was acquitted of the theft of a watch, the property of Francis Girard. Com-monwealth failed to make out a case. George Jeckel pleaded guilty to assault and battery on William Jeffers. On the hearing before the Judge he stated, in pailiation for his act, that Jeffers had insuited his sister. The Judge reprimanued both, Jeckel for taking the law in his own hand, and sentenced him to pay a fine of \$50 and to give security to keep the peace in the sum of \$500, and Jeffers for insultog ladies in the street, and to give security in he same sum.

HINE STATIONERY, CARD ENGRAVING and Card Plate Printing in every variety, DREKA

1083 CHESNUT Street. PATENTED.—PANTS SCOURED AND STRETCHERS from 1 to 5 inches, at Mottel, French Steam Dyeing and Scournes, No. 229 N. KINTH Street, and No. 736 RACE street, 7 20) 5p

LATEST NEWS.

The Baltimore Democracy-The European Markets.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Telegraph Communication Interrupted. The wires have been prostrated by a severe storm south of Baltimore, preventing the receipt of Congressional news.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Special Demoteh to The Evening Telegraph.

A Demonstration by the Democracy. BALTIMORE, July 24 .- The Democratic ratification meeting in Monument Square last night was presided over by Hon. Charles E. Phelps, and was by no means so large nor so enthusiastic as might have been supposed. The banners, transparencies, devices, music, and paraphernalia, as a matter of course, drew together large crowds of curiosity seekers of all ages, sizes, sexes, and colors, including many Republicans and former Conservatives who now go for Grant and Colfax. All the speeches of course were rampant against what are called radicals, carpet-baggers, Yankees, and Republicans.

The negro also got his share of abuse, as did Ben. Butler and the impeachers. There was nothing pure, and nothing that could save the country, except Democracy. All corruption, all abomination, etc., belonged to the original and present Union crew. Fortunately there were some in the growd who did not believe this, and when Grant was being abused the Boys in Blue could be heard grumbling, and swearing that they would stand by their chieftain who led them to victory, whipped the Rebels, and, in spite of Democracy and traitors, saved the Union. One old soldier, unable to endure it longer, cried out, "You might as well villify General Washington, the first Father of his Country, as General Grant, its second saviour."

There is much dissatisfaction in the party here and serious indications of a split. The speakers and resolutions embodied the usual stuff incident to such things. It was by no means a cordial ratification. William B. Reed. of Philadelphia and numerous others sent letters which were read.

A heavy thunder storm, with vivid lightning and torrents of rain, passed over the city this morning. The streets are much flooded, and considerable damage was done.

An ominous circumstance at the Democratic meeting, last night, was the fact that the gas jet which lighted the motto "Our country." and the stars above it, refused to burn, requiring constant touching to keep it even faintly biazing. It looked as if a higher power knew there was hypoerisy about.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

This Afternoon's Quotations. By Atlantic Cable.

London, July 24-P. M .- Consols for United States Five-twenties, 723; Illinois Central, 953. Erie Railroad, 43%. Atlantic and Great Westerp. 41.

LIVERPOOL, July 24-P. M .- Cotton steady at 104d. for middling uplands, and 104d. for middling Orleans. The amount of cotton at sea is estimated at 781,000 bales, of which 13,000 bales is en route from the United States.

Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are steady. LONDON, July 24-P. M .- Linseed Cakes advanced to £11 10s.; Linseed Oil declined to

ANTWERP, July 24-P. M.-Petroleum flat and nominal at 51f. 50c.

Seminary Dedication. Arburn, July 24 .- Wells Seminary, for

young ladies, located at Aurora, Cayuga county, New York, was dedicated yesterday with imposing and interesting ceremonies. The building and furniture cost over \$150,000. and were the free gift of Henry Wells, Esq., the great express man, to the educational interests of the country. Addresses were made by Hon. N. K. Hall, Hon. Charles J. Folger, Hon. Charles B. Sedgwick, Rev. Dr. Prime, George W. Curtis, and William A. Bogart. Mr. Wells, the founder of the institution, delivered a very appropriate and well written presentation address on the occasion. More

College Sports.

than a thousand people were in attendance.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WORCESTER, July 24 .- The match game of ball between the freshmen of Harvard and Yale Colleges, which was to take place between the University nines here to-day has been postponed until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, in consequence of the rain storm.

The Philadelphia Excursion Party. COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 24 .- The Philadelphia excursion party arrived here yesterday afternoon. All well. They leave in the morning

for home, remaining at Cresson over night. and reaching Philadelphia on Saturday at five o'clock P. M. Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, July 21.—Stocks steady. Chicago and Rock Island, 1673; Reading, 945; Canton Company, 47; Eric, 683; Cleveland and Tolade, 1623; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 873; Pittsburk and Fort Wayne, 1993; Michigan Ceutral, 173; Michigan Southern, 91%; Michigan Southern, 91%; New York Central, 1335; Filineis Central, 781; Comberland Dreferred, 32 Virginia 68, 58; Missouri 68, 91%; Hudson River, 139; U.S. 5-268, 1862, 1144; do. 1864, 1113; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 14 48, 1864, 1113; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 14 48, 1864, 1110; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 14 48, 1864, 1110; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 14 48, 1864, 1110; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 14 48, 1864, 1110; do. 1865, 1123; new issue, 1994; 16 48, 1864, 1110; do. 1865, 1110; do. 1865, 1110; do. 1865, 1110; do. 1865, 1110; new issue, 1994; 16 48, 1865, 1110; do. 1865, do. grain market is unchanged, Provisions quiet and NEW YORK, July 24.-Cotton quiet at 31c. Flour

quiet: sales of 7500 parrels at yesterday's prices. Wheat quiet. Cora firm and advanced I cent; sales of 20 000 bushels at \$1.582113. Oats quiet at \$4. Beef quiet. Pork dull at \$7.90. Lard steady.

New York Stock Quotations, 2 P. M.

EFFECTS OF THE STORM. THE STORM.

Telegraphic Communication Interrupted-Loss of Property in Baltimore.

LATER NEWS FROM EUROPE.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Btc.,

The Storm.

The storm which is now prevailing South of Baltimore, and at other points, has greatly interfered with telegraphic communication.

FROM BALTIMORE.

A Heavy Rain Storm Prevailing-Loss of

Property. BALTIMORE, July 24 .- Early this morning rain commenced falling, and after a slight intermission it began at about 9 o'clock to pour in torrents, and up to this hour (2 P. M.) has continued to fall incessantly. That portion of the city adjacent to Jones' Falls is inundated, and travel is entirely suspended in that vicinity. Frederick and Harrison streets are completely flooded. Also the Centre Market space, and the Maryland Institute is surrounded by a sheet of rushing, foaming water, that is carrying everything like hogsheads, barrels, bales of hay, etc., with it. The first floors of the stores on the streets named are under water, and merchants have been compelled to remove their goods to the upper stories. The loss will be very heavy, but cannot now be estimated. No loss of life has yet been reported.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantie Cable.

Action of the Spanish Government. · London, July 24 .- It is reported to-day, on the authority of telegrams received from Madrid, that 'the Spanish Government will make St. Jean de Puerto Rico, a free port, in case the ships of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, plying between Southampton and Aspinwall will stop at that port instead of St. Thomas, as at present.

Indiana Politics.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Indianapolis, July 24 .- At the Democratic Congressional Convention of the First District, held at Evansville yesterday, Mr. E. Niblack, the present member, was renomi. nated as a candidate for Congress. Candidates are now nominated in all the districts of the

An excursion train, with the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad, passed through vesterday afternoon. The running time of the train between St. Louis and Columbus. Ohio, was ten hours and forty-six minutes; the distance four hundred and forty-six miles.

Ph. and Res. R. 944

Mich. S. and N. I. R. 914

Olev. & Pittsb'g R. 874

Chi. and N.W. com 834

Chi. and N.W. pref, 834

Warket dull but firm

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, JULY 24 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street BETWEEN BOARDS.

Fremont and his Costa Rica Claims.

The New York Herald's Washington correspendent telegraphs as fellows:-The announcement that John C. Fremont has applied for Government aid in the matter of his elaim against Costa Rica, growing out of his connection with the Costa Rica Railroad Company, has caused some talk here. Fremont has the matter before the Foreign Affairs Committee as well as the State Department, and hopes to induce our Government to interfere in his behalf. It will be remembered that Costa Rica annulled the contract of the company for alleged nonfulfilment of terms of contract and Fremont complains that he has not been treated fairly in the business. On the other hand, it is claimed by other parties anxious to take up the contract that Frement has no just claim, having neglected to carry out the terms of his agreement by spending \$50,000 within a specified period; that, in fact, Fremont pended nothing upon the road at all, all the money spent having been contributed by other parties. The contract, they say, was most liberal in its terms, and Costa Rica waited long before she notined him he would be held to the performance of the contract withis the time specified, and that time having elapsed without anything being done on Fre-mont's part, the contract was declared annulled. The government of Costa Rica acted toward him with the greatest fairness and liberality through out, and that General Fremont should deem that be has any claim against that government on that account is matter of amazement to those who profess to know the facts. The truth is there are several parties very anxious to get the ob, and this is the cause of the desperate of Fremont and the bitter opposition of his opponents. It is not likely government will interfere at all in the matter.

Sumner on Colored Congressmen.

The following letter from Senator Sumner is in explanation of his letter, recently published, addressed to Major Smith, of Norfolk, Va., and eferring to the proposed election of a colored man to the Senate: -

UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER, WASHING. TON, July 17 .- Dear Sir:-I have yours of the 14th inst. There seems to be some strange misunderstanding. It is my habit always to answer every letter which I receive, and, of course, I am frequently without the means of ascertaining the character of my correspondents, or their objects. In the case to which you refer, an equiry was addressed to me which I felt it my duty to answer, and which I had great satisfac tion in answering according to my conviction of what is needed to secure the triumph of the cause of equal rights. Of course, I had no purpose of interfering in any election, and if my letter has been used as if that was its intention, can only regret that it has been misapplied.

I am, sir, very truly, CHARLES SUMNES. We sare indebted to Mr. A. Wineh, of No. 505 Chesnut street, for the latest numbers of the London Punch, Fun, and Reynolds' Miscellany, all of which may be obtained at his counter,

Baltimore in a Flood-Loss of Men and Horses.

Ete., Ete., Ete., Ete., Ete., Ete.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, July 24 .- One of the most fearful and destructive floods ever known in Baltimore is now prevailing. The rain descended in perfect torrents, from 9 to nearly 1 o'clock. It is still cloudy and raining some, but with signs of clearing. The waters of Jones' Falls, which runs through the centre of the city, have swollen and overflowed the banks on all sides, from where that stream enters the city

nto the Basin. In many places the water near the falls outside of the channel is from fifteen to twenty feet dcep, and up to the first and second story

on the North to where it passes on the South

windows in numerous directions, completely flooding stores, dwellings, warehouses, etc. Boats are navigating several of the streets. In North street, north of Calvert, in the region of the Northern Central Railroad Depot, the water is from two to five feet deep. It is also the same in Holiday, Pleasant, Bath, Gay, Saratoga, and all other streets in that vicinity. In Holliday street the water is half way up

to the second story of the old City Hall, where the City Council meets, and where the city fire alarm and police telegraph is located. The Holliday Street Theatre is filled over the lower floor, and the stage and parquette are literally under water. The present Mayor's office and City Collector's office, situated on Holliday and North streets, are also flooded considerably in the lower stories. The foundation of the new City Hall, fronting on Holliday, Fayette, and North streets, is also completely filled, and a perfect flood is rushing through Harrison and Frederick streets, across Baltimore street, and down Centre Market Square, filling all the stores, cellars, etc.

The water is also running across Baltimore street, out of Gay and Holliday, to some depth. Gay street bridge is swept away; also some other bridges higher up, and the rubbish odging against the Baltimore street bridge, driving the water, partially swept it away also. It cannot possibly stand.

The old gas works on Holliday street are floeded. The flood has also been very great in the western part of the city, along Chatsworth Run and other streams.

All along the falls on either side for some squares there is a literal flood. Carriages carts, lumber of all kinds, boxes, barrels, tim ber, and various kinds of goods and debris are floating down. At present we cannot tell, but s fearful to contemplate. No one can possibly estimate the immense amount of damage to goods, stores, and property of every kind. From present appearances it may reach milions of dollars. All the city passenger railway cars have been obliged to stop running in consequence of the bridges being washed away. At the present writing the rain has ceased, but it seems threatening more, and the waters are about at a stand still.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, July 24-3 P. M .- The water commenced rising a few minutes before 1 o'clock, and rose at the rate of two inches per minute, and has continued to rise up to this hour. Calvert street is flooded to Lexington, within a few feet of Monument Square. North street is flooded almost its entire length, to a depth of four to eight feet. Holliday street to Fayette street is flooded, Ford's theatre being entirely surrounded by water, which is passing down Holliday and Baltimore streets. Gay, Frederick, and Hanover streets are entirely submerged.

The water on Jones' Falls is several feet above the bridge, and it is not yet known whether they have been swept away. On many of the wharves south of Pratt street the water is several feet deep. A city passenger car was swept from the track on Gay street down Hanover street with a number of passengers in it. The wildest rumors prevail in regard to the numbers drowned, some estimating the number at seven, others say all were saved but one, Mr. Ward, a printer. A large number of dray horses and some drivers are lost. There is no communication between the eastern and western parts of the city The water is sweeping everything before it There is no communication north by tele. graph. The flood is the greatest ever known

New York Stock Quotations-4 P. M.

PERSONAL.

BOUNTIES, PENSIONS.

PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the National and State Govern ments promptly collected. Call on or address GEORGE W. FORD,

No. 241 DOCK Street, One door below Third,

REFRIGERATORS. EFRIGERATORS

AT SEVEN DOLLARS AND UPWARDS. WATER OOOLERS, CLOTHES-WRINGERS AND WASHERS, and a general variety of HOUSE-FUR-NISHING GOODS. B. A. WILDMAN & BRO.,

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION SIXTH EDITION

THE BALTIMORE FLOOD

An Immense Destruction of Property-A Large Loss of Life.

Ete., Ete., Ete., Ete.,

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, July 24.

A vast amount of damage has been done in all that region. On Pratt street the flood is also high, and the Philadelphia Railroad track is covered. It is reported that the flood has also been terribly severe in the surrounding country, and especially up Jones' Falls. Some seven or eight dead bodies are said to have been picked up, and others dead and alive descried floating down the stream. It is fearful to anticipate the result, both to human life and property. Many persons have lost everything in their stores and cellars, and others are nearly ruined. A large proportion of the sufferers are of the middling and poorer classes. The horses in several livery stables escaped

narrowly. I have thus only been able to give you a hasty outline, but fear the reality, when known, will exceed what I have portrayed. Intense excitement prevails throughout the city. Thousands of people are out in all directions. The whole city seems in perfect con-

sternation. The real distress and loss of life and destruction can only be partially approximated when the flood subsides. Small boats are now being dragged past where I write, at the corner of North and Baltimore streets, to launch in the streets below, and aid in saving life and property. The overflow is believed to have been greatly augmented by the rubbish, lumber, and other things lodging against the bridges and forcing the water back.

Thus far the flood surpasses the great one

of 1835, which I also saw. I learn that the water has gone into the lower part of Front Street Theatre. The Baltimore sugar refinery is likewise much flooded. As a general thing, the stores in most places contiguous to the falls are flooded, some to the second story. The flood rose so quickly that it allowed no time to guard against it.

LATER.

Swan Lake Gives Way, Increasing the Flood.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE July 24 .- I have just learned that Swan Lake, seven miles out on the Northern Central Railroad, from which the city is supplied with water, has given way, and the whole of its immense flood has swept down there is no doubt that many lives, both of the valley, carrying away bridges, houses, human beings and beasts, have been lost. It factories, and other property. The cars at the Northern Central Railroad Depot are now swimming in water, and some persons are in them. Persons who just arrived from the

cruntry report terrible destruction. Drowned bodies of men, women, and children are frequently being picked up. The flood also has been very severe on the Washington Railroad, and the floods did much damage. Boats are now seen in all directions in the lower streets, in what used to be called the Meadows. The dam at Swan Lake cost nearly a quarter million dollars. It makes one shudder to contemplate the dreadful consequences of this awful flood, which are not yet. at three P. M., half known. The Central Police Station is twenty feet in water.

Minister Tuckerman's Reception by the

King of Greece. The following is the response made by the King of Greece to the Hon. C. K. Tuckerman, when the latter presented his credentials as the first Minister from the United States:-

Mr. Minister:-I thank you for the remarks you have just made, and receive, with peculiar pleasure, a Minister accredited to my Government from the United States. The sympathies that unite the people of Greece to those of the United States date back even to the time of the latter's first struggle for independence. Wholly agreeing with these sentiments of my people, I decided last year to send an Envoy Extraordinary to convey the expression of our sympathies to the President of the United States. The cordiality with which Mr. Rangabe was received by your Chief Magistrate and by the American people at large, the Government mission with which you are your-self charged, and the sentiments you have just expressed, are all proofs of the kindly disposition of the Government and people of the United States towards us. Both my people and I attach much value to the friendship of the United States. There is more than one point of resemblance between the two nations. Love of order and liberty form the basis of national character in both. Both have now their independence through long strife and many perils. personal knowledge of your character and abilities, sir, I am charmed that the choice of your Government has fallen upon yourself as its representative near me. I shall always receive you with pleasure, and am sure that my Government will hasten to enter with you into cordial and intimate relations.

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