# ANOTHER EXECUTION.

## Bridget Durgan to be Hung at New Brunswick, N. J., To-morrow.

### PREPARATIONS FOR THE MELANCHOLY EVENT.

### The Crime for Which the Unhappy Woman Suffers Death.

[EVENING TELEGRAPH SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., August 29.—The execution of a woman, even by way of punishment for the highest crime known to the law, is so rare an event in this country, that there is great excitement attending the preparations which are now being made in this city for the hanging of Bridget Durgan to-morrow. The peculiar atrocity and ingratitude attending the crime for which she is to suffer death, and an almost universal belief in her guilt, tend to allay this excitement somewhat, and to prevent a marked expression of sympathy for the unfortunate woman.

The scene of the murder for which Bridget Durgan yields up her life to-morrow was New Market, a small village of Middlesex county, New Jersey, about seven miles from this place.

**The Household**

which was broken up by the deed of blood consisted of Dr. W. W. Coriell; his wife, Mrs. Mary Ellen Coriell, who was thirty-one years of age, and to whom he had been married ten years; his young child; an Irish servant girl by the name of Bridget Durgan; and Asa S. Bush, a laborer, who slept at his own house. The house in which the family resided was irregular in outline, a portion of it having two stories and a garret, while the remainder was but one story in height.

Mrs. Coriell, the victim of the sad tragedy which was enacted in this quiet country residence, was an accomplished lady of irreproachable character, and highly esteemed by all who were acquainted with her. Bridget Durgan, the murderess, had been living in the neighboring township of Piscataway, where she had frequently been attended by Dr. Coriell. She was subject to epileptic attacks, and it is understood that it was at the request of Dr. Coriell that she went to his house to live, that he might the more conveniently attend to her infirmity. She went to Dr. Coriell's on the 22d of October, 1866, and remained there up to the time of the murder, with the exception of a few days which were passed in New York. Dr. Coriell, in his testimony at the trial of Bridget Durgan, said that she was a quiet and peaceable person, and had always treated his wife with respect. Her month had expired on the Friday previous to the murder, and Mrs. Coriell had then discharged her on account of her filthy habits. As she had been suffering from an attack of catalepsy during the greater part of the week, and had been under the medical treatment of Dr. Coriell, he had told her that she might stay for two or three days until she got better. Bridget, it seems, did not want to leave the family, and had said to Mrs. Coriell that if permitted to remain she would stay at a dollar or two less a month.

**The Murder of Mrs. Coriell**

occurred on the night of Monday, February 25, 1867. At about 5:30 o'clock on the afternoon of that day, Dr. Coriell started out on a visit to some of his patients. When he departed his wife and child and the servant girl were in the house. As the Doctor started out he said to his wife that if he did not return by late bedtime, he would not be home before morning. At the time he said this to his wife, Bridget Durgan was in the adjoining room, within easy hearing distance, the door communicating between the two rooms being open. It is not certain that the girl heard what was said, but she could easily have done so; and in view of the terrible crime which was committed in the house that night, it is more than probable that she did hear the remark made by Dr. Coriell, and consequently knew that she could perpetrate her deed of blood without molestation or interruption.

Shortly after twelve o'clock that night, while Dr. Coriell was still some miles distant from his residence, Bridget Durgan stood at the door of the Rev. Charles E. Little, who lived near by, exclaiming loudly, "Oh! dear, let me in!" In answer to a question, she said that there was trouble over at Dr. Coriell's. She was let into the house, when it was found that she held in her arms the little two-year old child of the family with whom she had been living. When asked what was the trouble at the Doctor's she replied that two men were there when she left; they had arrived just before she left, she said, and Mrs. Coriell, after opening the door for them, had cried out to her, "Bridget, go for the Doctor." Bridget was then asked what these men were doing, but this she did not know, and in further reply to the question she made the remark that she did not know whether the house was on fire or not. A lamp having been lighted, it was then noticed that there was a spot of blood on her skirt, over half a foot in diameter. The blood looked fresh, as though not yet dry. When the girl saw that they were observing her skirt, she folded it under her and sat down on it.

Several of the neighbors were aroused by Mr. Little, and together they proceeded to the residence of Dr. Coriell. Arriving there, Mr. Little, before entering, called out, "Mrs. Coriell, there are friends outside; don't be afraid." There being no response, the party entered the house by the sitting-room, and noticed smoke proceeding from an adjoining bed-room. Water was procured and thrown into the room to extinguish the fire, and then Mr. Little entered the mysterious apartment carefully, creeping along on his hands and knees. After going four or five feet in this manner his hands came in contact with a human body, which proved to be the lifeless form of Mrs. Coriell, not yet cold, but fresh from the hands of the assassin. The condition of the body showed that a desperate and protracted struggle had taken place. There were three deep gashes on the right hand, all cutting through to the bone, and six large gashes on the head. Altogether there were on the corpse twenty-six distinct gashes, excluding those on the hand, while the cuts and scratches that simply went through the skin were almost innumerable. In the right groin there was a wound an inch in length, and another in the left; there was another wound, three inches in length, on the right leg, and other shallow cuts about the legs and back. The right leg and both arms were black and blue, the face was badly bruised and much swollen, and from one of the shoulders a large piece of flesh had been gouged entirely out. The right ear was nearly cut through, and on the face were the prints of four upper teeth. On the throat there were at least a dozen different cuts, one of them having severed the jugular vein, and thereby relieved the mutilated woman from her sufferings. The corpse was covered with blood, especially about the neck, shoulders, and chest, and a large quantity of it had issued from the mouth and nostrils, as well as from the gaping wounds. The hair was also matted with blood and feathers, and a portion of it had been torn from the scalp. Was ever a fouler, more horrible crime than this commited by a fiend in human shape?

The body of the murdered woman was removed to another house, and then Mr. Little returned to the residence of Dr. Coriell, where he found the fire in the bed-room still raging. It was not entirely extinguished until a portion of the bedstead and of the partition wall had been burned. When the house came to be searched, nothing whatever was found to be missing, although the secretary in the bed-room contained about $60 in money, and in a bureau in another room up stairs there was a quantity of jewelry.

**Bridget Durgan's Different Stories.**

In addition to the story which Bridget Durgan told to Mr. Little, as narrated above, she said to him that she did not know who the men were. When assured that they would soon catch them, she answered, "No, you won't." For this belief the only reason she had to assign was, "Oh, because."

On the night of the murder, Bridget had also alarmed Mr. Theodore Coriell at his residence, saying that there were burglars over at Dr. Coriell's. She subsequently told this person that on this evening two men called at the house, at half-past 8 o'clock, and remained until half-past 10. At this time she was in the kitchen, minding the baby. Mrs. Coriell, she said, admitted the men, and afterwards bade her summon the Doctor, when she took up the child and ran out the kitchen door. While telling this story, she was engaged in dressing the baby, and spots of blood were observed on its petticoats by the bystanders.

It was about midnight when word reached Dr. Coriell of the fearful tragedy which had been enacted at his house during his absence. Horror-stricken, he made his way back to the town, going first to his own residence. Finding that the body of his wife had been removed to a neighbor's house, he kept on until he came to the place, and had one glance at it, and then he proceeded to the residence of Mr. Little, where he inquired for his child, and found it in Bridget's arms. He then questioned the servant girl concerning the murder, and received a story differing somewhat from those which she had told to others. Bridget said that two men had called at the house at about half-past 7 o'clock in the evening, and inquired for the Doctor. Mrs. Coriell told them where the latter had gone, and they started out to find him. About half-past ten o'clock these men returned and knocked at the kitchen door. Mrs. Coriell said that the Doctor had come, and told her to go to the door; but as she was about to open it Mrs. Coriell called out to her to go for the Doctor. She then picked up the child and left the house. But when she was asked how she happened to have the child at that time of night, her answers became confused, and Dr. Coriell began to suspect that she knew something about the murder itself. She was accused of the crime directly, but she denied her guilt, although she confessed that she knew who the guilty parties were; and, after some importunity, she at last gave the names of two men, who accounted for themselves satisfactorily when the case came to trial.

On the 26th of February the Coroner's inquest was held at the house of Dr. Coriell. Bridget was at this time in one of the upper rooms, and there Dr. Coriell went to see her, in answer to a summons from her that she wished to see him again, as she had not told him all. She then told him that Anne Linen, a servant of a neighboring family, did the deed: that she came to the house that evening for a drink of water, remaining until 10 o'clock; that she then asked if there was any money in the house, when she was told if she wanted money she must go up stairs; that Anne then took the knife (an ordinary table-knife, used for domestic purposes), and she (Bridget) picked up the baby and ran. Bridget even went so far as to accuse Anne of guilt before the Coroner's jury, when the innocent girl cried out, "Bridget, in the name of God, can you say that?"

**The Trial.**

Such were the conflicting accounts which the woman gave of the affair, and which tended to fasten the crime upon her, almost beyond chance of doubt. The trial was one of the most memorable that has ever taken place in this State, and attracted a great deal of attention, the court-house being filled with eager spectators from first to last. The trial was appointed for the 27th of April, but the counsel for the defense moved a postponement on account of the absence of material witnesses. The case was therefore postponed until the 20th of May, on which day the trial commenced. The presiding judge of the court was Hon. Peter B. Vredenburgh, with Judges D. D. Decker, H. H. Brown, and Elisha Cook as associates. The prosecution was conducted by the Hon. George M. Robeson, of Camden, N. J., Attorney-General, assisted by the prosecuting attorney of the county, Charles M. Herbert, Esq. The Hon. Garnett B. Adrain, formerly a member of Congress, was appointed by the Court to conduct the defense, and was assisted in this labor by W. H. Leupp, Esq. The elicitation of evidence occupied seven days, and over three days were consumed in the arguments of the counsel for the prosecution and defense, so that the wretched woman received as full, fair, and impartial a trial as she could have asked. Judge Vredenburgh, in closing his charge to the jury, said:—"If ever a murder was willful, malicious, premeditated, or deliberate, is not this one? She is, to be sure, a woman, gentlemen, but the law knows no difference. If she be a woman, was not Mrs. Coriell one too, and ought not we to protect that sex from each other as much as we protect men from men? It we protect man from man, ought we not to protect woman from woman? Shall they have a monopoly to murder their own sex? The law says if a woman deliberately and maliciously kills another she is guilty of murder of the first degree; and if you think so, however much you may pity her condition, you cannot say otherwise unless you will say, 'I have sworn to find a verdict according to the law and the evidence, but I will not because she is a woman?'"

The jury were out about three-quarters of an hour, when they returned to court with a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree."

**Mary Gilroy, the Alleged Accomplice.**

Although there appeared to be no doubt of the guilt of Bridget Durgan, notwithstanding her protestations of innocence, there was doubt as to whether she accomplished the foul deed alone, or had an accomplice. Circumstances indicated the latter to be the truth of the matter, and a woman by the name of Mary Gilroy has long been kept in close confinement, awaiting her trial as an accessory to the crime. She is a native of Ireland, and is forty-three years old. She has been twice married, her last husband, Joseph Gilroy, having been killed by the Sixth avenue cars in New York, nearly three years ago. At the time of the murder she was living with a family at a short distance from Dr. Coriell's house. She says that Bridget asked her to come over to the house on the afternoon of the murder, to see about some money for a dress. Mary told her that she could not come during the afternoon, and then Bridget asked her to come during the evening, saying afterwards that she would never do or say anything to the Doctor or Mrs. Coriell, because they had treated her so kindly, and adding mysteriously, "but no matter." Mary claims that she did not go near the house, but having retired early, was awakened some time during the night, and heard some one exclaim, "Keep away from me! keep away from me!" She then heard Mrs. Coriell's voice, saying, "Spare my life for the baby;" and after that she thought she heard the voice of Bridget Durgan, saying, "Take Ellen back." Such is the story told by Mary Gilroy, and she says she told no one of the noise which she heard, because she thought it was made by a drunken woman, and did not amount to much.

But a girl by the name of Delia Coyne, who slept with Mary that night, says that while they were standing at the open window, after Mary claimed to have heard the above exclamations, the latter said, "I think that Bridget has murdered Mrs. Coriell," and at that time it was not known that the murder had been committed. On a subsequent occasion, when a lady remarked to her that it was a pity she did not know a murder was being committed, that she might have given the alarm and saved Mrs. Coriell, Mary exclaimed, "Not a hand would I have raised if I had known it." It appears that she entertained a feeling of hatred for Mrs. Coriell, on account of some fancied insult, and had expressed the hope that, if Dr. Coriell got another wife, he would get one that was worthy of him and had a little common sense.

On June 4 a preliminary investigation of this part of the case was held, at which the above facts were elicited. Mr. Samuel F. Randolph, the jailor, also testified that Bridget Durgan had told him that Mary Gilroy was at Mrs. Coriell's the night of the murder at about half-past six, while Mrs. Coriell was at supper; that Mrs. Coriell did not see her, as they were in the kitchen talking, and that Mary knew all about the murder; that a lamp placed in the back bedroom up stairs was to be the signal, but she would not say what the signal was for; she also said that he (Mr. Randolph) and Dr. Coriell knew the parties that were there that night, that they lived in Newmarket, and that she saw one of them in the court-room during the trial; she then said that she (Bridget) was in the room all the time it was going on.

**The Death Sentence.**

On the 17th of June, Bridget was brought into court to receive her sentence. She was told to stand up, when she arose and looked about her with great composure. When asked if she had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon her, Mr. Leup, one of her counsel, responded in the negative. He then moved that the case be sent before the Supreme court for review, on the ground that much irrelevant testimony had been admitted at the trial. Mr. Adrain also addressed the court in favor of this motion, claiming that the court erred in endeavoring to assign a motive for the murder on her part, when no such motive had been disclosed by the testimony. The motion was denied, and the judge again asked Bridget if she had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon her. The poor woman looked around the court-room anxiously, and then sat down and conversed a few moments with her counsel. Mr. Adrain then stated that she had requested him to say "that she never killed Mrs. Coriell, and that there was a person who is now at large who promised to relieve her from the charge made against her. That person is now at large; but she has always said from the first, as now, that she never imbrued her hands in the blood of Mrs. Coriell, and that she is entirely innocent of the charge."

The Judge then proceeded to recite the circumstances attending the commission of the crime, and concluded by sentencing her to suffer the punishment of death by hanging, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock on Friday, August 30.

As soon as the fatal sentence was pronounced Bridget sat down, and, rocking her body to and fro, commenced to cry piteously, giving utterance to screams that could be heard far beyond the court-house. She was removed to the jail, where, for some time, her lamentations were continued so loud that they could be heard by persons without the enclosure.

**The Prisoner's Demeanor**

has been quite variable during the period of her trial and confinement. While sitting in court she maintained a perfect composure until the seventh day of the trial, when she broke down and commenced to sob on hearing the evidence of a New York policeman, to the effect that she and Mary Gilroy had been seen by him in company with a notorious pickpocket in New York city.

For a long time after the conclusion of her trial, her demeanor in her cell exhibited a total indifference to her impending fate. Great crowds of people flocked to the jail to see her, some of them being gratified with a glance at her face and a short conversation, while others were forced to content themselves with a view at her form, as she sat crouched at the door of her cell, with her face turned aside. On the 5th of July last, when the negro Joseph Williams was led out from the adjoining cell to execution, he stopped at the door of her apartment and earnestly exhorted her to prepare for her approaching fate. The wretched creature appeared to be much affected by his words, and sobbed and moaned in a piteous way. Previous to that she had opposed the visits of a clergyman, but she subsequently yielded, and latterly has frequently received Father Rogers in her cell, uniting with him in religious exercises with apparent earnestness. The greater part of the time of late she has been quite cheerful, and has even attempted to be jovial and humorous. But she has at length objected to the visits of strangers, and has refused to see them as frequently as at first. She has realized fully that there is no escape for her, and converses about her approaching execution not only as something that cannot be averted, but as an event that she does not wish to avoid. She declared a few days ago that she was tired of being there alone, and was glad that her doom was so near at hand, as she was not afraid to die.

**More Conflicting Confessions.**

The unfortunate woman has been solicited time and again to make a full confession of the crime, and her connection with it, and on three different occasions has done so, all of her confessions being more or less conflicting. According to the last, she did the deed alone, from motives of revenge upon her mistress, and not until she saw the lifeless form of Mrs. Coriell before her did she realize the extent and enormity of her guilt. Mary Gilroy, she declares, knew nothing whatever of the deed. It is now understood that she has made, or will make, another and truthful confession of the affair, and in anticipation of this the others are withheld from the public.

**The Preparations for the Execution To-morrow.**

The Court of Pardons having unanimously confirmed the sentence of the Court, and Governor Ward having but two days ago declared, in a letter to the Prosecuting Attorney, that this action of the Court of Pardons was intended to be final in the case, all the preparations for her execution are completed, and by midday to-morrow Bridget Durgan will be a lifeless lump of clay. The gallows on which the negro Joseph Williams was executed, on the 5th of July, still stands in the jail-yard ready for its victim. An intense desire to witness the shocking tragedy seems to possess almost every one in this locality, and Sheriff Clarkson has been sorely persecuted by applicants for admission to the prison on the morning of the execution. Over four hundred tickets have been issued, so that the affair promises to be anything but private. Immediately after the body of Joseph Williams was cut down, it underwent a dissection at the hands of the attending physicians. Bridget is aware of this fact, and she has earnestly requested the prison-keeper that he will not permit a post-mortem examination in her case. It is to be hoped that this request will be complied with, and that the remains of the unfortunate woman will be consigned to their last resting place without undergoing mutilation.

## AMUSEMENTS.

ALF. BURNETT.—This distinguished American humorist will open his portfolio of comicalities, drolleries, and nonsense, at the Assembly Buildings, next Monday evening, September 2. Alf. Burnett has travelled all over the country giving his very funny lectures, and he never fails to please. There is less of humbug about him than is found in most showmen. He gives your money's worth in laugh alone. Mr. Burnett is assisted by Miss Emily Nash, who will read some choice poems, including a beautiful Masonic ode. Remember Alf. and his friend Emily next week. The net proceeds of each performance are to be devoted to a hospital for superannuated and decayed wits, humorists, linguists, and journalists, some of these days.

NEW COAL DISCOVERY.—Sir Robert Clifton has found a rich coal vein on his estate near Nottingham, England. About twelve years since he engaged persons to bore; but they stopped at about one hundred and forty yards deep, and it was surmised that they were bought off. The matter lay in abeyance until last January. Since that time trials have been going on, which, on the 9th of this month, culminated in the finding of a valuable bed of coal at a depth of one hundred and eighty-seven yards. The mineral is of the finest quality. At the present time the discovery is of great importance, as it opens up a vast field of fuel and mineral.


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PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGE-BOAT.—Office United States Engineer Agency, No. 7 BOWLING GREEN, New York City, August 26, 1867.—The undersigned hereby invites sealed proposals for building and equipping ready for sea and for work, the first of the two Dredge-Boats, authorized by joint resolution of Congress, approved March 29, 1867), for improving the mouth of the Mississippi river, in accordance with models, drawings, and specifications visible at this office, and instructions to be furnished by the Engineer in charge; the Dredge-Boat to be delivered at such point on the Mississippi river at or below New Orleans, as the Engineer in charge may direct.

The Dredge-Boat to be a double-ender, 160 feet long, 30 feet beam, and 22 feet high, measured from the bottom of keel to the surface of the spar deck at amidships; to have a screw propeller at each end, one of which is to be 14 feet in diameter, driven by two engines, and the other 12 feet in diameter, driven by one; to be fitted with water compartments for readily adjusting the draught to any depth from 14 to 20 feet; to be fitted with an auxiliary scraper at each end, and many of the parts to have strength considerably exceeding that of like parts of steamers of like dimensions designed for ordinary ocean navigation.

During the construction of the Dredge-Boat, reasonable facilities for inspecting the materials and workmanship must be afforded the officer or agent appointed for the purpose.

The Dredge-Boat to be propelled throughout her sea voyage between the points of construction and delivery by her own engines alone.

Bids which do not cover the entire construction and equipments, ready for sea and for work, of the Dredge-Boat, and her delivery at the point designated, will not be considered.

No bids will be considered except from those practically engaged in the construction of ocean steamers or screw propeller machinery for the same, and who have personally inspected the model and drawings of the Dredge-Boat, or employed experts for the purpose of informing them of its character.

Bids to be indorsed (on the envelope) "Proposals for Dredge-Boat," and addressed to the undersigned, at this office.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two guarantors, that the bidder will enter into contract as herein stated; and a certificate of the responsibility of the guarantors, and specifying the occupation of the bidders, signed by an officer of the United States Corps of Engineers, or some other competent person known to the undersigned.

Proposals will be received till 10 o'clock on the 10th day of September, 1867, at which time they will be opened.

The contract and bond must be signed by the 14th day of September, 1867; work must be actually begun on both hull and machinery by the 20th of September, 1867; the boat must be completed, ready for sea and for work, and the trial trip had by the 15th day of January, 1868, and no unnecessary delay thereafter must occur in her delivery at the point designated.

Payments will be made as follows:—75 per cent. of the contract price on approval of the boat, after the trial trip, by the duly authorized officer or agent of the United States, provided the terms of the contract shall thus far have been complied with, and the balance on final acceptance at the point of delivery.

Bonds for the faithful performance of the contract, in the sum of $25,000, will be required, with two sureties, whose sufficiency must be certified by the Clerk of the nearest District Court, the names of the sureties, with the certificate, to be submitted with the bid.

A full copy of the specifications, and of this advertisement, must be attached to each bid.

Bidders to use the printed forms which will be furnished them at this office.

Model and detailed drawings can be seen, and copies of specifications had, at this office. Copies of the specifications can also be seen at the United States Engineer Offices in Philadelphia and Boston.

The Government reserves the right to reject any bid deemed to be unreasonable, or made by persons whose responsibility may be questioned. In order that no time may be lost after the contract shall be signed, full detailed drawings of all parts of the Dredge-Boat are in progress, and will be in readiness to turn over to the contractor, so that work may be begun without delay on account of preparations of working drawings.

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Brevet Brig.-Gen. United States Army,
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In Charge Improvement of Mouth Miss. River.

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HAMILTON INSTITUTE—DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL for Young Ladies, No. 3810 CHESNUT Street, West Philadelphia, commences its next session on MONDAY, September 9. For circulars containing particulars apply at the School.
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JAMES & LEE,

NO. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET,

INVITE THE ATTENTION OF MERCHANT TAILORS, CLOTHIERS, AND OTHERS TO THEIR LARGE STOCK OF OVERCOATINGS, PARTICULARLY ADAPTED TO THE CITY TRADE. HAVING BEEN LAID IN STORE AT THE LOWEST PRICES, WE CAN CONFIDENTLY ASSURE PURCHASERS THAT IT WILL BE TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE. 8 22th

CARPETINGS.

CARPETINGS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LEEDOM & SHAW,

NO. 910 ARCH STREET,

BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH STREETS.

We are now opening a full and complete assortment, both Foreign and Domestic, for Fall Sales. 8 27 3mrp

GENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

THE FINE SHIRT EMPORIUM,

Nos. 1 and 3 North SIXTH Street.

JOHN C. ARRISON,

Importer, Manufacturer, and Dealer in Every Description of

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Would invite inspection to his FINE STOCK OF GOODS, suitable for the season, selling off at moderate prices.

Especial attention given to the manufacture of FINE SHIRTS AND COLLARS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. 8 rp

WANTS.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED GENTLEman of family, who has had much experience, a position as Secretary or Treasurer of some stable institution; or as a Collector or Financial Agent. To any institution or person desiring the above, he can bring the highest and most satisfactory testimony in regard to character and capability, and the faithful performance of every duty. A note addressed to "Reliable," at this Office, will be attended to. [8 27 3t

AUCTION SALES.

M'CLELLAND & CO (Successors to Philip Ford & Co.), AUCTIONEERS, No. 600 MARKET Street.

SALE OF 1800 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, BALMORALS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

September 2, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, by catalogue, without reserve, 1800 cases men's, boys', and youths' boots, shoes, brogans, balmorals, etc.

Also, a superior assortment of women's, misses', and children's wear, to which the attention of the trade is called. [8 29 3t

JOHN B. MYERS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street.

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF CARPETINGS, ETC.

On Friday morning,

August 30, at 11 o'clock, will be sold, by catalogue, on 4 months' credit, about 200 pieces of ingrain, Venetian, list, hemp, cottage, and rag carpetings, which may be examined early on morning of sale. [8 24 5t

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO WHOLESALE DRY GOODS DEALERS.

First very large and most attractive special package sale of SAXONY-WOVEN DRESS GOODS, on a credit of four months. At 11 o'clock

On Monday, September 2, 1867,

by order of Messrs. Schneider Brothers, of New York, 300 CASES SAXONY-WOVEN DRESS GOODS, of their own well-known manufacture, comprising a most extensive and beautifully assorted selection.

It will be to the interest of every dress-goods buyer to attend this sale, as it will be, no doubt, the largest and most imposing display of this class of goods this season in Philadelphia, the entire offering being arranged in packages for wholesale trade. [8 27 5t

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC.,

On Tuesday Morning,

September 3, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, by catalogue, on four months' credit, about 2000 packages boots, shoes, brogans, etc., of city and Eastern manufacture. Open for examination, with catalogues, early on morning of sale. [8 28 5t

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 140 S. FOURTH Street.

STOCKS, ETC.

On Tuesday,

September 3, at 12 o'clock M., at the Philadelphia Exchange, for account of whom it may concern, without reserve—

317 shares Philadelphia and Gray's Ferry (Spruce and Pine) Passenger Railway Company.

165 shares Shamokin Coal Company.

REAL ESTATE SALE, September 3.

Orphans' Court Sale—Estate of Brower, minors.—DWELLING, 1416 Richmond street, between the Frankford road and Shackamaxon street.

BUSINESS LOCATION—Large and valuable building and large lot, known as the "Ninth United Presbyterian Church," Nos. 2005, 2007, and 2009 N. Second street, 54 feet front, 169 feet deep to Palethorp street, two fronts. Immediate possession.

VERY VALUABLE HOTEL and large lot, known as the "Abbey," Township line road, near the Wissahickon. $1000 may remain.

Peremptory Sale—For account of whom it may concern—OIL LANDS, 2000 acres, West Virginia. Sale absolute.

BUSINESS LOCATION—Four-story Brick Dwelling, No. 236 S. Fifth street, north of Spruce street.

Three-story Brick STORE AND DWELLING, No. 1726 Callowhill street, east of Fifteenth. Immediate possession.

COUNTRY PLACE, 3½ acres, Hammonton, Atlantic county, New Jersey.

Three-story Brick DWELLING, No. 1706 Vasey street, between Spruce and Pine streets.

Three-story Brick DWELLING, No. 1634 Shippen street, west of Sixteenth.

BUILDING LOT, Dauphin street, west of Coral street.

TRACT 100 ACRES Coal and Timber Lands, Jay township, Elk county, Pa. [8 3 5t

J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, AUCTIONEERS, No. 508 WALNUT Street.

Hold Regular Sales of REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, AND SECURITIES AT THE PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE.

Handbills of each property issued separately.

1000 catalogues published and circulated, containing full descriptions of property to be sold, as also, a partial list of property contained in our Real Estate Register, and offered at private sale.

Sales advertised daily in all the daily newspapers

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1110 CHESNUT Street; rear entrance No. 1107 Sansom street.

Sale at No. 1110 Chesnut street.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, MIRRORS, ROSEWOOD PIANOS, BAGATELLE, CHINA, GLASSWARE ETC., ETC.

On Friday Morning,

At 9 o'clock, at the auction store, No. 1110 Chesnut street, will be sold, a large assortment of superior Household Furniture, consisting of elegant parlor suits of various patterns; chamber and dining-room cabinet ware; mantel and pier mirrors; carpets; spring and hair mattresses; beds; china; glassware; kitchen furniture, etc. The Furniture can be examined on Thursday. [8 28 3t

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS, No. 240 MARKET STREET.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

LARGE AND POSITIVE SALE OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, FELT HATS, MATTINGS, UMBRELLAS, RUSSIA CRASH, FANCY SOAPS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, ETC., BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEE, BY CATALOGUE, FOR CASH,

On Wednesday morning,

September 4, comprising a very large assortment of new and desirable goods, worthy of special attention. Particulars in future advertisements. [8 24 5t

SAMUEL C. FORD & SONS, AUCTIONEERS, No. 127 S. FOURTH Street,

Real Estate, Stocks, Loans, &c., at Private Sale. [8

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

JUST RECEIVED!

ANOTHER INVOICE

JET JEWELRY.

BAILEY & CO.,

NO. 819 CHESNUT STREET

8 20 tuths PHILADELPHIA.

S. K. SMYTH. E. P. ADAIR.

SMYTH & ADAIR,

Practical Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Superior Silver-Plated Ware,

GOLD AND SILVER PLATERS,

FACTORY AND SALESROOMS

NO. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

(Up Stairs.)

WAREROOM, NO. 1126 CHESNUT STREET

(Second Floor),

6 27 thstu3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

C. B. KITCHEN, JEWELER,

S. E. Corner TENTH and CHESNUT.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, BRONZES.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

Particular attention paid to Manufacturing all articles in our line. [3 21 thstu


LOST.

LOST OR STOLEN—A BROWN HORSE, with white forelegs, and a white spot on the forehead. Any person having him in his possession, or knowing of his whereabouts, will please leave information at No. 1835 SPRING Street, above the Richmond Station House, [8 28 3t* GEO. SCHWEITZER.