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Is a Certain Cure for Diseases of the

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GRAVEL,

DROPSY,

ORGANIC ' WEARNESS,

GENF MAL DEBILITY,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORG ANS.

Prom whatever caus a originating, and no matter of how long sts ading. Diseases of ther a organs require the use of a

If no treatme at is submitted to, Consumption or Insanit f may ensue. Our flesh and blood are so sported from these sources, and the health a ad happiness, and that of posterity depend upr a prompt use of a reliable remedy.

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ENFERBLED AND DELICATE CONSTI-TUTIONS, of both sexes, use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well.

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH care disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

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Both are prepared according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made, and are sold by Druggists everywhere.

EIRST EDITION

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

A Judge Suspended by General Canby. The following order has been issued by General Canby, and a copy furnished at Headquar-

Headquartess Second Military District, Charleston, S. C., Oct. 19, 1867.—The Hon. A. P. Aldrich is hereby suspended from the exer-cise of all functions appertaining to the office of Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and Gene ral Sessions. Authority is given to his Excellency the Governor of the State of South Carolina to provide by an assignment of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions. sions, for the holding of the terms of the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions in the Districts of Edgefield, Barnwell, Beaufort, Colleton, and Orangeburg, heretofore assigned to be held by the Hon. A. P. Aldrich, suspended.

By command of Brevet Major-General Ed. R.S.
Canby.

Louis V. Caseairc,
Aid-de-Camp, A. A. G.

VIRGINIA. The Polls Kept Open in Richmond Until After Twelve o'clock on Thursday Night-The Radical Majority in the City Over Four Hundred.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Advices from Richmond to-night state that the voting was kept up in Monroe Ward last night until half-past 12. Every negro that could be found was brought to

the polls.

The official majority for the radical ticket is 409. The majority for the Convention is 1583. Twenty-six negroes in the city voted the conservative ticket and fifty-one white men the

radical.

The vote in Richmond and throughout the State has been strictly between the races. Negroes have voted everywhere as one man. In countles where there were two Republican tickets they have uniformly voted for the ex-

A radical meeting was held in Richmond to-night, at which a committee was appointed to come to this city for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions for the negroes who have been discharged by their employers for voting the Hunnicutt ticket. The number of those discharged is reported to be six hundred, but it is believed that the number will not reach one Lundred. A German, named Danuer, is to be chalrman of the committee.

KENTUCKY.

The Congressional Committee on the Contested Elections.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 25.—The Congressional Com-mittee closed its labors here, after a long session, to-day. A large number of witnesses were examined in the cases of Trimble and Grover. In Knott's case but two witnesses were examined, and his loyalty not being thereby impeached he was not required to make a defense.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Probable Democratic Majority in the State-Wheeling City and Ohio County Give a Democratic Majority of 729, a Democratic Gain of 600.

Wheeling, W. V., Oct. 25.—At the election held yesterday, the Democrats carry Wheeling city and Onio county by seven hundred and twenty-nine, a Democratic gain of about six hundred. Returns from the interior show that in spite of an infamous registration law, corruptly administered by the Governor and his the Democrats have probably carried the State upon the popular vote. The claim a majority in the lower house of the Legislature. The greatest excitement prevails, and one hundred guns will be fired this afternoon in honor of our triumph .- N. Y. World.

The Late Territorial Election in Colo-

From the Denver News, Oct. 15. The official abstract of election returns for 1867 shows a large increase of the popular vote throughout the Territory, a large majority for the Republican party in both branches of the Legislature, as well as on the popular vote. The Council will stand as follows:—8 Republicans, 4 Democrats, and 1 Independent Republican. The House will stand:—15 Republicans, 9 Democrats, and 2 Independent Republicans. The total popular vote is 9349, against 6996 last year, when a delegate to Congress was elected. An analysis of this vote shows the following result on Councilmen:-Republican, 4458; Democratic, 4046; Independent Republican, 467; scattering, 381. The straight Republican majority over the Democrate is 412, and the combined vote of straight and independent Republicans gives a majority of 876 over the Democracy, an increase of 768 over last year, when Chilcott's majority over Hunt was only 108.

These facts are exceedingly gratifying, and demonstrate that Colorado is now, as always, thoroughly Republican. The issue of the last election turned almost entirely on national politics, and the exhibit as made in these offi cial returns is all that is needed to place Colorado on the side of Congress and freedom. An other fact to be noticed is the population which this vote shows. The usual estimate is from five to seven persons for one voter. This would give us a population of from 46,745 to 64,443. If the latter is said to be too high, it is to be re-membered that in many of our distant precincts not over one-half of the legal voters go to the polls, on account of the great distance to them. This fact ought to enable us to claim the largest estimate of seven persons to a voter, which should place our population at not far from

SWITZERLAND.

Resignation of the President. All the Swiss and several of the French paper

have occupied themselves for some days past with the resignation, so totally unexpected, of M. Fornerod, President of the Swiss Confederation for the present year. He gives up that high post to be member of the Board of Direc-tors of a bank which has just been authorized by the Council of State of Genera, and the principal branch of which is to be in Paris. It is not long since it was the practice for industrial societies to seek out a duke, a marquis, a count, or even a baron, to figure on their boards; ba this seems to be getting out of fashion; and, in truth, it has lost a good deal of its effect, and they now address themselves to high function-

The same occurred to M. Staempfli, also President of the Swiss Confederation, who lost his political vocation three years back. M. Stæmpfli, however, did not vacate the Presidential chair until the expiration of his year of office, and then only declined being re elected; whereas M. Fornerod has not had the patience to wait till the 1st of January, 1868, when his functions legally terminate. He has sought, it is true, to explain and justify the step he has taken in a published letter, but it seems without success among his countrymen, who consider that his premature retirement from the Presidency is a marked slight on the Federal Assembly, and indeed towards all Switzerland.

-General Badeau, Military Secretary to General Grant, has completed the first volume of his work, the "Military History of U. S.

THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT.

Meeting of the Convention in Alabama— General Pope's Order. HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT (Georgia, Alabama, and Florida), Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 18, 1867.—Whereas, By General Orders No. 59, from headquarters, dated August 31, 1867, an election was ordered to be held in the State of Alabama on the first, second, and third days of October, 1867, at which election, in pursuance of an act of Congress entitled "An Act to Provide for the More Efficient Government of the Rebel States," and the acts supplementary thereto, the registered voters of said State might vote "for a Convention," or "against a Conven-tion," and for delegates to constitute the Convention in case a majority of the votes given on that question should be for a Convention, and in case a majority of all the registered voters should have voted on the question of Conven-

tion.

Whereas, At an election held in pursuance of said order, and in conformity with said acts, there were polled on the question of Convention votes to the number of 95,866, being more than one-half of 165,813, the whole number of regis-tered votes in said State, including those registered during the five days mentioned in said order; of the whole number of votes polled on the question of Convention, 90,283 being a majority of the same, were east "for a Conven-

Whereas, At said election the following named persons were elected as delegates to said Convention from the respective election districts in which they were chosen:-

[We omit the names of the delegates,]

It is ordered, That the persons above-named o meet in Convention at Montgomery, Ala., at the Capitol, on Taursday, the 5th day of November, 1867, and proceed to frame a constitution and civil government for the State of Alabama, according to the provisions of the acts above referred to; and that when the same shall have been so framed the said Constitution be submitted for ratification to the registered voters of said State as further required by law.

JOHN POPE,

Brevet Major-General United States Army,

MEXICO.

General Diaz Receives but Seventy-five Electoral Votes Out of Two Hundred and Forty-five-The Amendments Defeated - Admiral Tegethoff - Captain and Crew of a Wrecked Schooner.

HAVANA, Oct. 25-Noon.-The weather here continues stormy.

The steamer Marsella, from Vera Cruz October 20, has arrived here. She brings news from the Mexican capital to the 11th instant.

The re-election of President Juarez is now undoubted. Out of the two hundred and fortyfive electoral votes, General Porfirio Diaz gets only seventy-five.

The success of the amendments to the Consti-

tution is improbable.

Admiral Tegethoff is still tarrying here, and there is yet no certainty of his getting the late Emperor's body soon.

A grant has been made for the Tehuantepec transit to Emile I arrest to the tenses of transit to Emile Layere, the old company's

The Marsella brings the captain and crew of the British schooner Village Belle, from Case-mel-[No doubt Cozumel Island, off the east coast of Yucatan.—Ep.]—where she was lost on her trip from New Orleans. [The Village Belle, Captain Hunter, cleared from New Orleans, La., August 26, for Balize, Honduras. She was a small vessel of but fifty-six tons register. En 1

NEW YORK.

Stabbing Affray in Buffalo-Death of a Democratic Senatorial Caudidate. BUNNALO, Oct. 25,-Charles Donobue, of St cuse, was severely stabbed in the left side at an

early hour this morning, while dancing with the mistress of a noted gambler on the Points, by some person unknown. A despatch received here to-night from Bur-

ington, Iowa, announces that William J. Bryan, Democratic nominee for Senator in Genesee county, N. Y., and a prominent politican of Western New York, died this evening from bruises received, having been thrown from a buggy in Burlington, where he had been suddenly called to attend to some private business.

The President and Mr. Forney.

President Johnson has in his possession letter written to him by Colonel Forney, of Pennsylvania, recommending the appointment of a young man named Ringwalt as his private secretary, and denouncing ex-Vice-President Hamlin in strong terms. It is dated a short time after the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and endorses Mr. Johnson's course at that time very earnestly. The President threa ens to make it public if he finds it necessary to refer to Mr. Forney again —N. Y. Times.

That Lovely Babe.

The Journal du Loire-et-Garonne relates that two ladies leading a little sucking plg by a string entered the Agen Railway station three days back, but before taking their tickets asked whether they would be allowed to carry their pet into the carriage with them. This was refused, and the two intended travellers went away; some time after they returned, one of them carrying what appeared to be a baby, with its face carefully covered over. They took their tickets and were about to get into the train, when the station-master, who had not forgotten their previous request, advanced, and remarking, "Oh, what a beautiful child!" passed his hand over its head. A grunt of satisfaction was the reply to his caress. The ladies, finding that their scheme was discovered, preferred to abandon their journey rather than travel without their strange companion.

Disadvantage of One-Line Paragraphs The Boston Transcript says:-"The evils of one-line newspaper paragraphing are growing more obvious every day, as this condensed style of giving news is increasing. There seem to be many paragraphists engaged in 'boiling down' the news of the day, who pay little or no attention to the manner in which statements of facts are qualified in the original article. For instance, a contemporary publishes a rumor that evidences have been discovered leading to the belief that Pascal, not Newton, discovered the principle of the attraction of gravitation. Mr. Paragraphist announces the startling fact thus: -'Pascal discovered the attraction of gravita-Such a system of reckless disregard of fact and truth is highly reprehensible, and indicates that the perpetrators of the offense should extend not only their paragraphs, but enlarge their powers of analysis."

A Novel Courtship and What Came of it. A servant girl in London recently carried on a flirtation with a charity boy who was accustomed to clean the windows at the next house. Their method of courtship was rather singular; the girl mounted to the roof of the back part of house, and whilst sitting there conversed with the lad, who stood at a window opposite. One morning she mounted to the roof, and whilst stepping on a skylight the glass and framework broke and she fell through. Her egs were out, and she was so seriously injured that she died in about two hours.

-The next number of Macmillan's Magazine will contain the beginning of two new stories, one by the author of "Friends in Council," entitled "Realmah," the other called "The Lost Pearls," by Miss Yonge, the author of "The Heir of Redelyfie" and other popular

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Ludlow.—Miscellaneous business was before the Court.

In the matter of Richard Lynch, arrested and committed upon a charge of il egal voting, the allegation
being that he was a New Yorker, and veted in the
Sixth Ward of this city, the District Attorney called
the attention of the Court by stating that immediately after his arrest he sued out a writ of habeas
corpus, and then entered hall to appear at this term
of the Court generally; not to appear at the hearing of
this writ, but generally, and then walked off to New
York; and then asked that the writ be diamissed, because, by entering ball and going out of their jurisdiction, Lynch had walved his right to the habeas
corpus.

tion, Lynch had waived his right to the hancast corpus.

Mr. Brooke, representing Lynch, stated that the writ in the case was made returnable on Saturday last, and when called up then was continued until today. Immediately after the continuance the District Attorney sent up a bill to the Grand Jury against Lynch, and had it found, and the man was brought to Court for trial. Then a motion was made by the defendant to quash the bill as improperly found, while a writ of habeas corpus in the case was pending, and the argument of the motion was deferred. In the meantline the defendant entered ball for his appearance.

ance.
This ball did not in the least affect his right, for before a hearing could be had on the writ of habeas corpus it would have to be decided whether or not this bill was properly found; and after that the writ would come under the consideration of the Court. But the matter should be heard properly, and the motion to quash had precedence of the writ of the bear corpus.

this bill was properly found; and after that the write would come under the consideration of the Court. But the matter should be heard properly, and the motion to quash had precedence of the writ of habeas corpus.

The Judge said he would endeavor to administer the law firmly and impartially, but he would not strain the law one way or the other, and, therefore, would not near the case ustil the writ was preduced.

The writ could not then be found, but when it was afterwards obtained and offered to the court another case was under consideration and this one cousequently was not concluded.

In the case of the Commonwealth ex rel. George A. Ravanaugh, the writ was dismissed.

The case of the Commonwealth ex rel. Gottl'eb Scherer, who was arrested and committed on the evening preceding the election, was coutined.

The case of the Commonwealth ex rel. Mary Jones and Bachel Jones va. The Keeper of the County Prison was called. It will be remembered that in this case the relators were to answer the charge of the murder of the little girl anna B. Richaros.

It was alleged that the child had in some way offended the relators and incurred their ill will, and they out of revenge threw a poisoned peach to her, which she ate, and which caused her death.

The evidence of the father and mother showed that the relators had from time to time thrown to the child cakes, apples, and other eatables, which she would take up and eat; that on the Saturday preceding the death the child had made some remark of reproach to one of the relators, and that one said, "I'll its you, and your mother too soon afterwards;" on the following atternoon, which was Sunday, the child was seen eating the half of a peach, which appeared to have been smoothly out, and was covered with a while powder or flour; the mother took the peach away from the child, but not until she had eaten part of it, and death ensued at 10 o'clock that night.

Mr. Dwight, representing the Commonwealth, stated to the Court that he could not conscientiously prees for a conviction

DISTRICT COURT INO. 1—Judge Hare.—The new trial motion list was before the Court to-day.

DISTRICT COURT NO. 2—Judges Sharswood and Strond.—The ordinary Saturday business was up.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Peirce.—
The cases of the ex. rel. John Lynch and John Gould vs. Commodore Selfridge, were again continued for two weeks became it was proven dangerous to produce the relators, who have been on board the receiving ship Potomac, where the p'agne is now raging.

Hamilton's case was resumed, the United States denying the jurisdiction of this court pending the trial of the relator in a court-martial upon a charge of desertion. Mr. Valentine admitted that the court-martial was not a court of record, but controlled that there were decisions which established the want of jurisdiction in this court in such a state of circumstances. The matter has not yet been concluded.

Philadelphia Trade Report. SATURDAY, Oct. 26 .- Bark-The offerings are

small, and the demand for No. 1 Quereitron good at \$55 % ton. Cotton is quiet, but steady, with sales of middlings at 19@191/c. for upland; and 20@201/c. for

New Orleans. There is no improvement to notice in the Flour Market, and prices are weak. The home consumers purchase very sparingly, and the shippers have retired. A few hundred barrels were taken at \$7.50@8.25 for superfine; \$8@9.50 for extras; \$10@11.50 for Northwestern extra family; \$11@12.50 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do.; and \$13@14 50 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at \$875@9-25.

Nothing doing in Corn Meal. There is very little Wheat coming forward, and the demand for prime lots has improved; sales of 2000 bushels common and choice red at \$2-20@2-65, and 5000 bushels California at \$3-05. Rye meets with a fair inquiry at \$1.70@1.75 for Pennsylvania. Corn is in moderate request at former quotations; sales of 1000 bushels yellow at \$1.43, and 10,000 bushels Western mixed at \$1.41@1.42. Oats are quiet, with sales of Southern and Pennsylvania at 70@77c. Nothing doing in either Barley or Malt.

150 bushels choice Timothy sold at \$2.60. We quote Flaxseed at \$2'10@2 55, and Cloverseed at \$8-25@8-75 % 64 lbs.

Whisky-Nothing doing.

-When Louis Napoleon found it necessary to provide for his "companion," Mrs. Heward, the lady in question, as Mr. John Hay would say, demanded as part of her settlement the title of Countess. The Emperor sent an agent to Italy, to purchase a small State with a title attached, and gave to him a letter of introduction to Cavour. The Italian Minister, supposing the agent's mission related to great international questions, had the go-between dined and wined, in sumptuous apartments, and treated with distinguished consideration. Finally, Cavour sent for the agent and by diplomacy extracted the secret of the mission. It is unnecessary to paint the wrath of the great Italian when the thing came out.

-Mr. Thornton, the new British Minister to Washington, has quite recently received the appointment of Minister to Lisbon, but in consequence of the sudden death of Sir Frederick Bruce his destination has been changed. Mr. Thornton's ability as a diplomatist has been tested in the missions which he has successively discharged in Uruguay, the Argentine Confederation, and Brazil.

-James Solomon, full-blooded negro, intends to matriculate at the University of London, and has passed the preliminary examinations. He is the son of a native Wesleyan minister on the Gold Coast, and when he went to England had had no teaching but what he received in a native school.

-Among the multitude of works, great and small, bearing upon refractory King Theodore, is a volume in the press, written by Mr. Henry Dafton, and entitled "A Narrative of a Journey to Abyssinia, with an Appendix and a Comparison of the Practicable Routes for a March upon Debra Tehra."

-Mr. F. G. Stephens, a good art critic, will shortly publish a colored edition of Masterpieces of Mulready," which will corsist of fourteen photographs of paintings and engravings from Mulready's most famous

-Sheridan has appointed to visit Chicago on the 20th of November.

THE LATEST NEWS.

The Recent Nashville Election.

Grant-Thomas Correspondence

Postal Intercourse with Belgium

Important Libel Case in Baltimore

Legal, Local, and Financial Intelligence.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE.

Market Report of Last Evening. LONDON, Oct. 25-Evening. - Consols for money closed at 941; U. S. 5-20s, 691; Illinois Central, 794; Erie Railroad, 452. FRANKFORT, Oct. 25-Evening.-U. S. bonds,

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 25-Evening.-Cotton continued very active, and closed at an advance of #d. The sales for the day footed up 20,000 bales. Middling uplands closed at 8id.; middling Orleans, 94d.

Breadstuffs-The market closed active. Corn, 49s. 9d; California wheat, 16s. 3d.; red wheat, 14s. 3d. Peas. 52s. Provisions-Bacon, 52s. for new; Tallow,

44s, 9d. London, Oct. 25-Evening.-The Sugar market closed quiet and steady at last quotations.

FROM WASHINGTON THIS P. M.

The Nashville Election.

Washington, Oct. 26 .- Major-General Thomas report to General Grant on the subject of the municipal election, at Nashville, a month or so ago, will be published on Monday morning. It comprises the correspondence between these officers. In reply to inquiries respecting his duty, General Grant explicitly informed Major-General Thomas that the latter's duty was to prevent collisions. If Governor Brownlow should issue his proclamation declaring insurrection or invasion to exist, too formidable to be put down by the force at his own command and call upon the United States forces to aid aid him, then aid would be given.

Concral Thomas is then informed that his mission was to preserve the peace, and not to take sides in political differences until called out in accordance with the law. He was to prevent mobs from aiding either party, and, if called upon legally to interfere, his duty was plain. The conclusion of the report is in General Thomas' own language:-"The election is over.

A'll quiet." Postal Intercourse with Belgium.

Official publication is made of the convention for the regulation of the postal intercourse between the United States and Belgium. The offices for the exchange of mails will be at New York and Boston. The single rate of postage on the direct correspondence between the two countries is as follows: - On prepaid letters from the United States, 15 cents; on prepaid letters from Belgium, 80 centimes; on newspapers, books, pamphlets, prints, etc., the rate shall be for the mails sent, and which the despatching office shall accept in conformity with the convenience of its interior administration. The prepayment of postage on ordinary letters shall be optional, but on registered letters, and on all other correspondence, compulsory.

Registered articles shall, in addition to the postage, be subject to a register fee of 10 cents in the United States, and of 50 centimes in Belgium, and the fee shall always be prepaid. The Convention will take effect on the 1st day of January next.

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

Important Legal Decision by Judge Giles, in the Case of a Libel Against the Ship Maggie Hammond. SPECIAL DESPATOR TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26 .- Judge Giles, in the United States District Court, this morning de livered a long and very able opinion in the case of a libel against the ship Maggie Hammond. The Judge decided the contract to ship iron from a port in England to Montreal, Canada, had been palpably broken by the owners of the vessel, in consequence of the delay in the delivery of iron of nearly four mouths, owing to the vessel getting damaged, but it was the duty of the contractors to have employed another vessel, or other means, when they found their own ship could not perform her voyage home. According to maritime law, there was evident neglect and palpable violation of contract, and as thereby three hundred tons had declined materially in value owing to the delay of its delivery, he would award the difference of price, which amounted to some seven thousand dollars, sgainst the ship Maggi: Hammond and her owners. Many very nice and novel points were covered by this decision.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH. Starday, Oct. 25, 1867. The Stock Market was very dull this morning, but prices were without any material change Government bonds were firmly held; '04 5-20s sold at 1094, an advance of 4; and June 7-30s at 1064, an advance of 4; and June 7-30s at 1064, an advance of 4; 1004 was bid for 10-40s; 1114 for 6s of 1881; 1124 for '62 5-20s; 1094 for '65 5-20s; and 107 for July, '65, 5-20s. City loans were dull; the new issue sold at 100@1014, a slight decline; and old do. at 98, no change.

Railroad shares continue the most active on the list. Reading sold at 400(4)

the list. Reading sold at 48@484, a slight advance; Pennsylvania Railroad at 504@502. no change: Philadelphia and Erie at 26\$, no change; and Lehigh Valley at 50, an advance of \$\darthing{t}\$. 123 was bid for Casaden and Amboy; 64\$ for Norristown; 56; for Minehill; 30 for North Pennsylvania; 40 for Elmira preferred, and 24

for Catawissa preferred.

In City Passenger Refiroad shares there was very little movement. Chesnut and Walnut sold at 45%, a decline of 4: 18% was bid for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 11 for Hestonville; 30% to City of Col. for Green and Coates; and 26f for Girard Col-

Bank shares were in good demand for invest Bank shares were in good demand for invest-ment at full prices. Mechanics' sold at 31½, no change; 108 was bid for Seventh National; 247 for North America; 100 for Northern Liberties; 59 for Girard; 95 for Western; 110 for Trades-men's; 70 for City; 44 for Consolidation; 63½ for Commonwealth; and 70 for Corn Exchange. Canal shares continue dull. Lehigh Naviga-

Canal shares continue dult. Lenigh Navigation sold at 37½, no change; 12½ was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 25½ for preferred do.; 10 for Susquehanna Canal; 50 for Delaware Division; and 90 for Morris Canal preferred.

Quotations of Gold—10½ A. M., 141½; 11 A. M., 142½; 12 M., 141½; 1 P. M., 141½.

The New York Tribuse this morning says:—
"Money is 7 per cent, on call, and loans at less are rare. The difficulty in selling commercial paper continues, and names not first-class can only be used at ruinous rates. Best names pass at 8@10 per cent. The trade of the country is not in a satisfactory condition nor are there not in a satisfactory condition, nor are there any indications of returning confidence. Much of the present disturbance in commercial affairs proceeds from political causes, and until that source of trouble is removed no permanent improvement can be looked for."

The Chicago Republican of Wednesday says:
"Money continues very close and firm at 10
per cent, per aunum. The extreme closeness of
the market, and the difficulty that a good many the market, and the difficulty that a good many operators in produce and merchandise meet with in obtaining loans is having its effect on values. The prospect is by no means favorable that the market will relax any of its present features for some weeks to come. But a little more than a month of lake navigation remains, and to move the grain crop to the scaboard a large volume of currency will be required. The prevailing tone of the money market at points East is more than usually stringent, and the bankers are very careful in their selections of paper presented for discount, and refuse all that is not strictly first-class. Speculative paper does not meet with any favor, as the banks can is not strictly first-class. Speculative paper does not meet with any favor, as the banks can find employment for all the means at their com-mand in legitimate business enterprises."

-The Cincinnati Commercial of Wednesday says:cover the wants of the market, and is, consequently, quite firm at par buying, 1-20c, premium selling, for large bills. The money market was in a slightly easier condition to-day, partly because of a freer feeling on the part of bank managers, and partly because the movepartly because of a freer feeling on the part of bank managers, and partly because the move-ments of the currency were for the day a little more comfortable. It is noticed that there is some falling off in the offerings of the best quality of paper, but that there is an abundance of that which does not seem to have purely legitimate creation. Outside rates for paper are in some cases severely high, governed rather by the necessities of the borrower than by any competition among lenders."

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY Reported by Dehaven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street FIRST BOARD.

\$4000 5-20's '64.cp. 109's 109 sh Read R. b30. 483's 109 do. 48 sept. 100 do. 48 sept. 100 do. 48 sept. 100 do. 504.483-16 sept. 100 sept. 1

Gold, 1411@142.

-Messrs. De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:-U. S. 63 of 1881, 111; change to-day at 1 P. M.:—U. S. 62 of 1881, 1111 @1121; do. 1862, 1121@1121; do., 1864, 1091@1091; do., 1865, 1091@1092; do., 1865, new, 107@1071; do., 1867, new, 107@1071; do. 58, 10-408, 1001@1008; do. 7-308, June, 1041@1052; do., July, 1041@1052; Compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 119-40; do., July, 1864, 119-40; do., July, 1864, 119-40; do., October, 1864, 119-40@1192; do. December, 1864, 1181@119; do., May, 1865, 1171@1171; do., August, 1865, 1161@1161; do., September, 1865, 1154@1161; do., October, 1865, 1151@1161; do., Cotober, 1865, 1151@1161; do., September, 1865, 1154@11616; do., September, 1865, 18 Silver, 1354@137.

Silver, 135½@137.

—Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 S. Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock:— C. S. 6s, 1881, 112@112½; U. S. 5-20s, 1862, 112½@112½; do., 1864, 109½@109½; do., 1865, 109½@109½; do., 1865, 109½@109½; do. July, 1865, 107@107½; do. July, 1867, 107@107½; 5s, 10-40s, 100½@100½; U. S. 7-30s, 2d series, 105@105½; 3d series, 105@105½; Compound Interest Notes, December, 1864, 118½; May, 1865, 117½. Gold, 142½@143.

-Carlotta Shaw, a well-known pianist, and niece of Mr. Charles Howard and Mrs. Hoey, is a victim of yellow fever in New Orleans.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Third Page, PORT OF PHILADELPHIA......OCTOBER 26, STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELE-

& Co. Schr D. S. Siner, Huntley, Boston, G. C. Morris, Schr Fly, Fennimore, Lynn, Day, Huddell & Co. Schr J. Wilson, Connelly, Norfolk, Audenried, Norton & Co. Schr S. Detwiler, Grace, Norfolk, J. C. Scott & Sons. St'r Diamond State, Robinson, Baltimore, J. D. Raoff.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.
Schr D. S. Siner, Huntley, a days from New York, in ballast to capitain.
Steamer W. Whilidin, Riggans, from Baltimore, with mose, to J. D. Ruoft.

MEMORANDA.

Barque Albert Dewis, Dewis, from London for Philadelphia, salied from Falmouth 10th Inst.

Barque Gottfried. Jongeblood, for Philadelphia, salied from Helvoet loth Inst.

Brig Eolus. Forbes, hence for Leghorn, at Gibraitar th Inst., and cleared next day.

Brig 8. and W. Welsh, Watson, hence, at Barbados 29th ult. 9th ult.
Schr J. B. Cunningham, for Philadelphia, at New
London 24th inst.
Schr Cohassett, Gibbs, hence, at New Bedford 24th Instant,
Schr E. G. Willard, for Philadelphia, cleared at
Portland 24th inst.
Schr T. Borden, Wrightington, for Philadelphia,
saited from Providence 24th inst.
Schra J. Nelson, O. M. Wheaton, J. Hay, and Thos.
Clyde, for Philadelphia, salled from Warcham 23d
instant. Beart Koret, Brown, hence, at Boston 24th iost, Schr S, T. Wines, Hulse, hence, at Fall River 23d natant. Behr Silver Bell, Balley, hence, at Gardiner 17th Schr American Eagle, hence, at Newport 24th inst. Schr H. Croskey, for Philadelphia, sailed from New Bedford 24th Inst. Schr I. Beard, Perry, for Philadelphia, sailed from Newport 23d Inst. Schr Kite, Cox, for Philadelphia, sailed from Nor-folk 22d Inst. Schr Kite, Cox, for Philadelphis, sailed from Norfolk 22d inst.

Schr Port Royal, Moore, for Georgetown and Philadelphia, sailed from Washington 24th inst.
delphia, sailed from Washington 24th inst.
Schrs H. Page, Haley, and W. H. Dennis, Lake, for
Philadelphia, sailed from Salem 22d inst.
Schrs A. Palkenburg and Gienwood Mills, from HorBehrs A. Palkenburg and Gienwood Mills, from HorSchrs A. Palkenburg and Gienwood Mills, from HorSchr H. P. Hand, hence, at Bichmond 23d inst.
Schr H. P. Hand, hence, at Bichmond 23d inst.
Schr Barah, Cobb, for Philadelphia, sailed from New
Bediord 23d inst.
Schrs Althes, Smith: C. S. Carstairs, Price; TantaSchrs Althes, Smith: C. S. Carstair

NEW YORK Ool. M. - Arrived, steamship Albemarle.