CHINA AND THE UNITED STATES.

Werms of the New Treaty now Pouding in the Senate.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Journal gives the following synopsis of the

Embassy and Secretary Seward:

"It is now understood that the negotiations
were concerning additional articles of the treaty of Juv. e 18, 1868, and that those articles were signed on the 4th instant by William H. Seward on the part of the United States, and by Anson Forgingame, Envoy Extraordinary, and Chivoys of the Emperor of China. There are nine mpon, and which are now before the Senate of the United States for tatification.

Article one declares that the Emperor of

China in making concessions to the subjects of foreign powers of the privilege of residing ou ceria n tracts of land, or resorting to certain waters of that Empire for the purposes of trade has not relinquished his right of eminent do-main over said land and waters, and will not permit hospitities or surrender his right of juris-Article two stipulates that any privilege or

Immunity in respect to trade or navigation within the Chinese Dominions, which may not have been stipulated by treaty, shall be sub-lected to the discretion of the Chinese Govern-ment, and may be regulated by it accordingly, but not in a manner or spirit incompatible with the treaty stipulations.

Article three provides that the Emperor of China shall have the right to appoint Consuls at

posts of the United States, who shall enjoy the same privileges and immunities as those which are enjoyed by the public law and treaty in the United States by the Consuls of Great Britain and Russia.

Article four provides that citizens of the United States in China, of every religious persuasion, and Chinese subjects in the United States, shall enjoy liberty of conscience, and shall be exempt from all disability or persecu-tion on account of their religious faith or worship in either country. Cometeries of whatever nationality shall be held in respect and tree

Article ave recognizes the right of man to change his home and allegiance, but condemns other than an entirely voluntary emigration for these purposes.

Article six provides that citizens of the two nations shall enjoy in the other the same privileges, immunities, or exemptions in respect to travel or residence as may there be enjoyed by the citizens of the most favored nations.

Article seven recognises the necessity for re-

pre entative coins having a common value, and iso a common standard of weight and measures for all countries.

Article eight provides that Chinese subjects shall be admitted to all schools and colleges of the United States without being subject to any religious or political test, and also authorizes citizens of the United S ates to maintain schools in those places in China where foreigners are permitted to reside. Article nine sets forth that the United States,

always disclaiming and disayowing all intervention by one nation in the affairs of another, does disclaim and disavow any intention or right to interfere in the domestic administration of China in regard to the construction of railroads, telegraph, or other material internal improve-ments. On the other hand, his Majesty, the Emperor of Caina reserves to himself the right to decide the time and manner and circumstances of introducing such improvements within his dominions. With this mutual understanding, it is agreed that if the Emperor of China shall, at any time determine to construct such works, o her Western power, for facilities to carry out that policy, engineers shall be designated who shall be pard by the Chinese Government.

The above sketch of the nine articles now before the Separe is substantially correct. It they are ratified the United States will virtually become the protector of China against any progressive demands of the European powers. Should they consent, China will become neutral ground, under its own officials and laws. Nor can toreign powers, as hereto-

## CHASE.

A Scathing Rebuke for His Apostasy. The Cincinuati Gazette, which was long the organ of Chief Justice Chase, said recently:-Such preterment as Mr. ' hase has received from the Republican party might satisfy an ambificawhich was not insatiable. He was elected Governor of the State for two terms; then a Senator of the United States, from which office he passed to that of Secretary of the Treasury. He resigned that in the hope of receiving the nomination in place of Mr. Lincoin. Disappointed in that, be covertly made overtures to some of the Democrais for nomination by the Democratic party. He then made an osteu-tatious election ering canvass for Mr. Linceln, whose election was a foregone conclusion. Then Mr. Lincoln. with remarkable personal magnanimity, nominated him to the hiel Justice, which has been made honorable by some of the most illustrious names in our history, which is a place of high honor, and of respectable emolument for life, and which might satisfy the amoution of even a great man, or at the least, might create in him some sentiments of gravitude and fidelity. But no such emotion enters the bosom of Salmon P. Chase. Though pledged to those whose personal influence be asked to persuade Mr. Lincoln to appoint him, that this would satisfy his ambition, and that he would give up the pursuit of the Presidency, no sooner was he settled in his seat on the Bench than be made it his secure base of operations for Presidential nomination; and, at his next defeat in this, a base of operation against the

Collapse of the Third Party. The Washington correspondent of the New

vinced that the nomination of Grant by

tion from the Democratic party.

"There is very little speculation to-night concerning the third party, and the whole thing, it it ever had any strength, has utterly collapsed. Chief Justice Chase gives it no countenance whatever, and is not a party to the movement. The Democrats daily become more and more thoroughly demoralized and disgusted at the nominations which were made in New York. They do not object to Mr. Seymour so much as to Mr. Blair, whose selection many of them regard as very injudicious. Rumor has it that Mr. Seymour, while the Con-vention was in session, consuled his physi-Concians upon the advisability of his accepting the nomination in case it should be tendered to h m, and that they unanimously protested against it and advised him to decline. They thought that the cares and anxienes incidental to the campaign and to the Presidential office in the event of his election, must be extremely daugerous to his health, and might possibly result facally. The third party men are sore heads from both parties, whose only aim is office and elf advancement. They see no future in either Grant or Seymour. Nothing is definitely known of the views of the Chief Jus

tice on the subject of a third candidate.
The Times' correspondent says: The third party movement taked of in some of the papers has no foundation save in the wishes of a lew of the disappointed friends of Mr. Chase and Mr. Johnson. some correspondents in that interest are giving currency to rumers on the subject as so many lacts. ral Thomas Ewing, Jr., whose name has been mentioned in connection with the movement, authorizes the statement that he supports the regular Democratic no mineea cordially.

-Chief Justice Chase is not a Methodist, as has been sometimes sate! but has long been with the Protestant Episcopa connected Church. Bishop Chase, or Ohio, is his uncle; Bishop Chase, of New Hampshire, a cousin; and a stern chase for the Presidency has been his sole occupation for years past,

DOMESTIC LIFE.

The Newest Scaudal-The Frank Leslie Divorce Case.

From the N. Y. Tribune of this morning. In the Common Pleas, special term, yesterday, a motion for slimony was made in the suit brought by Frank Leslie against his wife, by the defendant. The complaint says that in 1850 Mrs. Leshe ran away with one Thomas F. Croxon, from New York to St. Thomas, and from there to Toronto; that Mr. Leslie pursued them to Toronto, but ultimately forwave his wife and fived with her; but that her intimacy with Croxon was continued in Boston without his knowledge. He also charges more recent adulteries with various persons. The know-ledge of all the adulteries except that which he forgave in 1851, was, he says, unknown to him till quite recently. Her answer dentes all the adulteries but that with Croxon, makes a special averment that her husband purposely threw her in his way and then abanied her, so that she might be dependent on him for pecuniary and other aid, and might be or at least appear to be, guilty with him. Sue juriber charges adultery on him with a number of women. The affidavits produced by her on this motion are much fuller. They aver that they were married in England by his, then, name of Henry Carter; that on one occasion he took from her all their furniture; that when about to leave England, he sold all of the furni-tore and a great part of her clothes, and left her with but £20 to support herself and her three children for six months; that after they bad been here a short time, her husband became estranged from her, and on his repeating the averments as to Croxon, she became by his estrangement and aban-denment deranged in health and mind, and went she knew not where, but without actual crime. That her husband subsequently sought her out of his own will, and she consented, on his entreaties, to reside again with him. That afterwards, she had continual reason to suspect his fidelity, and at length left him and entered into negotiations for a separa-That she has since discovered proof of in fidelity by him since the separation. As to one of the persons with whom she is accused, she says that she does not know his name. The affidav.ts of the others cenying the charge are appended. That of one of these, Jesse W. Bone-del, her counsel, adus a full account of the negotiations entered into by him with Mr. Leslie for a separation, and says that at one time Mr. Leslie was desirous of having an absolute divorce produced against him. That even the amount of the almony was agreed on, but the negotia ion went off through the failure of Mr. Leslie to give a sufficient security for the payment of such alimony. He denies indignantly the charge of adultery, and says that he believes Mr. Leslie only prefers these charges to frighten Mrs. Leshe's friends, and make them and him in

de, riving Mrs. Leslie of her rights. An aflidavit of Mr. Fortune is added that he is the proprie-tor of Frank Leslie's Inustrated, Linstrate Zeitung, It ustracion, Fashion Magazine, Boys' and Gir.'s Weekly, and was, under his prother's name, owner tot The Last Sensation, for which The Days' Doings has been substituted. That he owns four or five printing establishments, whose furnitors is worth at least \$150,000, and that his income is worth more than \$100,000. Mr. Lestie's affidavit is quite lengthy. He has, he says, been restrained by sell-respect and a regard for the feelings of his children from answering the attacks made on him by Mrs. Leslie, but a time has now arrived ter him to break science. He was born at ips-wich, England in 1821. At nineteen years of age he became acquainted with Sarah Ann Welham, whom he married when he was twenty one, she then being sixteen. By his marriage he alterated his father's samily. He devoted himself to wood engraving, and, by laboring sixteen hours a day, procured a livetimood for his family. His name was Henry Carter, but having used the name of Frank Leslie as an engraver's name, or nom dep ume, and naving used it also in the publication of his newspapers, thus gaining for it a kind of trade-mark value, he caused his vame to be changed in 1857. As to his selling the furniture before leaving England, he says that in his straugles to get alone he gave a kind of chattel mortgage on his furniture which was foreclosed one day during his absence, but, on his return at ngut, he at ence proc eded to make his family comfortable, and the turniture was returned within a iew days. Finding the long credits of Engcountry, and sold off his furniture, but not her clothes, and made, as he supposed, an equadivision of the proceeds, giving her £26 cash and about £100 in no es. When he landed in and about £100 in notes. New York, in 1848, his capital was about The notes were not promptly paid, and Mrs. Leslie suffered some inconvenience. Mr. Leslie then gives his account of the concenent in 1850. He entered into a publishing speculation in connection with Jenny Lind's concerts,

which necessitated his travelling with the

troupe. This he did with his wife's knowledge and consent. He left her in a

for nou-chold expenses. Just before leaving he

sent her a \$500 piano. As soon as he realized

anything in Philadelphia he sent her \$25, and similar sums from other cities. He received no

letters in reply. On his return in May, 1851, he

found his house occupied by strangers, and all

his letters but one apop ned. She had eloped

with Thomas F. Croxon, taking her youngest child. The other two, after some difficulty, he

found with a poor woman, Bartlett by name.

gave her money

well-form bed house and

before, Mrs. Leslie for New York. He telegraphed in the name of Croxon to a hotel-keeper at Albany, and thus stopped her. On her entreaties and penitence he lorgave her, and they went to Roston, she refusing to go anywhere on a count of her shame, but he says that within one week atterwards she renewed her connec-tion with Croxon, taking advantage of her party to whom he owed it. From the time that the last of all to believe it-became conknowledge of his business nours. Of this he says he know othing till November, 1867. After a Chicago Convention was certain, his judicial office became corrupted by his desire to destroy year's residence in Boston they resurned to New York, and to 1854 went to housekeeping. Here, the Republican party, and to procure a nominahe says, she appoyed him by demands for money, by her discouragement of his exertions, by her exhibitions of a more e disposition, by her it's its to the friends he invited home, and by her accusa ions of intrigues with every wonen with whom he conversed. He then York Tribune telegraphed last night as fol. accuses her of most gross neglect and instiention during a dangerous illness, resulting from a severe a cordent, in December, 1839. He says that the idea of his permitting a divorce was suggested by her counsel, but the demands for timons were raised continually, and he ultimately for n 1 mpossible to make any arrangement. This was after a separation which took place in 1861. After this separation he allowed her \$20 a week, until as he says, he fould that she was circulating injurious reports concerning him, and stopped it; that she has continued these annoyances down to the present time. He denies the charge adultery, and save that it is an effort to drag into this controversy the names of respectable married ladies, to stir up enemies against him. and to prevent his enjoying respectable society. A number of affidavirs are annexed, supporting the incividual averments of Mr. Lestie's davit. Mr. Boardman, on behalf of the defendant, urged that all these affidavits were but avernments of matt rs den el by the defendant;

> counsel tee as would place her on an equality with her hu-band be ore the Court. Mr. McKeon and Mr. Campbell for the plaintid, urged that the first adultery was not even depled, and that her position was not one commending itself to the favor of the Court. The Court should either give no alimony whatever or, it any, the smallest possible amount. Tho Court took the papers and reserved its decision.

that the purpose of the alimony was to enable

her to test the truth of these averments, and that she should be allowed such almony and

# NOVELTIES IN WEDDING AND

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PARTY INVITATIONS.

JOHN LINERD, 5 15 fm w2m Corner of Linden street.

No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street,

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

VOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Burgiars Captured-A Chicken Thief-Using the Knife-Lurcony-Another Arrest-A Violent Follow-A Fill-tapper -Charged with Larceny.

—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon three suspicious looking characters were seen in the yard attached to the house of J. M. Maris, No. \$20 Pine street, and the police were notified of the fact. Policemen Brown and Gienn, of the Fifth District, rep-ired to the place, and jumping over the fence, discovered the worthies, who attempted to escape, but they were prevented by the officials drawing their revolvers. Assistance was called in, and the burgiars were conducted to the Station. An examination of the premises was made, and it was found that a number of the shutters and doors had be an forced open with jummies, which instruments, It is supposed, were thrown Into the cers-pool. The prisoners gave the names of Harry Carrol, William Johnson, and Frank Lewis. Carrol is William Joneson, and Frank Lawis. Carrot is well known to the police, and about a month since was at the Central Signion on the charge of entering the house of Mrs. Schober, on Clinton street, one Sunday morning. He was there found by the servant, who gave the alarm. He fled from the premises, but ran into the arm of a patroiman. His pies then was drankenness. The other two have been in the hands of the police before. All will have a hearing this afternoon at the Central.

—A policeman of the Tenth District at six o'clock this morning, took Samuel Barker, in

o'clock this morning, took Samuel Barker, 15 years of age into custody, at Second and Oxford streets, while endeavoring to dispose of some chickens which he is suspected of having stolen. Alderman Egglesten has held him for a further hearing.

—The charge of stabbing a man at Nicetown has been preferred against one Adam Woolrich. Alderman Thomas bound him over in \$1500 ball.

ball.

George Ford was arrested last evening at Frank ford Road and Huntingdon street, on the charge of stealing some money and trinkets from a house is the neighborhood. He was committed by Alderman Senix.

The police of the Eighteenth District yesterday effected the capture of James Call, who

is charged with being implicated in the assault and battery committed the day previous on Sergeant Hanse. Alderman Nelli sent nim to Hugh McHugh has been bound over in \$1000 tall to answer the double charge of committing

an assault and battery upon a citizen and s an assault and battery upon a clizen and a policeman. Lest night Hugh and another man went into the lager-beer saloon at Twenty-third and Callowhill stre-ts, and obtained liquor, for which they refused to pay. An attempt being made to eject them, Hugh assaulted the lather of the proprieter. Park Policeman Callighan was called in, and he reeived several blows from the fist of the violent individual.

-John Wooding (colored) was captured yes-

terday while in the act of extracting money from the tili of a store at Seven h and Catharine streets. Alderman Bonsall committed him -Foliceman Quinn, of the Seventeenth Dis-trict, last evening arrested a man at Sevenan and Baker streets for being drunk. White on his way to the station House he was set upon by a party of negroes, who succeeded in rescu-ing the prisoner. Quinn then seized Charles Davis one of the attacking crowd, and marcuel

him before Alderman Bonsali, who sent him below to abswer. —Louisa Wilson was charged before Alderman Jones with the larceny of a bracelet, a set of ear-rings, and a breastpin, from James Rooin-son, the proprietor of the Grant House, and also of a jeweiry store on Market street. Louisa denies the accusation, and states that the com-plainant brought the articles to ner, and placed the bracelet on her arm. The Alderman neld the fair one for trial.

THE WEATHER.-To-day is a very, very hot THE WEATHER.—To day is a very, very hot one, though the thermometer at eleven o'clock ind not mark by five degrees, as high a figure as at the same time yesterday, still the heat is so oppressive as to reader any out-door exercise almost intolerable. The strees present rather a stronge contrast with their appearance a month since. Then business men were hurrying to and iro, but to day the same people may be seen moving slong slowly, with fan in hand, and thinking of nothing but of some way to keep themselves from retting over-heated. All laboring work came to a stand still at an early laboring work came to a stand still at an early hour in the day.

The passenger railway cars are well patronized, though the poor horses don't seem fit to pull the empty car. Men are stationed along the lines with water buckets and sponge for the purpose of rinsing out the mouths of the jaded

who have died from the effects of the heat. CORONER'S CASES .- Coroner Daniels received totice this morning to attend the following

At 1 10 this morning an unknown man was tourd lying at Duponcean and Locust streets, suffering, as it was supposed, from imbiling too much liquor. He was taken to the Fifth Dis-

A day or two ago a man engaged boarding at No. 404 Adams street, Nineteenth Ward. List evening he partook of his supper, remarking that he felt badly. After the meal, he repaired to his room, and in a few moments the occu-pants of the house were alarmed by the noise of a heavy fall. On going to his room they found him lying dead on the floor,

THE THERMOMETER .- The following table shows how the thermometer has stood during the day on each 14th day of July for ten years

the day on each 14th day of the day of the day on each 14th day of the day of He found that they had gone to Toron'o, and p raued them there, but her had been warned. and had gone in different sire, nons a few hours

HEARING BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COM-MISSIONERS - The case of Wm. Oves, charged with alding and abetting in the removal of distilled spirits was continued before United States Commissioner Aubrey H. Smith, at noon

to-day.

Joseph Seddons—testified that he saw the delepdant pump whisky from the cistern room Mr. Skillman, the slockholder, and the working men were present. In the latter part of March he assisted in pumping. A United States As-sessor was present at the time. All further tes-timony was substantially the same as was ad-Held in \$1600 to answer.

A SUICIDE.-The police of the Eleventh District, at 4 o'clock this morning, found a nicely-dressed unknown German lying dead at Front street and Lehigh avenue. The cause of his death was soon made manifest, as a pistol shot wound was found in his forehead. The weapon itself was lying beside the body, its only parrel being empty. In his pockets were found name-rous cards of business firms in Cincinnati, Ohio, to which city is is supposed the deceased belongs There were also a number of letters written to German The body was taken to the Nine-teenth Ward Station House, where the Coroner

held an inquest. OVERCOME. - Chas. Campbell was overcome with the neat at Fourth and Chesnut streets, at eleven o'clock this morning. Reserve Wilson conducted him to the Central Station, where the proper restoratives were applied.

At 1130 this morning, George Switzer, fi'ty cars of age, resining at No. 1838 Spring street, ell in the street, and was taken to the Frankord Station William Menally was sun-struck at 12:30, at

Front and Dauphin streets. He was taken to his residence in Richmond. SALE OF REAL ESTATE. - James A. Freeman

auctioneer, soid to day at noon, at the Ex-change, the following:— GERMANTOWN-Dwelling, Jefferson street, Draf Maid.

Brick Dwelling.

LUDLOW STREET, No. 1017—Three-story
brick Dwelling.

LUDLOW STREET, No. 4018—Two-story TWENTY-THIRD WARD-Frame House \$2340.00
and Barn at Baker and Nice streets \$1050.00

CASUALTY .- Charles Goodwin, an employe of the Water Departmen, while working on a derrick at Fairmount, fell to the ground, at 9 o'clock this morning, and sustained severe in-He was taken to his home on West

treet, above Coates. MEETING OF THE PRESS CLUB .- The regular stated meeting of the Press Club takes place this afternoon. Action will be taken with refer-ence to the death of John F. McDevitt, Esq. A full attendance of members is desired.

# THIRD EDITION

# WASHINGTON

Sherman's Funding Bill Before the House-The Alaska Appropriation.

election Frauds in the Southern States-Petition for a Congressional Investigation.

Ete., Ete., Ete., Sto.

FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

Special Desputch to The Brening Telegraph. Election Frauds in the Southern States. WASHINGTON, July 15.

Delegations from Georgia and Mississippi were before the Reconstruction Committee to-day, asking some legislation whereby loyal people of those States may secure control of the State Legislatures which have been elected. They all agree that immense trauds have been perpetrated, and that through a reign of terror the disloyal element has succeeded in carrying these States. After bearing them the Committee pos poned action until to-morrow. It is the opinica of the members of the Committee that it is too late in the session to introduce any new reconstruction measures.

A delegation from Virginia was also before the Committee, asking that the election of that State m ght be allowed to take place under the first registration. No action was taken in their case, nor is there much prospect that any will

Sherman's Funding Bill, which passed the Senate last night, will meet with strong opposition in the House. It is the intention of Mr. Boutwell to move his bill pro viding for the reduction of the interest on the public debt to 34 and 4 per cent., as a substitute

for Sherman's bill. The Alaska Appropriation. It is understood that the Senate Committee on foreign relations will strike out the amendment passed by the House yesterday to the Alaska Appropriation bill. They regard it not only as irrelevant to the bill but asserting the authority on the part of Congress not heretotose exercised, and calculated to embarrass the executive and the Senate in concluding treaties with foreign

The Conference Committee on the tax bill was in session early this morn. ing, and when Congress had assembled had nearly finished the consideration of the amendments in controversy between the two Houses. As soon as the amendments can be arrange i in proper order and the bill can be engrossed it will be reported to the Senate. The report will probably be made to-day.

### THE SANDWICH ISLANDS. Close of the Legislature-Honors to Ame-

ricans - Japanese Emigrants. SAN FRANCISCO, July 14. - Despatches from Honclulu, dated June 25, say the King prorogued the Legislature June 24, after a fiftyeight days' session, thanking the members for their liberality towards his family, and the zeal manifested for the best interests of the Government. The General Appropriation bill grants \$1,060,000 for carrying on the Government two years ending March, 1870. \$30,000 were appropriated to encourage emigration, and \$30,000 to promote inter-island steam communication.

The American Charge D'Atfaires had an interview with the King, and presented Captain Simpson of the United States steamer Monongo. The audience lasted an hour.

The official organ of the Government, the Gozetie, speaks in complimentary terms of the officers and men of the Mohougo.

The British ship Sciota arrived at Honolulu. on the 14th, with Japanese emigrants, consigned to the Hawsiian Government, which is regarded as a great event. A few hours after the arrival of the vessel the Board of Immigration had applications for all the laborers. In the port of Honololu, United States steamer Mohongo, British ship- Sciota and Robert Lane.

## FROM PANAMA.

The Late Election-Ceneral Ponce Acting as Provisional Governor-General Disz a Prisoner-Advices from the South American Republics.

NEW YORK, July 15 .- The steamship R sing Star, from Aspinwall on the 9th, brings \$22 721 in treasure from California. Owing to the late election in Panama baving resulted in favor of the Conservatives, President Daz handed over the Government on the 5th to General Ponce, who is now acting as Provisional President, Diaz being considered a prisoner. No blood was shed on this election. The State is declared in a state of war until public order is restored.

The Fourth of July was duly celebrated by the Americans at Panama. The frigates Powhatten, Cyane, and Bolivar are at Panama, A shipment of 536 barrels of oil is to be made

from Aspinwall to New Bedterd, by steamer, being the cargo of the ship Greyhound. The revolution continues in the Argentine

Republic. There is nothing important from Chili. The steamer Japan, from New York, put into

Valparaiso, May 28, for coals, From Peru we learn that the yellow fever is disappearing from Lima and Callao, but is raging

down the coast. No new battles are reported between the Paraguayans and the allies.

The Australasian's dates are to June 1, but contain nothing of importance.

#### Destructive Fire in Concord, N. H. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Bosion, July 15 .- A destructive fire occurred in Concord tast night, destroying Palmer, Wade & Co.'s spring manufactory, J. L. Webster's machine shop, Charles E. Austin's melodeon manufactory, and Secomb & Pillsbury's reed manufactory. The loss is very heavy, and partially covered by insurance.

## The Heated Term.

CLEVELAND, July 15 .- Reports from all points represent the heat as being greater and of longer duration than ever before known. Cases of sun-stroke are very numerous,

The Mississipp', Election. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 15. - Fifteen Mississippi radicals, including Fggleston, the defeated candidate for Governor, appeared before the Reconstruction Committee, this morning, and demanded the exclusion from the count of the votes on the Constitution of the counties of Rankin, Chickasaw, Marshall, Carroll, De Sota, Lafayette, and others. By this means they expect to carry the Constitution, and elect radical State officers and Congressmen. The reason they allege is, that terror reigned in those counties, and they ask Congress to declare Mississippi reconstructed and entitled to readmission to Congress. Among the fifteen several were Northern and Western men.

The general understanding is, that Congress will adjourn next Monday or Tuesday.

Fire-Death from Sun-stroke. Rochestes, July 15 .- There were four cases

of sun-stroke in this city yesterday of which two proved fatal. Preston's bone factory, on North Clinton street, was burned last night. The loss is

considerable. The thermometer indicated 98 degrees in the shade yesterday afternoon.

### Harvard College Commencement.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Bosron, July 15 .- To-day in this city is being observed by many as a half holiday, in consequence of the beginning of the Harvard College Commencement. The Custom House and insurance offices are closed, and there is very little business being transacted. The weather is very warm; the thermometer now at this hour (1 P. M.), stands at 90 degrees in the

# FORTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

Semate. WASHINGTON July 15 - Mr. Drake called up the House bill to smend certain acts in relation to the Navy and Marine corps. The amend-ments of the Committee on Naval Affairs were agreed to, and the bill was passed and given to the Hruse for concurrence, Mr. Wison (Mass) introduced a bill to reduce

the Military Peace stablishment of the United States. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Cole (Cal.), introduced a joint resolution in relation to the Southern Central Pacific Rail road. Referred to the Committee on the Pacific Railroad. Mr. Howe introduced a bill legalizing creation of Agricultural College scrip therein desig-

Mr. Pomeroy called up the bill for the establishment of a line of steamers from New York to various ports of Europe, under a company to be styled the Commercial Steam Navigation Company. Mr. Pom-roy urged, as on a former occasion, the advisability of having the mails carried on American vessels as provided by the bill. He said the bill as passed by the douse gives the company no subsidy, simply allowing them postage on the letters they shall carry to the amount of four hundred thousand deliars to the amount of four hundred thousand d diars a year for twenty years, and that be sond that there is no liability upon the Government Mr. Conness—While in favor of having successful competition on the ocean by American lines, he was opposed to its principle, which would prevent any future reduction in the rates of postage; at all events, without compensation to the company.

Mr. Frelingbuysen (N. J.) advocated and expiained the bill.

House of Representatives. Mr. Washburne (Ill.), from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill for the relief of Z. M. Hall, of Chicago, refunding tourage tax.

Mr. Washburne (Ind.) offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to luvestigate the disbursement of the Contingent Fund of 1-67 and 1868, with power to send for persons and papers, when the same can be done without expense. Adopted.

Mr. Garfield (Ohio), from the Committee on Military Affairs, asked leave to report back the senate bill for the sale of the Government property at Harper's Ferry. Objected to.

Mr. Washburne (Ili), from the Committee on Commerce, reported back the bill introduced

nmerce, reported back the bill introduced by Mr. Churchill, giving the assent of the United States to the continuation of certain wharves in the tarbor of New York. Passed. Pike (Maine), from the Countaittee Navsi Affairs, reported a bill for the restoration of Commanders Greenlesf, Colley, and Aaron K Hughes, of the United States Navy, to the

active list from the retired list Passed.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) introduced a joint resolution to admit, free of duty, the toarole figure of "Victory" intended to surmount the mountent in Harrisburg in memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers who fell in the American war. Passed. Mr. Miller (Pa), from the Committee on Pensions, reported a bill directing evidence to be taken as to the right to a pension of the father of Sergeant W. H. Cox, 2d Pennsylva-

Dis Artillery, Passed.
On motion of Mr Dawes (Mass.) the credentials of James H. Goss, member elect from the Fourth District of South Carolina, was referred to the Committee on Elections.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill making an appropriation for the Deaf and pumb Institution of the District of Columbia. Mr. Shanks (Ind.) moved to reconsider the vote of yesterday rejecting Mr. Washburne's amendment to contract with an institution in one of the States for instruction of the deaf and Mr. Maynard (Tenn.) moved to lay the motion

on the table. Agreed to-yeas, 67; nays, 49. Shipment of Specie.

NEW YORK, July 15-The steamer China sailed for Europe to-day with \$505,000 in specie

N. Y. and Erie R... 67%
Ph. and Rea. R... 94%
Mich. S. and N. I. R. 90%
Te and Pitt. R... 84%
Chi. & N. W. R. com. 78%
Market irregular.

A MEETING OF THE BAR .- A meeting of the Bar wil, te held to-morrow, to take action upon the death of John J. McDevitt, Esq. FINE STATIONERY, CAND ENGRAVING and Card Plate Printing in every variety. DREKA.

### No. 1933 CHESNUT Street. A PERSPIRATION SONG.

The perspiration trickles down, This sultry sommer day, And in the burning noontide sun, We puff, and groan, and pant like fun, And almost melt away.

The garments on our suffering backs Are saturated through; We feel like making asa-shore tracks: We melt away like heated wax; We don't know what to do.

And more and more we wag our fans, And quarts of water drink; Makes us so hot, too hot to st r. We'll smash the thing, we think

We'll make the best of sum mer woes, And groan and pant no more; We'll wear none but the thinnes, clothes, Good, chean, and sp endid, such as those AT THE BIG BROWN STONE STORE.

The folks at No. 603 and 605 CHESNUT Street, have made abundant provision for the hottest of the hot weather. Coats, pants, and vests, of the infunest concels able thinness and the strongest possible strength Admirably adapted to fit everybody, both as to per son and as to purse.

### COME AND EXAMINE THE GOODS. ROCKHILL & WILSON, GREAT BROWN CLOTHING STORE,

Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.

# FOURTH EDITION

# FROM WASHINGTON.

Senator Wilson's Scheme for the Reorganization of the Army.

Ete., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

LATER FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. Another Scheme for Reducing the Army :-Washington, July 15 .- Senator Wilson introduced in the Senate bis new bill to-day to reduce the military peace establishment of the United States. It provides that the line of the army shall be reduced to thirty regiments of infantry, eight of cavalry, and four of artiflery, the reduction to be effected by a consolidation of regiments. The enlisted men now in the service are to be mustered out until the number of all arms shall reach 25,000 men. The Secretary of War is cirected to appoint a board of competent officers whose duty itshall be to prepare and submit a plan for carrying into effect the provisions of the act, specifying in detail the manner of consolidating the regiments, and designating from the officers of the several grades now in the service those to be returned, those to be wholly discharged from the service, and those to be placed on half pay. The Secretary of War is to submit the plan, when perfected, to Congress. Mr. Wilson does not expect this or any other bill looking to a reduction and reorganization of the army to pass at this session, though he will make an effort to have his bill put through, so as to allow the Secretary of War a chance to have his plan ready by the next session of Congress.

### THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

### Afternoon Quetations,

By Atlantic Cable. LONDON, July 15-P. M.-Consols for money.

94; @942, and for account, 942@941; Erie, 434; U. S. 5-20s, 721; Illinois Central, 912. LIVERPOOL, July 15-P. M .- Cottou-sales of

LONDON, July 15 .- P. M .- Turpentine, 27s. 6d. ANTWARP, July 15 .- P. M .- Petroleum quiet

# Vagarles of the Weather.

BALTIMORE, July 15. - Eight cases of sun-stroke were reported yesterday. None fatal. The thermometer reached 106 at 1 P. M., yesterday, at the American office. At 12 o'clock, to-day, it stood at 102.

WORCESTER, July 15 .- Hugh Keany, aged 45, and Thomas Whalen, aged 35, died in this city, yesterday, from the effects of sun-stroke-Several cases of prostration are reported. For four days the mercury has remained at about 98 in the shade, and falling only a few degrees ouring the night.

GREANFIELI, Mass., July 15 .- H. B. Stevens, who has been for many years proprietor of the Mansion House, in this city, died in a fit, last night. Thomas Mahon died from sun-stroke, yesterday.

# The Narragansett Races.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. PROVIDENCE, July 15 .- The Narragansett Park races to-day are for, first, a purse of \$300; and second, for a purse of \$1500. There are four entries for the arst prize, and the same number

for the second. The beat is intense, and the attendance both resterday and to-day was small. Four persons have died from the effects of the extreme heat . in this city, and two others were sun-struck, but

### are expected to recover. Serious Troubles in Pottsville.

POT'SVILLE, July 15-2 P. M.-The strikers arrived in town just now, and marched to Potts: Orchard works, and stopped the foundry. The bell was rung, but the workmen struck. A large crowd of people, and about one hundred strikers are now forming in line to march to

#### Palo Alto and Atkins' furnace. Commencement Day.

Boston, July 15 .- The custom-house, banks, insurance offices, and office in the City Hall were closed to-day on account of the commencement at Harvard College. Governor Bullock, escorted by the Lancers, proceeded to Cambridge this forenoon to witness the exer-

## Prize-Fight.

Boston, July 15 .- It is reported that a prizefight took piace at Farmingham to day for \$250 between Duncan and Marphy, of New York.

New York Stock Quotations -3 P.M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street. ....14236

## Markets by Telegraph.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York July 15.—Stocks heavy. Chicago and Rock Island, 1974; Reading, 2074; Canton Company, 18; Eric, 68; Cleveland and Toledo 1924; Cleveland and Pittiburg 244; Pittiburg and Fort Wayne. 1975; Michigan Central, 116.2; Michigan Southern, 2014; Michigan Central, 116.2; Michigan Southern, 2014; Michigan Central, 116.2; Michigan Southern, 2014; Michigan Central, 114.0 minoeriand preferred, 22; Verginia 6a, 5614; Missouri 6a, 214; Hudson Fiver 874; IT. S. 202, 1822 1184; do. 1854, 1174; How issue, 1085; 19 408, 1075; 7384, 1085; Gold, 1417, Money, 4@5 per cent. Exchange, 1875.

P.EW YORK, July 15.—Cotton dull at 230, Flour dull, and dechine o Saib centa, 7600 non soid; Stare \$5,450, 9-26; Western \$6-450, 12.5; Suthern, \$79 @1478, Catls 10.118, \$18@1250, Wheat dull, and 192 cen a lower, 2116-218, \$1801250, Wheat dull, and 192 cen a lower, 2116-218, \$1601250, Wheat dull, and 192 cen a lower, 2116-218, \$1601250, Wheat dull, and 192 cental soid; Stare \$5,450, 9-26; Western \$6-50 no 2016; Western, \$10 anore; 255, 256, Wheat dull, and 192 cental since; 255, 256, Ericketh Stare, 2570, Charles, 2570, 257

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, JULY 15. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street

\$2200 City 6s, New 1025 178 sh Penns B 15. 5236 10. New 1025 178 sh Penns B 15. 5236 10. New 1025 1800 Lab 6s,gold 1. 85 20 sh Mor Cit 17. 18. 70 5 100 sh Cata Pf. 15. 3176. 50 sh Minchilli 56%