THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1867.

THE BOOK OF THE HAND.

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A LEAF OF NOMADIC LORE.

Modern palmistry, as is well known, owes most of its development to D'Arpentigny. This gentleman was a French captain, and, while serving in the Spanish wars, had his attention accidentally directed to the science of chirognomy. One day sauntering along the roads of Andalusia, he was accosted by a gipsy, who asked his hand to draw a horoscope. The girl, who was of Moorish blood, was very beautiful, and, begging him with much importunity, D'Arpentigny smilingly consented to submit his hand to her investigation. He listened to her grave recital of some wonderful prediction about the generosity of the lieutenant; and, continuing his way, he reflected on that form of divination by the lines of the hand, and on certain fantastic terms which the Bohemian had used. He said to himself that although chiromancy, practised by Bohemians and ignorant mountebanks, was only an innocent superstition to procure a few pence, it was not the less true that, in displaying their pretended science, those same people repeat words handed down by their fathers, who have also derived them from their ancestors. Amidst such empty jargon, detailed by those people, the observer may pick up some expressions, apparently derived from some dead innguage, whose meta phorical character alone preserves its existence. In his eager and prolonged research after some written knowledge of the science, he ransacked the works of Avicenna and Tretichins, corroborated their opinions with the writings of Autiochus, Tibertus, and Taisiner; he dived into Plato and Aristotle, Ptolemy and Averroes; in short, he read everything he could get bearing on the subject, until, after completely muddling his brains with the opinions and counter-opinions of others, he judged rightly that all such theorizing would only be doubt and conjecture until the trath was established by observation. He then set himself to compare the hands of every one with whom he was acquainted, remarking the most minute details of their conformation, and analyzing various aspects, until at last he built up a system based upon these researches. This work has been praised by Lamartine, Jules Janin, J. M. Dargaud, Barthelemy, and others.

The main principles and the data of this work have been translated and embodied in a book enti led "Modern Palmistry," first published in London, and reissued in this country. The volume contains, also, outlines of the system of Desbarrolles, together with a sketch of the science as it existed in ancient times, and as it is now practised among the gipsies. With a good deal that is purely fanciful and absurd, the book combines a little that is suggestive and of real scientific value. It would be absurd to suppose that a science which has been practised among men for some four thousand years, is entirely without a foundation in truth. The volume, however, will prove principally desirable as a means of whiling away an idle hour, and as a guide for those who wish to play at hand-reading and fortunetelling.

The modern science of chiromaney, as established by D'Arpentigny, classifies hands in seven orders-the elementary, with a large palm; the necessary or spatule-shaped; the artistic or conical; the useful or square; the philosophical or knotted; the psychological or pointed; and the mixed hand.

SIGNS OF THE PALM.

In the palm of the hand is placed the sign of the bodily desires, and, to a certain degree, that of the intensity of the intellectual aptitudes which these desires determine. Too slim, narrow, and feeble, it indicates a weak and unsuggestive temperament; an imagination without warmth and power; instincts without capacity. If it is pliant, of a suita-ble thickness and surface-that is to say, in harmony with the pr oportions of the finger and thumb, there will be an aptitude for all the pleasures of life, and the feelings, easily excited, will give scope to the imagination. Should it present developments too marked, without ceasing to be pliant, egotism and sensuality will be the dominant fuclinations. Lastly, if its largeness is altogether out of proportion with the other parts of the hand -if it joins to an excessive hardness an excessive thickness-then it will indicate instincts approaching to an unthinking animalism.

riches, greatness, fortune the Napoleon hand; large and firm, it tends to sensual pleasures. All three forms obey inspiration, and are comparatively inapt for the mechanic arts. The first proceeds by onthusiasm, the second by stratagem, the last by the promptings of pleasure. A palm moderately large, with smooth fin-

gers, a feeble thumb, rather conical phalanges -that is, strong passions without sufficient moral restraint-a mind wanting in power to subjugate the senses, and based on a ground-work of moderately intellectual ideas. Such is, in general, the character of the artist.

THE PHILOSOPHIC HAND,

The other variety of the conical has flogers knotted, with the nail phalanges partly square, partly conical. It indicates a genius turned towards speculative ideas, meditation, deep philosophical science, and close, inductive reasoning, a love of absolute truth, postry of reason and thought.

The two classes into which D'Arpentigny divides philosophers are the sensualists and idealists. It is the old distinction as to ideas being received by the senses from without or within. Locke and Condillac have the phalanged fivgers of the sensualists, and Descartes, Malebranche, and Leibnitz have the phalanges of the idealists. It is, however, only the hand of the rationalist and sensualist in its natural form that is dealt with, which has a palm moderately large and elastic, with knotty fingers, the end phalange partly square, partly conical, and forming, by reason of the two knots, a kind of ovoid spatule; the thumb large, and indicating as much logic as decision -that is, formed of two phalanges of equal length, or nearly so.

The philosophy of useful and spatulated hands embraces facts, practical ideas, things, politics; that of the conical and pointed hands, creeds, speculative ideas, art; knotted hands, partly square, partly conical, are eelectic, and it is for this reason that they have received the name of philosophic hands. Very large, all these hands tend to analysis; very small, to synthesis. With a little thumb, they think with the heart; with a large thumb, with the head. It is with churchmen as with philosophers and artists. The knowledge and direction of men belong to the northern types; of souls, to the southern. To the former belong science and learning; to the latter, faith. The one has more love, the other more authority. The spatules think of the world and the church; the conics, of heaven and God.

THE PSYCHICAL HAND.

This last hand has smooth fingers terminating in a tapering cone. To it belongs contemplation, religionsness, ideality, carelessness of material interests, poetry of the soul and of the heart, a desire after all kinds of beauty in form and in essence. Thus, to the square and spatuled fingers God has given matter and reality-that is to say, industry, the necessary and useful arts, the theory of things, the knowledge of facts, the high sciences; to the conical and pointed fingers, He has opened the illimitable field of imagination; to the conical, in giving them an insight into the externally beautiful-art; to the pointed fingers, intuition of the true and the beautiful internally-poetry, and idealistic philosophy. This is, of all others, the most beautiful and the most rare; for rarity is a condition of beauty. It is small and fine, relatively to the perfor; medium paim, the fingers without knots, or very moderately undulated, the outer phalange long and fliberted, the thumb small and elegant; large, and with knots, it has strength and combination, but it wants simplicity.

You have seen the world given up to spatuled hands, progress, industry, war, tumnit, sultivation of power and material interests. You have seen it committed to the artistic hands, producing romantic enterprise, imprudence, brilliant folly, splendid misery, and fanaticism of form. You have seen it given up to the square phalanges, faunticism of methed, narrow and universal despotism. You have seen it given unto the philosophic hands, the fanaticism of science, doubt, emotion, and liberty, without standing point. Alone hitherto in Europe, the psychical hands have not been able to arrive at dominion; perhaps have ever disdained, in the high sphere where their genius dwells, the material interests. The psychical hands are immensely numerous in Southern Asia; hence the genius essentially religious, contemplative, and poetical of the nations that dwell there; hence their re-spect for maxims, and their disdain for methods; hence the preference they give to virtue, the source of repose-to science, the ource of progress; hence the languishing condition of the arts, professions, and agriculture; hence theocratic and despotic governments, forms necessary for a people to whom reason and action are painful. It is in dreamy Asia, the land of immense empires, whence have arisen all great religions; and it is in restless, laborious Europe, country of small republics, whence have arisen all the philosophers that have looked those religions in the face, and have told them of their deeds. In Europe the temple rises out of society, in Asia, society rises out of the temple.

and short, with a large thumb, it aims at | our instinct and senses. Proofs of this abound. Born idiots come into the world without thumbs, or with them powerless and inert, which is natural, because where the substance is absent the symbol must fail. Until they arrive at a time when a ray of intellect comes to their aid, they constantly keep their hands shut with the fingers above the thumb, but in proportion as the mind develops with the body, the thumb in its turn shuts over the

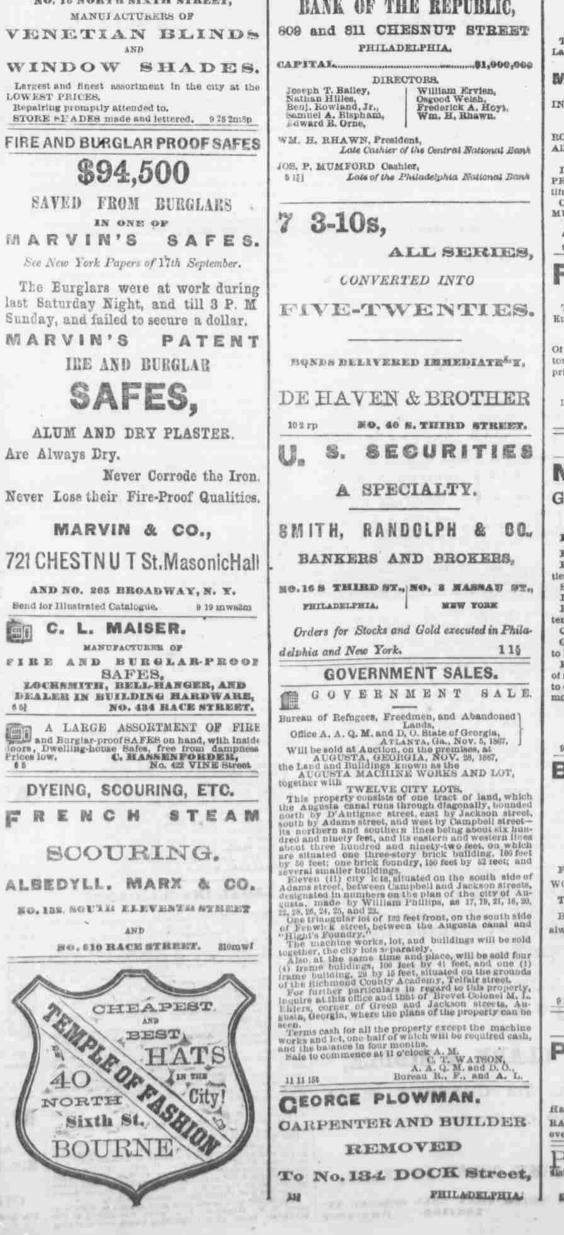
The epileptic in their fits shut the thumb before the fingers, which signifies that that malady, which is experienced before being felt, reaches the principle by which we think be-fore that by which we feel.

At the approach of the great darkness, the thumb of the dying, as taken with some vague fear, takes refuge under the fingers, which announces the near end. Man alone, because he has a thumb-that is to say, reason-knows death. At the root of the thumb sits the sign of the reasoning will, the intensity of which you will measure by the length and thickness of that root-the mount of enus of chiromapoy. In the first phalange s the sign of logic-that is to say, of percep ion, of judgment, of reason; and in the second is that of invention, decision, and the initiative.

the heart, source of tolerance, and breath more freely in an atmosphere of sentiment than in that of thought, and see better with the eye of the moment than with that of reflection. People with large thumbs are governed by the head, source of exclusiveness; they breathe more freely in an atmosphere of thought than in that of sentiment; they see better with the eye of reflection than with that of the moment.

will; Danton, that magnanimous soul, who took upon him the disgrace of a crime to save his country; Galileo, Socrates, Newton, Leibnitz, Saint Simon, Fourier, Owen—those pro-found reasoners, those bold innovators—had infallibly very small thumbs. Voltaire, the man of the world, whose heart was subject to his brain, had enormous thumbs, as proved by his statue in the Théâtre Français.

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FINGERS AND THEIR SIGNS.

Fingers are divided into three general orders: spatulous, enlarging more or less at the point; square, with phalanges of uniform size, neither enlarging nor tapering; and conical, more or less apexed. They are further subdivided according as they are smooth or have knotted joints (knots such as the eye may readily and easily perceive,

SPATULOUS FINGERS

are of two kinds, smooth and knotted, and both indicate aptitude for bodily activity and manual occupation, useful and material knowledge, the love of horses, dogs, hunting, sailing, war, agriculture, commerce. The smooth are distinguished for inspiration rather than reason; fancy and sentiment rather than knowledge; synthesis rather than analysis. Intellectual taste belongs peculiarly to the knotted, and grace to the smooth. The smooth work by inspiration, passion, instinct, intui-tion; the knotted by calculation, reason, deduction, and probabilities.

The hand with the smooth fingers will especially excel in the locomotive arts and the applied sciences, in which spontaneous dexterity and genius prevail over combination.

The hands spatnled with knots indicate the practical mechanical sciences, as statios, dynamics, navigation, architecture. Thus Vauban, Monge, Carnot, Cohorn, Arago, etc.

THE SQUARE FINGERS

indicate, according as they are smooth or knotted, a taste for moral, political, and social science, or for grammar, logic, geometry, and some departments of poetry and philosophy.

Iosophy. To the squared phalanges are due the theo-ries and methods of administration; they do not attain to high poetry, but letters, the solences, and some arts. These carry the name of Aristotle inscribed on thoir banner. This type dazzles not by brilliant fancy, but Roves literature for its own sake, history, social science, etc. Descartes and Pascal had knotted fingers; Chapelle and Chaulien smooth Ones.

In France there are more square hands than apatuled; that is to say, more people of tongue than of hand, more brains organized for the theory of science than men well suited to apply them.

THE ARTIST HAND,

with smooth fingers, of which the nailed pha-Imge presents the form of a cone, or a filbert, is devoted to the plastic arts-painting, sculp-ture, architecture, poetry of the imagination and of the sense, worship of the beautiful in solid and visible form, romantic incidents, antipathy to rigid induction, enthusiasm, fanaticism. With certain modifications in form, the artist hand has three different tendencies. With pliancy, a small thumb, and moderately developed palm, it has the beautiful in form for its end; broad, thick, lange presents the form of a cone, or a filbert,

HANDS FOR MUSICIANS.

If there is any one art more than another, a genius for which might be inferred from the make of the hand, it is evidently that of the musician. A brilliant player must have a hand adapted to his art. A man with short, pudgy fingers, however much he may have the soul of music within him, must forever remain the "mute inglorious." A rigid attention to measure being the necessary condition of musical rhythm, it is among the square fingers that are found the most correct and skilled musicians. Instrumentation belongs especially to the spatuled fingers, and song to the pointed. The hand of the eminent planist, Liszt, being very large, it is by finish; his fingers very knotty, it is by precision; his phalanges very spatuled, it is by power, that he raises the admiration of his audience.

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His hand is not only that of an instrumentalist, it is also that of a mathematician, of a mechanician, and by extension that of a metaphysician-that is to say, of a man more reflective than impulsive, more skilful than impassioned, more head than heart.

THE THUMB.

"In want of other proofs," said Newton, "the thumb would convince me of the existence of a God; as without the thumb the hand would be a defeative and incomplete instrument, so without the moral will, logic decision, faculties of which the thumb in different degrees offers the different signs, the most fertile and the most brilliant mind would only be a gift without worth." In common with animals, we have an instinctive will, an instinctive logic, and an instinctive decision; but the thumb alone represents the reasoning will, reasoning logic, and reasoning decision. The superior animal is in the hand, the man is in the thumb. The thumb of apes, very little flexible, and, therefore, opposable, is looked upon by some naturalists as a mova-ble talon; while, on the contrary, the human thumb is placed and organized so as to be able to act always in a sense against the other fingers, it, therefore, symbolizes, as I have said, the inner or moral sense that we oppose to our inclinations, and to the allurements of

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