HOW GAS IS MADE IN PARIS.

Consumption of Gas in Paris-Manage-

ment of a Company. A year before the close of the last century, that is to say, in the year Vil of the French Republic, one Philippe le Bon, an engineer of bridges and roads, announced to the Institute that he had discovered a mode of lighting streets and houses by gas made from coal. His first experiment was tried in the apartments and garden of the Hotel Seignelay, in the Rue Saint Dominique, and resulted in a great crowd, many exclamations, very little light, and a prodigious ensults of snoke. Le Bon never got over it,

exclamations, very little light, and a prodigious quantity of smoke. Le Bon never got over it, and he died ruined and heart-broken in 1802.

His idea survived him, and between the year of his death and 1829 at least half-a-dozen companies, started with the object of carrying it out, ended in incolvency. In 1829, however, a M. panies, started with the object of carrying it out, ended in insolvency. In 1829, however, a M. de Belleyse obtained permission to high by gas the public lamps in the Place Vendome, and his success assured that of the invention. Rival companies forthwith began to form in every direction, and to dispute about the area which they should be severally allowed to light; and finally limits were assigned by the Prefect of the seize to the existing companies in 1855, which

finally limits were assigned by the Prefect of the Seine to the existing companies in 1855, which at that time were five in number.

On the 1st of January, 1856, these five companies were amalgamated, under the title of the "Parisian Company for Lighting and Heating by Gas," and received a concession for fifty years. This Company lights the whole of Paris, the great part of the communes or townships of the great part of the communes or townships of the Department of the Seine, and some of those of the Seine-et-Oise. Its capital exceeds one hundred and ten millions of francs, issued in five hundred franc shares, the present value of which is somewhere about sixteen hundred

The Company, as we have said, possesses a monopoly, and as no people in the world require more gas than Parisians, it might be thought that the high premium at which the shares stand is owing to the advantage which the monopolists have taken of their customers. That this is not the fact in the present case the following considerations will show:—
The gas is sold to the town at the rate of fifteen

centimes the cubic metre, and at the rate of thirty centimes to private persons. This gas must be of a certain brilliancy, and one hundred and five hires of it must give as much light as that which is given by a carcel lamp burning forty-two grammes of oil in an hour. Trials of the gas are made every evening at the time that the streets are lighted up by officers appointed by the town, who, by means of peculiarly sensi-tive apparatus, test it in each one of the eleven offices dispersed throughout the metropolitan district, and secure to the public a gas of the purity and illuminating power contracted for.

If the conditions above-named are complied with, the cubic metre of gas, at the price of 30 centimes, equals 400 grammes of oil, which cost 65 centimes, and 700 grammes of candle, which cost 1f. 96c. M. E. Servier, the Company's engineer, has drawn up a table, showing the aggregate annual consumption, and the annual consumption, per head, of gas in Paris and the great towns of Europe in 1865. London figures first, with a consumption of over 226,000,000 of cubic metres, being at the rate of 80 metres per head of the whole population. Then comes Berlin, with a consumption of 35,000,000 of cubic metres, which gives 79 per head. Paris, with a consumption of 116,000,000 of cubic metres, or 63 per head, follows, and Brussels, a long way behind, with Florence and Madrij, darker than ever, bring up the rear.

The length of piping in Paris is 1150 kilometres—greater than the distance from Paris to Vienna. The number of public nurners exceeds 20,000, and of private ones 650,000. CONSUMPTION OF GAS IN PARIS.

Gas in Paris is in fact used not only as a necessary commodity, but as a luxury, and for the enhancement of display in public places, in cases, shope, and theatres. These latter places of smusement would seem to burn an enormous quantity. The Grand opera has 3444 burners; and the Lyrique du Chateiet and La Gaite, which are lighted from the root through colored and ornameuted glass, have over 3000. The circuses burn more than 1000 lights apiece, and the Opera Comique and Odeon about the same.

To supply this enormous consumption the

To supply this enormous consumption the company possesses ten manufactories, and the land on which they are situated, in various points of Paris, is over two hundred acres in area. There are fifty gasometers, containing three hundred and fifty thousand cubic metres of gas; the largest, those which have been recently built, have a capacity of twenty thousand

Both the process by means of retorts, and that known as "coking," are made use of. The retorts produce coke which is fit for domestic purposes, and the "coking" process gives excellent fuel for locomotives and for the use of foundries. The French have always been firstrate chemists. Their gas manufacture is probably the best conducted in the world, and they employ pressure largely as a means of ex-

HOW GAS IS MADE. In the great gas works at Villette is an experimental manufactory and laboratory, where take place analyses of coal and the process of the manufacture. Elsewhere the compony pos-sesses auxiliary factories, in which the sub-products of its various processes, such as tar and ammoniacal liquids, are dealt with; a brickyard, whence are turnished its retorts and relractory heaters; a yard for building the numerous car-riages which carry about the coke to its customers in the winter time; a workshop for the repair of machinery, and forges for the par-pose of renovating toois; and lastly, a central warehouse, for the storage of gaspipes, and whatever is used in the outdoor management of

the concern.

Fourteen offices are scattered over the wide district within the company's limits, where the requests and complaints of consumers are dealt with expeditionaly and fairly enough. These offices serve as posts also for the lamplighter.

Besides the immense extent of piping we have

spoken of, the company will always undertake to put up what is called a colonne montante, or prolongation of the street pipe, which ascends the interior of a house to the highest floor. More than fifteen hundred of these colonnes montantes have already been furnished by the company.

In Paris the use of gas is by no means confined to lighting; a very large quantity is consumed for heating, and especially for culmary

purposes. A GOOD ORGANIZATION.

We must not omit, in our description of the objects and organization of this very important undertaking, to give a short account of the admirable system under which its servants are worked. The firemen or workmen employed on the turnaces get five francs a day, and a further sum of fifteen francs a mouth is allowed to all those who have been punctual, and have not been off work on Monday (qui n'ont pas fait

A savings bank and a regular medical staff are ready to afford help to the workmen when sick; and, in consideration of a payment of one per cent, on their salary or wages, they receive for their time of ill health half pay, with medical advice and drugs free. The Company, on its part, contributes an equal sum to that withheald from the salary or wages of the amployees. held from the salary or wages of the employes; and there have been cases where the salaries of old and tried servants have been made up to them by the voluntary action of the Directors. So also all the expenses of burial are defraged by the savinge bank, which makes an additional present of two months' wages to the widow or orphans of the deceased.

Finally, the company has also founded an

association for the distribution of retiring pensions to those who have grown old in its service. The funds are formed from the proceeds of an annual assessment on the net receipts of the company, and from voluntary contributions on the part of the shareholders and directors. The retiring pension is allowed only to those The retiring rension is allowed only to those who have been twenty-five years in the service, and are not less than fifty-five years old. The Paris Gas Company is an excellent exam ple of the success of good management and

-English papers think the Emperor of Russia must be insane because of his civilities to the Quaker City tourists.

THE PRIZE RING.

Contemplated Match Between Mike Mc-Coole, of St. Louis, and Joe Coburn, of New York, for \$10,000.

New York, for \$10,000.

The late match between Mike McCoole and Aaron Jones has been the means of raising the former in the estimation of the puglistic ring to such an extent that he finds no difficulty in obtaining any number of backers, many of whom are eager to see him meet again the champion of America, Joe Coburn. For a long time there have been rumors in circulation to the effect. have been rumors in circulation to the effect that Mr. McCoole had forwarded a challenge to Coburn, but it seems that there has been no foundation for such reports until during the past two days, when Coburn was given to un-derstand that he migut look for an official do-cument from McCoole during the coming week. Quite a number have been under the impression that Coburn did not care about meeting McCoole, and it has been generally supposed that be was rather desirous of avoiding him if possible. This, however, is not the case. Coburn has already met McCoole in the ring, and knows has already met McCoole in the ring, and knows well bis qualifications as a fighter; he does in no way underestimate him. On the contrary, it is said that Coburn is ready to make a deposit of as high as \$2000 to fight for \$5000 to \$10,000 a side; and should McCoole feel so disposed, he has only to send out his challenge. According to private advices the St. Louis puglist will be heard from next week. Coburn claims the right of naming the amount of stakes and choosing the fighting ground, but Mike will probably be the fighting ground, but Mike will probably be found agreeable on each of these points, since he has plenty of money at command, and desires above all things; to have one more chance

The Allen and Ryall Match.

The sudden and somewhat unexpected challenge from the English pugulist, Tom Allen, has taken considerable of the sports of the ring aback in this city, e-pectally since he has made so broad a sweep as to challenge any man in this country. Since his arrival here, and during his tour through several of our leading cities, he has met with so many admirers that he rather flatters himself that he can cope with the best of the ring in America, not barring Hee nan, Coburn, or even Morrissey, if the latter could only be induced to enter the ring once

Allen has only been in this country about three months, during which time he, together with Bill Ryall, who came over about two weeks before, and Jimmy Morris, the English cham-pion of light weights, have been giving public exhibitions throughout the Eastern and Middle States, and have succeeded in bagging a lew e our Yankee greenbacks, which Allen has taken good care to preserve, while his associates have been free to dispose of them among those that

bid them a hearty welcome here.

Allen and Ryall bave had several exhibitions together, during which time Allen, it seems, has always taken occasion to proclaim his superiority over Ryall. Having concluded to make this country his home, alt ough he declines to take out his papers, he issued a challenge which evidently make the country have the country his home. dently goes to show that the newly arrived English boxer is open to make a match with the best our market can adord in the pugilistic line.

Finally, on the 28 h att., Allen issued a challenge from Baltimore, offering to fight any man in this country for \$1000 or \$2000 a side. Yesterday Ryall, who resides in this city, issued a card in answer, and deposited \$250 in the hands of a well-known sporting man to make a match at catch weight for ci her of the sums named in the challenge. This match has occasioned con-siderable stir among sporting circles, and the meeting of the two English pugs is anticipated with delight.

Con Orem Matched Again. This noted pugilist has matched himself to fight Jimmy Dwier, a brother or Bill Dwyer, who fought Chandler, for \$400 a side, to come off on the 25th of this month, at Virginia City, Montana. The fight is said to be for the middle weight championship. Con is a hard fighter, and had many admirers when here in this city; but he has rather a buildog way of fighting. He will, however, prove himself a hard nut for Dwyer to crack. Dwyer to crack.

The Sheppard and Aaron Match Off. It seems that the contemplated match between these two feather-weight fighters has for the present become a dead letter. Patsey came all the way from St. Louis, and met Barney on Saturday last, and agreed to fight him at 120 pounds or \$1000, within fifty miles of Cincinnati or at St. Louis, and to fight in three months from signing articles of agreement. Aaron, however, refused to fight for \$1000, stating that his packer would not cover him short of \$2000; that ne had already accommodated others, and now he wanted matters a little his own way. A Sheppard could not meet the required amount at present, the fight was declared off, but from latest accounts there is no doubt that as soon as Sheppard returns home he will raise the where-withal, and meet Auron on his own terms.—N.

Religious Sects in England.

There are ninety-two religious sects in England besides the Established Church and the Homan Catholics. In the tollowing list some

odd titles will be found:—
Apostolics, Armenian New Society, Baptists,
Baptized Believers, Believers in Christ, Bible Christians, Bible Defeuse Association, Brethren Calvinists, Calvinistic Baptists, Catholic and Apostolic Church, Christians, Christians who obect to be otherwise designated, Christian Be-levers, Christian Brethren, Christian Eliasites, Christian Israelites, Christian Tectotallers, Christian Temperance Men, Christian Unionists, Church of Scotland, Church of Christ, Countess Church of Scotland, Church of Christ, Countess of Huntington's Connection, Disciples in Christ, Eastern Orthodox Greck Church, Electics, Episcopalian Discenters, Evangelical Unionists, Followers of the Lord Jesus Christ, Free Grace Gospel Christians, Free Gospel Church, Free Church, Free Church of England, Free Church, General Baptist, General Baptist, New Connection, German Lutheran, German New Connection, German Lutheran, German Roman Catholic, Greek Catholic, Hallelujah Band, Independents, Independent Religious Reformers, Independent Unionists, Inghamites, Jews, Latter Day Saints, Modern Methodists, Mormons, New Connection of the Western New Jerusalem, Church, New Church eyans, New Jerusalem Church, New Church Old Baptists, Original Connection of Wesleyans Plymouth Brethren, Peculiar People, Presby terian Courch in England, Primitive Metho tenan Courch in Ergland, Primitive Methodists, Progressionists, Protestants adhering to the Articles of the Church of England, one to eighteen, inclusive, but rejecting order and ritual; Providence, Quakers, Ranters, Reformers, Reformed Presovierians or Covenanters, Recreative Religionists, Refuge Methodists, Revivalists, Roman Catholics, Salem Society, Sandemanians, Scotch Baptists, Second Advent Brethren, Separatists (Protestant), Seventh Day Baptists, Swedenboreians, Testimony, Congregational Church, Trinitarians, Union Baptists, Unitarians, Unitarian Christian, United Christian Church, United Free Methodists Church, United brethren Moravians, United Presbyterian, Unitarian Baptists, Welsh Calvinistic Methodists, Welsh Free Presbyterians, Wesleyan Methodist Association, Wesleyan Reformers, and Wesleyan Reform Glory Band.

Typt	cal 2	Prees.	
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Who this is written	fow		. The Pawpaw
THE THE PERSON AND INSTRUCTOR	TOTAL .		· Yew

1867. J. F. & E. B. ORNE, 1867. FIFTH EDITION

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET. HAVE NOW OPENED THEIR

Fall Importations of New Carpetings.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET. 500 PIECES J. CROSSLEY & SONS' PATENT TAPESTRY CARPETS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET. 300 PIECES ROYAL WILTON CARPETS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET, NOVELTIES IN FRENCH CHENILLE CARPETS

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET. 500 Pieces New Styles English Brussels Carpets.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET. 250 Pieces Yard and a half Wide Velvet Carpets.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET, ROYAL WILTON CARPETS,

BRUSSELS CARPETS.

For Stairs and Halls with Extra Borders.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE,

NO. 904 CHESNUT STREET,

SHEETS ENGLISH OIL CLOTHS. 50

CARPETINGS.

CARPETINGS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

WE WILL SELL OUR

AXMINSTERS. ROYAL WILTONS,

> VELVETS, ENGLISH BEUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, HER THREE-PLYS, SUPER INGRAINS, VENETIANS,

BRUSSELS AND DAMASE

HALL AND STAIR CARPETS,

WITH EXTRA BORDERS,

ENGLISH OIL CLOTHS,

IN SHORT,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF DESIRABLE

CARPETINGS,

At Greatly Reduced Prices, With a view to SELLING OFF OUR ENTIRE STOCK, AT OUR RETAIL WAREROOMS.

No. 519 CHESNUT Street, Prior to Removal on first of January next.

MCCALLUM, CREASE & SLOAN, NO. 519 CHESNUT ST.

832 CARPETENGS. ARCH STREET.

FALL STOCK NOW OPEN AT THE

ARCH STREET

CARPET WAREHOUSE JOSEPH BLACKWOOD,

NO. 523 ARCH STREET, Tw doors below Ninth, South Side. 6 103

CARPETINGS. 519 CHESNUT STREET. 519 NOTICE.

LEEDOM & SHAW,

NO. 910 ARCH STREET,

BETWEEN KINTH AND TENTH STREETS,

WILL CONTINUE TO SELL THEIRSTOCK

CARPETINGS

AT PRICES TO CORRESPOND WITH LOW PRICES AND EXPENSES, AND WILL OPEN DAILY NEW GOODS, AS THEY DO NOT EXPECT TO MOVE.

CLOTHING.

ROCKHILL & WILSON, CLOTHING HOUSE,

Nos. 603 and 605 CHESNUT St.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

We offer to the public the

largest and best selected Stock of Ready-made Clothing in the City, for Men's and Boys' Wear.

Also, an elegant assortment of Piece Goods, which we will make to order for Men and Boys, at reasonable prices, and in the most approved styles.

Always on hand a full assortment of Fall and Winter Overcoats and Business Coats, Coachmen's Coats, Hunting Coats, New Style Walking Coats, Pants and Vests, of all descriptions.

Boys' Ready-made Clothing in great variety.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,

PHILADELPHIA

CHAMPION

CLOTHES-WRINGERS REDUCED TO \$8.50. CRIFFITH & PACE.

LATEST DEMOCRATIC RETURNS. The State Claimed by the Democrats by a Majority of Three Thousand. Colonel Wallace, the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee has received

positive information from the different counties which indicate a majority for Judge Sharswood, of from three to e ght thousand. The following are the additional returns received by him:-

Lawrence county shows a Republican loss of

Monroe county gives a Republican majority of 1800, a Democratic loss of 100. Beaver county shows a Republican loss of 500.

From Canada.

From Canada.

Tobonto, Oct. 110.—The Globe's Ottawa correspondence says:—"It is reported that several car-loads of arms bave been discharged at Potisdam or Maione for the use of Fenians, and conveyed into the country bordering on the St. Lawrence river, and secreted, to be ready when required by the Brotherhood. The report cannot be traced to any reliable source, but is believed by the people at Prescott and other points on the river."

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The members of the local Government of Nova Scotia have tendered their congratulations to Sir F. Williams. He declines to receive them, as his appointment is only provisional, and he leaves for England on October 24. General Doyle will then be sworn in, and a new local Cabinet organized. Colonel Walter Miller, M. P., of England, is here, examining the working of Canadian institutions, and will make a tour of the United States before returning to England. Lord Monek and family arrived here yesterday. arrived here yesterday.

Shertdan in Albany.

Sheridan in Albany.

ALBANY, Oct. 10.—The ovation to Generals Sickles and Sheridan took place to-day. The Tenth and Twenty-fifth Regiments, and the Burgess corps, turned out with full ranks, and a parade was made through the principal streets. General Sheridan rode in a carriage with Governor Fenton, and General Sickles with ex-Senator Harris, Along the route many dwellings, stores, and offices were decorated with flags, banners, and mottoes of welcome to the heroSheridan. Last night Sueridan was the guest of the Van Rensselaer manor-house, and the hero Sheridan. Last night Sheridan was the guest of the Van Rensselaer manor-house, and General Sickles was the guest of the Gubernatorial mansion. To-day both receive calls at the capitol, after which they will dire with the Governor and accompany him to the theatre in the evening.

By the Cuba Cable.

HAVANA, Oct. 8.—Bills on Paris, 51/4/65/46. Exchange on the United States, for bills at 61 days in currency, 251/4/6/26 per cent. discount, and for bills at short sight, in gold, 61/2 per cent. premium.
Sugar duli and almost saleless. There is no

quotable change in prices.

Arrived, steamer H. Hudson, from Philadelphia. Also, English barques Alexandria and Annie Ross, from Boston, and English schooner Nellie Starr, from Elisworth, and brig Hyperion, from Portland.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- George HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION,—treorge Young, Carbarine Muivin, Cornelius Muivin, Elizabeth Young, were before Alderman Beitler, charged with the larceny of \$1700 from the house of Lawience Quine, flour dealer, No. \$45 Earp street. Mrs. Quine kept the money in a tea caddy, and from which it was stolen, Mr. Quine found the caddy in their possession, and \$500 on Elizabeth Young.

Cornelius Mulvin being sworn, said—I saw George Young on Friday or Saturday night come into the house; my room; I saw him coling nothing; I was in bed; I did not hear him speak of money; I did not know of the caddy. They were held each in \$3000 ball.

know of the caddy. They were held each in \$3000 ball.

Bernard Riley, residing in Reed street, below Front, charged with cutting Herman Whitehouse, had a hearing before Alderman Beilier.

He man Whitehouse, residing at No. 1211 S. Frent a reef, being sworn, said—I am a marine; I came down Frontsireet on the 21st of September; spoke to Blii Manning at Front and Prime; a party came up and struck a friend of mine; I looked accound and saw a man coming after me; I was cut on the back, about 5 in thes long and 2½ deep; I did not know any of the party; Blif Manning, sworn, said—I am a shipwright; I live at No. 409 Worth street; I do not know who cut Whitehouse; I was struck; bo words passed; Mr. Riley was in the crowd.

Riley was held in \$1560 ball.

CLOAKS.

EDWIN HALL & CO.

No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

WILL BE PEEPARED TO-MORROW TO

SHOW THEIR CUSTOMERS THEIR

NEW STYLES OF CLOAKS

FOR THIS

[10 92trp

FALL AND WINTER WEAR. MILLINERY, TRIMMINGS, ETC.

BONNET OPENING.

WOOD & CARY, No. 725 CHESNUT STREET WILL OPEN

FALL BONNETS,

THURSDAY OCTOBER 4. [9 30 2mrp

MRS. R. DILLON,

NOS. 323 AND 321 SOUTH STREET Has all the novelties in FALL MILLINERY, for Ladies, Misses, and Children. Also, Crapes, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, Flowers, Feathers, Frames, etc. Milliners supplied. 8 162

BONNET OPENING. WEDNESDAY, October 2.

E. P. CILL & CO., NO. 720 ARCH STREET.

WINDOW BLINDS AND SHADES. 831. CHARLES L HALE, 831. (Late Salesman and Superintendent for B. J. Williams)

NO. 831 ARCH STREET,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENETIAN BLINDS AND WINDOW SHADES. Largest and finest assortment in the city at the LOWEST PRICES, [9 28 2m8p

UPHOLETERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

AUCTION SALES.

MOULELLAND&CO

SALE OF 1800 CARES BOOTS, SHOES, BRO-GANS, ETC.
OW Monday Morning,
Oct. 14. commercing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, by
catalogue for cash, 18w cases Men's, Boys', and Youths'
Poets, Shoes, Brogans, Balmorals, etc., also, Women's,
Missen', and Children's wear, to which the early
attention of the trade is called. JOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUCTIONEERS Nos. 202 and 224 MARKET Street.

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF CARPETINGS, ETC.
On Friday Morning.
October 11, at 11 o'clock, on four months' credit,
about 20 1 leces of ingrain, Venetian, list, hemp, cottage, and rag carpetings.

LARGE PERFMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH AND OTHER EUROPFAN DRY GOJDS, ETC.
On Monday morning,
October 14, at 10 o'clock, on four months' credit, 900 lots of French, India, German, and British bry Goods.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF ROOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC., On Tuesday Morning, Oct. 15, at 10 o'clock, on f. or months' credit, 2000-packages boots, shoes, brogams, etc., of city and Eastern manufacture. [10 9 54

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, AUCTIONEERS,

Hold Regular Sales of
REAL ISTATE, STOCKS, AND SECURITIES AT
THE PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE,
Hangbills of each property issued separately,
1000 catalogues published and circulated, containing
full descriptions of property to be sold, as also a partial list of property contained in our Real Estate Register, and offered at private sale.
Bales advertised daily in all the daily newspapers, in M. S. FOURTH Street. NOS. 139 AND 146

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HAND-SOME ROSEWOOD PIANO, Pier Mirror, Fine Velvet Carpets, etc.

On Friday morning.

11th Instant, at 10 o'clock, at No. 438 Franklin street, by c-talogue, superior wain't parlor and chamber furniture.

[10.83t]

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1110 CHESNUT Street; rear entrance No. 1107 Sansom

Sale at No. 1110 Chesnut street.

SUPERIOR NEW AND SECOND-HAND HOUSE-HOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, PIANOS, MIR-RORS, CHINA, ETC.

On Friday Morning.

At 9 o'clock, at the sacalos store, No 1116 Chesnut street, will be sold a large assortment of elegant parlor, chamb r, and dining room forniture. Irom families declining housekeepinv.

Also, 2 portable heaters, suitable for a large building.

LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
CARD-Our sale to-morrow (Friday) morning, at
the Auction Store, No. 1110 Chesnut street, comprises
a large assortment of superior housekeeping articles,
including. including:—

Velvet, Wilton, Brussels, and Ingrain Carpets; one Rosewood Cabinet Plano forte, made by Bergfelt; one Ingrain Carpets; one large Musical Cock; Parlor Organ; parlor suita of Wainut Furniture, covered with plush: Wainut Chamber Solites; Wardrobes; French plate Mantel and Pier Glasses; spring and bair Maitresses; Feather Beds; Extension Dining Tables; Office Tables and Desks; Wainut Sideboard, Secretaries, Bookcases, etc. ALSO—French China Dining and Tea Sets; Tollet Sels; Jancy China Inkstands and Figures; Cut Glass; Plated Ware; Mantel Clocks, etc. etc.

FANCY GOUDS—Also, an livolce of Fancy Goods, consisting of elegant Inkstands; Lady's Companions; Watch Casses; Pocket Books; Clgar Cases; Glove Boxes; Pijes; Smoking Goods, etc.

Pijes: Smoking Goods, etc. SEWING MACHINE—One Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
FOWLING PIECES.—Several plain and breech-loading Fowling Pieces. PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS.

[For additional Amusement see Third Page.] NEW PHILADELPHIA OPERA HOUSE, SEVENTH Street, below Arch. GREAT SUCCESS OF TUNISON & CO.'S MINSTRELS,

AMUSEMENTS.

L. V. TUNISON and H. PARSONS. Proprietors SAMULLS, SANFORD.....Stage Manager OPEN FOR THE SEASON WITH EPH. HORN. FRANK MORAN,

AND THE LARGEST AND MOST TALENTED COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Seats can be secured in advance without Extra Charge. 8 19 3m Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance begins at 8. A MERICAN CONSERVATORY OF

Instruction, in all departments, commenced on MONDAY, October 7. See advertisement under head of "Instruction."

C, CHURCH,

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-THE FOUR-STORY DWELL-House, No. 1608 LOCUST Street, handsomely furnished, and replete with every convenience.

The furniture can be sold with the house.

W. BUDWORTH.

Apply on the premises, 10 3 10t

TO RENT. TO RENT-ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT,
handsomely furnished, to rent for two years and
a-half, from November 1, 1867, in Montgomery county,
short distance from Jenkintown Station, on the North
Fennsylvania Railroad. Apply to
C. H. & H. P. MUIRHEID.
10 3 10t No. 205 S, SIXTH Street.

HOOP SKIRTS.

628. WM. T. HOPKINS, 628. MANUFACTURER OF FIRST QUALITY:

> HOOP SKIRTS, FOR THE TRADE AND AT RETAIL.

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, BELOW SE-VENTE, PHILADELPRIA.

Also dealer in full lines of low-priced New York and Eastern made Skirts.

All the new and desirable styles and sizes of Ludles'.

Missee', and Children's Hoop-skirts constantly on hand and made to order, embracing the largest and most varied assortment in this market, at very moderate prices.

Fvery ady should try "Our Own Make" of Hoop Skirts, as they have no equal.

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