OBITUARY.

John F. McDevitt. At eleven o'clock this morning, Mr. John F.

MeD:vitt, for a number of years connected with he newspapers of this city, died at his rest" dence, No. 417 South Sixteenth street. Mr. McDevitt was about thirty years of age at the time of his decease, and a native of this sity. In July, 1854, he entered the Central High

Behool, from which institution he graduated in 1853, with a high standing in his class. Foon after his graduation, Mr. McDevitt en ter à upon his journalistic career, becoming assoc ated with Mr. Stephen N. Winslow, Sr., as a reporter on the Philadelphia Inquirer, and an amanuensis on the Commercial List. He subsequently became attached to the staff of the Press, first as a reporter, and then as commereial and financial editor, holding the latter posi-

tion during the past four or five years. Mr. McDevitt was one of the best phonographic reporters in the country, and was frequently employed in that capacity in important work outside of his daily journalistic labors. By his untiring industry and extreme correctness, he was enabled to support his mother and family, and to put aside a considerable fortune. He was wn exemplary member of the Catholic Church, the last rites of which were admin-

istered to him this morning, by Father O'Reilly, Mr. McDevitt was one of the most gental and generous-hearted of men, and his loss will deeply affect every one of his many associates in this city. About six months ago he was admitted to the bar, contemplating a change in his profession at no distant day. For two weeks previous to his death he suffered greatly from inflammation of the bowels, his life having been despaired of a full week ago.

CITY CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Stole a Watch-A Disorderly House-A Citizen Roughly Treated-An Unfortupate Peliceman-A Fight - Garroted--Violating an Ordinance.

-Daniel Deacon was before Alderman Car--Daniel Deacon was before Alderman Carpenter this morning on the charge of larceny. He is alleged to have stolen a waton last night from a man in a saloon on Front street below Walnut. He was held in \$800 ball for trial.

On the complaint of a number of the residents of routh Front street, one Deborah Maca, the alleged proprietress of No. 211 South Front street, has been bound over in \$800 ball by Alderman Carpenter to answer the charge of maintaining a nulsance in the shape of a disorderly house.

Lest night a citizen, while passing Front and Noble streets, was assaulted by two Indi-

and Noble streets, was assaulted by two indiand Noble streets, was assautted by two indi-viousls. Being statiwart, he turned on the aggressors, and was administering a good thrash-ing to the roughs, when they picked up stones, with which they pelted him. He sustained rather dangerous injuries. Both the vagabouds were arrested and committed by Alderman and for a further hearing.

Policeman Crummy of the Eighteenth Dis-trict, is an unforum to fellow. On Sunday he received a threshing from a drunken fellow, and yesterday he was treated in a similar manner by another inebriate, known as Hugh Sdin-yap. The affair came off at William and van. The affair came off at William and Thompson streets, and originated from the officer taking Hugh into custody. The policem in however heid on to his man and took ca e not to release him until he got him into a c il in the Station. Tois morning Alderman Nei isent the accused to prison.

—Patrick Galaspy and Patrick O'Connor got into a fight at William and Thompson streets, yesterday, to which a number of the gentry of the Ricamond coal wharves were spectators. Po ice Sergeant John Hanse happening to be in the vicinity, went to the spot and attempted to

To be Sergeant John Hause halpering to be in the vicinity, went to the spot and attempted to separate the conbatants, when the witnesses jumped in and knocked the Sergeant about as though he were a loot-ball. He was down on the pavement one second and on his feet the next. While being thus severely handled, he was engaged in defending himself with a "blity," and was perfectly reck tess with regard to whom the instrument struck. He was soon to whom the instrument struck. He was such overpowered, but assistance coming to his relief, he managed to secure five of the party, who were locked up in the Eighteenth District Station. Alderman Nelli committed them. They gave the names of Patrick Galaspy, Patrick O'Connor, Sr., John Galagher, Patrick O'Connor, Jr., and Edward Colligan.

—A gentleman, name unknown, arrived in the city late last night from Baitimore, and proceeded as far as Ninth and Pine streets, nere he halted for the purpose of taking a nion car. While standing there he was approached by two negroes, who desired to know the time. Having answered them, they asked him for some money. He was proceeding to comply with their request, when one of them seized him around the throat, while the other took possession of his watch and chain. They then left him in an almost senseless condition. Having recovered sufficient strength, he repaired to the Central Station, and lodged a com-Plaint.
—Alderman Toland yesterday fined three lads for swimming in the Delaware.

FELL PROM A WINDOW .- Francis Hermann, residing at No. 1530 Germantown road, fell from the third-story window, at I o'clock this morning, fracturing a shoulder blade and otherwise njuring himself. He was taken to the Episcopal

At about the same time, a man residing a few houses below where the above accident oc-curred, while sleeping at the third-story win-dow, fell to the pavement. He sustained no serious injury.

THE WEATHER .- At 11 o'clock this morning the thermometer was 96, two degrees lower than the same time yesterday. In an hour it arose two degrees, with a prospect of an in-crease in the same ratio in the next hour. To day is undoubtedly the hottest of the season, thus far. Men working outside of suelter were compelled to cease operations, for fear of being overcome with the intense heat. Hundreds of our citizens left yesterday and to-day for the various summer resorts, and as many more are making preparation to leave as soon

THE RECENT BURGLARIES .- Nearly all the recent cases of burgiary have been committed on houses which have been vacated by their oc-cupants for the summer season. Our citizens in leaving the city, should call on the Lieu-tenants of the various police districts and notify them of the fact, so that they can direct in houses which have been vacated by their ocne patrolmen to pay particular attention

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION. -Ann Weish was before Alderman Beitler, charged with the larceny of clothes from the hour of Mis. McClain. No. 812 Locust street. Officer Reeder testified that he knew the de-

Held to answer, THE BOYS IN BLUE .- The Soldiers' and Sail-National Executive Committee of the United States met this morning at 11 o'clock, No. 1105 Chesnut street, to perfect the brough organization of the Boys in Blue throughout the Union.

CORONER'S CASES .- The Coroner was notified to hold an inques on the body of a boy drowned at Coates Screet Wharf, Schuylkill. Also, at No 212 N. Tweifth street, on a women who died auddenn.

SLIGHT FIRE .- A slight fire occurred in the fifth story of the building on the Northwest corner of Fifth and the snut streets. It was ex-t ngulared in a few moments, and the damage Was triffing.

THE HEAT .- A man fell at Fifth and Chesnut streets, at half-past 11 o'clock, from the effects of the heat. He recovered in a few mo-

OVERCOME. - Christian Haus, living at Front and Master streets, was overcome by the heat yesterday, while working in a blacksmith shop in that vicinity.

HINE STATIONERY, CARD ENGRAVING. and Card Plate Printing in every variety,

DREKA. Mo, 1982 CHEBNUT Street.

THIRD EDITION

THE CAPITAL.

The Third Party Movement, and How it is Manipulated - Lobbying Through Alaska.

Discussion on the Tax and Impost Duty Bills.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Ste., Ste.,

FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

Whe Third Party Movement.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph: WASHINGTON, July 14 .- A few disappointed and baffled politicians from various sections of the country are here trying to inaugurate a third party, with a view of getting some of the defeated candidates for the Presidency to run. It is understood that the President countenauces the movement, but those who have charge of it

are men without any standing among politicians. They have had one or two meetings, at which it was developed that the object was to raise the wind and get some money out of Chase and his

Import Duties.

The bill in relation to import duties, which passed the House some time ago through the exertions of Representative Judd, still lingers in the Scuate. It meets with a strong opposition from New York, and will hardly pass at this

Our Foreign Relations. The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations met to-day, and considered the new treaty with Chins. After it had been read at length, several amendments relative to its commercial features were suggested, and the Chairman was instructed to prepare and insert them. After which the treaty will be reported to the Senate

for ratification.

The Tax Bill Conference, The conference committee on the tax bill had another session this morning. They have now gone over about two-thirds of the amendments embraced in the disagreeing votes between the two Houses. It is thought that at the next session the committee will be able to fluish the bill so as to report it to the Senate and the House to-morrow.

The Alaska Appropriation.

This being the day for taking a vote on the Alaska Appropriation bill, the lobby has been working it up under the leadership of Robert J. Walker, who has been laboriously writing it up for the past two weeks.

Bodisco, of the Russian legation, and various employees of the State Department, were on hand in full torce. Members were waylaid and besieged by them in every direction, and implored to vote for the bill. It is certain that a very large sum of money has been used to get the scheme through.

It is estimated that of the seven millions and a half that will be paid for Ala-ka, only about four millions will go to the Russian Government. the balance being used to get the matter

FROM LOUISIANA.

The Supremacy of the Civil Government-NEW ORLEANS, July 14 .- After the inauguration yesterday, Governor Warmouth sent a communication to General Buchanan, officially notifying the latter of the ratification of the fourteenth amendment and Warmouth's inauguration. On receipt of this communication General Buchanan issued an order, of which the following is an extract:-

The commanding general having been officially notified of the ratification of the fourteenth article of amendment of the Constitution of the United States by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana on the 9th inst., it becomes his duty under the act of Congress which became a law June 25, 1868, and the order of the General of the army, to announce to the people of the State, and to the troops under his command, that the provisions of the Reconstruction acts of Congress cease to operate in Lousiana from this date; military authority will no longer be exercised under the Reconstruction acts in said State, and all officers commanding posts or detachments are forbidden to interfere in civil affairs, unless upon a proper application by the civil authorities to preserve the peace, or under instructions duly received from the commanding general of the district. Military law no longer exists; the civil law is supreme. The order states that all civil officers acting under military appointments will transfer their offices, and everything pertaining thereto to their successors, who have been declared duly elected, and who have qualified under the laws of the State. The order concludes by congratulating the people of Louisiana upon their restoration to the Union, and good wishes for the future.

The Georgia Legislature.

ATLANTA, July 13 .- Mr. O'Neall's resolution to investigate the eligibility of each member, is the only business now before the House.

The Investigation Committee have been in ession the entire afternoon. The questions asked are as follows-Did you hold office previous to the war? Taking the oath to support the Conscitution of the United States, did you give aid and comfort to the Rebellion? Have your disabilities been removed?

No Senators have been excluded yet.

The Heated Term.

Poughkeepsie, N Y., July 14 .- The mercury stands at 100, and has been that for five days, No sunstrokes are reported.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Stocks duil. Chicago and Rock Island, 188; Reading, 91;; Cantos Cempany, 47a; Erie 69;; Cleveland and Toledo 183;; Cleveland and Pittsburg 85; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 1973;; Michigan Central, 1169; Michigan Southern, 914; New York Central, 1169; Michigan Southern, 914; New York Central, 134; Hillion Central, 14; Cumberland preferred, 83; Virginia 63, 574; Missouri 66, 915; Hudson River, 188, U. S \$208, 1882 1134; 60, 1864, 1194; 60, 1895, 1114; new issue, 1934; 60, 1864, 1194; 60, 193; 7304, 109, Gold, 1415. Money, 4@5 per cent. Exchange, 197;

Exchange, 10%.

Baltrimore, July 14—Cotton quiet and standy at \$225 25.c. Flour dull, quiet and unchanged. Wheat, very dull and no saies. Corn quiet but steady; white. \$1.12@1716; yellow in good demand at \$1.15.2018. Rvs and Oats are unchanged Mess Pork, \$29 Bacon firm and advancing: rio sides, 16%; clear sides, 17; aboutders, 14%. Lard, 18@18%c.

New York, July 14.—Cotton dull at 35c. Flour dull, saies at 90 barrels at yesterday's prices. Wheat easier: saies 20 000 bushels spring \$1.20; white Michigan, \$2.56 255. Corn firmer; sales, 30,000 bushels at \$1.48501.11. Oats dull, sales 35.000 bushels, sec. Buef quiet. Pork quiet at \$25.76. Lard quiet, 18@18%c.

FORTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

Semate.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The credentials of William Pinckney Whyte, appointed to succeed Reverdy Johnson as Scuator from Maryland, were by Mr. Vickers, and be was sworn in, and took his seat by his colleague on the right.
Further petitions were presented for an increase of pay to army officers.
Mr. Trumbull called up the bill to authorize the temporary supplying of vacancies in the Executive Department.

Mouse of Representatives.

Mr. Myers (Pa.), from the Committee on Patents, reported back the Senate bill authorizing Samuel N. Miller, who obtained a patent for an improved compound anchor, on June 29, 1862, for fourteen years, to apply for a seven years extension, saving the rights to those who may have manufactured the patent while between the termination and renewal of the patent.

After an explanation by Mr. Myers, the bill was massed.

was passed.

Mr. McCarthy (N. Y.), from the Committee on
Roads and Canals, reported a bill authorizing
the Superintendent of West Point Academy to use the labor of employes of the United States Government at West Point in building a wagon road from West Point to Cornwall Landing.

After examination, the bill was passed.

Mr. Washburne (Ill.) from the Committee on Commerce, reported back the Joint little resolution introduced by Mr. Pruyn, advising an allowance of \$1006 on the accounts of Peter M. Carmichael, surveyor of the port of Albany, New York, the salary paid to John Hastings, deputy surveyor and inspector before ble latings, deputy surveyor and inspector, before his taking the required oath of office.

After explanation by Mr. Washburne, the

bill was passed. Mr. Logan (ill.), from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill providing that after the first of January, 1868, the whole compensa-tion of the United States designated depository

tion of the United States designated depository at Chicago, shall not exceed \$2540. After explanation by Mr. Legan, the bill passed.

On motion of Mr. Dawes (Mass.), the Senate bill to facilitate the settlement of certain prize cases in the Southern District of Florida, was taken from the Speaker's table, explained by Mr. Dawes, and passed.

Mr. Kooniz (Pa.) from the Committee on the District of Columbia, asked leave to report a substitute for the Senate bill, providing for the lighting of the streets of Washington city; authorizing the Mayor and City Council to lay and collect a tax from the property-holders for that purpose.

Mr. Delano (Ohio) objected.
The House at 12 30 went into Committee of the
Whole, Mr. Garfield in the Chair, on the Alaska

The question being on the appeal taken when the subject was last before the committee by Mr. Butier (Mass.), from a decision of the Chair, ruling out of order an amendment proposed by Mr. Butier to reserve from the sum to be paid to Russia \$300,000 for the satisfaction of claims of American citizens against the Imperial Government. The question was taken, and the decision of

the Chair was sustained—93 to 27.

The question recurred on a substitute offered by Mr. Longbridge (lows), declaring, after many presmbles, that the assent of Congress is given to the stipulations of the treaty, but declaring that the extension of citizenship and the appropriation of money are subjects withoutted. appropriation of money are subjects submitted by the Constitution to the power of Congress, Mr. Higby (Cal.) asked Mr. Loughridge to sceept a substitute for his, appropriating the money, but asserting the right of the House to decide at all times whether an appropriation to carry out a treaty ought to be made or with-

Mr. Loughridge declined to accept it. Mr. Dawes (Mass.) said he had no objection to

Mr. Loughridge's substitute.
Mr. Stevens (Pa.) said that he had, and suggested deristively that there should be added to it a provise that members of the House shall be taken into secret sessions with the Senate be-fore a treaty is confirmed, otherwise the substi-tute would be folly. Loughridge's substitute was agreed to,

Mr. Ellot (Mass) moved to add to the bill a provise that no purchase in behalf of the United states of foreign territory shall be hereafter made until after provision is made by law for its payment, and declaring that the power vested by the Constitution in the President and Senate to enter into treaties with foreign Gov-ernments does not include the power to complete the purchase before the n cessary appropria tion has been made therefor by act of Congress.
This amendment was agreed to.
Mr. But er (Mass.), made another attempt to

insert a condition for the settlement of claims against the Russian Government, but the amendment was again ruled out of order. The committee then rose and reported the

oll to the House. Mr. Banks (Mass.), having one hour to close who expressed his views on the subject, con-tending that the President and Senate can make no treaty that changes the territory of the United States, changes the people of the United States, or changes the form of government of an acquired territory. Congress could alone do that. He admitted, however, that the amendments agreed to in Committee of the Whole took away most of the objections which he had to the bill. He held that if Andrew Johnson had done one thing more deserving of impeachment than another, it was his having dared to take possession of Alaska without waiting for the assent of the people. His only reason now for assenting to the bill was to avoid complications with a

friendly power.

The discussion was further continued by Messrs. Woodbridge, Delano, Stevens (Pa), and Mr. Stevens argued that under the Constitu-

tion, where a treaty was made by the President and ratified by the Senate, it is a perfect instrument. The treaty did not profess to make an appropriation, but simply undertook to promise that Congress would do so, If Con-gress did not do so, the treaty would simply stand as an obligation of the United States unexecuted, an instrument repudiated.

Mr. Banks (Mass.) expressed the belief that the Hence had progress because to the vertant of the House had power absolute to the extent of its authority overtreaties as over other matters of legislation. It was not limited to treaties that require appropriation, but the House had the right to examine into the nature of treaties to determine whether they are within the scope of the treaty-making power, and to acts in its own judgments whether they should be sus

HEARING BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COM-MISSIONER.—John Gallagher and John Boyd were before United States Commissioner Violer on the charge of distilling spirits without

having paid the special tax. Officer Thomas Dean sworn—I am a police officer of the Eighteenth District; know the defendant, John Gallagher; his place is on Salmon street, below Clearfield, on an open place; I have seen him making a mash; I have seen Boyd there at the same time; there was a still there; it was taken away on the 19th of June; I saw them both there at the time the still was in

operation previous to June 19.

The day the seizure was made there was a mas set and the still in operation.

Obadiah Leeser [being sworn, testified:—I am a policeman; I have seen Gallagher there with overalls on; I have seen him go down with the wagon with barrels in it; I have also seen him at the still-house.

Can't say I ever saw Boyce. John Thompson corroborated the above. Gallagher was held in \$2000 and Boyce in \$1000

o answer. Thomas Doran was arraigned before United States Commissioner Aubrey H. Smith on the charge of removing distilled spirits to a place charge of removing distilled spirits to a place other than to a bonded warehouse.

William Oves sworn.—I live at No. 1224 Corn street; I was a distiller previous to Ostober, 1867, at Foley's or Skillman's on Washington avenue and Front street; I was there till last March; I worked on the floor, receiving grain and putting it in the mash tub; two mashes a day were made four days in the week, and three mashes on the other days; there was a cistern room in the cellar; there was a pumproom over the cistern-room; I have room over the eistern-room; I have pumped spirits up, sometimes five and some-times ten parrels; we put the liquor in barrels they were filled in a small room; when we filled they were filled in a small room; when we filled ten barrels it was done in the small room, but the five barrels were filled in the fermenting room, by the pump; they were filled with a hose; the batches of ten barrels were taken away sometimes in the morning and some-times in the afternoon; they were removed three and four times a week; the five barrels were removed once a week; the barrels were marked while in the esta-blishment; I have seen the defendant mark the five barrels on several occasions, but never the five barrels on several occasions, but never the lots of ten barrels; I told you yesterday I have been asked to go to the place as late as 8 or 9

I have seen him there twice or three times :

FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

LATER FROM EUROPE. WASHINGTON.

Alaska to be Paid for-Passage of the Appropriation Bill.

Ete., Ete., Ete., Ste.

LATER FROM WASHINGTON.

Passage of the Alaska Bill. Special Despatch to The Beening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, July 14. The House, by a vote of 194 to 42, has passed the Alaska appropriation bill, which now goes to the Senate, where its consideration and passage will be a mere formality.

The Weather in Washington. Desputch to the Associated Press. Washington, July 14 .- There was no case of

death from sunstroke here to-day. The thermometer in the Capitol at 10 o'clock to-day was 89 degrees.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS. Afternoon Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable. London, July 14-3 P. M.-American securities heavy.

LIVERPOOL, July 14-3 P. M .- Yarns and fabrics, at Manchester, dull. Red Wheat at 1s. 9d. Flour, 30s. 6d. Oats steady. ANIWERP, July 14-3 P. M .- Petroleum, 40

Marine Intelligence.

London, July 14.-The steamship Atlanta, from New York, June 27, arrived yesterday. QUEENSTOWN, July 14.-The steamship Palmyra, from New York, July 2, arrived yesterday.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS. The Chinese Embassy - Fallen from

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, July 14 .- The Chinese Embassy, accompanied by Minister Burlingame, will visit Boston the latter part of next week.

William H. Hedge, of Sherborn, a prominent citizen, philanthropist, and Church member. has just been detected in carrying on a large business in the illicit distilling of whisky, and has been committed to jail for trial.

Affairs in New Mexico.

SANTA FE, New Mexico, July 14 .- At Albuquerque, yesterday, the Government troops having in charge the remainder of the Navajo Indians, crossed with them, and then struck into the new Territory, set apart for the Indians under the Sherman treaty.

Desertions are frequent from the 3d United States cavalry. It is reported that the Apaches are in force

west of Mestita, and on the San Antonio mail stage road. The Banquet to Reverdy Johnson.

BALTIMORE, July 14 .- The banquet by the citizens of Baltimore to the Hon. Reverly Johnson, to-morrow evening, will be a most interesting occasion. The President and Cabinet, all the foreign ministers, and the members of the United States Senate have been invited. and many are expected to be present.

A Suicide in Boston. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, July 14. - Wilbur B. Wait, a leading dry goods merchant of this city, committed suicide last night by severing an artery in his left arm. He was found dead in a public street this morning. He was forty-five years old, and was temporarily insane, in consequence of family troubles.

Fatal Effects of the Heat in Massachu-

setts. Worcester, Mass., July 13.-John Flynn, aged sixty-five, and William Murphy, aged thirty, died here yesterday from the effects of coup de soleil. Two other cases will probably prove fatal. The mercury at noon to-day indicated 95 degrees in the shade.

Shipment of Specie. New York, July 14 .- The Saxonia, for Europe

to-day, takes out \$268,000 in treasure. New York Stock Quotations, 3 P. M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S. Third street.—

SEYMOUR.

Market weak.

The Story about Insanity in his Family. A telegram from Washington to the Boston Post says:-

"A malicious story has been telegraphed west from this city by a radical correspondent, to the effect that insanity is herediary in the family of Governor Seymour, and hence his rejuctant to accept the Democratic nomination. This may be regarded by them as splendid material for the canvass, and it may be unkind to expose the inhuman canard, but your correspondent is authorized to say that a case of in-sanity was never known in Horatio Seymour's family. The only possible foundation for the story is the fact that Rutger B. Miller, who married a sister of Governor Seymour-but who is no blood relation—was at one time supposed to be threatened with insanity. The apprehension however proved to be groundless. These facts are furnished by a restonsible gentleman, in high official position, who is intimate with Gov. Seymour's family, and the intamous statement alluded to is branged as false in every partic-

The Pittsburg (Pa.) Gazetle of Monday has the

ollowing allusion to the same story :-Mr. Henry Seymour, the father of the present Democratic candidate for President, was for ome years a Canal Commissioner of the State of New York. About 1836, while holding that office, he committed suicide in the basement of his dwelling in Utica—the same now occupied by his eminent son—by shooting h mself with a pistol. Immediately the impression obtained currency that his financial accounts were in an unsatistactory condition; in plain words, he was a defaulter. An examination showed his official accounts to be correct in every particular, and his private affairs to be altogether prosperous. He tell by his own hand, a victim an overtaxed brain, as many another man o'clock, to pump, and was offered a dollar extra; I went there at the appointed time, and met Mr. Shoemaker and Mr. Doran; I have been ordered to pump by Mr. Shoemaker; I have seen Mr. Doran there with paint pot and brush and some things wrapped in paper; he went down stairs with them; that was all I told you; I have come but the three three trees. did before him and has since. This, we think, is the only case of insanity in the family. Neither Horatio, nor his brother John F., his two sisters (the youngest of whom is the wife of the Hon. Roscoe Conkling, a Republican member of the United States Senate), have given the slightest indications of inheriting the

More Fenians manded for Trial,

The Conspiracy in Servia.

Taten Etc. Etc., Ete.

By Atlantic Cable.

lownon, July 14 .- Cooke and Blake, who were arrested some time since on suspicion of participation in the recent Feulan outrages were brought up in Bow street to-day for a pre. limitary examination. Policemen and others testified that while engaged in searching the lodgings of the prisoners large quantities of arms and powder were found, and other evidence was elicited, which tended to fasten guilt upon the prisoners, and they were remanded for trial.

BELGRADE, July 14.-The investigation by the authorities into the recent assassination of Prince Michael still continues. Prince Kara Georgevich, who has been suspected all along of complicity in the murder, has at last been cited to appear before the sourt to answer the

New York Stock Quotations, 4 P. M. Received by telegraph from Glendinning & Davis, Stock Brokers, No. 48 S, Third street:—
N. Y. Cent. R. 132
N. Y. and E. R. 67% Chi. and R. I. R. 107%
Poll. and Rea R. 94% Pitts, F.W. and Chi.
Mich. S. and N. I. R. 90%
Cie. and Pitt. R. 85
Chi. and N.W. com. 78%
Market irregular.

NEW YORK.

Another Accident-Two Per sons Drowned and Others Supposed to be Lost. From the N. Y. Times of this morinng.

The casualty list of yes erday grew to frightful proportions as the various portions of the city were heard from. The last case reported was a terrible accident at the foot of One Hundred and Fitty-ec and street, North river. Yes erday a very large pic-nic party left the city by the steamboat Stephen Low and two barges, and proceeded to Dudley Grove, where the day was passed in festivity. On returning in the evening a landing was made about 7 o'clock at One Hundred and F try-second street, for the purpose of putting some of the passengers ashore. As the boat neared the shore a young girl, whose name is unknown, accidentally fell overboard. Officer Corlet, of the Tairty-second Precinct, instantly sprang in to her assistance, but his devoti n proved of no avail, and both himself and the gri p react. The event caused an increase excitement on board and a general rush to the side of the boat from which the girl bad tallen. The strain was so great upon the deck railings that they gave way, and some dozen more people were precipitated into the The wildest copius on and terror ensued, but in the midst of it some of those stragging in the water were rescued, but whether all were saved, could not be determined. Nine hats were subsequently picked up floating in the river, and were taken to the Thirty-second Precinct Station House, where they are held for identification. The news of the catastrophe did not reach the lower part of the cut until 1 o'clock, and it was hence impossible to obtain further particulars.

That Third Party Movement. The Washington special to the New York Tri-

hune of to-day says -Various and contradictory rumors are affoat in this city relative to a third party movement, the latest of which is that a committee composed mainly of New York men, called on Mr. hase to-cay to get his views on the subject. It is reported that they assured him that they have p sirive strength in different sections of the Union, and that thirty days will develop a strong party which will willingly support the Chief Justice on a platform embodying the views contained in his letter to Mr. John J. Cisco. It is al-o said that they held forth the hope that Seymour is anx'ous to withdraw, and that he wants but a reasonable excuse to do so, as he does not imagine that the Democratic party can win to the coming contest. It is reported that Mr. Chase replied that he had not committed himself in any way to the New York platform, and that he would be suided by his friends. Your correspondent has no means of verifying these stories, on account of the lateness of the hour, and he does not attach much importance to them. They are merely reproduced as the chit-

PHILADELPHYA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, JULY 14 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Tuird street BETWEEN BOARDS. Old......100 5 sh Com'i B. IC.......... 72% 16 sh Leb V R.

chat of the politicians.

\$500 City 6s, New ...s. 1024 25 ah Penne R... 25 ah Penne SECOND BOARD.

DRY GOODS QUOTATIONS. PRINTS.

.15 Amoskeag.. merrimack, D. Cocheco, L...... GINGH AMB. Hartford... Roanoke... Caledonia, Inngow. BROWN SHRETINGS. Pocasset.... ..4-4.....17 8-4...... 105 ...143/2 Pepperell, E Pacific. Extra... Atlantic, A Bont, S. Superior, 1X L.,4-4 stawmut. C 5% Lyman, Indian Head...... Exeter, A Medford. Great Falls, H. 9-5 155 J. 4-4 1355 M. 1456 B. 18 Pittefield, A..... Cabot, A. verett, AA ... 1416 Dwight, A

THE MARKETS.

The following are the latest quotations for the various articles designated --

smaller package, 50 cts.

18 100 lbs.
Dryf ed 18 cwt.6 00 a 7 00
Ph kl'd Scale — a — Pickie d Coc. 6 25 a 6 50
Macker! No 1.23 · 0 a 23 25
Macker! No. 1.23 · 0 a 22 50
Mack cc. 2. M 18 ° 0 a 18 50
Mack No. 3M, 7 7 5 a 9 00
Saim'r Pic N. 96 00 a 27 00

Primecy = a = -Primecy = a = -" Ms@tc15+0 a20-50 Pork, Ms. 20027 75 a28-315 " Prime... — a — ...
" Mess. — a — ...
" Clear — a — ...
Lard primstm — 16% a — 16% In Oblo. 9:50 all 70 & Mics... Ohto Sb pring. 905 a 940 Chio ex bds. 950 a1300 Grassee do.1175 a1400

PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE.

IN LAFAYETTE COLLEGE, ... The next term commences on THURSDAY, Sep-

tember 9. Candidates for admission may be examined the day before (September 8), or on Tuesday, July 28, the day before the annual commencement. For circulars apply to President CATTELL, or to Professor B. B. YOUNGMAN,

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