PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOOM AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING

NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.
Price, Three Cents per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars per Annum; One Dollar and Pifty Cents for Two menths, invariably in advance for the period ordered,

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1867.

How the "Awful Majesty of the Law" is Preserved. On Tuesday the Court of Quarter Sessions of

our city listened to an address from the District Attorney, over which we cannot but feel the keenest shame and regret, and in our feelings we are sure we will be joined by every right-minded citizen. The occasion was the return to the Court of a writ of habeas corpus issued against Commodore Selfridge, and upon which he had refused to produce the body of an enlisted man. The return was in no wise disrespectful, but was couched in language firm and courteous, in which the Commodore doubted the jurisdiction of the local court over officers and enlisted men of the United States. The question was one of jurisdiction. It was a legal question, and one on which there is not only two sides, but the side holding that the Court has no jurisdiction has decidedly the most appearance of legal truth. In nearly all the States of the the exclusive cognizance of all cases is vested in the United States Courts, and we cannot recall another State in which such authority is not recognized. Under such circumstances, we would naturally expect the law officer of the people to treat the case in that quiet, argumentative, dignified manner which the doubtful nature of the probable decision ren. dered proper. On the contrary, however, we find Mr. William B. Mann delivering a speech in the case of Commodore Selfridge and Captain Brown which would have disgraced the smallest pot-house politician's address to a bar-room assembly. In beginning his address, he uttered all the trite and empty platitudes which have become sterreotyped in a buncombe speech. He talked of there "being no bayonet sharp enough," or no walls strong enough, to successfully resist the execution of the law in Pennsylvania. Then, getting warmed up with his subject, he proceeds to call Captain Brown "a whelp" and the Secretary of the Navy a "highwayman, ruffian, tyrant, and blackguard." We have no personal feeling in the matter, nor do we propose to speak further of the merits of the case than to say that both Commodore Selfridge and Captain Brown are educated and honorable men, and that the Secretary of the Navy is an official of the United States Government. But the propriety of such demonstrations does not depend on the character of the persons against whom they are directed. We know of no man, however low or despised, or lost to decency or honor, on whom a high law officer

utterer of such low denunciations. The great need (a need which we feel more and more, day by day) of our public men, is the possession of that dignity and courtesy which should be attendant on office. The holders of the places of trust and honor in our land do not realize what is due to their official positions, and degrade their offices and themselves by such language as that of the District Attorney. How can we expect to see the tone of the Bar elevated when its highest officer thus rants and rages like a common drayman, and that too in the very face of the Court? The evil influence of such an example on the younger members of the profession cannot be calculated, and the first effect is found in the case of Mr. Hirst, Jr., yesterday, who, following in the wake of his superior, called the Commodore "a blackguard and a ruffian." But with such a precedent, why should we blame the imitator?

did the District Attorney. Self-respect, respect

for the Court in which he spoke and the

people whose cause he pleaded, should have

restrained Mr. Mann from thus descending into

the field of billingsgate. It surely could not

harm any one, and must only rebound on the

It would seem as though both these lawyers deemed that a loud voice and violent adjectives give force to an address, and supply the place of reason and deliberate logic. There can be no greater error. The ears of the yulgar may be pleased with such denunciations, but the judgment of those whose judgment alone is valuable will condemn the style and the matter of the address, and easily see through the invective, and decide on the merits of the plea stripped of all epithets. With all the good the District Attorney has done, and there is much in him which we most heartily commend, yet the utterance of one such speech as that on Tuesday cancels a month's faithful service in the eyes of those who desire dignity as well as ability in a public

In opposition to the violence of the law offioer, we have to commend the quiet words of Judge Pierce and the gentlemanly remarks of United States District Attorney Valentine

The Judge displayed a proper appreciation of the great question of jurisdiction involved. and decided to hear the argument before a full bench on Saturday. Until then he refuses the attachments asked for. This is the proper plan. It seems to us against reason that the officers of the United States should be subject to the order of a local court, when any wrong they may do can be effectually reached in the United States Court, with equal ease. Such has been the decision in several previous cases, and it does Judge Pierce credit that he refuses to act in the matter until the question of jurisdiction

decided. We look with interest for the argument on Saturday, and hope, with Mr. Valentine, "it may be treated as a great question."

A Contrast.

WE were accidentally among those who stood on Chesnut street when Andrew Johnson made his entry into our city, at the commencement of his swinging-round the-circle tour, a little more than a year ago. Small crowds of people were gathered along the sidewalks, but there was no cheering, no outhusiasm, no waving of banners, and wild huzzas of the multitude. It was the silent rebuke of a great city to a faithless public servant; and Andrew Johnson felt it keenly, as the frequent subsequent ill-uatured aliusions of Secretary Seward to the affair most clearly showed.

Last evening we stood upon Chesnut street again, and witnessed the welcome extended to the man who, perhaps, more thoroughly than any other represents the popular opposition to Andrew Johnson and his unconstitutional policy. What a contrast! What an ovation to Sheridan! As far as the eye could reach the streets were thronged with enthusiastic thousands, and then, as the Hero of Winchester, and of Five Forks, and of New Orleans rode by, gracefully bowing to the people, whiat cheers and shouts and the voice of a great multitude, as the sound of many waters! It was a reception which, aside from its peculiar political significance, any man might well have been proud of; but taken as the emphatic endorsement of General Sheridan, and the no less emphatic condemnation of Andrew Johnson, by the citizens of this great city of nearly a million of inhabitants, it must have been especially grateful to the former, and ought to be profoundly significant to the latter. The people honor General Sheridan because he is the noble representative of a principle; they despise Andrew Johnson because he has proved a traitor to that principle. The President has sought to strike down and disgrace this gallant soldier, this wise and moderate ruler; but the people heap honor and blessing upon the man who told the truth in regard to the New Orleans massacre, and who pronounced the anathema of a fervent loyalty upon the made-to-order "opinion" of a facile Attorney-General-his "broad and macadamized road for fraud and perjury to travel on."

The contrast is one which public men may well lay to heart. The people cannot be easily deceived. They will stand by any man who stands firm and true to a great principle, while no eminence of position, no empty protestations of devotion to the Constitution, can cover up treachery or make it anything less than odious and ahhorred.

The State of our City Finances.

A PEW days since we published our views on the present condition of the finances of our city. All the facts there stated were taken from the official tabular statement of the assets and liabilities, as furnished by the City Controller. Of course we could not personally know anything about the various items appearing on the books of the Controller, and could with propriety heap such epithets as were obliged to rely entirely on the published estimates. From these estimates it appeared that the rate of taxation for 1868 was really an increase over that for the present year; and determined, as we always have been, to place any fact of public interest in the true light before our readers, we did not hesitate to call attention to the increase. Our frank confession of the fact, as set forth by the tabular estimates, has been republished in all the Democratic journals, and used as an electioneering document against the Republican party. We have now, however, to disappoint contemporaries who have so eagerly seized upon the "admissions" of a "radical paper," and make a correction. By a clerical error in the official statement, we find that all our deductions were wrong. In adding up the "total appropriations for 1867," which, according to the table, amount to \$5,362,203, the trifling sum of \$2,200,000 annual interest on our city loans was omitted: so that, in order to get the correct statement of the expenditures for 1867, that sum has been counted in. Thus the total is made to reach \$7,562,203. In the estimated expenses for 1868, the interest is counted in the original summing up of the Controller, which makes it reach \$7,389,743, or a decrease of \$172,460-52 over the expenses of 1867; so that, instead of so large an increase as was anticipated a few days ago, it appears that we will expend nearly \$200,000 less. As our Democratic contemporaries did us the honor to republish our first article, we hope justice will induce them to do likewise with our correction.

Soldiers, Remember. LET every soldier remember that the Democratic party of this city has indorsed the insults and outrages heaped upon General Sheridan by Andrew Johnson. That is a part of the platform upon which they are claiming soldiers' votes. A vote for Peter Lyle, or any of their nominees, is therefore not to be considered as an honor to a Union soldier, but is a vote to indorse Andrew Johnson in his persecution of the great heroes who led our gallant soldiers to victory and glory.

A Poor Investment.

THE New York World thinks the Democratic investment in Andrew Johnson, last fall, did not pay well enough to justify any more experiments in that line. Our Pennsylvania Copperhead politicians, however, cling to Johnson, as they have given up all hope of doing anything this fall, except through the corrupt use of Government patronage. Johnson is doing all he can for them, but not

enough to save them from disgraceful defeat. —Isaac Vantree, of Decatur, Ill., married Miss Chapman, of ditto, rather than pay \$5000, which she had recovered from him in a suit for breach of promise.

A Family Broken Up by Death, in a Single Night. On Saturday there lived a happy family at No. 1207 South Seventh street, consisting of Mr. Hus man, tobaccomist, his wile, Barbara, and three children—August, and eight years, Emma two, and Robert four years. During the evening Mrs. Hussman was suddenly taken sick, and died during the night. Subsequently the children were taken ill, and by Sanday at noon the

mother and her three children were dead. Mr. Hussman was also attacked, but is still affive, and will probably recover. These sudden deaths created considerable excitement in the neighborhood, and it was first reported that pol son had been the agent in some mysterious way but there was no foundation for the report, Urs. Smith and Fisher attended the family, and from their testimony, and that of two other physicians who also visited the house, cholera morbus was the cause of death. The Coroner was notified but under the circumstances no inquest was held.—St. Louis Republican, 25th.

RECONSTRUCTION.

No Postponement of the Louisiana Election.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Despatches from New Orleans show that General Mower does not intend to josipone, after all, the Louisiana election. It will commence on Friday, and last through Saturday. The registration has been closed, the judges of election appointed, and the places for the polls designated in New Or-leans. A convention will be called, and delogates elected, though not by the majority that was at one time anticipated.

Order by General Ord. WASHINGTON, Sept. 25 .- General Ord has for idden the assembling of armed citizens, and given explicit directions in the matter. also intends to prevent the carrying of fire-arms by cirizens. He has also issued a notice to upparcled persons, similar in tenor to the orders of Generals Canby and Mower.

POLITICAL.

TO THE FRONT ::

OLDIERS!

You have a contest before you as important in its

BLOODY BATTLE-FIELDS,

results as any of your struggles on the

Sancrified to you by the murder of your comrades; and the desolation of their widows and orphans. Let

NO WAVERING IN THE RANKS!

Are we, who have fought long and faithfully to secure the perfect integrity of this Republic, to yield our cherished rights to the machinations of a party that has ever opposed us-a party that has uniformly denieds every recognition of our services-a party that sought to deprive us of the means to support our families, by voting against all appropriations to defray military expenses-a party that would have allowed our children to starve sooner than vote one cent for their relief-a party that now, gathering its decayed forces for one more fruitless effort to wres from loval hands the unstained

FLAG OF VICTORY,

Attempts to hide its own weakness and insults our intelligence by pretending a desire to do us honor. So THE ARCH-TRAITOR LEE

Offered to provide luxury and comfort for those who would desert the colors they had sworn to support. A few, cojoled by his pretenses, and persuaded bytthe arguments of the Democratic party of the North, deserted, and were treated as they deserved-as should all soldiers be treated who forsake the cause of loyalty -whether on the battle-field or in the political arena.

DELUDED, DISGRACED, DESPISED.

COMRADES! RALLY IN YOUR MIGHT

ON FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 27.

AT 8 O'CLOCK

AT NATIONAL HALL,

MARKET STREET, ABOVE TWELFTH.

There let us with one voice avow our continued allegiance to that great cause for which our brothers in arms laid down their lives. Let us show by our numbers our intensity of feeling; and let us demonstrate to the world that the removal from spheres of command where they were so gallantly fighting the enemies of our country, of those great heroes,

SHERIDAN AND SICKLES.

Cannot be submitted to without protest.

Special arrangements will be made for the accommodation of Ladies, who, it is hoped, will be present in large numbers.

FURNITURE.

AVIS IMPORTANT!

BEAUX MEUBLES,

pour Sa'ons et Chambres a Coucher, Arranges pour Exposition dans Appartements Garnis et Couverts de Tapis GEORGE J. HENHELS, LACY & CO.,

> EBENISTES. CHESNUT STREET, au Coin de 12me.

PECIAL CARD.

FINE FURNITURE ON EXHIBITION IN SUITES OF ROOMS, CARPETED AND FUR-NISHED AS CHAMBERS AND PARLORS. GEORGE J. HENKELS, LACY & CO.,

CABINET MAKERS, THIRTEENTH AND CHESNUT, Philadelphia, DIE FEINSTEN MEUBEL ARAN GIERT IN DER GANZEN ETAGE FERTIG ZUR

ANSICHT, TEPPICH UND GARTIENEN EIN-

GEORGE J. HENKELS, MEUBEL FABRICKANT, THIRTEENTH AND CHESNUT. Philadelphia.

V I S O. MEUBLES FINO

EXHIBICION. in Serie de Coartos, COLOCADO Balas de recibimiento

[3 20 2m

CUARTOS DE CAMABA.

POLITICAL.

WELCOME TO THE HERO, STATESMAN, AND PATRIOT!

GLORIOUS SHERIDAN!

Soldiers and Sailors of the Republic:

Veterans in Freedom's Cause ! Defenders of the Union !

Patriots who have Saved the Nation

All who have borne Arms for their Country are in

Officers, and the Rank and File!

vited to assemble at NATIONAL HALL.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 27,

AT 8 O'CLOCK,

To Greet the Bravest of the Brave,

THE TRUE SOLDIER, PURE PATRIOT, AND SAGACIOUS STATESMAN,

IRRESISTIBLE SHERIDAN!

NOW OUR CITY'S GUEST.

Come, ye heroes of Potomac's Bloody Fields and Virginia's Conquered Valleys! Ye who unfettered Mississippi's waters and freed them to the Gulf! Ye who bore the Starry Flag up Chattapooga's gory beights and o'er prostrate Georgia to the Sounding Sea! Ye who hurled back the Rebel Hordes from Pennsylvania's soil. and crushed out foul Rebellion by your Crowning Victories on the Appenattox! Come all ye Heroes-Native and Naturalized - All who fought for LIBERTY in her struggle-Come, Champions of her Holy Cause, to WELCOME your Tried Comrades and Re-nowned Leaders,

## SHERIDAN AND SICKLES,

And Express Your Sympathy with them and with

CONGRESSI

PROCLAIM ANEW YOUR DEVOTION TO YOUR COUNTRY!

Rebuke the Perjured President WHO PROSTITUTES HIS FUNCTIONS IN OBDER THAT BEBELS AND TRAI-TORS SHALL BULE PATRIOTS.

## RALLY ROUND THE FLAG!

Stand by Your Old Tried Leaders!

General J. A. LOGAN, of Hilipois, General B. F. BUTLER, General FRANZ SIGET. General CARL SCHURZ. General JOHN W. GEARY. Colonel F. JORDAN, General FAIRCHILD, General BARNUM, Private DUDLEY, General HENDERSON, General HAWLEY, Sergeant LIGHTFOOT, General DENISON, General OGLESBY. General TODD. General GRIMSHAW, Captain ZkLL, General FARNSWORTH. Colonel DEMING, General FLETCHER,

and other Brave Soldlers will address the meeting." SOLDIERS! A traitor President is plotting to UNDO ALL YOUR GLORIOUS WORK. One day he pardons Rebels by tens of thousands-on another heaps contumely on the bravest of your leaders, and strips them of command. SHALL THIS BET Shall ALL your privations, ALL your struggles, ALL your heroic sacrifices be set at naught by the Despot and Demagogue and his guilty coadjutors? Have the immortal thousands, dead on the battle-field, indeed died in vain?

'Up many a fortress wall "Up many a fortress wall
They charged, those boys in blue;
'Mid surging smoke and voiley'd ball
The bravest were the first to fall—
To fall for me and you!
Our brothers mustered by our side;
They marched, and fought, and nobly died
For me and you!
Good Irlend, for me and you!"

After the meeting, Soldiers, Sailors, and Citizens will be marshalled by the officers of the Grand Army of the Republic, and proceed to SERENADE the city's

ILLUSTRIOUS GUESTS! 9 26 2t

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA, GRANDARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, UNITED STATES.

Special Orders No. 72.

Pests of this army will form in order of seniority, on north side of Market street, right resting on Thirteenth sireet, on FRIDAY. 27th instant, immediately after the close of the Soidlers' Mass Meeting, to proceed to the quarters of Comrades General Phil Sheridan and Daniel E. Sickles, to tender them the compilment of a screnade.

Every comrade will be in line.

By order of By order of LOUIS WAGNER, Grand Commander, James Given, Asst. Adjutant-General. 9 26 2t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ALI THAT VALUABLE Tract of Land situate in Montgomery County, Pa., on the Bethlehem Pike, 18 miles north of Philadelphia, near the North Fennsylvania Rallroad, it contains 25 acres. The improvements are large, con-isting of stone mansion, with bath, waterclosets, range, etc.; two tenant houses, two large bards, stabling for 100 horses and cattle, carriage house, wag-n-bouse, srannery, los-house, supring-house, wag-n-bouse, srannery, los-house, and well watered by three streams; the avenues leading to the mansion are ornamented by two rows of large shade trees; large shade trees surround the mansion. There are a variety of fruit tree; about 30 acres in valuable timber, 30 acres in meadow, balance in arable land. It is well adapted for grain, breeding, and grazing purposes, while its altination, fine old trees, fruit, and modern improvements, commend it as a gestleman's country seat. Also the stock, consisting of eighty-four head of cattle and horses, and all the utensits of a well-regulated farm.

B. J. DO BRINS, Second Story Ledger Building.

POLITICAL.

PATRIOTS AROUSE! W UNION

ASSEMBLE IN YOUR MIGHT

MASS MEETING

ON SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 98.

AT & C'CLOCK,

IN FRONT OF THE

UNION LEAGUE HOUSE,

To Concert Measures for the Safety of the Republic!

Rebeis routed in the field, and Traitors beaten at the Ballot-Box-marshalled by deserters from our ranks, backed by the patronage and guided by the

PERFIDIOUS PRESIDENT,

Threaten new dangers to our country. Liberty, Union and Self-government are still menaced. The Holy Cause, victorious on so many battle-fields, sustained so often at the Polls and by Congress, is NOT YET SECURED!

All our sacrifices of blood and treasure are jeopar. dized by the treachery of the Executive, the machinations of our old foe, and

OUR OWN APATHY! Shall this be? Will patriots supinely suffer the fruits

of victory to pass into the hands of REBELS AND TRAITORS!

Remember that the arch-traitor and demagogue ANDREW JOHNSON, IS STILL PRESIDENT. Remember his unmatched baseness, his flagitious designs, his cunning wiles, his despotic will; above all, remember his cabal of wicked advizers and the tremendous power in his bands. Remember that he and they will construe the slightest falling off of our

majorities in any election as evidence of sympathy with them, and a pretext tor defiant and armed hostilly to Congress. The IN-FATUATED DICTATOR will plunge us in

ANOTHER CIVIL WAR!

Unless the people awe him into obedience by the significance of vast majorities. Behind the issues of who shall be Judge, who Sheriff, and who shall fill the other offices, is the great question, "How best shall the Usurper be Rebuked and Dismayed?" Philadelphia glories in the renown of being the most loyal and devoted of all the cities. Her potential voice, spoken at the

polls, has for seven years past electrified the nation. Thrilled armies in the field, cheered Congress in its

labors. Let it be heard again in October in thundertones as of yore, reanimating the loyal and confounding the traiterous

COME, FREEMEN! COME TO THE RESCUE!

COME IN YOUR STRENGTH TO HEAR

GOV. JOHN W. GEARY. BON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN. HON, HUGH L. BOND, OF MD. COL. R. S. MATTHEWS, OF MD. HON, JOHN M. BROOMALL.

HON, ALEXANDER G. CATTELL. HON. J. A. J. CRESWELL, OF MD. HON, BENJAMIN H. BREWSTER.

HON, WILLIAM D. KELLEY HON. CHARLES O'NEILL. HON, CALEB N. TAYLOR. HON, N. B. SMITHERS.

HON, GALUSHA A. GROW. HON, H. BUCHER SWOPE. HON, GLENNI W. SCHOFFELD.

HON, LIN BARTHOLOMEW. HON. WAYNE MCVEIGH. HON, JOHN W. FORNEY. HON, MORTON MCMICHAEL. AND OTHERS.

Come with earnest hearts and high resolves !

AWAKE FROM YOUR LETHARGY!

Throw saids every minor issue; suppress all com-

BE TRUE TO THE CAUSE!

Be united, and for the life of the nation, remembering Madison's glorious motto:

"PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN!"

VOTE THE WHOLE REPUBLICAN TICKET

Remember, the only surety for

The crisis appeals to your patriotism,

PEACE, ORDER AND LAW, LIBERTY AND UNION!

And the Payment of the National Debt, is in the

VICTORY COMPLETE

REPUBLICAN PARTY!

9 26 Bt

By order of the Committee.

POLITICAL

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREMS COURT,

HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLRAS. HON. M. RUSSELL THAYER.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

SHERIPP.

JOSEPH M. COWELL.

REGISTER OF WILLS,

WILLIAM Y. CAMPBELL.

CLERK OF OUPBANS' COURT, RICHARD M. BATTURS.

CITY OFFICERS.

CITY TREASURER. DAVID JONES.

CITY COMMISSIONER,

BENJAMIN F. URWILER.

SENATE-THIRD DISTRICT,

JOSEPH A. BONHAM. ASSEMBLY.

1-DAVID FOY. 2-ROBERT C. TITTERMARY.

3-A. M. WALKINSHAW.

4-WILLIAM W. WATT. 5-EDMUND S. YARD.

6-Col. CHARLES KLECKNER. 7-JAMES SUBERS.

8-JAMES V. STOKES 9-F. W. THOMAS.

10-Col. ELISHA W. DAVIS. 11-CHARLES EAGER.

12-ALEXANDER ADAIRE.

13-ENOS C. RENNER. 14-GEORGE T. THORN.

15-JAMES HOLGATE. 16-Col. MARSHALL C. HONG.

17—Col. JOHN CLARK 18-JAMES N. MARKS.

By order of the Republican City Executive

Committee. WM. R. LEEDS, President,

JOHN L. HILL, | Secretaries.

UNION LEACUE.

PUBLIC MEETINGS. At a meeting of the Committee appointed by the

Resolved, That Public Meetings of the citizens of Philadelphia be called for

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 25,

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 5. The meetings to be held on BROAD STREET, in front of the LEAGUE HOUSE. By order of the Committee.

ROBT. R. CORSON, Secretary. ACENCY OF THE

Union League on the 18th, it was

Union Pacific Railroad Company, OFFICE OF

DE HAVEN & BROTHER, NO. 40 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA, September 20, 1867.

Pacific Ratirond, and the price of Governments. We would to-day give these bonds and pay a difference of 197 50 taking in exchange U.S. 6s of 1881.

We desire to call attention to the difference in the

relative price of the First Mortgage Bonds of Union

6 es of 1881.
5-20s of 1882.
5-20s of 1884.
5-20s of 1884.
5-20s of 1885.
5-20s o (For every thousand dollars,) We offer these Bonds to the public, with every con-

fidence in their security. DE HAVEN & BRO. 8 801m JUST IMPORTED.

BY OURSELVES.

THIRTY CASES (3000 CANS)

FINEST QUALITY

French Peas and Mushrooms,

FOR SALE BY THE CASE, DOZEN, OR CAN.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S, W. COB. BROAD AND WALNUT STS. 9 14 (athwsp)

PHILADELPHIA.