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THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1867.

For Associate Judge, Hon. M. Russell

YESTERDAY morning the friends of the Repub lican cause felt deep anxiety as to the fate of the party in the coming political contest. The enemies of our principles had been working with an energy and a deceit without parallel. in their efforts to accomplish the defeat of our beretofore triumphant organization. By their wiles they had succeeded in deceiving some of the faithful, and it was understood that the Convention had within it members pledged to attempt to secure the election of our opponent by preventing a nomination. The opposition had played its best cards, and the result caused grave anxiety. To-day the crisis is past. The perpetuity and unity of the Republican party have been again evinced. All the attempts to promote discord and play into the hands of the enemy signally failed, and in the unanimous nomination of the Hon. M. Russell Thaver we have an assurance of victory which sets all doubts at rest.

Previous to the result being announced, we studiously refrained from mentioning any preference for any one of the gentlemen named, lest we might embarrass the party and leave a ground for future attack when our candidate was selected. But we need now have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Thayer, above all others, seemed to us the man who combined the qualities most needed in a candidate. His principal opponent lacked the great requisite of being well known to the public; and whatever his merits, in such a battle as that before us, a general with some fame is necessary to inspire confidence in his followers. For many years our candidate has been recognized as one of the ablest of the many able members of the Philadelphia bar-a bar whose legal ability has caused it to become a proverb. Induced by his fellow-citizens to accept a seat in Congress, he displayed not only high qualifications for his varied duties, but there gave evidence of that stern and unbending loyalty, that de_ votion to the vital principles of the Republican party, and at the same time a discretion and a temperance, which preëminently pointed him out as a suitable candidate for the highest judicial honors.

Although so well known, Mr. Thayer is still a comparatively young man. He is in his legal prime. Born in January, 1812, he graduated at our University of Pennsylvania in 1840, was admitted to the bar in 1842, and continued in professional duties until called to represent the Fifth District in the Thirty-eighth Congress. He at once took a high place as a sound thinker and eloquent speaker. Declining reflection, he once more resumed his practice, and now, without solicitation-in fact in opposition to his direct wishes, he has been called upon by a unanimous vote to fill the most important post within the gift of the party.

His letter of declination has caused some anxiety to be expressed lest he should decline to be a candidate now that the honor has been thrust upon him. We are glad, however, to be able to congratulate our readers over the acceptance on the part of Mr. Thayer. In the following correspondence he yields his personal wishes to the declared will of the party and acts the part of a good citizen who is willing, in any capacity, to serve the State:-PHILADELPHIA, August 28, 1867.

Hon, M. Russell Thayer:-Dear Sir:-The undersigned, a committee appointed by the Judicial Convention of the Republican party have the pleasure of informing you of your nomina tion by that Convention as Associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the City and County o

Philadelphia. Will you be good enough to inform us, at your earliest convenience, of your acceptance of this nomi-

Very respectfully, your obedient servants. L. R. FLETCHER, JOSHUA T. OWEN, BENJAMIN H. HAINES. THOMAS J. WORRELL. WILLIAM M. BULL

PHILADELPHIA, August 29, 1867. Gentlemen:-I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 28th instant, informing me of my nomination by the Republican Judicial Convention for the office of Asso ciate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. I am compelled to regard the action of the Convention, in view of the circumstances under which it was taken, as a demand on the part of the representatives of the Republican party that I should occupy in the appreaching canwass the position to which they have assigned me. My attachment to the principles of that great party, and my earnest desire for its success in the struggle in which we are engaged

are well known. It is plain that my personal views and wishes upon this subject must yield to my convictions of public duty. I am not at liberty to disregard the demand which is made upon me by the convention. I accordingly accept the nomination, and if the use of my name can in any degree contribute to the triumph of our principles in the approaching contest, I shall, by freely yielding it, have made the best acknowledgment in my power of the honor which the Convention has conferred upon me.

I remain, with great respect, your obedient M. RUSSELL THAYER. To Messrs, L. R. Fletcher, Joshua T. Owen, Benjamin H. Haines, Thomas J. Worrell, Wil-

liam M. Bull-Committee. That we have selected a man thoroughly capable of defeating Judge Ludlow, and one in whom the people have most implicit confidence, is evidenced by the fact that those Republicans who were deceived into the "People's Convention' movement, are already returning in repentance to the faith. Two at least of the Vice-Presidents, and several of the officers of that "Convention" have determined

to separate themselves from the movement, and we hear on every side of members of the bar who, within twenty-four hours of their signing the letter to Judge Ludlow, bitterly regretted the step. The old proverb in regard to the flight of the rats is quite apropos. The fact that Mr. Thayer was nominated against his expressed wish is an argument-a powerful argument-in favor of his election. We want Judges who do not court the honor, and we have here one who is compelled to serve by the demands of his fellow-citizens. In presenting him to the people we give them a victor over the machinations of politicians, a nominee of the best part of the Republican party. With him as our leader we do not fear the result. And Mr. Thayer himself well expresses what is the duty of every member of our party when he says:-

"If these principles are to be maintained-if they are worthy of the great battle which has been fought to secure their ascendancy—it is desirable to perpetuate them now for the administration of the Government. It would be, in my opinion, unwise to surrender them to the keeping of their enemies. For one, therefore, I am in favor, upon this occasion, of stand-ing by our principles and our organization, and of intrusting to Republicans alone the honor and responsibility of carrying the standard under which we marched

In the Hon. M. Russell Thayer we have a candidate every way worthy of the position for which he has been nominated. A splendid lawyer, of a juridical cast of mind, of fine attainments, unquestioned abilities, an experienced statesman, a thorough Republican from principle, he will adorn the Bench. and will furnish a new argument in favor of allowing the people to select their own officers. Socially, morally, politically, he is a man every way worthy of public confidence and honor. His nomination is a harbinger of victory so clear that all must feel that with him as our leader our triumph is secure.

Andrew Johnson as an Agitator. What possible good end does Andrew Johnson propose to himself by plunging the country anew into the whirlpool of political agitation? He cannot expect to annul the legislation of Congress, or to change the sentiments and opinions of that body. He cannot expect permanently to impede the progress of reconstruction according to the plan adopted by the representatives of the people. What practical end, therefore, is to be achieved by this relighting of the fires of agitation? These fierce excitements are baneful in their effects upon the material interests of the country. The timid take alarm; capital becomes oversensitive; men know not what to expect next, and so the whole body politic suffers. Even the ordinary excitement of a regularly recurring Presidential campaign is unfavorable to business; how much more so, this chronic condition of agitation which Mr. Johnson has brought upon the country! We already see its effects in the advancing price of gold, and in the general feverish and unsettled feeling which prevails. This wanton trifling by the President with the material and all other interests of the country, is in the highest degree reprehensible. It exhibits a recklessness regarding the great trusts committed to his hands which verges close upon downright criminality. It is already becoming a question of serious import to every citizen, whether the peace and prosperity of thirty millions of people shall any longer be left at the mercy of one man?

The Execution of George W. Winnemore. On our first page to-day will be found a full account of the execution of George W. Winnemore for the murder of Mrs. Dorcas Magilton. The facts of the case, as developed by the trial, pointed strongly towards the guilt of the convicted, and the only plea possible in his favor was his insanity. This excuse has been so often set up that it is justly received with extreme distrust, and the powerful argument used in reply that if a man has sense enough to plan a murder, he has sense enough to hang for it. The case of Winnemore admits of but little doubt of guilt, and by the rigid execution of the law the Governor has plainly shown that, so far as he is concerned, no plea of non compos will avail. Believing, as we do, that the safety of the community demands that "whosoever sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed," shall be exactly obeyed, we can waste no pity on the condemned, for the public good demanded that so awful a crime be expiated in the awful manner in which Winnemore was summoned before his Maker.

Mr. Johnson's Advisers. THE most alarming feature connected with the new warfare which President Johnson has inaugurated against the country, is that he has apparently thrown himself into the arms of a set of Copperhead extremists and fanatics, who are utterly reckless of consequences, and would rather than not see the nation plunged into the horrors of civil convulsion. The danger is not in the ultimate result of any acts of usurpation which these mad advisers may urge Mr. Johnson into perpetrating-for both he and they would be ground to powder by an indignant people-but in the excitements turmoil, and tremendous agitation into which the country would temporarily be thrown. Citizens of all parties, who are interested in preserving peace and public tranquillity, must regard Mr. Johnson's recent acts as most unwise and reprehensible.

A Dangerous Experiment.

Andrew Johnson is attempting to override General Grant in the exercise of the powers plainly and explicitly conferred upon him by the law. This is dangerous ground to tread upon, and if the President persists in attempting to occupy it, he will render his impeachment and removal from office a necessity which cannot be escaped. Even the conservative sentiment of the country will not tolerate Presidential nullification.

-Story's statue of Edward Everett has been received at Boston for the Public Garden. Its cost was about \$30,000.

EUROPE.

FARRAGUT'S FLAG.

Imperial Russian Honors to the Admiral and his Officers-Attentions of the Swedish Navy in the Waters of Russia -Reception by Archduke Constantine. St. Petersburg, August 15.—The attentions shown by the Russian authorities to Admiral Farragut since his arrival, last Saturday, have been enthusiastic and marked. The Russians bave invariably taken the initiative in salute, and visits of ceremony. All the Russian officers bave, by order of Government, paid their respects to the Admiral.

The Swedish fleet in the Russian waters had been exceedingly friendly. Admiral Farrage

The Swedish fleet in the Russian waters had been exceedingly friendly. Admiral Farragut and steff, with the Captains of the Franklin, Canandaigua, and the Frolic, were presented to the Grand Duke Constantine to day. The Grand Duke had come expressly from abroad to meet the United States fleet. The reception was cordial. To morrow the Grand Duke visits the squadron. All are well on board.

THE RUSSIAN NAVAL DINNER. The American Officers Entertained by

the Grand Duke-Imperial Inspection of the Franklin-The Froite in Gaia Trim at Stettin.

CRONSTADT, August 16 .- Admiral Farragut and the commanding officers of the United States squadron directlast night with the Grand Duke Constantine, of Russia, at his palace, Livlovski, with the officers of the Swedish fleet. To-day the Grand Duke Constantine paid an official visit to the American flagship Franklin, accompanied by the Minister of Marine of Russia and a large staff of officers. He was saluted on boarding and leaving the ship, the yards being manned and the ships dressed in

The Archduke made a long and thorough examination of the Franklin, and expressed him-self greatly pleased with the visit. Subse-quently he visited the Ticonderoga, and was received with all the honors. The day was pleasant. The Frolic had a magnificent reception at Stettin The troops were out under arms, the Admiral was saluted, and popular demonstrations were made on all sides. Mrs. Farragut was honored in the most kindiy

> GERMANY. German Unity.

Vienna (Aug. 13.) Corres. of the London Times. At the instance of some members of the Bavarian Chamber, a meeting of the South German Deputies has just been held at Stuttgard, where the following resolutions were passed.— 1. It is an indispensable condition of the ex-istence of the German people that the South German States should be reunited with

Northers Germany.

2. The German nation will not submit to any foreign interference with its development.

3. Alliances, offensive and defensive, with Prussia are a first step to secure political liberty. and resist aggression, by combining all mill tary forces in one united army.

4. The very imperfect Zollverein must be reformed, and an entire Customs' Union estab-

5. The people must demand their full share of the benefits of the Constitution of the North

German Confederation.

6. The demand of South Germany to regulate in common with the North the right of German citizens to settle and trade, and to legislate on the matters designated by article 4 of the Constitution of the Confederation, is fully justifiation of the Confederation, is fully justifia-

ble and cannot be refused.
7. In this case the approaching elections to the Customs' Parliament are to be made. The only possible way to obtain a complete union of the South German States with North Germany is to enter the North German Confedera-tion, in spite of the defects and faults of its Constitution, and of the deplorable mistakes of the Prussian Government. The peace of Prague can be no impediment to such a union. As soon as the German people nossess the news-sary organs of their will and power, they will take care of their own interests, will satisfy desire for free development, and fulfil their mission for the civilization of mankind.

The meeting was attended by fifty members of the various South German Parliaments, eighteen from Bavaria, twenty from Wurtem-berg, seven fr m Baden, and five from Hesse-Dermetadt.

Letter from the French Minister of War to the Colonel of the Antibes Legion. From the Journal de Caen, August 15.

The following letter from the French Minister of War to the Colonel of the Antices Legion at Rome has been published in an order of the day issued in the Pontifical capital:—

PARIS, June 21.—My Dear Colonei:—My atten-Legion for me to be ignorant of the grave facts which for some time have been taking place in that corps. What explanation is to be given for that desertion, not individual, but collective, which threatens to reduce your offective to nothing? The soldier has nothing to envy of the troops of the mother country. He is commanded by French officers holding fitting grades in our army; he is serving a respectable cause at his own desire; he has before him what has always attracted the French soldier, an anomy to fight attracted the French soldier—an enemy to fight and a danger to confront—and yet he has shame-fully deserted the flag he had freely chosen, and, giving way to guilty seductions, he is abandon-ing his chief to follow some miserable foreign recruiting agents. His excuse is not a wish to see his country again, for he knows well that as soon as he returns to France he will be sent to a disciplinary corps in Africa, where he will remain until the expiration of his period of military service. I deplore that state of things, my dear Colonei, as it is a stain on the French army, which, wherever it is represented, shoud maintain its prestige of honor and courageous abnegation. Notwithstanding such lamentable incidents, my dear Colonel, I do not despair in seeing the good elements which your legion still contains, efface, by means of devotedness and perseveenergy is well known to me; the Governments of the Emperor and of the Pope know that it will not fail. It is important that your officers in whom you are in when you are in when you are in when you are in whom you are in the same in the s will not fail. It is important that your offi-cers, in whom you so firmly trust with such good reason, should give confidence to the troops by their attitude, their language, and that military spirit which is in France the source of such great things. In all the ranks of your legion I shall be happy to point out those who shall distinguish them-salves by their conduct. I are aware that you selves by their conduct. I am aware that you are to present to me Sergeant Doussain and two soldiers. I shall examine their claims with great interest. Tell your legion, my Colonel, that we have our eyes upon it; and I suffer deeply at everything that is an insult to a flag so justly venerated; I combine it with the corps of the French army for everything that concerns its military honor, and the necessities of its organization

The New Rifle of the Inventor of the Needle-Gun.

From the Erfurth Gazette, August 14. M. de Dreyse has invented a new rifle which throws grenades or explosive bullets, and which is shortly to be tried at Spandau. It is a breech-loader, on the system of the needle-gan, breech-loader, on the system of the needle-gun, and sends the missiles to a great distance and with extraordinary effect. Its indirect fire sgninst fixed covered targets is affirmed to produce most surprising results. The grenade, when filled and ready for use, is perfectly safe in the pocket, and so delicate in its construction that, once it leaves the muzzle of the rifle, it will burst in passing through even a sheet it will burst in passing through even a sheet of paper. On exploding, the fragments produce most disastrous effects, scattering over a space of five feet by three. The rifle is light and

A Welsh Gift.—Lady Llanover has pre-sented all the members of the congregation at the Welsh church at Abercairn (built by her late husband) with Bibles, bearing the same inscription which was engraved on the coffin of the deceased by his request. The whole of the tenantry have also received a like present. The words are in Welsh, but translated mean, "We shall not die forever." "Faith is the substance of things hoped for, and the evidence

of things not seen. Medical.—The Registrar-General of Ireland records the death, at Magherafelt, of a man aged eighty-five years. He had an immens pendulous tumor growing from the side of his neck, which was computed by several medical men who saw it to weigh from thirty to fifty pounds; it was of forty years' growth, and lay over the front of the right side of the chestand arms.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING .- JOY COE & CO., Agen a for the "THLEGRAPH" and Newspaper Press of the whole country, have RE-MOVED from FIFTH and UHESNUT Streets to No. 144 S. SIXTH Street, second door above WALNUT.
OFFICES:-No. 144 S. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia; TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, New York.

THE SELECTION OF

GEN. CHARLES M. PREVOST

FOR SHERIFF

Will Insure the Soldiers' Vote

Victory for the Republican Party!

WEIGAND'S PATENT STEAM GENE-RATOR,-This is the most simple, safe, and economical apparatus known for making steam. It is less expensive, both in first cost and use, and its advantages are such that it must supersede every other boiler, IT CANNOT POSSIBLY BE EX-PLODED; will not incrust; can be increased to any capacity by the additions of section; can be separated into sections for convenient transportation; generates steam fast and dry; economizes in space, weight, and tuel; costs less for brick work and setting up; is less liable to get out of order, and can be anywhere repaired; and can be manufactured and sold thirty per cent less than any other botler now in use. Engineers, machinists, and capitalists are invited to examine one of these Boilers now in operation at Henderson's Mill, Coates street, west of Twenty-first, A Company to manufacture this Boiler is being organ zed, and one thousand shares of stock in all ar offered for sale at \$50 a share, of which two-thirds has been subscribed. It will be shown to those interested. that a large profit is already being realized in the manufacture.

A model of the Boiler can be seen at the office of SAMUEL WORK, Northeast cor, THIRD and DOCK Streets, where subscriptions for ishares in the Company will be received.

PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

The next term commences on THURSDAY, September 12. Candidates or admission may be examined the day before (September 11), or on Tuesday, July 30, the day before the annual commencement, Fer circulars apply to President CATTELL, or to Protessor R. B. YOUNGMAN.

Cierk of the Faculty, Easton, Pa., July, 1867.

CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COL-LEGE, No. 637 CHESNUT Street, corner of Seventh.—TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT allowed those who enter before SEPTEMBER 4. College now open. Students received at any time. Evening Ses-sions commence September 16 8 28 34

AT A MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the HAND-IN-HAND MUTUAB LIFE INSUBANCE COMPANY, of Philadelphia, held for organization on the 28th Insuant, the follow-ing gentlemen were duly elected Directors, to serve ing gentlemen were duly e till the next annual election J. G. Dixon.

Nicholas Rittenhouse, George W. Michener, Robert M. Foust, George P. Oliver, M. D., J. J. Wilbraham, J. B. Shannon, Nicholas Rittenhouse, George W. Michener, John Foreman, John P. Trau. M. D., J. Wilbraham, J. B. Shannon, John Haworth, John Haworth, M. Brown Held immediately after the election, NICHOLAS RITTENHOUSE was elected President, E. A. BROMALL Vice-President, and J. G. DIXON Secretary.

Office, No. 112 South FOURTH Street, 8 27 tu ths 31*

DEPARTMENT FOR SUPPLYING DEPARTMENT FOR SUPPLYING
THE CITY WITH WATER, CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE, No. 104 S. FIFTH Street.
PHILADELPHIA, August 28, 1867.
The ordinance regulating the Department of Water
requires that all premises upon which the rents
remain unpaid on the 1st day of September will be
deprived of the water, and the amount sued for, with
two dollars added for the expense of cutting off, and
all premises in arrears will be deprived of the water
until the same is paid.

until the same is paid.

8 25 51 GEORGF F. KEYSER, Register. NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS. - A PENalty of one per cent, will be added upon all city Taxes for the year 1867, remaining unpaid after the 1st day of September next; two per cent, after lat day of October; and three per cent, after the 1st day of December, Receiver of Taxes.

OFFICE OF THE FRANKFORD AND OFFICE OF THE FRANKFORD AND PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 2453 FRANKFORD Road.

All persons who are subscribers to or holders of the Capital Stock of this Company, and who have not yet paid the tenth instalment of Five Dollars per share thereon, are hereby notified that the said tenth instalment has been called in, and that they are required to pay the same at the above office on the 10th day of September, 1867.

By order of the Board.

8 26 121 JACOB BINDER, President,

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE IN-

SURANCE COMPANY.

August 21, 1867.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company will be held at their Office, on MONDAY, the 2d day of September neat, at 10 o'clock A. M., when an election will be held for nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, 8 22 9t WILLIAM G. CROWELL, Secretary.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINT-MENT-DROPSY, The action of these reme-dies on the blood checks the too rapid effusion of the watery humors into the absorbests, and by equalizing the flow of the secretions, renders the disease comparatively inactive; the Cintment penetrating through the pores of the skin, drains by evaporating the scrum collected in the cellular tissue, and ultimately performs a radical cure. The Pills purify the blood and strengthen the digestive organs. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents.

KEEP THE STOMACH IN TONE. the bowels open, and the liver active with TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER AFFERIENT, and you brave any climate without fear. NO DRUGGIST IS WITHOUT IT. [8 27 tuthast

CLARET WINE.

VERY FINE

TABLE CLARET,

OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION, FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES.

ALSO, WILLIAM YOUNGER'S SPARK' LING EDINBURGH ALE, BY THE CASE OR DOZEN.

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. COR. BROAD AND WALKUT STS., PHILADELPHIA. 9 14 tuthesp]

DRY GOODS.

MARKET AND NINTH.

Call attention to their immense and well-selected stock of low grade, medium, and strictly fine

WOOLLENS.

Fall Cloths and Gassimeres. Fall Cloths and Cassimeres. Fall Otothe and Cassimeres. Harris Cassimeres. Colby Cassimeres. D, and T. Cassimeres. Fall and Winter Cloakings, Fall and Winter Cloakings. Fall and Winter Cloakings. Water-Proof Cloths, Real Water Proofs, For Cloaks and Bresse

BLANKEYS.

Tailors' Linings of every description, trade prices,

by the pard or piece.

HOTELS SUPPLIED.

Three cases slightly damaged Blankets, now selling at a bargain.

PERFECT BLANKETS.

INSTITUTIONS SUPPLIED Crib and Cradie Blankets. Colored Biankets, good variety. Cheap Quilts. Colored Quilts.

Marseilles Quilts. Quilts and Comfortables, single one or quantity, at the new lowest market prices. [12 stuthap

FAMES & WARNER, 229

NORTH NINTH STREET

ABOVE BACE. Bleached Muslins, 10, 1234, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22c, All the best makes of Bleached Muslins,

New York Mills, Williamsville, Wamsutta, Pillow Case Muslins, all widths. 214 yards wide Sheeting 50c. Unblesched Muslins, 12%, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22c., tc. All widths Unblesched Sheeting. All-wool Flannels, 31, 2714, 40, 45, 50c., etc. Yard-wide all-wool Flannel, 50c. Domet Flannel, 25, 31, 40, 45, and 50c. Cotton and Wool Shaker Flannel, 25c. Shirting and Bathing Fiannels, Grey Twilled, for bathing robes, atc. Black Alpacas, 373, 40, 45, 50, 56, 80, 65, 70, 75c., etc. Black and white Balmorals, \$1. Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Doylles, etc. Three bales of Russia Crash, 1214, 14, 16c. Imported Lawns, 25c.

White Piques, 50c. Wide Shirred Muslins, 60, 85c., \$1, and \$1'15. Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, Piald Nainsooks, etc. Soft finish Jaconets, Cambrics, Swiss Mulls, etc. Shirting Linens, 45, 50, 50, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80c., etc. 300 dozen Linen Shirt Fronts, our own make, Linen Bosonis, 25, 30, 3734, 45, 50, 58, 6234c. Linen Handkerchiets, 12%, 15, 18, 20, 22, 25c. Whalebone Corsets, \$1.25; Hoop Skirts, \$1.25. Gents' French Suspenders. 53c. Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery, large assortment. Linen Pant Stuffs at reduced prices, etc. etc.

FARIES & WARNER.

NO. 229 N. NINTH STREET.

2 295 ABOVE RACE.

E. R. LEE.

No. 43 North EIGHTH Street,

HAVE JUST OPENED FROM NEW, YORK,

100 Real Val. Lace Hdkfs., \$3-25, great bargain. Handsome Points Applique Lace Eailies, Black Real Thread Bailies. A new lot of Hamburg Embroideries. 500 Real Needle Work Dowlete Bands.

Reduced to close out. Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 28 to 75 cents. Gents' Hemstitched Hdkfs., 37% cents, very cheap. Gents' Colored Border Hdkfs., 28, 31, and 37 cents. Mechanic Corsets, reduced. French Whalebone Corsets, reduced. Hoop Skirts, reduced to close out. Hoop Skirts, reduced. Hoop Skirts, reduced to close out,

Great reduction in Hoop Skirts previous to taking account of stock. I case more of Fine French X'tract,

E. B. LEE.

Small lot of 4-4 French Chintz, at 37% cents. Large lot Real Morocco Wallets, from auction, Turkey Morocco Portemonnales, from suction

No. 1101 CHESNUT Street.

TO THE LADIES:

LINEN CAMBRICS. PRINTED FOR DRESSES

WHITE FOR BODIES, These goods are essential for SUMMER

WEAR, and we are now selling the balance of our Importation at a GREAT SACRIFICE.

E. M. NEEDLES & CO.,

N.W. Corner Eleventh and Chesnut.

No. 1101 CHESNUT Street,

COOPER'S.

S. E. Cor. NINTH and ARCH Streets. A GENERAL REDUCTION IN PRICES.

ens for Ladies', Gents', and Boys' Wear, Linens, White and Colored Bosom Linens, and Shirt-Drills, White and Colored and Unbleached, loc. per yard Muslins, Bleached and Unbleached, loc. per yard and up.
White Goods in every variety and price. White Goods in every variety and price,
Qulits in every variety.
Calloces, 10, 134, 15, and 15c.; best qualities,
We now have a complete stock of Ladies' and Gents'
Hosiery at competition prices.
Our stock of Shirt Fronts better than ever; every
style and pattern, and every price; guaranteed all
Linen, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Cheap lot Table Linens, 6-4, 45c.; bargains. Bleached,
6-4, 65c. per yard.
Madame Foy's Corset and Skirt Supporters; every
lady should have one.
Lawns closing out at 25c. per yard.

COOPER'S. NINTH and ARCH Streets.

DELIGHTFUL SHADE, freshing breezes, and first class re-freshments in the Gardens at GLOUCESTER POINT Boats leave foot of SOUTH Street daily every three-quarters of an hour. DRY GOODS.

POPULAR PRICES

727 CHESNUT STREET, 727

Silks, Shawls, Velvets, Poplins, Reps. Velour Russe, Merinoes, Mous Belaines. Alpacas, Mohairs, Alpaca Poplins, Chene Poplins, Melange Poplins, Irish and French Poplins, and Plaids. Also, Fombazines, Biarritz, Tamisse,

and other Mourning Goods in great variety, together with as extensive and varied an assortment of Miscellaneous Dry Goods as can be found in the market.

Also, Blankets, Flannels, Linens, House-Furnishing Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., in reliable qualities, at low prices.

EICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

JAS. R. CAMPRELL & CO., NO. 787 OHESNUT STREET.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT. DRY GOODS, BY THE PIECE OR PACH. IAGE, AT AND UNDER MARKET RATES. RICHEY, SHARP & CO.,

> Late Jaz, R. Campbell & Co., NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET.

> > PIANOS.

SCHOMACKER & CO.'S CELH Fig. 18 CHOMACKER & CO.'S CELH Fior in all respects to any made in this country, and sold on most regnosable terms. New and Second-hand Planos constantly on hand for rent. Tuning, moving, and packing promptly attended to.

6 19 3m Warerooms, No. 1103 CHESNUT St.

STEINWAY & SONS TRIUMPHANT. THE FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL FOR AMERICAN PIANOS.

AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION. OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE. I certify that the First Gold Medal for American Pianos has been unnumously awarded to Messa. Steinway by the Jury of the International Exposition. First on the fist in Class X.

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