The Louisiana Convention—The Election Proclaimed - The Apportionment of Delegates.

WARRINGTON, August 22.-The following im portant special order has just been received :-

Washington, August 22.—The following important special order has just been received:—

Headquarters Fifth Military District.
New Obleans, Louisiana, August 12.—In compliance with Section 2, of the Act of Congress, published in General Orders No. 23, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, current series, notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the State of Louisiana on the 27th and 28th days of September next, to determine whether a Convention shall be held, and for delegates thereto, "for the purpose of establishing a Constitution and civil government for the State loyal to the Union."

I. The Convention will be composed of ninety-eight members, that being the number of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature in the year 1860. The total number of registered voters in the State is 127,630, which being divided by the number of delegates, gives 1302 as the number of voters entitled to one delegate.

II. Commencing fourteen days before the election, Boards of Registers will, after having given reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, revise for a period of five days the registration lists, and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, will strike the name of such person from the list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote. The Boards will also, during the same period, add to the registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by law, who have not been aiready registered. No person shall be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would dissented the law of the pardon or worker.

registered. No person shall be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disquality him for registration or voting.

III. To seeme as nearly as practicable an equitable representation in the Convention, the delegates are apportioned among the several parishes and districts as follows:—The parish of Assumption shall elect two; the parish of Assumption shall elect two; the parish of Assumption shall elect two; the parish of East Baton Rouge shall elect three; the parishes of West Baton Rouge and Foint Coupee shall elect three; the parish of Eastlet one; the parish of Bessier shall elect two; the parish of Caldoshall elect three; the parish of Caldoshall elect three; the parish of Caldoshall elect three; the parish of Caldwell and Ouachita shall elect two; the parishes of Carroll and Morehouse shall elect three; the parish of Chiborne shall elect two; the parish of Concordia shall elect two; the parishes of DeSoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of East and West Feliciana shall elect three; the parishes of Frankim and Madison shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of East and West Feliciana shall elect three; the parishes of Frankim and Madison shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parish elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Desoto and Sabine shall elect two; the parishes of Jackson and shall elect three; the parishes of Franklin and Madison shall elect two; the parish of Iberville shall elect two; the parishes of Jackson and Winn shall elect two; the parish of Jefferson shall elect four; the parish of Lafayette shall elect one; the parish of Lafourche shall elect two; the parishes of Livingston, Washington, St. Helena, and St. Tammany shall elect three; the parish of Natchitoches shall elect two; the parish of Orleans, First District, shall elect nine; the parish of Orleans, Second District, shall elect five; the parish of Orleans, Third District, shall elect five; the parish of Orleans, Fourth District, shall elect three; the parish of Orleans, right bank, shall elect one; the parish of Plaquemine and St. Bernard shall elect two; the parish of Rapides shall elect the parish of Plaquemine and St. Bernard shall elect two; the parish of Rapides shall elect three; the parishes of St. Charles and St. John Baptist shall elect three; the parish of St. James shall elect two; the parish of St. Landry shall elect four; the parish of St. Martin shall elect two; the parish of St. Mary shall elect two; the parish of Tensas shall elect two; the parish of Terrebonne shall elect two; the parish of Union shall elect two.

Bb#!! elect one.
IV. The election will be by ballot, and will be conducted in the manner and according to the rules governing ordinary elections of a similar character. Each ballot bearing the name of the delegate voted for will have written or printed upon it the words "For a Convention" or "Against a Convention," Two days will be

V The Board of Registers within their re spective parishes will see that all the necessary preparations are made for properly conducting the election; that the Commissioners of Elec-

the election; that the Commissioners of Elections in all the voting precincts are properly
qualified and instructed in the performance of
their duties; that due and sufficient notice is
given of the time and object of the election, proper ballot-boxes prepared, etc.
Each Board will designate some point within
its parish, convenient of access, preferably the
Court House, to which the ballot-boxes of all
the precincts of the parish shall be brought immediately after the election. The Board will
then carefully count and make duplicate
returns of the votes cast, and will see whether
the returns of each precinct correspond with the returns of each precinct correspond with ber of the Board will make affidavit to the correctness of the returns, one copy of which will then be brought by some member of the Board to these headquarters, the other copy being retained by the Board until further

VI. Commissioners of Elections will be re-sponsible for the preservation of order at the polls during the election; they will see that a poils during the election; they will see that a full and fair opportunity is given for depositing his ballot, to every man entitled to vote; and will generally do everything that is requisite to secure a full and impartial expression of the opinions and wishes of the people through the

To this end they are hereby authorized and empowered to make arrests, and are clothed, during the days of election, with all the func-tions of civil executive officers. All civil offi-cers will promptly and fully obey every demand made upon their official services by the Com-missioners of Elections in the furtherance of these objects, during the days of election, under cenalty of dismissal from their offices, and such penalty of dismissal from their offices, and such other punishment as may be inflicted by military commission.
At the close of the election, the Commission-

ers will carefully count the votes and record the result in duplicate; the ballots will then be re-placed in the ballot-boxes, which will be sealed and earried, together with one copy of the re-cord made by the Commissioners, to the place designated and there turned over to the Board of Registers.
VII. Should violence or fraud be perpetrated

vii. Should violence or fraud be perpetrated at any of the voting precincts on the days of election, the offenders will be punished in the severest manner, and the election within these precincts will be held over again under the protection of the United States troops.

When all the returns reach these headquarters, the result of the election will be published, and if a majority of the votes, according to the law of Congress, have been in favor of a Convention, the names of the delegates elected will be officially announced and the Convention

By command of Major-Gen. P. H. Sheridan. George L. Hartsuff, Official: GEORGE L. HARTSUFF,
Assistant Adjutant-General.
GEORGE LEE,
lst Lieut, 2d Infantry, Byt. Lieut. Col., U. S. A.,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

The Election in Kentucky. The returns of the late Kentucky election, so far as received, are as follows by districts:— Districts Barnes.

2,375 8,444 2,351 1,535 674 3,031 2,142 Second. Third... Fourth. ... 8,950 ...11,669 ...10,801 Sixth 1,190 Beventh. Eighth... Ninth. . 72,234 Totals 16,152 Helm over Barnes.... Helm over Kinkead.. .56,082 .61,281 .45,129 Helm over both.

The Eighth and Ninth Districts are strong-holds of the radicals, and of course the Louis-ville papers are a little slow in seeking the returns from them. In the Eighth District the returns from them. In the highth District the majority against the Democracy in 1866 was 5715; and in the Ninth District, where 19,000 votes were cast, the Democratic majority was but 1323. The Louisville Journal says that Helm's majority over all will be nearly 43,000, showing a gain of about 6000 since August, 1866. The total vote of the State will reach

The Kentucky Legislature will stand as fol-OWE:-House.

Third Party..... Rebel Democrats.. Thus Kentucky is the stronghold of the Rebellion and of the Democracy. There she stands, almost solitary and alone. Neutral during the war and until "despotism" made her loyal, she is, if not neutral still, at least of the neuter gender, as all her efforts will be barren of results. s too late with her gospel. It is superseded by a revelation, against which the storm and

wrath and gunpowder of Rebellion could not prevail. What is true and has survived such opposition must abide. O Kentucky! thou art behind the age.—Cincinnati Times.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

The Athletics, of Philadelphia vs. Eckford, of Brooklyn, E. D.

The Athletics, of Philadelphia, played the
last game of their tour yesterday afternoon on
the Union grounds, Brooklyn, E. D., their opponents on this occasion being the Eckford Club,
of Brooklyn, E. D., formerly the champions.
The Athletics were apparently so confident of
victory in this game that they scarcely thought
it worth while at first to work very hard; but
before the first innings had closed they learned
that they had "reckoned without their host,"
and that they would have a tough time, As
the score below will show, the Eckfords
played well and manfully throughout, and
bad managed to get the Athletics in a very bad
fix at the end of the eighth innings; but then,
with victory so close to them that they had
only, as it were, to catch hold fast and win, two
or three misplays allowed the Philadelphians to
creep ahead and secure the bauble. The Eckfords have had hard fortune during some years
past. They have brought forward good players,
but these have been drawn away by one means
or another, until the club, once so powerful and
showing such a clear record, came to be classed
only as a second or third-rate club. But, again, or another, that the cita, once so powerful and showing such a clear record, came to be classed only as a second or third-rate club. But, again, they have secured good playing material, and their efforts in yesterday's match showed that, with a little more practice together, and a greater amount of coolness when in a critical position, they will be troublesome opponents for any of the first-class clubs.

position, they will be troublesome opponents for any of the first-class clubs.

Malone, their young pitcher, showed at first a lack of judgment in pitching swift balls; but had he been warned in time the probabilities are that the Athietics would have been defeated. When he commenced his slow-paced pitching it told very soon, and the Athletics dropped off in their battling most wonderfully. Young Nelson played well during the game until the critical period came, and then his lack of dociness was manifested in the way he fumbled the ball two or three times, by which the Athletics were enabled eventually to win, Swandell, as catcher, sustained his reputation, and Klein at third and Patterson at second did remarkably well. Klein made two beautiful remarkably well. Klein made two beautiful plays. Reach had hit a very heavy ball to centre field and was confident that he centre field and was confident that he could secure a home run; he got as far as third base when the ball was fielded in to Nelson from Ryan remarkably briskly, and Nelson throwing to Klein sent it very high; Reach saw how high the ball was going, and was about to go for home, but Klein had jumped and stretened, and, taking the ball beautifully in one hand, dropped on Reach as he was about two feet from the base. This play was loudly applauded. Fesier had hit a high pop back of third base, and Klein was backing out for it, but found that he could not get far enough; so jumping up, he took it in get far enough; so jumping up, he took it in one hand backward over his head. Of the Athletics Fisier must again be favorably noticed for good playing at the base and at the bat. Reach also deserves notice for a beautiful one-hand side catch while running out on a "left oblique" towards right field. Mr. Mills, for his prompt, cool, and impartial ruling, deserves especial commendation. The score of the game is as follows:—

5 1	ECKFORD.					ATE	LET	IC.		
1	Players, O.	R.	La		Play	mrs.		0.	22.	.L.
t	Klein, 3d b1			17.17	of as fee	Litory	Tare b	0.3810	12	0
n	Swandell, C4	- 2	- 0	Mic	Reid	0. 15		-9	- 8	1
-		1	0	Rei	ach.	2d b.		4	2	0
9	Ryan, c, f	- 1	- 0	Wi	lking ler, a	8. B. 1		3	8	0
1	Melann s s 1	- 4	1	Fis	ler. 3	d b			4	1
8 1	Malone, p4	1	. 1	Ser	вепо	lerte	r. l. 1	.1	4	1
e	Malone, p	3	1	Ber	rry.	c. f.,		3	3	0
f	Alison, lst b	2	0	Ra	dolla thbe	l. C		3	1	2
1	Grum, r. f3	1	1	Cut	hber	rt. r.	£	5	1	0
*	G. G	-	Description of the last of the					_	-	-
9	Total27	19	- 5	T	otal.	*****	*******	.27	23	- 5
5000	7.0	, 3	INN	ING	6.					
е	Clubs, 1st,	2d.	30,	tth.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th	
re	Eckford-Runs5	2	1	1	4	1	2	3	0	-19
9	Left on basesl	0	(0.	0	0	1	0	2	1	- 5
di	Athletic-Runs9	- 4	- 1	0	0	4	0	0	- 5	-23
r	Left on bases0			0	0	1	0	-1		- 5
8	Home runs.—Ber									
	times, 28 bases; A.					es. B	3 ba	866.	B	alls
-6	called-On McBrid							- 2	MY CO	1000
	Fair fly catches	-K1	einf	elde	r 1.	Res	ch	1, F	dale	r 2,
v	Sensanderfer I. Re-	PEU	1 1	witn.	higher.	So to	1 to \$ . 4	27/02	E lat	rs 1

Sensenderier I. Berry I. Cutnbert 2: total, S. Klein I. Ryan I. Fester 2. Patterson 3. Grum 2: total 9. Foul fly catches.—McBride I. Radciff I. Cuthbert I; total 3. Klein I. Swannell 4: total 5. Foul bounds.—Radcliff 3. Cuthbert I: total 4. Swandell 2: dell 2.

Balls fielded to first.—By Kleinfelder 1. McBride 1,
Reach 5: Wilkins 8, Fisler 1; total 11. By Nelson 4,
Malone 1, Patterson 1. To second—By Rade iff 1. by
Klein 4. To third—By Nelson 1, from a throw in by

Scorers.—Messrs. Simonson and Benson.
Umpire.—Mr. Mills. of the Atlantic.
Time of game two hours and twenty minutes.—N.Y.

THE HOLY LAND EXCURSIONISTS.

More Trouble to the Party on the Quaker City-They are Purified by Fumigation at Naples.

NAPLES, August 2.—The American excursion-ists on board the steamship Quaker City were worried enough at Leghorn by the vigilant sur-veillance of Government officials, who took them for Garibaldian conspirators, and now they have been "gobbled up" by the authori-ties here and quarantined on a lonely island in the harbor, and are undergoing purification, sufficiation, and fumigation through the medium of a combination of miraculous stinks and stenches such as only Italian ingenuity

could contrive.

If they have picked up any cholera at Civita Veochia, they might survive it easily enough with a little care; but whether they can under-go Italian purification and live is another mat-They will be kept in quarantine four or

five days.
This is bad enough; but there can be no excuse for the refinement of cruelty which permits no profanity there.

## SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons. Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church of Communion Purposes,



VINEYARDS—Los Angelos, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old.

This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakers invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the ages and debilitated, and suited to the various allments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.;

Samples to be bad free at the store of JCHNSON HOLLOWAY & CO., No. 23 North SIXTH Street DYOTT & CO., No. 25 North SIXTH Street DYOTT & CO., No. 25 North SECOND Street.

Invalids Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are Preferred to other Wines.

Pincipal Office,

No. 248 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N.Y. Sold by Druggists. VINEYARDS-Los Angelos, California, and Pas

BEDDING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

REDUCED PRICES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, NO. 932 BIDGE AVENUE NEAR VINE ST

J. G. FULLER. DEAFNESS.—EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT hearing in every degree of deafness; also, despirators; also, Crandal's Paiont Crutches, superior to any others in use, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 116 TENTH Street, below Chesnut. POLITICAL.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—The importance of securing and retaining an apright, intelligent, and experienced Judiciary, cannot be over-salimated. The constitutional change from an appointed to an elective Judiciary was strongly opposed by many prudent citizens, and was only adopted with much doubt and distrast. This community not only has no reason to regret, but, on the contrary, has abundant cause to congratulate itself upon the success of that experiment. Pure and able men were induced to occupy the Bench, and at the end of their first term, public opinion, rising superior to partisan considerations, demanded their re-election. The knowledge and experience acquired by ten years service on the bench are of such inestimable value that a community properly alive to its true interests will naturally demand that they shall continue to be exercised for its benefit so long as the incumbent may be able and willing to serve. Not only is such the clear duty of the community to itself, on the score of self-interest, but it is no less a duty to the faithful public servant who has tolied arduously and honestly, with but a very inadequate compensation during a greater part of the term, to recognize and reward his fidelity to his official obligations, by relecting him to another term.

It will be the duty of the electors of this city, next of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer and Orphans' Guurt, to fill a vacancy to be caused by the expiration of Judge Ludlow's term. The vast responsibilities, varied duties, and incessant labors of these courts are such as to require unwearied industry, ample learning, and inflexible integrity. When to these high qualifications are added the great advantages of the years' experience in the discharge of these colitate and difficult duties, there would appear to be no question in any candid mind as to the necessity of this community, with entire unanimity, demanding that Judge Ludlow's here. This should be done outside of and above the usual workings of ac

mere party machinery or nominating conventions of acknowledged partisans, working for purely political

mere party machinery or nominating conventions of acknowledged partisans, working for purely political results.

The citizens, as such, and not as partisans, having large interests at stake entirely dependent upon the honesty, firmness, and ability of the Judges, are required by every consideration of duty to examine i he quantifications of candidates for this high office from a more elevated stancpoint of observation than a blind devotion to party. There are offices of profit enough with which to reward place-hunters for their political isbors; let fitness and capacity be the only tests for the Judiciary.

In this spirit and with these views, the undersigned, members of the Philadelphia Bar, entertaining the strongest convictions of the emineut fitness and capacity of Judge Ludlow for the high offices which he now fills with so much bonor to himself and so much benefit to the community, cordially invite their fellow-citizens to secure their own best interests by re-electing him for another term.

W. M. Meredith,

W. M. Meredith,

Horace Binney, Jr.,

Henry J. Williams,

David Paul Brown,

William E. Whitman,

William E. Whitman,

Charles Gibbons,

N. B. Browne,

Isaac Hazleburst,

Joseph A. Clay,

Chapman Biddle,

Jonn M. Collins,

John M. Collins,

J

Henry M. Dechert,
C. M. Husband,
Thomas Hart, Jr.,
R. C. McMurtrie,
Wm. H. Ruddiman,
W. J. McElroy,
James Duval Rodney,
William C. Hannis,
Arthur M. Burton,
W. D. Baker,
Joseph P. Brinton,
W. Moylan Lansdale,
William Ernst,
E. Poulson,
Theodore Cuyler,
Aubrey H. Smith,
Henry Wharton,
John S. Powell,
David Weatherly, Jr.,
Joseph Abrans,
Edward R. Worrell,
William M. Smith,
Thompson Westcott,
James J. Barciay,
Alired Lonsatreth,
Frederick Heyer,
George Tucker Bispham,
Lewis Stover,
A. Thompson,
J. H. Wheeler,
John M. Thayer,
Octavius A. Law,
William M. Levick,
John A. Clark,
George Sergeant, illiam Henry Rawle. Whilliam Learly Leavie
H. C. Townsend,
George W. Constroe,
Cadwalader Biddle,
Robert S. Paschall,
R. Rundle Smith
H. C. Thompson,
William McMichael,
James T. Mitchell,
William L. Dennis,
Charles W. Hgrper,
Charles S. Pascoast,
Isaac C. Price,
Charles D. Freeman,
William F. Judson,
David P. Brown, Jr.,
E. H. Hauson,
H. G. Clay,
Edward McCabe,
J. Hubley Ashton,
Clement R. Penrose,
P. P. Morris,
W. L. Marshall,
Thomas J. Diehl,

W. L. Marensil, Thomas J. Diehl, Edward L. Bodin, H. R. Warriner, David W. Sellers, Samuel C. Perkins, George Ereiy, Constant Guillou, George W. Thorn, Edward Hopper, J. Sergeant Price, Thomas Fratt Potts William M. Levick,
John A. Clark,
George Sergeant,
John B. Colahan,
Thomas D. Smith,
Thomas A. Budd,
W. W. Weigley,
Samuel Wetherill,
Thomas S. Smith,
Joseph B. Rhoads,
J. Hervey Bryan,
Thomas E. McElroy,
Morton P. Heury,
W. A. Manderson. Henry S. Hagert, Furman Sheppaid, Charles M. Wagner, Charles T. Bousall, Thomas R. Elecck. Thomas R. Elcock, George L. Crawford, Gustavus Remak, William Vogdes. Edward M. Paxson, Thomas Latimer, R. L. Ashurst, Joseph L. Caven, John Hanna, George W. Biddle,

Philadelphia, July -, 1867. To the Honorable JAMES R. LUDLOW, Associate To the Honoranie James R. Luddow, Associate Judge Court of Common Pleas:—

Dear Sir—The undersigned, your fellow-citizens of Philadelphia, have witnessed from year to year the failbful manner in which you have discharged your judicial duties, reflecting honor upon yourself and securing for the administration of justice that public confidence which is so essential to us maintenance.

judicial duties, reflecting nonor upon yourself and securing for the administration of justice that public confidence which is so essential to its maintenance.

The ability and integrity displayed by you in your high office, your devoted attachment to the right, and your strict impartiality, have endeared you to the great body of the people of this country, who would be loth to lose you as a Judge.

We therefore address you for the purpose of obtaining your connent to serve for another judicial term, if re-elected by your fellow-citizens, who, with great unanimity, desire to cast their suffrages for you. And we ask you to do so at this early period before the partisan passions become excited by the warmth of feelings which usually precede elections, in order to show that our support of you is uninfluenced by party considerations, but is based upon a sincere desire to continue upon the Bench a deserving and upright Judge.

Very respectfully yours.

Powers & Weightman, Stant & Brother, M. F. Hirsch, D. D. Broch & Brother, M. F. Hirsch, D. D. Broch & Go., H. W. Hildebrandt, John S. Lentz, John S. Lentz, John S. Lentz, John S. Lentz, John B. Heyl & Co., Unit and Machinel J. T., John Mason & Co., Taylor, Gilleaple & Co., Charles E. Fithian Edwin F. Paul, Samuel F. Paul, Samuel Spangs, P. R. Grove, M. F. P. Stillman, Samuel Spangs, P. R. Grove, William W. Keen, Co., John B. Rievenson & Son, F. P. Stillman, Samuel Spangs, P. R. Grove, William K. Webold, Son & Co., James Carstairs, Jr., Vallace, Co., John B. Stevenson & Son, F. P. Stillman, Samuel Spangs, P. R. Grove, William K. Webold, Son & Co., James Carstairs, Jr., Vallace, Co., John B. Stevenson & Son, F. P. Stillman, Samuel Showaker, Samuel Showa George W. Grier, George W. Grier, Wm. P. Haffs, Tacker & Butler, Henry Dission & Son, Samuel Showaker, Samuel Showaker,
Bayard Robinson,
William Long,
James Kemble,
Charles L. Frobose,
Joseph M. Thomas,
James M. Thomas,
J. Wood & Brothers,
J. T. Kirkpatrick & Co.,
James Naully & Sons,
N. Harris,
Chas. P. Groshols & Co.,
W. F. A. Levy,
H. Kennedy,
U. Gerhard.

James Steel & Co.,
Job S. Ivins.,
William B. Thomas.
E. G. Cattell,
R. Ettling,
Elias A. Hunsleker,
Tomiloson & Hill.
Josiah Bryan.
Jas. R. Moorhead & Co.,
J. A. Blake & Co.,
William Barnett,
V. M. Scooke. Jas. R. Moorhead & Co.,
J. A. Blake & Co.,
William Barnett,
P. M. & N. Brooke,
J. W. Su., plee & Uo.,
P. D. Worley.
J. H. Michener,
Wm. Price & Co.,
Alexander Young,
Robert Taylor & Co.,
George H. Roberts, Sr.,
J. H. Walter,
Charles B. Streich,
Smith & Shoemaker,
E. I. Trimble,
James, B. Machette,
Samuel Barton & Co.,
Bamuel C. Henssay,
Bestes & Miller,
C. C. Lower,
H. D. Weish,
Isasc Welsh,
Isasc Welsh,
J. C. Wanner,
William Grange,
John N. Rothenhausler,
Samuel D. Lewis,
William W. Pelers,
H. Geiger & Co.,
Addisea Binss,
W. D. Rank,
George W. McWilliams,
Frank Brothers & Co.,
William G. Minizer,
Misson & Co.,
William G. Minizer,
Misson & Co.,
Charles H. Smith,
Jacob Mariner,
H. Bruner & Sons H. C. Young,
J. W. Gilbough,
Charles Cambios & Co.,
Drexel & Co.,
J. Weigand & Co.,
Joseph Jones,
S. C. Paimer,
De Haven & Bro.,
C & H. Borie,
Joseph Patierson,
George K. Ziegler,
Gield & Rechmil,
Newhall, Byrie & Co.,
George W. Fair,
Jacob Hinder,
William Anspach

H. B. Kennedy,
H. Gerbard,
Robert Fodell,
Robert Raiston,
David C. Richardson,
Kampen & Schneider,
Frank J. Suilivah
W. Frederick Snyder,
C. H. Clark,
C. F. Norton,
A. Boyd,
N. B. Browne,
Jessup & Moore,
B. B. Comegys,
G. Philler,
H. C. Young,

Messis. Powers & Weightman, Thomas Robbins, Stuart & Brother, Benjamin Bullock's Bons, and others.

others.
Gentlemen:—Your communication, in which you ster to my past services as one of the Judges of the ourt of Common Pleas of this county, has been received.

Folly appreciating the very flattering terms in which you refer to my judicial carrear, it is a source of great graifficat on 10 know that an earnest and conscientious effort to discharge my duty has mot with the approval of my fellow-citizens.

To the people belongs the right to elect their Judges. Their will, as expressed at the ballot box, clothed me with the powers and responsibilities of my present position, and it it is their with that I should remain to office, I consent to serve for another judicial term.

I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant, JAMES R, LUDLOW.

NOTICE—The signers of the above letter and address, and other citizens favorable to the re-election of Judge Ludlow, irrespective of party, are requested to meet in County Convention, at the new County Court House, SIXTH Street, below CHESNUT, on MONDAY, the 2sth instant, at II o'clock in the foregoon.

FINANCIAL.

HARRISBURG, JUNE 29, 1867

TO THE HOLDERS

OF THE

LOANS

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

DUE JULY 1, 1868.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND WILL RECEIVE PROPOSALS UNTIL SEPTEMBER 3, 1867, FOR THE REDEMP-TION OF

ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS

OF THE

Loans of this Commonwealth

DUE JULY 1, 1868.

Holders will address their proposals to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and endorsed "PROPO-SALS FOR THE REDEMPTION OF LOANS OF 1868,"

FRANCIS JORDAN,

SECRETARY OF STATE.

JOHN F. HARTBANFT,

AUDITOR-GENERAL

STATE TREASURER.

WILLIAM H. KEMBLE.

ACENCY OF THE

72 tuthst9

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

OFFICE OF DE HAVEN & BRO., No. 40 S. THIRD TREET, PHILADELPHIA, August 19, 1867.

We desire to call attention to the difference in the relative price of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad and the price of Governments. We would to-day give these Bonds and pay a difference of

\$206.83 taking in exchange U. S. 6s of 1881. 8-20s or 1882. \$226.83 do. do. \$189-33 5-20s of 1864. 5-20s of 1865. \$170 88 do. do. 5-20s of '65, Jan. & July 5-20s of '67, \$176'83 do. do. 5 % cent. 10-40s, do. \$119:33 do. 7 3-10 Cy. Aug. Issue. 7 3-10 Cy. June Issue. \$203°33 6176:28 7 3-10 Cy. July issue. \$170.28 do. do. (For every thousand dollars.)

We offer these Bonds to the public, with every con fidence in their security.

DE HAVEN & BRO. WE OFFER FOR SALE

PASSENGER RAILWAY BONDS

NINETY-ONE

And Accrued Interest from July 1.

These BONDS are a FIRST-CLASS INVEST-MENT, being secured by a FIRST MORTGAGE on the Road and F. anchises of the Company, and bear Interest at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. Free from all Taxes, City, State and United States

For further information cal at

C T YERKES, JR., & CO.,

No. 20 S. THIRD Street. FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE-A DESI-FOR SALE OB TO LEASE A DESCRIPTION OF BURINGTON, N. J., containing 2½ acres, suitable for a factory or foundry. Address A. W. ALLEN.

No. 140 MAIN Street,
BURLINGTON, N. J.

GERMANTOWN. — SEVERAL December ble Suburban Cottages for sale, Immediat W. H. STOKES.

Insurance Office, Germantown GERMANTOWN. - SEVERAL DESIRA

KEEP THEM AT HAND!



PATENTED 11th MONTH, 1866.

FINANCIAL.

SELECT TREET SALES

STATE LOAM.

THE NEW SIX PER CENT

STATE LOAN.

Free from all State, County, and Municipal Taxation.

Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application to either of the undersigned:

> JAY COOKE & CO. DREXEL & CO.,

7 8 2m 4pl E. W. CLARK & CO. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE

PURCHASED THE NEW SIX PER CENT.

REGISTERED LOAN OF THE

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGA-TION COMPANY, DUE IN 1897.

INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY, FREE OF UNITED STATES AND STATE TAXES,

AND OFFER IT FOR SALE AT THE LOW PRICE OF

NINETY-TWO.

ACCRUED INTEREST FROM AUGUST 1,

This LOAN is secured by a first mortgage on the Company's Railroad, constructed and to be constructed, extending from the southern boundary of the borough of Mauch Chunk to the Delaware fver at Easton, including their bridge across the saldriver now in process of construction, together with all the Company's rights, libertless, and franchises appertain-

ing to the said Railroad and Bridge. Copies of the mortgage may be had on application at the office of the Company, or to either of the under-

DREXEL & CO. E. W. CLARK & CO. JAY COOKE & CO. [6 1141 W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AEBTSEN

BANKING HOUSE

OF JAY COOKE & CO.

112 and 114 So. THIRD ST. PHILAD'A

Dealers in all Government Securities,

OLD 5.20s WANTED

IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW.

A LIBERAL DIFFERENCE ALLOWED.

Compound Interest Notes Wanted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Collections made. Stocks bought and sold on Special business accommodations reserved for [6 24 3m

3-10s.

ALL SERIES,

FIVE-TWENTIES.

CONVERTED INTO

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

DE HAVEN & BROTHER

NO. 40 S. THIRD STREET. SECURITIES

A SPECIALTY.

SMITH, RANDOLPH &

BANKERS AND BROKERS. NO. 16 S THIRD ST., NO. 3 NASSAU ST.,

PHILADELPHIA. Orders for Stocks and Gold executed in Phila-

118

lelphia and New York.

FINANCIAL

THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

INTEREST. SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

Are Offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, and Accrued Interest at Six Per Cent. in Currency from July 1.

The Company would state that their work continues to be pushed forward with great rapidity, and 425 Miles West from Omaha are Now in

Operation, And stocked with locomotives, cars, and all the appurtenances of a first-class road.

The amount already paid in by stockholders of the Company is \$5,000,000. The aid received from the United States Govern-

ment in constructing this portion of 425 miles is:-

5,440,000 acres.

\$6,800,000

It will be seen that, exclusive of the land grant, the First Mortgage Bonds represent only about one-third of the value of the property on which they are secured. The Company is also restrained by its Charter from issuing its bonds except as the work progresses, and to he same amount on the various sections as are issued by he Government. The mortgage which secures the boudholders is made to Hon. E. D. Morgan, U. S. Sena-tor from New York, and Hon. Oakes Ames, Member of the U.S. House of Representatives from Massachusetts, as Trustees, who alone can issue the Bonds to the Company, and who are responsible for their issue

in strict accordance with the terms of the law.

A statement of the earnings for the last quarter will be published in detail at an early day; but the accounts are already sufficiently balanced to show that the net amount is much greater than the gold interest on the Bonds that can be issued on the length of road operated. It should be remembered that these earnings are only upon a way business in a new and undeveloped country, and are no index of the vast traffic that must follow the completion of the whole line to the Pacific in 1870. These facts are only intended to show that these Bonds are strictly one of the safest as well as one of the most profitable securities, and are fully entitled to the confidence of the public. The Company make no appeal to the public to purchase its Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are large, and fully equal to their

Many parties are taking advantage of the present high price of Government stocks to exchange for these Bonds, which are over 15 per cent. cheaper, and, at the current rate of premium on gold, pay Over Nine Per Cent. Interest.

Subscriptions will be received in Philadelphia by THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK DE HAVEN & BROTHER, WILLIAM PAINTER & CO. TOWNSEND WHELAN & CO.,

In Wilmington, Delaware, by R. R. ROBINSON & CO., JOHN MCLEAR & SON.

J. E. LEWARS & CO.,

F. STEEB.

NASSAU Street, and by the CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
No. 7 NASSAU Street,
CLARK, DODGE & CO., BANK ERS
No. 51 WALL Street,
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, BANK ERS,
No. 33 WALL Street,

And in New York at the Company's Office, No. 26

And by BANKS AND BANKERS generally throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained.

JOHN J. CISCO, TREASURER, August 15, 1867. 8 : tuthset

FIRST MORTGAGE

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS. Having purchased \$600,000 of the FIRST MORT-GAGE COUPON BONDS OF THE NORTH MIS-BOURI RAILROAD COMPANY, BEARING SEVEN

PER CENT INTEREST, having 30 years to run, we are now prepared to sell the same at the low rate of

And the accrued interestfrom this date, thus paying the investor over 8 per cent. interest, which is payable semi-annually.

This Loan is secured by a First Mortgage upon the Company's Rallroad, 171 miles already constructed and in running \*rder, and 52 miles additional to be completed by the first of October next, extending from the city of 5t, Louis into Nortnern and Central Mis-

souri.

Full particulars will be given on application to either of the undersigned. E. W. CLARK & CO. JAY COOKE & CO.

DEEXEL & CO. P. S.—Parties holding other securities, and wishing to change them for this Loan, can do so at the market 8 16 km

NATIONAL

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC. 809 and 811 CHESNUT STREET.

CAPITAL ... .81,000,000 DIRECTORS.

PHILADELPHIA.

Joseph T. Bailey, Nathan Hilles, Benj. Rowland, Jr., Samuel A. Bispham, Edward B. Orne, Osgood Weish, Frederick A. Hoys, Wm. H. Rhawn. WM. H. RHAWN, President,

Late Cashier of the Central National Bank 108. P. MUMFORD Cashler, Late of the Philadelphia National Bank 5.151

PARTIES HOLDING GOVERNMENT SECURITIES For investment may now realize a handsome profit by

converting them into THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

Which carry the same interest, viz., SIN PER CENT. IN GOLD. The difference in your favor to-day, August 14, is as follows:-For 5-20s of 1883 we pay \$230-15 on each thousand.
For 5-20s of 1865 we pay \$100-91 on each thousand.
For 5-20s of 1865 we pay \$200-15 on each thousand.
For 5-20s of July we pay \$120-15 on each thousand.
For 1851s we pay \$210-15 on each thousand.
For 10-40s we pay \$118-91 on each thousand.
For 7-20s. 23 sories, we pay \$13-91 on each thousand.
For 7-30s. 30 series, we pay \$17-91 on each thousand.
Subject to slight variations from day to day.

W. PAINTER & CO. SPECIAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY,

No. 36 S. THIRD Street